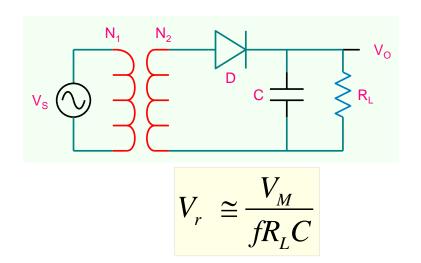
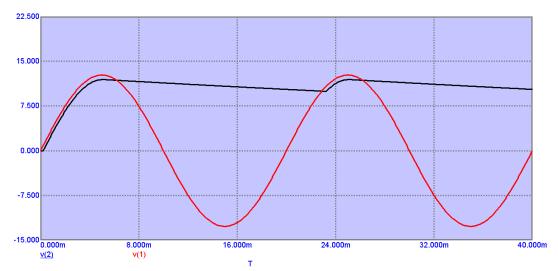
ESC201T: Introduction to **Electronics**

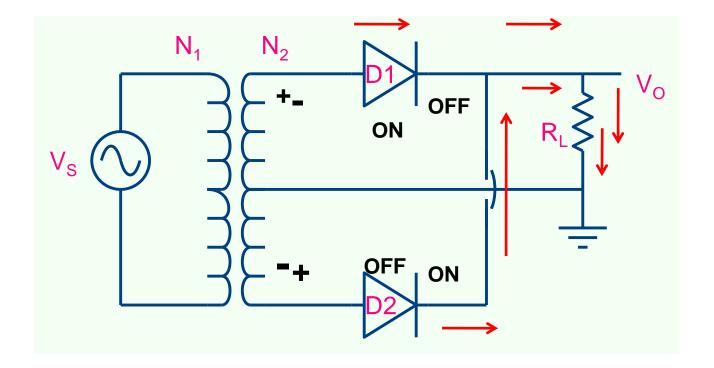
Lecture 24: Power Supply (part-2)

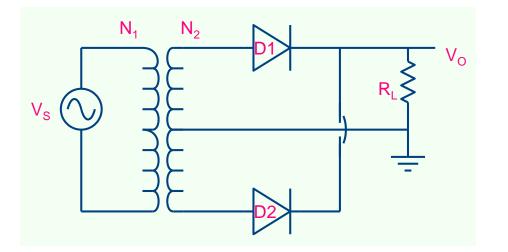
B. Mazhari Dept. of EE, IIT Kanpur

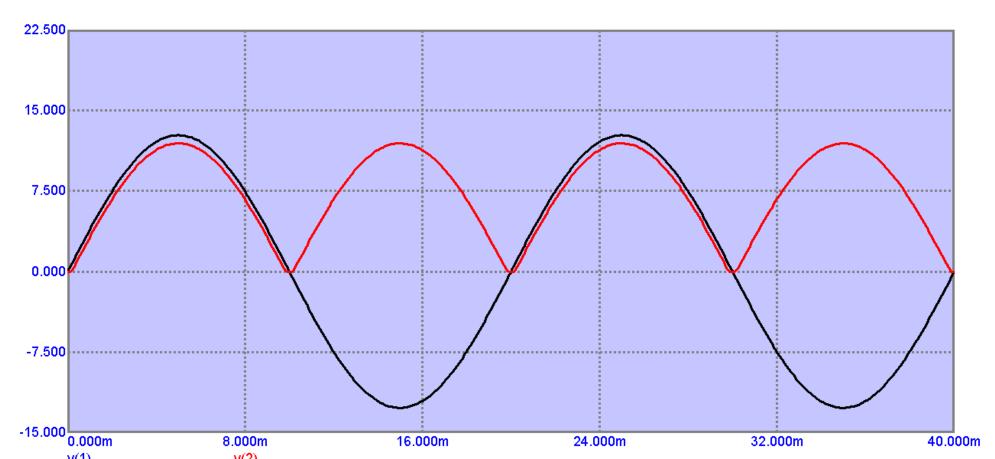
Full wave Rectifier

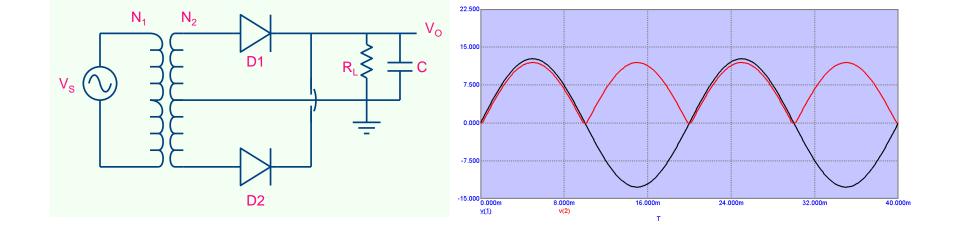


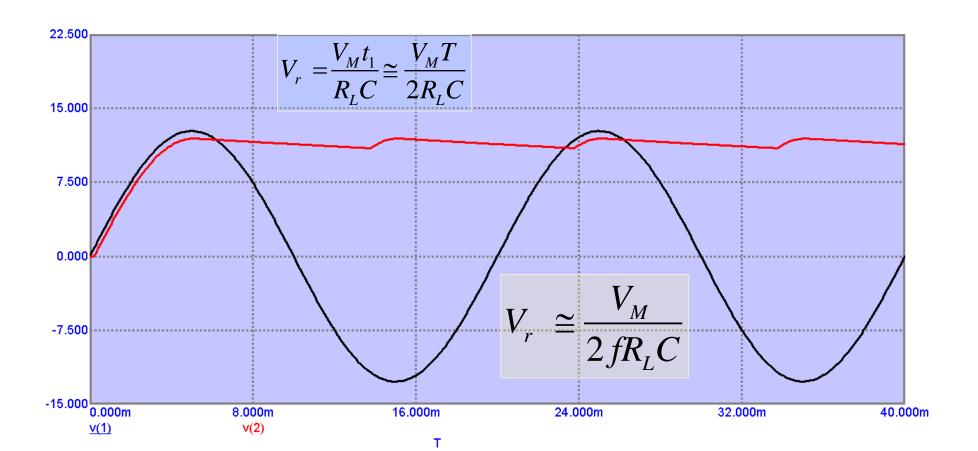




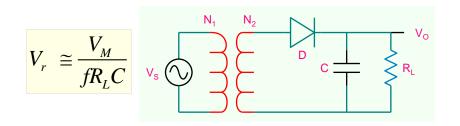


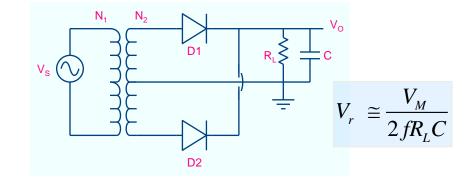


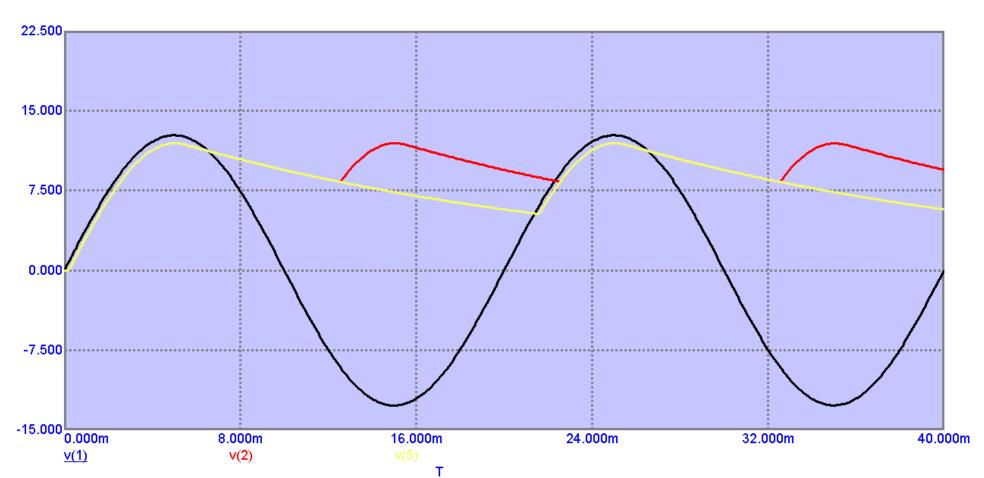




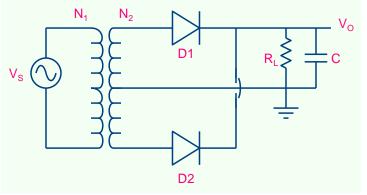
Comparison of full and half Wave Rectifier

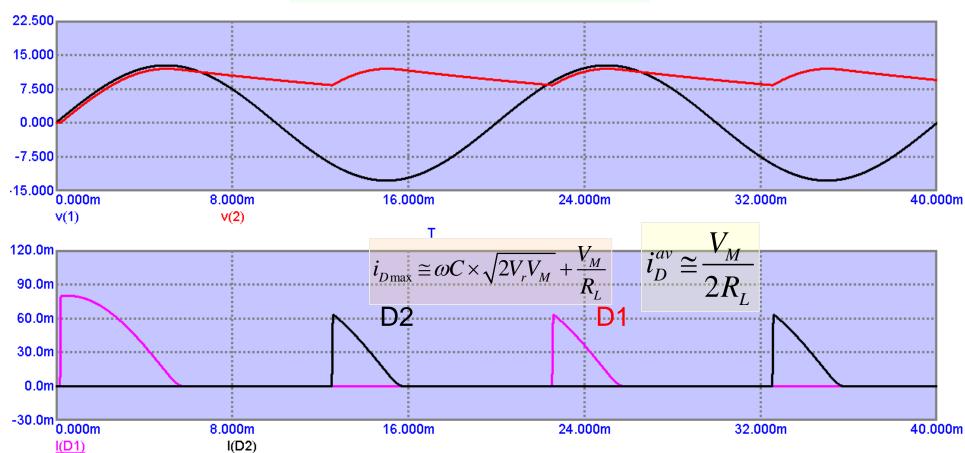




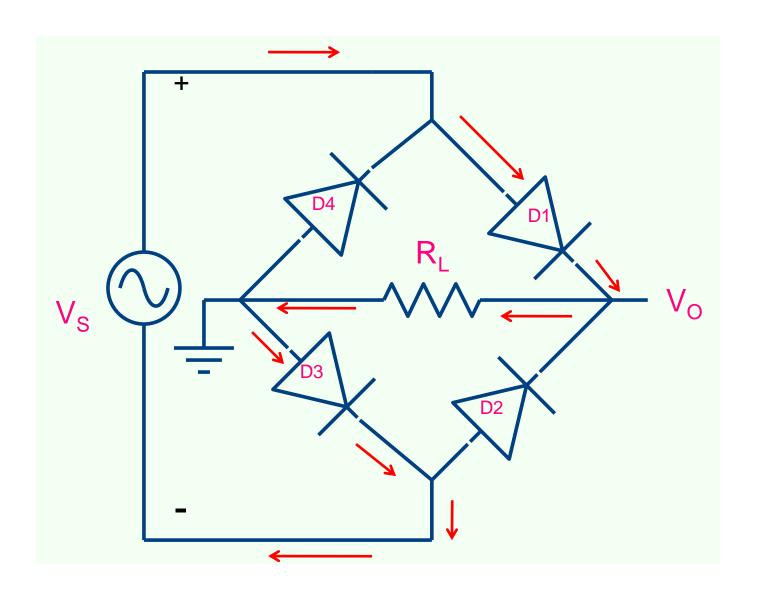


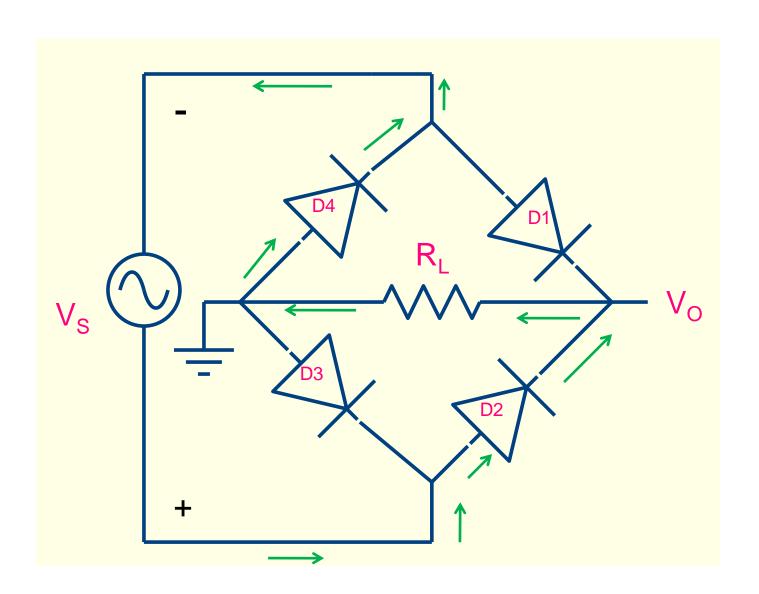
Diode Currents in Full wave Rectifier



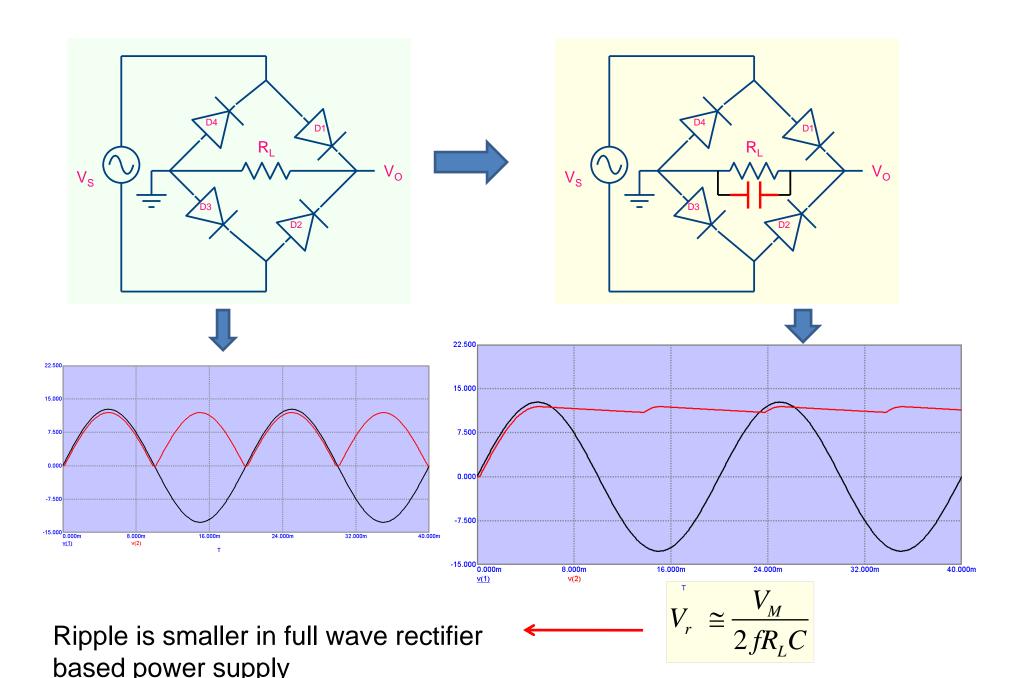


Bridge Rectifier

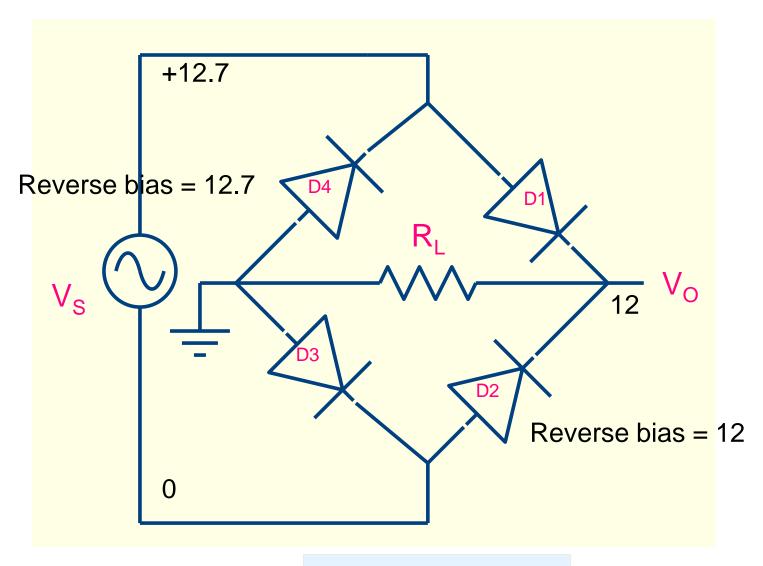




Power supply using full wave Rectifier

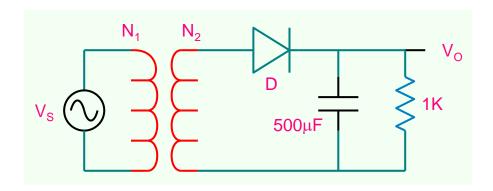


Peak Inverse Voltage



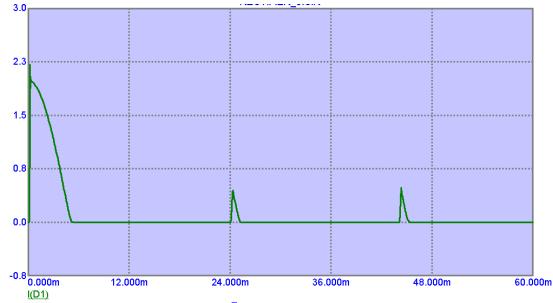
$$PIV \cong v_O + 0.7$$

Reducing Ripple to a very small value is not easy!



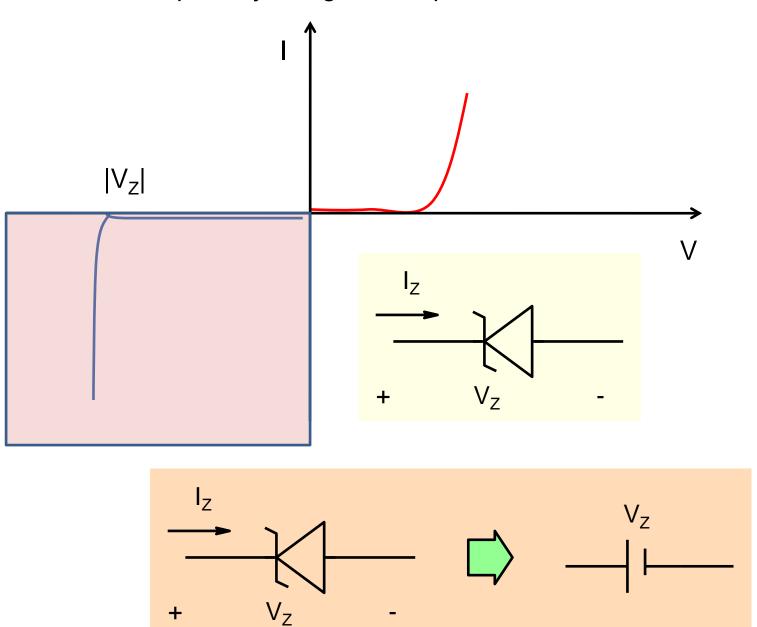
$$V_r = 0.438V$$



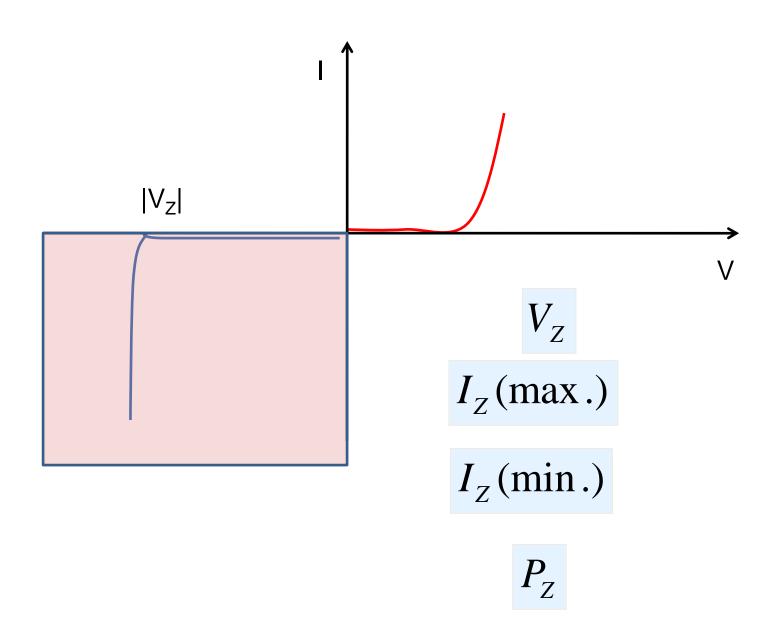


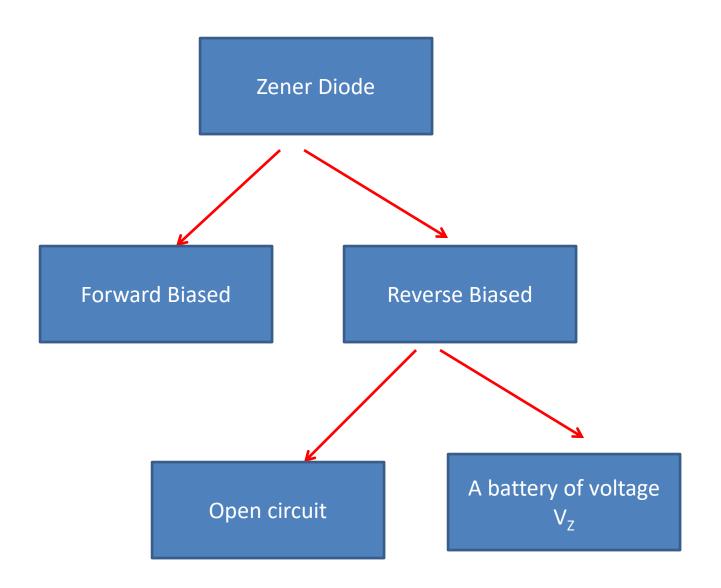
Zener Diode

A diode specially designed to operate in reverse bias in 'breakdown' region

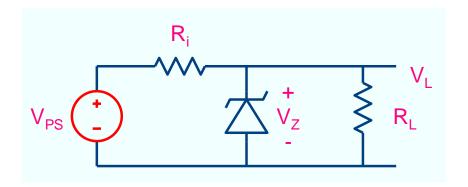


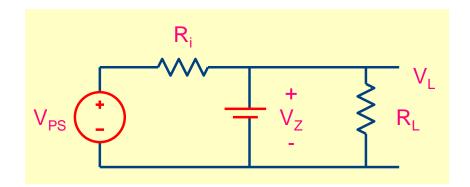
Zener diode: Important Characteristics

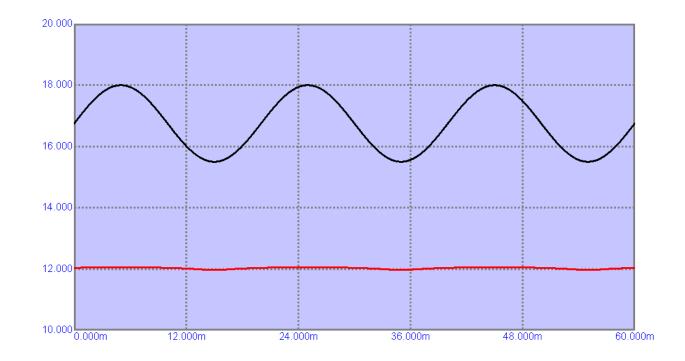




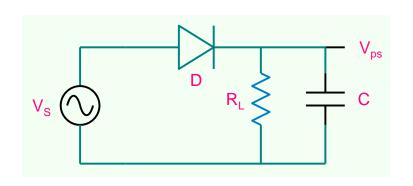
Voltage Reference Circuit

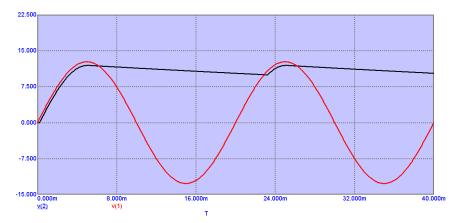


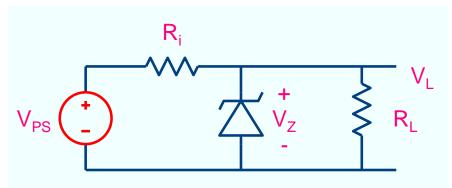


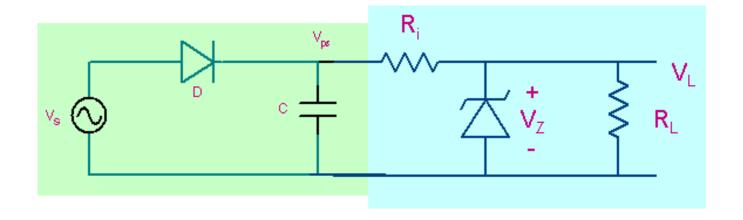


Power supply with regulator

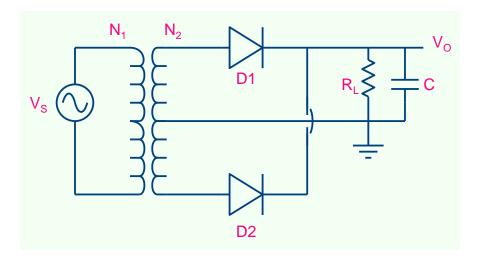


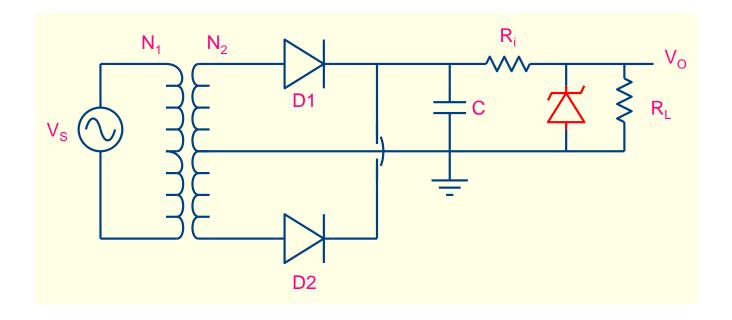


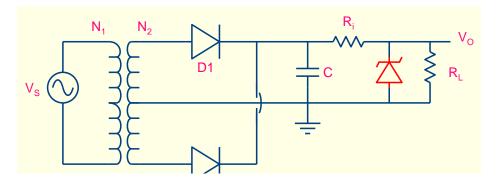


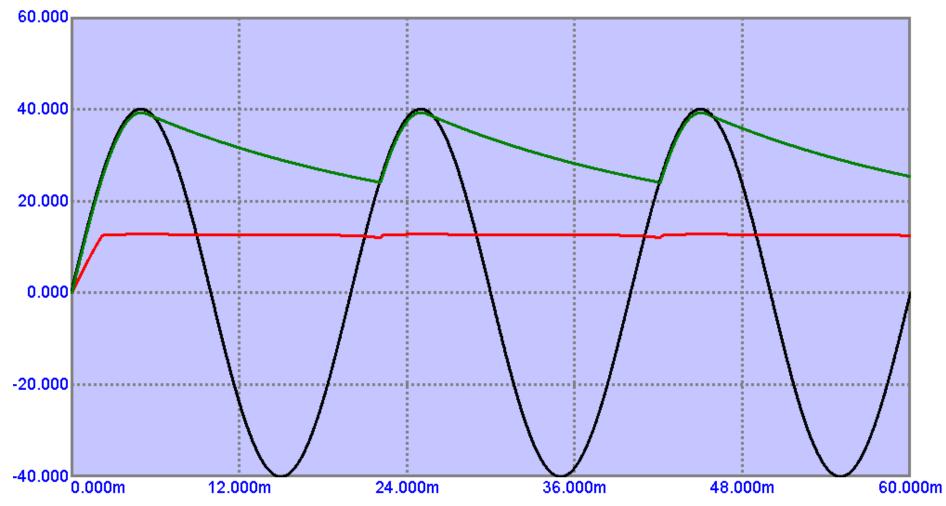


Zener diode as Voltage Regulator

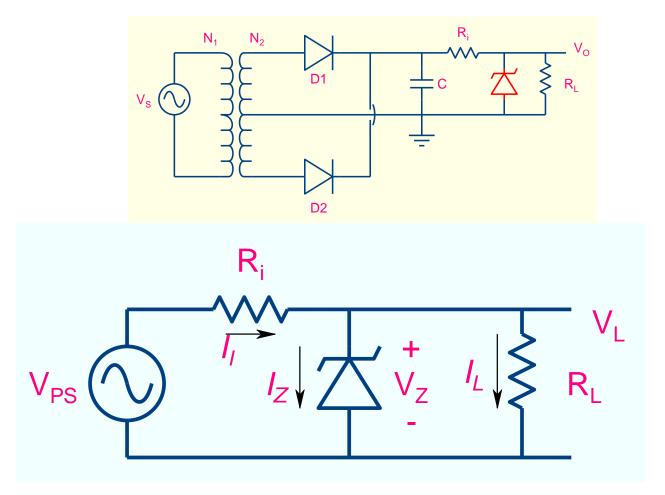






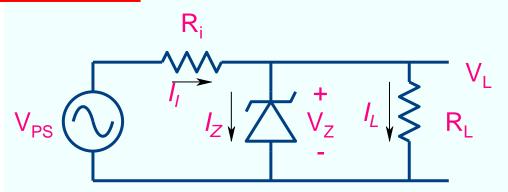


Voltage Reference Circuit



Design Problem: Determine R_i and zener diode specifications such that output voltage is +12V, load current can vary between 0 to 0.1A. The input voltage may vary between 18 to 15.5V.

Voltage Reference Equations



$$I_i = \frac{V_{PS} - V_Z}{R_i} = I_Z + I_L$$

$$I_{Z\max} = \frac{V_{PS\max} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\min}$$

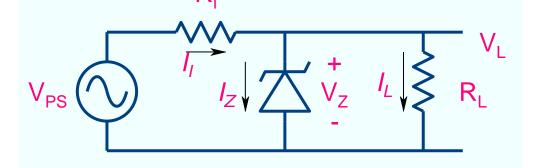
$$I_Z = \frac{V_{PS} - V_Z}{R_i} - I_L$$

$$I_{Z\min} = \frac{V_{PS\min} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\max}$$

$$P_{Z \max} = V_Z I_{Z \max}$$

Check correctness of design by checking compliance with Zener diode ratings

Design Problem: Determine R_i and zener diode specifications such that output voltage is +12V, load current can vary between 0 to 0.1A. The input voltage may vary between 18 to 15.5V.

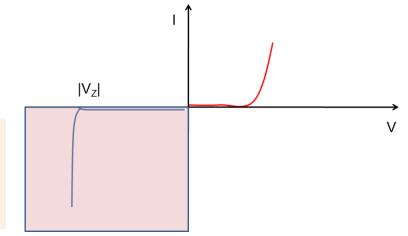


$$I_{i} = \frac{V_{PS} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} = I_{Z} + I_{L}$$

$$I_{Z\max} = \frac{V_{PS\max} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\min}$$

$$I_Z = \frac{V_{PS} - V_Z}{R_i} - I_L$$

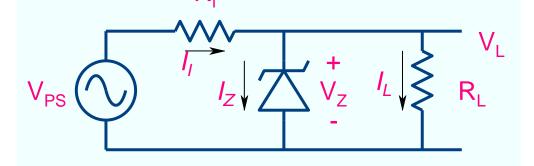
$$I_{Z\min} = \frac{V_{PS\min} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\max}$$



$$R_i = 40\Omega \Rightarrow I_{Zmax} = 0.15A; I_{Zmin} = -0.013A$$

$$R_i = 10\Omega \Rightarrow I_{Zmax} = 0.6A; I_{Zmin} = 0.25A$$

Design Problem: Determine R_i and zener diode specifications such that output voltage is +12V, load current can vary between 0 to 0.1A. The input voltage may vary between 18 to 15.5V.

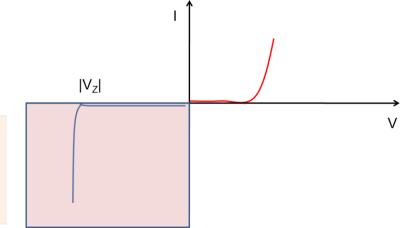


$$I_{i} = \frac{V_{PS} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} = I_{Z} + I_{L}$$

$$I_{Z\max} = \frac{V_{PS\max} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\min}$$

$$I_Z = \frac{V_{PS} - V_Z}{R_i} - I_L$$

$$I_{Z\min} = \frac{V_{PS\min} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\max}$$



$$\frac{I_{Z\max}}{I_{Z\min}} \cong 10$$

$$R_{i} = \frac{V_{PS \min} - 0.1V_{PS \max} - 0.9V_{Z}}{I_{L \max}}$$

$$P_{Z \max} = V_Z I_{Z \max}$$

Design Problem: Determine R_i and zener diode specifications such that output voltage is +12V, load current can vary between 0 to 0.1A. The input voltage may vary between 18 to 15.5V.

$$R_{i} = \frac{V_{PS \min} - 0.1V_{PS \max} - 0.9V_{Z}}{I_{L \max}} = 29\Omega$$

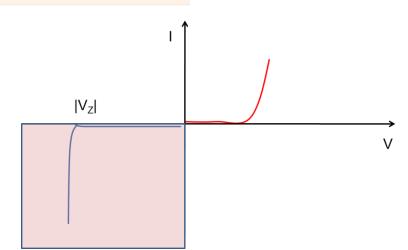
$$I_{Z\max} = \frac{V_{PS\max} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\min} = 0.207A$$

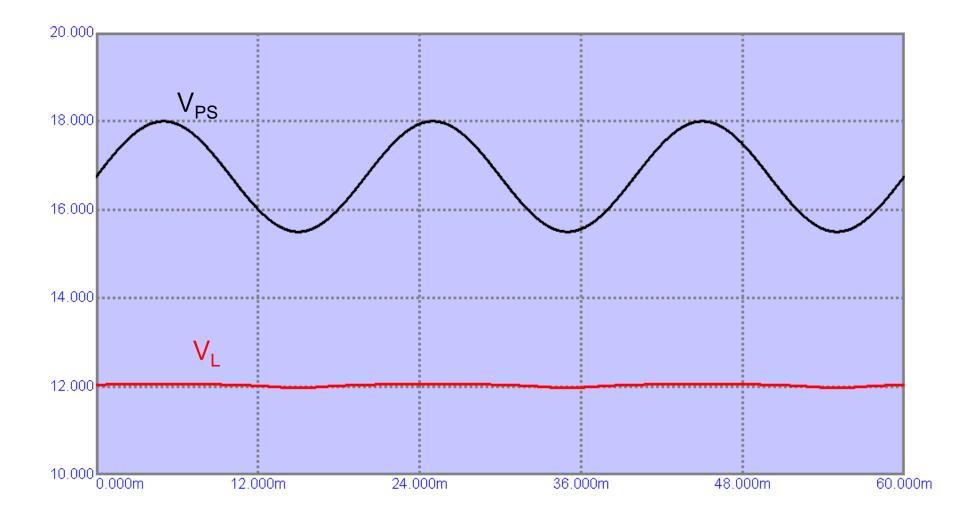
$$I_{Z\min} = \frac{V_{PS\min} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\max} = 0.0207$$

$$I_{Z\min} = \frac{V_{PS\min} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\max} = 0.0207$$

$$P_{Z \max} = V_Z I_{Z \max} = 2.48W$$

Check the design through simulations





Design Problem-2: Determine R_i and zener diode specifications such that output voltage is +12V, load current can vary between 0 to 0.1A. The input voltage may vary between 15 to 12.915V.

$$R_{i} = \frac{V_{PS \min} - 0.1V_{PS \max} - 0.9V_{Z}}{I_{L \max}} = 6.1\Omega$$

$$I_{Z\max} = \frac{V_{PS\max} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\min} = 0.488A$$

$$I_{Z\min} = \frac{V_{PS\min} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L\max} = 0.049$$

$$I_{Z \min} = \frac{V_{PS \min} - V_{Z}}{R_{i}} - I_{L \max} = 0.049$$

$$P_{Z\max} = V_Z I_{Z\max} = 5.85W$$