

Cypress.should() Command: A Detailed Guide



What are Assertions?



An assertion is a way to validate that the application or system under test is functioning as expected. It is a crucial part of the testing process, as they determine whether a test has passed or failed based on its successful functionality.

In Cypress, assertions are used to examine the state and behavior of the application under test



Should Assertions in Cypress

One of the key features of Cypress is its assertion library which provides functions for writing assertions and .should() is one of the widely used chai assertion.

- .should(chainers)
- .should(chainers, value)
- .should(chainers, method, value)
- .should(callbackFn)

Most common ways to handle assertion in Cypress.

- Assert based on class value
- Assert based on length
- Assert based on text
- Assert based on value tag
- Assert based on HTML attribute

Most common ways to handle assertion in Cypress.

- Assert for checkboxes
- Chaining Multiple Assertions
- Assert if the text is visible/hidden
- Assert if the value is empty
- Assert if the URL is correct
- Assert if the element is not present



Assert based on class value

To perform assertions where the class of an element can change dynamically based on user interactions or other events, you can use Cypress .should('have.class', 'className') command.

```
.should('have.class', className)
```



Assert based on length

To perform assertions where you want to verify the expected number of elements for a specific set of elements, you can use Cypress .should ('have.length',totalLength) command.

```
.should('have.length', totalCount)
```



Assert based on attribute

To assert based on attribute, you can use the should function with the have attribute property. The have attribute allows you to check the value of any attribute on an element.

.should('have.attr',attributeName,attributeValue)



Assert for checkboxes

To assert if checkbox is selected or not, you can use cypress should assertion .should ('be.checked') or .should ('be.unchecked')

```
.should('be.checked')
.should('not.be.checked')
```



For a more detailed understanding of .should() commands, refer to the below blog

Blog: https://www.lambdatest.com/blog/cypress-should-command/

