

**Question 1: What is the DOM (Document Object Model) in JavaScript? How does JavaScript interact with the DOM?**

**Answer:**

DOM stands for **Document Object Model**.

It is a **tree-like structure** created by the browser for every webpage.

In simple words:

**DOM is the way JavaScript sees and controls the webpage.**

Every HTML element becomes a **node** in this tree:

- <p> → paragraph node
- <h1> → heading node
- <img> → image node

**How JavaScript interacts with the DOM:**

JavaScript can:

- Change text
- Change styles (color, size)
- Change attributes (src, id, class)
- Add or remove elements

**Example:**

```
document.getElementById("title").innerText = "New Title";
```

This changes the text of an element with id="title".

## Question 2: Explain `getElementById()`, `getElementsByClassName()`, and `querySelector()`.

JavaScript provides different methods to **select HTML elements**.

### 1. `getElementById()`

Selects ONE element using its **id**.

```
let p = document.getElementById("para");
```

### 2. `getElementsByClassName()`

Selects ALL elements with the same **class name**.

```
let items = document.getElementsByClassName("box");
```

Returns a list (HTMLCollection).

### 3. `querySelector()`

Selects the **first matching element** using a **CSS selector**.

```
let firstDiv = document.querySelector(".container");
```

You can use:

- `.className`
- `#idName`
- `tagName`

Example:

```
document.querySelector("p");
```

```
document.querySelector("#title");
```

```
document.querySelector(".item");
```