

## **Data Structure Lab**

## Lab-3

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**Q1.** WAP to enter numbers till the user wants. At the end, it should display the count of positive, negative, and Zeroes entered.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
    int positive_count = 0;
    int negative_count = 0;
    int zero_count = 0;
    float num;
    char user_choice = 'y';
    while (user_choice == 'y' || user_choice == 'Y')
    {
        printf("Enter a number: ");
        scanf("%f", &num);
        if (num > 0)
            positive_count++;
        else if (num < 0)</pre>
            negative_count++;
        else
            zero_count++;
        printf("Do you want to enter another number? (y/n): ");
        scanf(" %c", &user_choice);
    }
    printf("Count of positive numbers: %d\n", positive_count);
    printf("Count of negative numbers: %d\n", negative_count);
    printf("Count of zeros: %d\n", zero_count);
    return 0;
```

```
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3\
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3> gcc .\Question1.c
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3> .\a.exe
Enter a number: 1
Do you want to enter another number? (y/n): y
Enter a number: -2
Do you want to enter another number? (y/n): y
Enter a number: 0
Do you want to enter another number? (y/n): n
Count of positive numbers: 1
Count of negative numbers: 1
Count of zeros: 1
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3>
```

**Q2.** WAP to print the multiplication table of the number entered by the user. It should be in the correct formatting.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    //* By using For loop

    // int number;
    // printf("Enter the number :");
    // scanf("%d", &number);
    // for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
    // {
        // printf("%d x %d = %d\n", number, i, number * i);
    // }

    //*By using while loop

    // int number;
    // printf("Enter the number :");
    // scanf("%d", &number);
    // int i = 1;
    // while (i <= 10)
    // {
        // printf("%d x %d = %d\n", number, i, number * i);
        // i++;
        // }
</pre>
```

```
//*By using do while loop

int number;
printf("Enter the number :");
scanf("%d", &number);
int i = 1;
do
    {
        printf("%d x %d = %d\n", number, i, number * i);
        i++;
} while (i <= 10);
}</pre>
```

```
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3> gcc .\Question2.c
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3> .\a.exe
Enter the number :5
5 x 1 = 5
5 x 2 = 10
5 x 3 = 15
5 x 4 = 20
5 x 5 = 25
5 x 6 = 30
5 x 7 = 35
5 x 8 = 40
5 x 9 = 45
5 x 10 = 50
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3>
```

**Q3**. WAP to generate the following set of output.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    // Pattern 1
    int count = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i <= 3; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++)
        {
            printf("%d", count);
            count++;
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}</pre>
```

```
// Pattern 2
int num;
printf("Enter the number of rows :");
scanf("%d", &num);
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
{
    int value = 1;
    for (int j = 0; j <= i; j++)
    {
        printf("%d", value);
        value = value * (i - j) / (j + 1);
    }
    printf("\n");
}</pre>
```

**Q4.** The population of a town is 100000. The population has increased steadily at the rate of 10% per year for the last 10 years. Write a program to determine the population at the end of each year in the last decade.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int initial_population = 100000;
    double growth_rate = 0.10;
    int years = 10;
    int population;
    for (int i = 0; i < years; i++)
    {
        population = 100000 + (int)(initial_population * growth_rate);
        printf("%d \t %d\n", i, population);</pre>
```

```
initial_population = population;
}
```

```
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3> gcc .\Question4.c
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3> .\a.exe
         110000
1
         111000
2
         111100
3
         111110
4
         111111
5
         111111
6
         111111
7
         111111
8
         111111
         111111
```

**Q5.** Ramanujan Number is the smallest number that can be expressed as the sum of two cubes in two different ways. WAP to print all such numbers up to a reasonable limit.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, num, x, y, count;
    printf("Enter the range in which you find the number:");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    for (i = 1; i <= num; i++)
    {
        count = 0;
        for (x = 1; x * x * x * x * y * y * y * = i; y++)
        {
            if (x * x * x * y * y * y * = i)
            {
                count++;
            }
        }
        if (count == 2)
        {
            printf("%d\n", i);
        }
}</pre>
```

ı.

```
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3> gcc .\Question5.c
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3> .\a.exe
Enter the range in which you find the number:2000
1729
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-3> .\a.exe
Enter the range in which you find the number:5000
1729
4104
```