

Data Structure

<u>Lab-10</u>

Submitted by:

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WAP to populate an array of 'n' elements using a random function. Share the time complexity for all the experiments, n should be large enough to see the difference in execution.

1. Implement Insertion sort in the above data set.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
void populateArrayRandomly(int arr[], int n)
    srand(time(NULL)); // Seed for random number generation
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
        arr[i] = rand() % 100; // Generate random numbers between 0 and
    }
void insertionSort(int arr[], int n)
    int i, j;
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
        int temp = arr[i];
        j = i - 1;
        while (j \ge 0 \&\& arr[j] > temp)
            arr[j + 1] = arr[j];
            j--;
        arr[j + 1] = temp;
    }
int main()
    int n = 10; // Choose a sufficiently large value for n
    int arr[n];
    populateArrayRandomly(arr, n);
    printf("Original array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
```

```
// Perform insertion sort
insertionSort(arr, n);

printf("\nSorted array using Insertion Sort algorithm: ");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
}

printf("\n");
return 0;
}
</pre>
```

```
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-10> gcc .\Question1.c
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-10> .\a.exe
Original array: 1 17 26 50 87 82 63 83 42 45
Sorted array using Insertion Sort algorithm: 1 17 26 42 45 50 63 82 83 87
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-10>
```

Implement Selection sort in the above data set.

```
}
        if (min != i)
        {
            swap(&arr[i], &arr[min]);
void populateArrayRandomly(int arr[], int n)
    srand(time(NULL)); // Seed for random number generation
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        arr[i] = rand() % 100; // Generate random numbers between 0 and
    }
int main()
    int n = 10; // Choose a sufficiently large value for n
    int arr[n];
    populateArrayRandomly(arr, n);
    printf("Original array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    selectionSort(arr, n);
    printf("\nSorted array using Selection Sort algorithm: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    printf("\n");
    return 0;
```

```
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-10> gcc .\Question2.c

PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-10> .\a.exe

Original array: 20 64 10 60 35 29 21 63 6 8

Sorted array using Selection Sort algorithm: 6 8 10 20 21 29 35 60 63 64

PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-10>
```

Implement Quicksort in the above data set.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
void swap(int *a, int *b)
    int temp = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = temp;
int partition(int a[], int low, int high)
    int pivot = a[low];
    int i, j;
    i = low;
    j = high;
    while (i < j)
        do
        {
            i++;
        } while (a[i] <= pivot);</pre>
        do
        {
        } while (a[j] > pivot);
        if (i < j)
            swap(&a[i], &a[j]);
    swap(&a[low], &a[j]);
    return j;
void quicksort(int a[], int low, int high)
```

```
if (low < high)</pre>
        int j = partition(a, low, high);
        quicksort(a, low, j);
        quicksort(a, j + 1, high);
    }
void populateArrayRandomly(int a[], int n)
    srand(time(NULL)); // Seed for random number generation
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        a[i] = rand() % 100; // Generate random numbers between 0 and 99
int main()
    int n = 10; // Choose a sufficiently large value for n
    int arr[n];
    populateArrayRandomly(arr, n);
    printf("Original array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    quicksort(arr, 0, n - 1);
    printf("\nSorted array using Quick Sort algorithm: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    printf("\n");
    return 0;
```

```
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-10> gcc .\Question3.c

PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-10> .\a.exe

Original array: 4 17 0 17 36 18 94 69 61 48

Sorted array using Quick Sort algorithm: 0 4 17 17 18 36 61 69 94 48

PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\LAB-10> ...
```

Implement Merge Sort using the above dataset.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void merge(int a[], int lb, int mid, int ub)
    int i, j, k;
    i = lb;
    j = mid + 1;
    k = lb;
    int b[ub + 1];
    while (i <= mid && j <= ub)</pre>
         if (a[i] < a[j])</pre>
             b[k] = a[i];
             i++;
         }
         else
             b[k] = a[j];
             j++;
         k++;
    }
    if (i > mid)
         while (j <= ub)</pre>
             b[k] = a[j];
             j++;
             k++;
    }
    else
         while (i <= mid)</pre>
             b[k] = a[i];
             i++;
             k++;
```

```
}
   for (k = lb; k <= ub; k++)
       a[k] = b[k];
void mergeSort(int a[], int lb, int ub)
   if (lb < ub)
        int mid = (lb + ub) / 2;
       mergeSort(a, lb, mid);
       mergeSort(a, mid + 1, ub);
       merge(a, lb, mid, ub);
   }
int main()
   int arr[] = {15, 5, 24, 8, 1, 3, 16, 10, 20};
   int n = sizeof(arr[0]);
   printf("Original array is: \n");
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
       printf("%d, ", arr[i]);
   mergeSort(arr, 0, n - 1);
   printf("\n\nSorted array using Merge Sort algorithm is: \n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
        printf("%d, ", arr[i]);
   return 0;
```

```
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\SearchingAndSorting> gcc .\mergeSort.c
PS D:\MCA\MCA-DSA\SearchingAndSorting> .\a.exe
Original array is:
15, 5, 24, 8, 1, 3, 16, 10, 20,

Sorted array using Merge Sort algorithm is:
1, 3, 5, 8, 10, 15, 16, 20, 24,
```

