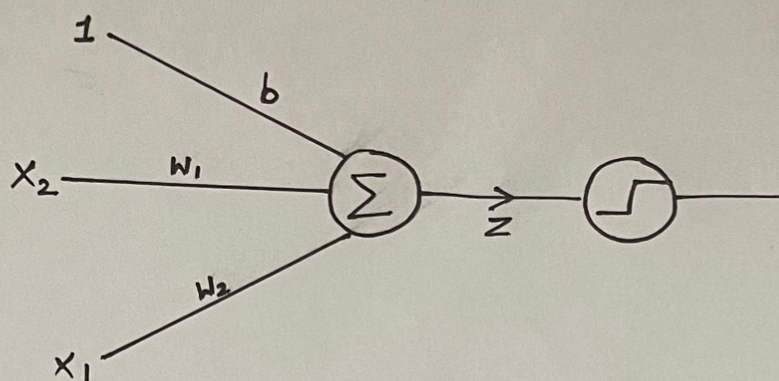


PERCEPTRON



$$z = x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + b$$

$$y = f(z) = \begin{cases} 1 & z \geq 0 \\ 0 & z < 0 \end{cases}$$

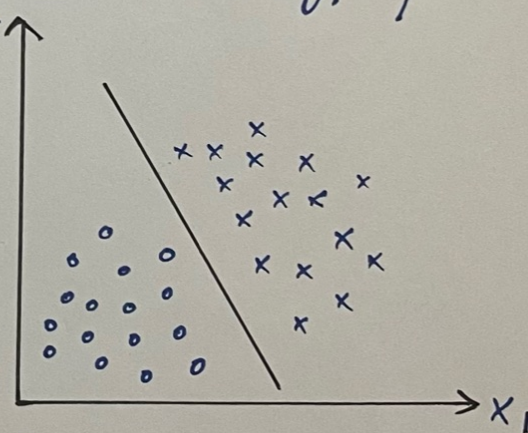
Perceptron is also known as binary classifier. It divides the graph into 2 regions.

For 2D dividing parameter is a line

For 3D dividing parameter is a plane

And from 4D onwards dividing parameter is a hyperplane.

- Perceptron can only be used for linear or sort of linear data only for any dimension.



For any number of dimensions ÷

$$f(z) = w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + \dots + w_n x_n + b$$

where w is weights associated

b is known as the bias added to it