

LAB-8NAME: ANSHUL H. SURANA
USN: IBM19C3020

Q8) WAP to implement Stack & Queues using Linked Representation.

→ Stack

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node * top = NULL;
struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node * next;
};
void stack();
void push(int);
int pop();
void display();
int main()
{
    stack();
    return 1;
}

void stack()
{
    int choice = 0, ele = 0;
    do
    {
        printf("\n Enter the choice: In 1. Push. In 2. Pop In 3. Display In 4. Exit In choice\n");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch(choice)
        {
            case 1: printf("\n Enter the element to push\n");
                    scanf("%d", &ele);
                    push(ele);
                    break;
        }
    } while(choice != 4);
}

```

①

Anshul H. Surana


```
break;
case 2: depop ele = pop();
        printf("In 1.d was deleted from Queue", ele);
        break;
case 3: display();
        break;
case 4: exit(0);
default:
        printf("In Input Error Try Again");
        stack();
}
} while(1);
}

void push (int ele)
{
    struct node * newnode;
    newnode = (struct node *) malloc (sizeof (struct node));
    newnode -> data = ele;
    newnode -> next = NULL;
    if (top == NULL)
    {
        top = newnode;
    }
    else
    {
        newnode -> next = top;
        top = newnode;
    }
    printf("In element 1.d was inserted in", ele);
}

int pop ()
{
    int ele;
    struct node * temp;
    if (top == NULL)
    {
        printf("In Stack Underflow, Stack is empty");
        stack();
    }
}
```

Anshul H. Surana

(2)


```

        ele = top->data;
        temp = top;

        if (top->next == NULL)
        {
            top = NULL;
        }
        else
        {
            top = top->next;
        }
        free(temp);
        return ele;
    }

    void display()
    {
        struct node *i;
        if (top == NULL)
        {
            printf("In Stack is empty\n");
            stack();
        }

        printf("In Stack contains: In Top->");
        for (i = top; i != NULL; i = i->next)
            printf("%d ", i->data);
    }
}

```

Queue.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

void insert();
void display();
void del();

```



```
struct node * rear = NULL, * front = NULL;
```

```
int main (int argc, char ** argv)
```

```
{ int choice;  
  char ch = 'y';
```

```
  do
```

```
{ printf("In Queue implementation using linked list\n");  
  printf("In 1. Create In 2. Display In 3. Delete  
  In 4. Exit\n");
```

```
  printf("Enter your choice");
```

```
  scanf("%d", &choice);
```

```
  switch (choice)
```

```
{ case 1: insert(); break;
```

```
  case 2: display(); break;
```

```
  case 3: del(); break;
```

```
  case 4:
```

```
    ch = 'n';
```

```
    break;
```

```
}
```

```
while (ch == 'y' || ch == 'Y');
```

```
{
```

```
void insert()
```

```
{ struct node * newnode;
```

```
newnode = (struct node *) malloc (sizeof(struct node));
```

```
printf("Enter the element:\n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &newnode->data);
```

```
newnode->next = NULL;
```

```
if (rear == NULL)
```

```
{ rear = newnode;
```

```
  front = newnode;
```

```
}
```

Anshul H. Surana


```
else  
{ rear->next = newnode;  
  rear = newnode;  
}  
}  
  
void del()  
{ if (front == NULL)  
  { printf("Queue is empty\n"); return;  
  }  
  else  
  { printf("Deleted ele is %.d", front->data);  
    if (front == rear)  
    { printf("Queue is empty\n");  
      front = NULL; rear = NULL;  
    }  
    else  
    { front = front->next;  
    }  
  }  
}  
  
void display()  
{  
  struct node *temp;  
  if (front == NULL)  
  { printf("Queue is empty");  
    return;  
  }  
  temp = front;  
  while (temp != NULL)  
  { printf("%.d ", temp->data);  
    temp = temp->next;  
  }  
}
```