

LAB-8

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Q) Write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" and derived class called "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception Wrong Age() when the input age = father's age.

```

→ import java.util.*;
class FatherAgeException extends Exception
{
    public String toString()
    {
        return("Father's age is less than 0");
    }
}
class SonAgeException extends Exception
{
    int a;
    SonAgeException(int age)
    {
        a = age;
    }
    public String toString()
    {
        if (a < 0)
            return("Son's age is less than 0");
        else
            return("Son's age is more than or equal to father's age");
    }
}

```

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```

class Father
{
    public int age1;
    Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
    father()
    {
        System.out.print("Enter father's age:");
        age1 = s.nextInt();
    }

    void ex1() throws FatherAgeException
    {
        if (age1 < 0)
            throw new FatherAgeException();
    }
}

```

```

class Son extends father
{
    public int age2;
    son()
    {
        System.out.print("Enter son's age");
        age2 = s.nextInt();
    }

    void ex2() throws sonAgeException
    {
        if (age2 < 0 || age2 >= super.age1)
            throw new sonAgeException(age2);
        System.out.println("No logical error  
in the entered data");
    }
}

```

```

class Main
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        son s = new son();
        try
        {
            s.ex1();
        }
        catch (FatherAgeException e)
        {
            System.out.println(e);
        }
    }
}

```

(2)

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```
try  
{ s.ex2(); }  
catch (RuntimeException e)  
{ System.out.println(e);  
}  
}  
}
```