# **PROJECT REPORT**

on

# **CRYPTOGRAPHIC FILE UTILITY**

(CSE III Semester Mini project ) 2023-2024



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Section - B1-III-Sem

Session: 2023-2024

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**CERTIFICATE** 

Certified that Mr. Anshuman Bhandari (Roll No.- 2218415) has

developed mini project on "CRYPTOGRAPHY" for the CS III Semester

Mini Project Lab in Graphic Era Hill University, Dehradun. The project

carried out by Students is their own work as best of my knowledge.

Date: 8 January 2024

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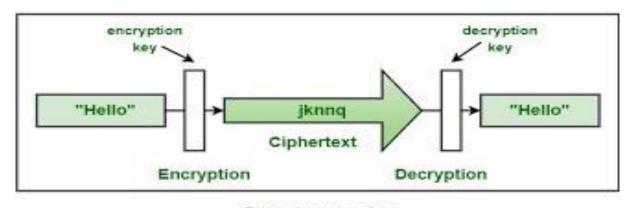
# **Introduction to the Cryptographic Project**

This project aims to create a secure and efficient file encryption, decryption, and compression system using the Huffman coding algorithm.

In an era where data security is paramount, the need for robust cryptographic tools has never been greater. Our Cryptographic File Utility project aims to provide a versatile and secure solution for users to protect their sensitive data through encryption and other cryptographic techniques.

### **Objective:**

The primary objective of our project is to develop a user-friendly file utility that integrates advanced cryptographic algorithms to safeguard the confidentiality and integrity of files. This utility will empower users to encrypt, decrypt, and manage their files in a secure environment.



Cryptography

## **OVERVIEW OF ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION**

Encryption and decryption are fundamental processes in the field of cryptography, playing a crucial role in securing sensitive information. These processes involve the transformation of data to ensure confidentiality, integrity, and authenticity in communication and storage.

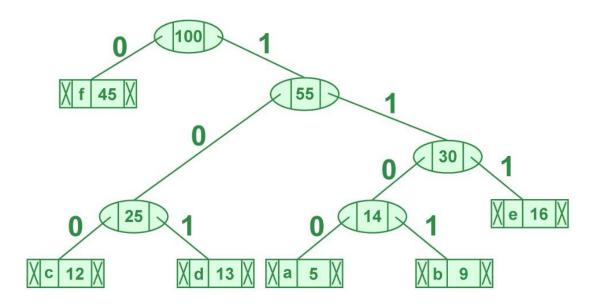
**Encryption:** The process of converting plaintext into ciphertext for secure transmission or storage.

- Encryption involves the use of cryptographic algorithms and keys.
- The plaintext, which is the original readable data, is processed through an algorithm along with an encryption key.
- The output, known as ciphertext, appears as random and unreadable data to anyone without the decryption key.

**Decryption :** The reverse process of converting the encrypted data back into its original form.

- Decryption uses a specific algorithm and a decryption key that corresponds to the one used for encryption.
- The ciphertext is processed through the decryption algorithm using the decryption key.
- The output is the original plaintext, restoring the data to its readable form.

## **EXPLANATION OF HUFFMAN CODING ALGORITHM**



Huffman coding is a widely used algorithm for lossless data compression. It was developed by David A. Huffman in 1952. The primary objective of Huffman coding is to represent data in a way that reduces the overall number of bits required for transmission or storage, thus achieving compression.

Optimal Encoding Huffman coding creates a variable-length code table, which allows efficient representation of the data.

Frequency-based Encoding It assigns shorter codes to more frequent characters, optimizing the compression ratio.

### FILE COMPRESSION USING HUFFMAN CODING

File compression using Huffman coding involves encoding the data in a way that reduces the overall size of the file. The process includes creating a Huffman tree based on the frequency of symbols in the file and generating variablelength codes for each symbol.

#### 1. Frequency Analysis:

• Scan the entire file and count the frequency of each symbol (characters, bytes, or any data units) in the file.

#### 2. Build the Huffman Tree:

- Create a priority queue or min-heap with nodes representing each symbol and their frequencies.
- Repeatedly extract two nodes with the lowest frequencies from the queue, create a
  new internal node with a frequency equal to the sum of the extracted nodes'
  frequencies, and insert the new node back into the queue.
- Continue this process until only one node (the root of the Huffman tree) remains in the queue. This node represents the complete Huffman tree.

### 3. Assign Huffman Codes:

- Traverse the Huffman tree to assign binary codes to each symbol.
- Assign shorter codes to more frequent symbols and longer codes to less frequent symbols. This step ensures that the overall encoded representation is more compact.

#### 4. Create the Huffman Code Table:

• Generate a table that maps each symbol to its corresponding Huffman code. This table will be used during both compression and decompression.

## FILE READING AND ENCRYPTION PROCESS

To read a file in Python, you can use the built-in open() function along with various methods for reading content.

# **Python File Read**

- · Reading both Text and Binary files
- All methods for reading a text file such as read(), readline(), and readlines()
- · With Statement
- · Reading and Writing to the same file
- Read First and last N lines
- · Reading N Bytes From The File

```
# read file with absolute path
try:
    fp = open(r"E:\demos\files\read_demo.txt", "r")
    print(fp.read())
    fp.close()
except FileNotFoundError:
    print("Please check the path")
```

#### **PYnative**

- The 'r' argument in open() specifies that the file should be opened in read mode.
- The with statement is used to automatically close the file when the block is exited.
- The read() method is used to read the entire content of the file into a string.

## FILE DECRYPTION AND DECOMPRESSION PROCESS

**Decryption Algorithm:** The steps and methods involved in decrypting the encrypted data back to its original form.

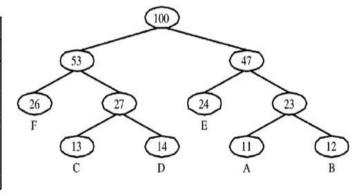
Apply the decryption algorithm using the encryption key to transform the encrypted data back into its original form (plaintext). The decryption algorithm must match the encryption algorithm used in the initial encryption process.

**Huffman Decompression :** Explaining the use of Huffman coding for the decompression of the file size while retaining the original data.

Use the Huffman tree or code table to decode the compressed data. Start at the root of the Huffman tree and traverse it based on the bits in the compressed data until a leaf node is reached. The symbol represented by the leaf node is then added to the decompressed data.

Symbol	Frequency	Encoding type		
		One	Two	Three
A	11	000	111	000
В	12	001	110	001
C	13	100	011	010
D	14	101	010	011
E	24	01	10	10
F	26	11	00	11

(a)



(b)

### **BENEFITS OF HUFFMAN CODING**

**Optimized Data :** Storage Huffman coding allows efficient storage by reducing the file size without loss of information.

**Data Transfer Efficiency :** It enables faster and more efficient data transfer due to reduced file sizes.

**Reduced Bandwidth Usage:** Huffman coding minimizes bandwidth consumption, making it ideal for network communication and storage.

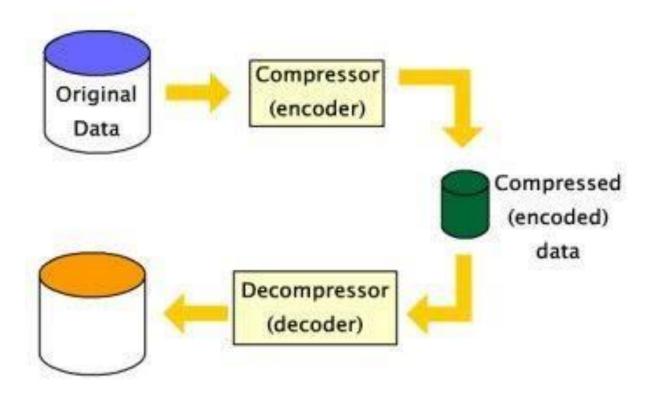
**Fast Encoding and Decoding :** Huffman coding is computationally efficient, and both encoding and decoding processes are typically fast. This efficiency is crucial for real-time applications and scenarios where rapid data transmission or decompression is required.

**Applicability to Different Data Types:** Huffman coding is versatile and can be applied to different types of data, including text, images, and binary data. Its adaptability makes it suitable for a wide range of applications.

**No Ambiguity in Decoding:** The generated Huffman codes are prefixfree, meaning that no code is the prefix of another. This property ensures unambiguous decoding because a code can be uniquely determined by its bit sequence without the need for delimiter symbols.

## **CONCLUSION AND KEY TAKEAWAYS**

- 1 Security and Efficiency The project ensures the security of data and efficient file handling using Huffman coding.
- 2 Practical Applications It offers practical applications in secure file transmission, storage, and data optimization.
- 3 Future Developments Opportunities for further enhancements and implementations in the field of cryptography and data management



## REFERENCE AND BIBLOGRAPHY

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