#### Physical Chemistry for Chemical Engineers (CHE 30324)

#### Homework 1

Due January 25, 2017

Each question is worth 4 points. Solutions may be provided either in hand-written form on engineering or loose leaf paper, or as a print out of a math notebook (iPython or Matlab or Mathematica). In either case, solutions should be neat and complete, answers clearly indicated, and good plotting practice used for all plots.

#### 1 Discrete, probably

In five card stud, a poker player is dealt five cards from a standard deck of 52 cards.

- 1. How many different 5-card hands are there? (Remember, in poker the order the cards are received is unimportant.)
- 2. What is the probability of being dealt a four-of-a-kind (a card of the same rank from each suit?)
- 3. What is the probability of being dealt a flush (five cards of the same suit)?

### 2 Continuous, probably

The probability distribution function for a random variable x is given by  $P(x) = xe^{-2x}, 0 \le x < \infty$ .

- 1. Is P(x) normalized? If not, normalize it. Plot the normalized P(x).
- 2. What is the most probable value of x?
- 3. What is the expectation value of x?
- 4. What is the variance of x?

## 3 One rough night

It's late on a Friday night and people are stumbling up Notre Dame Ave. to their dorms. You observe one particularly impaired individual who is taking steps of equal length 1 m to the north or south (i.e., in one dimension), with equal probability.

- 1. What is the furthest distance the person could travel after 20 steps?
- 2. What is the probability that the person won't have traveled any net distance at all after 20 steps?
- 3. What is the probability that the person has traveled half the maximum distance after 20 steps?
- 4. Plot the probability of traveling a given distance vs distance. Does the probability distribution look familiar? You'll see it again when we talk about diffusion.

# 4 Now this is what I call equilibrium

The Boltzmann distribution tells us that, at thermal equilibrium, the probability of a particle having an energy E is proportional to  $\exp(-E/k_{\rm B}T)$ , where  $k_{\rm B}$  is the Boltzmann constant. Suppose a bunch of gas particles of mass m are in thermal equilibrium at temperature T and are traveling back and forth in one dimension with various velocities v and kinetic energies  $K = mv^2/2$ .

- 1. What is the expectation value of the velocity v of a particle?
- 2. What is the expectation value of the kinetic energy K of a particle? How does your answer depend on the particle mass? On temperature?