

if 1d

2d

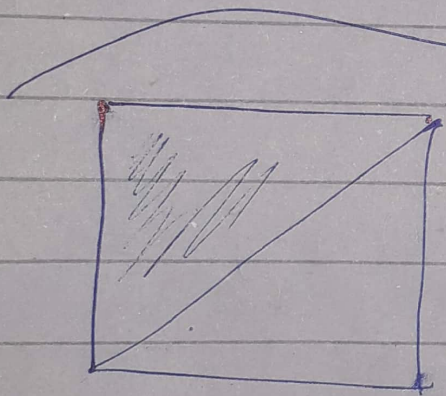
3d

	0	1
0	A	B
1	C	D

$$2 \times 2 = 4$$

A	B	C	D
0	1	2	3

$$i_1 \times D_2 + i_2$$



$$1 + 2 - 3 + 1 + 1$$

Formula row-based = $\text{cols} \times i - \frac{(i(i-1))}{2} + j$

~~04~~, ~~13~~, ~~14~~, ~~22~~, ~~23~~, ~~24~~, ~~31~~, ~~32~~, ~~33~~, ~~34~~
~~40~~, ~~41~~, ~~42~~, ~~43~~, ~~44~~.

1085x

$$\text{rows} \times j - j(j-1) + i$$

$$3 \times 1 - 3 + 1 = 2$$

	0	1	2
0	A	B	C
1	D	E	
2	F		

ADFBEC
0 1 2 3 4 5

cols-1 +
cols-2
cols-3

	0	1	2
0			A
1		B	C
2	D	E	F

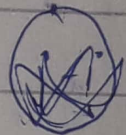
~~A B C D E F~~
~~0 1 2 3 4 5~~
D B ~~E~~ ~~A~~ C F (2,1)
0 1 2 3 4 5

$$\text{rows} \times \text{cols} + \text{cols} - i(i+1) + j$$

$$2$$

~~6~~ ~~6~~ 6-3+0
=3+0

2 4 5



	0	1	2	3	4
0	x	x	x	x	A
1	x	x	x	B	C
2	x	x	D	E	F
3		G	H	I	J
4	K	L	M	N	O

if (—)

~~0 4~~

13, 14

22, 23, 24

31, 32, 33, 34

40, 41, 42, 43

A B C D E F G
0 1 2 3 4 5 6

0 → cols - 1
1 → cols - 2
2 →

$$\frac{j(j+1)}{2}$$

0 → 13
1 → 12
2 → 11
3 → 10

3 (28) 28

a

	0	1	2	3
0				A
1			B	C
2		D	E	F
3	G	H	I	J

~~03, 12, 13, 21, 22, 23~~
~~30, 31, 32, 33~~

(32, 33)

non-zero

0 → 0
1 → 1
2 → 3
3 → 3

$\left. \begin{array}{l} 0 \rightarrow 0 \\ 1 \rightarrow 1 \\ 2 \rightarrow 3 \\ 3 \rightarrow 3 \end{array} \right\} \frac{j(j+1)}{2} + i$

$$0 + 3 = 3$$

$$2 + 1 = 3$$

$$1 + 2 = 3$$

$$0 + 3 = 3 \quad \text{?}$$

$\boxed{\text{cols} - j - 1}$ → zero value

$$i + j > 30$$

$$i + j = \text{cols} - 1$$

~~10x5-1~~
~~32~~

if $(i + j > \text{cols} - 1)$

$$\text{cols} - j - 1$$

$$11 - 6 - 1$$

$$= 3$$

$$11 - 7 - 1 = 2$$

A C F J B E I
0 1 2 3 4 5 6

D H G
7 8 9

10-30

$$i = \boxed{i - \text{cols} - j - 1}$$

3x values

~~i~~, or ~~2-j~~
(non-zero)

~~rows~~ ~~j~~ (i) (3) →

i = total

0
 $(3)(0)$, $(2)(1)$, 4

$(cols - j)$ nonzero

$(0)(3)$
 1 3

~~6 1 2~~

~~6 1 2~~ B E I - A C F J

6 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

↑

~~(0)(0)~~ (0)(1)

rows \times j

a) columns \rightarrow j

b) element total \rightarrow j \times rows ✓

c) Total - zero = nonzero \rightarrow j \times rows - (cols - j)
 $= j \times \text{rows} - \text{colstj}$

✓ \rightarrow start of column

$$\frac{j(j+1)}{2}$$

$$6 + 3 = 9$$

if $(i+j) = \text{cols} - 1$

$$\left\{ \frac{j(j+1)}{2} + i = \text{cols} - j - 1 \right.$$

else ~~0 + 3 - 4 + 0 + 1 = 0~~

$$3 \times 4 - 4 + 3$$

~~12 - 4~~

$$12 - 4$$

$$8 + 3 = 11$$

$$(3)(0)$$

$$i - (cols - j - 1)$$

$$i - cols + j + 1$$

$$\frac{j(j+1)}{2} + i - (cols + j + 1)$$

2, 1

3, 1

$$\cancel{1} + 2 - 4 + \cancel{1} + 1 = 1$$

(b)

$$i - cols - j - 1$$

1, 3

3, 3

$$\cancel{1} + 3 - 4 + 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\underbrace{6 + 1 - 4 + 3 + 1}_{3 + 3 + 1 = 7}$$

$$\underbrace{6 + 3 - 4 + 3 + 1}_{(a)}$$

column major formula : if $(i+j) \geq cols - 1$

$$\left\{ \frac{j(j+1)}{2} + i - (cols + j + 1) \right\}$$

to the start

else 0

cols + j + i

(b)

	0	1	2	3	4
0	A	B	C	D	E
1	F	G	H	I	
2	J	K	L		
3	M	N			
4	O				

i = non-zero
in any column

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A	F	J	M	O	B	G	K	N	
C	H	L	D	I	E				
9	10	11	12	13	14				

if (i + j < cols)

{ ~~j~~ ~~i~~ }

j non zero
0 → 0
1 → 4
2 → 7
3 → 9
4 → 10

else 0

Total = rows × j

Start = rows × j - {zeros}

$$\frac{j(j-1)}{2}$$

[1][2]

$$\text{rows} \times j - \frac{j(j-1)}{2} + i$$

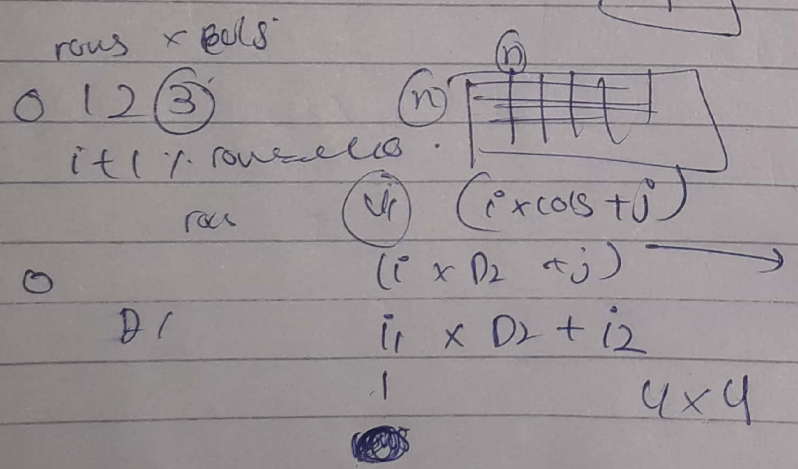
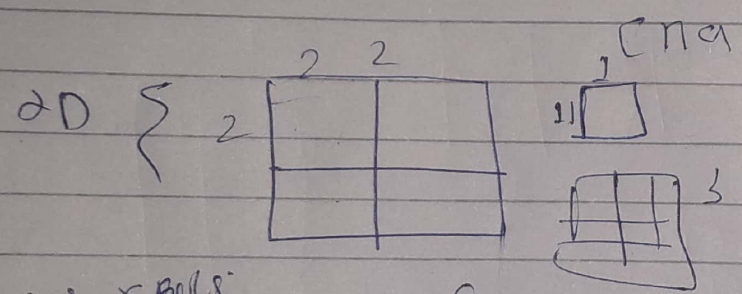
$$= 5 \times 2 - \frac{2(2-1)}{2} + 1 = 10 - 1 + 1 = 10$$

$[0][4] \rightarrow \textcircled{E}$ rows with cols

$$= \underbrace{\text{rows} \times j}_{\text{total}} - \underbrace{j(j-1)}_{\text{zero}} + \underbrace{1}_{\text{non-zero in array.}}$$

$$= 5 \times 4 - 24(4-1) + 0$$

$$= 20 - 6 + 0 = 14$$



$\text{Index} = j \times \text{cols} + i$

6 4 2 1 - 9 8

2 $\textcircled{3}$

r	c	0	1	2	3	2
		0	6	4	2	4
		0	1	1	1	1

0 1 1 1 $\textcircled{9}$ 8

0 6 4 1

1 4 - 4

2 2 4 $\textcircled{8}$ 3x2

6 4 2 4

1 - 9 8

0 1 2 - 2 3 $i \times \text{cols} + j$

0 1 2 = $1 \times 3 + 1$

0 0 0 1 2 $3 + 4 = 4$

1 1 0 $i \times \text{cols} + j$

2 2 0 $1 \times 2 + 1$

0 1 2 1 $2 + 1 = \textcircled{3}$

0 1 2 $2 \times 2 + 1$

$\textcircled{1}$

0 0 0 0 1 1 2 2

1 1

2 2

$j \times \text{rows} + i$