

Square & Square root

Cube & Cube root

1. Square Root:

If $x^2 = y$, we say that the square root of y is x and we write $\sqrt{y} = x$.

Thus, $\sqrt{4} = 2$, $\sqrt{9} = 3$, $\sqrt{196} = 14$.

2. Cube Root:

The cube root of a given number x is the number whose cube is x .

We, denote the cube root of x by $\sqrt[3]{x}$.

Thus, $\sqrt[3]{8} = \sqrt[3]{2 \times 2 \times 2} = 2$, $\sqrt[3]{343} = \sqrt[3]{7 \times 7 \times 7} = 7$ etc.

Note:

$$1. \sqrt{xy} = \sqrt{x} \times \sqrt{y}$$

$$2. \sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} \times \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{y}} = \frac{\sqrt{xy}}{y}.$$

$$1^2 = 1$$

$$2^2 = 4$$

$$3^2 = 9$$

$$4^2 = 16$$

$$5^2 = 25$$

$$6^2 = 36$$

$$7^2 = 49$$

$$8^2 = 64$$

$$9^2 = 81$$

$$10^2 = 100$$

1. Find the square root of 6084 by prime factorization method.

The prime factors of 6084 are

$$6084 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 13 \times 13$$

Step 2: Find the square root

The square root of 6084 is

$$6084 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 13 \times 13$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{6084} = \sqrt{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 13 \times 13}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{6084} = 2 \times 3 \times 13$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{6084} = 78$$

Hence, the square root of 6084 is 78

2. Find the square root of 1471369 by long division method

	1213
1	$\overline{1} \ \overline{47} \ \overline{13} \ \overline{69}$
	1 ↓
22	0 47
	44 ↓
241	3 13
	2 41 ↓
2423	72 69
	72 69
	0

3. Find the square root of

i. 841

ii. 5625

iii. 1849

iv. 3481

v. 12996

Ans

i. 29

ii. 75

iii. 43

iv. 59

v. 114

4. Evaluate: $\sqrt{248} + \sqrt{52} + \sqrt{144}$.

We need to find value of $\sqrt{248 + \sqrt{52 + \sqrt{144}}}$

$$= \sqrt{248 + \sqrt{52 + 12}}$$

$$= \sqrt{248 + \sqrt{64}}$$

$$= \sqrt{248 + 8}$$

$$= \sqrt{256}$$

$$= 16$$

5. $\left(\frac{\sqrt{625}}{11} \times \frac{14}{\sqrt{25}} \times \frac{11}{\sqrt{196}} \right)$ is equal to:

Given Expression = $\frac{25}{11} \times \frac{14}{5} \times \frac{11}{14} = 5.$

6. The cube root of .000216 is:

$$(.000216)^{1/3} = \left(\frac{216}{10^6} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$= \left(\frac{6 \times 6 \times 6}{10^2 \times 10^2 \times 10^2} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$= \frac{6}{10^2}$$

$$= \frac{6}{100}$$

$$= 0.06$$

7.

What should come in place of both x in the equation $\frac{x}{\sqrt{128}} = \frac{\sqrt{162}}{x}$.

$$\text{Let } \frac{x}{\sqrt{128}} = \frac{\sqrt{162}}{x}$$

$$\text{Then } x^2 = \sqrt{128 \times 162}$$

$$= \sqrt{64 \times 2 \times 18 \times 9}$$

$$= \sqrt{8^2 \times 6^2 \times 3^2}$$

$$= 8 \times 6 \times 3$$

$$= 144.$$

$$\therefore x = \sqrt{144} = 12.$$

8. The least perfect square, which is divisible by each of 21, 36 and 66 is:

$$\text{L.C.M. of } 21, 36, 66 = 2772.$$

$$\text{Now, } 2772 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 11$$

To make it a perfect square, it must be multiplied by 7×11 .

$$\text{So, required number} = 2^2 \times 3^2 \times 7^2 \times 11^2 = 213444$$

9. $\sqrt{1.5625} = ?$

Ⓐ 1.05

Ⓑ 1.25

Ⓒ 1.45

Ⓓ 1.55

$$\sqrt{1.5625} = 1.25.$$

10. If $x = \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} - 1}$ and $y = \frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{\sqrt{3} + 1}$, then the value of $(x^2 + y^2)$ is:

$$x = \frac{(\sqrt{3} + 1)}{(\sqrt{3} - 1)} \times \frac{(\sqrt{3} + 1)}{(\sqrt{3} + 1)} = \frac{(\sqrt{3} + 1)^2}{(3 - 1)} = \frac{3 + 1 + 2\sqrt{3}}{2} = 2 + \sqrt{3}.$$

$$y = \frac{(\sqrt{3} - 1)}{(\sqrt{3} + 1)} \times \frac{(\sqrt{3} - 1)}{(\sqrt{3} - 1)} = \frac{(\sqrt{3} - 1)^2}{(3 - 1)} = \frac{3 + 1 - 2\sqrt{3}}{2} = 2 - \sqrt{3}.$$

$$\therefore x^2 + y^2 = (2 + \sqrt{3})^2 + (2 - \sqrt{3})^2$$

$$= 2(4 + 3)$$

$$= 14$$

11. 1250 oranges were distributed among a group of girls in a class. Each girl received twice as many oranges as the number of girls in that group. The number of girls in the group was _____.

Let the number of girls in the classroom be n .

Each girl gets = $2n$ oranges

Now, According to the question

$$2n \times n = 1250$$

$$\Rightarrow 2n^2 = 1250$$

$$\Rightarrow n^2 = 625$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 25$$

\therefore The number of girls in the classroom is 25.

A gardener plants 17,956 trees such that the number of rows equals the number of trees in each row. Estimate the number of trees in a row.

Let the number of trees in each row be n .

The number of rows will also be equal to n .

Total number of trees planted = $n \times n = 17956$.

$$\Rightarrow n^2 = 17956$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 134.$$

\therefore The number of trees in a row is 134.

A general wishes to arrange his 36,581 soldiers in the form of a solid square. After arranging them, he found that some soldiers were left over. Estimate the number of soldiers left.

$$\begin{array}{r|l}
 & 191 \\
 \hline
 1 & 36581 \\
 & \underline{1} \\
 29 & 265 \\
 & \underline{261} \\
 381 & 481 \\
 & \underline{381} \\
 & 100
 \end{array}$$

\therefore Left soldier are 100

12. Find the greatest four digit number which is a perfect square.

$$\begin{array}{r} 99 \\ 9 \overline{) 9999} \\ \underline{81} \\ 1899 \\ \underline{1701} \\ 198 \end{array}$$

Here,

Remainder = 198

Since *remainder is not 0*,

So, 9999 is **not a perfect square**

Find the greatest number of 5 digits which is a perfect square.

Greatest number of 5-digits=99999

Finding square root,we see that 143 is left as remainder

$$\begin{array}{r} 316 \\ 3 \overline{) 99999} \\ \underline{9} \\ 61 \\ \underline{61} \\ 626 \\ \underline{3899} \\ 3756 \\ \underline{3756} \\ 143 \end{array}$$

\therefore Perfect square = $99999 - 143 = 99856$

If we add 1 to 99999, it will become a number of 6 digits.

\therefore Greatest square 5 – digits perfect square = 99856

$$\sqrt{1.94 - 0.25} = ? \quad \sqrt{1.69} = 1.3$$

$$\sqrt{0.0009} = \sqrt{\frac{0.0009 \times 10000}{10000}} = \sqrt{\frac{9}{10000}} = \frac{3}{100} = 0.03$$

$$\sqrt{46.24} \quad 6.8$$

$$\sqrt{0.3969} \quad 0.63$$

Find the sum: $3 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{3 + \sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3 - \sqrt{3}}$

Ans 3

Cube and Cube root

Find the cube root of 2744 by the prime factorization method.

The given number is 2744.

After resolving the prime factors, we get

$$2744 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$$

Upon grouping the factors we get

$$2744 = (2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (7 \times 7 \times 7)$$

Taking one factor from each group

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt[3]{2744} &= 2 \times 7 \\ &= 14\end{aligned}$$

Hence, the required cube root is 14.

What is the Cube Root of 9.261?

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt[3]{9.261} &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{9261}{1000}} \\&= \sqrt[3]{\frac{3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7}{10 \times 10 \times 10}} \\&= \frac{3 \times 7}{10} \\&= \frac{21}{10} = 2.1\end{aligned}$$

By what number 4320 must be multiplied to obtain a number which is a perfect cube?

Prime factorising 4320, we get,

$$\begin{aligned} 4320 &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \\ &= 2^5 \times 3^3 \times 5^1. \end{aligned}$$

We know, a perfect cube has multiples of 3 as powers of prime factors.

Here, number of 2's is 5, number of 3's is 3 and number of 5's is 1.

So we need to multiply another 2, and 5^2 in the factorization to make 4320 a perfect cube.

Hence, the smallest number by which 4320 must be multiplied to obtain a perfect cube is $2 \times 5^2 = 50$.

By what least number 21600 must be multiplied to make it a perfect cube?

21600 can be factorized as $6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 10 \times 10$

To make it perfect cube, it must be multiplied by 10.

Evaluate $\sqrt{0.01} \times \sqrt[3]{0.008} - 0.02$

$$= 0.1 \times 0.2 - 0.02$$

$$= 0.02 - 0.02$$

$$= 0$$

Find $\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{0.000064}}$

$$= \sqrt[3]{0.008}$$

$$= 0.02$$

Find x: $99 \times 21 - \sqrt[3]{x} = 1968$

$$\sqrt[3]{x} = 99 \times 21 - 1968$$

$$= 111$$

$$X = (111)^3$$

By what least number 675 be multiplied to obtain a number which is a perfect cube?

$675 = 3^3 \times 5^2$ So it has to be multiplied by 5.

By what smallest number should 3600 be multiplied to make it a perfect cube?

2	3600
2	1800
2	900
2	450
3	225
3	75
5	25
5	5
	1

Prime factors of 3600 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$

(2 marks)

Grouping the factors into triplets of equal factors, we get

$$3600 = \underline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$$

We know that, if a number is to be a perfect cube, then each of its prime factors must occur thrice.

We find that 2 occurs 4 times while 3 and 5 occurs twice only.

Hence, the smallest number, by which the given number must be multiplied in order that the product is a perfect cube = $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$

The cube root of 2744 is

On prime factorization,

$$2744 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$$

Hence, the cube root of 2744 is 14.

Cube root of 0.000216 is:

$$\sqrt[3]{0.000216} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{216}{1000000}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{6^3}{100^3}} = \frac{6}{100} = 0.06.$$