

Nuclear Science and Technology  
**Environmental  
Radioactivity**  
in the  
**European Community**  
2012-2014

DG ENER: Nuclear Energy, Safety and ITER

DG JRC: Nuclear Safety and Security





Nuclear Science and Technology

# Environmental Radioactivity

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# PREFACE

Under the terms of Article 36 of the Euratom Treaty, European Union Member States shall periodically communicate to the Commission information on environmental radioactivity levels on their national territory. Since the early 1960s, the Commission has compiled and published this information as a series of reports. The current report, covering the years 2012 to 2014, is the 35<sup>th</sup> in the series.

This report endeavours to improve the clarity of information on levels of radioactivity in the European environment by making use of standardised reporting levels. These reporting levels are supported by more detailed radioactivity levels from a limited number of stations that provide high sensitivity measurements. The current report is the first in which the new EC Member State – Croatia, since July 2013 – is fully incorporated in the tables and the figures.

As part of its DG Energy support programme, the Directorate for Nuclear Safety and Security of the EC Joint Research Centre (JRC) has introduced all environmental radioactivity results received from the Member States into the Radioactivity Environmental Monitoring (REM) database. The JRC collated, checked and loaded the data, prepared the tabulations and figures as appropriate and provided the draft of the report. I would like to express my gratitude for the JRC's assistance and for the co-operation provided by the national authorities who supplied the original data.

This report is addressed to all who are concerned with radioactivity in the European environment.

M. Garribba  
Deputy Director-General  
Responsible for the coordination  
of Euratom policies and Energy  
Union financing instruments  
Directorate-General Energy



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# I INTRODUCTION

## A.General

This report presents a summary of the available data on levels of radioactivity in some environmental media in the European Union (EU) Member States for the years 2012 - 2014. These data are obtained from official reports published by the responsible authorities and from data transmitted directly to the Commission by the national authorities and from individual laboratories. Member States provide environmental radioactivity data to the EU to comply with Articles 35 and 36 of the Euratom Treaty (see Appendix A). Continuous or semi-continuous monitoring of air and water is undertaken in Member States. Monitoring of food products, such as milk or mixed diet is considered an acceptable surrogate for the Article 35 requirement to monitor soil<sup>1</sup>.

Individual monitoring laboratories tend to retain measurement techniques that have proven reliable over the years and are of sufficient sensitivity for radiological protection purposes. Measurement techniques, and thus measurement sensitivities, may, therefore, vary between laboratories and countries. This can make the interpretation and comparison of data across Europe difficult.

In order to facilitate the presentation of the results, it has been agreed<sup>2</sup> to use uniform reporting levels (see Appendix B) as a benchmark. If the results for a certain sample type - radionuclide combination are above their corresponding reporting level (RL), then the measured values are stated in this report. Otherwise they are reported as “< RL”. Measured values are submitted either as a specific number or as known to be less than a certain value. When only known to be less than a certain value, the measured value is referred to as a constraint (<) value. Constraint (<) values above the corresponding reporting level are not considered in the calculations for this report. If the results for a certain sample type - radionuclide combination consist only of constraint (<) values above the reporting level, this is indicated with the Δ symbol in data tables. The reporting levels used in this report were derived such that they would indicate a resultant effective dose value of 1/1000<sup>th</sup> of a mSv (0.001 mSv).

It must be emphasised that the reporting levels are only meant to be a tool for presenting data and should not be confused with maximum permitted levels of radioactive contamination.

Radiation in the environment comes from space, from the earth, from air, from water, food and other natural

sources. It also comes from radioactive waste, consumer products, atmospheric nuclear weapons testing and other artificial sources. Ionising radiation from natural and artificial sources do not differ in kind or effect on humans. The world average effective dose from all sources of radiation is 3.0 millisievert (mSv) per year (2.4 mSv for natural sources and 0.6 mSv for artificial)<sup>3</sup> [2]. Across the Member States of the European Community the annual effective dose for members of the public from natural sources ranges from about 1.5 mSv to just above 6 mSv, with a population-weighted average annual effective dose of 3.2 mSv<sup>4</sup> [2].

In normal circumstances, variations in time and space for the data from the many sampling locations which are distributed all over the Member States' territories (referred to as the "**dense network**"<sup>5</sup> [1]) are gradual. For this reason daily, weekly or even monthly variations per sample location are not of radiological significance. The data are therefore presented as regional averages (Table 1) except for surface water where on single sample locations is reported.

Although most values are below reporting levels, it is valuable to present the actual concentrations for a small number of locations. This allows any trends in radionuclide concentrations to be monitored over time. To achieve this, a number of representative locations were selected, this is referred to as the "**sparse network**"<sup>6</sup> [1]. High sensitivity measurements are performed at these locations and the individual results are presented graphically.

As in the previous report [3], the following combinations of sample and radionuclide categories are reported, as per the Commission Recommendations to Article 36 of the Euratom Treaty (2000/473/Euratom) [1] also mentioned in Appendix A:

Sampling media	Radionuclide categories	
	Dense network	Sparse network
airborne particulates	gross β <sup>137</sup> Cs	<sup>7</sup> Be <sup>137</sup> Cs
surface water	residual β <sup>137</sup> Cs	<sup>137</sup> Cs
drinking water	<sup>3</sup> H <sup>90</sup> Sr <sup>137</sup> Cs	<sup>3</sup> H <sup>90</sup> Sr <sup>137</sup> Cs
milk	<sup>90</sup> Sr <sup>137</sup> Cs	<sup>90</sup> Sr <sup>137</sup> Cs
mixed diet	<sup>90</sup> Sr <sup>137</sup> Cs	<sup>90</sup> Sr <sup>137</sup> Cs

<sup>1</sup> According to [1], “The monitoring of levels of radioactivity in soil does not allow a direct assessment of the exposure of the population. The exposure related to soil contamination is more directly assessed on the basis of ambient dose rate and foodstuff contamination. Experience has shown that the incorporation of soil data in the monitoring serves little useful purpose”.

<sup>2</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 191, 27.07.2000, p. 9 (Annex III).

<sup>3</sup> European Atlas of Natural Radiation, Publication Office of the European Union, Luxembourg, 2019, p. 32.

<sup>4</sup> European Atlas of Natural Radiation, Publication Office of the European Union, Luxembourg, 2019, p. 173.

<sup>5</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 191, 27.07.2000, p. 2.

<sup>6</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 191, 27.07.2000, p. 2.

However, not all of the above combinations of sample and nuclide type are routinely monitored by each Member State.

Every effort has been made to collect all the available data, thus, most of the blank entries correspond to the absence of measurements. In some cases, the available results may have not been received.

All the radionuclides sampled, except strontium-90 ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$ ) and caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ), can be of either natural or artificial origin. The two exceptions are of artificial origin, mainly from past atmospheric weapons testing and from radioactive routine or accidental discharges from nuclear facilities.

The sampling locations incorporated in this report are intended to be as representative as possible of regional or national situations. However, while measurements local to and possibly influenced by nuclear installations have been discounted wherever practical, in certain cases national data are strongly dependent on such monitoring programmes.

## B. Structure of the report

This report is composed of three main parts:

The **text part** consists of a general introduction followed by one chapter for each medium; this includes general information on the sample type, the occurrence of natural radionuclides therein, a description of sample preparation and analysis and a short discussion of the results.

The **results** are presented by sample and nuclide type, sample types are identified with appropriate symbols. All data from the dense network is presented, followed by that from the sparse network.

- The dense network results are presented graphically (with the exception of surface water as this sample type does not allow for geographical presentation) and in tabular form. The graphical representation illustrates the annual average radioactivity concentrations for each geographical region (see Section C). Four shades are used to indicate the concentrations on a scale ranging from less than the reporting level to ten times the reporting level. In addition, each sampling location is indicated. Next to the graphical representation the results are presented in tabular form. These results are averaged over geographical regions and over a particular time period (quarter, semester or whole year, depending on the availability of data). The total number of sampling locations and the number of measurements used to calculate the annual averages are given for each geographical region. In addition, the monthly maximum and the month in which this occurred are given for those values above the appropriate reporting level.
- The results for the sparse network are preceded by a map illustrating the sampling locations. The data are presented as time versus activity concentration graphs from 1984 onwards (where the data is available). Between one and three nearby locations are illustrated on each graph. Full lines represent actual sampling periods whereas dotted lines link measurement results

over unsampled time periods. The appropriate reporting level is indicated by a horizontal line. The choice of 1984 as a start date enables the pulse of radioactivity which entered the environment of the EU from the 1986 Chernobyl accident in the Ukraine to be seen clearly.

The **appendices** to this report provide additional information on the Euratom Treaty, the calculation of reporting levels, the averaging procedures used, the data sources, the bibliography and information about the REM data bank. The addresses of the national authorities and laboratories that contributed to this report are given in Appendix D, while the national reports of environmental monitoring data are given in Appendix E. All data presented in this report are also stored in the REM data bank, at the JRC-Ispra, Italy (see Appendix F), and can be accessed with the REMdb online query described in the "Related Information" section at the end of this introduction.

Finally, and with the aim of enlarging the readership of this report, a glossary provides background information on frequently used terms in radiation protection.

## C. Geographical divisions

For the larger Member States the data is divided according to geographical divisions. The partitioning of Croatia, Germany, Finland, France, Italy, Poland, Romania, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom has been based on administrative regions (Table 1) and results in a total of 47 geographical divisions of the EU (Figure 1).

## II. AIRBORNE PARTICULATES

Airborne radioactive materials may occur in either gaseous or particulate form. In general, the latter is of greater potential radiological significance because it may be deposited and hence remain in the local environment. Consequently, most national routine monitoring networks measure only the particulate component. Atmospheric radioactivity is dominated by the naturally occurring, short-lived particulate decay products of gaseous radon ( $\text{Rn} = 1$  to  $20 \text{ Bq m}^{-3}$  in outdoor air) [2]. Measurements of "total beta" radioactivity in airborne particulates must allow for this naturally occurring radioactivity. Other naturally occurring radionuclides measured in airborne particulates include beryllium-7 ( $^{7}\text{Be}$ ) and potassium-40 ( $^{40}\text{K}$ ).

Airborne particulate **sampling** is carried out by pumping air through filters at a flow rate of several hundred cubic meters per day. In most countries filters are changed daily and analysed for total beta activity following the decay of radon decay products. Individual radionuclide analyses are performed weekly, monthly or quarterly. Man-made alpha-emitting aerosols are rarely measured by routine monitoring networks as they are usually undetectable, even close to the nuclear installations where they are produced. Therefore, these measurements are not presented in this report. The sampling locations in the EU for gross beta and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , considered in this report, are

illustrated on the maps in figs. A1 – A3 and A4 – A6, respectively.

Minimal treatment of the air filters is required, on the whole, they are measured directly or they may be ashed or compressed to improve the counting geometry and hence counting efficiency.

**Results:** Most Member States have provided **gross beta (gross- $\beta$ )** data (Tables A1 – A3) and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  data (Tables A4 – A6) for the dense network. For the sparse network those stations were selected that provide a good coverage of the European territory and for which measurable concentrations were reported. The results for the naturally occurring  $^7\text{Be}$  and artificial radionuclide  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  are given in Figures A8 to A22 and Figures A23 to A37, respectively. The  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  activity concentration trends clearly show the 'Chernobyl peak' (26 April - 10 May 1986), followed by a return to pre-Chernobyl concentration values. The Chernobyl-peak values may differ by several orders of magnitude at different locations, due to differences in the airborne activity and also differences in the sampling time used (ranging from hours to weeks).

### III. SURFACE WATER

Surface water is one of the compartments into which authorised discharges of radioactive effluents from nuclear installations are made. Radionuclides in surface waters can be found in the water phase or associated with suspended particles and can eventually become incorporated into sediments and living species. Natural radionuclides in river water include  $^3\text{H}$  at levels of 0.02 - 0.1 Bq l<sup>-1</sup>,  $^{40}\text{K}$  (0.04 - 2 Bq l<sup>-1</sup>), radium, radon and their short-lived decay products (< 0.4 - 2 Bq l<sup>-1</sup>). The main fraction of tritium ( $^3\text{H}$ ) in surface water however is due to man's activities.

**Samples** are either taken continuously and bulked for monthly or quarterly analysis, or alternatively, spot samples are taken periodically several times a year and analysed individually. Some laboratories remove suspended material from the water sample for separate analysis.

**Treatment** of the water may consist of filtration or evaporation (for direct measurement of the residue), ion-exchange and subsequent washing of the ion exchange column. More elaborate chemical separation techniques are used to determine radionuclides such as strontium-90 ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$ ). To determine  $^3\text{H}$  concentrations, generally the water is multiple distilled.

**Results:** Most of the sampling locations considered (Fig. S1 to S10) lie on rivers into which authorised discharges of radioactive effluents are made. Surface water samples may, therefore, contain detectable radioactive contaminants traceable to installations at appreciable distances upstream from the sampling locations and this appears to be reflected in some cases in the results obtained. Furthermore, this has the effect of clouding the usual distinction made between sampling carried out for the purposes of general environmental monitoring and that for the surveillance of nuclear power plants. Nevertheless, since the rivers in question are all water courses of major

significance, the results have been considered to be nationally representative.

The results on beta activity given here (Tables S1 – S15) refer to **residual- $\beta$**  (total beta less natural  $^{40}\text{K}$  activity). For France, the national reports indicate total beta for the water phase and for suspended matter, and the potassium content separately; the residual beta activity was calculated using a conversion factor of 27.6 Bq g<sup>-1</sup> potassium. Also  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  is reported (Tables S16 – S30).

For the sparse network those stations were selected for which measurable concentrations of  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  were reported and which provided a good coverage of the European territory on major rivers and in the sea (Fig. S11). The results are presented in Figs. S12 to S27.

It should be noted that while some above average values appear to be associated with discharges from nuclear installations the results are still well below levels which might be considered of any significance in terms of health.

### IV. DRINKING WATER

Drinking water is monitored because of its vital importance for man, even though a severe radioactive contamination of this medium is rather improbable. The most important natural radionuclides in drinking water are  $^3\text{H}$  (0.02 - 0.4 Bq l<sup>-1</sup>),  $^{40}\text{K}$  (typically 0.2 Bq l<sup>-1</sup> but varies greatly), radium, radon and their short-lived decay products (0.4 - 4.0 Bq l<sup>-1</sup>). Occasionally, the presence of  $^3\text{H}$  and radium may also be due to man's activities.

**Samples** may be taken from ground or surface water supplies, from water distribution networks, mineral waters etc. Spot samples are taken a few times a year and analysed individually or samples are taken daily and bulked for monthly or quarterly analysis.

Sample **treatment** usually consists of sample evaporation for direct measurement of the concentrate or separation on ion-exchange columns. More elaborate chemical separations are required for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  determination, whereas  $^3\text{H}$  is generally measured following multiple distillation of the sample.

**Results:**  $^3\text{H}$  values are presented in Tables W1 – W3. For the sparse network, thirty stations reported measured concentrations (Figs. W11 to W23). For  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  the levels are shown in Tables W4 – W6 and, for the sparse network, in Figs. W24 to W34. For  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  the results are presented in Tables W7 – W9 and, for the sparse network, in Figs. W35 to W48.

### V. MILK

Consumption of milk and dairy products has been shown to be one of the most important pathways for uptake of radionuclides from environment to man.

**Samples** are mostly taken at dairies covering large geographical areas in order to obtain representative samples. They are generally taken on a monthly basis; but

sometimes only during the pasture season. The samples may be analysed separately or bulked for regional or national average evaluations.

**Treatment** usually consists of drying the sample for gamma spectroscopic analysis and chemical separation for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$ .

**Results:** Generally the concentrations of the stable elements calcium (Ca) and potassium (K) are determined because of the similarity of their metabolic behaviour with strontium (Sr) and caesium (Cs) respectively. Typical values in milk are 1 to 2 g l<sup>-1</sup> for calcium and potassium. The average radioactive concentrations reported in the tables were mainly calculated from data which were themselves averages in time (daily, weekly or monthly) and space. For  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  quarterly averages are shown in Tables M1 – M3.  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  quarterly averages are presented in Tables M4 – M6.

## VI. MIXED DIET

The aim of measuring radioactivity in mixed diet is to get "integral" information on the uptake of radionuclides by man via the food chain. Rather than expressing the radioactivity content of foodstuffs per unit weight, it is more appropriate to estimate the activity consumed per day per person (Bq d<sup>-1</sup> p<sup>-1</sup>). An important natural radionuclide is  $^{40}\text{K}$  (typically 100 Bq d<sup>-1</sup> p<sup>-1</sup>).

Foodstuffs can be measured as separate ingredients. However, due to differences in the composition of national diets, the trend is to sample complete meals to give a representative figure for the contamination of mixed diet. Nevertheless knowledge of the contamination of the individual ingredients together with the composition of the national diet can also lead to a representative figure.

**Samples** are taken as ingredients or as complete meals, mostly at places where many meals are consumed (i.e. factory restaurants, schools).

**Treatment** usually consists of mixing the sample prior to gamma spectroscopic measurement of  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  and chemical separation to determine the  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  activity.

**Results:** Generally the concentrations of the stable isotopes of calcium and potassium are determined because of the similarity of their metabolic behaviour with strontium and caesium, respectively. Typical values in mixed diet are 0.7 to 1.5 g d<sup>-1</sup> person<sup>-1</sup> for calcium and 3 to 4 g d<sup>-1</sup> person<sup>-1</sup> for potassium. For  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  the quarterly averages are shown in Tables D1 – D3. The sparse network results are presented in Figs. D8 – D19.  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  quarterly averages are given in Tables D4 – D6. The measurements reported by the sparse network stations shown in the report clearly show a decreasing trend of caesium contamination in mixed diet after the Chernobyl accident (Figs. D20 to D32).

## RELATED INFORMATION

### Monitoring Reports available in electronic format

The list of all the published (and downloadable) Monitoring Reports is available here:

<https://remon.jrc.ec.europa.eu/About/Environmental-Monitoring/Monitoring-Reports-Download>

### REMdb online query

Although the Monitoring Reports describe the collected information as complete as possible, this communication medium does not allow to show the amount of data in all its details. A new interface, called REMdb Query, provides an interactive access to the collected and verified environmental monitoring data in the European Union.

The new interface can be accessed from the "Maps" section, Routine Monitoring icon of web site <https://remon.jrc.ec.europa.eu/> or directly from:

<https://remap.jrc.ec.europa.eu/Routine.aspx>

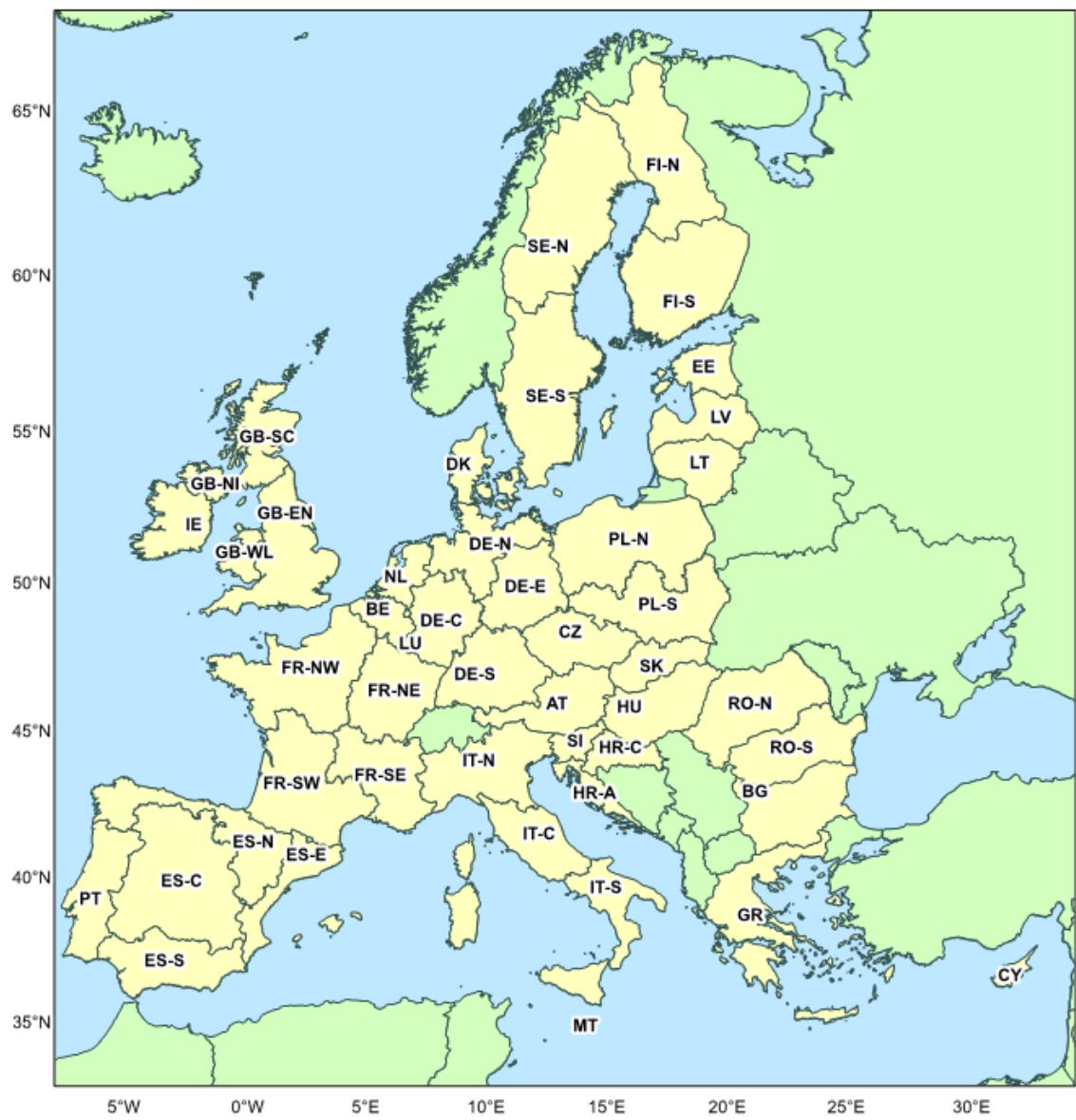
### REMdb web services

REM has published various private web services that provide the link between the Data Submission Tool and the REM database at the JRC.

## REFERENCES

1. Commission Recommendation 2000/473/Euratom, OJ L191 of 27.7.2000
2. G. Cinelli, M. De Cort and T. Tollefson, "European Atlas of Natural Radiation", Publication Office of the European Union, Luxembourg, 2019
3. M. De Cort, T. Tollefson, M. Marin Ferrer, S. Vanzo, M. A. Hernandez Ceballos, E. Nweke, L. De Felice, S. Martino, P. V. Tognoli and V. Tanner, "Environmental Radioactivity in the European Community 2007-2011", EUR 29564, 2018





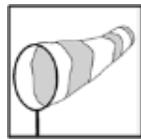
**Fig . 1**

Definition of the geographical regions used in the data tables and figures

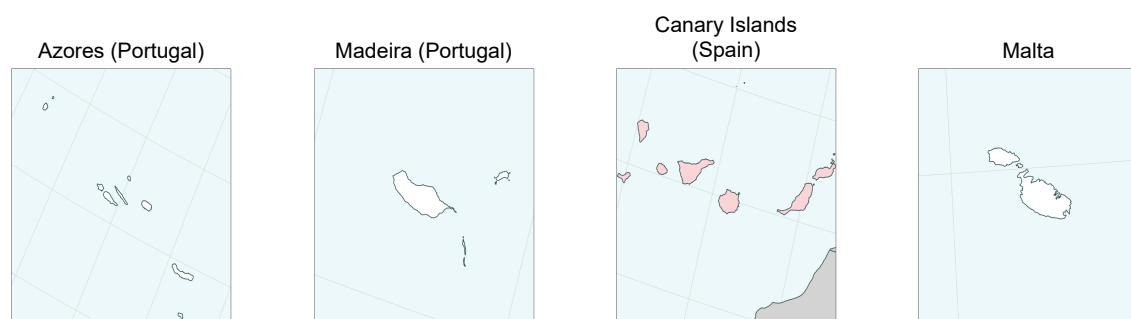
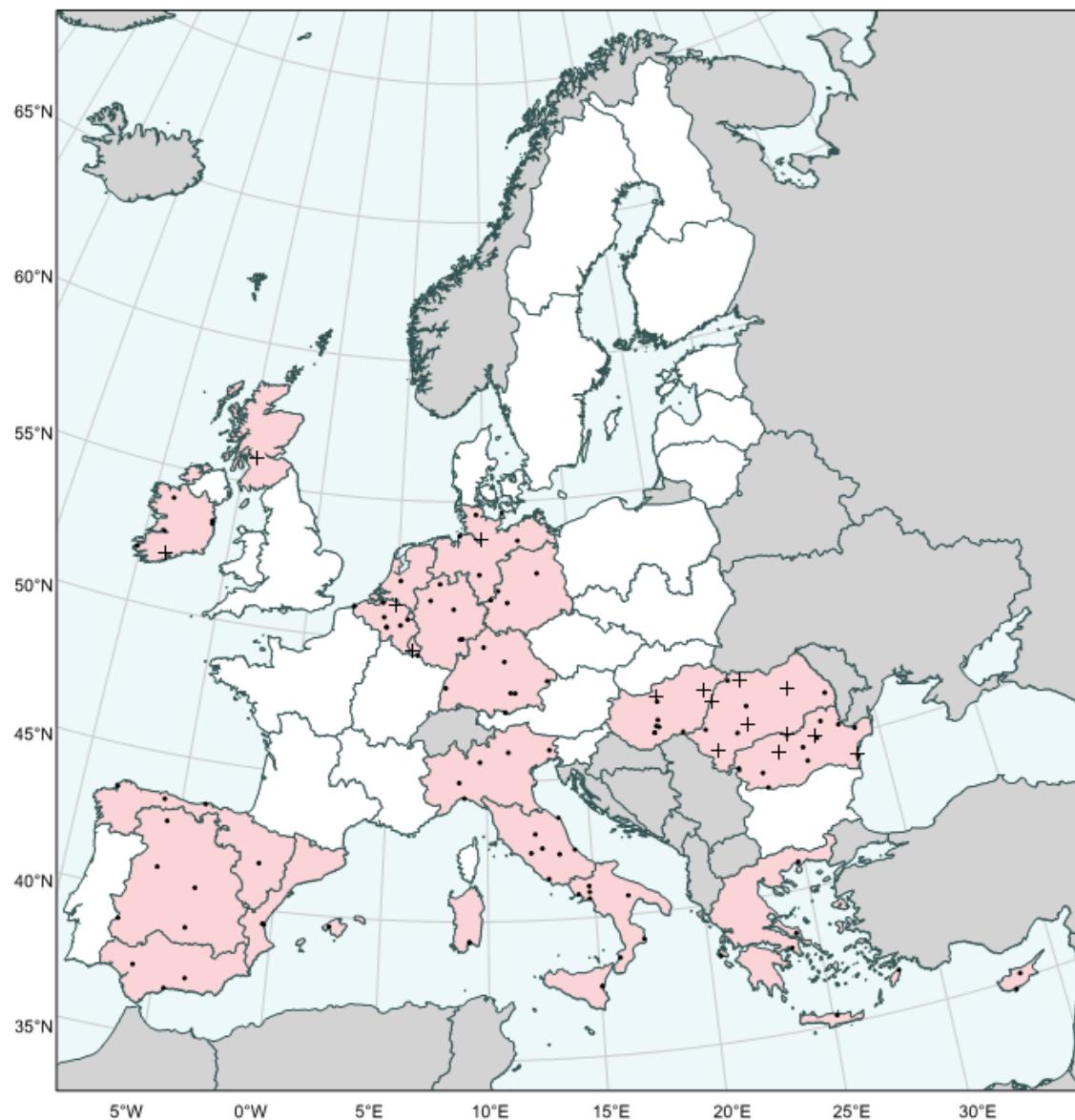
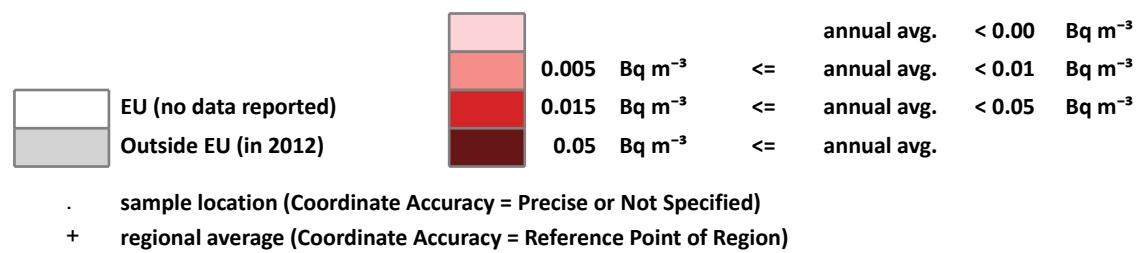
**Table 1**

Definition of country partitions. Country codes according to ISO 3166/4217

Country	Short description	Detailed description
<b>AT</b>	Austria	
<b>BE</b>	Belgium	
<b>BG</b>	Bulgaria	
<b>CY</b>	Cyprus	
<b>CZ</b>	Czech Republic	
<b>DE-N</b>	Germany - North	Bremen, Hamburg, Mecklenburg-Vorpommern, Niedersachsen and Schleswig-Holstein
<b>DE-C</b>	Germany - Central	Hessen, Nordrhein-Westfalen, Rheinland-Pfalz and Saarland
<b>DE-S</b>	Germany - South	Baden-Württemberg and Bayern
<b>DE-E</b>	Germany - East	Berlin, Brandenburg, Sachsen, Sachsen-Anhalt and Thüringen
<b>DK</b>	Denmark	
<b>EE</b>	Estonia	
<b>ES-N</b>	Spain - North	Aragon, Asturias, Cantabria, Galicia, Navarra, País Vasco and Rioja
<b>ES-C</b>	Spain - Central	Castilla - La Mancha, Castilla - Leon, Extremadura and Madrid
<b>ES-S</b>	Spain - South	Andalucía, Canarias, Ceuta y Melilla and Murcia
<b>ES-E</b>	Spain - East	Baleares, Cataluña and C. Valenciana
<b>FI-N</b>	Finland - North	Lapland and Oulu
<b>FI-S</b>	Finland - South	Western Finland, Eastern Finland, Southern Finland
<b>FR-NW</b>	France - Northwest	Bretagne, Centre, Ile de France, Nord-Pas-de-Calais, Haute Normandie, Basse Normandie, Pays de la Loire and Picardie
<b>FR-NE</b>	France - Northeast	Alsace, Bourgogne, Champagne-Ardennes, Franche-Comté and Lorraine
<b>FR-SW</b>	France - Southwest	Aquitaine, Languedoc-Roussillon, Limousin, Midi-Pyrénées and Poitou-Charentes
<b>FR-SE</b>	France - Southeast	Auvergne, Corse, Provence-Alpes-Côte-d'Azur and Rhône-Alpes
<b>GB-EN</b>	United Kingdom - England	
<b>GB-WL</b>	United Kingdom - Wales	
<b>GB-SC</b>	United Kingdom - Scotland	
<b>GB-NI</b>	United Kingdom - Northern Ireland	
<b>GR</b>	Greece	
<b>HR-A</b>	Croatia - Adriatic	Primorsko-goranska, Licko-senjska, Zadarska, Šibensko-kninska, Splitsko-dalmatinska, Istarska, Dubrovacko-neretvanska
<b>HR-C</b>	Croatia - Continental	Grad Zagreb, Zagrebacka, Krapinsko-zagorska, Varaždinska, Koprivnicko-križevacka, Medimurska, Bjelovarsko-bilogorska, Viroviticko-podravska, Požeško-slavonska, Brodsko-posavska, Osjecko-baranjska, Vukovarsko-srijemska, Karlovacka, Sisacko-moslavacka
<b>HU</b>	Hungary	
<b>IE</b>	Ireland	
<b>IT-N</b>	Italy - North	Emilia-Romagna, Friuli-Venezia-Giulia, Liguria, Lombardia, Piemonte, Trentino Alto Adige, Val d'Aosta and Veneto
<b>IT-C</b>	Italy - Central	Abruzzo, Lazio, Marche, Molise, Toscana and Umbria
<b>IT-S</b>	Italy - South	Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Puglia, Sardegna and Sicilia
<b>LT</b>	Lithuania	
<b>LU</b>	Luxembourg	
<b>LV</b>	Latvia	
<b>MT</b>	Malta	
<b>NL</b>	The Netherlands	
<b>PL-N</b>	Poland - North	Kujawsko-Pomorskie, Lubuskie, Mazowieckie, Podlaskie, Pomorskie, Warmińsko-Mazurskie, Wielkopolskie, Zachodniopomorskie
<b>PL-S</b>	Poland - South	Dolnoslaskie, Lubelskie, Łódzkie, Małopolskie, Opolskie, Podkarpackie, Śląskie, Świętokrzyskie
<b>PT</b>	Portugal	
<b>RO-N</b>	Romania - North	Alba, Arad, Bacău, Bihor, Bistrița-Năsăud, Botoșani, Brașov, Caraș-Severin, Cluj, Covasna, Harghita, Hunedoara, Iași, Maramureș, Mureș, Neamț, Salaj, Satu-Mare, Sibiu, Suceava, Timiș and Vaslui
<b>RO-S</b>	Romania - South	Arges, Brăila, București-Ilfov, Buzău, Călărași, Constanța, Dâmbovița, Dolj, Galați, Giurgiu, Gorj, Ilalomița, Mehedinți, Olt, Prahova, Teleorman, Tulcea, Vrancea and Vrancea
<b>SE-N</b>	Sweden - North	Övre Norrland and Mellersta Norrland
<b>SE-S</b>	Sweden - South	Stockholm, Östra Mellansverige, Sydsverige, Norra Mellansverige, Småland med öarna and Västsverige
<b>SI</b>	Slovenia	
<b>SK</b>	Slovakia	

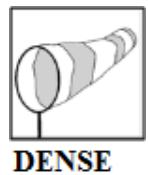


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**Fig.A1**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for gross-β in airborne particulates, 2012

**Table A1:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : airborne particulates ( $\text{Bq m}^{-3}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : gross- $\beta$

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT									
BE	2563	9	< RL	< RL	2				
BG									
CY	20	2	< RL	< RL	11				
CZ									
DE-N	272	6	< RL	< RL	2				
DE-C	82	5	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-S	241	7	< RL	< RL	8				
DE-E	120	4	< RL	< RL	3				
DE	715	22	< RL	< RL	2				
DK									
EE									
ES-N	211	4	< RL	< RL	9				
ES-C	260	5	< RL	< RL	9				
ES-S	159	3	< RL	< RL	9				
ES-E	159	3	< RL	< RL	8				
ES	789	15	< RL	< RL	9				
FI-N									
FI-S									
FI									
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN									
GB-WL									
GB-SC									
GB-NI									
GB	11	1	< RL	< RL	1				
GR	441	6	< RL	< RL	8				
HU	677	9	< RL	< RL	2				
IE	71	6	< RL	< RL	9				
IT-N	497	5	< RL	< RL	8				
IT-C	805	7	< RL	< RL	1				
IT-S	367	11	< RL	< RL	8				
IT	1669	23	< RL	< RL	1				
LT									
LU	77	2	< RL	< RL	2				
LV									
MT									
NL	53	1	< RL	< RL	5				
PL-N									
PL-S									
PL									
PT									
RO-N	711	10	< RL	< RL	9				
RO-S	1021	14	< RL	< RL	12				
RO	1732	24	< RL	< RL	12				
SE-N									
SE-S									
SE									
SI									
SK									

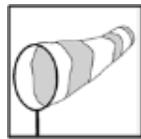
RL: reporting level for gross- $\beta$  in air, i.e. 5.0 E-03 BQ/M3 (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

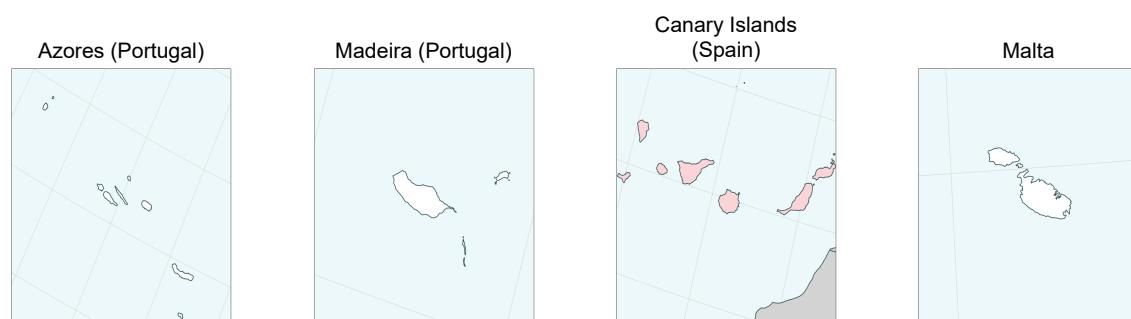
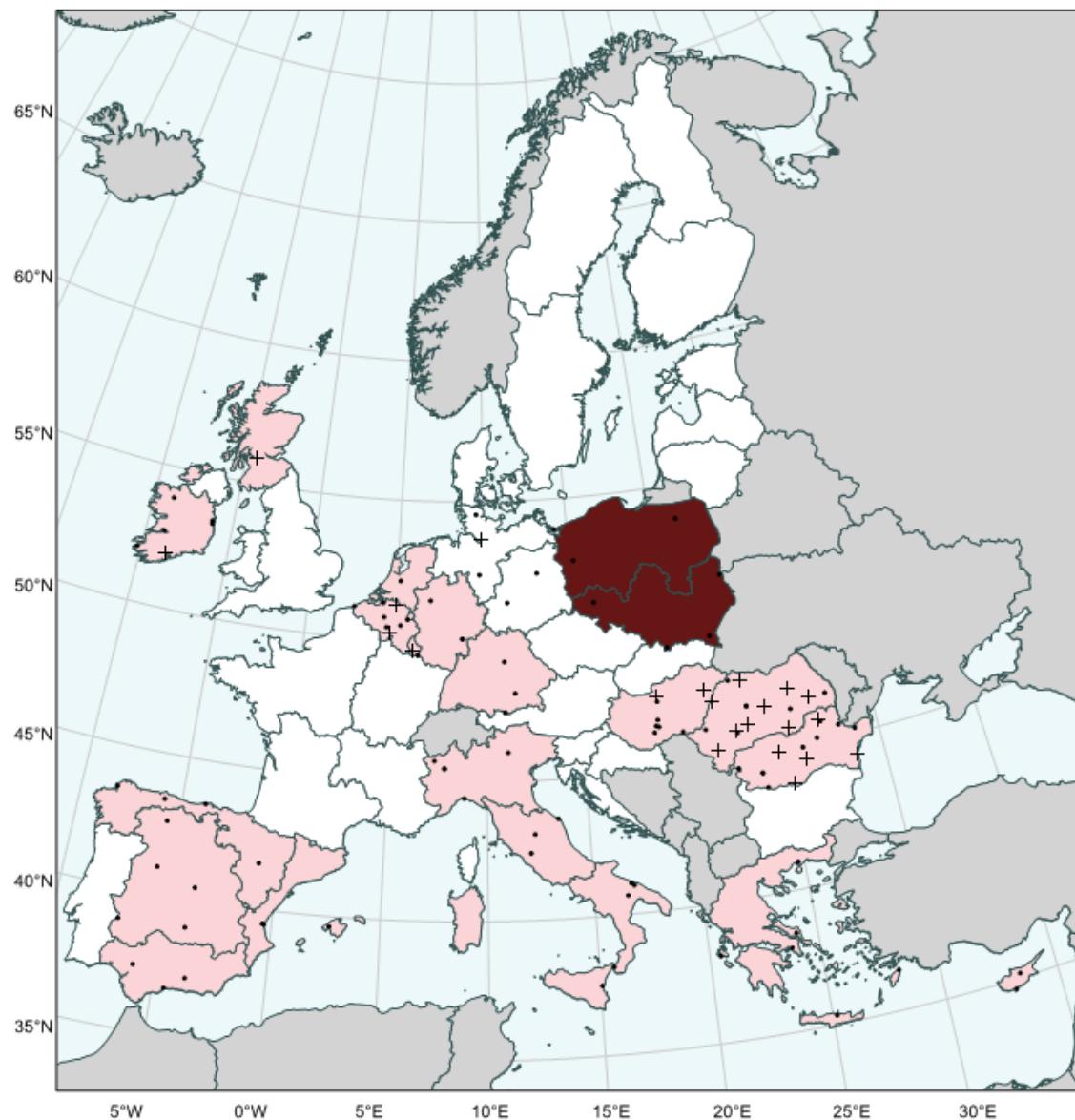
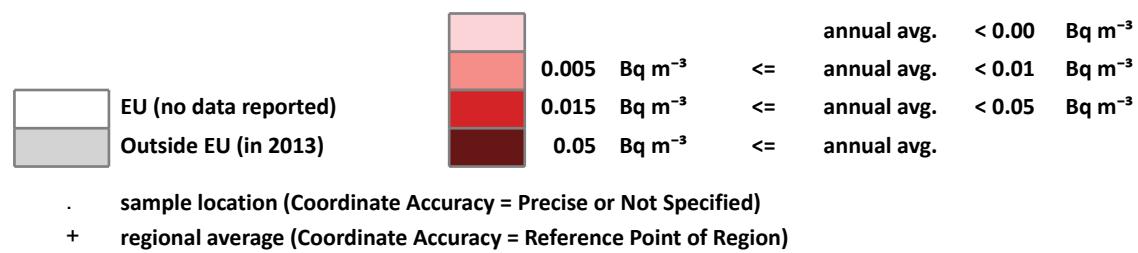
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

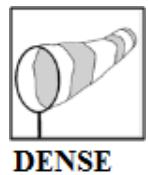


DENSE



**Fig.A2**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for gross- $\beta$  in airborne particulates, 2013

**Table A2:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : airborne particulates ( $\text{Bq m}^{-3}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : gross- $\beta$

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT									
BE	2507	8	< RL	< RL	3				
BG									
CY	212	2	< RL	< RL	11				
CZ									
DE-N	3	3					Δ		
DE-C	5	3	< RL				< RL	< RL	3
DE-S	156	3	< RL	< RL	7				
DE-E	2	2					Δ		
DE	166	11	< RL	< RL	7				
DK									
EE									
ES-N	211	4	< RL	< RL	7				
ES-C	259	5	< RL	< RL	7				
ES-S	160	3	< RL	< RL	9				
ES-E	158	3	< RL	< RL	7				
ES	788	15	< RL	< RL	7				
FI-N									
FI-S									
FI									
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN									
GB-WL									
GB-SC									
GB-NI									
GB	13	1	< RL	< RL	1				
GR	373	6	< RL	< RL	10				
HR-A									
HR-C									
HR									
HU	781	8	< RL	< RL	4				
IE	72	6	< RL	< RL	12				
IT-N	419	5	< RL	< RL	1				
IT-C	594	3	< RL	< RL	8				
IT-S	660	5	< RL	< RL	1				
IT	1673	13	< RL	< RL	12				
LT									
LU	76	2	< RL	< RL	7				
LV									
MT									
NL	53	1	< RL	< RL	3				
PL-N	6	3	1.8E-01	1.8E-01	1.8E-01	1.8E-01	1.8E-01	1.8E-01	1
PL-S	8	4	6.3E-02	6.3E-02	6.3E-02	6.3E-02	6.3E-02	6.3E-02	12
PL	14	7	1.1E-01	1.1E-01	1.1E-01	1.1E-01	1.1E-01	1.1E-01	12
PT									
RO-N	2654	16	< RL	< RL	12				
RO-S	2722	14	< RL	< RL	11				
RO	5376	30	< RL	< RL	11				
SE-N									
SE-S									
SE									
SI									
SK									

RL: reporting level for gross- $\beta$  in air, i.e. 5.0 E-03 BQ/M3 (see Appendix B)

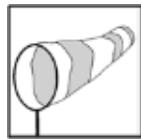
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

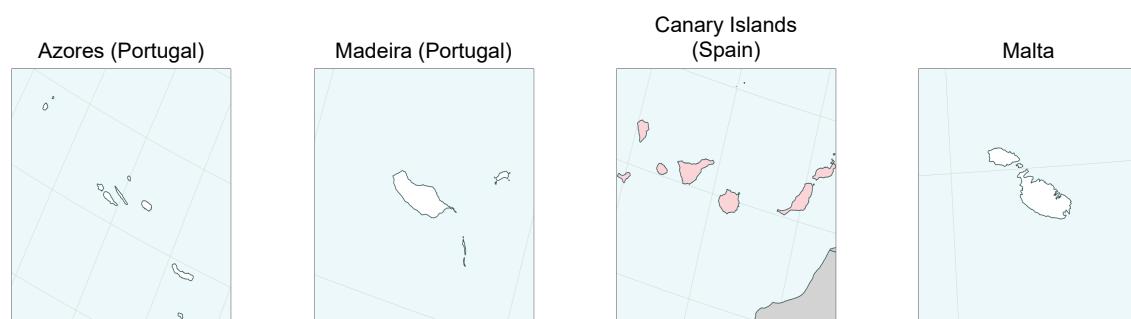
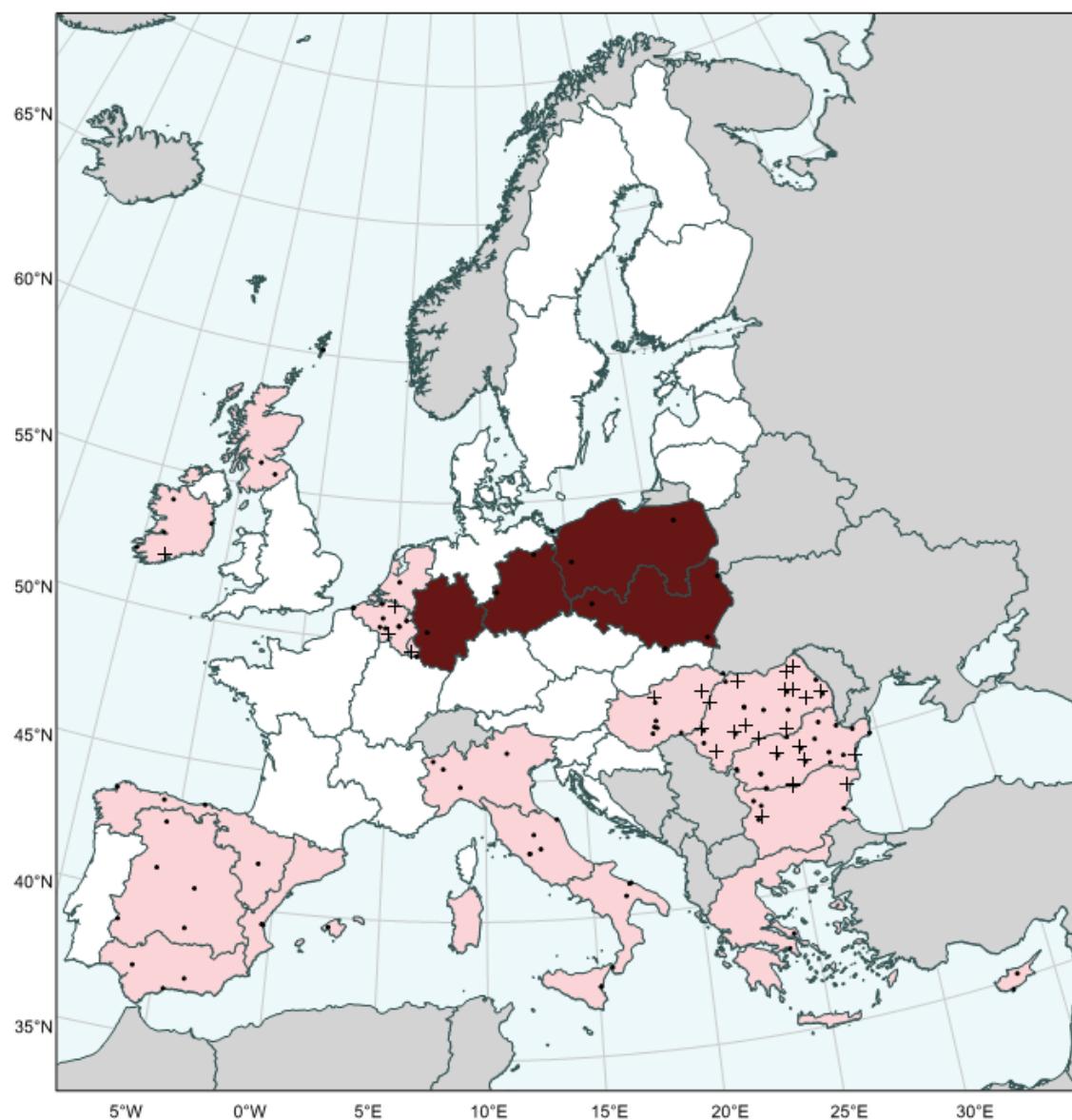
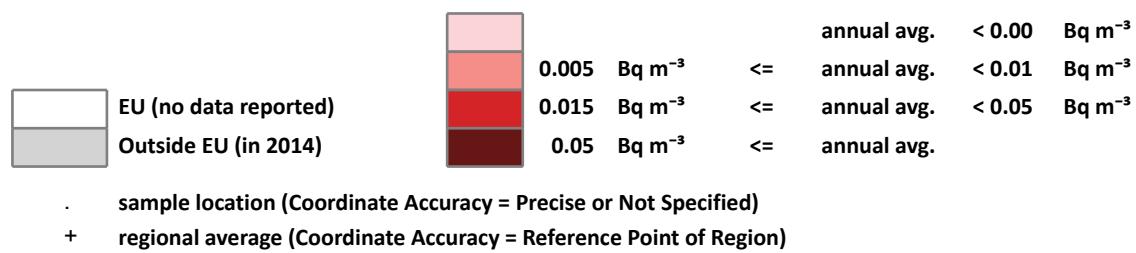
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

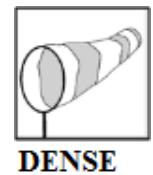


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**Fig.A3**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for gross- $\beta$  in airborne particulates, 2014

**Table A3:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : airborne particulates ( $\text{Bq m}^{-3}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : gross- $\beta$

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT									
BE	2552	12	< RL	< RL	9				
BG	12	7	< RL	< RL	3				
CY	200	2	< RL	< RL	8				
CZ									
DE-N							Δ		
DE-C	2	1		2.8E-01	2.4E-01		2.6E-01	2.8E-01	6
DE-S							Δ		
DE-E	3	2		9.7E-01		< RL	4.9E-01	9.7E-01	6
DE	5	3		6.2E-01	2.4E-01	< RL	2.9E-01	6.2E-01	6
DK									
EE									
ES-N	210	4	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-C	265	5	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-S	158	3	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-E	157	3	< RL	< RL	6				
ES	790	15	< RL	< RL	10				
FI-N									
FI-S									
FI									
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN									
GB-WL									
GB-SC	36	3	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-NI									
GB	36	3	< RL	< RL	1				
GR	2	2	< RL				< RL	< RL	1
HR-A									
HR-C									
HR									
HU	780	9	< RL	< RL	11				
IE	55	5	< RL	< RL	9				
IT-N	389	4	< RL	< RL	1				
IT-C	170	5	< RL	< RL	3				
IT-S	750	6	< RL	< RL	4				
IT	1309	15	< RL	< RL	1				
LT									
LU	78	2	< RL	< RL	9				
LV									
MT									
NL	54	1	< RL	< RL	9				
PL-N	3	3	1.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E-01	1
PL-S	4	4	1.3E-01	1.3E-01	1.3E-01	1.3E-01	1.3E-01	1.3E-01	12
PL	7	7	1.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E-01	1
PT									
RO-N	5957	24	< RL	< RL	11				
RO-S	5991	23	< RL	< RL	8				
RO	11948	47	< RL	< RL	11				
SE-N									
SE-S									
SE									
SI									
SK									

RL: reporting level for gross- $\beta$  in air, i.e. 5.0 E-03 BQ/M3 (see Appendix B)

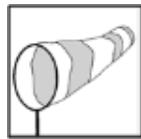
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

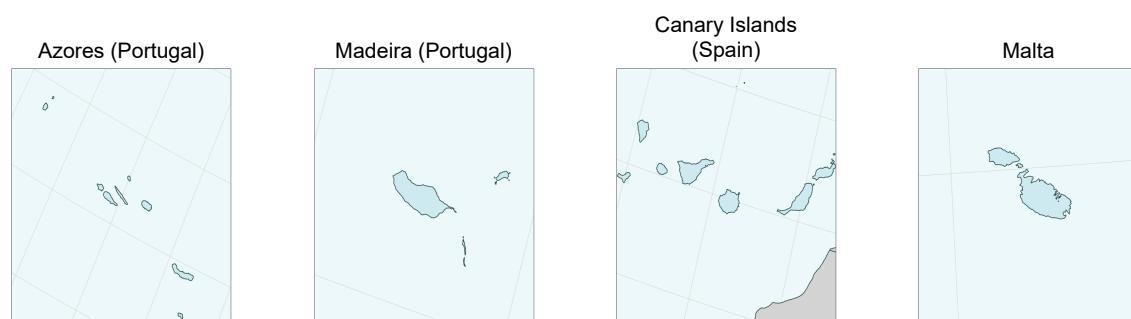
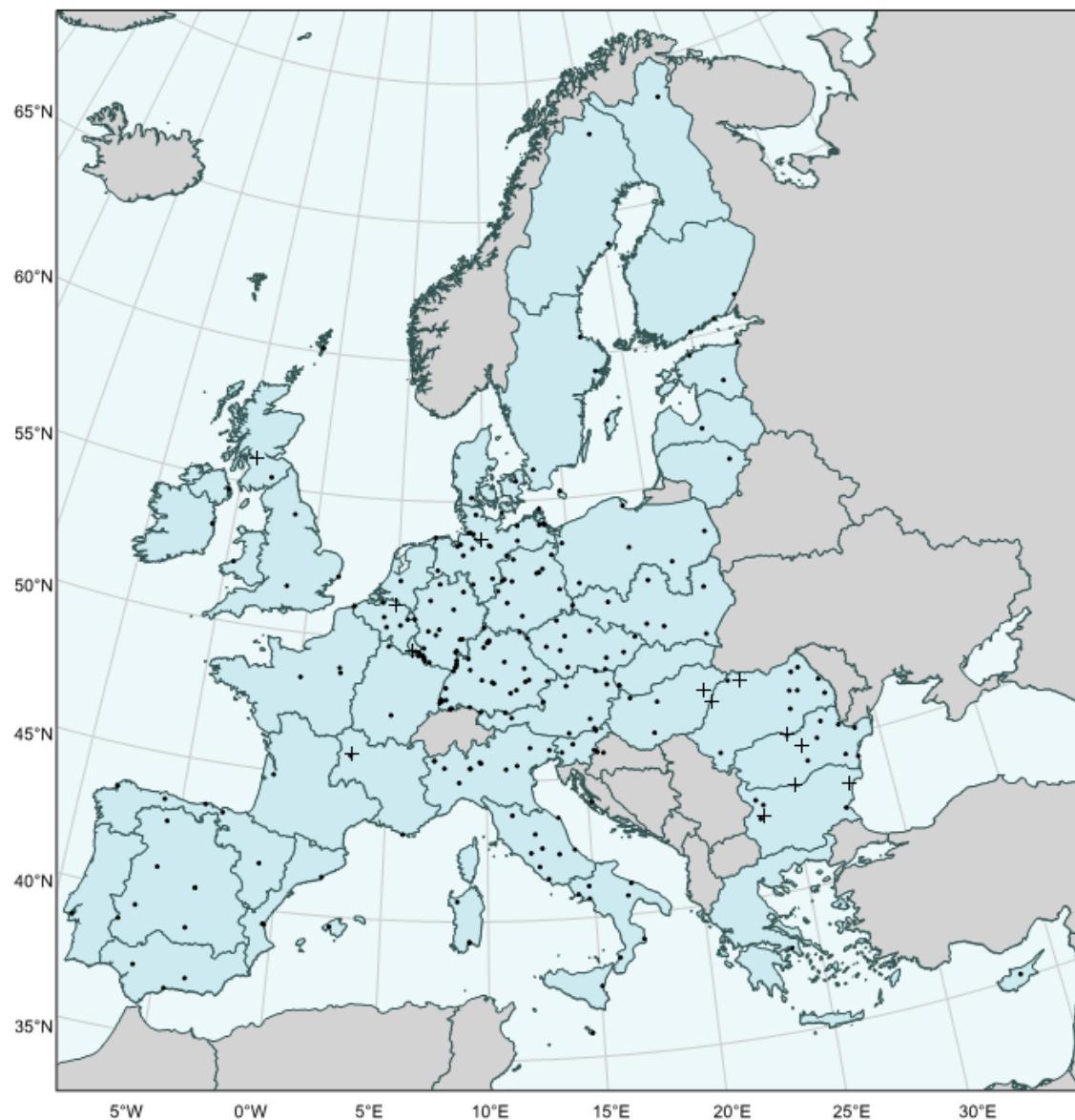
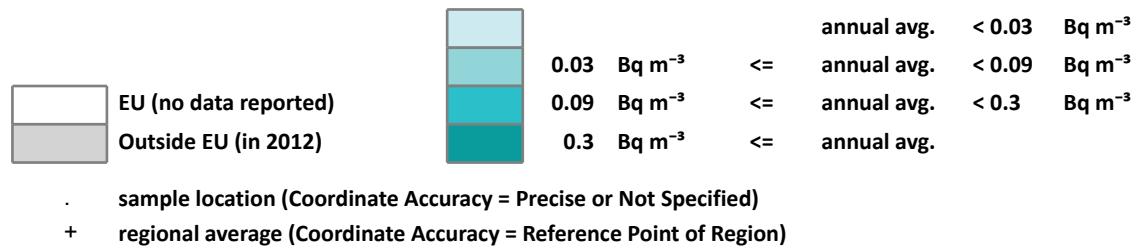
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

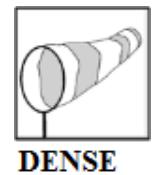


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**Fig.A4**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for <sup>137</sup>Cs in airborne particulates, 2012

**Table A4:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : airborne particulates ( $\text{Bq m}^{-3}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	587	10	< RL	< RL	2				
BE	95	8	< RL	< RL	1				
BG	151	8	< RL	< RL	10				
CY	11	1	< RL	< RL	4				
CZ	533	10	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-N	3966	25	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-C	4023	22	< RL	< RL	3				
DE-S	4844	32	< RL	< RL	3				
DE-E	3361	12	< RL	< RL	3				
DE	16194	91	< RL	< RL	3				
DK	73	3	< RL	< RL	12				
EE	159	3	< RL	< RL	7				
ES-N	104	5	< RL	< RL	9				
ES-C	169	7	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-S	134	4	< RL	< RL	8				
ES-E	92	4	< RL	< RL	5				
ES	499	20	< RL	< RL	9				
FI-N	53	1	< RL	< RL	2				
FI-S	373	3	< RL	< RL	12				
FI	426	4	< RL	< RL	12				
FR-NW	71	3	< RL	< RL	3				
FR-NE	69	2	< RL	< RL	2				
FR-SW	37	1	< RL	< RL	3				
FR-SE	81	3	< RL	< RL	2				
FR	258	9	< RL	< RL	3				
GB-EN	15	3	< RL	< RL	2				
GB-WL	5	1	< RL	< RL	2				
GB-SC	21	3	< RL	< RL	2				
GB-NI	5	1	< RL	< RL	2				
GB	46	8	< RL	< RL	2				
GR	8	1		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
HU	170	4	< RL	< RL	6				
IE	6	1	< RL	< RL	12				
IT-N	257	12	< RL	< RL	7				
IT-C	1015	9	< RL	< RL	9				
IT-S	299	11	< RL	< RL	7				
IT	1571	32	< RL	< RL	9				
LT	13	1	< RL	< RL	2				
LU	106	2	< RL	< RL	12				
LV	3	1	< RL		< RL		< RL	< RL	3
MT	46	1	< RL	< RL	10				
NL	53	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-N	6	6	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	6	6	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	12	12	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	52	1	< RL	< RL	7				
RO-N	47	11	< RL	< RL	1				
RO-S	62	9	< RL	< RL	1				
RO	109	20	< RL	< RL	1				
SE-N	107	2	< RL	< RL	6				
SE-S	215	4	< RL	< RL	5				
SE	322	6	< RL	< RL	6				
SI	59	5	< RL	< RL	12				
SK	14	2	< RL	< RL	2				

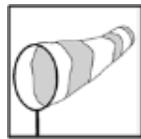
RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in air, i.e. 3.0 E-02 BQ/M3 (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

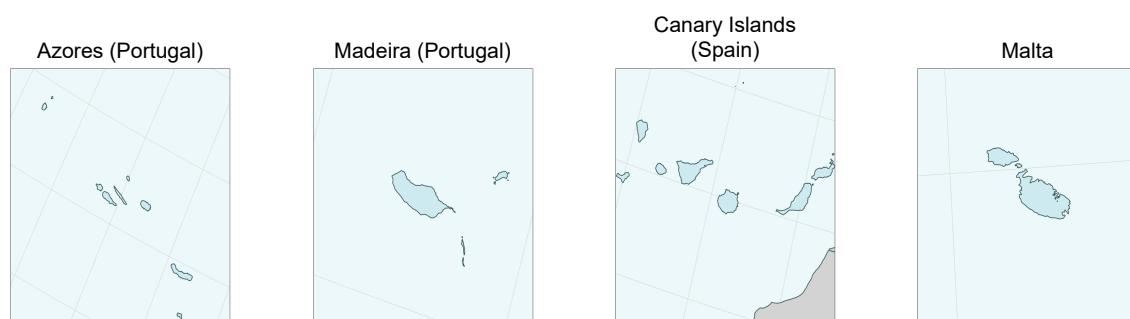
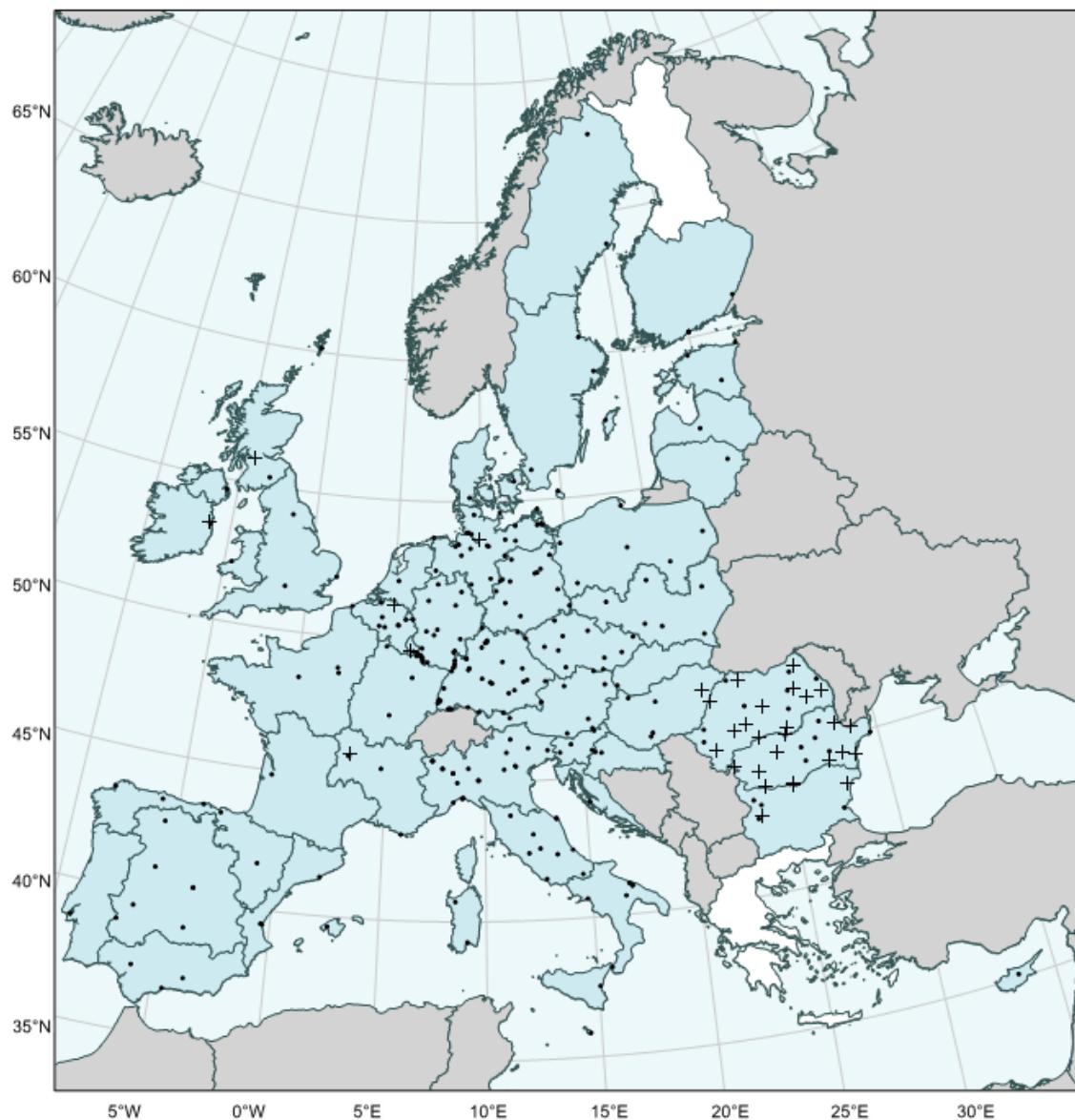
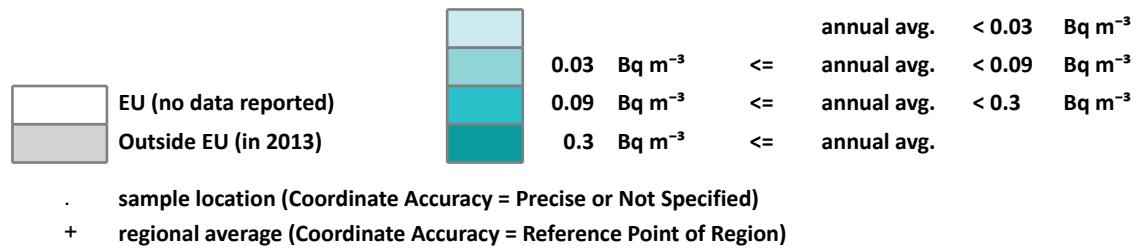
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

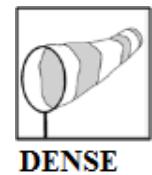


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**Fig.A5**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for <sup>137</sup>Cs in airborne particulates, 2013

**Table A5:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : airborne particulates ( $\text{Bq m}^{-3}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	525	10	< RL	< RL	12				
BE	98	9	< RL	< RL	11				
BG	142	8	< RL	< RL	1				
CY	32	1	< RL	< RL	7				
CZ	553	11	< RL	< RL	6				
DE-N	4087	26	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-C	3781	22	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-S	4513	34	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-E	3240	12	< RL	< RL	1				
DE	15621	94	< RL	< RL	1				
DK	73	3	< RL	< RL	1				
EE	152	3	< RL	< RL	4				
ES-N	105	5	< RL	< RL	2				
ES-C	172	7	< RL	< RL	8				
ES-S	131	4	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-E	92	4	< RL	< RL	3				
ES	500	20	< RL	< RL	2				
FI-N									
FI-S	512	5	< RL	< RL	4				
FI	512	5	< RL	< RL	4				
FR-NW	56	3	< RL	< RL	12				
FR-NE	66	3	< RL	< RL	12				
FR-SW	48	1	< RL	< RL	7				
FR-SE	78	5	< RL	< RL	12				
FR	248	12	< RL	< RL	12				
GB-EN	15	3	< RL	< RL	8				
GB-WL	5	1	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-SC	23	3	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-NI	5	1	< RL	< RL	1				
GB	48	8	< RL	< RL	1				
GR									
HR-A	5	1	< RL	< RL	11				
HR-C	15	1	< RL	< RL	1				
HR	20	2	< RL	< RL	12				
HU	237	5	< RL	< RL	1				
IE	10	2	< RL	< RL	1				
IT-N	323	22	< RL	< RL	11				
IT-C	923	11	< RL	< RL	1				
IT-S	182	9	< RL	< RL	9				
IT	1428	42	< RL	< RL	1				
LT	10	1	< RL	< RL	4				
LU	106	2	< RL	< RL	2				
LV	3	1	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	9
MT	53	1	< RL	< RL	2				
NL	53	1	< RL	< RL	3				
PL-N	12	6	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	12	6	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	24	12	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	49	1	< RL	< RL	1				
RO-N	234	19	< RL	< RL	10				
RO-S	224	18	< RL	< RL	8				
RO	458	37	< RL	< RL	7				
SE-N	107	2	< RL	< RL	4				
SE-S	213	4	< RL	< RL	4				
SE	320	6	< RL	< RL	4				
SI	63	5	< RL	< RL	9				
SK	13	1	< RL	< RL	1				

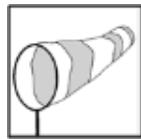
RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in air, i.e. 3.0 E-02 BQ/M3 (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

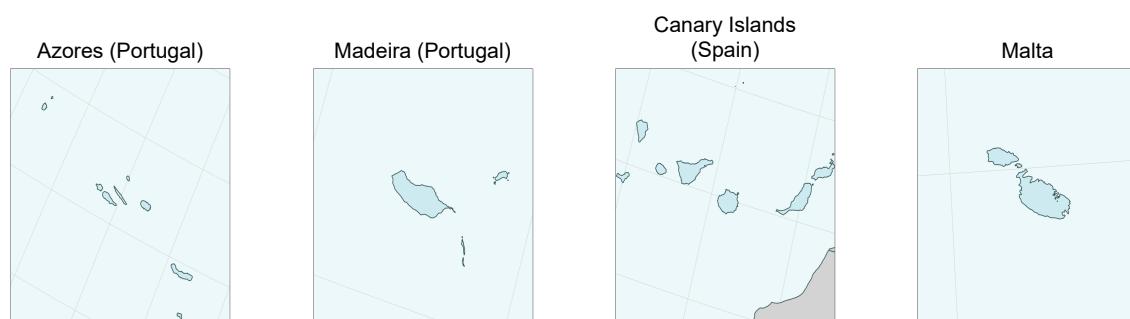
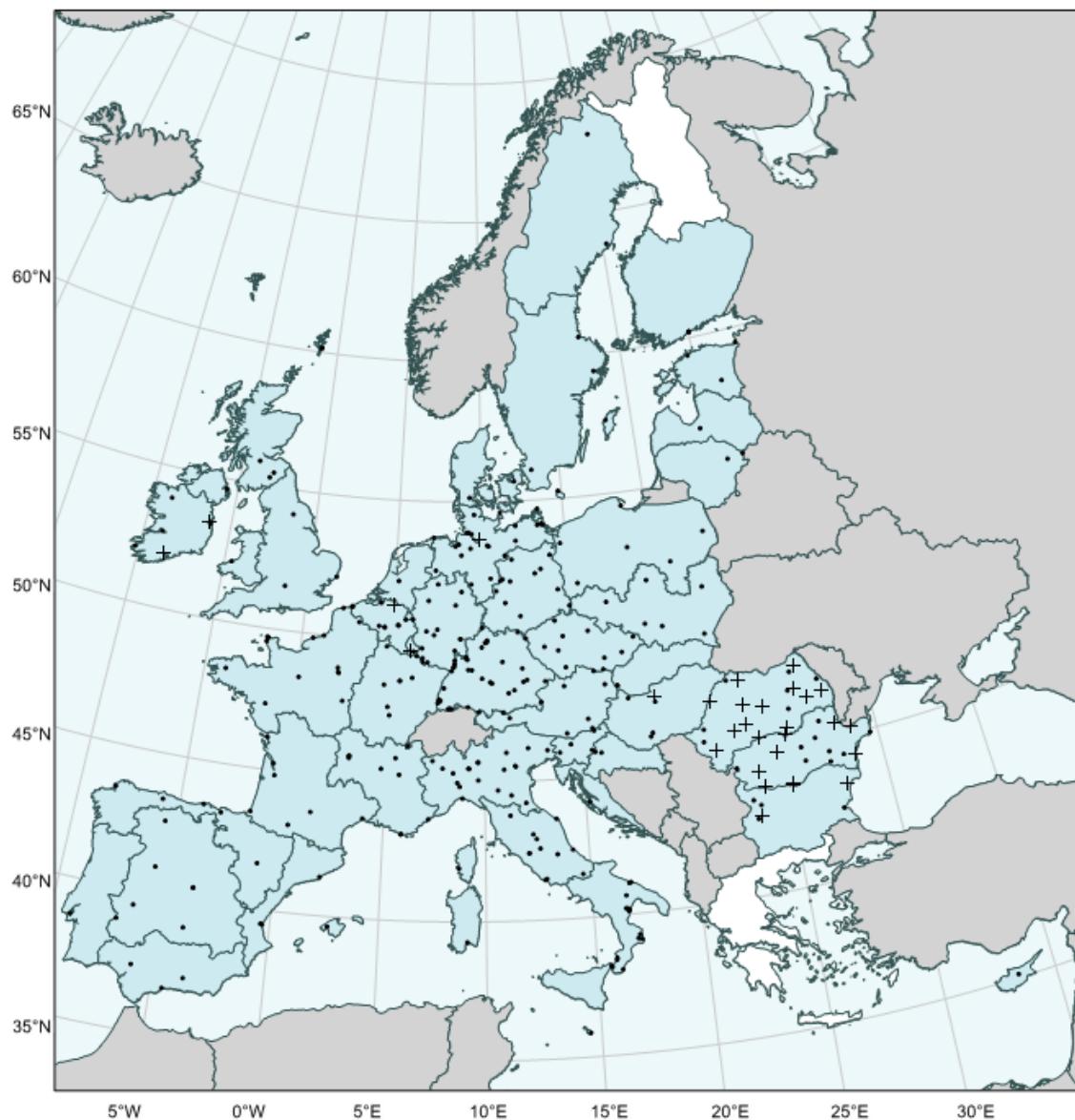
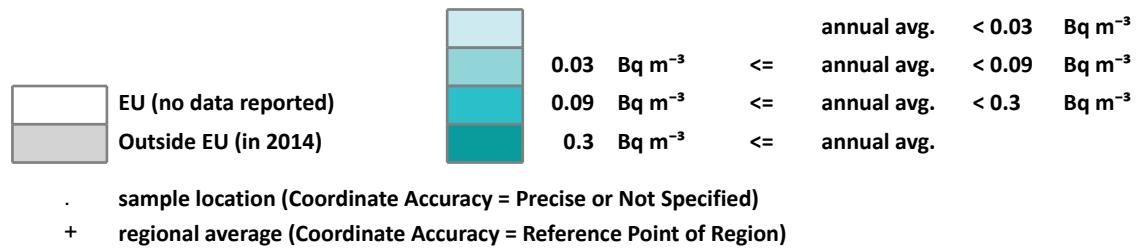
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

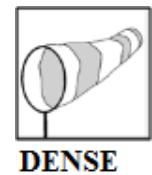


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**Fig.A6**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for <sup>137</sup>Cs in airborne particulates, 2014

**Table A6:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : airborne particulates ( $\text{Bq m}^{-3}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	567	10	< RL	< RL	1				
BE	100	11	< RL	< RL	9				
BG	151	8	< RL	< RL	8				
CY	29	1	< RL	< RL	3				
CZ	567	10	< RL	< RL	9				
DE-N	4016	25	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-C	3782	18	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-S	4576	35	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-E	3281	11	< RL	< RL	11				
DE	15655	89	< RL	< RL	11				
DK	76	4	< RL	< RL	11				
EE	151	3	< RL	< RL	5				
ES-N	105	5	< RL	< RL	11				
ES-C	173	7	< RL	< RL	4				
ES-S	133	4	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-E	92	4	< RL	< RL	3				
ES	503	20	< RL	< RL	6				
FI-N									
FI-S	518	4	< RL	< RL	5				
FI	518	4	< RL	< RL	5				
FR-NW	665	14	< RL	< RL	2				
FR-NE	218	7	< RL	< RL	8				
FR-SW	374	8	< RL	< RL	1				
FR-SE	389	11	< RL	< RL	3				
FR	1646	40	< RL	< RL	2				
GB-EN	15	3	< RL	< RL	8				
GB-WL	5	1	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-SC	38	5	< RL	< RL	2				
GB-NI	5	1	< RL	< RL	1				
GB	63	10	< RL	< RL	9				
GR									
HR-A	5	1	< RL	< RL	8				
HR-C	12	1	< RL	< RL	4				
HR	17	2	< RL	< RL	4				
HU	226	5	< RL	< RL	1				
IE	121	7	< RL	< RL	4				
IT-N	691	20	< RL	< RL	3				
IT-C	698	13	< RL	< RL	12				
IT-S	159	18	< RL	< RL	9				
IT	1548	51	< RL	< RL	4				
LT	9	2		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
LU	105	2	< RL	< RL	1				
LV	3	1			< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	7
MT	53	1	< RL	< RL	8				
NL	54	1	< RL	< RL	4				
PL-N	6	6	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	6	6	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	12	12	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	50	1	< RL	< RL	1				
RO-N	229	19	< RL	< RL	7				
RO-S	216	18	< RL	< RL	1				
RO	445	37	< RL	< RL	8				
SE-N	106	2	< RL	< RL	6				
SE-S	212	4	< RL	< RL	5				
SE	318	6	< RL	< RL	5				
SI	75	5	< RL	< RL	12				
SK	13	2	< RL	< RL	1				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in air, i.e. 3.0 E-02 BQ/M3 (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

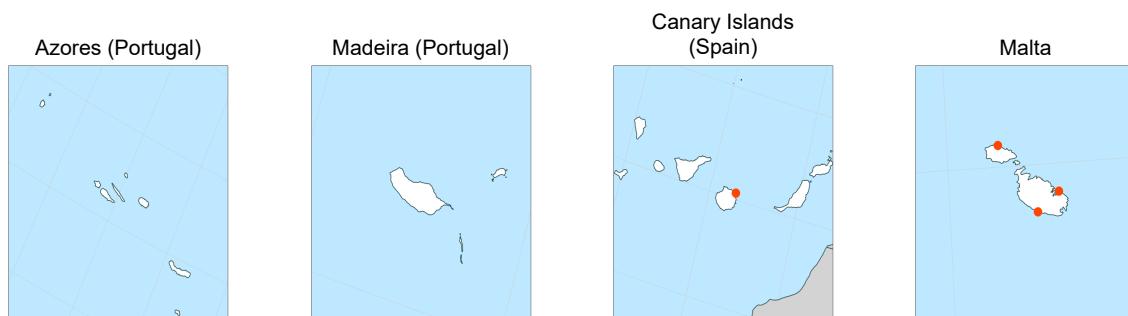
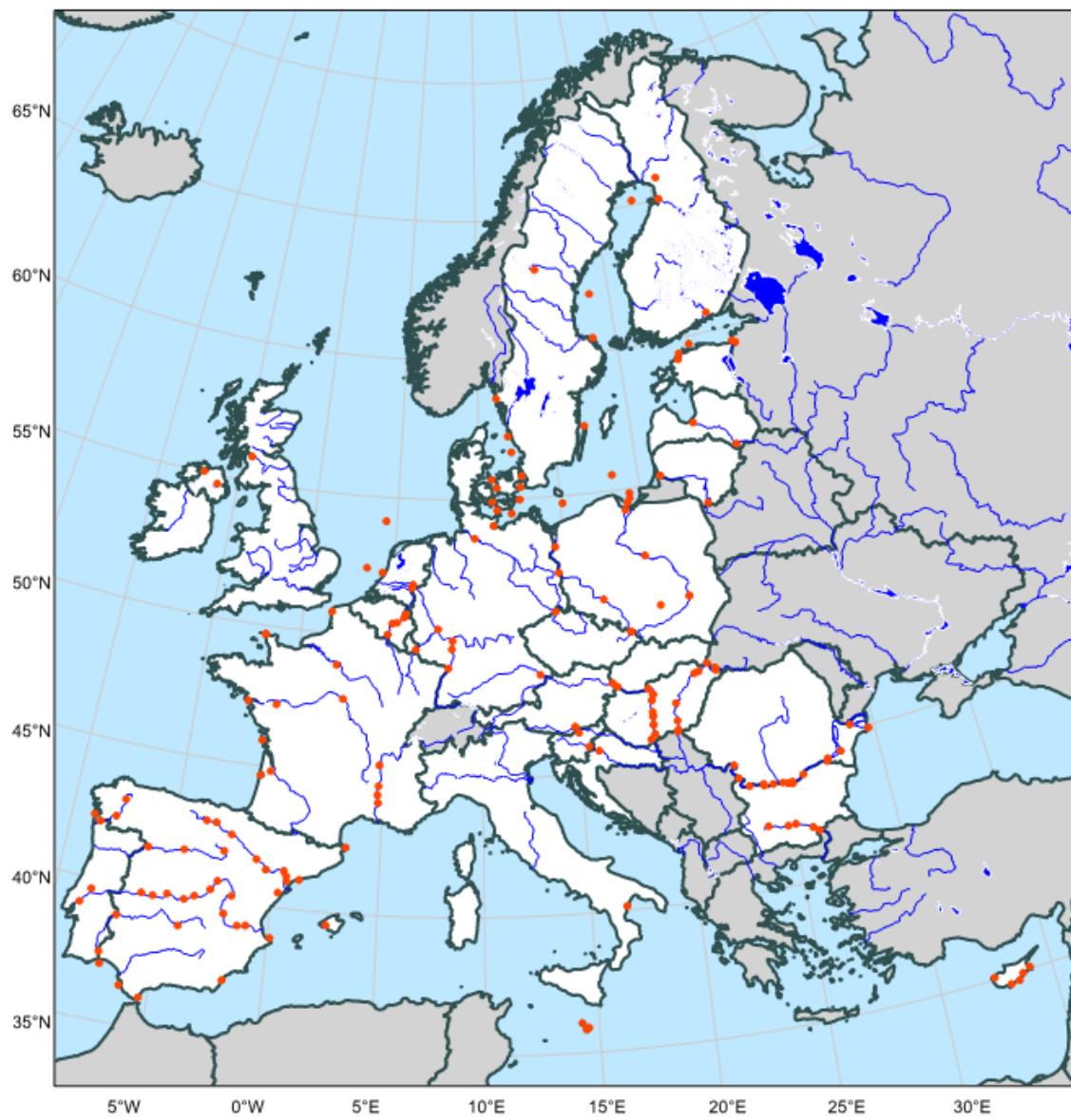
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

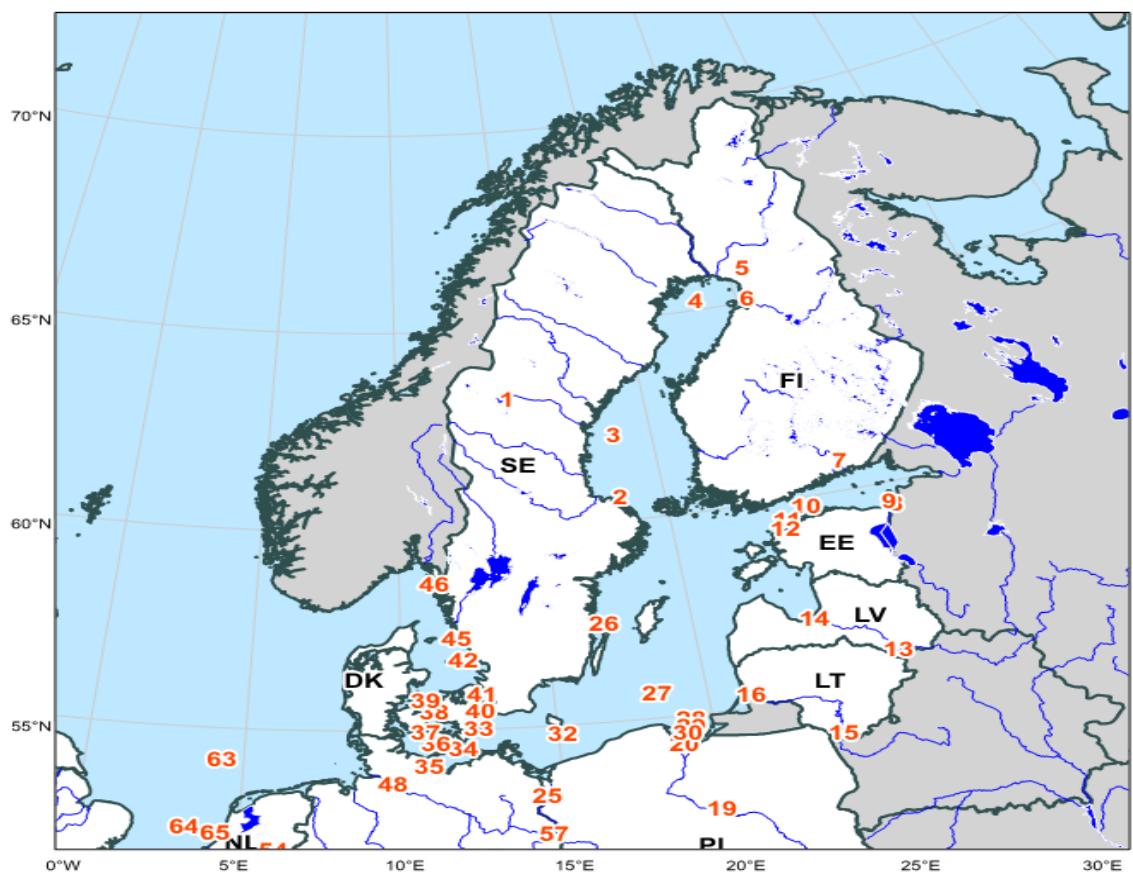
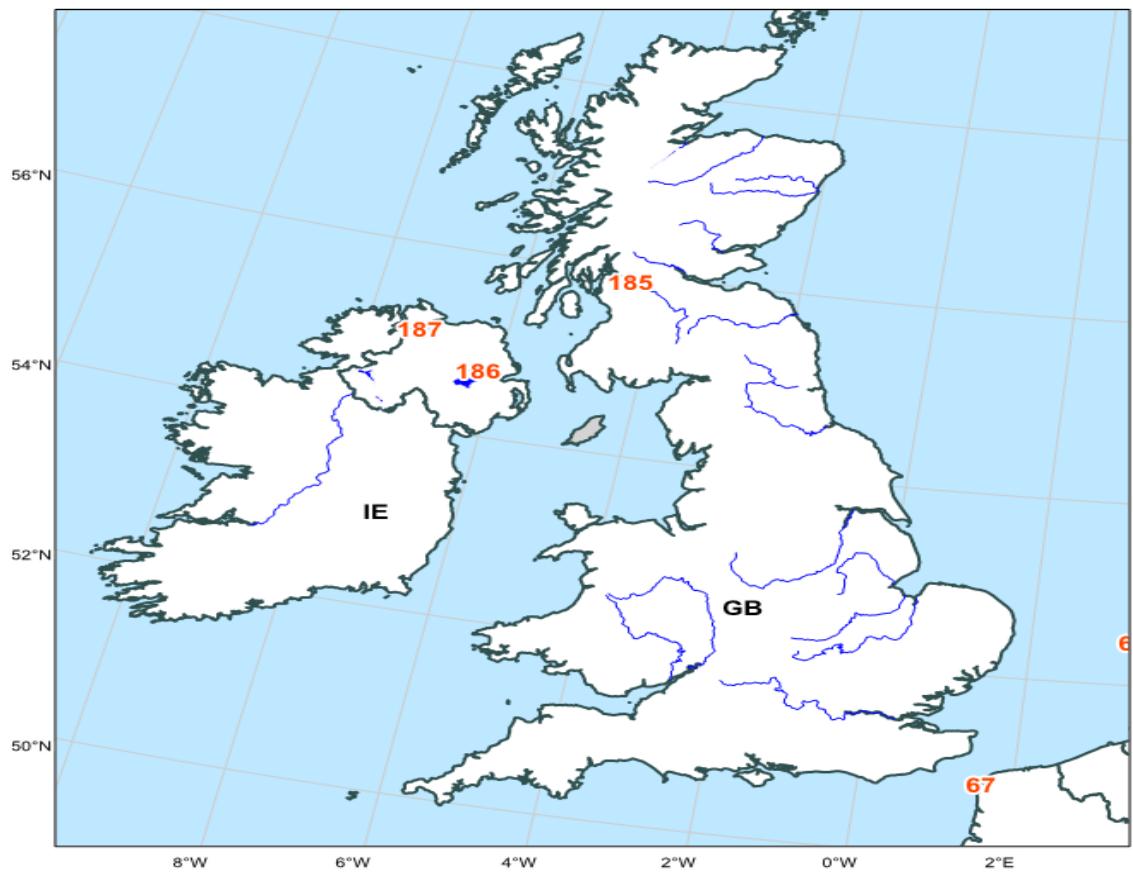


DENSE



**Fig. S1**

Sampling locations for residual- $\beta$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Tables S1 – S30

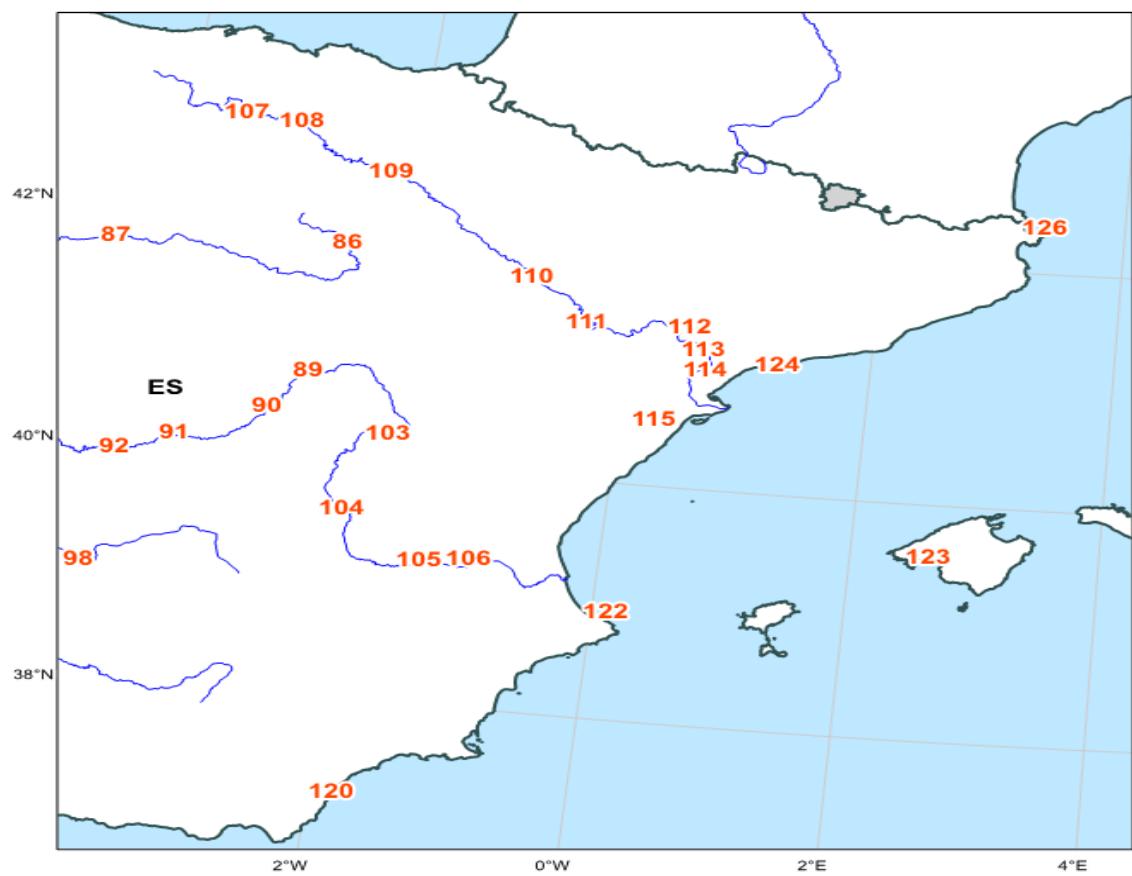
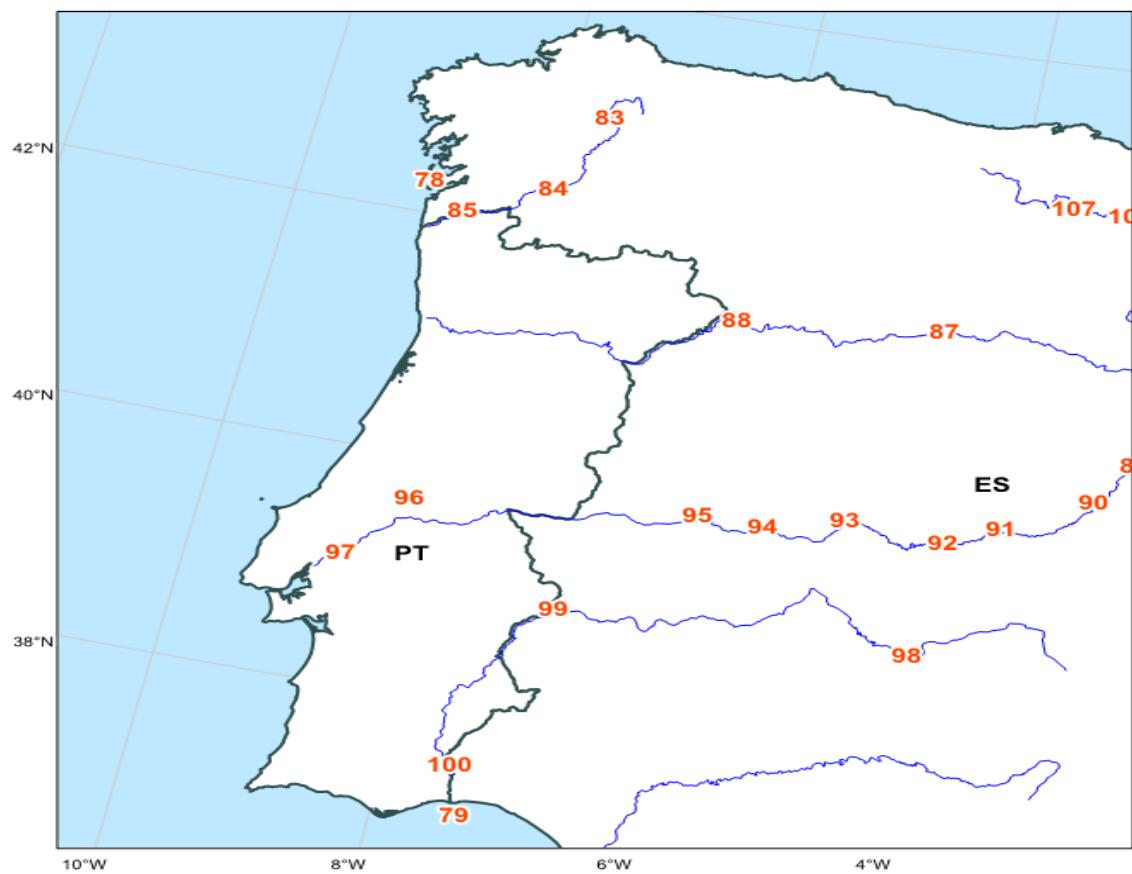


**Fig. S2**

Sampling locations for residual- $\beta$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Tables S1 – S30

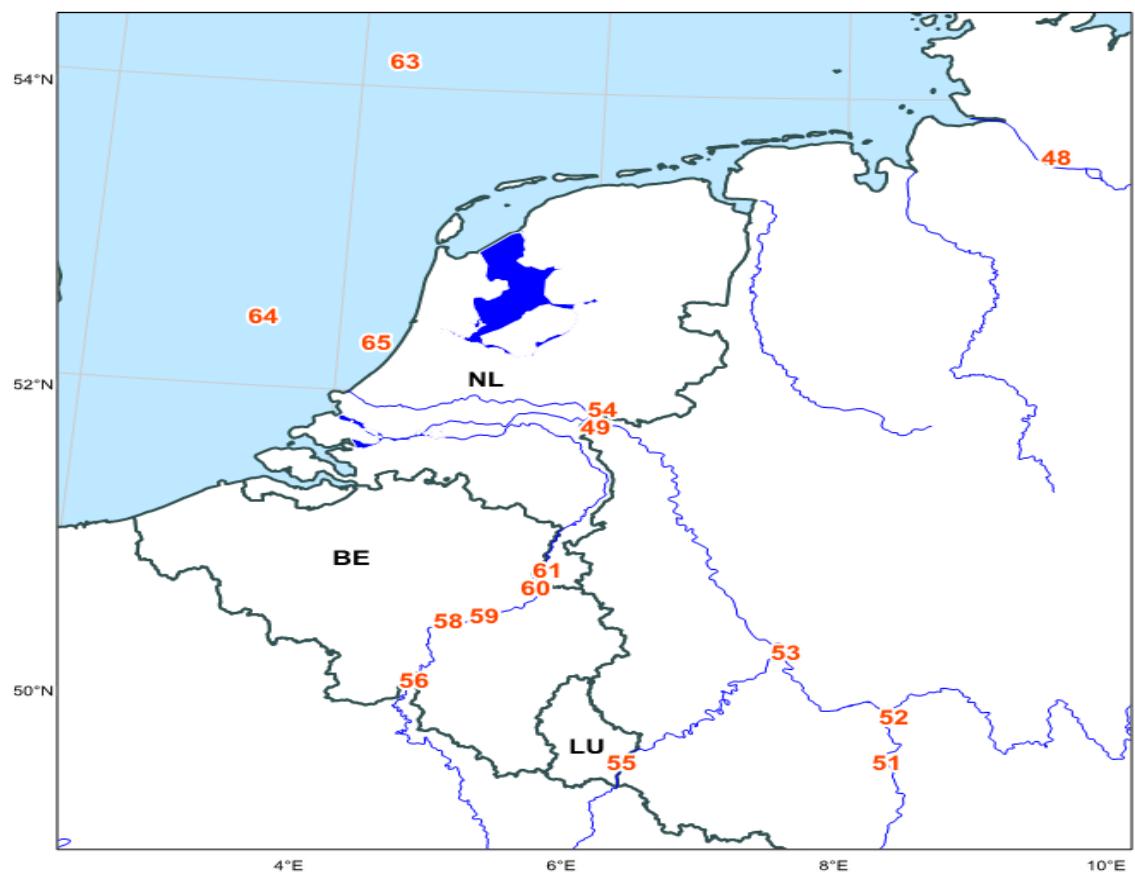
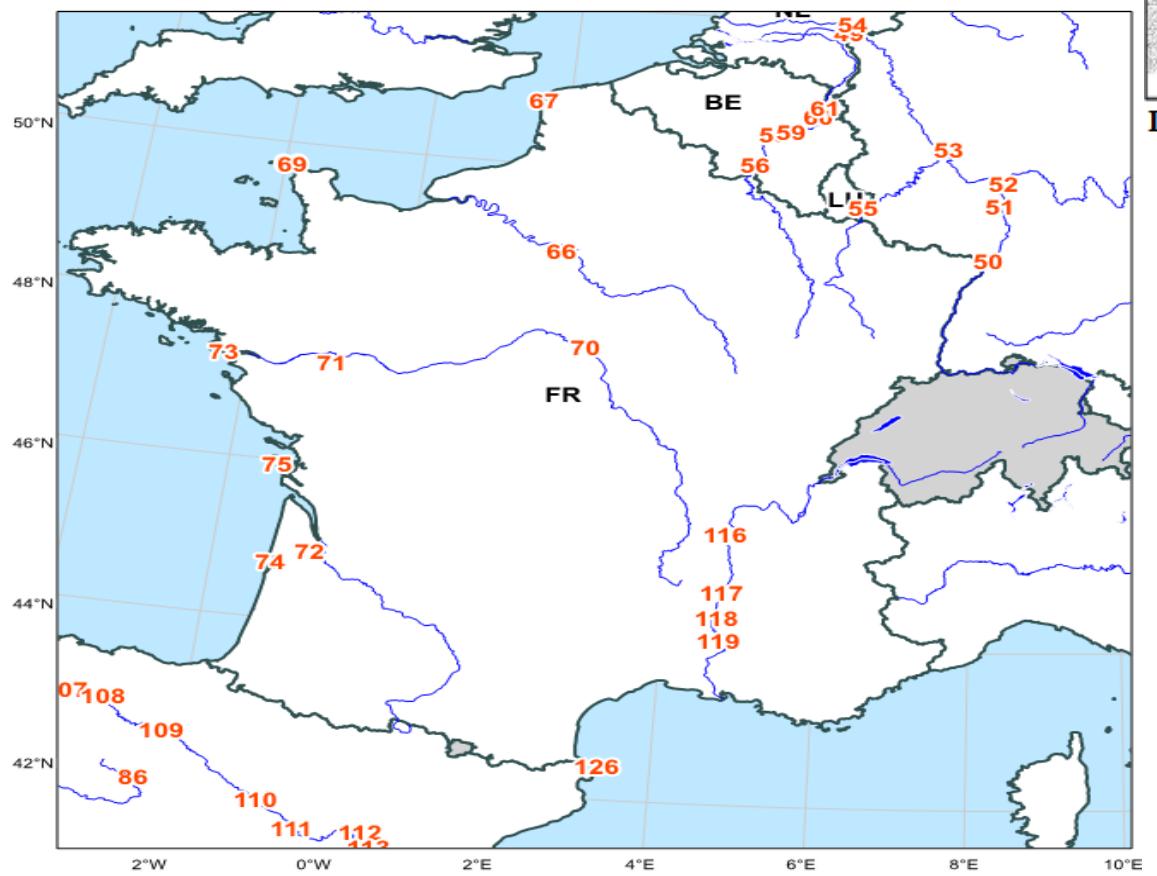


DENSE



**Fig. S3**

Sampling locations for residual- $\beta$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Tables S1 – S30

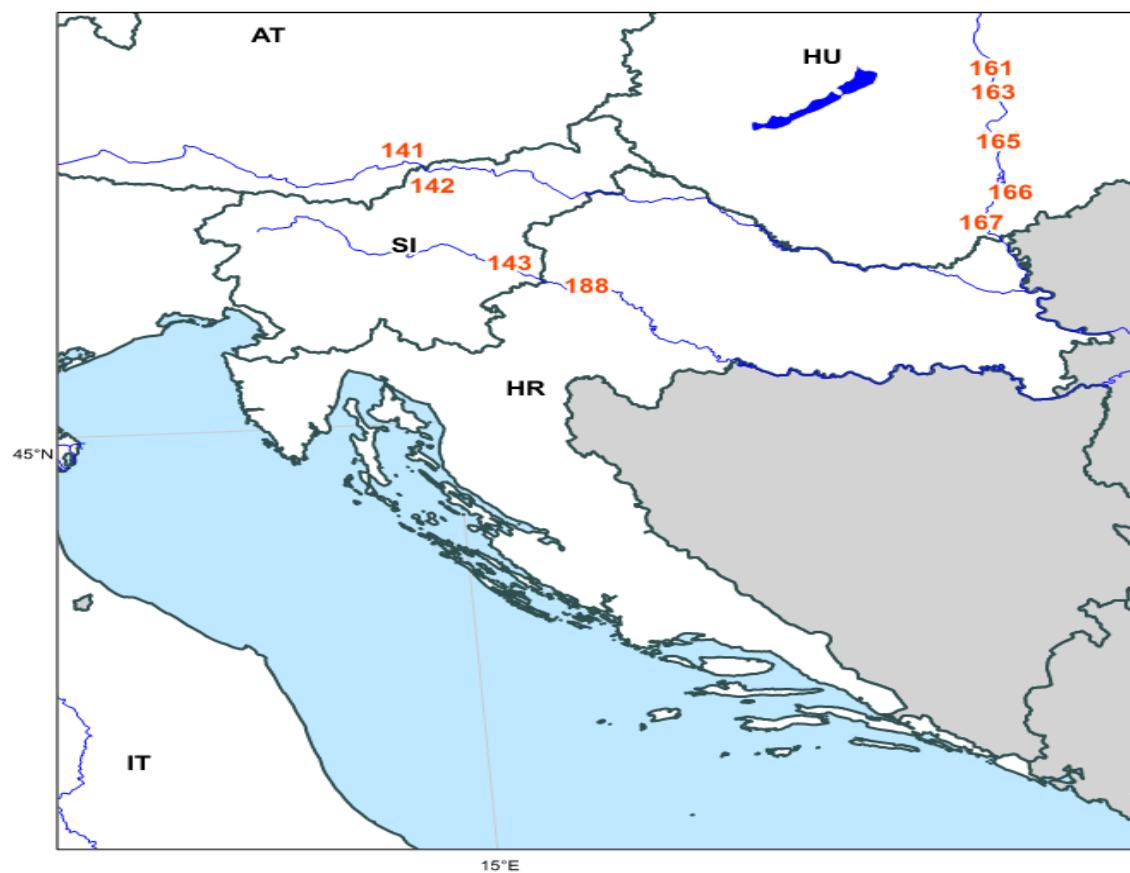
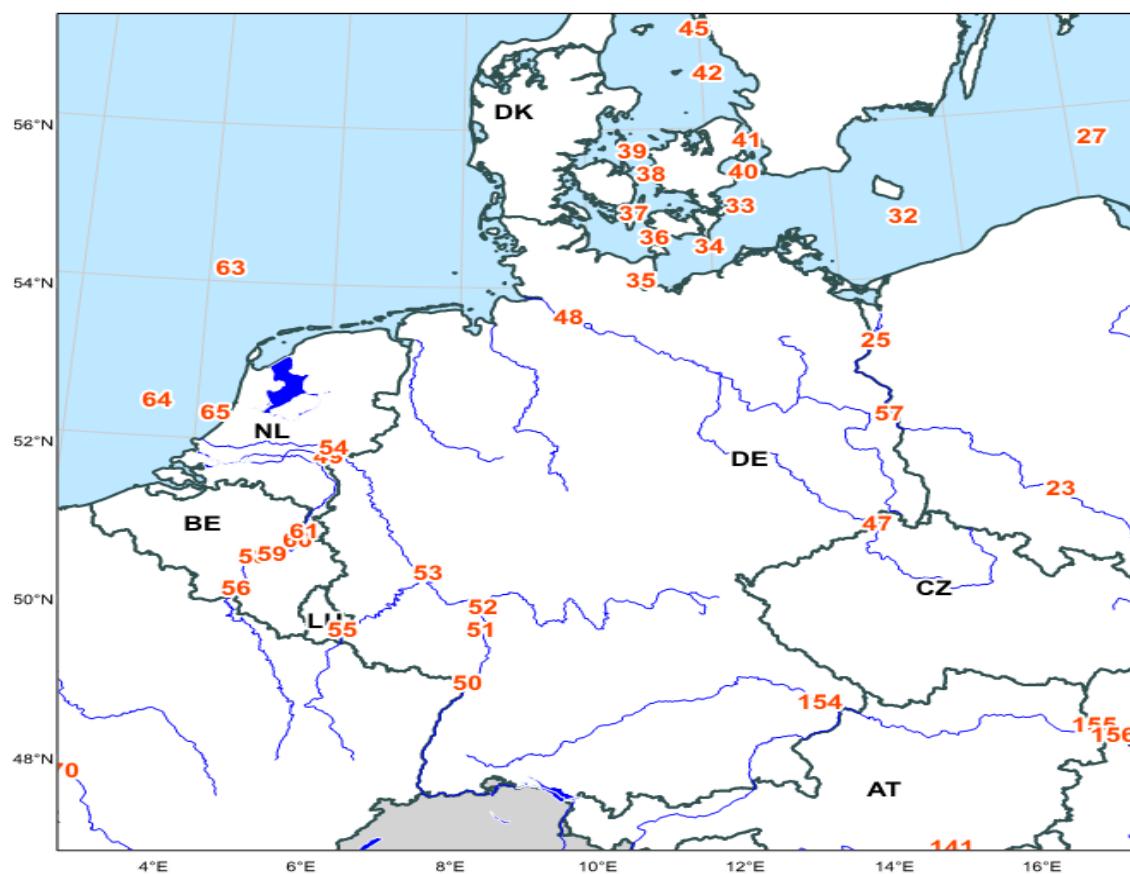


**Fig. S4**

Sampling locations for residual- $\beta$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Tables S1 – S30

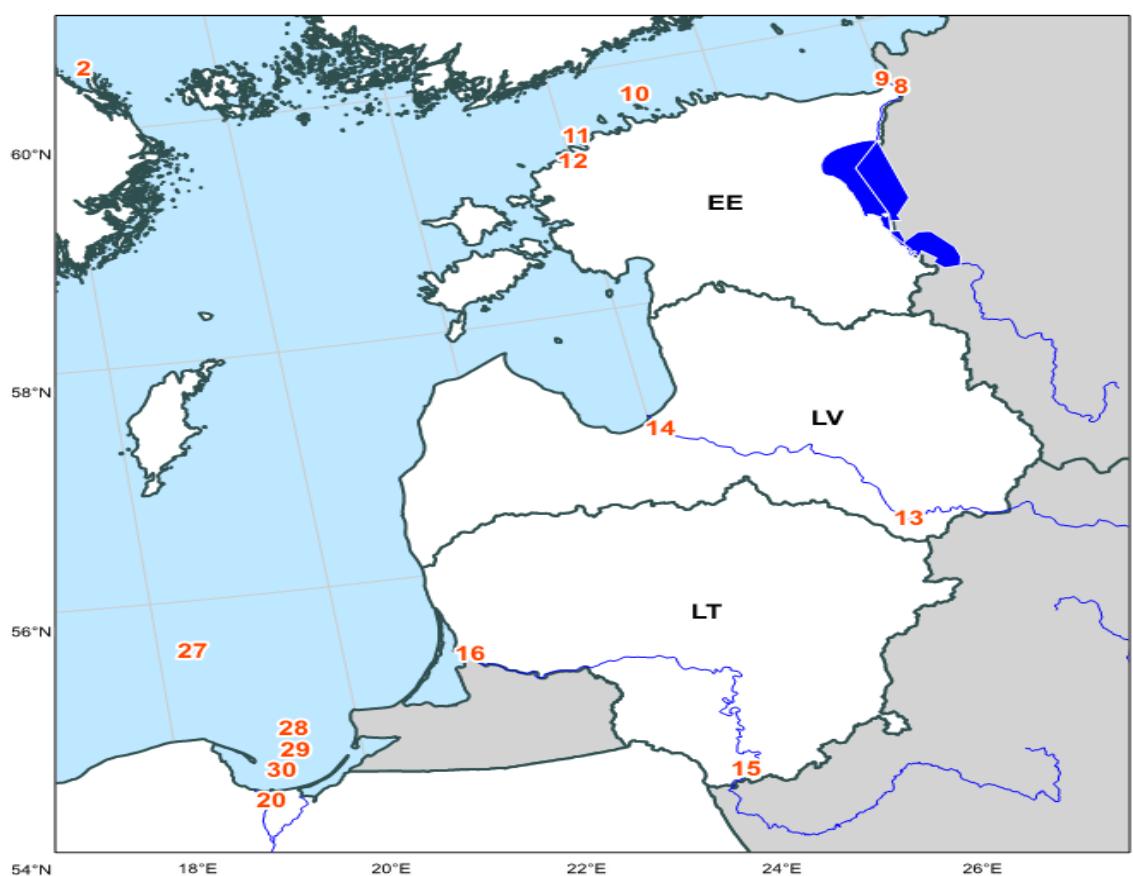
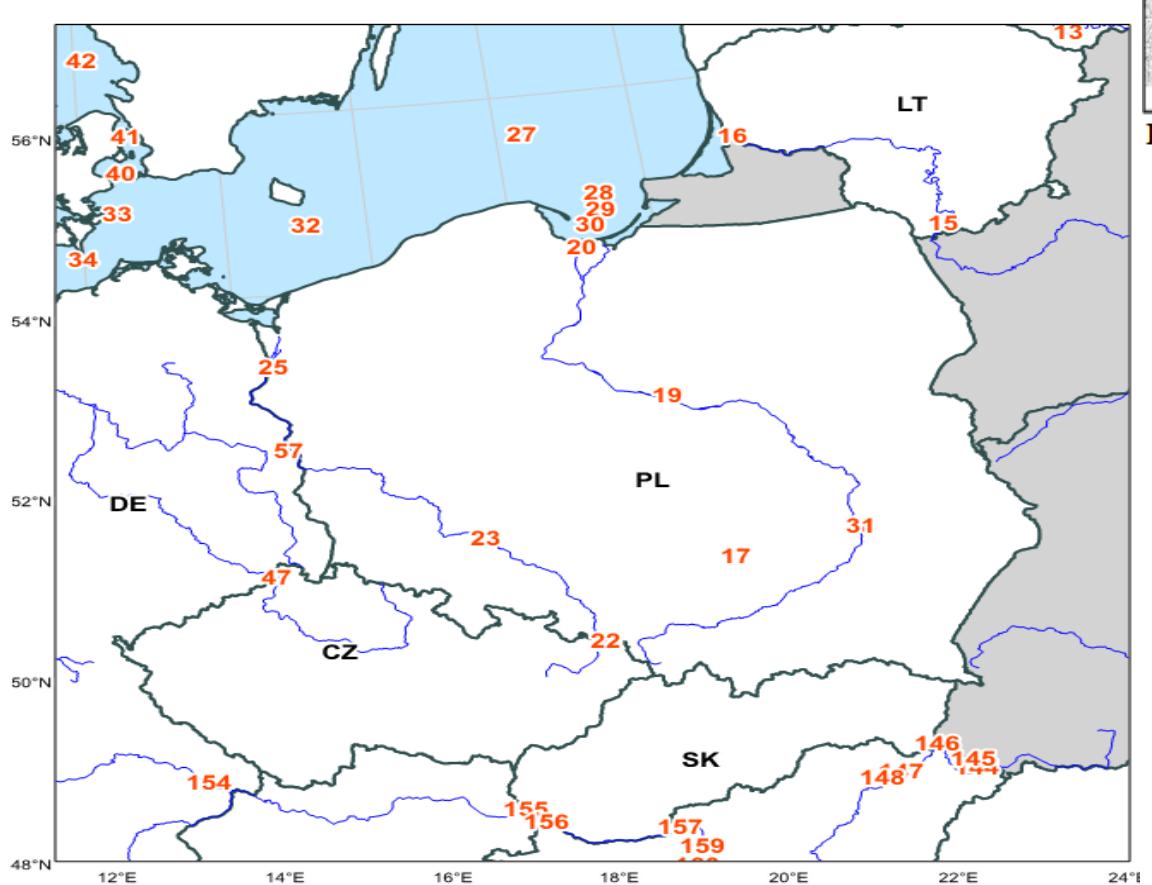


DENSE



**Fig. S5**

Sampling locations for residual- $\beta$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Tables S1 – S30

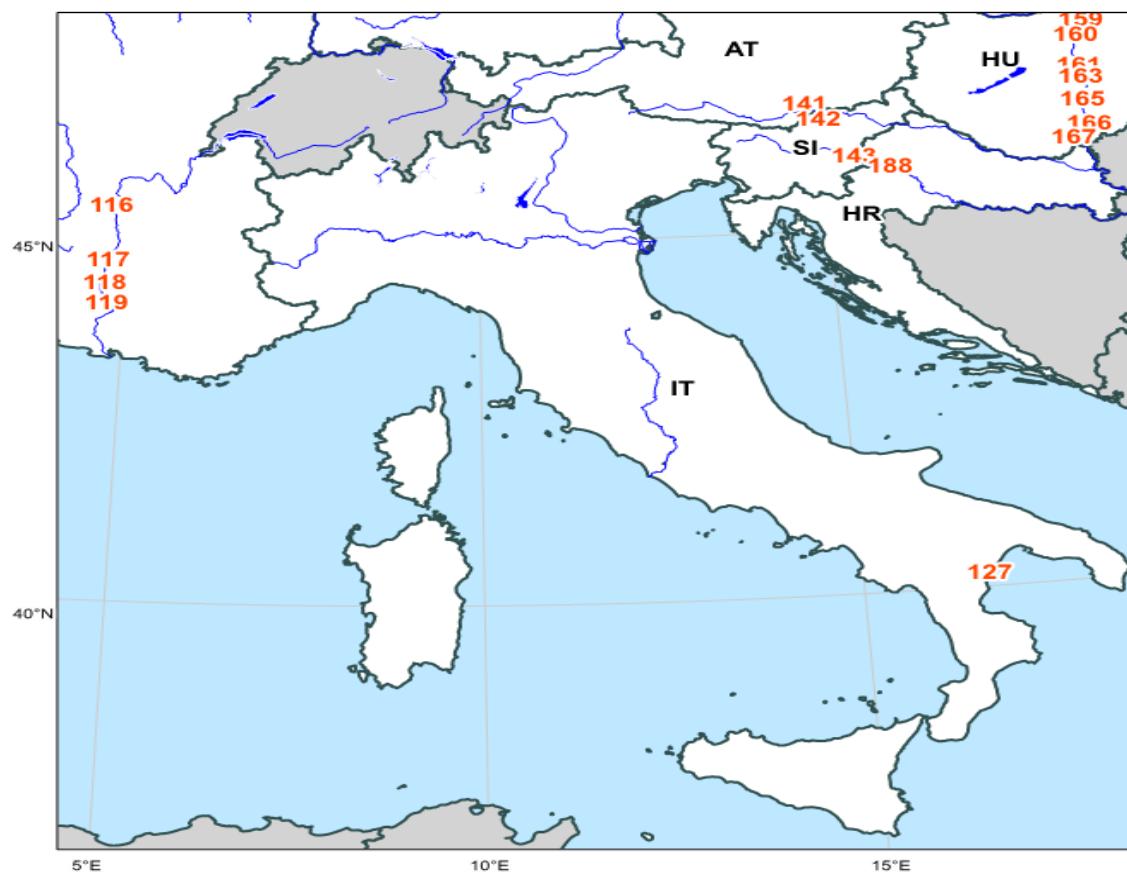
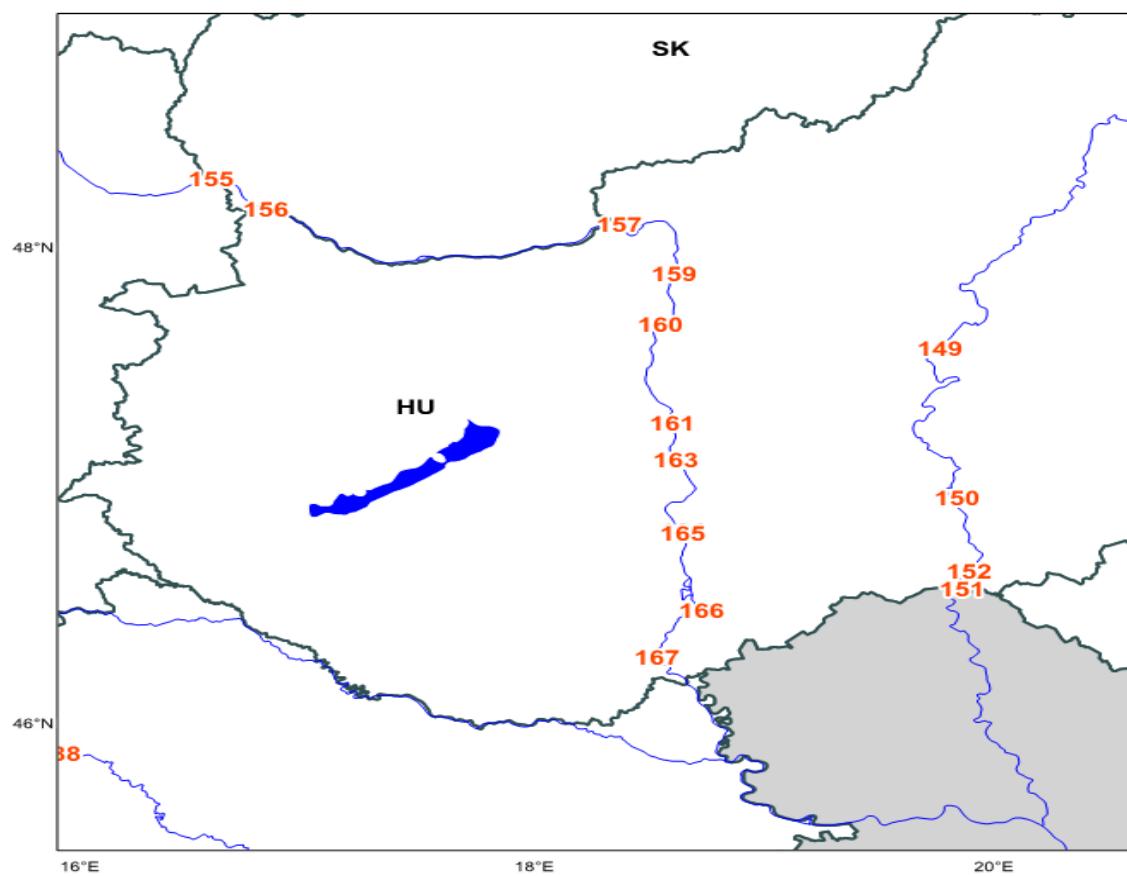


**Fig. S6**

Sampling locations for residual- $\beta$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Tables S1 – S30

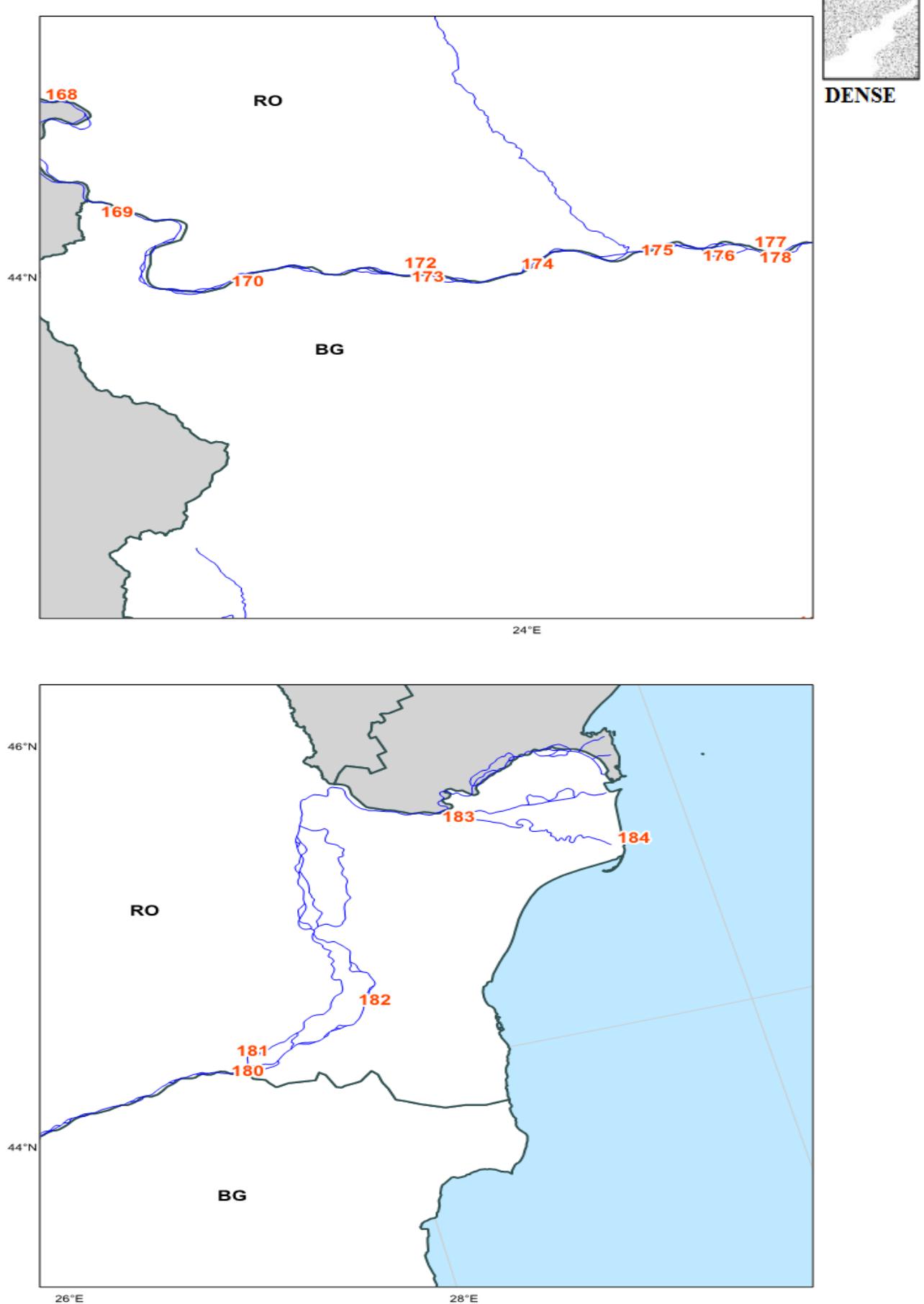


DENSE



**Fig. S7**

Sampling locations for residual- $\beta$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Tables S1 – S30

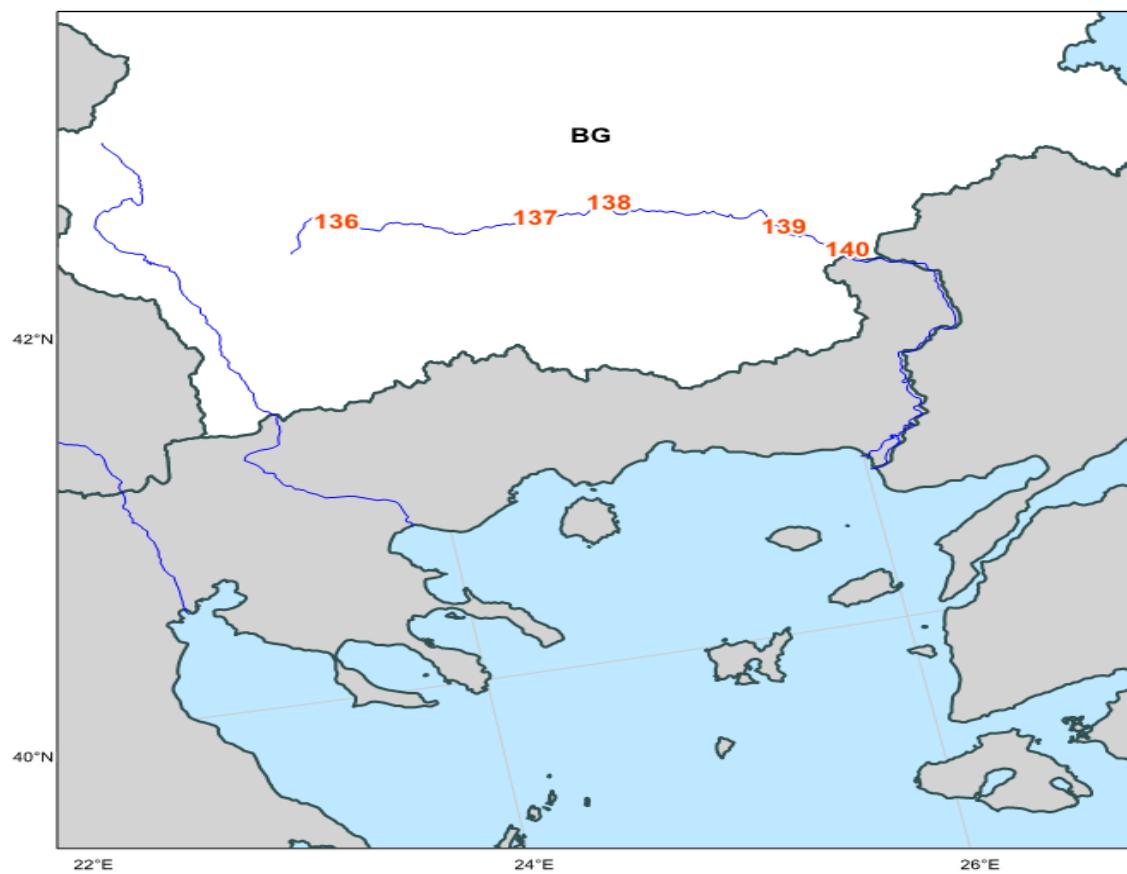


**Fig. S8**

Sampling locations for residual- $\beta$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Tables S1 – S30

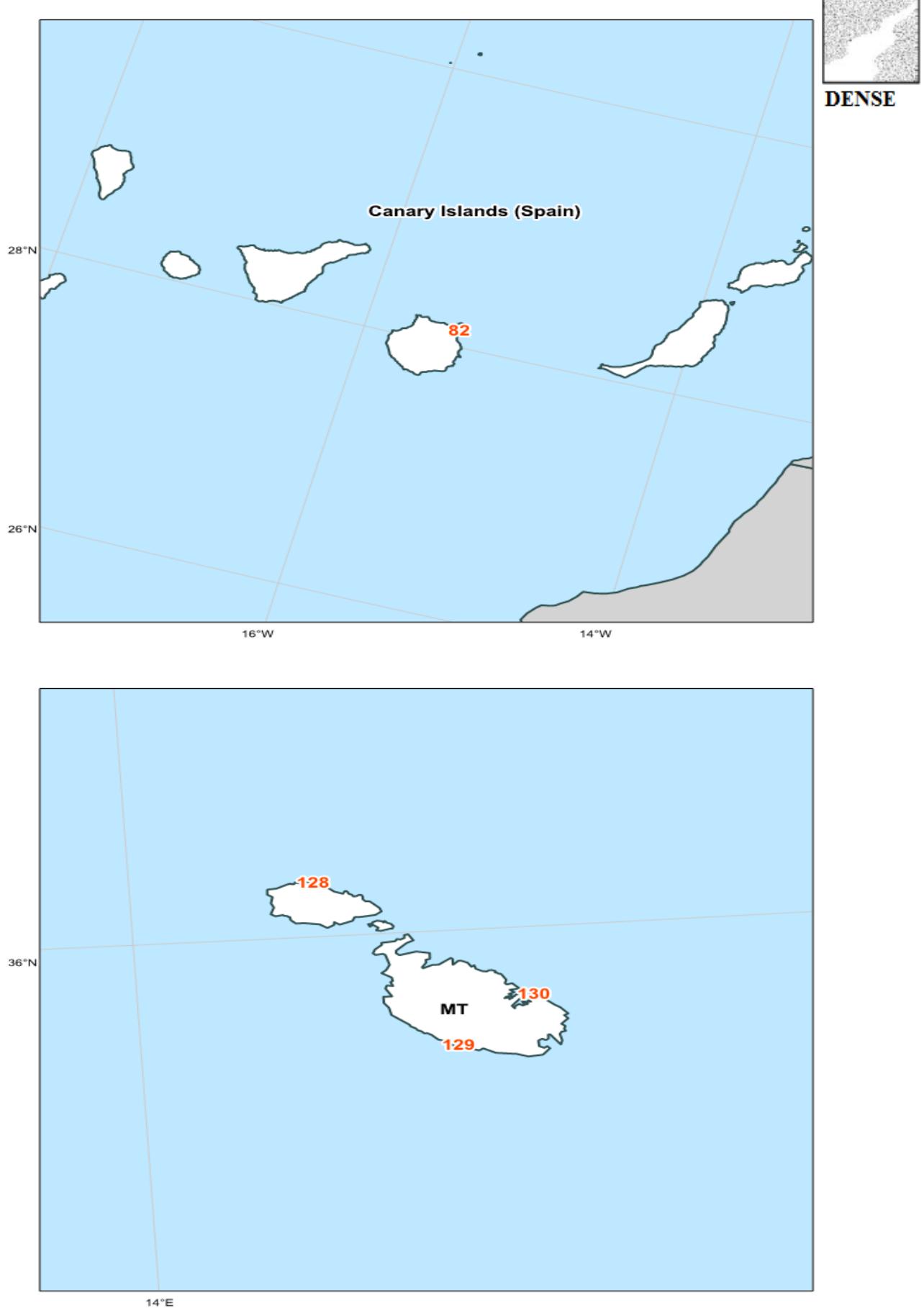


DENSE



**Fig. S9**

Sampling locations for residual- $\beta$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Tables S1 – S30



**Fig. S10**

Sampling locations for residual- $\beta$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Tables S1 – S30

**Table S1:** Time averages

**YEAR :** 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** residual- $\beta$

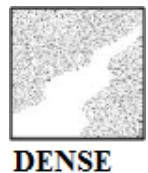
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Indalsaelven	1 Oestersund-Storsjoen	SE								
Gulf Of Bothnia	2 Forsmark (F135)	SE								
	3 Bottenhavet (C14)	SE								
	4 Bottenviken (A5)	SE								
Kemijoki	5 Kemi	FI								
Oulujoki	6 Oulu	FI								
Kymijoki	7 Kotka	FI								
Narva	8 Narva	EE								
Gulf Of Finland	9 Gulf Of Finland, N8	EE								
	10 Gulf Of Finland, EE17	EE								
	11 Gulf Of Finland, PE	EE								
	12 Gulf Of Finland, PW	EE								
Daugava	13 Daugavpils	LV								
	14 Riga	LV								
Neman	15 Above Druskininkai	LT								
	16 Skirvyte	LT								
Vistula	17 Krakow Tyniec	PL								
	18 Annopol	PL								
	19 Plock	PL								
	20 Kiezmark	PL								
Oder	21 Bohumin	CZ	4	< RL	8					
	22 Chalupki	PL								
	23 Wroclaw	PL								
	25 Krajnik	PL								
Baltic Sea	26 Oskarshamn (S36)	SE								
	27 Baltic Sea P-140	PL								
	28 Baltic Sea P-1	PL								
	29 Baltic Sea P-116	PL								
	30 Baltic Sea P-110	PL								
	31 Baltic Sea P-5	PL								
	32 Baltic Sea P-39	PL								
	33 Moen	DK								
	34 Gedser Odde	DK								
	35 Luebeck Bay	DE								
	36 Femern Baelt	DK								
	37 Langeland Baelt	DK								
The Great Belt	38 Halskov Rev	DK								
	39 Asnaes Rev	DK								
The Sound	40 The Sound S	DK								
	41 The Sound N(A)	DK								

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e.  $6.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ Bq/L}$  (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S2:** Time averages

**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : residual- $\beta$

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Kattegat	42 Kattegat-413	DK								
	45 Ringhals (35)	SE								
Skagerrak	46 Fjaellbacka	SE								
Elbe	47 Hrensko	CZ	4	< RL	7					
	48 Wedel	DE								
	49 Cuxhaven	DE								
Rhine	50 Lauterbourg	FR								
	51 Worms	DE								
	52 Trebur	DE								
	53 Koblenz	DE								
	54 Lobith	NL								
Moselle	55 Wincheringen	DE								
Meuse	56 Chooz (Givet)	FR								
	57 Heer-Agimont	BE								
	58 Andenne	BE								
	59 Huy	BE								
	60 Lixhe	BE								
	61 Eijsden	NL								
North Sea	63 Terschelling, 100 km from coast	NL								
	64 Noordwijk, 70 km from coast	NL								
	65 Noordwijk, 10 km from coast	NL								
Seine	66 Le Vesinet	FR								
Channel	67 Wimereux	FR								
	68 Jobourg	FR								
	69 La Hague-Jardeheu	FR								
Loire	70 Dampierre en Burly	FR								
	71 Angers (EDF)	FR								
Garonne	72 Bordeaux	FR								
Atlantic Ocean	73 Pornichet	FR								
	74 Arcachon	FR								
	75 St Pierre D'Oleron	FR								
	78 Cabo Silleiro	ES							Δ	
	79 Isla Christina	ES							Δ	
	80 Puerto de Cadiz	ES							Δ	
	81 Estrecho de Gibraltar	ES							Δ	
	82 Puerto De Las Palmas	ES							Δ	

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)  
 $\Delta$ : only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
 Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.  
 M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S3:** Time averages

DENSE

**YEAR :** 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** residual- $\beta$

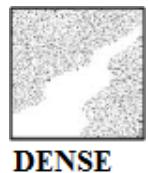
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mino	83	Lugo	ES	4	< RL	4				
	84	Orense	ES	4	< RL	4				
	85	Caldelas De Tuy	ES	4	< RL	9				
Duero	86	Garray	ES	4	< RL	7				
	87	Quintanilla	ES	4	< RL	4				
	88	Villalcampo	ES	4	< RL	1				
Tagus	89	Trillo Arriba	ES	4	< RL	9				
	90	Zorita Arriba	ES	12	< RL	10				
	91	Aranjuez	ES	4	< RL	6				
	92	Toledo	ES	4	< RL	6				
	93	Talavera	ES	4	< RL	6				
	94	Valdecanas	ES	12	< RL	9				
	95	Embalse de Torrejon	ES	17	< RL	6				
	96	Vila Velha de Rodao	PT							
	97	Valada Do Ribatejo	PT	8	< RL	5				
Guadiana	98	Balbuena	ES	2	< RL		< RL		< RL	3
	99	Puente Palmas	ES	3	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	3
	100	San Lucar	ES	3	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	9
Jucar	103	Venta De Juan Romero	ES	4	< RL	11				
	104	Embalse De Alarcon	ES	4	< RL	11				
	105	Alcala Del Jucar	ES	4	< RL	11				
	106	Cofrentes Abajo	ES	12	< RL	2				
Ebro	107	Garona Arriba	ES	13	< RL	1				
	108	Garona Abajo	ES	26	< RL	2				
	109	Mendavia	ES	4	< RL	10				
	110	Zaragoza-Rio	ES	4	< RL	7				
	111	Sastago	ES	4	< RL	7				
	112	Ribarroja	ES	12	< RL	10				
	113	Asco Abajo	ES	26	< RL	1				
	114	Garcia	ES							
	115	Cherta	ES							
Rhone	116	Saint Alban	FR							
	117	Cruas (Aval)	FR							
	118	Tricastin	FR							
	119	Roquemaure (Marcoule)	FR							

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S4:** Time averages

**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : residual- $\beta$

Catchment	Locality	N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mediterranean Sea	120 Garrucha	ES					Δ		
	122 Cabo de San Antonio	ES					Δ		
	123 Puerto de Palma	ES					Δ		
	124 Puerto de Tarragona	ES					Δ		
	126 Cabo de Creus	ES					Δ		
	127 Rotondella	IT							
	128 Xwejni	MT							
	129 Lapsi	MT							
	130 Wied Ghammieq	MT							
	131 Polis	CY							
	132 Paphos	CY							
	133 Limassol	CY							
	134 Larnaca	CY							
	135 Paralimni	CY							
Maritsa	136 Kostenec	BG							
	137 Plovdiv	BG							
	138 Mirovo	BG							
	139 Harmanli	BG							
	140 Svilengrad	BG							
Drau	141 Schwabegg	AT	24	< RL	8				
	142 Dravograd	SI							
Sava	143 Krsko	SI							
Tisza	144 Tiszabecs	HU							
	145 Gergelyiugornya	HU							
	146 Zahony	HU							
	147 Tiszabercel	HU							
	148 Rakamaz	HU							
	149 Szolnok	HU							
	150 Mindszent	HU							
	151 Tiszasziget II	HU							
	152 Tiszasziget I	HU							

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)  
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.  
M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S5:** Time averages

**YEAR :** 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** residual- $\beta$

DENSE

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Danube	154 Vilshofen	DE								
	155 Wolfsthal	AT	12	< RL	9					
	156 Rajka	HU								
	157 Szob	HU								
	158 Budapest - North I	HU								
	159 Budapest - Danube	HU								
	160 Nagyteteny	HU								
	161 Dunaujvaros	HU								
	162 Dunafoldvar II	HU								
	163 Dunafoldvar I	HU								
	164 Kalocsa	HU								
	165 Gerjen	HU								
	166 Baja	HU								
	167 Mohacs	HU								
	168 Drobeta Turnu Severin	RO								
	169 Novo Selo	BG								
	170 Ruse	BG								
	172 Bechet	RO								
	173 Oriahovo	BG								
	174 Baykal	BG								
	175 Nikopol	BG								
	176 Belene	BG								
	177 Zimnicea	RO								
	178 Svishtov	BG								
	179 Ruse	BG								
	180 Silistra	BG								
	181 Calarasi	RO								
	182 Cernavoda*	RO								
	183 Tulcea	RO								
	184 Sfantu Gheorghe Tulcea	RO								
Clyde	185 Clyde Estuary	UK								
Lough Neagh	186 Lough Neagh	UK								
Faughan	187 Faughan	UK								
Sava	188 Zagreb	HR								

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)  
\*: sampling location downstream of a nuclear power plant

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S6:** Time averages

**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : residual- $\beta$

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Indalsaelven	1 Oestersund-Storsjoen	SE								
Gulf Of Bothnia	2 Forsmark (F135)	SE								
	3 Bottenhavet (C14)	SE								
	4 Bottenviken (A5)	SE								
Kemijoki	5 Kemi	FI								
Oulujoki	6 Oulu	FI								
Kymijoki	7 Kotka	FI								
Narva	8 Narva	EE								
Gulf Of Finland	9 Gulf Of Finland, N8	EE								
	10 Gulf Of Finland, EE17	EE								
	11 Gulf Of Finland, PE	EE								
	12 Gulf Of Finland, PW	EE								
Daugava	13 Daugavpils	LV								
	14 Riga	LV								
Neman	15 Above Druskininkai	LT								
	16 Skirvyte	LT								
Vistula	17 Krakow Tyniec	PL								
	18 Annopol	PL								
	19 Plock	PL								
	20 Kiezmark	PL								
Oder	21 Bohumin	CZ	4	< RL	8					
	22 Chalupki	PL								
	23 Wroclaw	PL								
	25 Krajnik	PL								
Baltic Sea	26 Oskarshamn (S36)	SE								
	27 Baltic Sea P-140	PL								
	28 Baltic Sea P-1	PL								
	29 Baltic Sea P-116	PL								
	30 Baltic Sea P-110	PL								
	31 Baltic Sea P-5	PL								
	32 Baltic Sea P-39	PL								
	33 Moen	DK								
	34 Gedser Odde	DK								
	35 Luebeck Bay	DE								
	36 Femern Baelt	DK								
	37 Langeland Baelt	DK								
The Great Belt	38 Halskov Rev	DK								
	39 Asnaes Rev	DK								
The Sound	40 The Sound S	DK								
	41 The Sound N(A)	DK								

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S7:** Time averages

DENSE

**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : residual- $\beta$

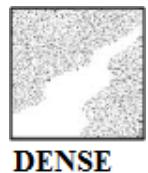
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Kattegat	42 Kattegat-413	DK								
	45 Ringhals (35)	SE								
Skagerrak	46 Fjaellbacka	SE								
Elbe	47 Hrensko	CZ	5	< RL	2					
	48 Wedel	DE								
	49 Cuxhaven	DE								
Rhine	50 Lauterbourg	FR								
	51 Worms	DE								
	52 Trebur	DE								
	53 Koblenz	DE								
	54 Lobith	NL								
Moselle	55 Wincheringen	DE								
Meuse	56 Chooz (Givet)	FR								
	57 Heer-Agimont	BE								
	58 Anderenne	BE								
	59 Huy	BE								
	60 Lixhe	BE								
	61 Eijsden	NL								
North Sea	63 Terschelling, 100 km from coast	NL								
	64 Noordwijk, 70 km from coast	NL								
	65 Noordwijk, 10 km from coast	NL								
Seine	66 Le Vesinet	FR								
Channel	67 Wimereux	FR								
	68 Jobourg	FR								
	69 La Hague-Jardeheu	FR								
Loire	70 Dampierre en Burly	FR								
	71 Angers (EDF)	FR								
Garonne	72 Bordeaux	FR								
Atlantic Ocean	73 Pornichet	FR								
	74 Arcachon	FR								
	75 St Pierre D'Oleron	FR								
	78 Cabo Silleiro	ES	1				8.6E-01		8.6E-01	8
	79 Isla Christina	ES							$\Delta$	
	80 Puerto de Cadiz	ES							$\Delta$	
	81 Estrecho de Gibraltar	ES							$\Delta$	
	82 Puerto De Las Palmas	ES							$\Delta$	

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)  
 $\Delta$ : only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S8:** Time averages

**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : residual- $\beta$

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mino	83 Lugo	ES	4	< RL	2					
	84 Orense	ES	4	< RL	7					
	85 Caldelas De Tuy	ES	4	< RL	7					
Duero	86 Garray	ES	4	< RL	7					
	87 Quintanilla	ES	4	< RL	4					
	88 Villalcampo	ES	4	< RL	1					
Tagus	89 Trillo Arriba	ES	4	< RL	3					
	90 Zorita Arriba	ES	12	< RL	12					
	91 Aranjuez	ES	4	< RL	12					
	92 Toledo	ES	4	< RL	9					
	93 Talavera	ES	4	< RL	9					
	94 Valdecanas	ES	12	< RL	2					
	95 Embalse de Torrejon	ES	16	< RL	9					
	96 Vila Velha de Rodao	PT								
	97 Valada Do Ribatejo	PT	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	12
Guadiana	98 Balbuena	ES	4	< RL	6					
	99 Puente Palmas	ES	4	< RL	9					
	100 San Lucar	ES	4	< RL	3					
Jucar	103 Venta De Juan Romero	ES	4	< RL	11					
	104 Embalse De Alarcon	ES	4	< RL	8					
	105 Alcala Del Jucar	ES	4	< RL	8					
	106 Cofrentes Abajo	ES	12	< RL	12					
Ebro	107 Garona Arriba	ES	13	< RL	8					
	108 Garona Abajo	ES	26	< RL	12					
	109 Mendavia	ES	4	< RL	1					
	110 Zaragoza-Rio	ES	4	< RL	10					
	111 Sastago	ES	4	< RL	1					
	112 Ribarroja	ES	11	< RL	9					
	113 Asco Abajo	ES	26	< RL	9					
	114 Garcia	ES								
	115 Cherta	ES								
Rhone	116 Saint Alban	FR								
	117 Cruas (Aval)	FR								
	118 Tricastin	FR								
	119 Roquemaure (Marcoule)	FR								

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S9:** Time averages

**YEAR :** 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** residual- $\beta$

DENSE

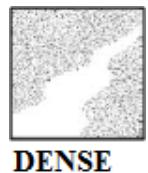
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mediterranean Sea	120	Garrucha	ES					$\Delta$		
	122	Cabo de San Antonio	ES							
	123	Puerto de Palma	ES							
	124	Puerto de Tarragona	ES							
	126	Cabo de Creus	ES							
	127	Rotondella	IT							
	128	Xwejni	MT							
	129	Lapsi	MT							
	130	Wied Ghammieg	MT							
	131	Polis	CY							
	132	Paphos	CY							
	133	Limassol	CY							
	134	Larnaca	CY							
	135	Paralimni	CY							
Maritsa	136	Kostenec	BG							
	137	Plovdiv	BG							
	138	Mirovo	BG							
	139	Harmanli	BG							
	140	Svilengrad	BG							
Drau	141	Schwabegg	AT	24	< RL	10				
	142	Dravograd	SI							
Sava	143	Krsko	SI							
Tisza	144	Tiszabecs	HU							
	145	Gergelyiugornya	HU							
	146	Zahony	HU							
	147	Tiszabercel	HU							
	148	Rakamaz	HU							
	149	Szolnok	HU							
	150	Mindszent	HU							
	151	Tiszasziget II	HU							
	152	Tiszasziget I	HU							

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)  
 $\Delta$ : only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S10:** Time averages

**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : residual- $\beta$

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Danube	154 Vilshofen	DE								
	155 Wolfsthal	AT	12	< RL	7					
	156 Rajka	HU								
	157 Szob	HU								
	158 Budapest - North I	HU								
	159 Budapest - Danube	HU								
	160 Nagyteteny	HU								
	161 Dunaujvaros	HU								
	162 Dunafoldvar II	HU								
	163 Dunafoldvar I	HU								
	164 Kalocsa	HU								
	165 Gerjen	HU								
	166 Baja	HU								
	167 Mohacs	HU								
	168 Drobeta Turnu Severin	RO								
	169 Novo Selo	BG								
	170 Ruse	BG								
	172 Bechet	RO								
	173 Oriahovo	BG								
	174 Baykal	BG								
	175 Nikopol	BG								
	176 Belene	BG								
	177 Zimnicea	RO								
	178 Svishtov	BG								
	179 Ruse	BG								
	180 Silistra	BG								
	181 Calarasi	RO								
	182 Cernavoda*	RO								
	183 Tulcea	RO								
	184 Sfantu Gheorghe Tulcea	RO								
Clyde	185 Clyde Estuary	UK								
Lough Neagh	186 Lough Neagh	UK								
Faughan	187 Faughan	UK								
Sava	188 Zagreb	HR								

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)  
\*: sampling location downstream of a nuclear power plant

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.  
M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S11:** Time averages

**YEAR :** 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** residual- $\beta$

DENSE

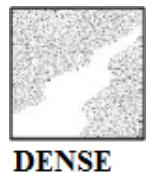
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Indalsaelven	1 Oestersund-Storsjoen	SE								
Gulf Of Bothnia	2 Forsmark (F135)	SE								
	3 Bottenhavet (C14)	SE								
	4 Bottenviken (A5)	SE								
Kemijoki	5 Kemi	FI								
Oulujoki	6 Oulu	FI								
Kymijoki	7 Kotka	FI								
Narva	8 Narva	EE								
Gulf Of Finland	9 Gulf Of Finland, N8	EE								
	10 Gulf Of Finland, EE17	EE								
	11 Gulf Of Finland, PE	EE								
	12 Gulf Of Finland, PW	EE								
Daugava	13 Daugavpils	LV								
	14 Riga	LV								
Neman	15 Above Druskininkai	LT								
	16 Skirvyte	LT								
Vistula	17 Krakow Tyniec	PL								
	18 Annopol	PL								
	19 Plock	PL								
	20 Kiezman	PL								
Oder	21 Bohumin	CZ								
	22 Chalupki	PL								
	23 Wroclaw	PL								
	25 Krajnik	PL								
Baltic Sea	26 Oskarshamn (S36)	SE								
	27 Baltic Sea P-140	PL								
	28 Baltic Sea P-1	PL								
	29 Baltic Sea P-116	PL								
	30 Baltic Sea P-110	PL								
	31 Baltic Sea P-5	PL								
	32 Baltic Sea P-39	PL								
	33 Moen	DK								
	34 Gedser Odde	DK								
	35 Luebeck Bay	DE								
	36 Femern Baelt	DK								
	37 Langeland Baelt	DK								
The Great Belt	38 Halskov Rev	DK								
	39 Asnaes Rev	DK								
The Sound	40 The Sound S	DK								
	41 The Sound N(A)	DK								

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S12:** Time averages

**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : residual- $\beta$

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Kattegat	42 Kattegat-413	DK								
	45 Ringhals (35)	SE								
Skagerrak	46 Fjaellbacka	SE								
Elbe	47 Hrensko	CZ								
	48 Wedel	DE								
	49 Cuxhaven	DE								
Rhine	50 Lauterbourg	FR								
	51 Worms	DE								
	52 Trebur	DE								
	53 Koblenz	DE								
	54 Lobith	NL								
Moselle	55 Wincheringen	DE								
Meuse	56 Chooz (Givet)	FR								
	57 Heer-Agimont	BE								
	58 Andenne	BE								
	59 Huy	BE								
	60 Lixhe	BE								
	61 Eijsden	NL								
North Sea	63 Terschelling, 100 km from coast	NL								
	64 Noordwijk, 70 km from coast	NL								
	65 Noordwijk, 10 km from coast	NL								
Seine	66 Le Vesinet	FR								
Channel	67 Wimereux	FR								
	68 Jobourg	FR								
	69 La Hague-Jardeheu	FR								
Loire	70 Dampierre en Burly	FR								
	71 Angers (EDF)	FR								
Garonne	72 Bordeaux	FR								
Atlantic Ocean	73 Pornichet	FR								
	74 Arcachon	FR								
	75 St Pierre D'Oleron	FR								
	78 Cabo Silleiro	ES							Δ	
	79 Isla Christina	ES							Δ	
	80 Puerto de Cadiz	ES							Δ	
	81 Estrecho de Gibraltar	ES							Δ	
	82 Puerto De Las Palmas	ES							Δ	

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)  
 $\Delta$ : only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
 Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.  
 M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S13:** Time averages

DENSE

**YEAR :** 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** residual- $\beta$

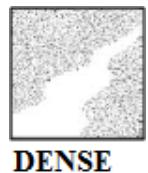
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mino	83	Lugo	ES	4	< RL	4				
	84	Orense	ES	4	< RL	4				
	85	Caldelas De Tuy	ES	4	< RL	4				
Duero	86	Garray	ES	4	< RL	1				
	87	Quintanilla	ES	4	< RL	1				
	88	Villalcampo	ES	4	< RL	1				
Tagus	89	Trillo Arriba	ES	4	< RL	3				
	90	Zorita Arriba	ES	12	< RL	1				
	91	Aranjuez	ES	4	< RL	3				
	92	Toledo	ES	4	< RL	3				
	93	Talavera	ES	4	< RL	6				
	94	Valdecanas	ES	12	< RL	10				
	95	Embalse de Torrejon	ES	16	< RL	9				
	96	Vila Velha de Rodao	PT							
	97	Valada Do Ribatejo	PT	1		< RL		< RL	< RL	4
Guadiana	98	Balbuena	ES	4	< RL	6				
	99	Puente Palmas	ES	4	< RL	12				
	100	San Lucar	ES	4	< RL	9				
Jucar	103	Venta De Juan Romero	ES	4	< RL	2				
	104	Embalse De Alarcon	ES	4	< RL	11				
	105	Alcala Del Jucar	ES	4	< RL	8				
	106	Cofrentes Abajo	ES	12	< RL	1				
Ebro	107	Garona Arriba	ES	14	< RL	7				
	108	Garona Abajo	ES	27	< RL	2				
	109	Mendavia	ES	4	< RL	4				
	110	Zaragoza-Rio	ES	4	< RL	10				
	111	Sastago	ES	4	< RL	7				
	112	Ribarroja	ES	12	< RL	10				
	113	Asco Abajo	ES	25	< RL	9				
	114	Garcia	ES							
	115	Cherta	ES							
Rhone	116	Saint Alban	FR							
	117	Cruas (Aval)	FR							
	118	Tricastin	FR							
	119	Roquemaure (Marcoule)	FR							

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S14:** Time averages

**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : residual- $\beta$

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mediterranean Sea	120	Garrucha	ES					Δ		
	122	Cabo de San Antonio	ES					Δ		
	123	Puerto de Palma	ES					Δ		
	124	Puerto de Tarragona	ES					Δ		
	126	Cabo de Creus	ES					Δ		
	127	Rotondella	IT							
	128	Xwejni	MT							
	129	Lapsi	MT							
	130	Wied Ghammieq	MT							
	131	Polis	CY							
	132	Paphos	CY							
	133	Limassol	CY							
	134	Larnaca	CY							
	135	Paralimni	CY							
Maritsa	136	Kostenec	BG							
	137	Plovdiv	BG							
	138	Mirovo	BG							
	139	Harmanli	BG							
	140	Svilengrad	BG							
Drau	141	Schwabegg	AT	24	< RL	2				
	142	Dravograd	SI							
Sava	143	Krsko	SI							
Tisza	144	Tiszabecs	HU							
	145	Gergelyiugornya	HU							
	146	Zahony	HU							
	147	Tiszabercel	HU							
	148	Rakamaz	HU							
	149	Szolnok	HU							
	150	Mindszent	HU							
	151	Tiszasziget II	HU							
	152	Tiszasziget I	HU							

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)  
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.  
M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S15:** Time averages

**YEAR :** 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** residual- $\beta$

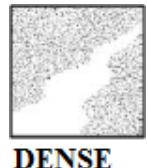
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Danube	154 Vilshofen	DE								
	155 Wolfsthal	AT	12	< RL	4					
	156 Rajka	HU								
	157 Szob	HU								
	158 Budapest - North I	HU								
	159 Budapest - Danube	HU								
	160 Nagyteteny	HU								
	161 Dunaujvaros	HU								
	162 Dunafoldvar II	HU								
	163 Dunafoldvar I	HU								
	164 Kalocsa	HU								
	165 Gerjen	HU								
	166 Baja	HU								
	167 Mohacs	HU								
	168 Drobeta Turnu Severin	RO								
	169 Novo Selo	BG								
	170 Ruse	BG								
	172 Bechet	RO								
	173 Oriahovo	BG								
	174 Baykal	BG								
	175 Nikopol	BG								
	176 Belene	BG								
	177 Zimnicea	RO								
	178 Svishtov	BG								
	179 Ruse	BG								
	180 Silistra	BG								
	181 Calarasi	RO								
	182 Cernavoda*	RO								
	183 Tulcea	RO								
	184 Sfantu Gheorghe Tulcea	RO								
Clyde	185 Clyde Estuary	UK								
Lough Neagh	186 Lough Neagh	UK								
Faughan	187 Faughan	UK								
Sava	188 Zagreb	HR								

RL: reporting level for residual- $\beta$  in surface water, i.e. 6.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)  
\*: sampling location downstream of a nuclear power plant

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S16:** Time averages

**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Indalsaelven	1 Oestersund-Storsjoen	SE	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	9
Gulf Of Bothnia	2 Forsmark (F135)	SE	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
	3 Bottenhavet (C14)	SE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
	4 Bottenviken (A5)	SE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
Kemijoki	5 Kemi	FI	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	5
Oulujoki	6 Oulu	FI	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	10
Kymijoki	7 Kotka	FI	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	10
Narva	8 Narva	EE	4		< RL	10				
Gulf Of Finland	9 Gulf Of Finland, N8	EE	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	5
	10 Gulf Of Finland, EE17	EE	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	5
	11 Gulf Of Finland, PE	EE	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	5
	12 Gulf Of Finland, PW	EE	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	5
Daugava	13 Daugavpils	LV								
	14 Riga	LV								
Neman	15 Above Druskininkai	LT	4	< RL	10					
	16 Skirvyte	LT	4	< RL	2					
Vistula	17 Krakow Tyniec	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
	18 Annopol	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
	19 Plock	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	8
	20 Kiezmark	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
Oder	21 Bohumin	CZ	4	< RL	8					
	22 Chalupki	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
	23 Wroclaw	PL								
	25 Krajnik	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
Baltic Sea	26 Oskarshamn (S36)	SE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
	27 Baltic Sea P-140	PL								
	28 Baltic Sea P-1	PL								
	29 Baltic Sea P-116	PL								
	30 Baltic Sea P-110	PL								
	31 Baltic Sea P-5	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
	32 Baltic Sea P-39	PL								
	33 Moen	DK	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
	34 Gedser Odde	DK	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
	35 Luebeck Bay	DE								
	36 Femern Baelt	DK	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	12
	37 Langeland Baelt	DK	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	12
The Great Belt	38 Halskov Rev	DK	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
	39 Asnaes Rev	DK	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	12
The Sound	40 The Sound S	DK	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
	41 The Sound N(A)	DK	2		< RL			< RL	< RL	12

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S17:** Time averages

DENSE

**YEAR :** 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

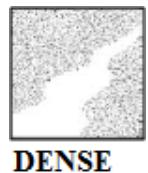
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Kattegat	42 Kattegat-413	DK	2	< RL	6					
	45 Ringhals (35)	SE	2	< RL	6					
Skagerrak	46 Fjaellbacka	SE	2	< RL	4					
Elbe	47 Hrensko	CZ	4	< RL	10					
	48 Wedel	DE	11	< RL	11					
	49 Cuxhaven	DE	7	< RL	11					
Rhine	50 Lauterbourg	FR								
	51 Worms	DE	11	< RL	4					
	52 Trebur	DE	16	< RL	11					
	53 Koblenz	DE	21	< RL	11					
	54 Lobith	NL								
Moselle	55 Wincheringen	DE	11	< RL	9					
Meuse	56 Chooz (Givet)	FR								
	57 Heer-Agimont	BE	4	< RL	10					
	58 Anderenne	BE	28	< RL	10					
	59 Huy	BE	26	< RL	4					
	60 Lixhe	BE	28	< RL	4					
	61 Eijsden	NL								
North Sea	63 Terschelling, 100 km from coast	NL								
	64 Noordwijk, 70 km from coast	NL								
	65 Noordwijk, 10 km from coast	NL								
Seine	66 Le Vesinet	FR								
Channel	67 Wimereux	FR								
	68 Jobourg	FR								
	69 La Hague-Jardeheu	FR								
Loire	70 Dampierre en Burly	FR								
	71 Angers (EDF)	FR								
Garonne	72 Bordeaux	FR								
Atlantic Ocean	73 Pornichet	FR								
	74 Arcachon	FR								
	75 St Pierre D'Oleron	FR								
	78 Cabo Silleiro	ES	4	< RL	3					
	79 Isla Christina	ES	4	< RL	5					
	80 Puerto de Cadiz	ES	4	< RL	5					
	81 Estrecho de Gibraltar	ES	4	< RL	3					
	82 Puerto De Las Palmas	ES	4	< RL	3					

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S18:** Time averages


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mino	83 Lugo	ES	4	< RL	4					
	84 Orense	ES	4	< RL	1					
	85 Caldelas De Tuy	ES	4	< RL	1					
Duero	86 Garray	ES	4	< RL	4					
	87 Quintanilla	ES	4	< RL	7					
	88 Villalcampo	ES	4	< RL	4					
Tagus	89 Trillo Arriba	ES	4	< RL	3					
	90 Zorita Arriba	ES	12	< RL	2					
	91 Aranjuez	ES	4	< RL	3					
	92 Toledo	ES	4	< RL	3					
	93 Talavera	ES	4	< RL	12					
	94 Valdecanas	ES	12	< RL	1					
	95 Embalse de Torrejon	ES	17	< RL	5					
	96 Vila Velha de Rodao	PT								
	97 Valada Do Ribatejo	PT	10	< RL	10					
Guadiana	98 Balbuena	ES	2	< RL		< RL		< RL	< RL	3
	99 Puente Palmas	ES	3	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	3
	100 San Lucar	ES	3	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	3
Jucar	103 Venta De Juan Romero	ES	4	< RL	2					
	104 Embalse De Alarcon	ES	4	< RL	2					
	105 Alcala Del Jucar	ES	4	< RL	5					
	106 Cofrentes Abajo	ES	12	< RL	3					
Ebro	107 Garona Arriba	ES	13	< RL	7					
	108 Garona Abajo	ES	26	< RL	4					
	109 Mendavia	ES	4	< RL	4					
	110 Zaragoza-Rio	ES	4	< RL	7					
	111 Sastago	ES	4	< RL	1					
	112 Ribarroja	ES	12	< RL	8					
	113 Asco Abajo	ES	26	< RL	5					
	114 Garcia	ES	8	< RL	5					
	115 Cherta	ES								
Rhone	116 Saint Alban	FR								
	117 Cruas (Aval)	FR	5	< RL	2					
	118 Tricastin	FR	1	< RL				< RL	< RL	1
	119 Roquemaure (Marcoule)	FR								

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S19:** Time averages

DENSE

**YEAR :** 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

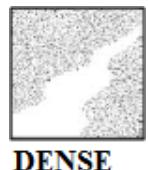
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mediterranean Sea	120	Garrucha	ES	4	< RL	< RL 5				
	122	Cabo de San Antonio	ES	4	< RL	< RL 8				
	123	Puerto de Palma	ES	4	< RL	< RL 10				
	124	Puerto de Tarragona	ES	4	< RL	< RL 5				
	126	Cabo de Creus	ES	8	< RL	< RL 3				
	127	Rotondella	IT	2		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL 5
	128	Xwejni	MT	4	< RL	< RL 5				
	129	Lapsi	MT	4	< RL	< RL 10				
	130	Wied Ghammieg	MT	4	< RL	< RL 10				
	131	Polis	CY	1	< RL	< RL 1				
	132	Paphos	CY							
	133	Limassol	CY	2	< RL	< RL 1				
	134	Larnaca	CY	1	< RL	< RL 1				
	135	Paralimni	CY	1	< RL	< RL 1				
Maritsa	136	Kostenec	BG							
	137	Plovdiv	BG							
	138	Mirovo	BG							
	139	Harmanli	BG							
	140	Svilengrad	BG							
Drau	141	Schwabegg	AT	24	< RL	< RL 1				
	142	Dravograd	SI	4	< RL	< RL 1				
Sava	143	Krsko	SI							
Tisza	144	Tiszabecs	HU							
	145	Gergelyiugornya	HU							
	146	Zahony	HU							
	147	Tiszabercel	HU							
	148	Rakamaz	HU							
	149	Szolnok	HU	4	< RL	< RL 1				
	150	Mindszent	HU							
	151	Tiszasziget II	HU							
	152	Tiszasziget I	HU	3	< RL	< RL 1				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S20:** Time averages


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Danube	154 Vilshofen	DE	10	< RL	11					
	155 Wolfsthal	AT	12	< RL	6					
	156 Rajka	HU								
	157 Szob	HU								
	158 Budapest - North I	HU								
	159 Budapest - Danube	HU								
	160 Nagyteteny	HU								
	161 Dunaujvaros	HU	2	< RL	7					
	162 Dunafoldvar II	HU	3	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
	163 Dunafoldvar I	HU								
	164 Kalocsa	HU								
	165 Gerjen	HU	2	< RL	7					
	166 Baja	HU	3	< RL	1					
	167 Mohacs	HU	2	< RL	1					
	168 Drobeta Turnu Severin	RO								
	169 Novo Selo	BG								
	170 Ruse	BG								
	172 Bechet	RO								
	173 Oriahovo	BG								
	174 Baykal	BG								
	175 Nikopol	BG								
	176 Belene	BG								
	177 Zimnicea	RO								
	178 Svishtov	BG								
	179 Ruse	BG								
	180 Silistra	BG								
	181 Calarasi	RO								
	182 Cernavoda*	RO	10	< RL	3					
	183 Tulcea	RO								
	184 Sfantu Gheorge Tulcea	RO	10	< RL	10					
Clyde	185 Clyde Estuary	UK	4	< RL	3					
Lough Neagh	186 Lough Neagh	UK	1	< RL				< RL	< RL	1
Faughan	187 Faughan	UK								
Sava	188 Zagreb	HR	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 BQ/L (see Appendix B)  
\*: sampling location downstream of a nuclear power plant

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.  
M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S21:** Time averages

**YEAR :** 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Indalsaelven	1 Oestersund-Storsjoen	SE	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	9
Gulf Of Bothnia	2 Forsmark (F135)	SE	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
	3 Bottenhavet (C14)	SE	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
	4 Bottenviken (A5)	SE	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
Kemijoki	5 Kemi	FI	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
Oulujoki	6 Oulu	FI	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
Kymijoki	7 Kotka	FI	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
Narva	8 Narva	EE	4		< RL	4				
Gulf Of Finland	9 Gulf Of Finland, N8	EE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
	10 Gulf Of Finland, EE17	EE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
	11 Gulf Of Finland, PE	EE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
	12 Gulf Of Finland, PW	EE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
Daugava	13 Daugavpils	LV								
	14 Riga	LV								
Neman	15 Above Druskininkai	LT	4	< RL	2					
	16 Skirvyte	LT	4	< RL	10					
Vistula	17 Krakow Tyniec	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
	18 Annopol	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	8
	19 Plock	PL	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
	20 Kiezmark	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	6
Oder	21 Bohumin	CZ	4	< RL	8					
	22 Chalupki	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	8
	23 Wroclaw	PL								
	25 Krajnik	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
Baltic Sea	26 Oskarshamn (S36)	SE	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	11
	27 Baltic Sea P-140	PL								
	28 Baltic Sea P-1	PL								
	29 Baltic Sea P-116	PL								
	30 Baltic Sea P-110	PL								
	31 Baltic Sea P-5	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	8
	32 Baltic Sea P-39	PL								
	33 Moen	DK	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
	34 Gedser Odde	DK	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
	35 Luebeck Bay	DE								
	36 Femern Baelt	DK	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
	37 Langeland Baelt	DK	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
The Great Belt	38 Halskov Rev	DK	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
	39 Asnaes Rev	DK	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
The Sound	40 The Sound S	DK	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
	41 The Sound N(A)	DK	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S22:** Time averages


**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Kattegat	42 Kattegat-413	DK	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
	45 Ringhals (35)	SE	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	9
Skagerrak	46 Fjaellbacka	SE	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
Elbe	47 Hrensko	CZ	4	< RL	2					
	48 Wedel	DE	12	< RL	3					
	49 Cuxhaven	DE	11	< RL	2					
Rhine	50 Lauterbourg	FR								
	51 Worms	DE	12	< RL	6					
	52 Trebur	DE	15	< RL	5					
	53 Koblenz	DE	21	< RL	11					
	54 Lobith	NL								
Moselle	55 Wincheringen	DE	12	< RL	10					
Meuse	56 Chooz (Givet)	FR								
	57 Heer-Agimont	BE	4		< RL	9				
	58 Andenne	BE	27	< RL	4					
	59 Huy	BE	26	< RL	4					
	60 Lixhe	BE	27	< RL	3					
	61 Eijsden	NL								
North Sea	63 Terschelling, 100 km from coast	NL								
	64 Noordwijk, 70 km from coast	NL								
	65 Noordwijk, 10 km from coast	NL								
Seine	66 Le Vesinet	FR								
Channel	67 Wimereux	FR								
	68 Jobourg	FR								
	69 La Hague-Jardeheu	FR								
Loire	70 Dampierre en Burly	FR								
	71 Angers (EDF)	FR								
Garonne	72 Bordeaux	FR								
Atlantic Ocean	73 Pornichet	FR								
	74 Arcachon	FR								
	75 St Pierre D'Oleron	FR								
	78 Cabo Silleiro	ES	4	< RL	2					
	79 Isla Christina	ES	4	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	7
	80 Puerto de Cadiz	ES	4	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	7
	81 Estrecho de Gibraltar	ES	4	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	12
	82 Puerto De Las Palmas	ES	4	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	2

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S23:** Time averages

DENSE

**YEAR :** 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

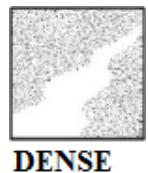
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mino	83	Lugo	ES	4	< RL	4				
	84	Orense	ES	4	< RL	7				
	85	Caldelas De Tuy	ES	4	< RL	7				
Duero	86	Garray	ES	4	< RL	4				
	87	Quintanilla	ES	4	< RL	4				
	88	Villalcampo	ES	4	< RL	10				
Tagus	89	Trillo Arriba	ES	4	< RL	3				
	90	Zorita Arriba	ES	12	< RL	11				
	91	Aranjuez	ES	4	< RL	9				
	92	Toledo	ES	4	< RL	3				
	93	Talavera	ES	4	< RL	3				
	94	Valdecanas	ES	12	< RL	10				
	95	Embalse de Torrejon	ES	16	< RL	5				
	96	Vila Velha de Rodao	PT							
	97	Valada Do Ribatejo	PT	10	< RL	11				
Guadiana	98	Balbuena	ES	4	< RL	12				
	99	Puente Palmas	ES	4	< RL	6				
	100	San Lucar	ES	4	< RL	6				
Jucar	103	Venta De Juan Romero	ES	4	< RL	2				
	104	Embalse De Alarcon	ES	4	< RL	5				
	105	Alcala Del Jucar	ES	4	< RL	5				
	106	Cofrentes Abajo	ES	12	< RL	5				
Ebro	107	Garona Arriba	ES	13	< RL	8				
	108	Garona Abajo	ES	26	< RL	7				
	109	Mendavia	ES	4	< RL	7				
	110	Zaragoza-Rio	ES	4	< RL	5				
	111	Sastago	ES	4	< RL	7				
	112	Ribarroja	ES	11	< RL	11				
	113	Asco Abajo	ES	26	< RL	11				
	114	Garcia	ES	8	< RL	8				
	115	Cherta	ES							
Rhone	116	Saint Alban	FR							
	117	Cruas (Aval)	FR	4	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	3
	118	Tricastin	FR							
	119	Roquemaure (Marcoule)	FR							

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S24:** Time averages

**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mediterranean Sea	120	Garrucha	ES	4	< RL	8				
	122	Cabo de San Antonio	ES	4	< RL	8				
	123	Puerto de Palma	ES	3	< RL		< RL		< RL	9
	124	Puerto de Tarragona	ES	4	< RL	2				
	126	Cabo de Creus	ES	8	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	8
	127	Rotondella	IT	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	6
	128	Xwejni	MT	4	< RL	7				
	129	Lapsi	MT	4	< RL	9				
	130	Wied Ghammieq	MT	4	< RL	< RL	< RL	1.7E+00	< RL	12
	131	Polis	CY	1			< RL		< RL	7
	132	Paphos	CY	1		< RL			< RL	5
	133	Limassol	CY	2		< RL			< RL	4
	134	Larnaca	CY	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	5
	135	Paralimni	CY	2		< RL			< RL	5
Maritsa	136	Kostenec	BG							
	137	Plovdiv	BG							
	138	Mirovo	BG							
	139	Harmanli	BG							
	140	Svilengrad	BG							
Drau	141	Schwabegg	AT	24	< RL	1				
	142	Dravograd	SI	4	< RL	1				
Sava	143	Krsko	SI	4	< RL	2				
Tisza	144	Tiszabecs	HU							
	145	Gergelyiugornya	HU							
	146	Zahony	HU							
	147	Tiszabercel	HU							
	148	Rakamaz	HU							
	149	Szolnok	HU	5	< RL	2				
	150	Mindszent	HU							
	151	Tiszasziget II	HU	1	< RL				< RL	1
	152	Tiszasziget I	HU	6	< RL	1				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S25:** Time averages

**YEAR :** 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Danube	154	Vilshofen	DE	12	< RL	6				
	155	Wolfsthal	AT	12	< RL	6				
	156	Rajka	HU							
	157	Szob	HU							
	158	Budapest - North I	HU							
	159	Budapest - Danube	HU							
	160	Nagyteteny	HU							
	161	Dunaujvaros	HU	2	< RL	1				
	162	Dunafoldvar II	HU	4	< RL	1				
	163	Dunafoldvar I	HU	4	< RL	7				
	164	Kalocsa	HU	4	< RL	4				
	165	Gerjen	HU	10	< RL	2				
	166	Baja	HU	3	< RL	1				
	167	Mohacs	HU	2	< RL	1				
	168	Drobeta Turnu Severin	RO	12	< RL	11				
	169	Novo Selo	BG							
	170	Ruse	BG							
	172	Bechet	RO	12	< RL	4				
	173	Oriahovo	BG							
	174	Baykal	BG							
	175	Nikopol	BG							
	176	Belene	BG							
	177	Zimnicea	RO	12	< RL	10				
	178	Svishtov	BG							
	179	Ruse	BG							
	180	Silistra	BG							
	181	Calarasi	RO							
	182	Cernavoda*	RO	24	< RL	1				
	183	Tulcea	RO	12	< RL	2				
	184	Sfantu Gheorge Tulcea	RO	12	< RL	6				
Clyde	185	Clyde Estuary	UK	4	< RL	3				
Lough Neagh	186	Lough Neagh	UK							
Faughan	187	Faughan	UK							
Sava	188	Zagreb	HR	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	4

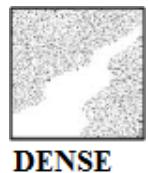
RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

\*: sampling location downstream of a nuclear power plant

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S26:** Time averages

**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Indalsaelven	1 Oestersund-Storsjoen	SE	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
Gulf Of Bothnia	2 Forsmark (F135)	SE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
	3 Bottenhavet (C14)	SE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
	4 Bottenviken (A5)	SE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
Kemijoki	5 Kemi	FI	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
Oulujoki	6 Oulu	FI	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
Kymijoki	7 Kotka	FI	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
Narva	8 Narva	EE	4		< RL	4				
Gulf Of Finland	9 Gulf Of Finland, N8	EE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	8
	10 Gulf Of Finland, EE17	EE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	8
	11 Gulf Of Finland, PE	EE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	8
	12 Gulf Of Finland, PW	EE	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	8
Daugava	13 Daugavpils	LV								
	14 Riga	LV								
Neman	15 Above Druskininkai	LT	4	< RL	7					
	16 Skirvyte	LT	4	< RL	10					
Vistula	17 Krakow Tyniec	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
	18 Annopol	PL	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
	19 Plock	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
	20 Kiezmark	PL	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	8
Oder	21 Bohumin	CZ								
	22 Chalupki	PL	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
	23 Wroclaw	PL								
	25 Krajnik	PL	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
Baltic Sea	26 Oskarshamn (S36)	SE	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
	27 Baltic Sea P-140	PL								
	28 Baltic Sea P-1	PL								
	29 Baltic Sea P-116	PL								
	30 Baltic Sea P-110	PL								
	31 Baltic Sea P-5	PL	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
	32 Baltic Sea P-39	PL								
	33 Moen	DK	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
	34 Gedser Odde	DK	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
	35 Luebeck Bay	DE								
	36 Femern Baelt	DK	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
	37 Langeland Baelt	DK	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
The Great Belt	38 Halskov Rev	DK	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
	39 Asnaes Rev	DK	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
The Sound	40 The Sound S	DK	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
	41 The Sound N(A)	DK	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S27:** Time averages

DENSE

**YEAR :** 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Kattegat	42 Kattegat-413	DK	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
	45 Ringhals (35)	SE	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
Skagerrak	46 Fjaellbacka	SE	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	9
Elbe	47 Hrensko	CZ								
	48 Wedel	DE	12	< RL	12					
	49 Cuxhaven	DE	3	< RL				< RL	< RL	3
Rhine	50 Lauterbourg	FR								
	51 Worms	DE	13	< RL	7					
	52 Trebur	DE	17	< RL	1					
	53 Koblenz	DE	26	< RL	3					
	54 Lobith	NL								
Moselle	55 Wincheringen	DE	12	< RL	6					
Meuse	56 Chooz (Givet)	FR								
	57 Heer-Agimont	BE	4		< RL	5				
	58 Anderenne	BE	26	< RL	10					
	59 Huy	BE	26	< RL	7					
	60 Lixhe	BE	26	< RL	12					
	61 Eijsden	NL								
North Sea	63 Terschelling, 100 km from coast	NL								
	64 Noordwijk, 70 km from coast	NL								
	65 Noordwijk, 10 km from coast	NL								
Seine	66 Le Vesinet	FR								
Channel	67 Wimereux	FR								
	68 Jobourg	FR								
	69 La Hague-Jardeheu	FR								
Loire	70 Dampierre en Burly	FR								
	71 Angers (EDF)	FR								
Garonne	72 Bordeaux	FR								
Atlantic Ocean	73 Pornichet	FR								
	74 Arcachon	FR								
	75 St Pierre D'Oleron	FR								
	78 Cabo Silleiro	ES	4	< RL	5					
	79 Isla Christina	ES	4	< RL	9					
	80 Puerto de Cadiz	ES	4	< RL	9					
	81 Estrecho de Gibraltar	ES	4	< RL	9					
	82 Puerto De Las Palmas	ES	4	< RL	5					

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S28:** Time averages


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mino	83 Lugo	ES	4	< RL	10					
	84 Orense	ES	4	< RL	7					
	85 Caldelas De Tuy	ES	4	< RL	1					
Duero	86 Garray	ES	4	< RL	7					
	87 Quintanilla	ES	4	< RL	1					
	88 Villalcampo	ES	4	< RL	7					
Tagus	89 Trillo Arriba	ES	4	< RL	6					
	90 Zorita Arriba	ES	12	< RL	8					
	91 Aranjuez	ES	4	< RL	9					
	92 Toledo	ES	4	< RL	9					
	93 Talavera	ES	4	< RL	9					
	94 Valdecanas	ES	12	< RL	2					
	95 Embalse de Torrejon	ES	16	< RL	5					
	96 Vila Velha de Rodao	PT								
	97 Valada Do Ribatejo	PT	12	< RL	7					
Guadiana	98 Balbuena	ES	4	< RL	12					
	99 Puente Palmas	ES	4	< RL	9					
	100 San Lucar	ES	4	< RL	9					
Jucar	103 Venta De Juan Romero	ES	4	< RL	8					
	104 Embalse De Alarcon	ES	4	< RL	5					
	105 Alcala Del Jucar	ES	4	< RL	8					
	106 Cofrentes Abajo	ES	12	< RL	8					
Ebro	107 Garona Arriba	ES	14	< RL	8					
	108 Garona Abajo	ES	27	< RL	5					
	109 Mendavia	ES	4	< RL	7					
	110 Zaragoza-Rio	ES	4	< RL	1					
	111 Sastago	ES	4	< RL	1					
	112 Ribarroja	ES	12	< RL	8					
	113 Asco Abajo	ES	25	< RL	7					
	114 Garcia	ES	8	< RL	11					
	115 Cherta	ES								
Rhone	116 Saint Alban	FR								
	117 Cruas (Aval)	FR								
	118 Tricastin	FR								
	119 Roquemaure (Marcoule)	FR								

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S29:** Time averages

**YEAR :** 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE :** surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY :** caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

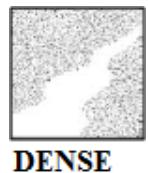
Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Mediterranean Sea	120	Garrucha	ES	4	< RL	9				
	122	Cabo de San Antonio	ES	4	< RL	9				
	123	Puerto de Palma	ES	5	< RL	9				
	124	Puerto de Tarragona	ES	4	< RL	9				
	126	Cabo de Creus	ES	8	< RL	9				
	127	Rotondella	IT	1				< RL	< RL	10
	128	Xwejni	MT	4	< RL	4				
	129	Lapsi	MT	4	< RL	5				
	130	Wied Ghammieg	MT	4	< RL	12				
	131	Polis	CY	1			< RL		< RL	7
	132	Paphos	CY							
	133	Limassol	CY							
	134	Larnaca	CY							
	135	Paralimni	CY	1		< RL		< RL	< RL	6
Maritsa	136	Kostenec	BG							
	137	Plovdiv	BG							
	138	Mirovo	BG							
	139	Harmanli	BG							
	140	Svilengrad	BG							
Drau	141	Schwabegg	AT	24	< RL	1				
	142	Dravograd	SI	4	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	9
Sava	143	Krsko	SI	4	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	3
Tisza	144	Tiszabecs	HU							
	145	Gergelyiugornya	HU							
	146	Zahony	HU							
	147	Tiszabercel	HU							
	148	Rakamaz	HU							
	149	Szolnok	HU	5	< RL	1				
	150	Mindszent	HU							
	151	Tiszasziget II	HU							
	152	Tiszasziget I	HU	5	< RL	1				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

**Table S30:** Time averages


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : surface water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Catchment	Locality		N	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual avg.	Monthly max	M
Danube	154 Vilshofen	DE	12	< RL	11					
	155 Wolfsthal	AT	12	< RL	8					
	156 Rajka	HU								
	157 Szob	HU								
	158 Budapest - North I	HU								
	159 Budapest - Danube	HU								
	160 Nagyteteny	HU								
	161 Dunaujvaros	HU	2	< RL	7					
	162 Dunafoldvar II	HU	3	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	1
	163 Dunafoldvar I	HU	4	< RL	1					
	164 Kalocsa	HU	4	< RL	7					
	165 Gerjen	HU	9	< RL	5					
	166 Baja	HU	2	< RL	1					
	167 Mohacs	HU	2	< RL	7					
	168 Drobeta Turnu Severin	RO	12	< RL	5					
	169 Novo Selo	BG								
	170 Ruse	BG								
	172 Bechet	RO	12	< RL	3					
	173 Oriahovo	BG								
	174 Baykal	BG								
	175 Nikopol	BG								
	176 Belene	BG								
	177 Zimnicea	RO	12	< RL	4					
	178 Svishtov	BG								
	179 Ruse	BG								
	180 Silistra	BG								
	181 Calarasi	RO	12	< RL	2					
	182 Cernavoda*	RO	24	< RL	3					
	183 Tulcea	RO	12	< RL	5					
	184 Sfantu Gheorghe Tulcea	RO	12	< RL	8					
Clyde	185 Clyde Estuary	UK	4	< RL	6					
Lough Neagh	186 Lough Neagh	UK								
Faughan	187 Faughan	UK								
Sava	188 Zagreb	HR	4		< RL	6				

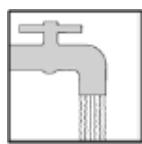
RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water, i.e. 1.0 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

\*: sampling location downstream of a nuclear power plant

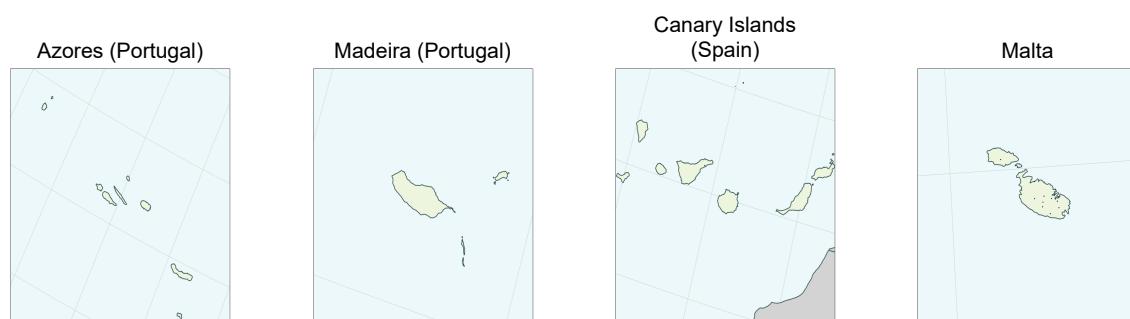
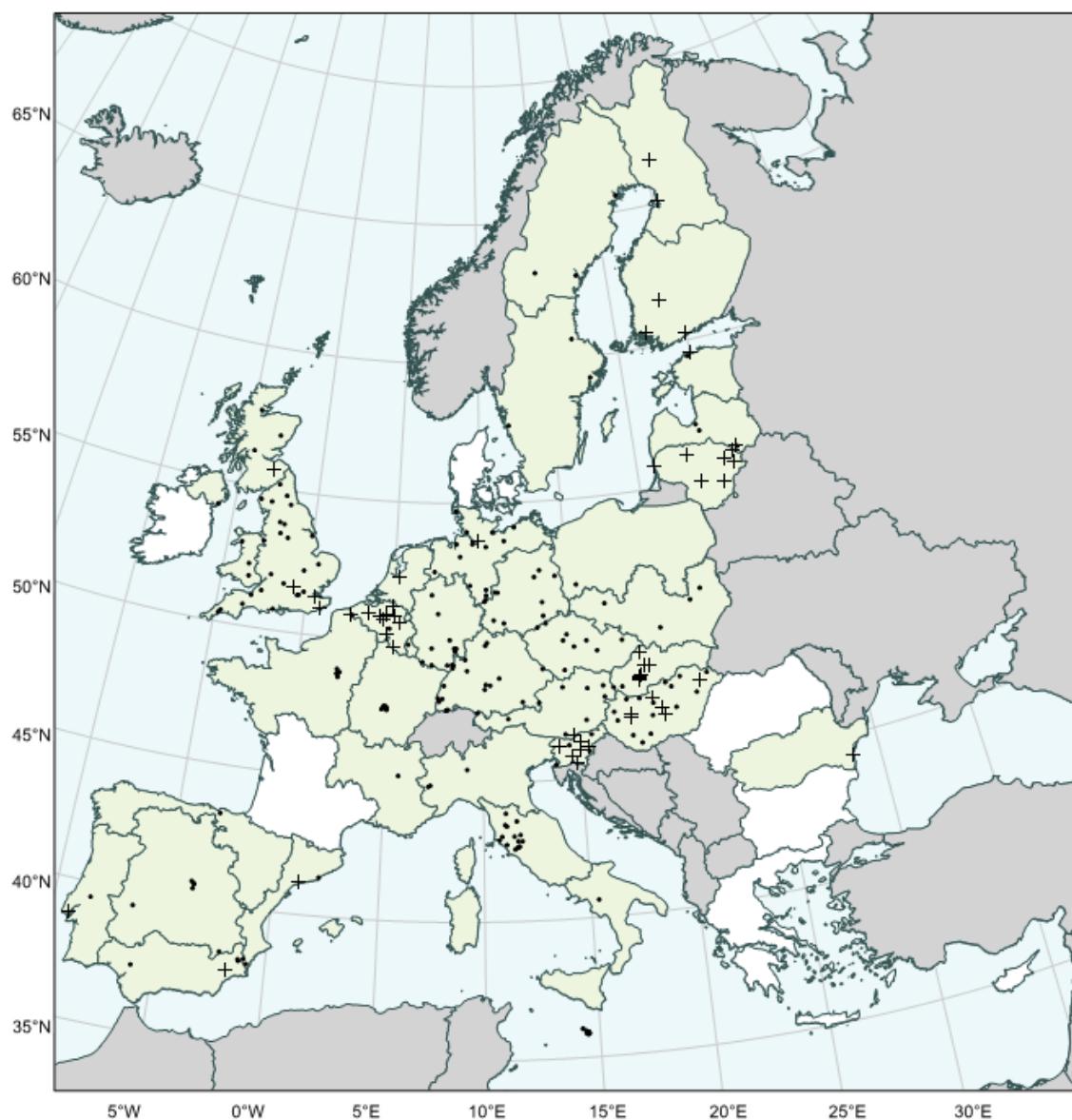
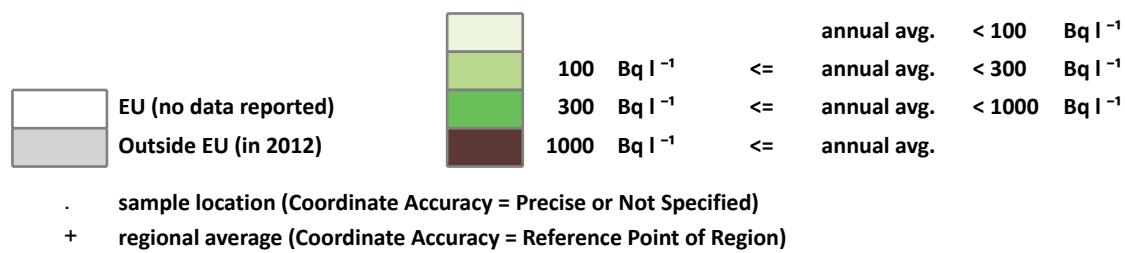
N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

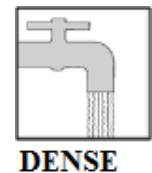


DENSE



**Fig.W1**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water, 2012

**Table W1: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : drinking water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : tritium ( ${}^3\text{H}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	109	9	< RL	< RL	1				
BE	49	13	< RL	< RL	7				
BG									
CY									
CZ	64	9	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-N	44	15	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-C	27	11	< RL	< RL	6				
DE-S	70	19	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-E	31	10	< RL	< RL	7				
DE	172	55	< RL	< RL	6				
DK									
EE	4	2	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	2
ES-N	12	1	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-C	40	6	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-S	38	6	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-E	44	3	< RL	< RL	6				
ES	134	16	< RL	< RL	6				
FI-N	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI	10	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NW	10	5	< RL		< RL		< RL	< RL	3
FR-NE	16	8		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	9
FR-SW									
FR-SE	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR	27	14	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-EN	123	26	< RL	< RL	10				
GB-WL	18	4	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-SC	24	4	< RL	< RL	9				
GB-NI	5	1	< RL	< RL	1				
GB	170	35	< RL	< RL	7				
GR									
HU	51	22	< RL	< RL	5				
IE									
IT-N	15	3	< RL	< RL	5				
IT-C	37	15		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	11
IT-S	1	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	5
IT	53	19	< RL	< RL	11				
LT	72	7	< RL	< RL	7				
LU	3	1	< RL		< RL		< RL	< RL	1
LV	12	4		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	5
MT	13	12	< RL	< RL	1				
NL	24	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-N	1	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	4	4	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	5	5	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	23	2	< RL	< RL	11				
RO-N									
RO-S	16	1	< RL	< RL	9				
RO	16	1	< RL	< RL	9				
SE-N	6	3		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SE-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SE	12	6		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SI	14	11	< RL	< RL	7				
SK	82	9	< RL	< RL	4				

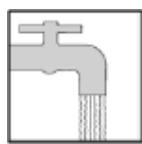
RL: reporting level for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water, i.e. 1.0 E+02 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

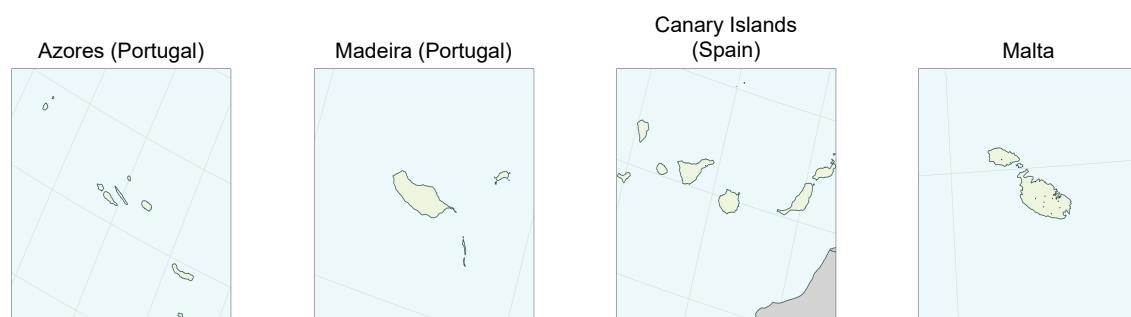
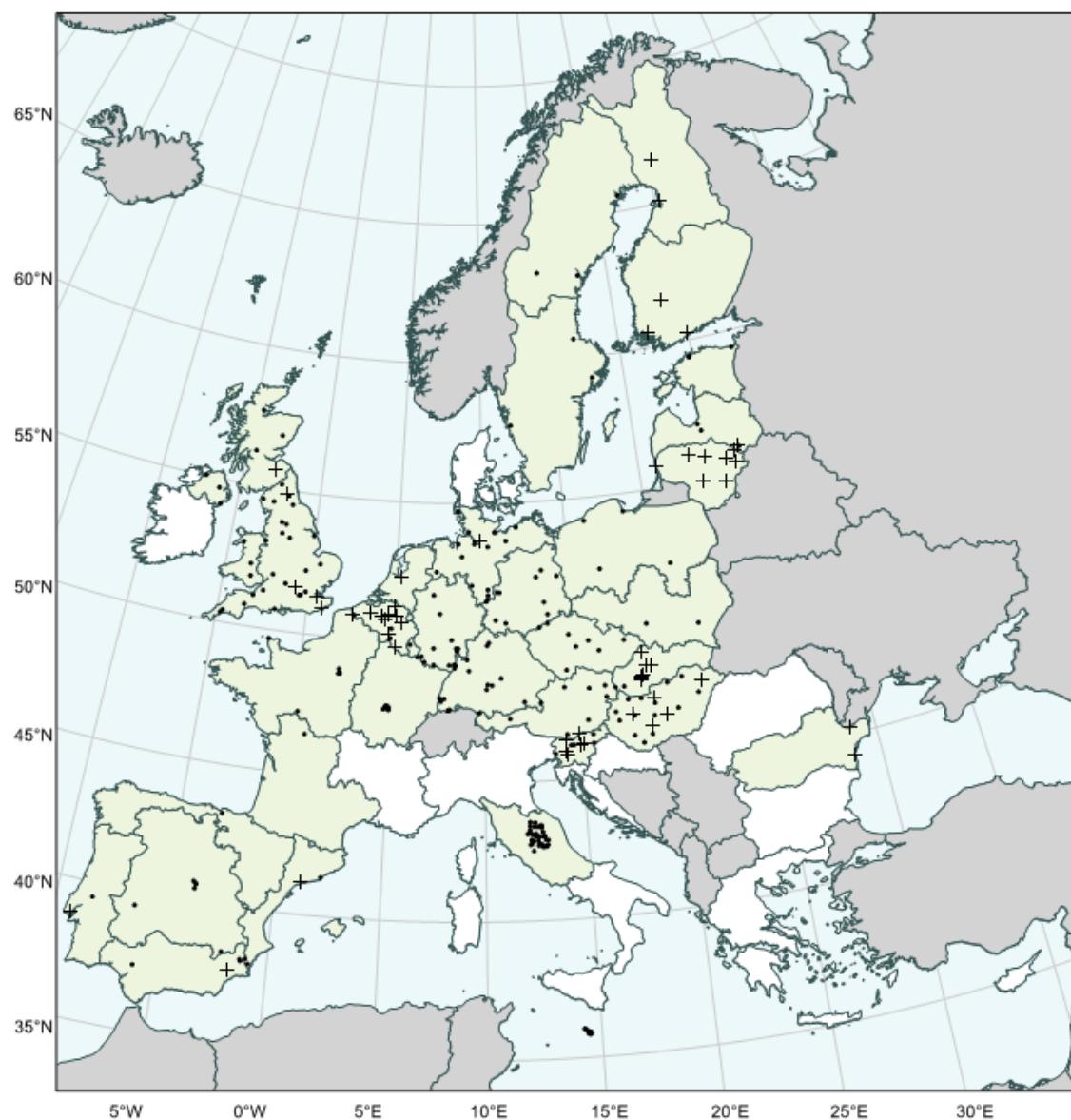
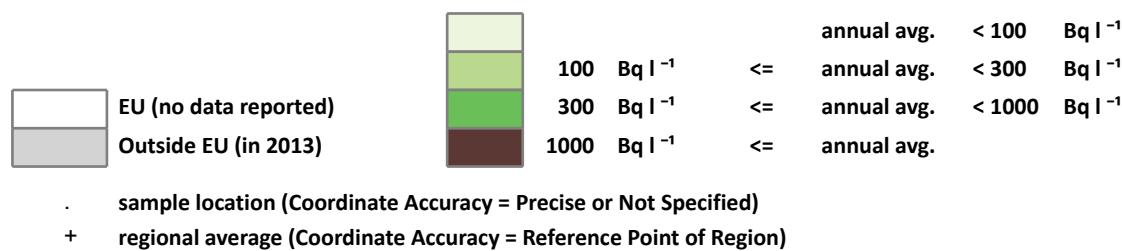
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

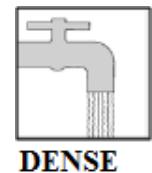


DENSE



**Fig.W2**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water, 2013

**Table W2: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : drinking water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : tritium ( ${}^3\text{H}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	109	9	< RL	< RL	11				
BE	47	12	< RL	< RL	9				
BG									
CY									
CZ	60	8	< RL	< RL	9				
DE-N	51	15	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-C	45	13	< RL	< RL	6				
DE-S	69	18	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-E	28	10	< RL	< RL	12				
DE	193	56	< RL	< RL	1				
DK									
EE	5	3	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	2
ES-N	12	1	< RL	< RL	3				
ES-C	40	6	< RL	< RL	2				
ES-S	40	6	< RL	< RL	9				
ES-E	40	3	< RL	< RL	7				
ES	132	16	< RL	< RL	9				
FI-N	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	4
FI-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI	10	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NW	11	6	< RL	< RL	9				
FR-NE	9	9			< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-SW	1	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	4
FR-SE									
FR	21	16	< RL	< RL	9				
GB-EN	124	27	< RL	< RL	4				
GB-WL	17	4	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-SC	24	4	< RL	< RL	9				
GB-NI	13	3	< RL	< RL	8				
GB	178	38	< RL	< RL	8				
GR									
HR-A									
HR-C									
HR									
HU	69	19	< RL	< RL	1				
IE									
IT-N									
IT-C	37	37			< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
IT-S									
IT	37	37			< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
LT	73	8	< RL	< RL	3				
LU	3	1	< RL		< RL		< RL	< RL	7
LV	15	4	< RL	< RL	5				
MT	14	13	< RL	< RL	10				
NL	12	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-N	4	4	< RL	< RL	12				
PL-S	2	2	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	6	6	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	22	2	< RL	< RL	7				
RO-N									
RO-S	61	2	< RL	< RL	3				
RO	61	2	< RL	< RL	3				
SE-N	6	3		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
SE-S	6	3		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	9
SE	12	6		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	4
SI	11	11		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	7
SK	85	9	< RL	< RL	2				

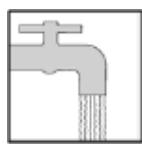
RL: reporting level for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water, i.e.  $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ Bq/L}$  (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

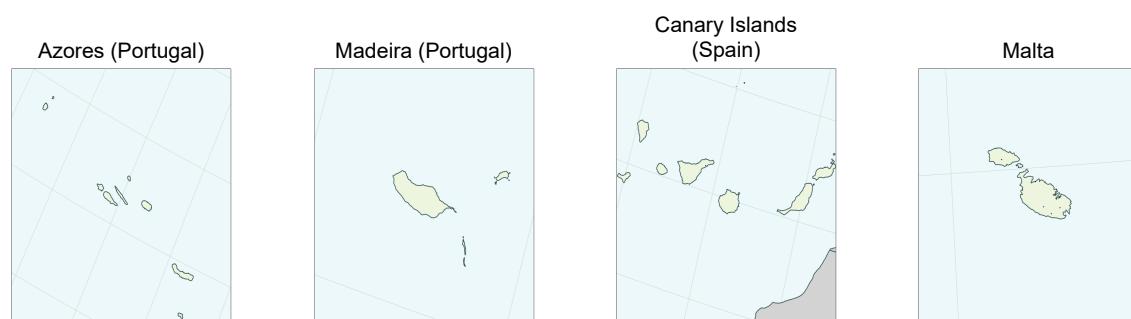
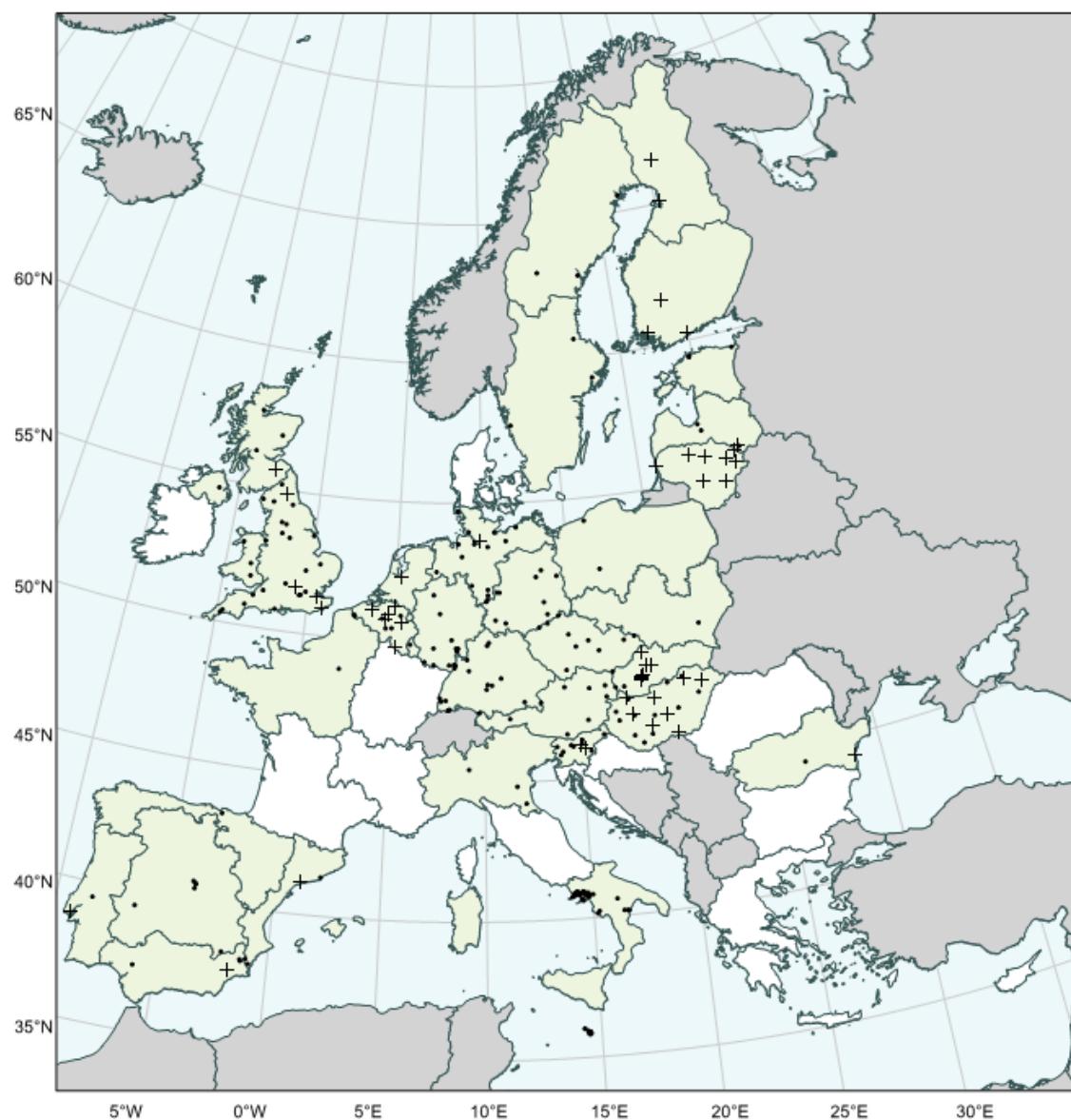
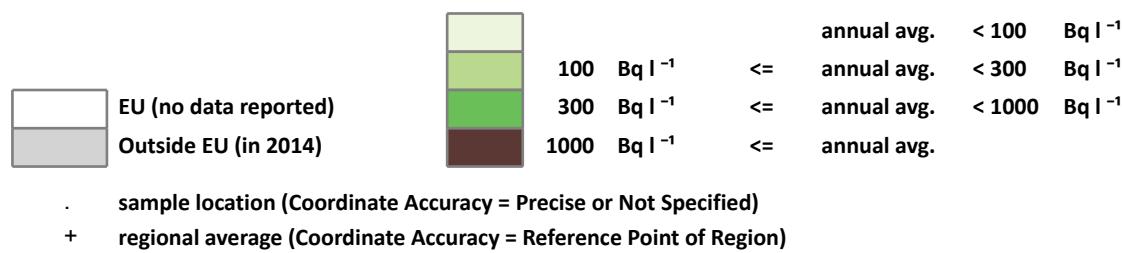
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

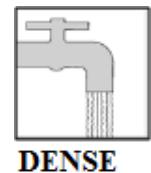


DENSE



**Fig.W3**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water, 2014

**Table W3: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : drinking water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : tritium ( ${}^3\text{H}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	100	9	< RL	< RL	3				
BE	48	12	< RL	< RL	5				
BG									
CY									
CZ	72	11	< RL	< RL	7				
DE-N	48	15	< RL	< RL	4				
DE-C	22	11	< RL	< RL	12				
DE-S	75	18	< RL	< RL	5				
DE-E	31	10	< RL	< RL	1				
DE	176	54	< RL	< RL	12				
DK									
EE	6	3	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	2
ES-N	12	1	< RL	< RL	7				
ES-C	40	6	< RL	< RL	1				
ES-S	40	6	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-E	39	3	< RL	< RL	8				
ES	131	16	< RL	< RL	6				
FI-N	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	4
FI	10	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NW	6	1		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR	6	1		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
GB-EN	120	25	< RL	< RL	10				
GB-WL	18	4	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-SC	25	4	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-NI	1	1	< RL				< RL	< RL	1
GB	164	34	< RL	< RL	11				
GR									
HR-A									
HR-C									
HR									
HU	65	21	< RL	< RL	7				
IE									
IT-N	16	3	< RL	< RL	1				
IT-C									
IT-S	90	44	< RL	< RL	6				
IT	106	47	< RL	< RL	1				
LT	80	8	< RL	< RL	2				
LU	6	1	< RL	< RL	5				
LV	16	4		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	9
MT	7	7		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
NL	12	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-N	2	2	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	1	1	< RL	< RL	12				
PL	3	3	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	24	2	< RL	< RL	2				
RO-N									
RO-S	77	2	< RL	< RL	1				
RO	77	2	< RL	< RL	1				
SE-N	5	3	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	3
SE-S	5	3	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	3
SE	10	6	< RL	< RL	3				
SI	14	11	< RL	< RL	6				
SK	86	9	< RL	< RL	6				

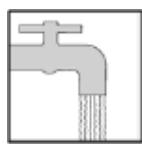
RL: reporting level for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water, i.e. 1.0 E+02 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

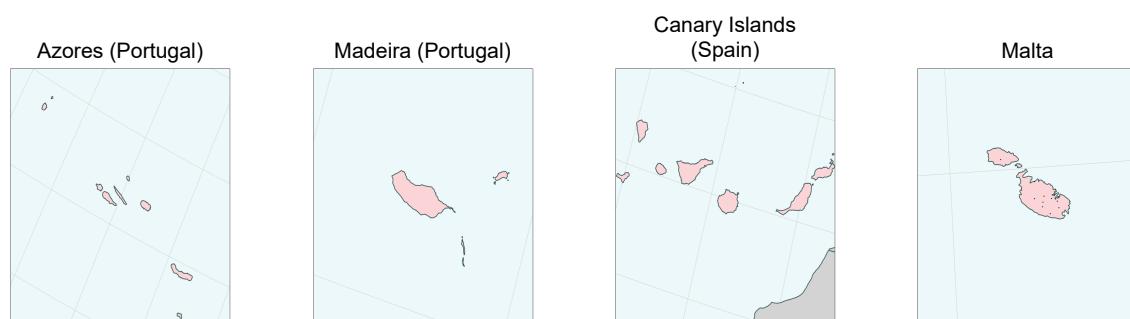
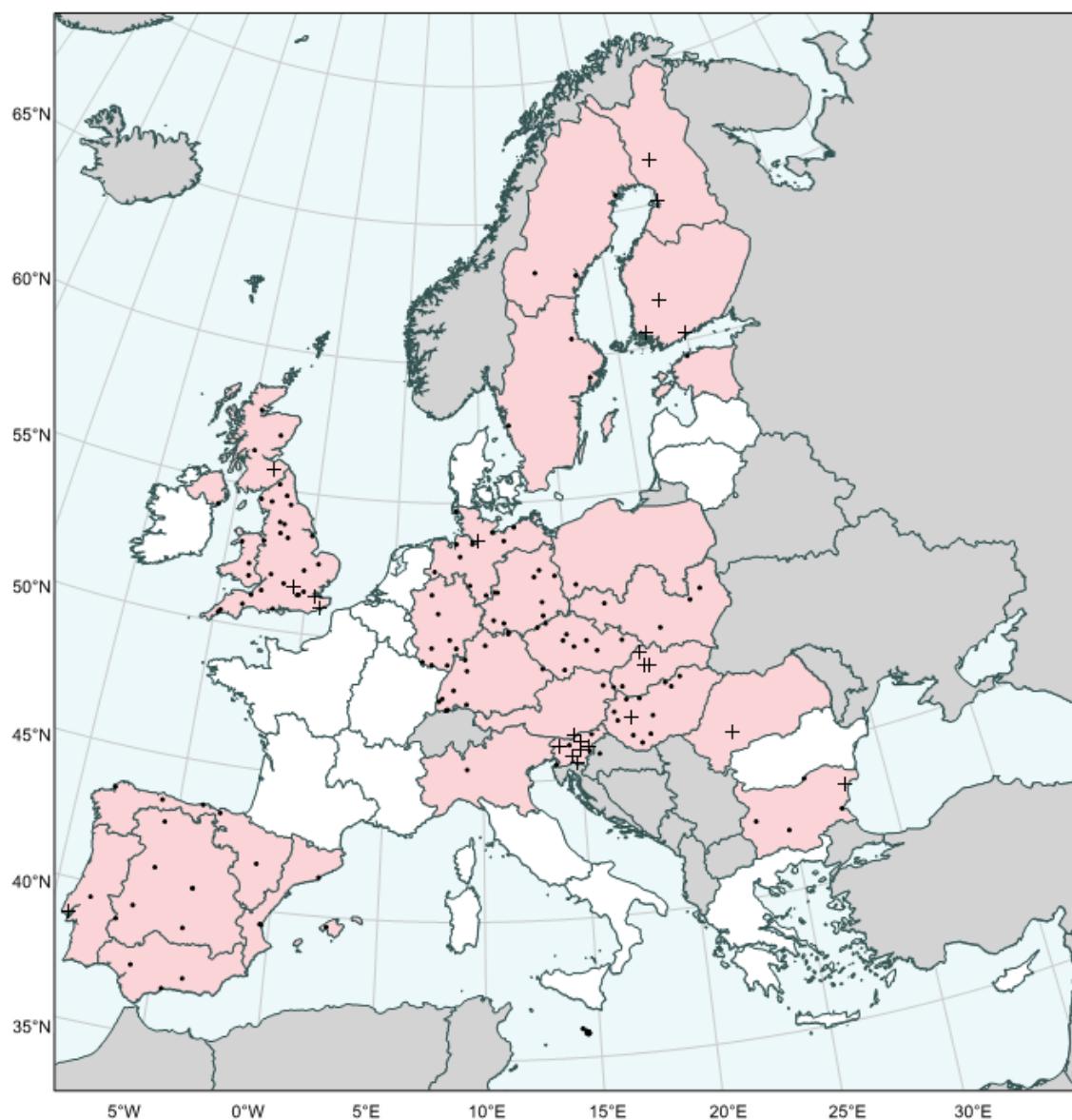
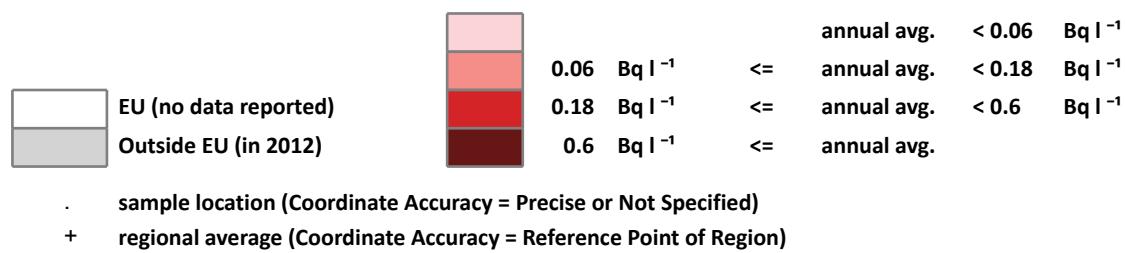
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

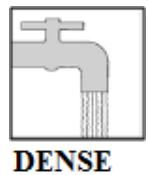
Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE

**Fig.W4**Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water, 2012

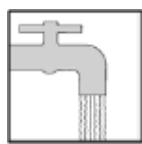
**Table W4: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : drinking water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : strontium-90 ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$ )

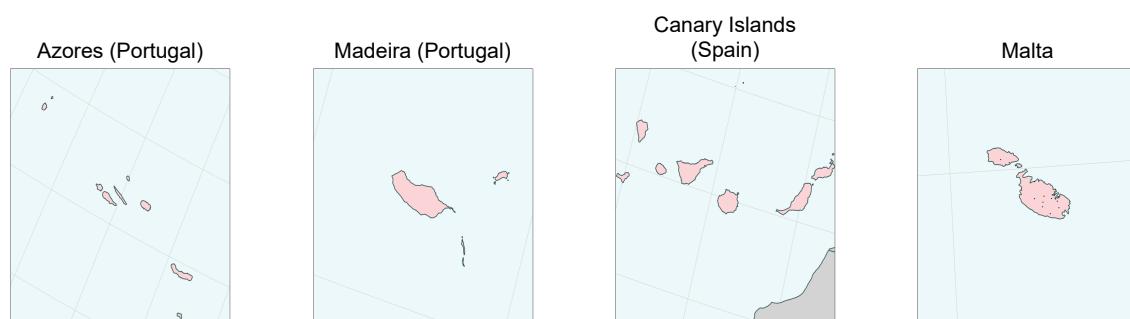
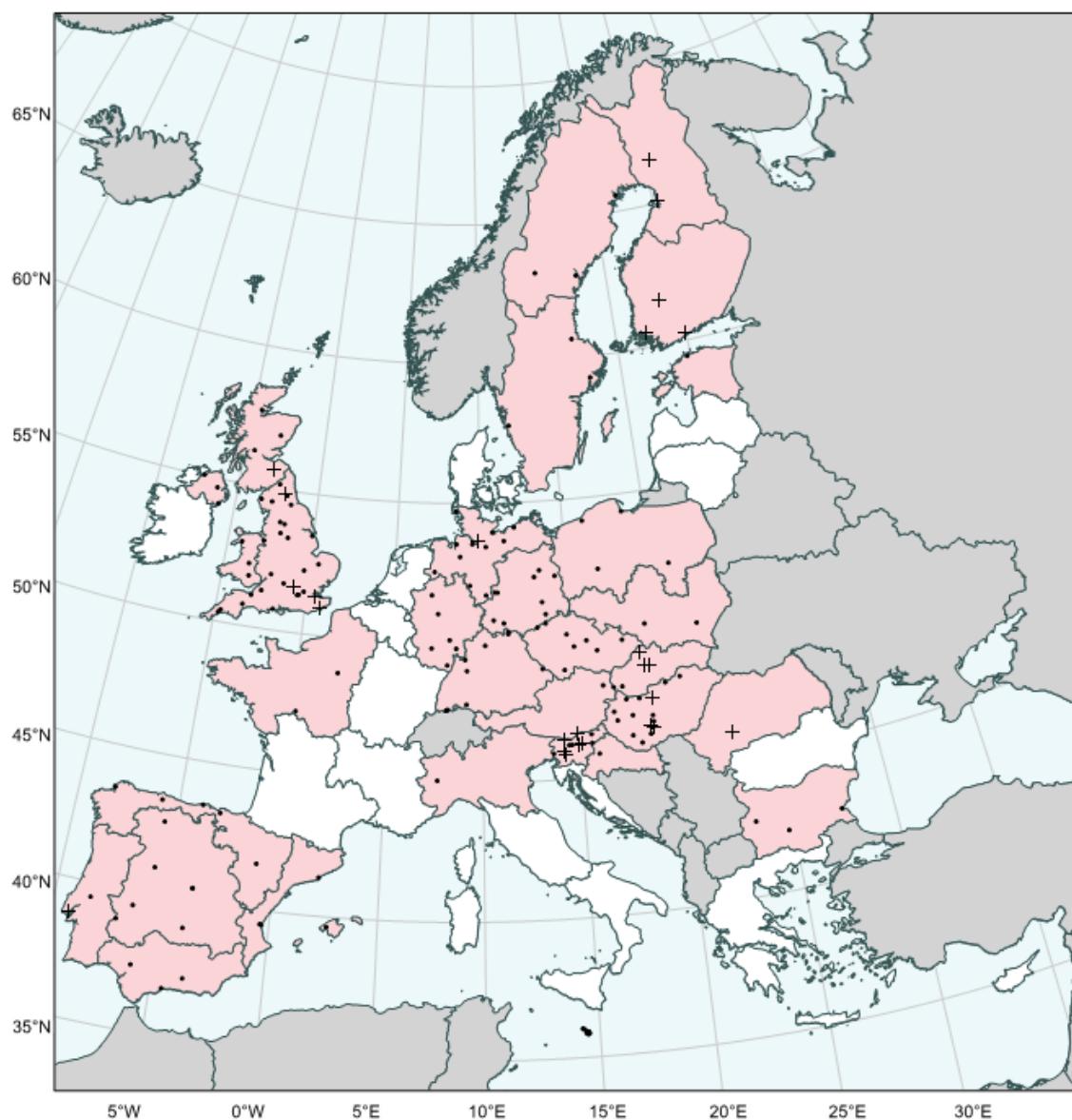
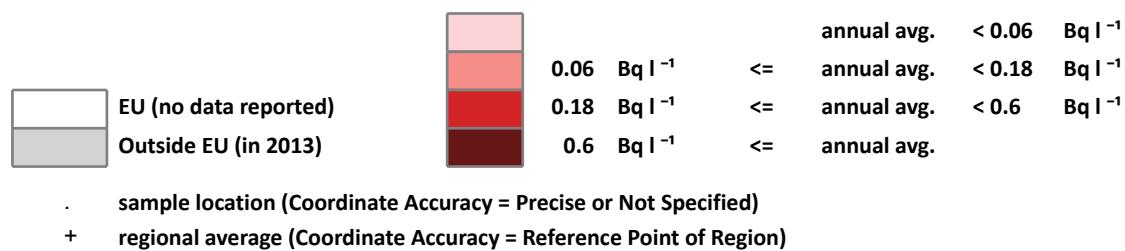
Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	4	1	< RL	< RL	1				
BE							Δ		
BG	15	5	< RL	< RL	8				
CY									
CZ	29	9	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-N	27	11	< RL	< RL	7				
DE-C	18	8	< RL	< RL	7				
DE-S	19	13	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-E	22	9	< RL	< RL	2				
DE	86	41	< RL	< RL	10				
DK									
EE	2	1	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	2
ES-N	29	5	< RL	< RL	12				
ES-C	45	7	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-S	40	4	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-E	24	4	< RL	< RL	1				
ES	138	20	< RL	< RL	10				
FI-N	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	4
FI-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	4
FI	10	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	4
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN	123	26	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-WL	19	4	< RL	< RL	2				
GB-SC	24	4	< RL	< RL	4				
GB-NI	5	1	< RL	< RL	2				
GB	171	35	< RL	< RL	4				
GR									
HU	26	12	< RL	< RL	12				
IE									
IT-N	4	1	< RL	< RL	9				
IT-C									
IT-S									
IT	4	1	< RL	< RL	9				
LT									
LU									
LV									
MT	13	12	< RL	< RL	1				
NL									
PL-N	1	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	4	4	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	5	5	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	23	2	< RL	< RL	8				
RO-N	2	1	< RL	< RL	12				
RO-S									
RO	2	1	< RL	< RL	12				
SE-N	6	3		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SE-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SE	12	6		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SI	14	11	< RL	< RL	4				
SK	34	5	< RL	< RL	4				

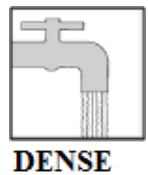
RL: reporting level for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water, i.e. 6.0 E-02 Bq/L (see Appendix B)  
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.  
M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE

**Fig.W5**Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water, 2013

**Table W5: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : drinking water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : strontium-90 ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	4	1	< RL	< RL	10				
BE							Δ		
BG	8	3	< RL	< RL	11				
CY									
CZ	31	8	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-N	37	12	< RL	< RL	8				
DE-C	14	6	< RL	< RL	9				
DE-S	18	10	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-E	21	9	< RL	< RL	2				
DE	90	37	< RL	< RL	10				
DK									
EE	2	1	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	2
ES-N	29	5	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-C	44	7	< RL	< RL	3				
ES-S	40	4	< RL	< RL	5				
ES-E	24	4	< RL	< RL	2				
ES	137	20	< RL	< RL	6				
FI-N	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI	10	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NW	2	2		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	6
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR	2	2		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	6
GB-EN	124	27	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-WL	17	4	< RL	< RL	11				
GB-SC	24	4	< RL	< RL	4				
GB-NI	13	3	< RL	< RL	2				
GB	178	38	< RL	< RL	4				
GR									
HR-A									
HR-C	4	1	< RL	< RL	1				
HR	4	1	< RL	< RL	1				
HU	48	16	< RL	< RL	10				
IE									
IT-N	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	12
IT-C									
IT-S									
IT	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	12
LT									
LU									
LV									
MT	14	13	< RL	< RL	5				
NL									
PL-N	4	4	< RL	< RL	12				
PL-S	2	2	< RL	< RL	12				
PL	6	6	< RL	< RL	12				
PT	21	2	< RL	< RL	1				
RO-N	2	1	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	1
RO-S									
RO	2	1	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	1
SE-N	5	3		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
SE-S	5	3		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
SE	10	6		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
SI	11	11		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	6
SK	34	5	< RL	< RL	7				

RL: reporting level for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water, i.e. 6.0 E-02 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

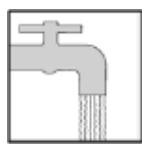
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE

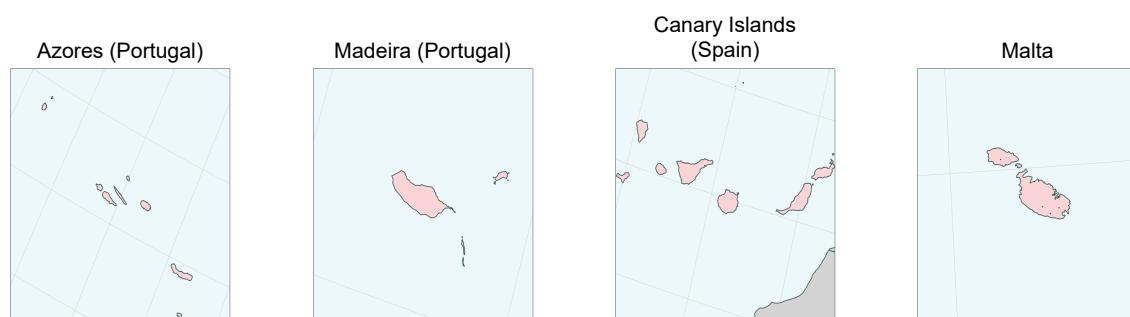
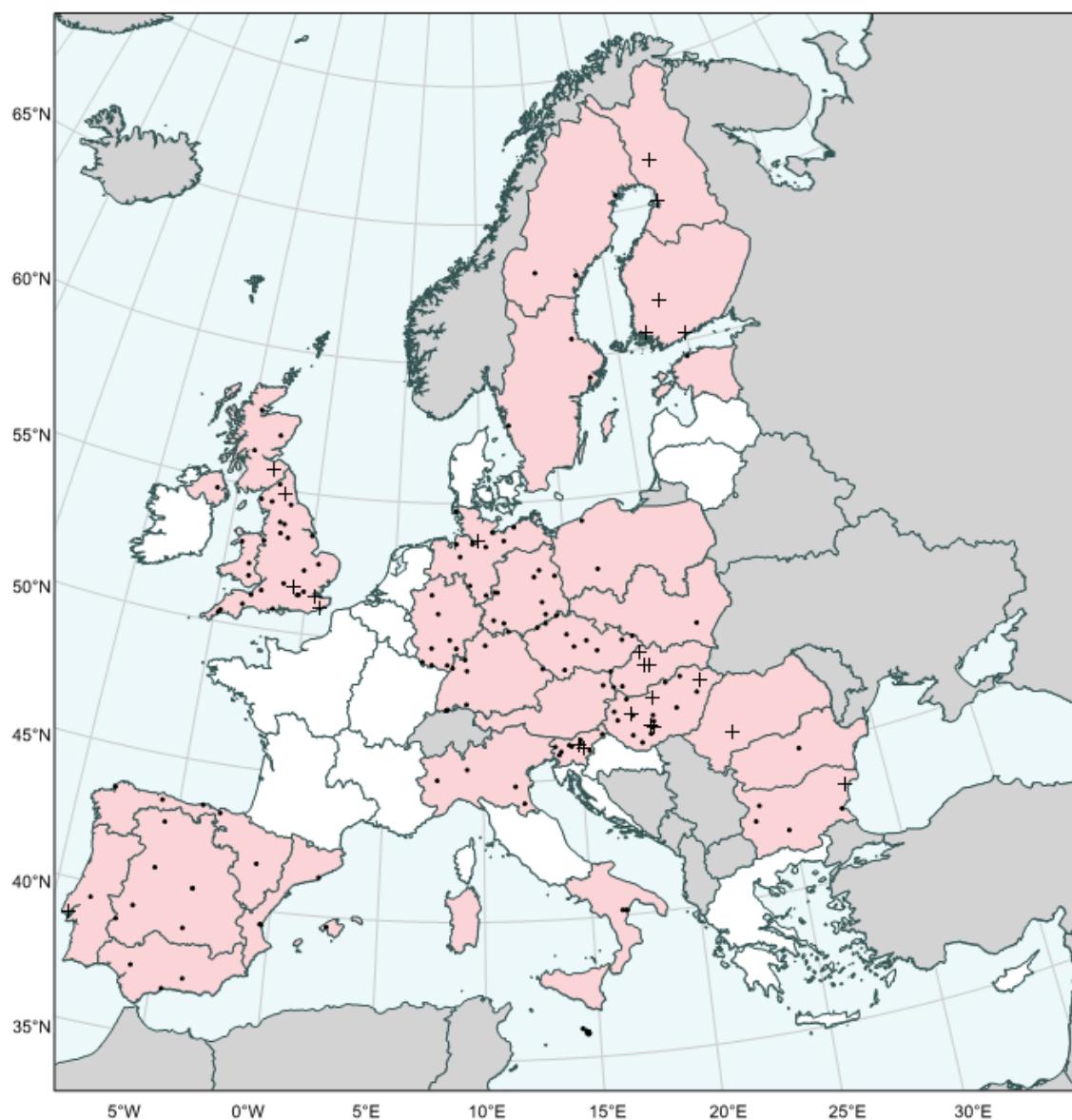
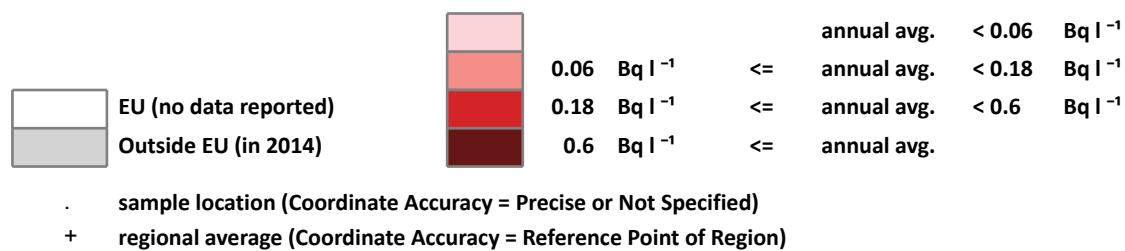
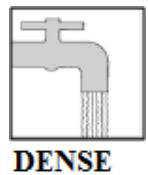


Fig.W6

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water, 2014

**Table W6: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : drinking water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : strontium-90 ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	4	1	< RL	< RL	10				
BE							Δ		
BG	17	5	< RL	< RL	1				
CY									
CZ	34	11	< RL	< RL	9				
DE-N	33	11	< RL	< RL	4				
DE-C	18	8	< RL	< RL	6				
DE-S	22	10	< RL	< RL	10				
DE-E	23	9	< RL	< RL	3				
DE	96	38	< RL	< RL	10				
DK									
EE	2	1	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	10
ES-N	29	5	< RL	< RL	1				
ES-C	44	7	< RL	< RL	3				
ES-S	32	4	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-E	24	4	< RL	< RL	9				
ES	129	20	< RL	< RL	6				
FI-N	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI	10	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN	120	25	< RL	< RL	2				
GB-WL	18	4	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-SC	24	4	< RL	< RL	3				
GB-NI	1	1	< RL				< RL	< RL	1
GB	163	34	< RL	< RL	5				
GR									
HR-A									
HR-C									
HR									
HU	42	19	< RL	< RL	4				
IE									
IT-N	10	4	< RL	< RL	6				
IT-C									
IT-S	3	3		< RL			< RL	< RL	5
IT	13	7	< RL	< RL	4				
LT									
LU									
LV									
MT	7	7		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	7
NL									
PL-N	2	2	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	1	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	3	3	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	24	2	< RL	< RL	3				
RO-N	2	1	< RL	< RL	1				
RO-S	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	11
RO	3	2	< RL	< RL	1				
SE-N	6	3	6.0E-02	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	6.0E-02	3
SE-S	6	3	6.0E-02	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	6.0E-02	3
SE	12	6	6.0E-02	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	6.0E-02	3
SI	14	11	< RL	< RL	3				
SK	35	5	< RL	< RL	4				

RL: reporting level for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water, i.e. 6.0 E-02 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

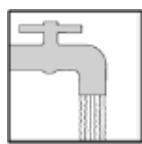
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

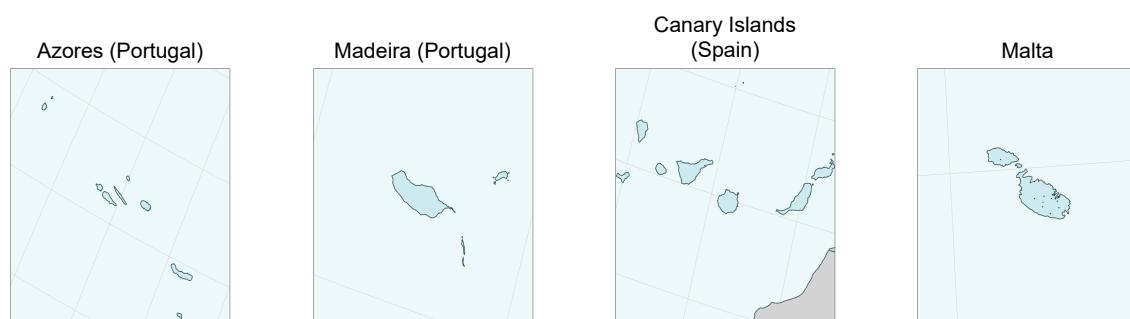
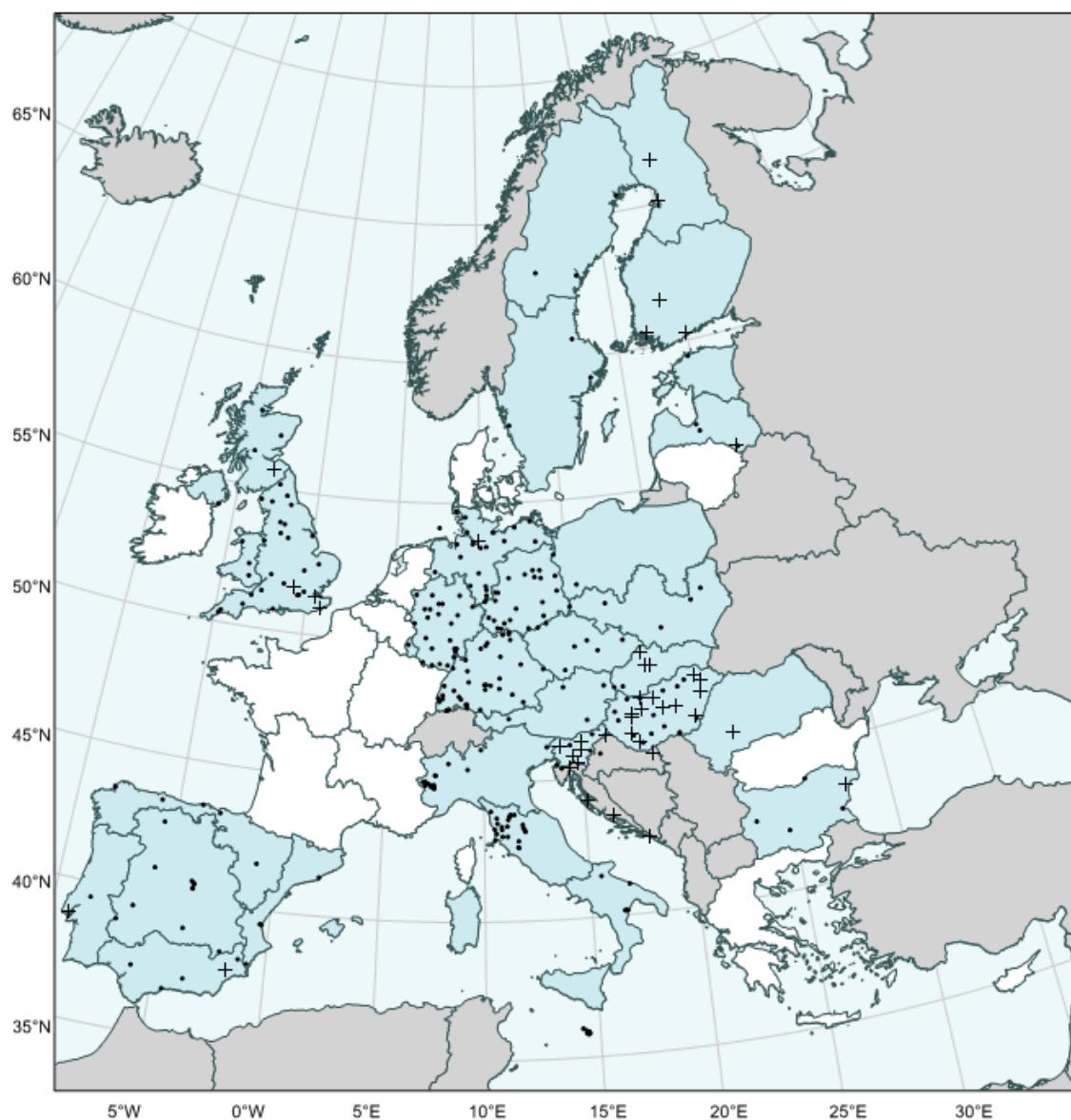
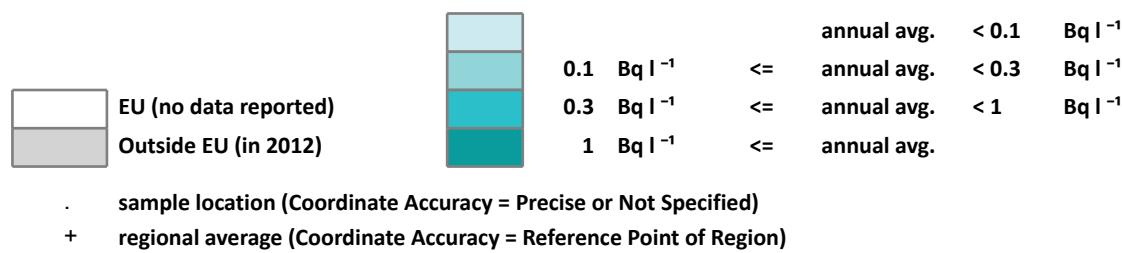
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

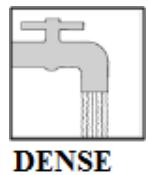


DENSE



**Fig.W7**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water, 2012

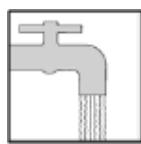
**Table W7: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : drinking water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

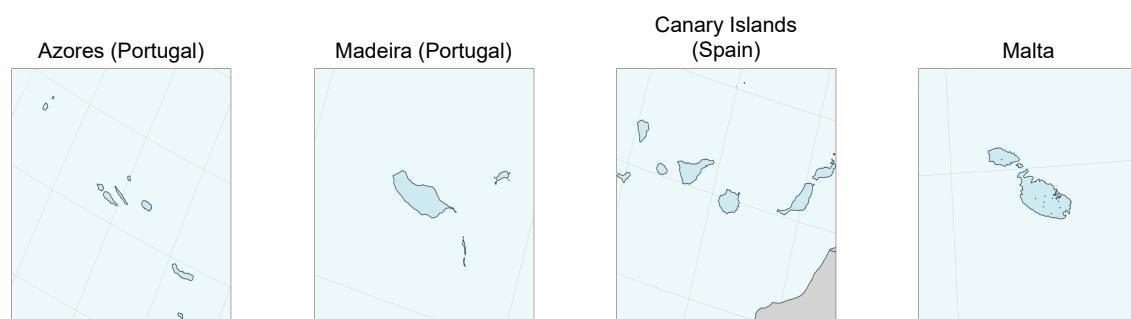
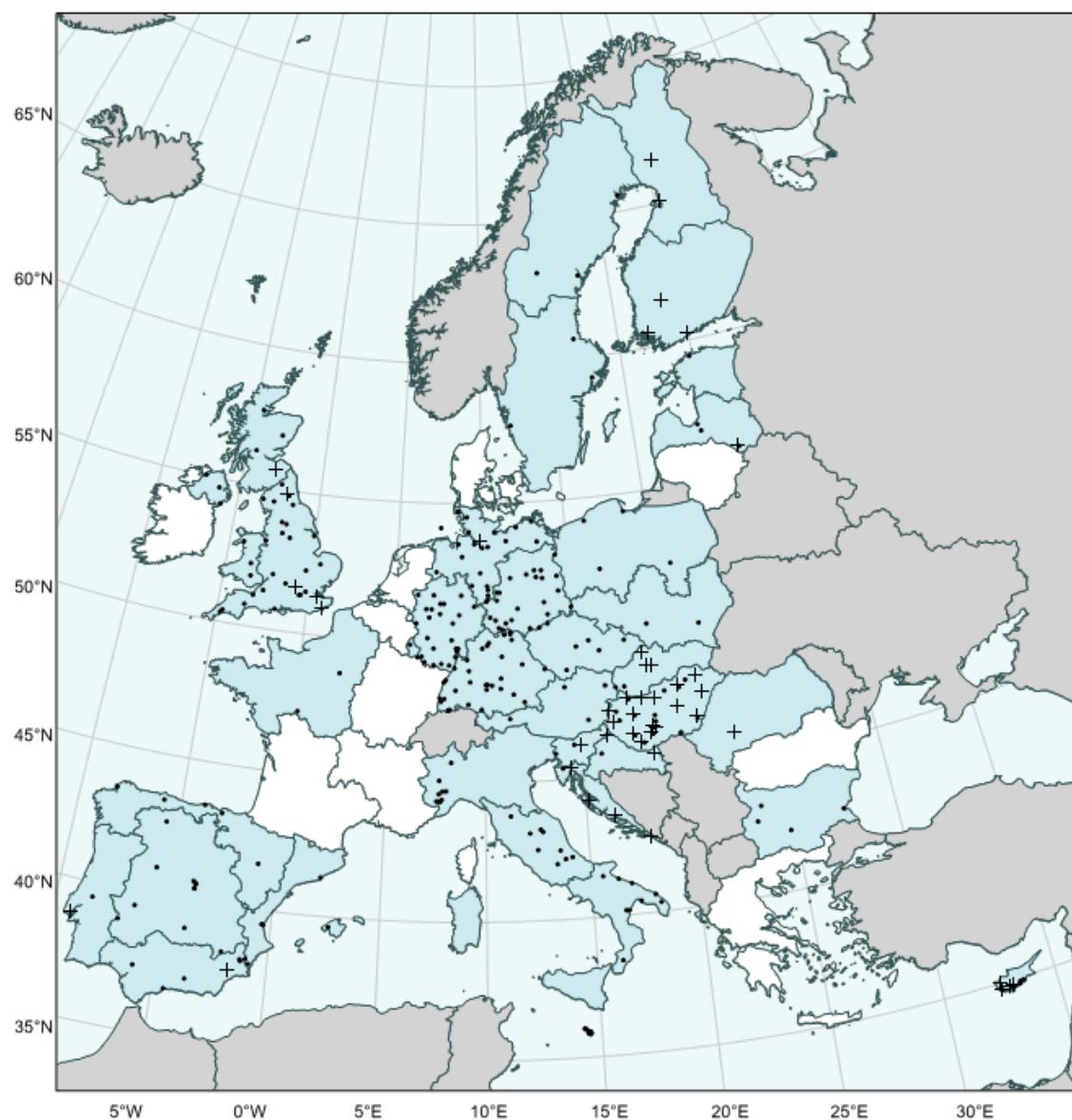
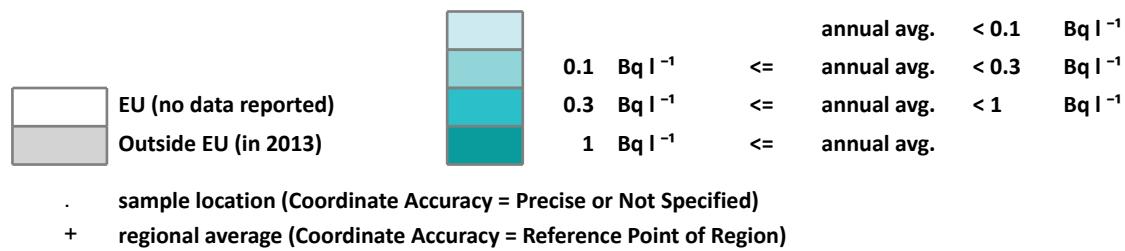
Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	48	4	< RL	< RL	11				
BE							Δ		
BG	14	5	< RL	1.0E-01	9				
CY									
CZ	54	7	< RL	< RL	4				
DE-N	67	22	< RL	< RL	8				
DE-C	67	23	< RL	< RL	3				
DE-S	122	39	< RL	< RL	5				
DE-E	88	24	< RL	< RL	12				
DE	344	108	< RL	< RL	12				
DK									
EE	2	1	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	2
ES-N	60	5	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-C	89	11	< RL	< RL	11				
ES-S	56	6	< RL	< RL	12				
ES-E	37	4	< RL	< RL	9				
ES	242	26	< RL	< RL	6				
FI-N	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	4
FI-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI	10	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW								Δ	
FR-SE								Δ	
FR									
GB-EN	123	26	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-WL	19	4	< RL	< RL	8				
GB-SC	24	4	< RL	< RL	4				
GB-NI	5	1	< RL	< RL	1				
GB	171	35	< RL	< RL	5				
GR									
HU	72	31	< RL	< RL	6				
IE									
IT-N	34	16	< RL	< RL	10				
IT-C	37	23	< RL	< RL	8				
IT-S	7	5		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	4
IT	78	44	< RL	< RL	8				
LT									
LU	22	1	< RL	< RL	9				
LV	11	4		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	5
MT	13	12	< RL	< RL	6				
NL									
PL-N	1	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	4	4	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	5	5	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	23	2	< RL	< RL	1				
RO-N	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	12
RO-S									
RO	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	12
SE-N	6	3		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SE-S	6	3		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SE	12	6		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SI	10	9	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
SK	36	5	< RL	< RL	12				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water, i.e. 1.0 E-01 Bq/L (see Appendix B)  
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.  
M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

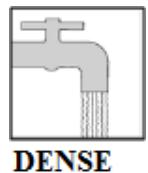


DENSE



**Fig.W8**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water, 2013

**Table W8: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : drinking water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	48	4	< RL	< RL	12				
BE							Δ		
BG	11	4	< RL	< RL	7				
CY	9	9	< RL				< RL	< RL	2
CZ	56	7	< RL	< RL	3				
DE-N	78	22	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-C	92	25	< RL	< RL	12				
DE-S	114	34	< RL	< RL	6				
DE-E	86	24	< RL	< RL	11				
DE	370	105	< RL	< RL	8				
DK									
EE	2	1	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	2
ES-N	60	5	< RL	< RL	9				
ES-C	90	11	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-S	60	8	< RL	< RL	9				
ES-E	46	5	< RL	< RL	11				
ES	256	29	< RL	< RL	6				
FI-N	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI	10	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NW	2	2		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	11
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR	2	2		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	11
GB-EN	124	27	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-WL	17	4	< RL	< RL	8				
GB-SC	24	4	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-NI	13	3	< RL	< RL	1				
GB	178	38	< RL	< RL	4				
GR									
HR-A	5	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	11
HR-C	6	3	< RL	< RL	1				
HR	11	8	< RL	< RL	1				
HU	106	34	< RL	< RL	2				
IE									
IT-N	11	9	< RL	< RL	1				
IT-C	14	9	< RL	< RL	6				
IT-S	11	9		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	9
IT	36	27	< RL	< RL	9				
LT									
LU	26	1	< RL	< RL	10				
LV	15	4	< RL	< RL	2				
MT	14	13	< RL	< RL	6				
NL									
PL-N	4	4	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	2	2	< RL	< RL	12				
PL	6	6	< RL	< RL	12				
PT	22	2	< RL	< RL	11				
RO-N	2	1	< RL	< RL	2				
RO-S									
RO	2	1	< RL	< RL	2				
SE-N	6	3		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
SE-S	6	3		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	4
SE	12	6		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	4
SI	3	3		< RL			< RL	< RL	4
SK	36	5	< RL	< RL	12				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water, i.e. 1.0 E-01 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

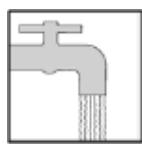
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

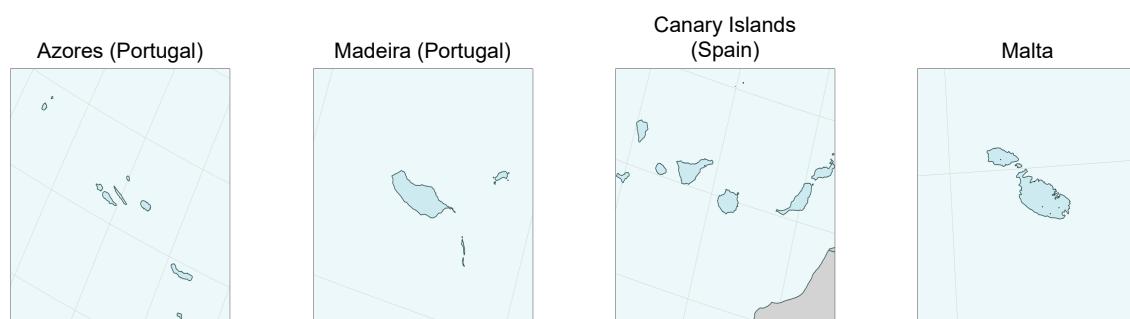
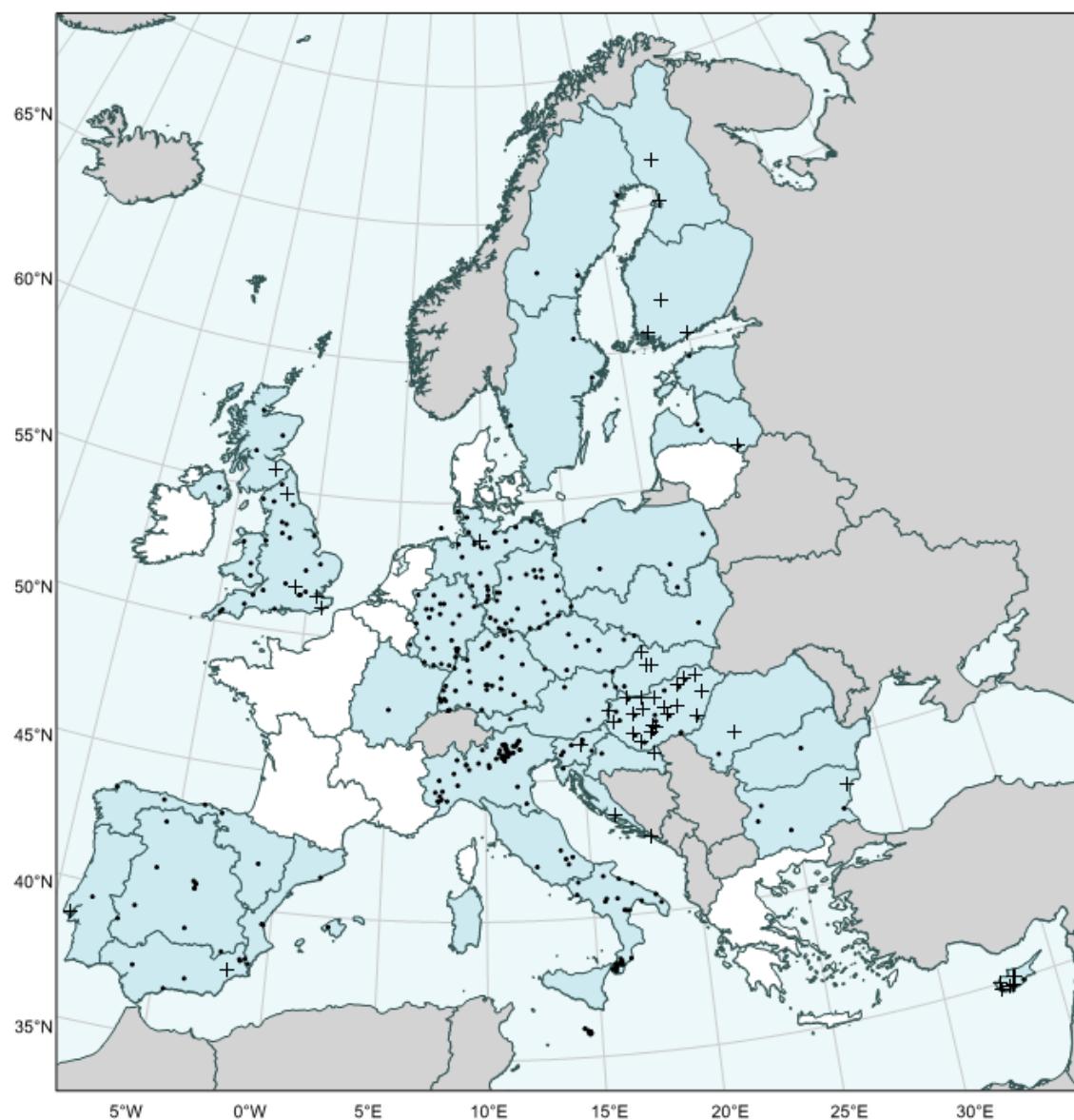
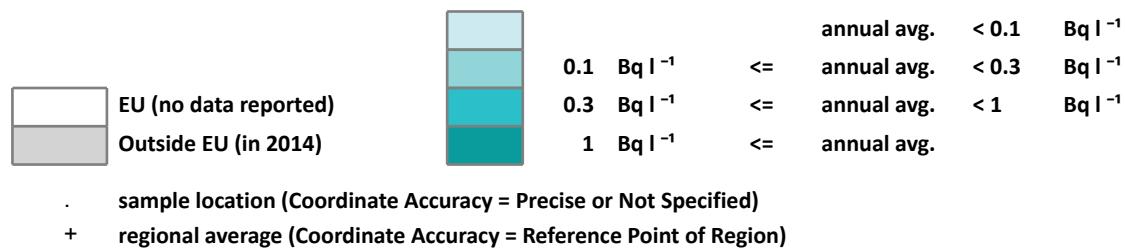
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.

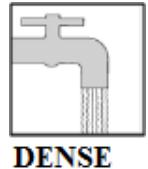


DENSE



**Fig.W9**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water, 2014

**Table W9: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : drinking water ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	48	4	< RL	< RL	1				
BE							Δ		
BG	19	5	< RL	< RL	5				
CY	9	9				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
CZ	65	11	< RL	< RL	2				
DE-N	73	21	< RL	< RL	5				
DE-C	64	23	< RL	< RL	3				
DE-S	117	34	< RL	< RL	2				
DE-E	93	24	< RL	< RL	8				
DE	347	102	< RL	< RL	2				
DK									
EE	2	1	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	2
ES-N	60	5	< RL	< RL	8				
ES-C	89	11	< RL	< RL	11				
ES-S	63	8	< RL	< RL	12				
ES-E	50	5	< RL	< RL	3				
ES	262	29	< RL	< RL	3				
FI-N	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI-S	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI	10	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NW									
FR-NE	1	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	5
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR	1	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	5
GB-EN	120	25	< RL	< RL	11				
GB-WL	18	4	< RL	< RL	8				
GB-SC	25	4	< RL	< RL	10				
GB-NI	1	1	< RL				< RL	< RL	1
GB	164	34	< RL	< RL	10				
GR									
HR-A	3	3		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
HR-C	6	2	< RL	< RL	1				
HR	9	5	< RL	< RL	1				
HU	131	40	< RL	< RL	12				
IE									
IT-N	98	51	< RL	< RL	8				
IT-C	6	5		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	12
IT-S	35	33	< RL	< RL	1				
IT	139	89	< RL	< RL	5				
LT									
LU	22	1	< RL	< RL	5				
LV	16	4		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	4
MT	7	7		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
NL									
PL-N	13	5	< RL	< RL	3				
PL-S	1	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	14	6	< RL	< RL	3				
PT	23	2	< RL	< RL	2				
RO-N	3	2	< RL	< RL	1				
RO-S	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	11
RO	4	3	< RL	< RL	1				
SE-N	6	3	< RL	< RL	9				
SE-S	6	3	< RL	< RL	9				
SE	12	6	< RL	< RL	9				
SI	7	7	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
SK	36	5	< RL	< RL	3				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water, i.e. 1.0 E-01 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

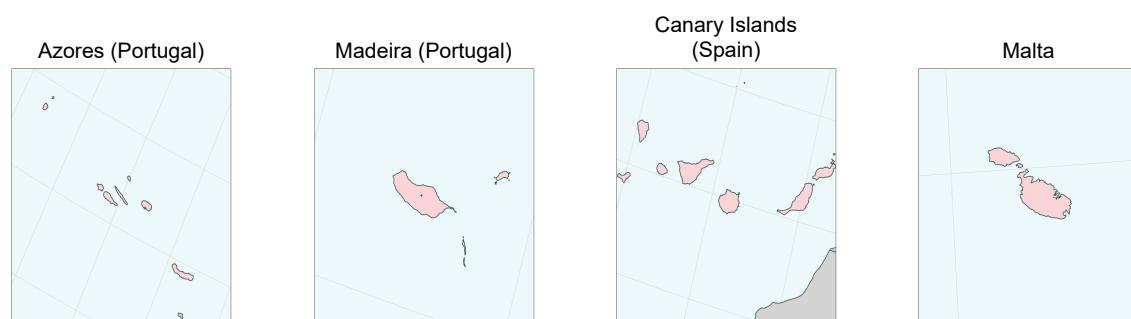
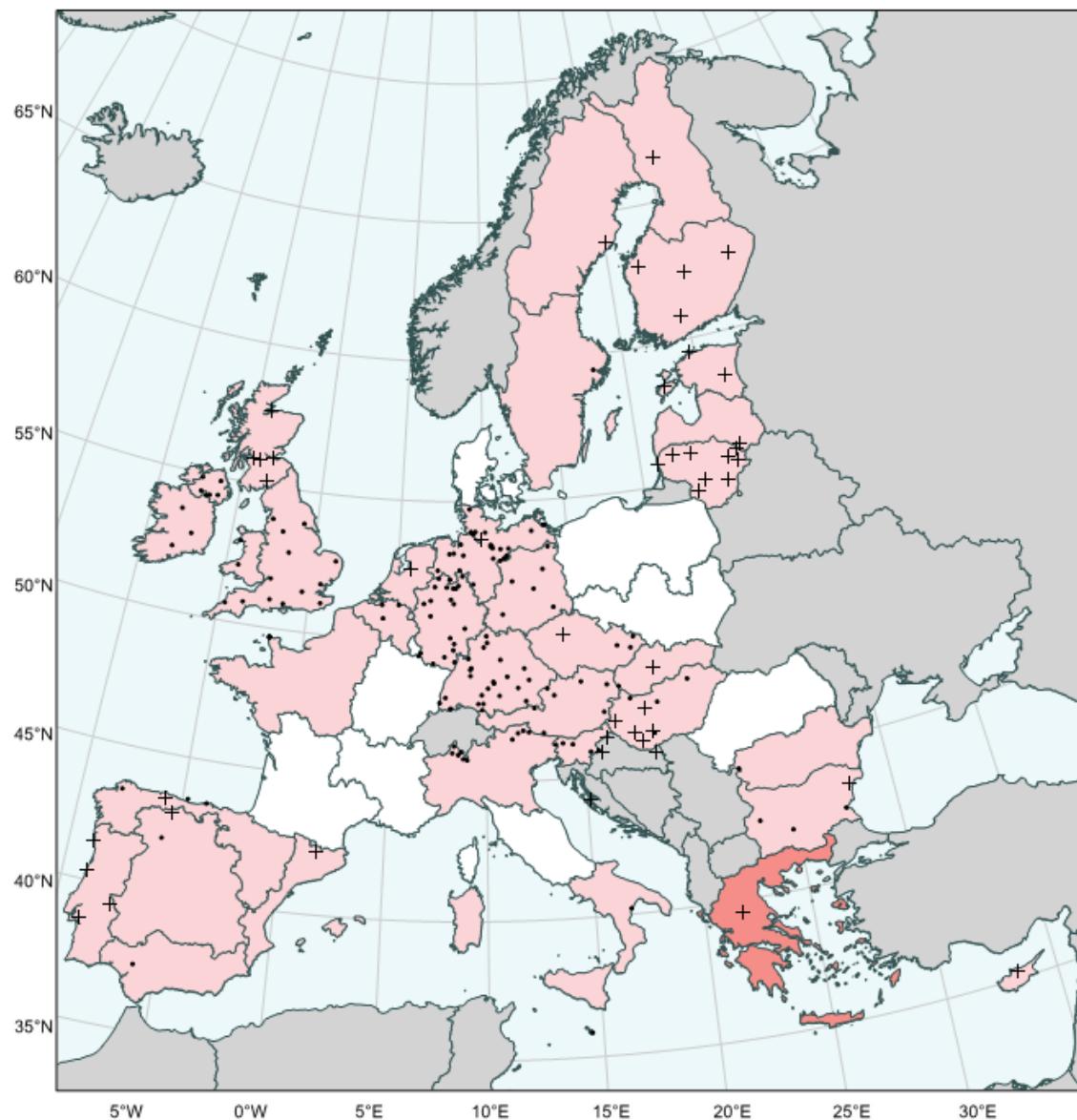
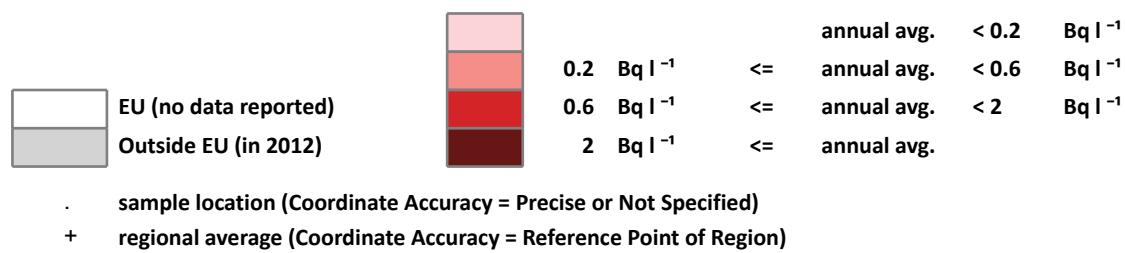
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE



**Fig.M1**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk, 2012

**Table M1: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : milk ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : strontium-90 ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	19	8	< RL	< RL	1				
BE	40	3	< RL	< RL	3				
BG	22	4	< RL	< RL	12				
CY	6	1	< RL	< RL	1				
CZ	6	4	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-N	128	29	< RL	< RL	7				
DE-C	71	21	< RL	< RL	12				
DE-S	75	24	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-E	58	6	< RL	< RL	7				
DE	332	80	< RL	< RL	12				
DK									
EE	12	3	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-N	40	4	< RL	< RL	2				
ES-C	8	2	< RL	< RL	2				
ES-S	12	1	< RL	< RL	1				
ES-E	12	1	< RL	< RL	1				
ES	72	8	< RL	< RL	2				
FI-N	4	1	< RL	< RL	7				
FI-S	16	4	< RL	< RL	7				
FI	20	5	< RL	< RL	7				
FR-NW	9	4		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR	9	4		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
GB-EN	154	13	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-WL	24	2	< RL	< RL	4				
GB-SC	28	5	< RL	< RL	7				
GB-NI	36	5	< RL	< RL	4				
GB	242	25	< RL	< RL	5				
GR	11	1	< RL	2.3E-01	3.7E-01	2.3E-01	2.5E-01	4.8E-01	9
HU	60	9	< RL	< RL	1				
IE	15	4	< RL	< RL	11				
IT-N	32	10	< RL	< RL	1				
IT-C									
IT-S	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
IT	33	11	< RL	< RL	1				
LT	40	11	< RL	< RL	2				
LU									
LV	3	1	< RL				< RL	< RL	1
MT	4	1	< RL	< RL	3				
NL	12	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-N									
PL-S									
PL									
PT	35	6	< RL	< RL	4				
RO-N									
RO-S	1	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	7
RO	1	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	7
SE-N	4	1	< RL	< RL	5				
SE-S	4	1	< RL	< RL	2				
SE	8	2	< RL	< RL	11				
SI	30	4	< RL	< RL	2				
SK	11	2	< RL	< RL	4				

RL: reporting level for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk, i.e. 2.0 E-01 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

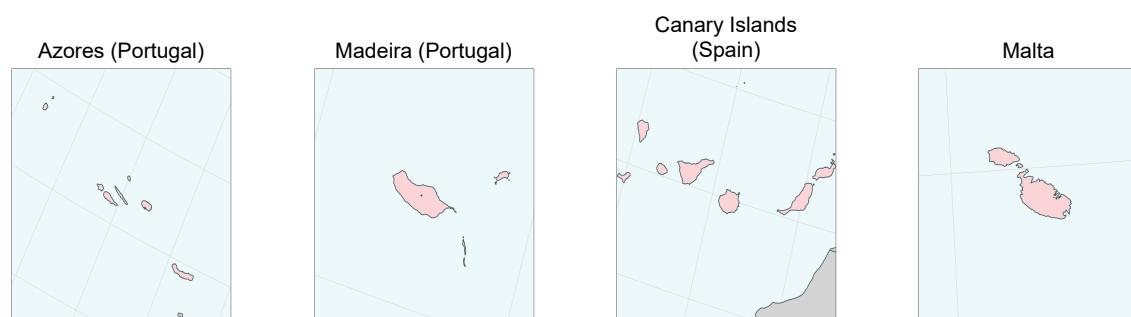
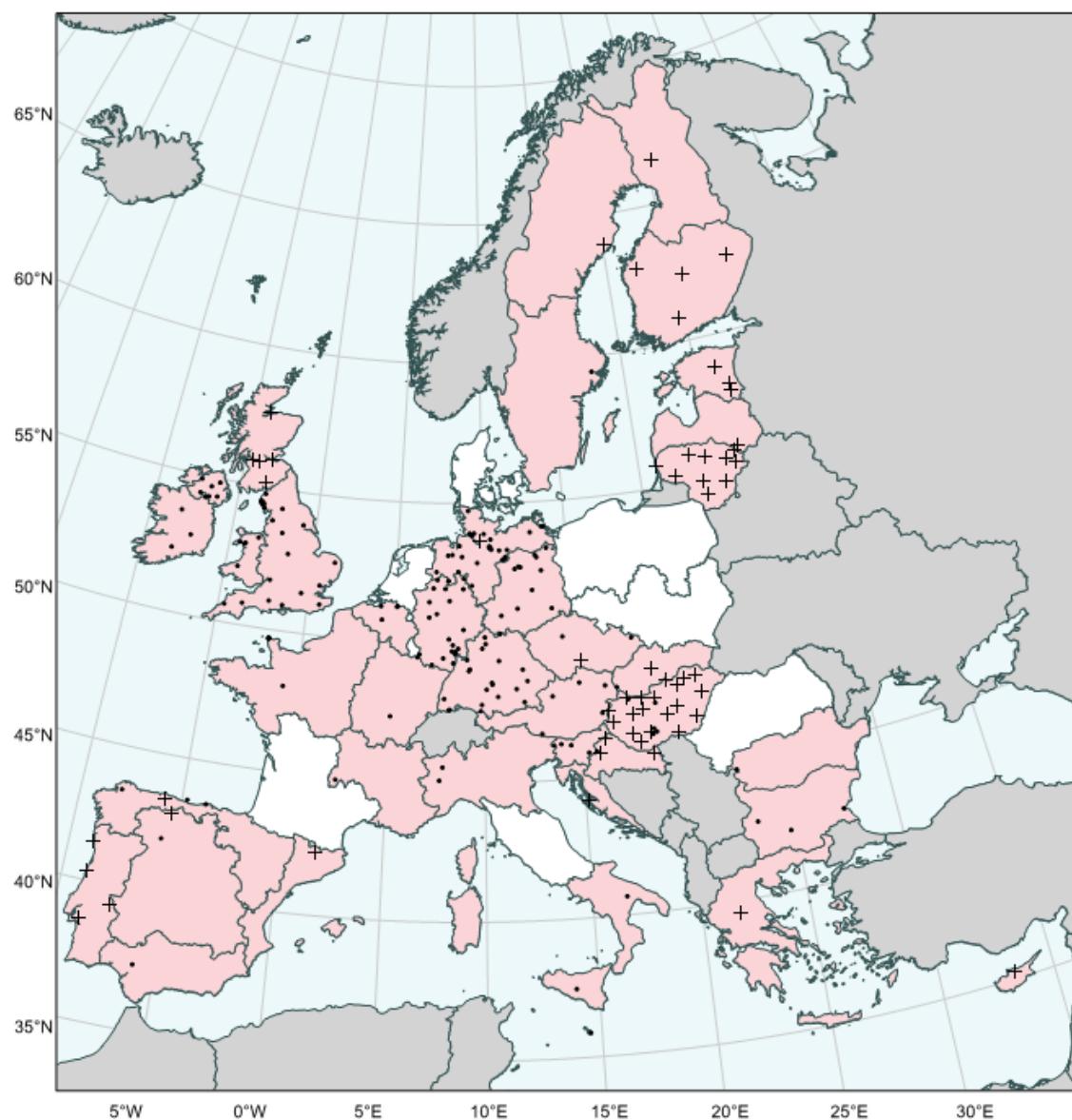
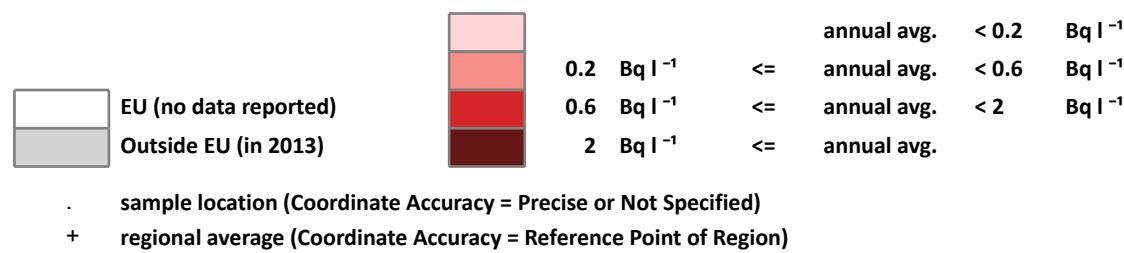
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE



**Fig.M2**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  ${}^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk, 2013

**Table M2:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : milk ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : strontium-90 ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	18	6	< RL	< RL	4				
BE	41	4	< RL	< RL	3				
BG	18	3	< RL	< RL	10				
CY	6	1		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	8
CZ	6	3	< RL	< RL	4				
DE-N	120	29	< RL	< RL	3				
DE-C	67	21	< RL	< RL	2				
DE-S	65	20	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-E	74	11	< RL	< RL	12				
DE	326	81	< RL	< RL	2				
DK									
EE	12	3	< RL	< RL	3				
ES-N	40	4	< RL	< RL	7				
ES-C	8	2	< RL	< RL	2				
ES-S	12	1	< RL	< RL	3				
ES-E	12	1	< RL	< RL	11				
ES	72	8	< RL	< RL	3				
FI-N	4	1	< RL	< RL	10				
FI-S	16	4	< RL	< RL	10				
FI	20	5	< RL	< RL	10				
FR-NW	9	5		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NE	1	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
FR-SW									
FR-SE	1	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
FR	11	7		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
GB-EN	210	34	< RL	< RL	3				
GB-WL	44	5	< RL	< RL	10				
GB-SC	28	5	< RL	< RL	9				
GB-NI	72	6	< RL	< RL	3				
GB	354	50	< RL	< RL	3				
GR	12	1	< RL	< RL	10				
HR-A	12	1	< RL	< RL	10				
HR-C	35	4	< RL	< RL	1				
HR	47	5	< RL	< RL	1				
HU	213	26	< RL	< RL	12				
IE	16	4	< RL	< RL	11				
IT-N	8	2	< RL	< RL	12				
IT-C									
IT-S	2	2	< RL	< RL	1				
IT	10	4	< RL	< RL	9				
LT	41	11	< RL	< RL	7				
LU									
LV	8	1		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	4
MT	4	1	< RL	< RL	3				
NL									
PL-N									
PL-S									
PL									
PT	31	6	< RL	< RL	10				
RO-N									
RO-S	1	1	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	1
RO	1	1	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	1
SE-N	4	1	< RL	< RL	3				
SE-S	4	1	< RL	< RL	5				
SE	8	2	< RL	< RL	3				
SI	33	4	< RL	< RL	10				
SK	14	2	< RL	< RL	7				

RL: reporting level for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk, i.e. 2.0 E-01 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

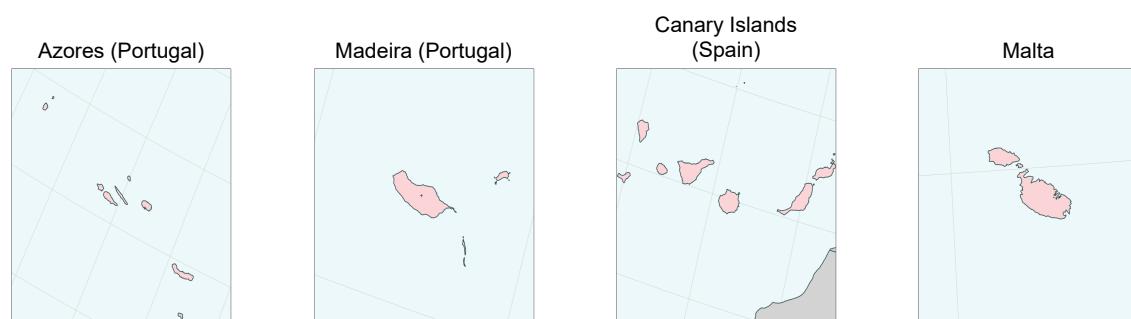
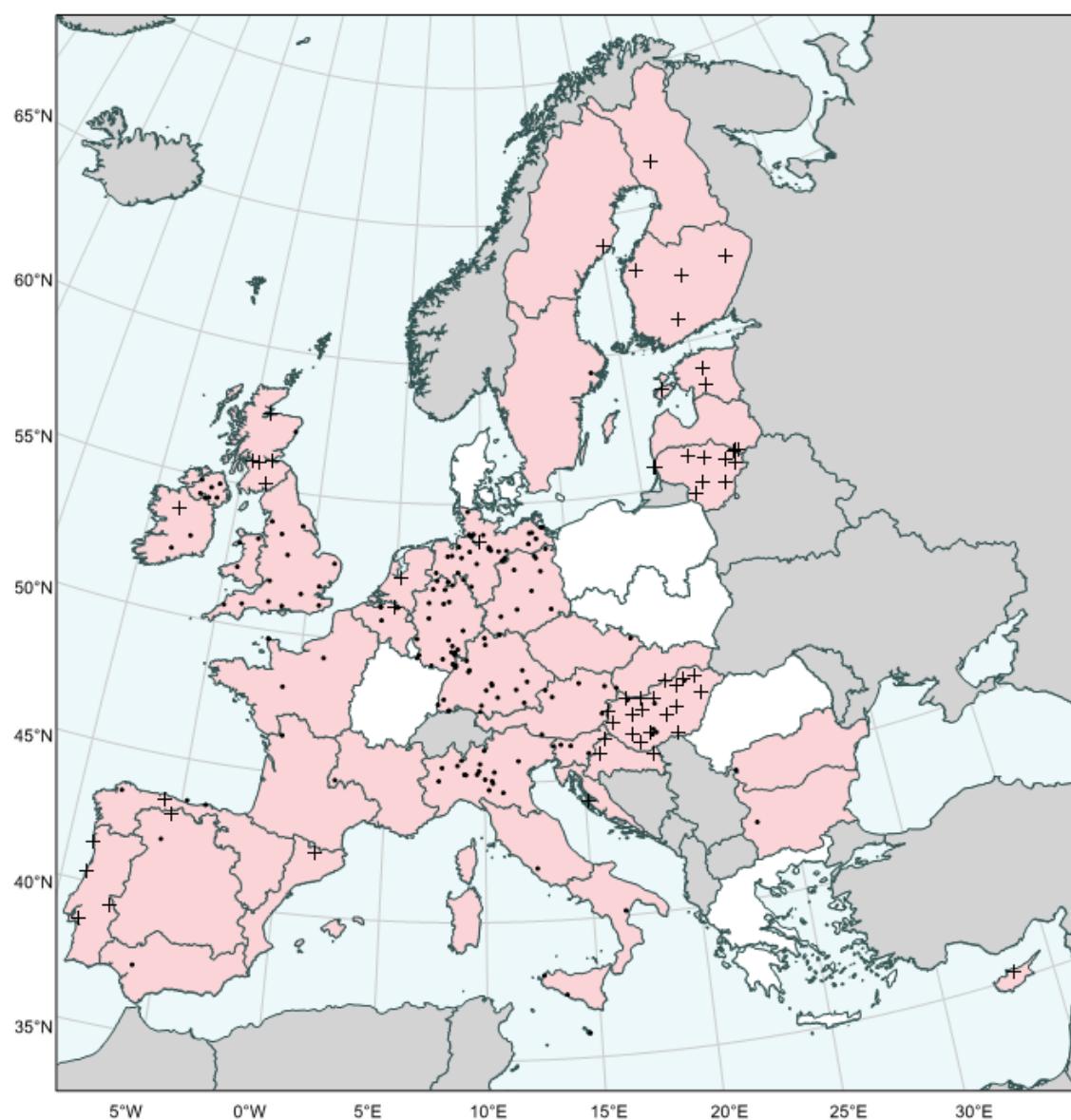
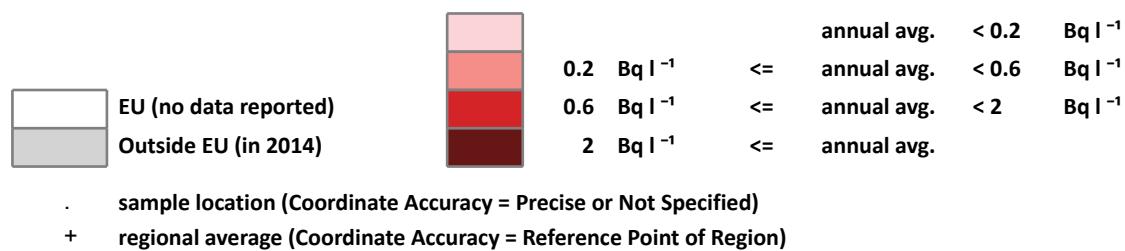
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE



**Fig.M3**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk, 2014

**Table M3: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : milk ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : strontium-90 ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	18	7	< RL	< RL	5				
BE	44	6	< RL	< RL	12				
BG	13	1	< RL	< RL	12				
CY	3	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	4
CZ	4	1	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-N	122	32	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-C	71	22	< RL	< RL	10				
DE-S	72	21	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-E	69	9	< RL	< RL	5				
DE	334	84	< RL	< RL	10				
DK									
EE	12	3	< RL	< RL	2				
ES-N	40	4	< RL	< RL	1				
ES-C	8	2	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-S	12	1	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-E	12	1	< RL	< RL	11				
ES	72	8	< RL	< RL	2				
FI-N	4	1	< RL	< RL	7				
FI-S	16	4	< RL	< RL	7				
FI	20	5	< RL	< RL	7				
FR-NW	4	4		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	4
FR-NE									
FR-SW	1	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
FR-SE	1	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
FR	6	6		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	4
GB-EN	145	13	< RL	< RL	3				
GB-WL	36	3	< RL	< RL	2				
GB-SC	91	6	< RL	< RL	4				
GB-NI	70	6	< RL	< RL	9				
GB	342	28	< RL	< RL	2				
GR									
HR-A	7	1	< RL	< RL	3				
HR-C	28	3	< RL	< RL	1				
HR	35	4	< RL	< RL	8				
HU	202	25	< RL	< RL	12				
IE	14	4	< RL	< RL	5				
IT-N	60	17	< RL	< RL	10				
IT-C	1	1			< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	9
IT-S	6	3	< RL	< RL	4				
IT	67	21	< RL	< RL	10				
LT	45	12	< RL	< RL	12				
LU									
LV	8	2	< RL	< RL	1				
MT	3	1		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
NL	12	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-N									
PL-S									
PL									
PT	36	6	< RL	< RL	10				
RO-N									
RO-S	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
RO	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SE-N	4	1	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	2
SE-S	4	1	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SE	8	2	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	12
SI	32	4	< RL	< RL	5				
SK	3	1	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5

RL: reporting level for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk, i.e. 2.0 E-01 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

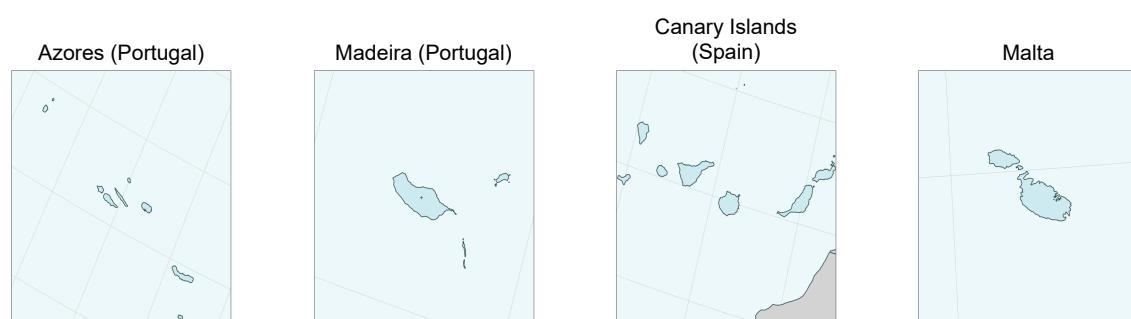
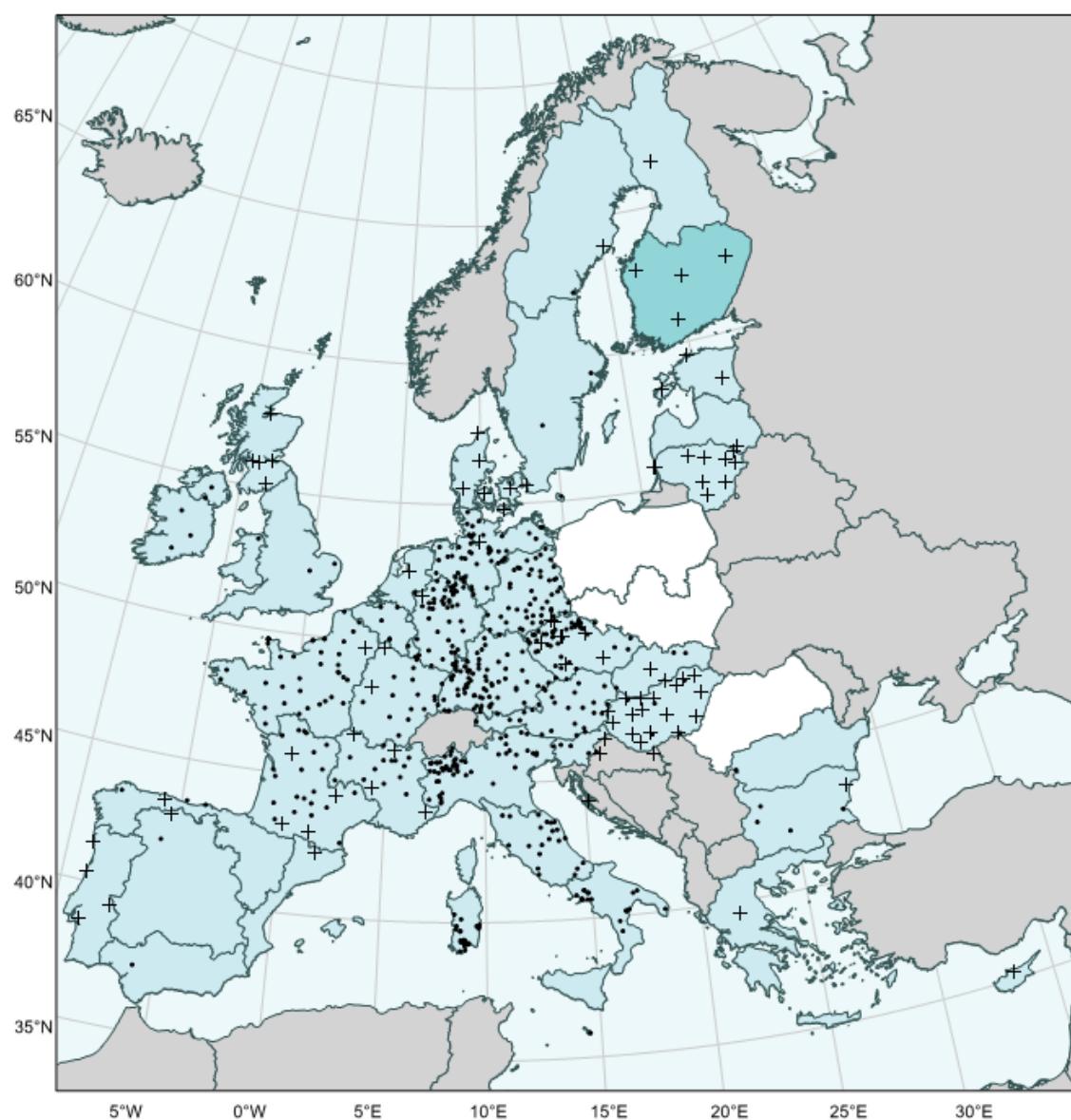
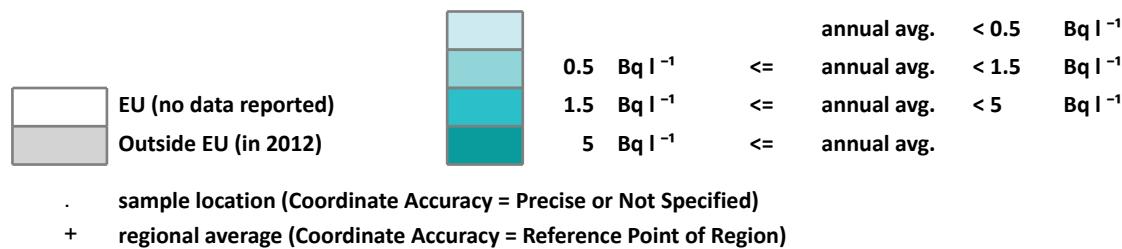
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE



**Fig.M4**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk, 2012

**Table M4: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : milk ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	173	29	< RL	< RL	7				
BE	159	3	< RL	< RL	2				
BG	22	5	< RL	< RL	9				
CY	6	1	< RL	< RL	7				
CZ	67	51	< RL	< RL	6				
DE-N	373	45	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-C	240	49	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-S	354	72	< RL	< RL	11				
DE-E	320	45	< RL	< RL	2				
DE	1287	211	< RL	< RL	11				
DK	40	7	< RL	< RL	6				
EE	12	3	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-N	40	4	< RL	< RL	8				
ES-C	8	2	< RL	< RL	8				
ES-S	12	1	< RL	< RL	9				
ES-E	12	1	< RL	< RL	5				
ES	72	8	< RL	< RL	8				
FI-N	4	1	< RL	< RL	7				
FI-S	16	4	5.1E-01	< RL	5.8E-01	5.4E-01	5.3E-01	5.8E-01	7
FI	20	5	< RL	< RL	5.2E-01	< RL	< RL	5.2E-01	7
FR-NW	67	40	< RL	< RL	10				
FR-NE	28	21	< RL	< RL	10				
FR-SW	37	25	< RL	< RL	9				
FR-SE	19	16	< RL	< RL	9				
FR	151	102	< RL	< RL	9				
GB-EN	12	2	< RL	< RL	3				
GB-WL	12	1	< RL	< RL	3				
GB-SC	28	5	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-NI	12	1	< RL	< RL	2				
GB	64	9	< RL	< RL	2				
GR	11	1	< RL	< RL	1				
HU	203	25	< RL	< RL	3				
IE	24	4	< RL	< RL	3				
IT-N	280	55	< RL	< RL	9				
IT-C	145	21	< RL	< RL	3				
IT-S	272	41	< RL	< RL	12				
IT	697	117	< RL	< RL	9				
LT	45	11	< RL	< RL	8				
LU	33	3	< RL	< RL	4				
LV	8	1	< RL	< RL	3				
MT	4	1	< RL	< RL	6				
NL	24	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-N									
PL-S									
PL									
PT	35	6	< RL	< RL	4				
RO-N									
RO-S	1	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	7
RO	1	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	7
SE-N	8	2	< RL	< RL	11				
SE-S	12	3	< RL	< RL	5				
SE	20	5	< RL	< RL	11				
SI	30	4	< RL	< RL	7				
SK	24	4	< RL	< RL	11				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk, i.e. 5.0 E-01 Bq/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

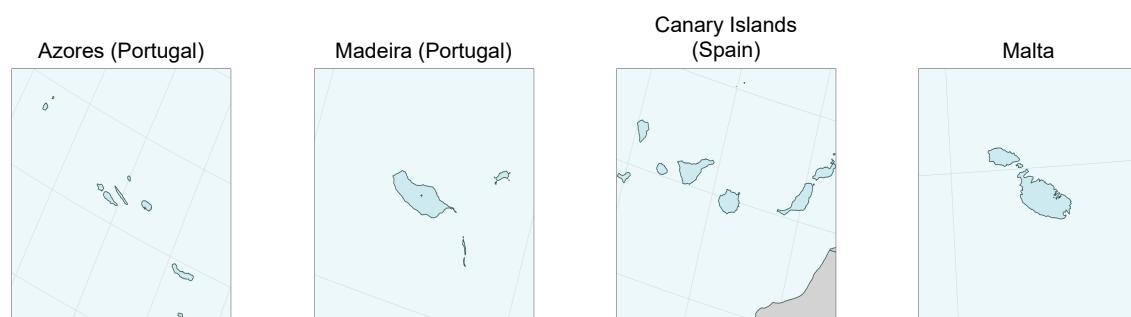
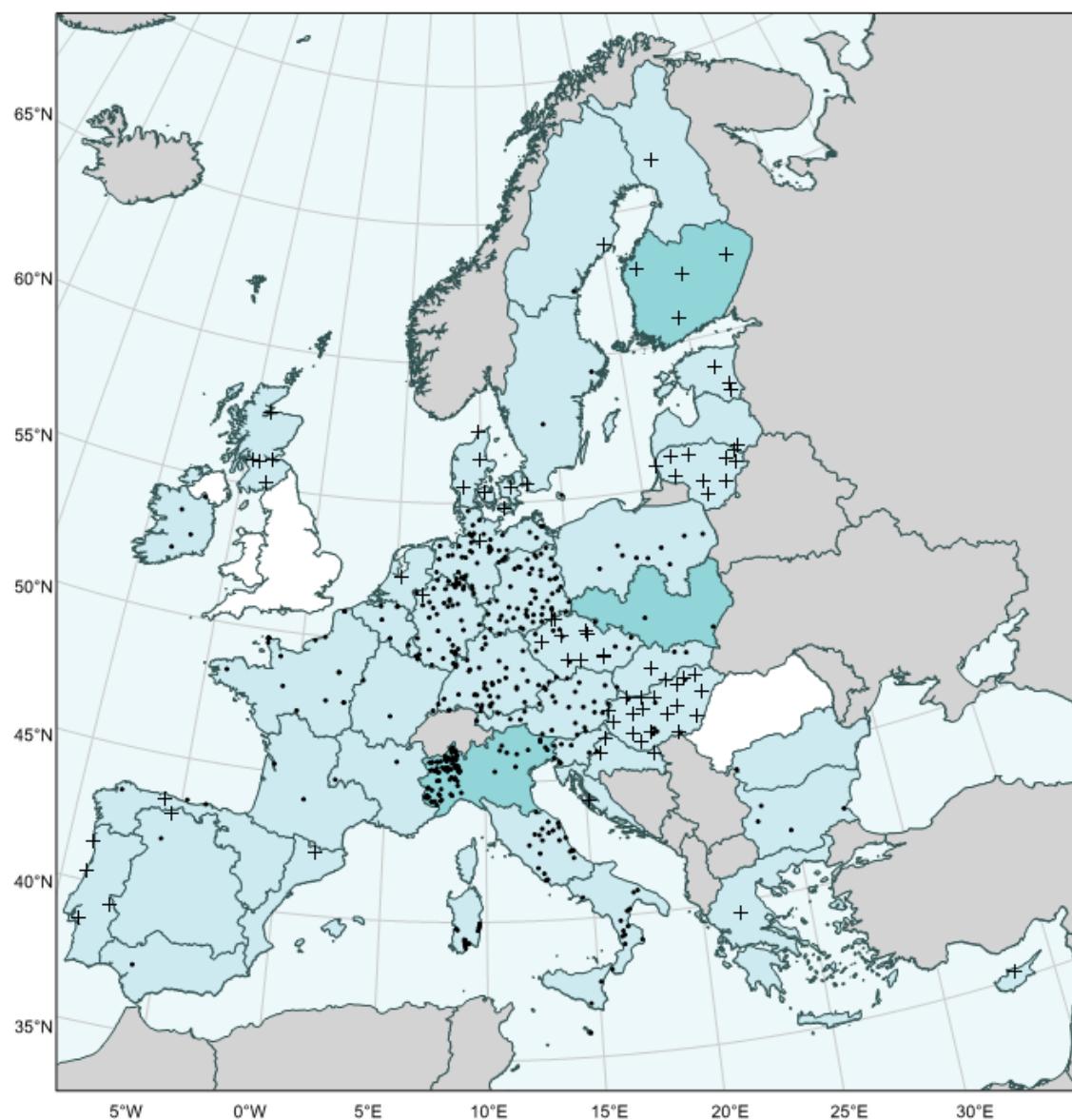
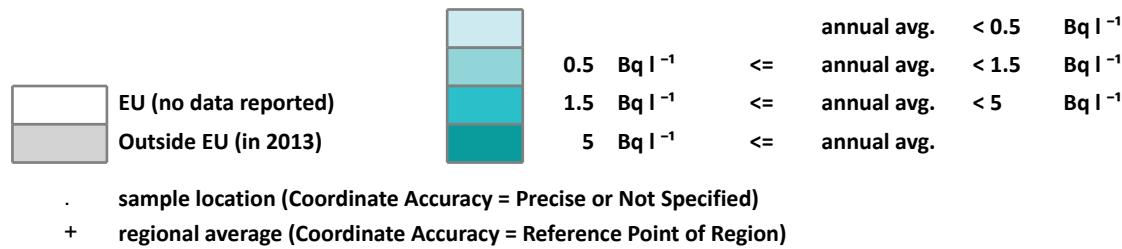
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE



**Fig.M5**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk, 2013

**Table M5: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : milk ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	178	27	< RL	< RL	9				
BE	158	4	< RL	< RL	10				
BG	23	4	< RL	< RL	8				
CY	6	1		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
CZ	58	20	< RL	< RL	6				
DE-N	370	44	< RL	< RL	7				
DE-C	223	45	< RL	< RL	4				
DE-S	323	44	< RL	< RL	12				
DE-E	295	51	< RL	< RL	4				
DE	1211	184	< RL	< RL	4				
DK	39	7	< RL	< RL	8				
EE	12	3	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-N	40	4	< RL	< RL	9				
ES-C	8	2	< RL	< RL	2				
ES-S	12	1	< RL	< RL	12				
ES-E	12	1	< RL	< RL	4				
ES	72	8	< RL	< RL	9				
FI-N	4	1	< RL	< RL	10				
FI-S	16	4	6.7E-01	< RL	5.3E-01	5.6E-01	5.6E-01	6.7E-01	1
FI	20	5	5.8E-01	< RL	< RL	5.1E-01	< RL	5.8E-01	1
FR-NW	30	18	< RL	< RL	11				
FR-NE	10	5		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	11
FR-SW	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	4
FR-SE	2	2	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	6
FR	46	27	< RL	< RL	4				
GB-EN									
GB-WL									
GB-SC	28	5	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-NI									
GB	28	5	< RL	< RL	1				
GR	11	1	< RL	< RL	1				
HR-A	12	1	< RL	< RL	8				
HR-C	35	4	< RL	< RL	2				
HR	47	5	< RL	< RL	2				
HU	268	29	< RL	< RL	9				
IE	23	4	< RL	< RL	10				
IT-N	196	95	< RL	< RL	1.6E+00	< RL	5.4E-01	2.9E+00	8
IT-C	58	24	< RL	< RL	7				
IT-S	121	29	< RL	< RL	5				
IT	375	148	< RL	8.4E-01	8				
LT	42	11	< RL	< RL	7				
LU	36	3	< RL	< RL	11				
LV	8	1		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	10
MT	4	1	< RL	< RL	9				
NL	12	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-N	31	9	< RL	8.3E-01	< RL	< RL	< RL	8.3E-01	4
PL-S	11	2	6.6E-01	6.5E-01	5.9E-01	1.3E+00	8.1E-01	2.7E+00	12
PL	42	11	< RL	7.0E-01	< RL	8.9E-01	6.0E-01	1.5E+00	12
PT	37	6	< RL	< RL	10				
RO-N									
RO-S	1	1	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	1
RO	1	1	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	1
SE-N	8	2	< RL	< RL	11				
SE-S	12	3	< RL	< RL	8				
SE	20	5	< RL	< RL	3				
SI	30	4	< RL	< RL	9				
SK	25	4	< RL	< RL	5				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk, i.e. 5.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

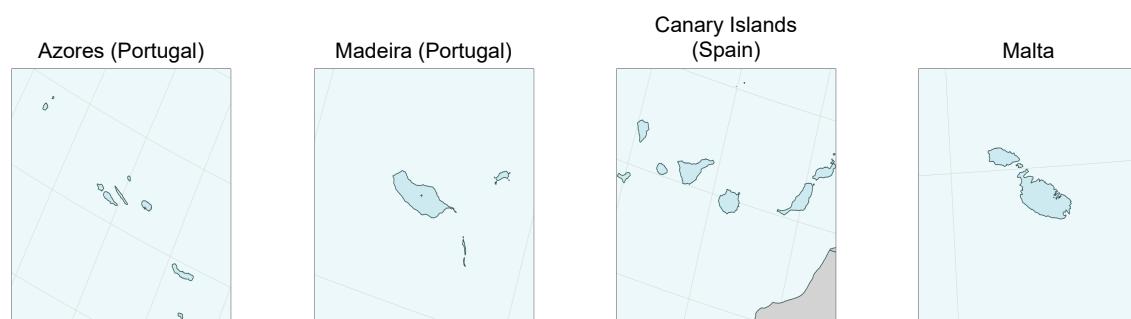
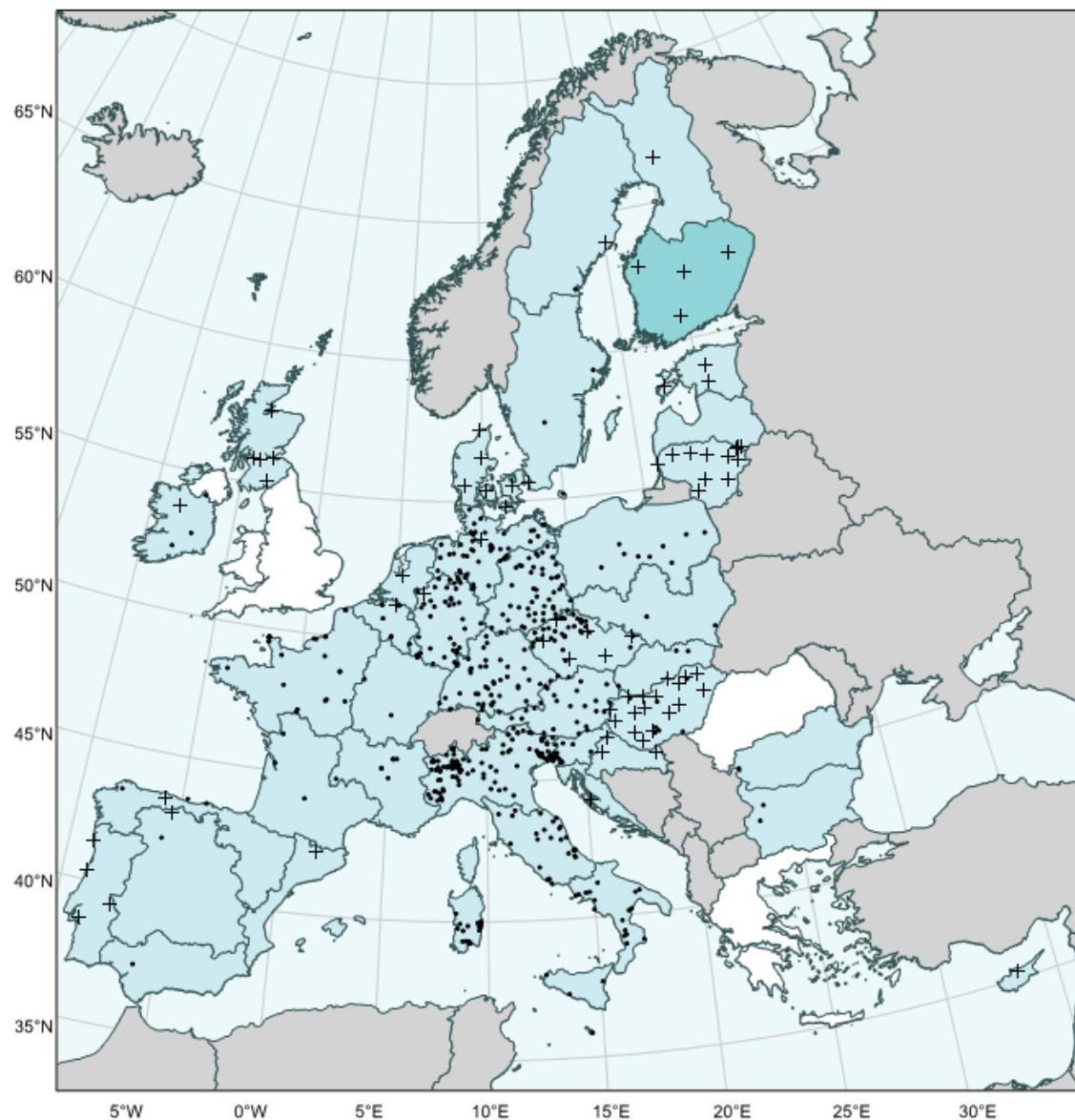
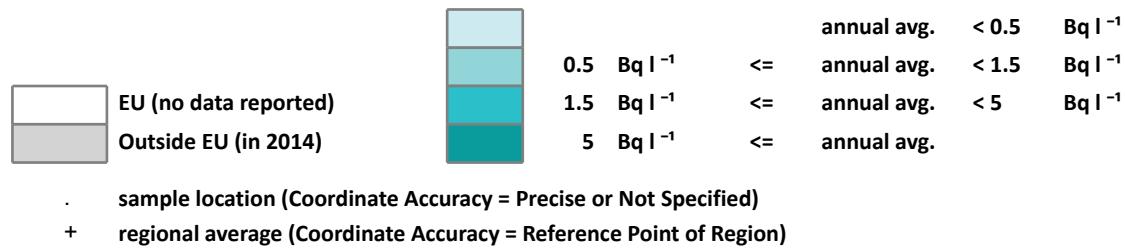
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE



**Fig.M6**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk, 2014

**Table M6: Geographical and time averages**


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : milk ( $\text{Bq l}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	178	28	< RL	< RL	9				
BE	161	6	< RL	< RL	4				
BG	14	2	< RL	< RL	10				
CY	3	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	4
CZ	55	39	< RL	< RL	12				
DE-N	355	44	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-C	228	41	< RL	< RL	6				
DE-S	308	45	< RL	< RL	3				
DE-E	284	45	< RL	< RL	12				
DE	1175	175	< RL	< RL	6				
DK	42	7	< RL	< RL	6				
EE	12	3	< RL	< RL	7				
ES-N	40	4	< RL	< RL	7				
ES-C	8	2	< RL	< RL	5				
ES-S	12	1	< RL	< RL	1				
ES-E	12	1	< RL	< RL	8				
ES	72	8	< RL	< RL	7				
FI-N	12	1	< RL	< RL	11				
FI-S	48	4	< RL	5.3E-01	6.2E-01	7.6E-01	6.0E-01	9.6E-01	10
FI	60	5	< RL	< RL	5.5E-01	6.7E-01	5.3E-01	8.3E-01	10
FR-NW	41	24	< RL	< RL	2				
FR-NE	10	6		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	6
FR-SW	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
FR-SE	9	7		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
FR	66	40	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-EN									
GB-WL									
GB-SC	28	5	< RL	< RL	8				
GB-NI									
GB	28	5	< RL	< RL	8				
GR									
HR-A	7	1	< RL	< RL	9				
HR-C	28	3	< RL	< RL	12				
HR	35	4	< RL	< RL	12				
HU	273	25	< RL	< RL	3				
IE	23	4	< RL	< RL	12				
IT-N	459	113	< RL	5.1E-01	9				
IT-C	102	28	< RL	< RL	7				
IT-S	157	39	< RL	< RL	10				
IT	718	180	< RL	< RL	9				
LT	42	10	< RL	< RL	10				
LU	35	3	< RL	< RL	5				
LV	8	2	< RL	< RL	3				
MT	3	1		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
NL	12	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-N	40	9	< RL	5.5E-01	< RL	< RL	< RL	6.5E-01	5
PL-S	11	2	< RL	< RL	< RL	7.3E-01	< RL	9.0E-01	12
PL	51	11	< RL	5.4E-01	< RL	5.1E-01	< RL	6.9E-01	11
PT	36	6	< RL	< RL	12				
RO-N									
RO-S	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
RO	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
SE-N	8	2	< RL	5.9E-01	10				
SE-S	12	3	< RL	< RL	11				
SE	20	5	< RL	< RL	10				
SI	33	4	< RL	< RL	1				
SK	12	3	< RL	< RL	11				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk, i.e. 5.0 E-01 BQ/L (see Appendix B)

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

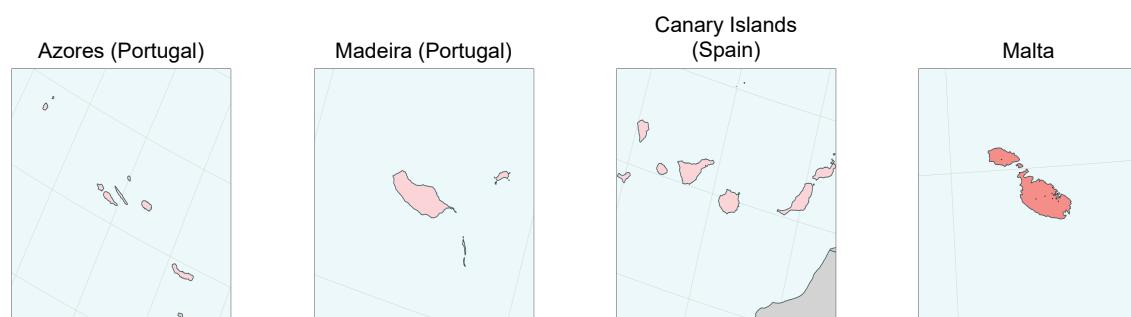
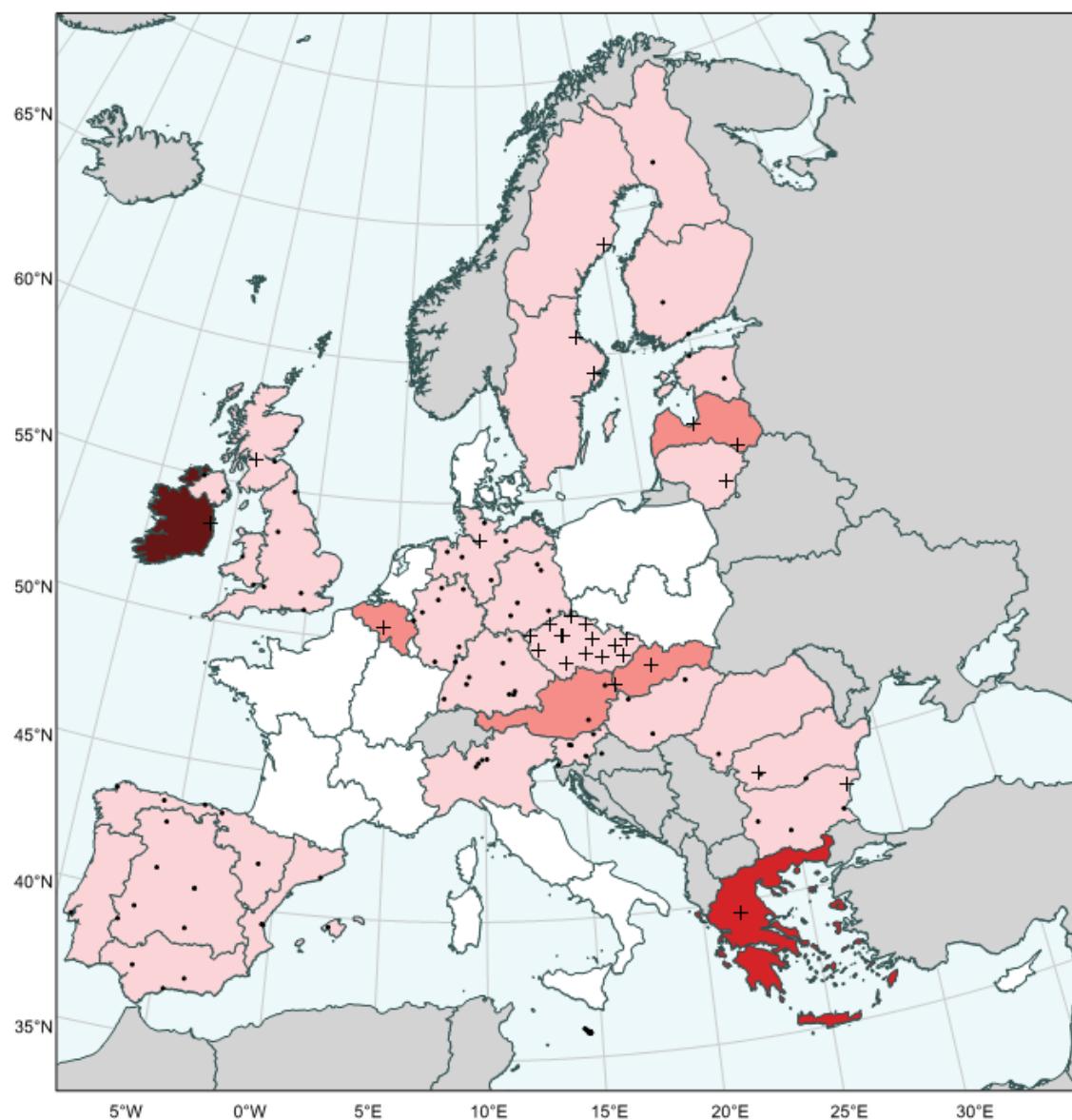
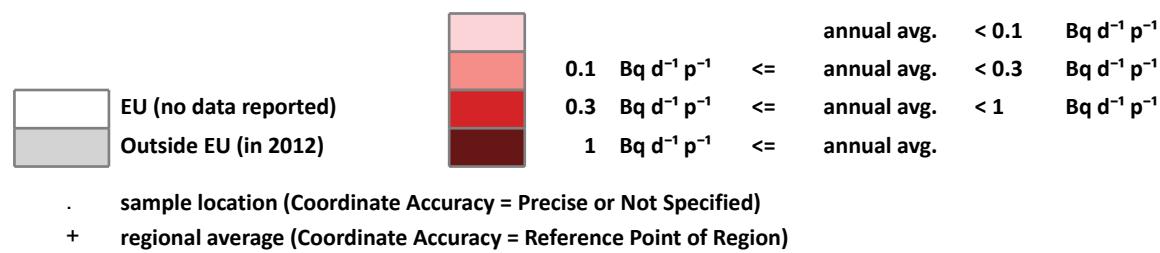
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE



**Fig.D1**

Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet, 2012

**Table D1:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : mixed diet (Bq d<sup>-1</sup> p<sup>-1</sup>)  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : strontium-90 (<sup>90</sup>Sr)

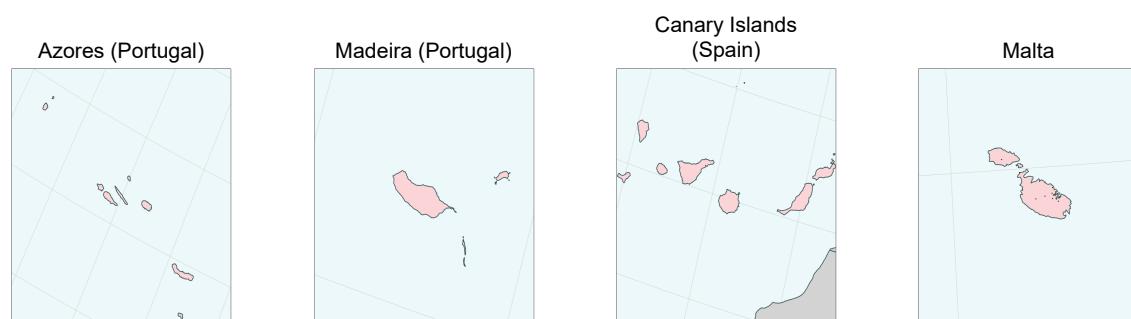
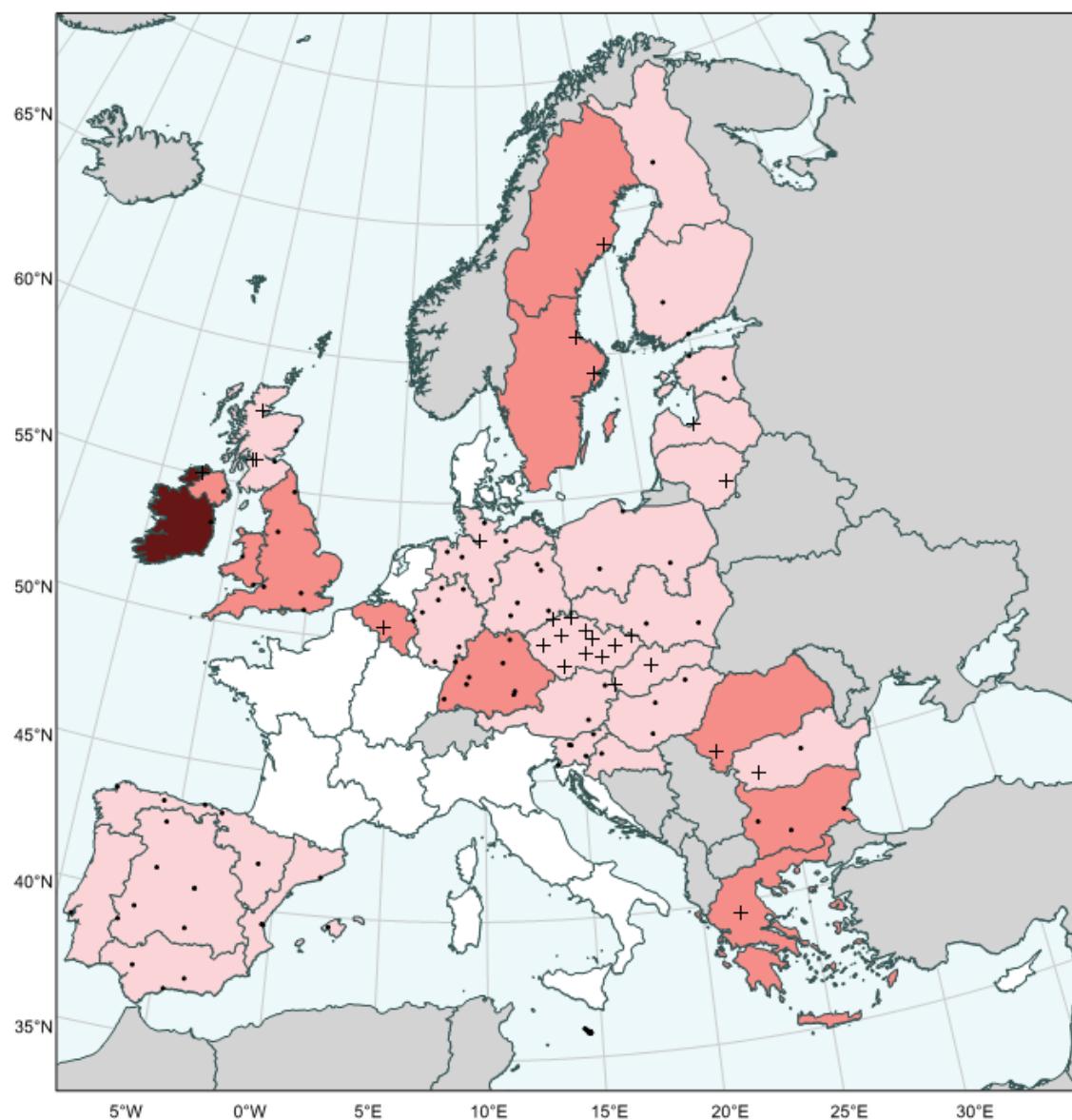
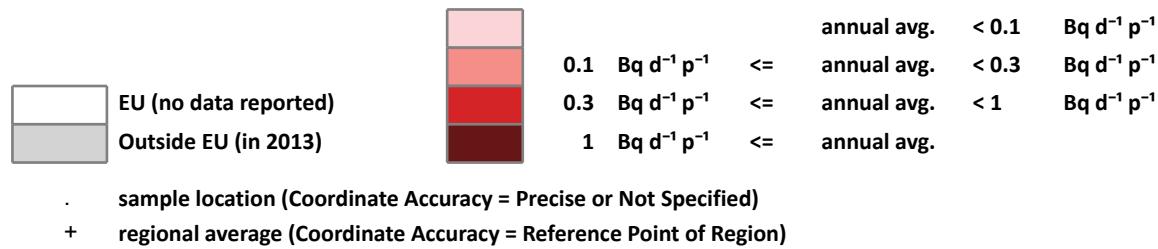
Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	8	2	1.2E-01	< RL	< RL	< RL	1.0E-01	1.3E-01	2
BE	3	1	< RL	2.2E-01	1.7E-01		1.5E-01	2.2E-01	4
BG	16	5	< RL	< RL	< RL	1.1E-01	< RL	1.2E-01	12
CY									
CZ	22	14	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-N	30	6	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-C	32	8	< RL	< RL	12				
DE-S	27	8	< RL	< RL	1.1E-01	< RL	< RL	1.2E-01	9
DE-E	28	5	< RL	< RL	10				
DE	117	27	< RL	< RL	9				
DK									
EE	4	2	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	10
ES-N	20	5	< RL	< RL	3				
ES-C	25	7	< RL	1.3E-01	7				
ES-S	15	4	< RL	< RL	5				
ES-E	17	4	< RL	< RL	1				
ES	77	20	< RL	< RL	3				
FI-N	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI-S	2	2				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI	3	3				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN	8	5	< RL	< RL	11				
GB-WL	5	2	< RL	< RL	11				
GB-SC	14	3	< RL	< RL	< RL	1.1E-01	< RL	1.5E-01	12
GB-NI	5	2	< RL	< RL	4				
GB	32	12	< RL	1.5E-01	12				
GR	11	1	2.0E-01	3.3E-01	5.0E-01	4.0E-01	3.6E-01	6.4E-01	7
HU	5	3	< RL		< RL		< RL	< RL	3
IE	6	1	7.1E-01	3.6E+00	6.2E-01	5.7E-01	1.4E+00	3.6E+00	4
IT-N	4	4	< RL	< RL	1				
IT-C									
IT-S									
IT	4	4	< RL	< RL	1				
LT	12	1	< RL	< RL	1				
LU									
LV	4	2		5.1E-01	2.2E-01	< RL	2.7E-01	5.1E-01	6
MT	12	11	1.4E-01	< RL	1.1E-01	< RL	1.0E-01	2.1E-01	7
NL							Δ		
PL-N									
PL-S									
PL									
PT	11	1	< RL	< RL	9				
RO-N	1	1	< RL				< RL	< RL	3
RO-S	6	2	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	6
RO	7	3	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	6
SE-N	2	1		< RL		1.2E-01	< RL	1.2E-01	11
SE-S	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	1.2E-01	5
SE	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
SI	5	5	< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	2
SK	8	2	1.2E-01	1.6E-01	< RL	1.3E-01	1.2E-01	1.6E-01	5

RL: reporting level for <sup>90</sup>Sr in mixed diet, i.e. 1.0 E-01 BQ/D.P (see Appendix B)  
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.  
M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE

**Fig.D2**Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet, 2013

**Table D2:** Geographical and time averages

**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : mixed diet ( $\text{Bq d}^{-1} \text{p}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : strontium-90 ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$ )



Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	6	2	< RL	< RL	10				
BE	2	1	1.5E-01			2.4E-01	2.0E-01	2.4E-01	12
BG	11	3	5.6E-01	< RL	< RL	< RL	2.1E-01	7.7E-01	2
CY									
CZ	19	12	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-N	35	6	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-C	32	8	< RL	1.1E-01	6				
DE-S	24	7	1.2E-01	< RL	2.1E-01	1.5E-01	1.3E-01	2.2E-01	8
DE-E	27	5	< RL	< RL	8				
DE	118	26	< RL	< RL	8				
DK									
EE	4	2	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	10
ES-N	20	5	< RL	< RL	3				
ES-C	26	7	< RL	< RL	2				
ES-S	16	4	< RL	1.5E-01	3				
ES-E	16	4	< RL	< RL	3				
ES	78	20	< RL	< RL	8				
FI-N	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI-S	2	2				< RL	< RL	< RL	11
FI	3	3				< RL	< RL	< RL	11
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN	8	5	1.8E-01	< RL	< RL	1.6E-01	1.1E-01	2.9E-01	1
GB-WL	5	2	< RL	1.6E-01	2.1E-01	1.5E-01	1.4E-01	2.1E-01	5
GB-SC	17	5	1.2E-01	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	1.6E-01	3
GB-NI	5	2	1.2E-01	< RL	< RL	2.7E-01	1.3E-01	2.7E-01	11
GB	35	14	1.4E-01	< RL	< RL	1.5E-01	1.2E-01	2.1E-01	11
GR	12	1	1.2E-01	1.0E-01	1.0E-01	1.0E-01	1.1E-01	1.6E-01	3
HR-A									
HR-C	5	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	12
HR	5	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	12
HU	7	3	< RL	< RL	4				
IE	1	1	4.8E+00				4.8E+00	4.8E+00	2
IT-N									
IT-C									
IT-S									
IT									
LT	12	1	< RL	< RL	11				
LU									
LV	2	1			< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	12
MT	12	11	< RL	< RL	9				
NL								Δ	
PL-N	3	3	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	2	2	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	5	5	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	11	1	< RL	< RL	1				
RO-N	1	1	2.3E-01	2.3E-01	2.3E-01	2.3E-01	2.3E-01	2.3E-01	1
RO-S	5	2	< RL	< RL	12				
RO	6	3	1.2E-01	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	1.2E-01	1
SE-N	2	1		1.3E-01		2.4E-01	1.9E-01	2.4E-01	11
SE-S	4	2		< RL		2.0E-01	1.3E-01	2.0E-01	10
SE	6	3		< RL		2.2E-01	1.6E-01	2.4E-01	11
SI	5	5	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	3
SK	8	2	< RL	< RL	2				

RL: reporting level for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet, i.e. 1.0 E-01 BQ/D.P (see Appendix B)

Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

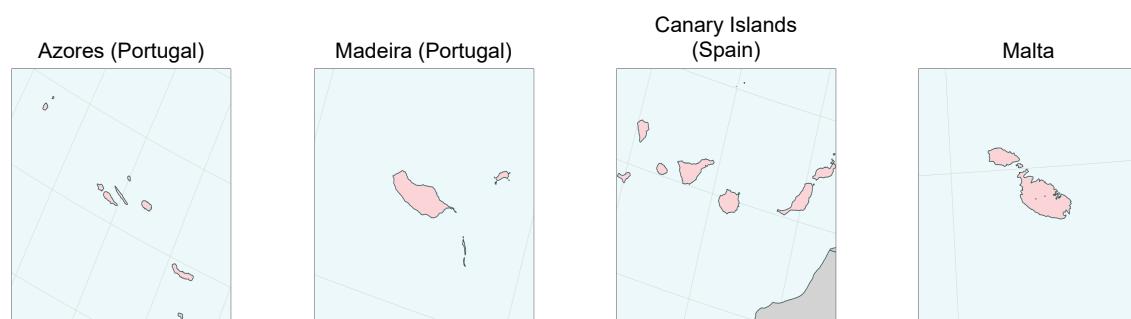
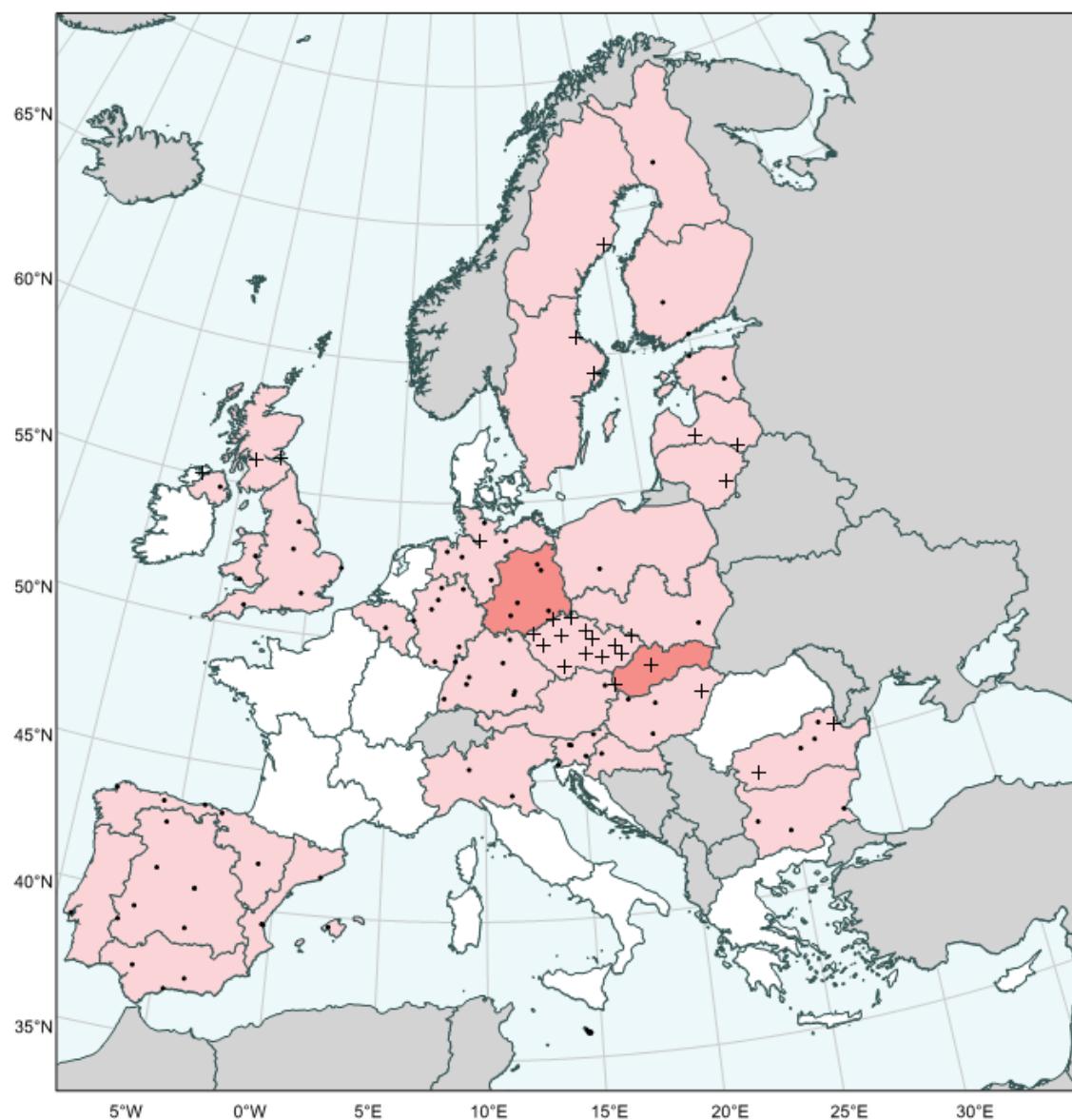
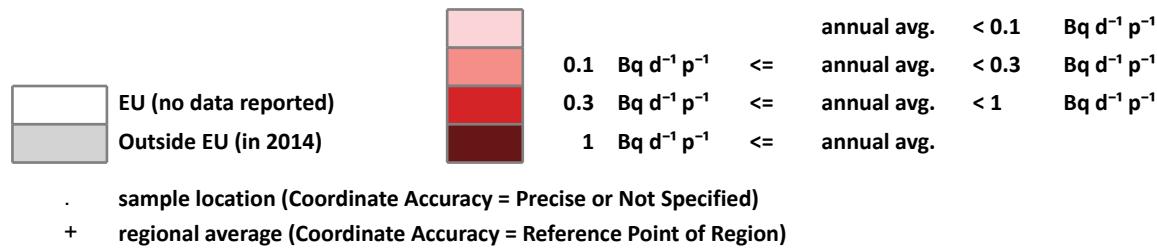
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE

**Fig.D3**Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet, 2014

**Table D3:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : mixed diet ( $\text{Bq d}^{-1} \text{p}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : strontium-90 ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	4	1	< RL	< RL	1.0E-01	1.1E-01	< RL	1.1E-01	10
BE	2	1	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	10
BG	12	3	1.2E-01	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	1.2E-01	2
CY									
CZ	20	14	< RL	< RL	7				
DE-N	32	6	< RL	< RL	6				
DE-C	30	8	< RL	< RL	9				
DE-S	22	7	< RL	1.1E-01	12				
DE-E	31	5	< RL	< RL	< RL	2.9E-01	1.1E-01	3.6E-01	12
DE	115	26	< RL	< RL	< RL	1.4E-01	< RL	1.7E-01	12
DK									
EE	4	2	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	10
ES-N	20	5	< RL	< RL	8				
ES-C	26	7	< RL	1.0E-01	2				
ES-S	16	4	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-E	16	4	< RL	< RL	11				
ES	78	20	< RL	< RL	2				
FI-N	1	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI-S	2	2				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FI	3	3				< RL	< RL	< RL	10
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN	8	5		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	12
GB-WL	5	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	5
GB-SC	13	2	< RL	1.3E-01	2				
GB-NI	5	2			< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	12
GB	31	11	< RL	1.3E-01	2				
GR									
HR-A									
HR-C	5	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	11
HR	5	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	11
HU	11	4	< RL		< RL		< RL	< RL	7
IE									
IT-N	9	2	1.3E-01	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	1.3E-01	1
IT-C									
IT-S									
IT	9	2	1.3E-01	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	1.3E-01	1
LT	12	1	< RL	< RL	7				
LU									
LV	6	2	< RL	< RL	12				
MT	6	5		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
NL							Δ		
PL-N	1	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL-S	1	1	< RL	< RL	1				
PL	2	2	< RL	< RL	1				
PT	11	1	< RL	< RL	2				
RO-N									
RO-S	13	5	< RL	< RL	3				
RO	13	5	< RL	< RL	3				
SE-N	2	1		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
SE-S	4	2		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	5
SE	6	3		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	6
SI	5	5	< RL				< RL	< RL	3
SK	7	2	< RL	< RL	2.0E-01	5.7E-01	2.2E-01	5.7E-01	10

RL: reporting level for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet, i.e. 1.0 E-01 BQ/D.P (see Appendix B)

Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

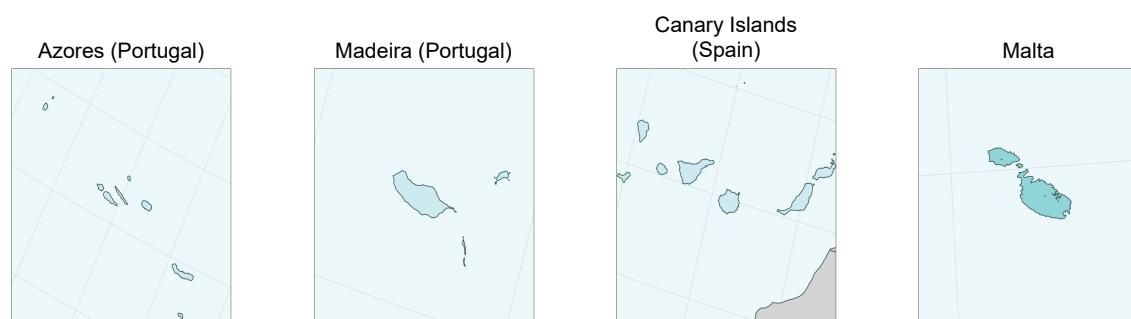
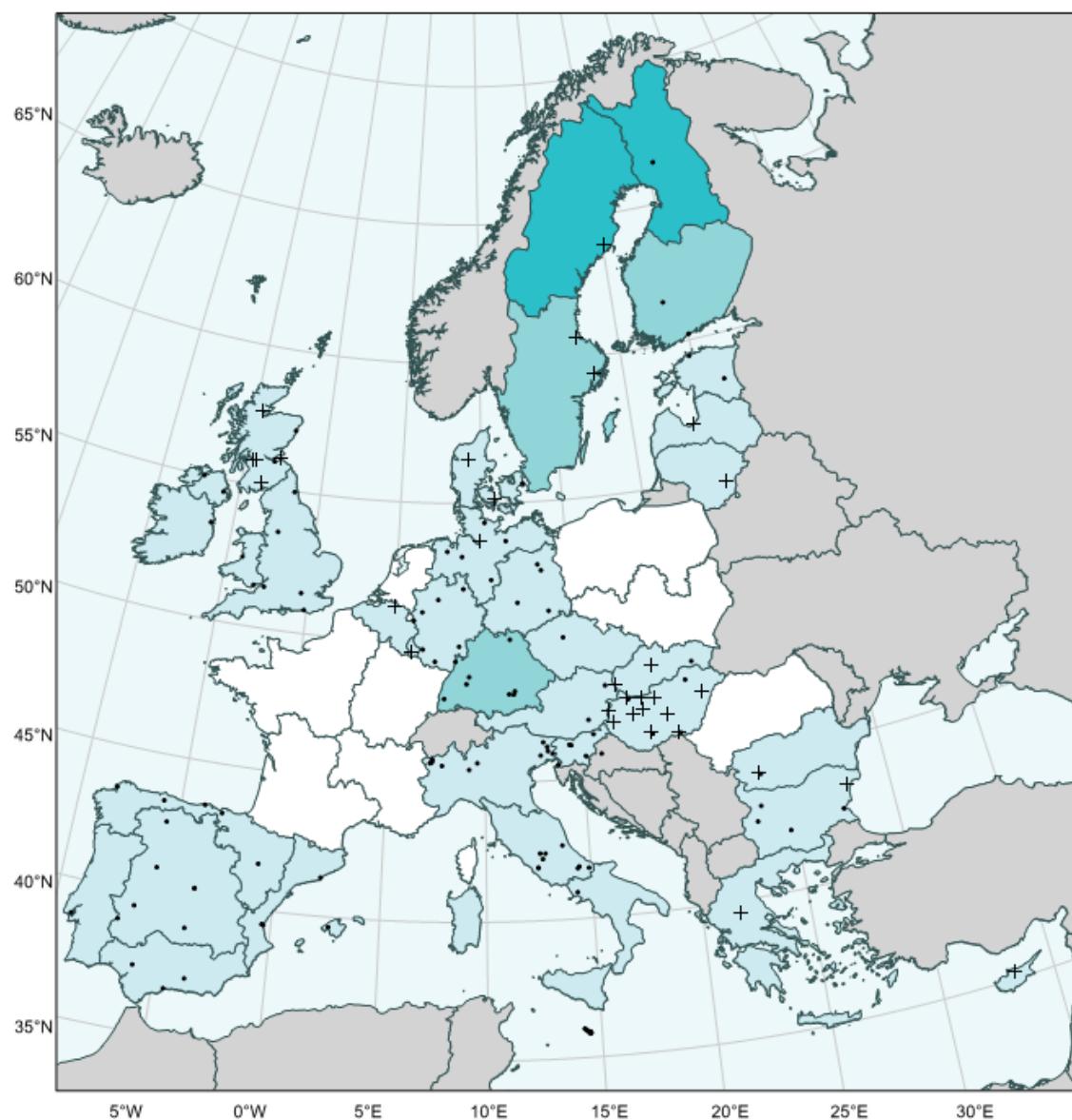
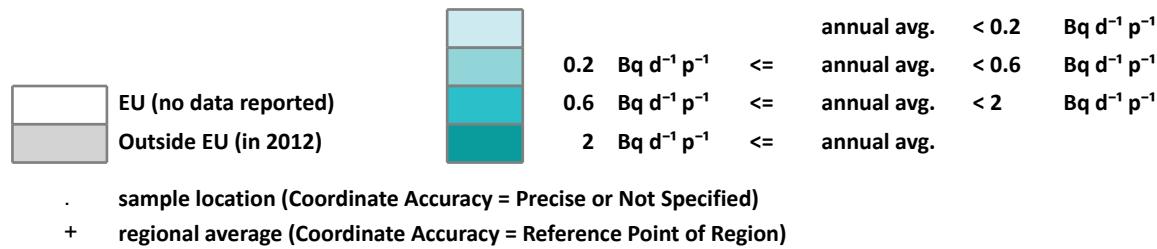
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE

**Fig.D4**Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet, 2012

**Table D4:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2012  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : mixed diet ( $\text{Bq d}^{-1} \text{p}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

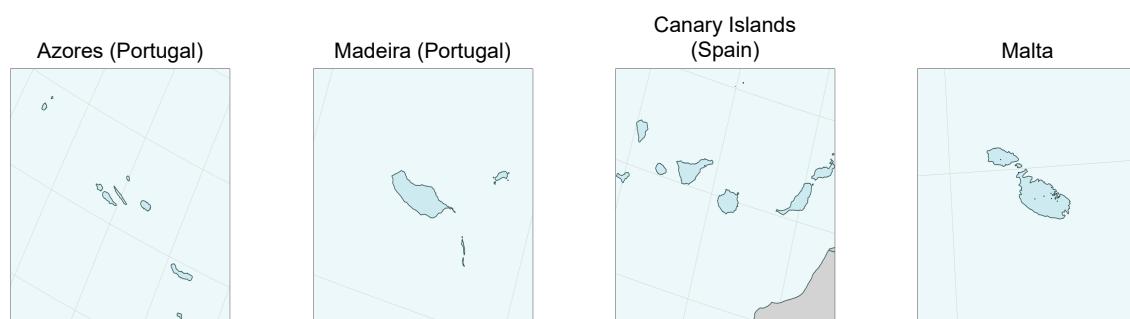
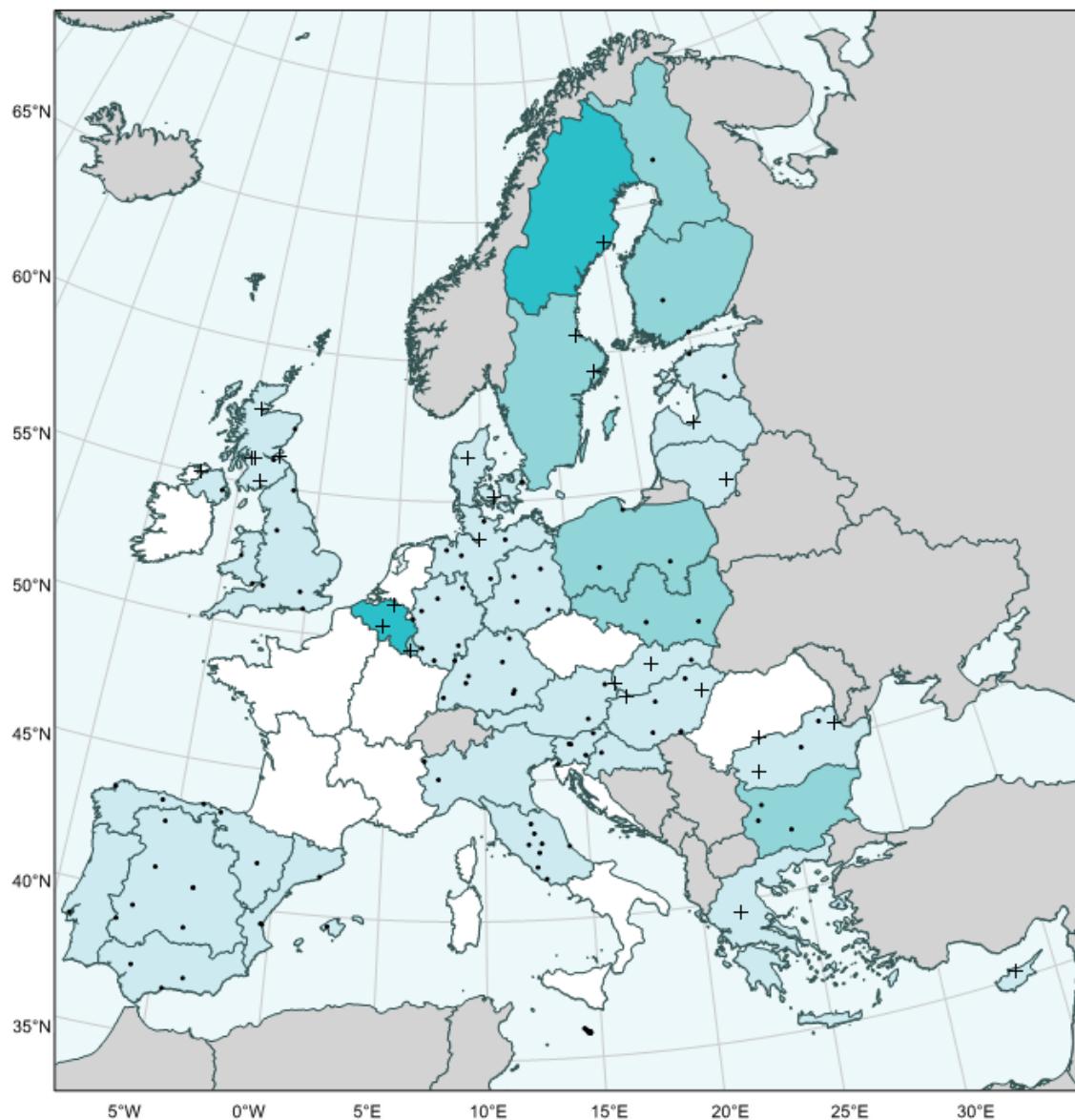
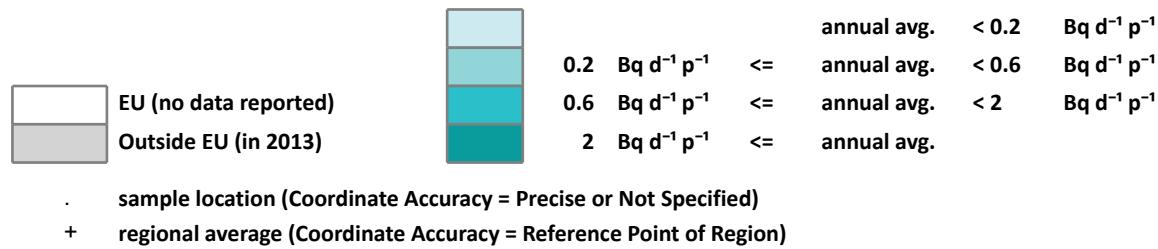
Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	23	2	< RL	< RL	< RL	2.7E-01	< RL	7.3E-01	11
BE	6	1	< RL	< RL	4				
BG	14	5	< RL	2.0E-01	8				
CY	10	1	< RL	< RL	3				
CZ	2	1	< RL	< RL	1				
DE-N	126	6	< RL	< RL	< RL	2.7E-01	< RL	4.5E-01	11
DE-C	136	8	< RL	< RL	12				
DE-S	124	7	< RL	< RL	4.7E-01	2.8E-01	2.4E-01	1.2E+00	9
DE-E	79	4	< RL	2.4E-01	10				
DE	465	25	< RL	< RL	11				
DK	3	3		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
EE	4	2	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	10
ES-N	20	5	< RL	< RL	3				
ES-C	28	7	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-S	16	4	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-E	16	4	< RL	< RL	1				
ES	80	20	< RL	< RL	6				
FI-N	7	1				8.9E-01	8.9E-01	8.9E-01	10
FI-S	14	2				5.9E-01	5.9E-01	5.9E-01	10
FI	21	3				6.9E-01	6.9E-01	6.9E-01	10
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN	8	5	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-WL	5	2	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-SC	30	7	< RL	< RL	3				
GB-NI	5	2	< RL	< RL	4				
GB	48	16	< RL	< RL	3				
GR	11	1	< RL	< RL	1				
HU	30	17	< RL	< RL	< RL	3.4E-01	< RL	3.4E-01	11
IE	4	1	< RL				< RL	< RL	1
IT-N	23	12	< RL	< RL	< RL	3.7E-01	< RL	7.8E-01	12
IT-C	30	9	< RL	< RL	9				
IT-S	1	1	< RL				< RL	< RL	3
IT	54	22	< RL	< RL	< RL	2.1E-01	< RL	4.3E-01	12
LT	12	1	< RL	< RL	10				
LU	13	1	< RL	< RL	11				
LV	4	1	< RL	< RL	11				
MT	10	9	< RL	3.3E-01	< RL	3.5E-01	2.4E-01	5.5E-01	4
NL							Δ		
PL-N									
PL-S									
PL									
PT	11	1	< RL	< RL	5				
RO-N									
RO-S	6	2	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	3
RO	6	2	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	3
SE-N	2	1					1.7E+00	1.7E+00	1.9E+00
SE-S	5	2		< RL			7.0E-01	4.3E-01	7.0E-01
SE	7	3		< RL			1.1E+00	6.5E-01	1.5E+00
SI	5	5	< RL		< RL		< RL	< RL	3
SK	12	3	< RL	< RL	2				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet, i.e.  $2.0 \text{ E-01 } \text{BQ/D.P}$  (see Appendix B)  
Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.  
Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.  
M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE

**Fig.D5**Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet, 2013

**Table D5:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2013  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : mixed diet ( $\text{Bq d}^{-1} \text{p}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	22	2	< RL	< RL	10				
BE	2	2		1.0E+00		< RL	6.0E-01	1.0E+00	5
BG	10	3	< RL	< RL	< RL	5.2E-01	2.1E-01	6.9E-01	11
CY	10	1		< RL			< RL	< RL	5
CZ									
DE-N	127	6	< RL	< RL	< RL	2.5E-01	< RL	3.7E-01	12
DE-C	131	8	< RL	2.8E-01	3				
DE-S	106	7	< RL	2.3E-01	12				
DE-E	99	4	< RL	< RL	3				
DE	463	25	< RL	2.4E-01	3				
DK	3	3		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
EE	4	2	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	2
ES-N	20	5	< RL	< RL	12				
ES-C	28	7	< RL	< RL	10				
ES-S	16	4	< RL	< RL	12				
ES-E	16	4	< RL	< RL	5				
ES	80	20	< RL	< RL	12				
FI-N	7	1				3.6E-01	3.6E-01	3.6E-01	10
FI-S	14	2				5.5E-01	5.5E-01	6.2E-01	10
FI	21	3				5.0E-01	5.0E-01	5.2E-01	10
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN	8	5	< RL	< RL	1				
GB-WL	5	2	< RL	< RL	5				
GB-SC	30	7	< RL	< RL	7				
GB-NI	5	2	< RL	< RL	4				
GB	48	16	< RL	< RL	5				
GR	11	1	< RL	< RL	1				
HR-A									
HR-C	5	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	12
HR	5	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	12
HU	14	7	< RL	< RL	11				
IE							Δ		
IT-N	3	2	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	3
IT-C	11	8	2.1E-01	< RL	2.0E-01	< RL	< RL	2.1E-01	3
IT-S									
IT	14	10	< RL	2.0E-01	6				
LT	12	1	< RL	< RL	9				
LU	7	1	5.5E-01	< RL	< RL	1.0E+00	4.4E-01	1.0E+00	11
LV	4	1		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	5
MT	12	11	< RL	< RL	9				
NL							Δ		
PL-N	3	3	4.2E-01	4.2E-01	4.2E-01	4.2E-01	4.2E-01	4.2E-01	1
PL-S	2	2	3.4E-01	3.4E-01	3.4E-01	3.4E-01	3.4E-01	3.4E-01	1
PL	5	5	3.9E-01	3.9E-01	3.9E-01	3.9E-01	3.9E-01	3.9E-01	1
PT	12	1	< RL	< RL	10				
RO-N									
RO-S	10	5	< RL	< RL	1				
RO	10	5	< RL	< RL	1				
SE-N	3	1		7.6E-01		2.1E+00	1.4E+00	2.1E+00	11
SE-S	5	2	7.0E-01	< RL		5.1E-01	4.4E-01	7.0E-01	1
SE	8	3	7.0E-01	4.4E-01		1.3E+00	8.1E-01	2.1E+00	11
SI	5	5	< RL	< RL			< RL	< RL	3
SK	12	3	< RL	5.0E-01	1				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet, i.e. 2.0 E-01 BQ/D.P (see Appendix B)

Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

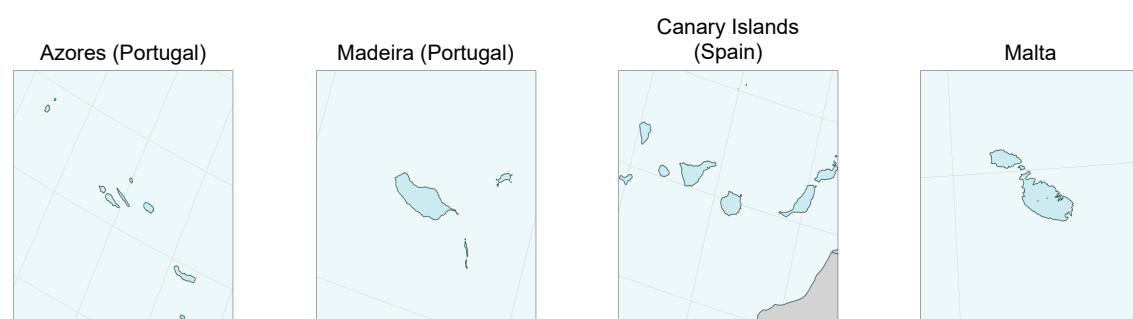
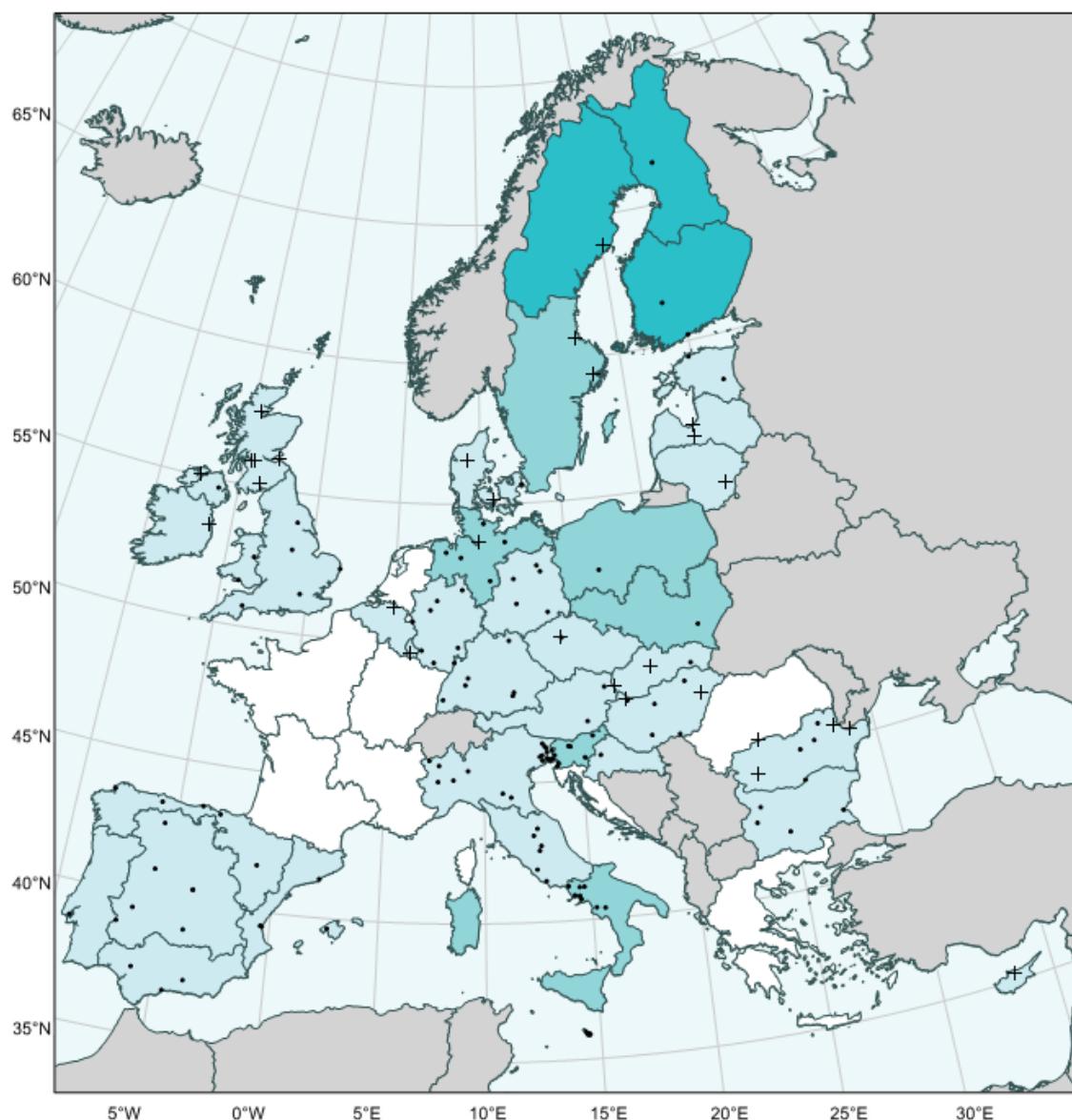
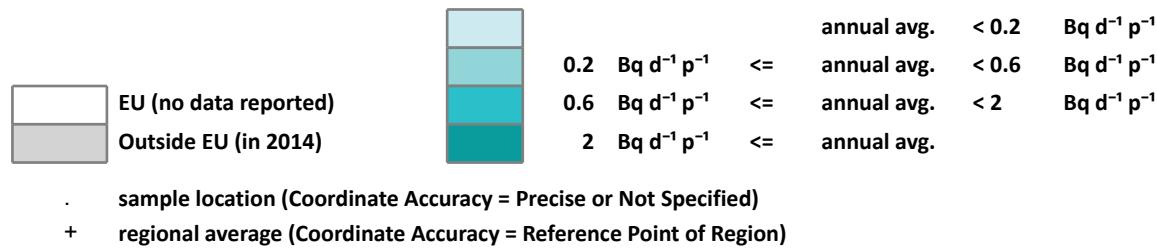
L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



DENSE

**Fig.D6**Sampling locations and geographical averages by year for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet, 2014

**Table D6:** Geographical and time averages


**YEAR** : 2014  
**SAMPLE TYPE** : mixed diet ( $\text{Bq d}^{-1} \text{p}^{-1}$ )  
**NUCLIDE CATEGORY** : caesium-137 ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$ )

Country	N	L	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Annual average	Monthly max	M
AT	23	2	< RL	2.1E-01	8				
BE	1	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	9
BG	11	5	2.2E-01	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	2.3E-01	4
CY	10	1			< RL		< RL	< RL	7
CZ	4	2			< RL		< RL	< RL	8
DE-N	137	6	< RL	< RL	2.3E-01	2.9E-01	2.2E-01	3.5E-01	10
DE-C	131	8	< RL	< RL	10				
DE-S	105	6	< RL	2.9E-01	5				
DE-E	136	5	< RL	< RL	8				
DE	509	25	< RL	< RL	10				
DK	3	3		< RL			< RL	< RL	6
EE	4	2	< RL			< RL	< RL	< RL	2
ES-N	20	5	< RL	< RL	8				
ES-C	26	7	< RL	< RL	6				
ES-S	16	4	< RL	< RL	5				
ES-E	16	4	< RL	< RL	5				
ES	78	20	< RL	< RL	8				
FI-N	7	1				8.7E-01	8.7E-01	8.7E-01	10
FI-S	14	2				7.2E-01	7.2E-01	7.2E-01	10
FI	21	3				7.7E-01	7.7E-01	7.7E-01	10
FR-NW									
FR-NE									
FR-SW									
FR-SE									
FR									
GB-EN	8	5		< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	5
GB-WL	5	2		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	6
GB-SC	28	5	< RL	< RL	3				
GB-NI	5	2			< RL	< RL	< RL	< RL	11
GB	46	14	< RL	< RL	5				
GR									
HR-A									
HR-C	5	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	11
HR	5	1				< RL	< RL	< RL	11
HU	16	7	< RL	< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	3
IE	2	1		< RL		< RL	< RL	< RL	10
IT-N	38	21	< RL	< RL	12				
IT-C	9	6	< RL	< RL	2				
IT-S	8	8	< RL	< RL	2.9E-01	2.9E-01	2.3E-01	6.0E-01	12
IT	55	35	< RL	< RL	8				
LT	12	1	< RL	< RL	2				
LU	12	1	< RL	< RL	2.3E-01	< RL	< RL	5.6E-01	8
LV	5	2	< RL	< RL	1				
MT	6	5		< RL	< RL		< RL	< RL	4
NL							Δ		
PL-N	1	1	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	12
PL-S	1	1	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	12
PL	2	2	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	3.3E-01	12
PT	12	1	< RL	3.2E-01	11				
RO-N									
RO-S	16	7	< RL	< RL	2				
RO	16	7	< RL	< RL	2				
SE-N	3	1		< RL		2.5E+00	1.4E+00	3.2E+00	11
SE-S	5	2	8.0E-01	< RL		< RL	3.7E-01	8.0E-01	1
SE	8	3	8.0E-01	< RL		2.1E+00	1.0E+00	3.0E+00	11
SI	5	5	2.3E-01				2.3E-01	2.3E-01	3
SK	12	3	< RL	2.0E-01	10				

RL: reporting level for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet, i.e. 2.0 E-01 BQ/D.P (see Appendix B)

Δ: only constraint (<) values above the reporting level were reported

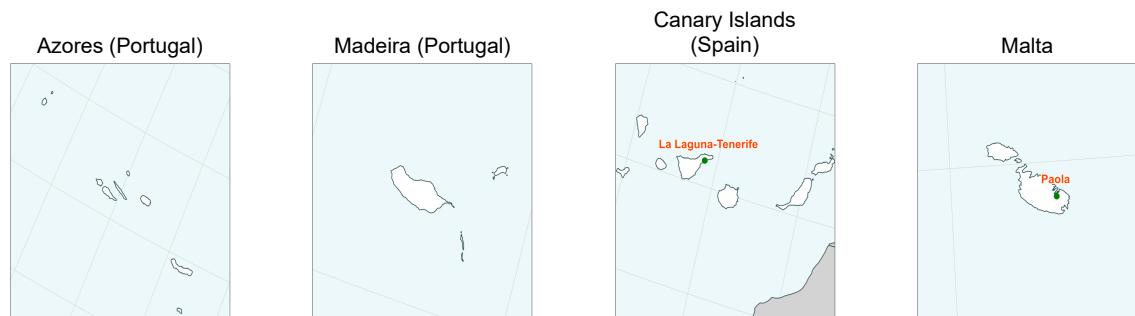
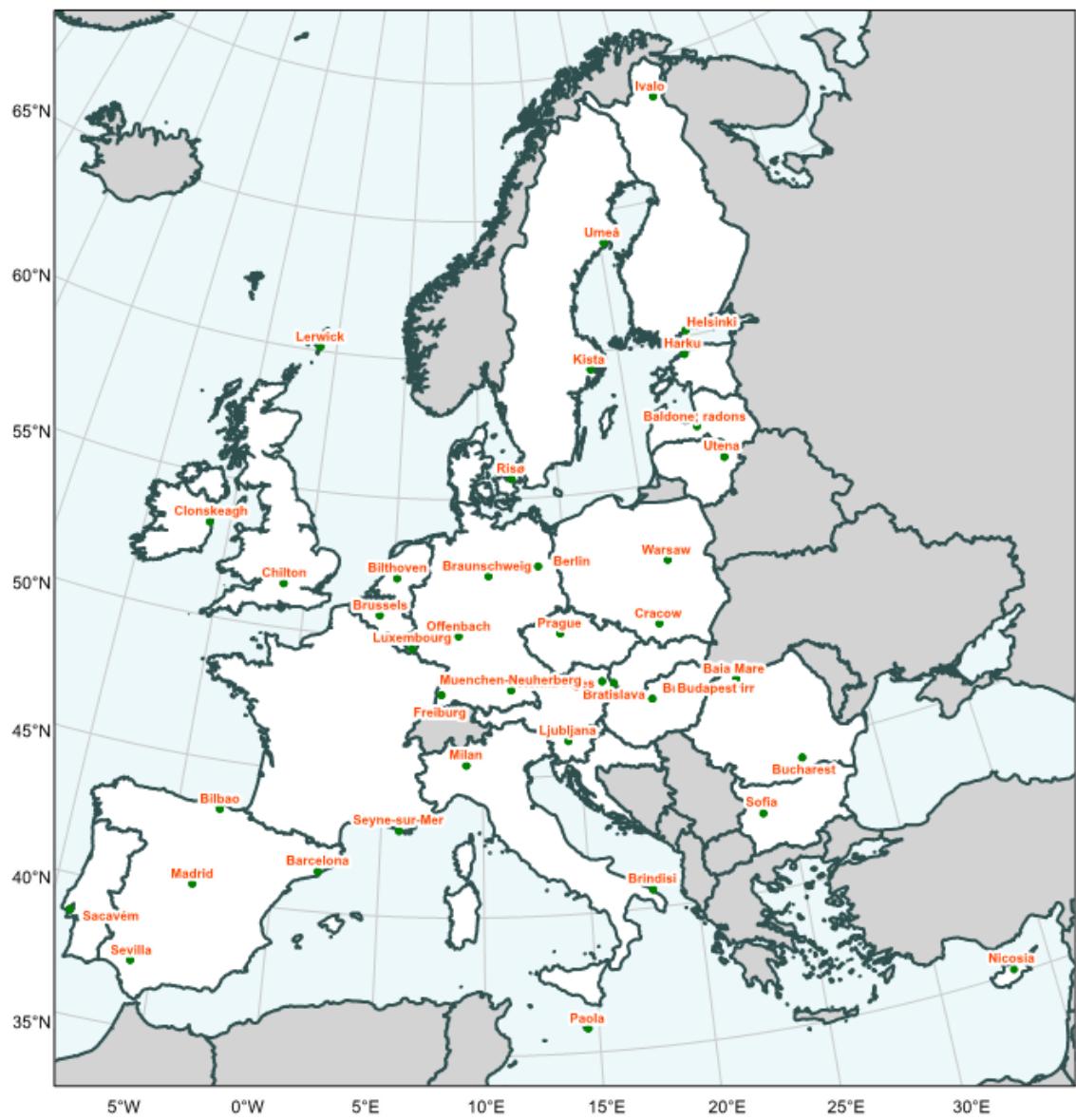
N: Number of measurements considered in calculating the annual concentration.

L: Number of sampling locations considered in calculating the annual concentration.

Monthly max: Maximum monthly average in the year.

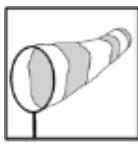
M: Month during which the maximum occurred.



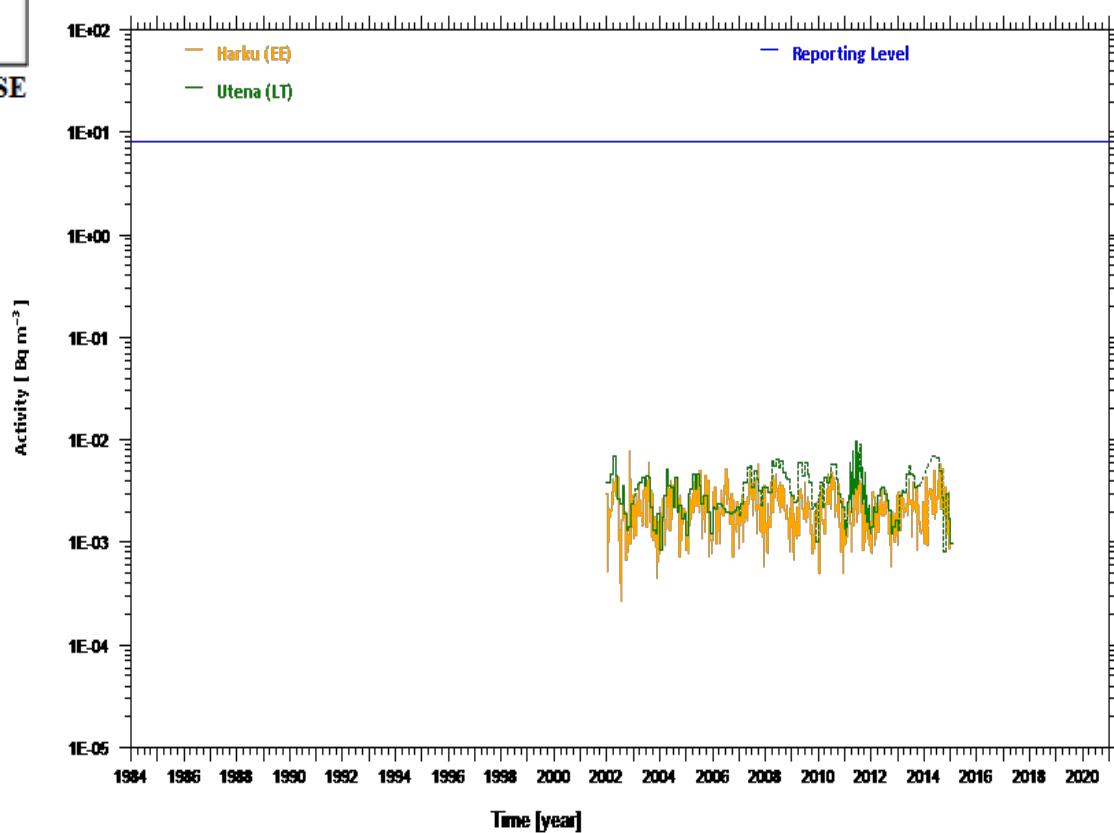


**Fig. A7**

Sampling locations for  $^{7}\text{Be}$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates considered in Figures A8 – A35

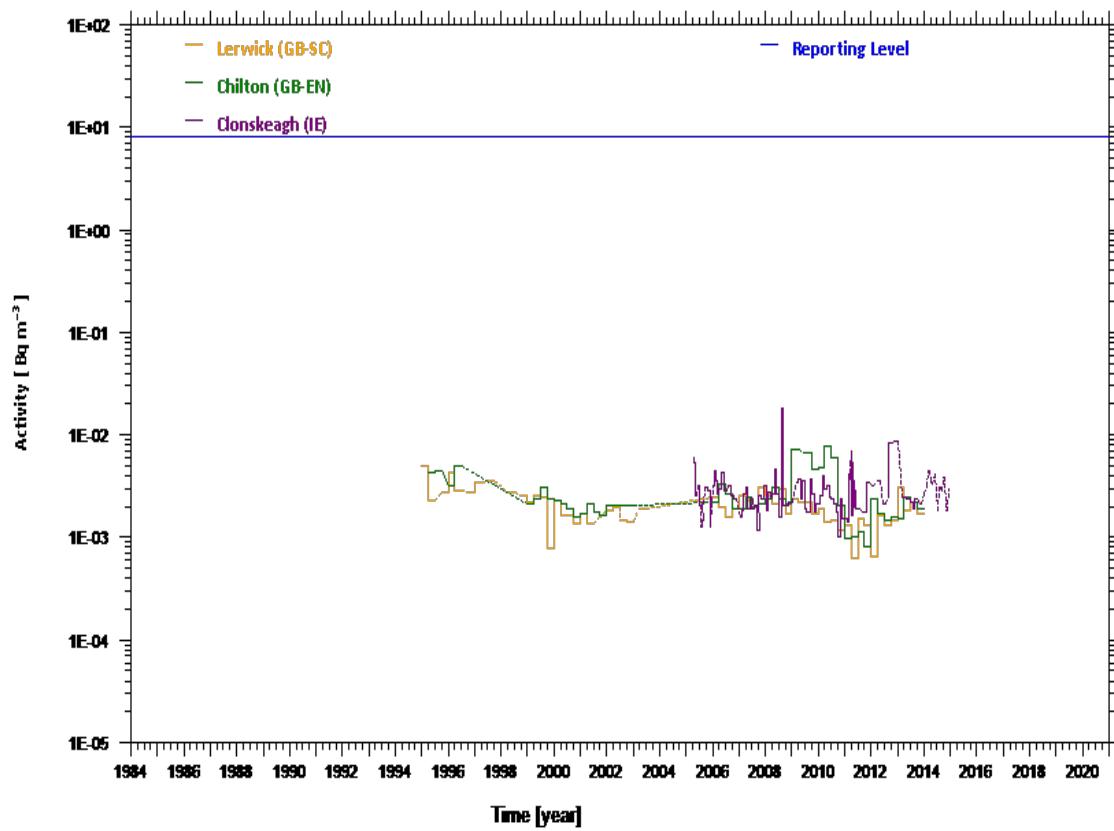


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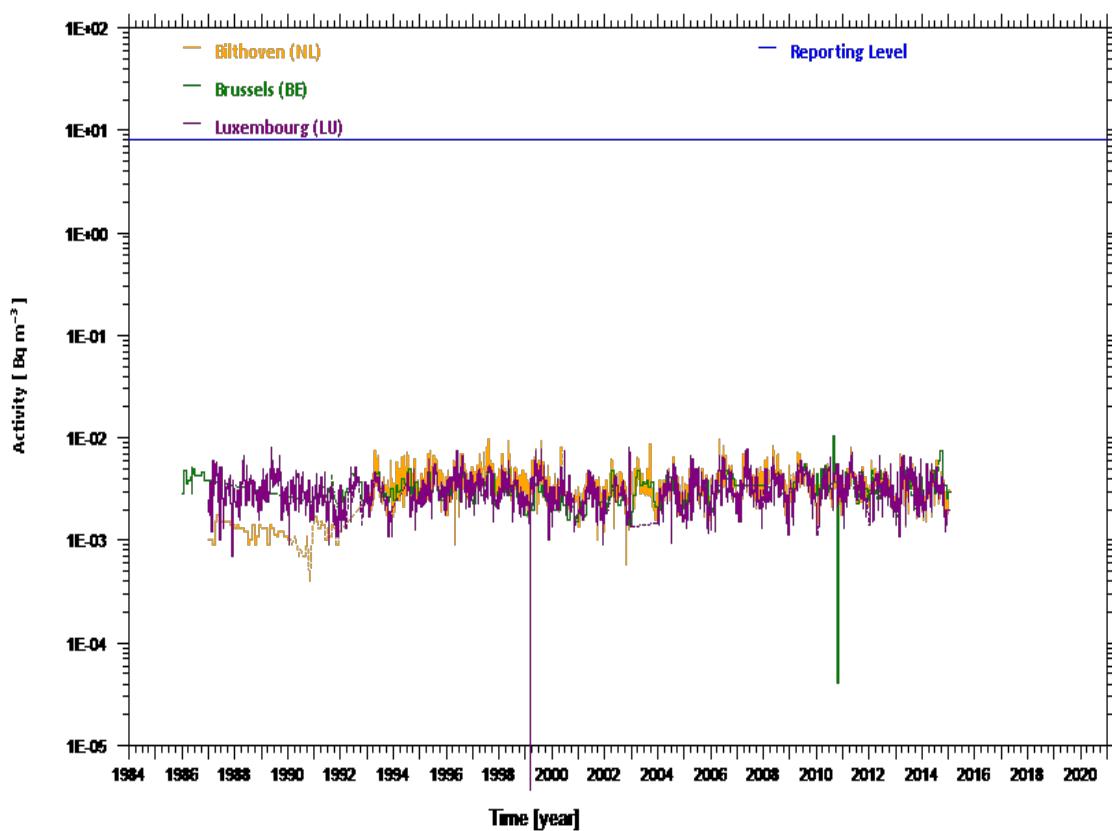
**Fig. A8**

Activity trends for  ${}^7\text{Be}$  in airborne particulates (Harku and Utenu)



**Fig. A9**

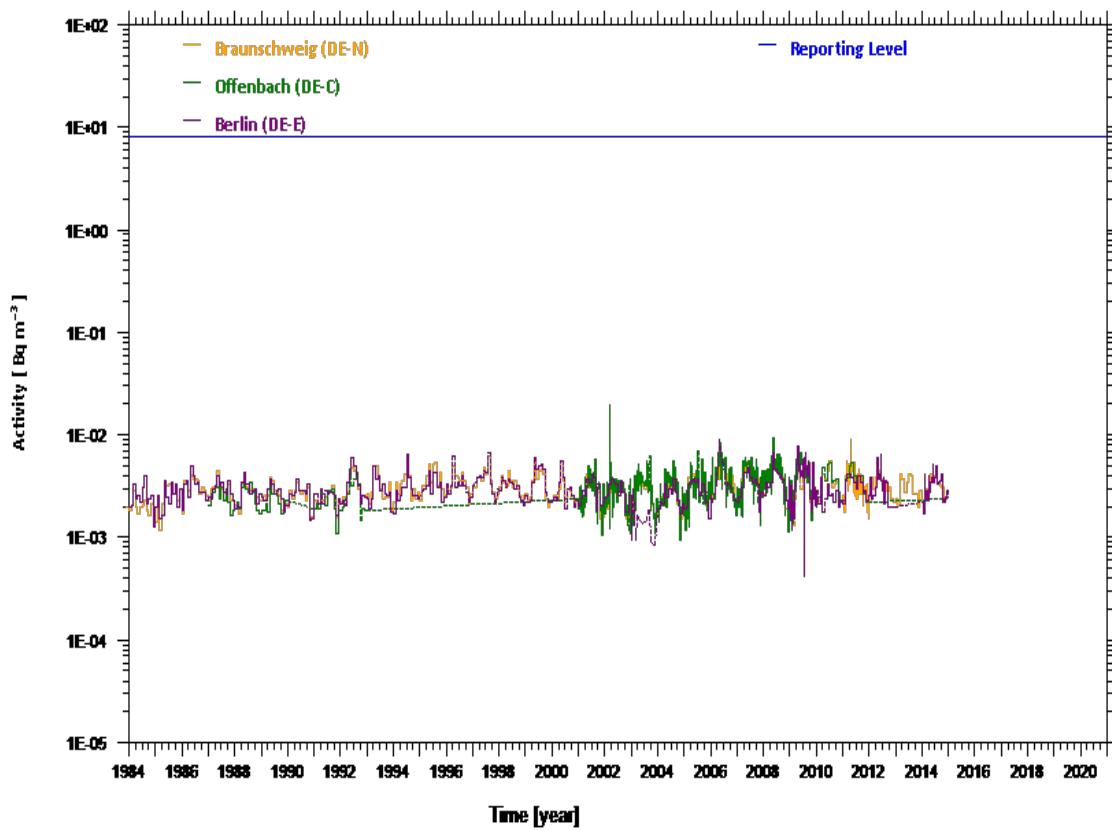
Activity trends for  ${}^7\text{Be}$  in airborne particulates (Lerwick, Chilton and Clonskeagh)



**Fig. A10**

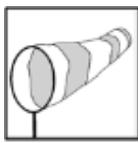
Activity trends for  ${}^7\text{Be}$  in airborne particulates (Bilthoven, Brussels and Luxembourg)

\* The  ${}^7\text{Be}$  results for Bilthoven between 1987 and 1992 are underestimates due to a different sampling procedure and sample treatment

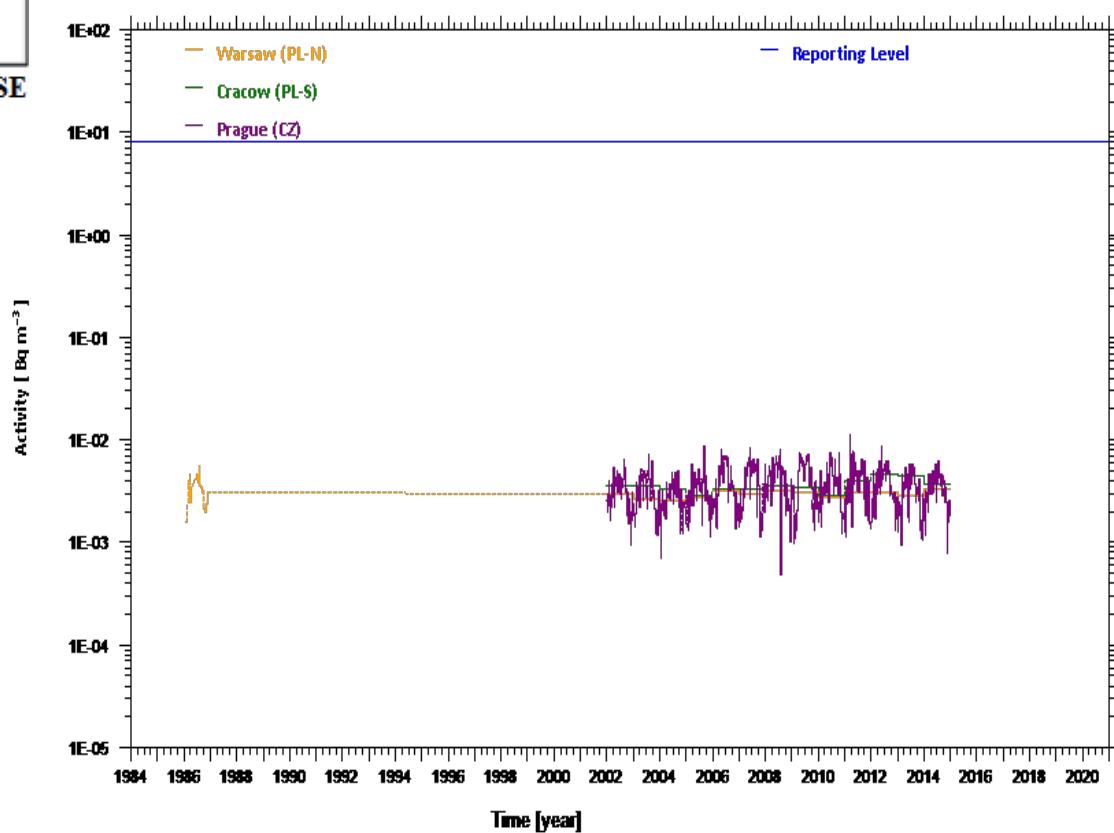


**Fig. A11**

Activity trends for  ${}^7\text{Be}$  in airborne particulates (Braunschweig, Offenbach and Berlin)

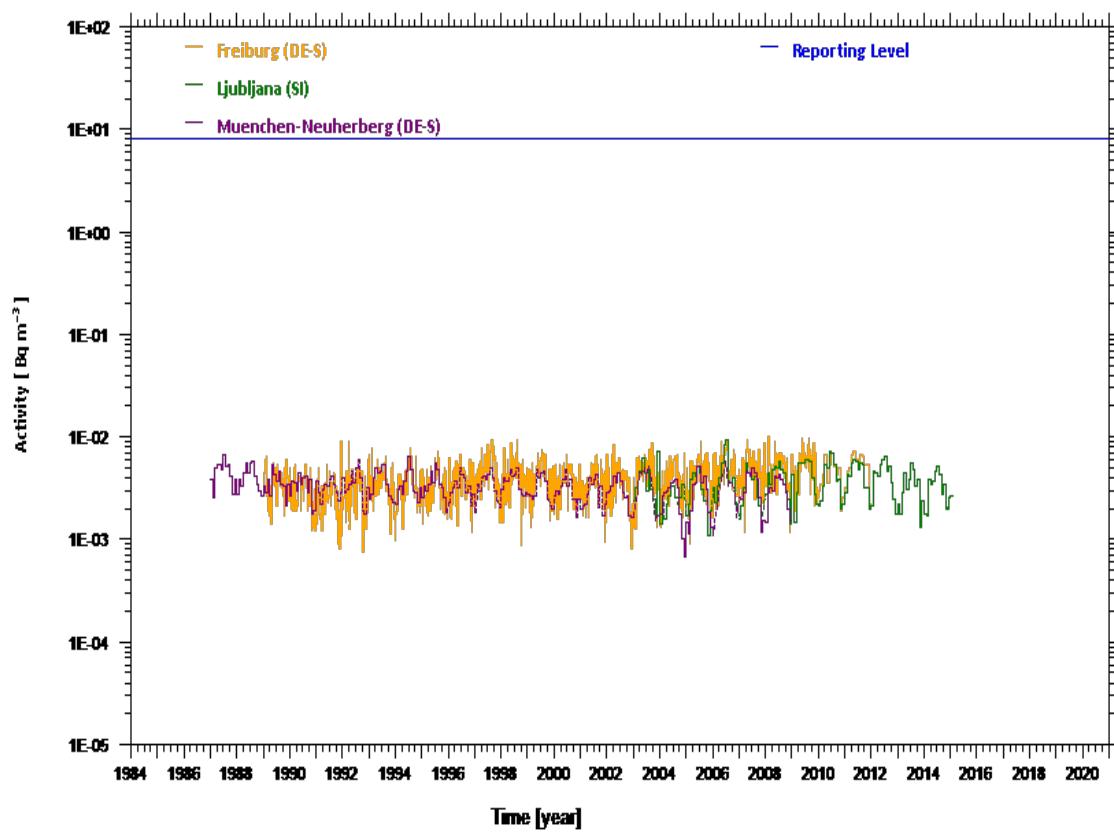


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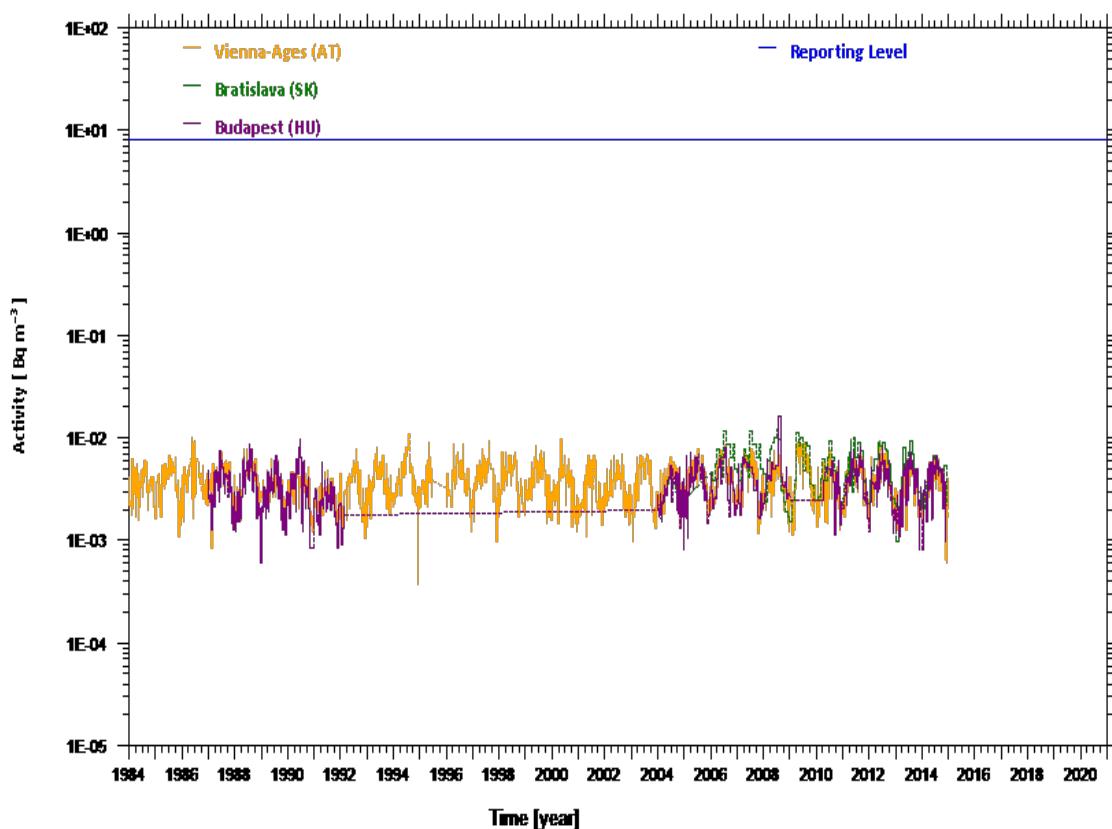
**Fig. A12**

Activity trends for  ${}^7\text{Be}$  in airborne particulates (Warsaw, Cracow and Prague)



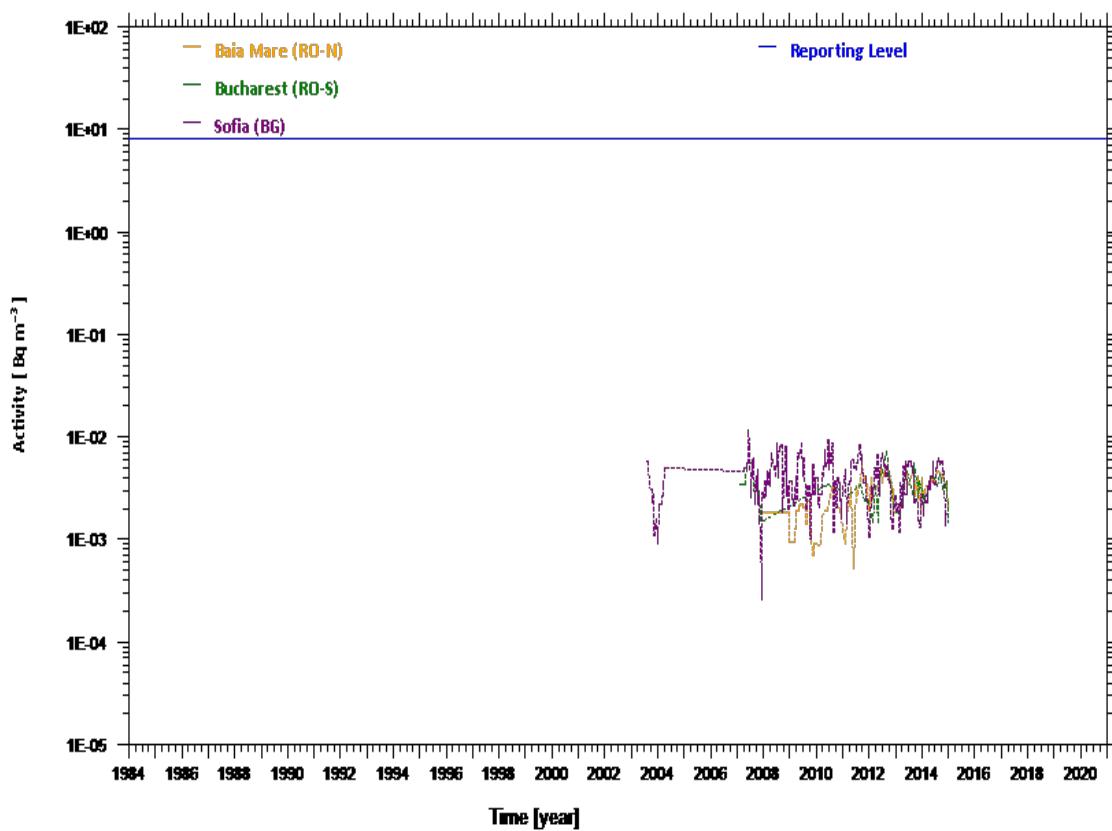
**Fig. A13**

Activity trends for  ${}^7\text{Be}$  in airborne particulates (Freiburg, Ljubljana and Muenchen-Neuherberg)



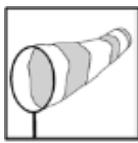
**Fig. A14**

Activity trends for <sup>7</sup>Be in airborne particulates (Vienna-Ages, Bratislava and Budapest)

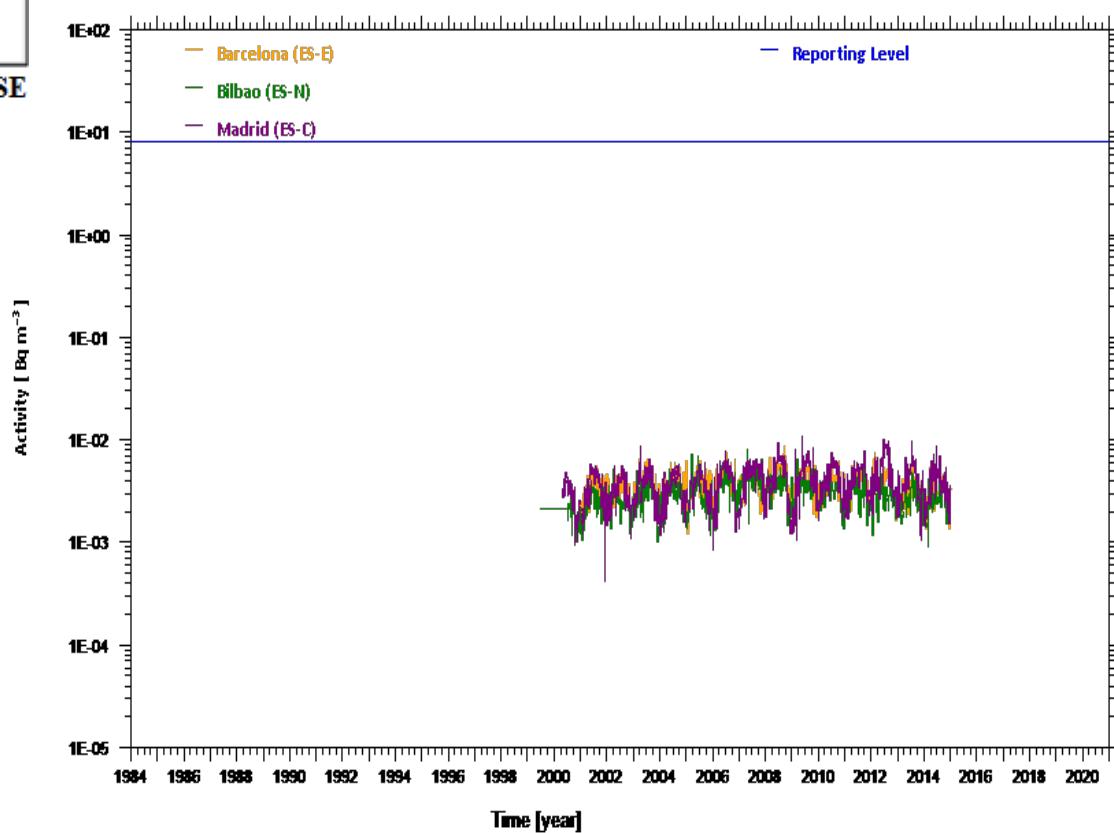


**Fig. A15**

Activity trends for <sup>7</sup>Be in airborne particulates (Baia Mare, Bucharest and Sofia)

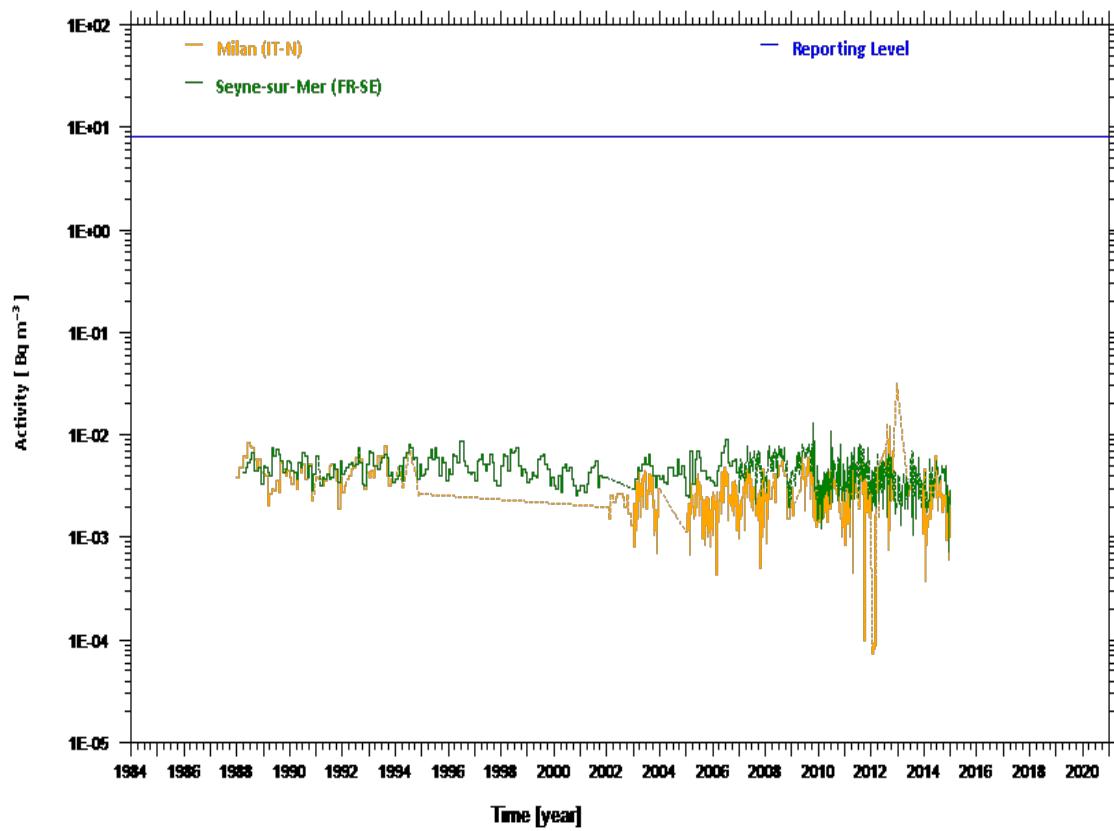


SPARSE



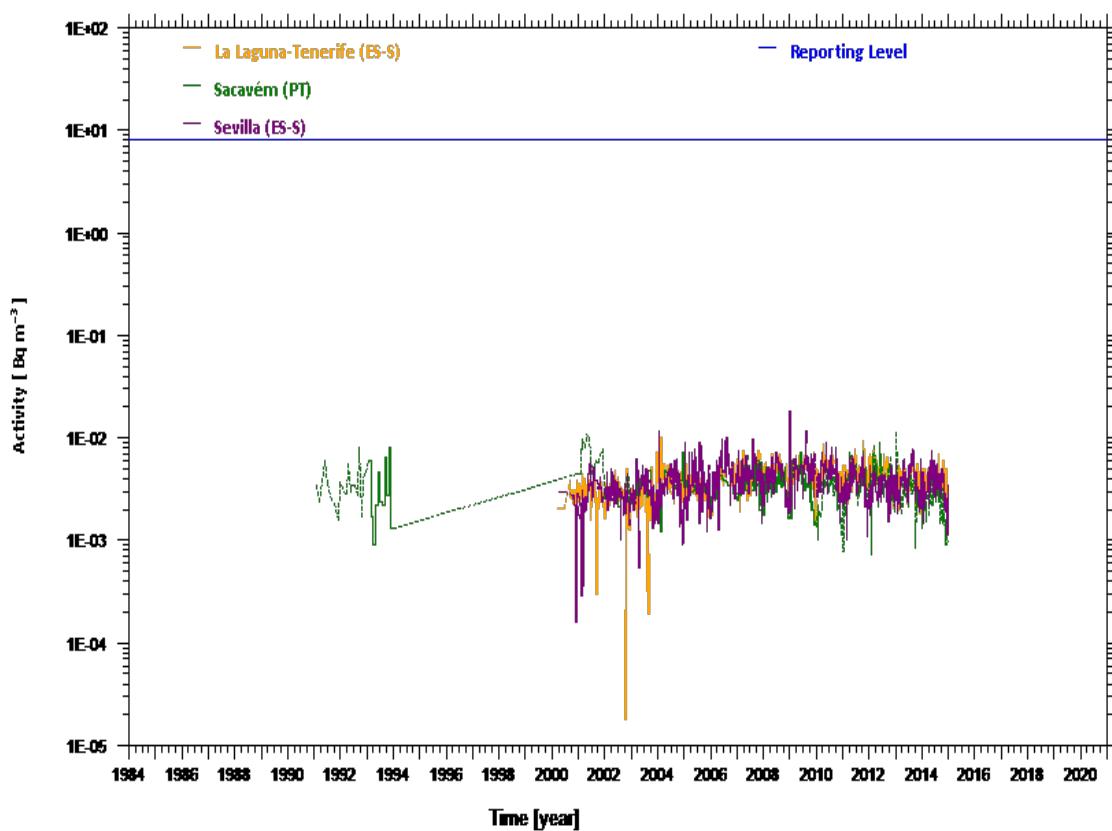
**Fig. A16**

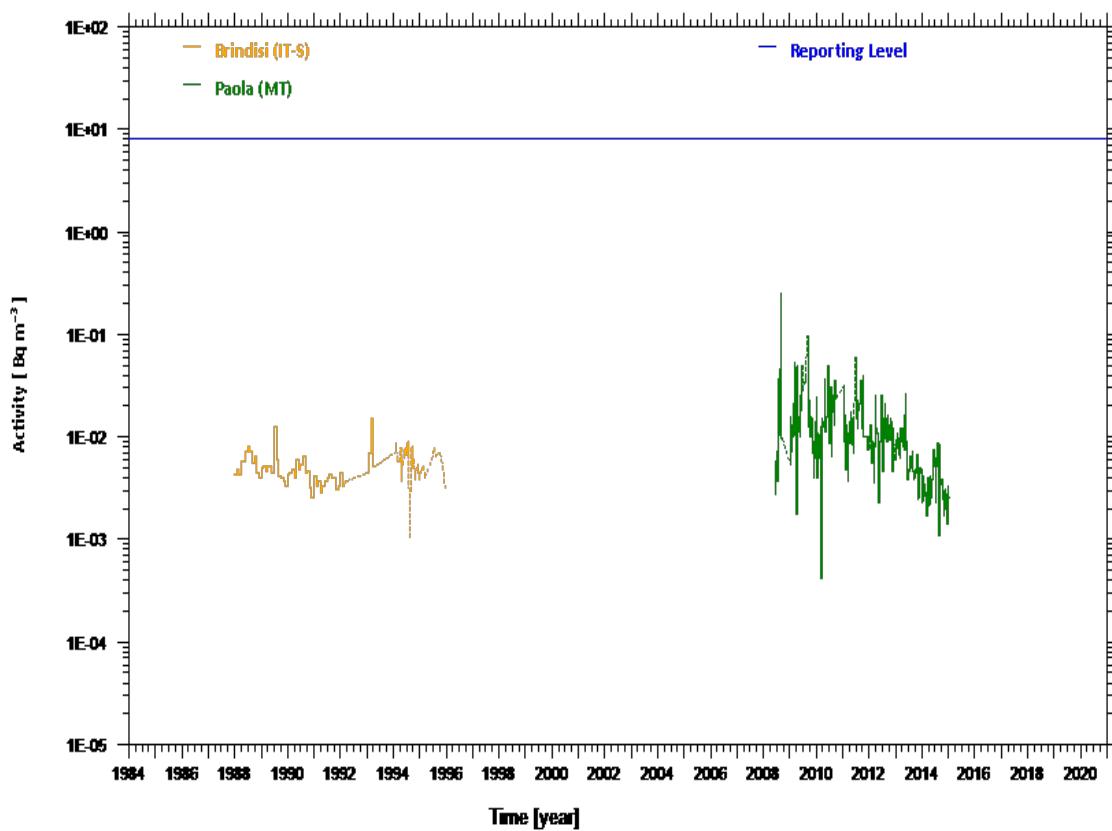
Activity trends for  $^{7}\text{Be}$  in airborne particulates (Barcelona, Bilbao and Madrid)



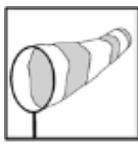
**Fig. A17**

Activity trends for  $^{7}\text{Be}$  in airborne particulates (Milan and Seyne-sur-Mer)

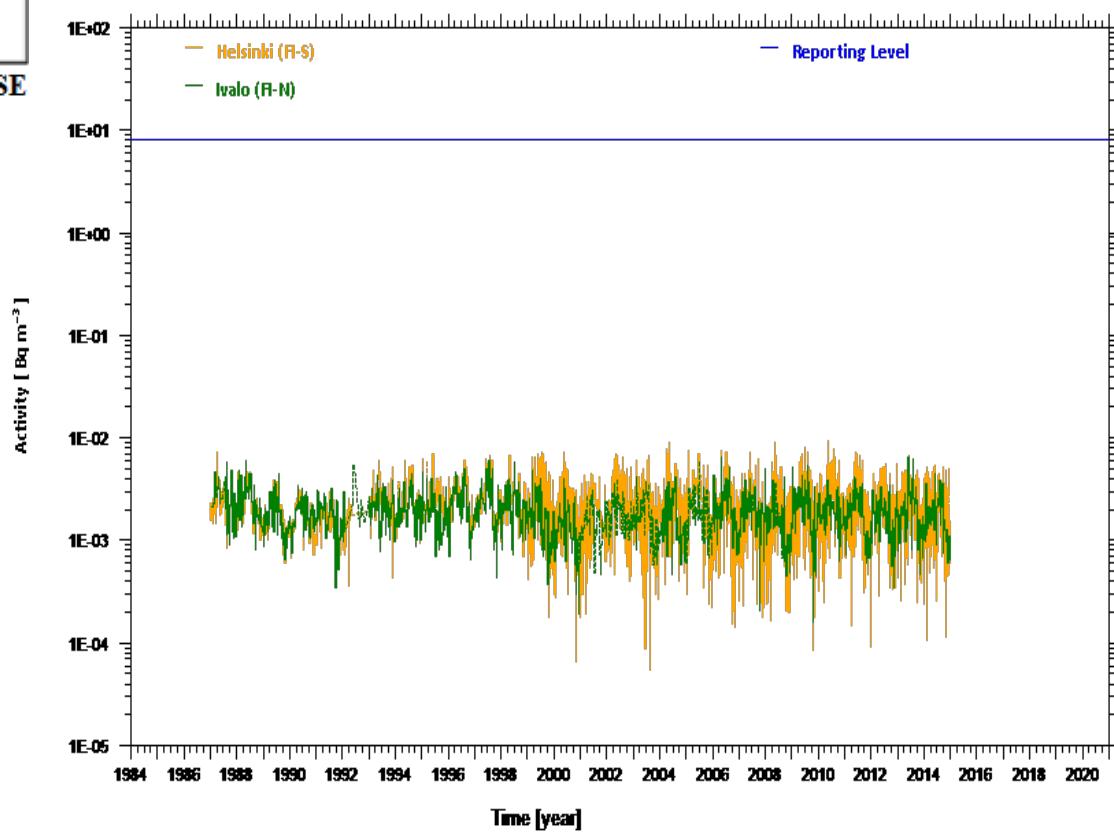

**Fig. A18**

 Activity trends for <sup>7</sup>Be in airborne particulates (La Laguna-Tenerife, Sacavém and Sevilla)

**Fig. A19**

 Activity trends for <sup>7</sup>Be in airborne particulates (Brindisi and Paola)

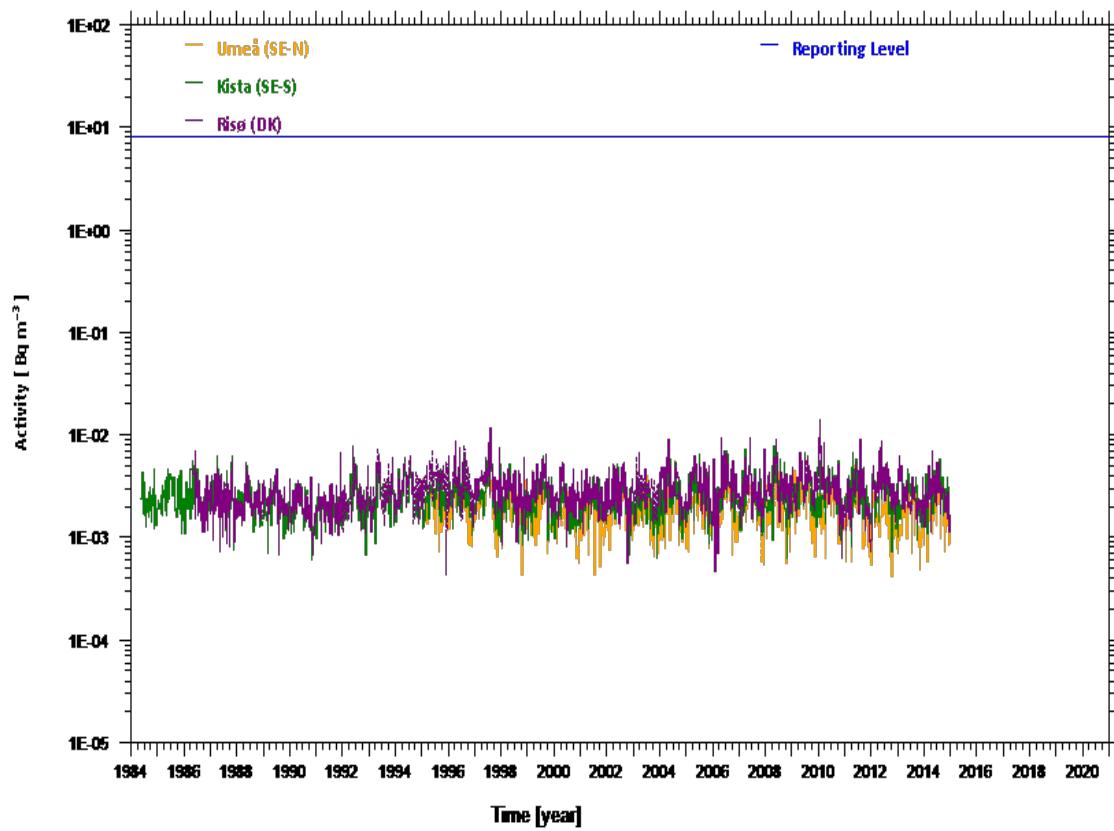


SPARSE



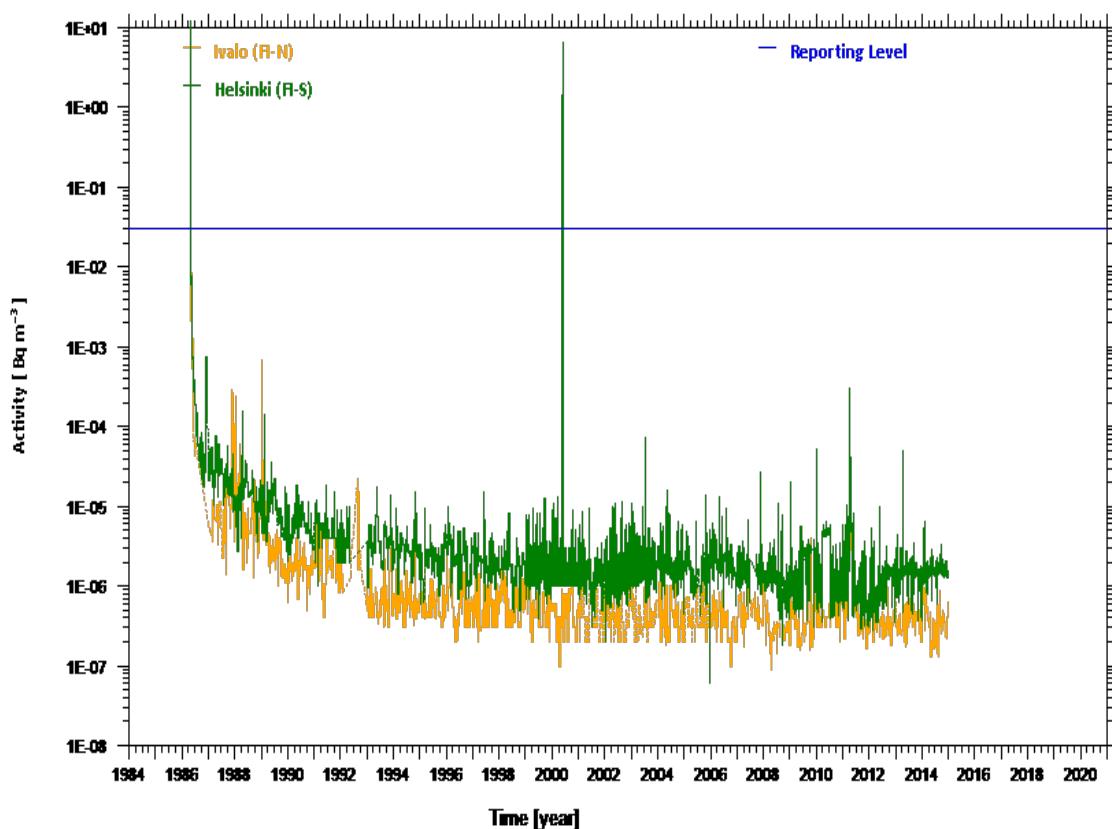
**Fig. A20**

Activity trends for <sup>7</sup>Be in airborne particulates (Helsinki and Ivalo)



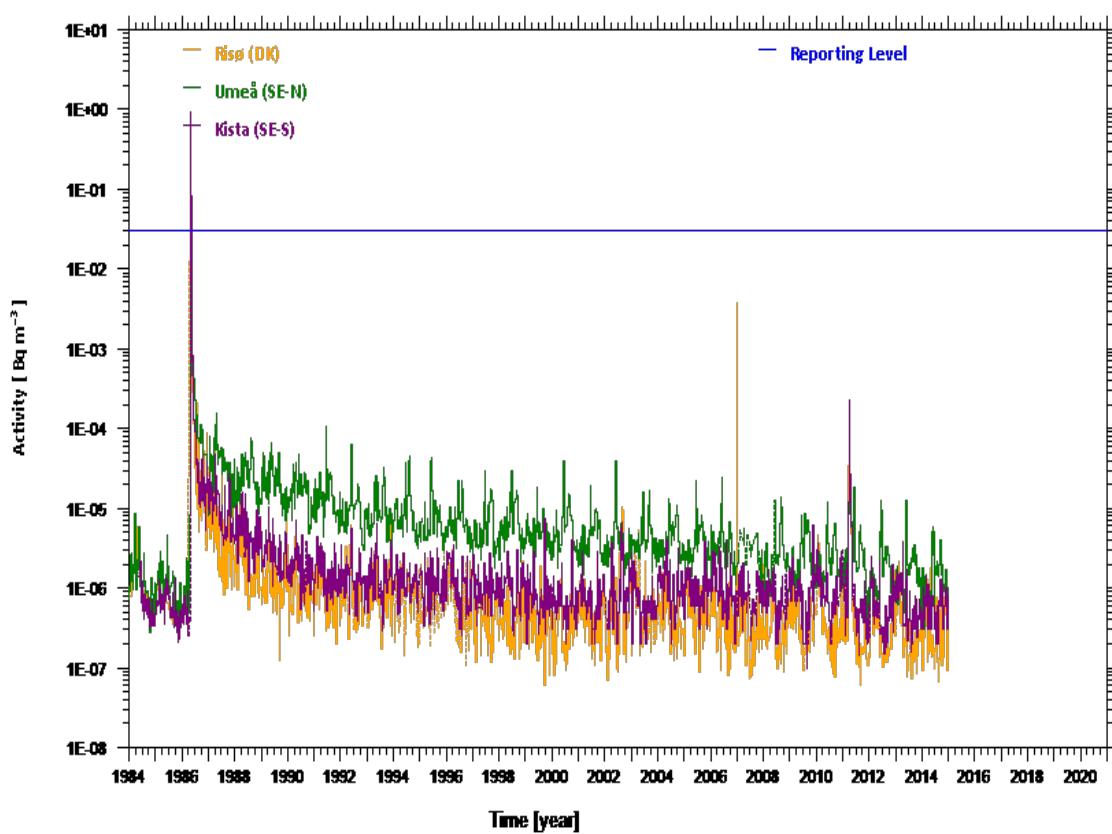
**Fig. A21**

Activity trends for <sup>7</sup>Be in airborne particulates (Umeå, Kista and Risø)



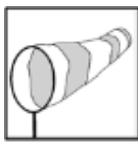
**Fig. A22**

Activity trends for <sup>137</sup>Cs in airborne particulates (Ivalo and Helsinki)

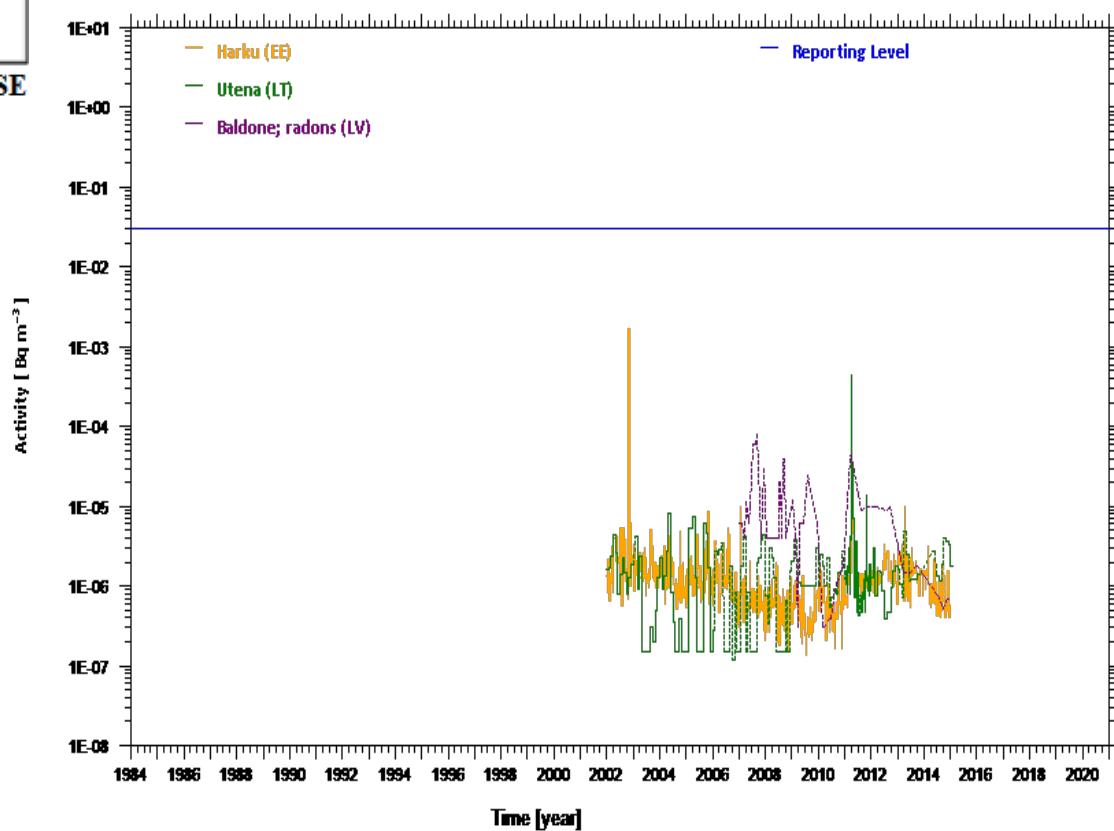


**Fig. A23**

Activity trends for <sup>137</sup>Cs in airborne particulates (Risø, Umeå and Kista)

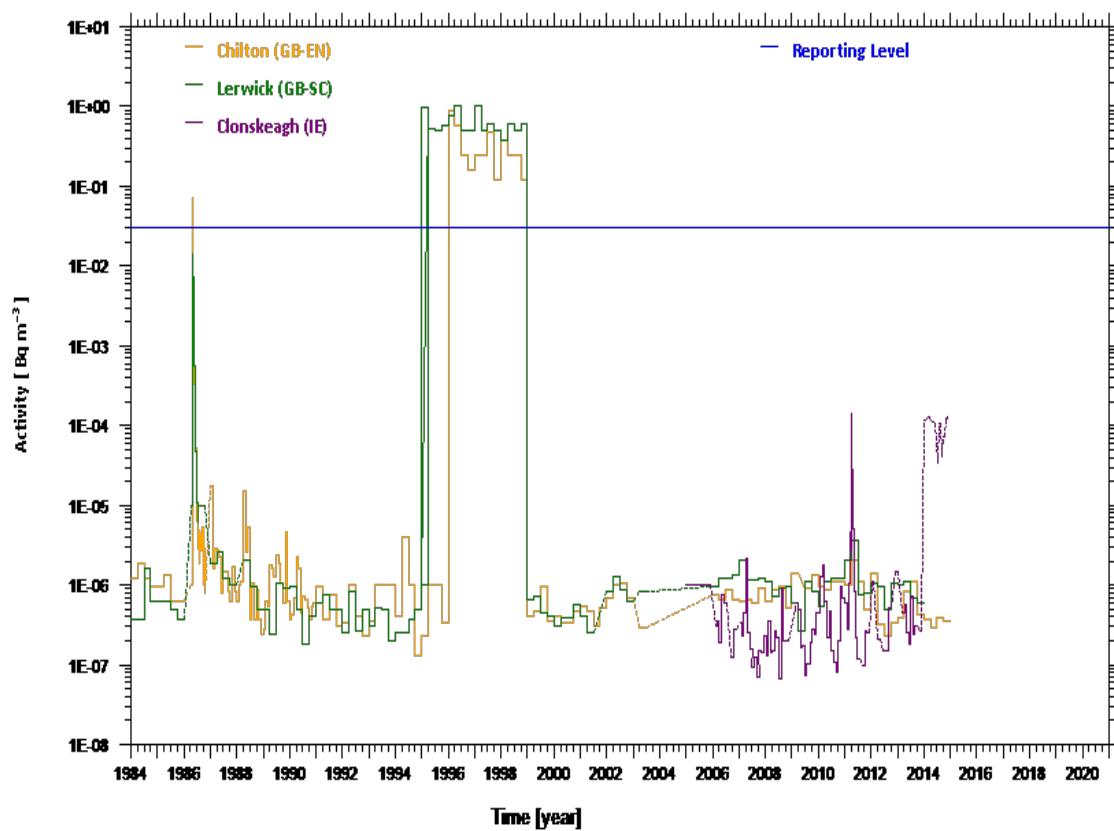


SPARSE



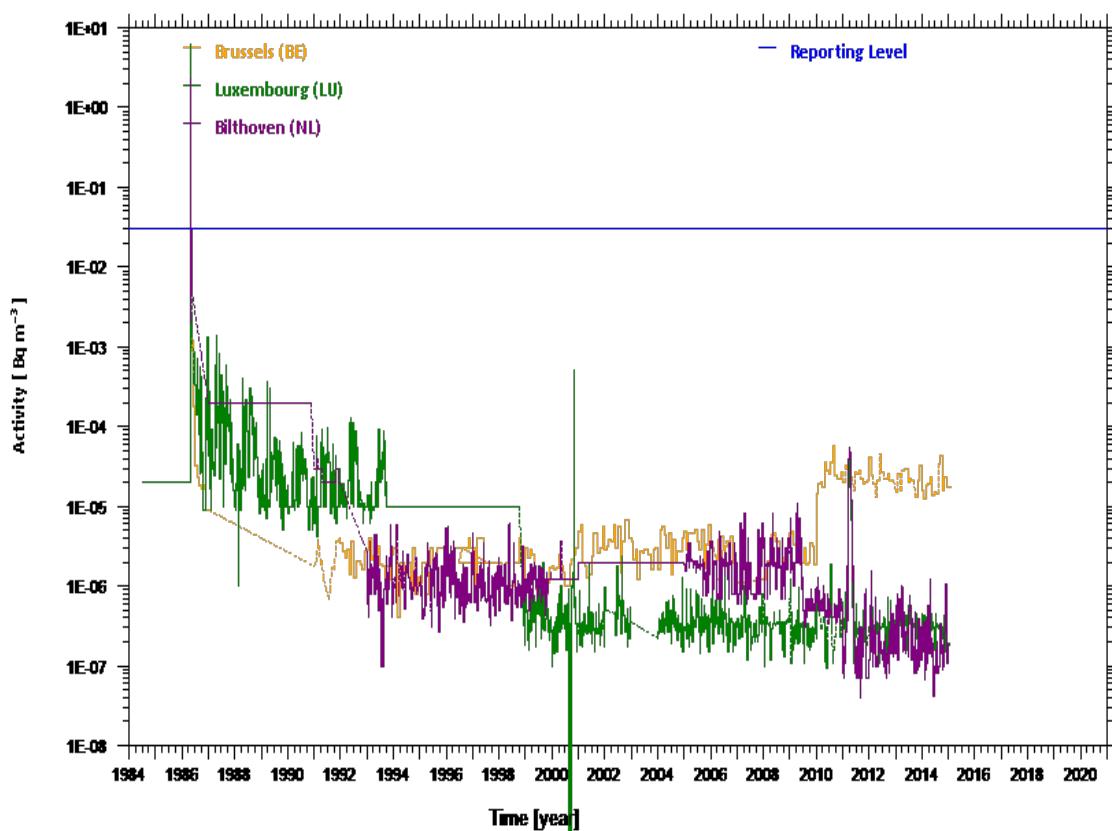
**Fig. A24**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Harku, Utena and Baldone; radons)

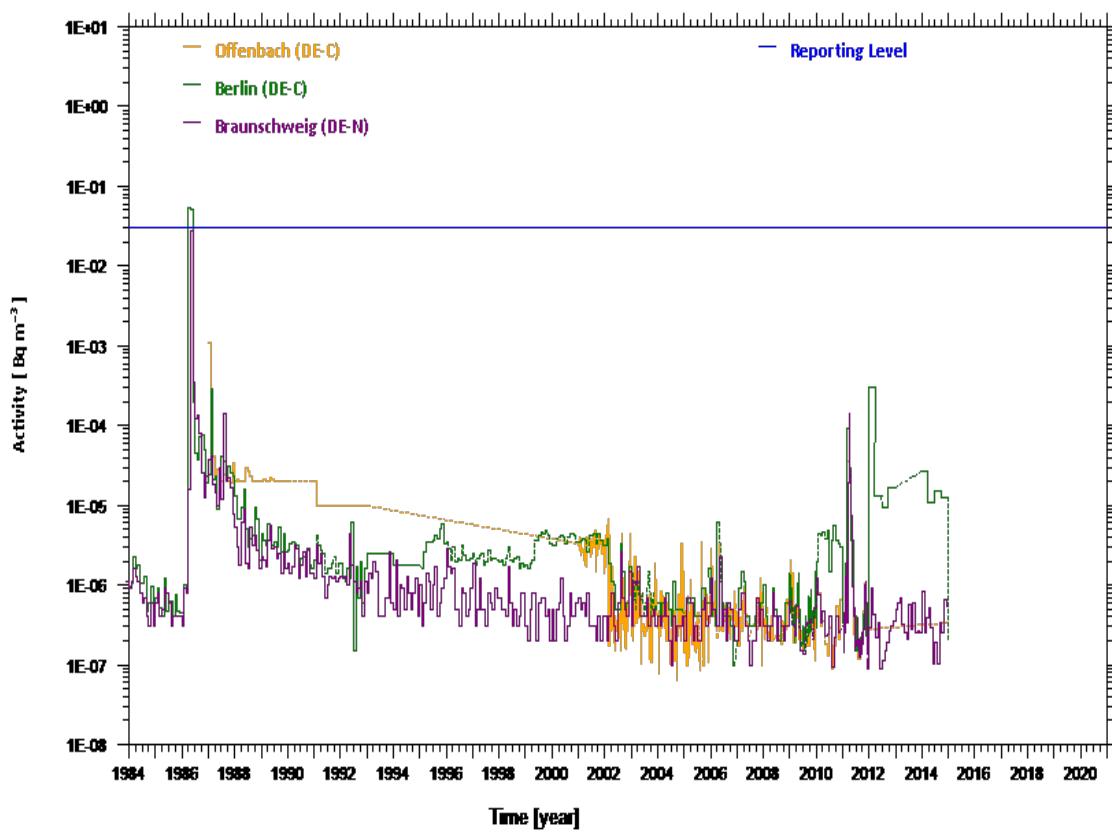


**Fig. A25**

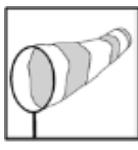
Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Chilton, Lerwick and Clonskeagh)


**Fig. A26**

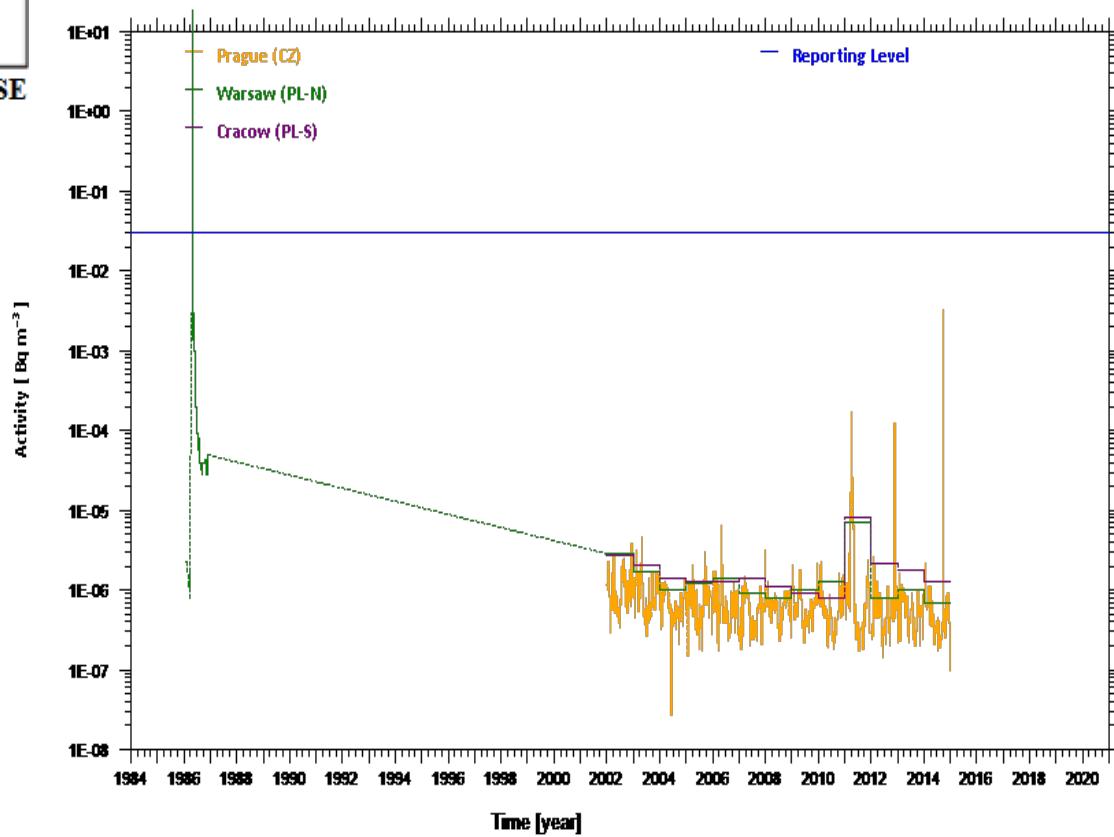
Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Brussels, Luxembourg and Bilthoven)


**Fig. A27**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Offenbach, Berlin and Braunschweig)

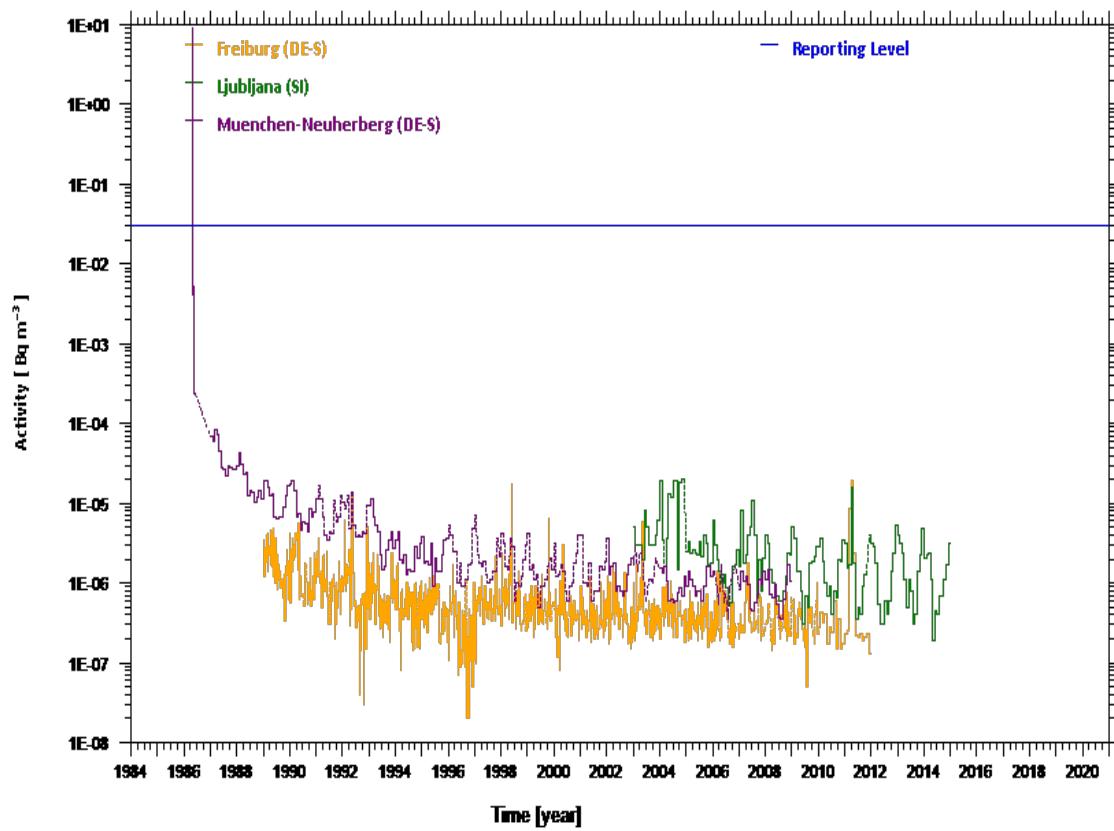


SPARSE



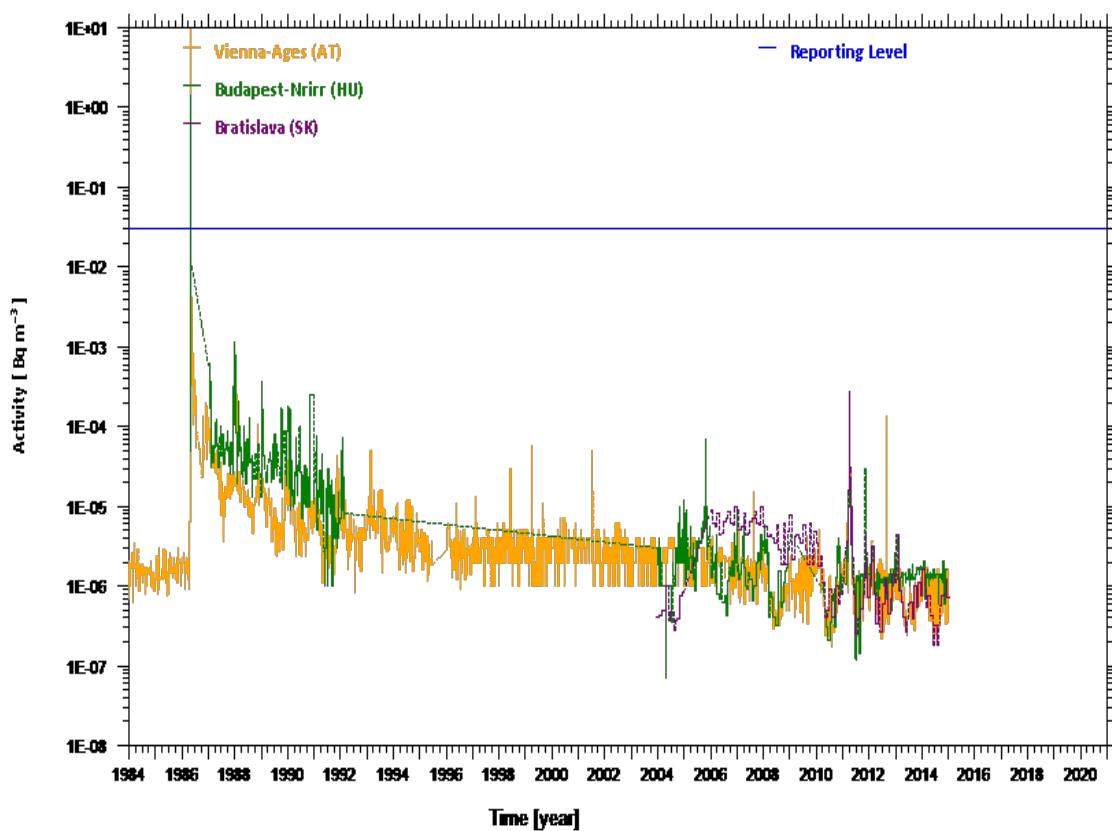
**Fig. A28**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Prague, Warsaw and Cracow)

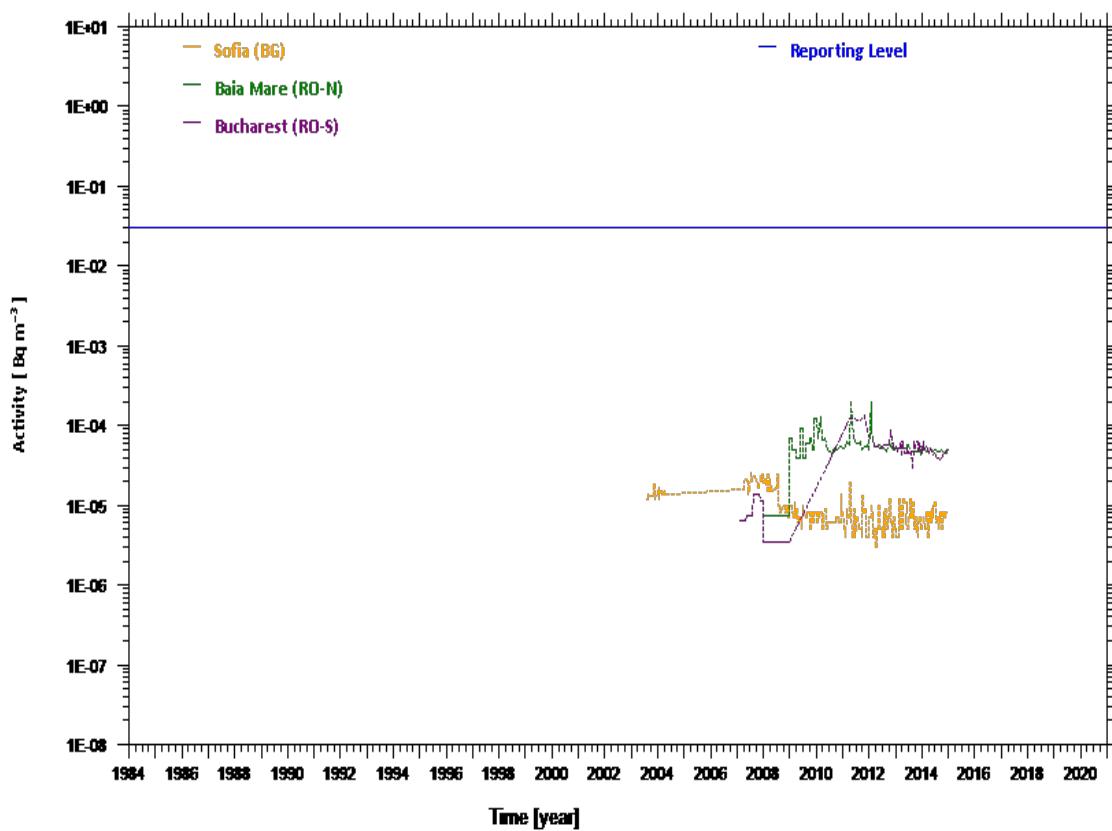


**Fig. A29**

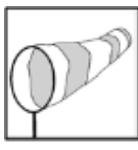
Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Freiburg, Ljubljana and Muenchen-Neuherberg)


**Fig. A30**

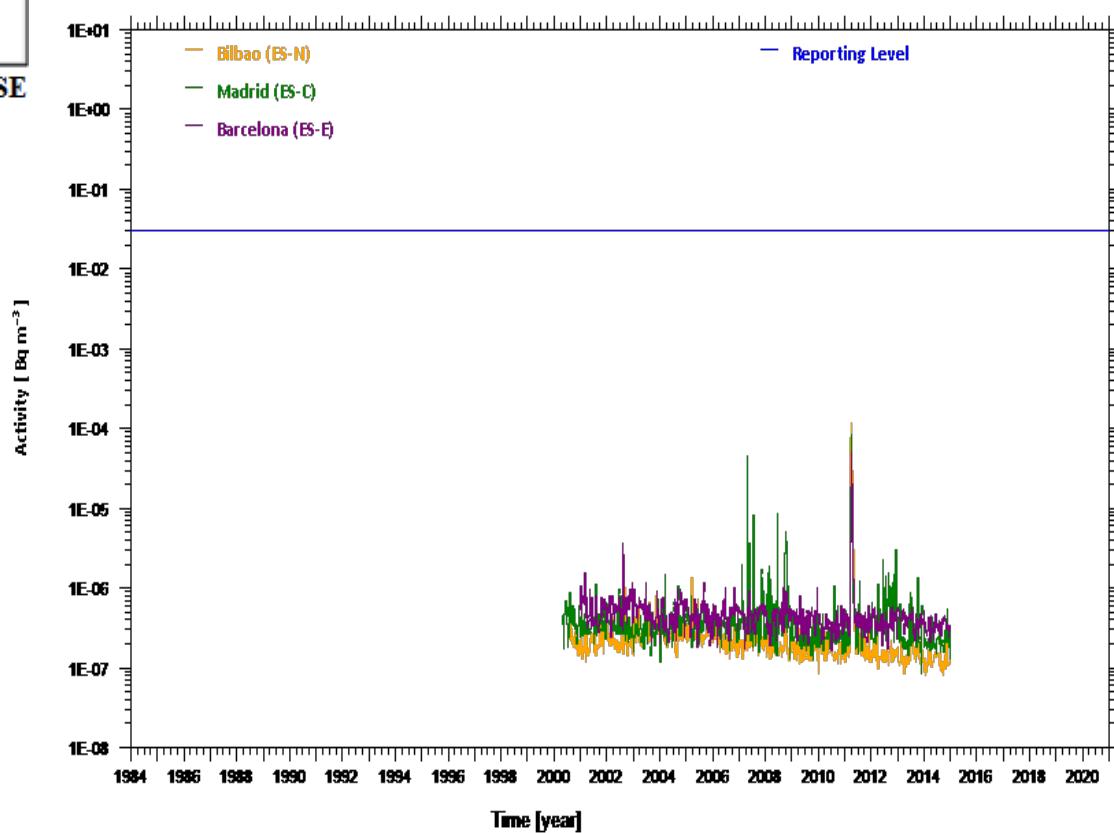
Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Vienna-Ages, Budapest-Nrerr and Bratislava)


**Fig. A31**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Sofia, Baia Mare and Bucharest)

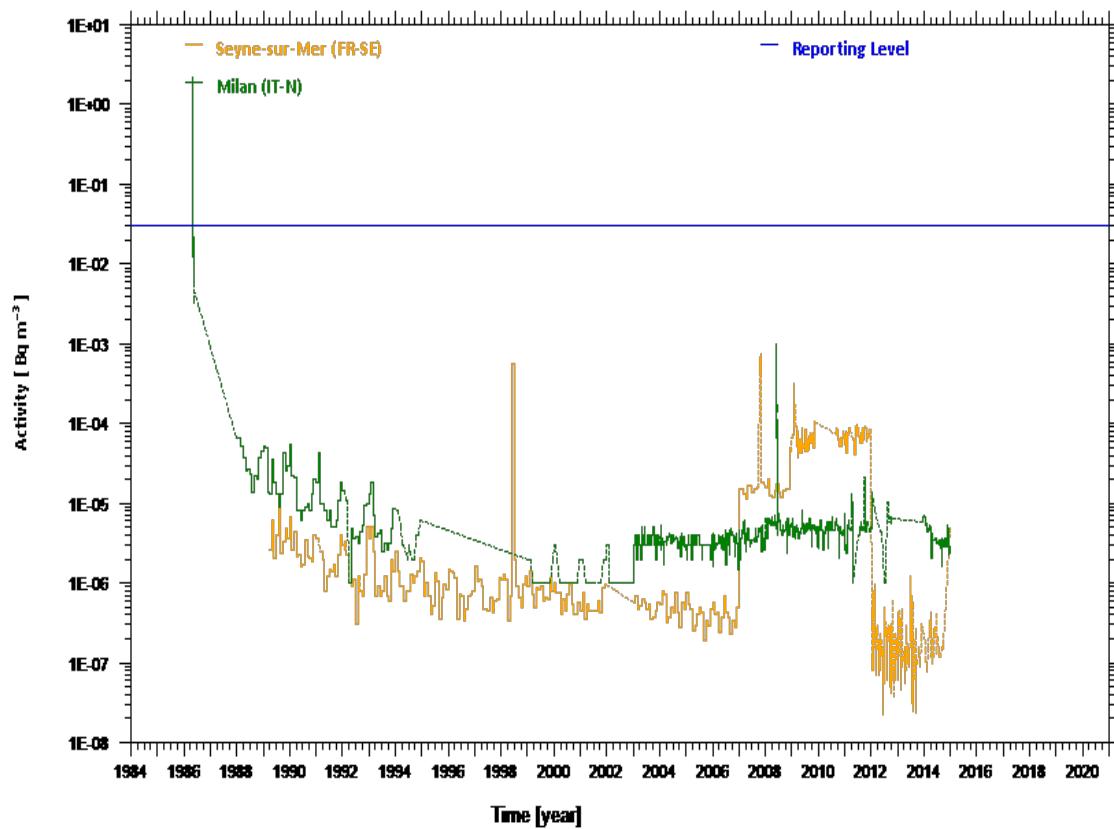


SPARSE



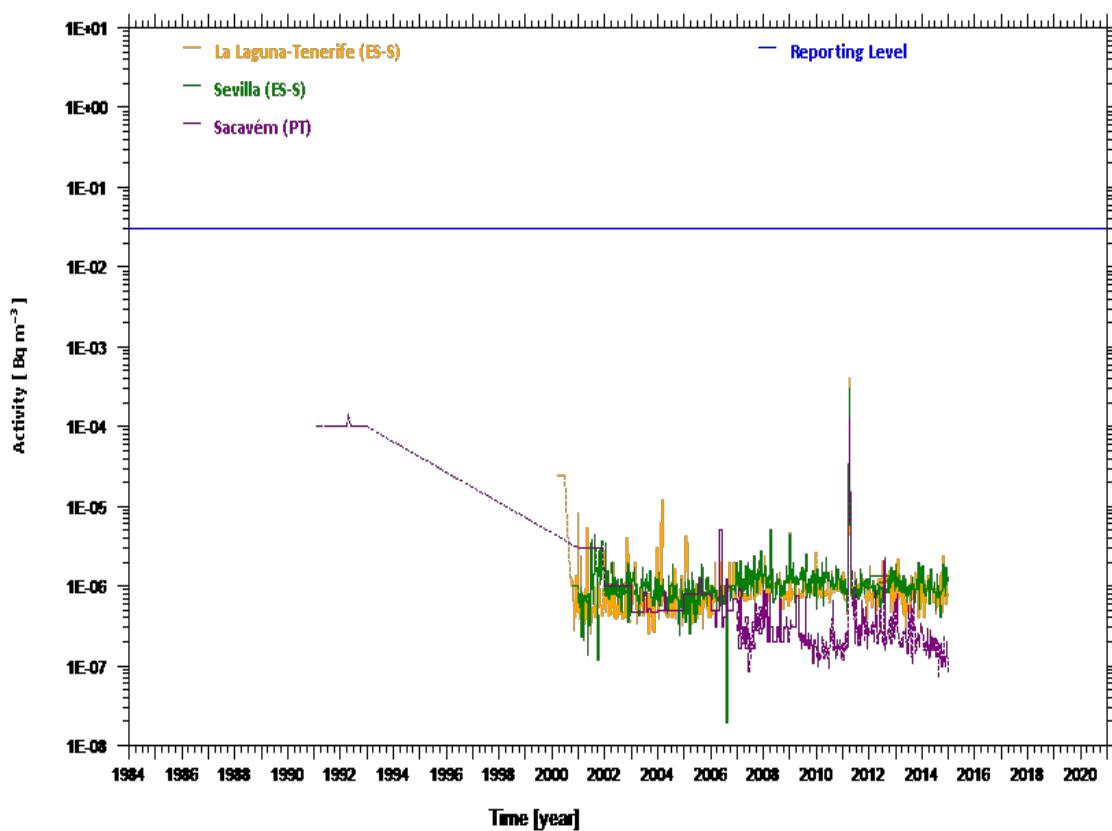
**Fig. A32**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Bilbao, Madrid and Barcelona)



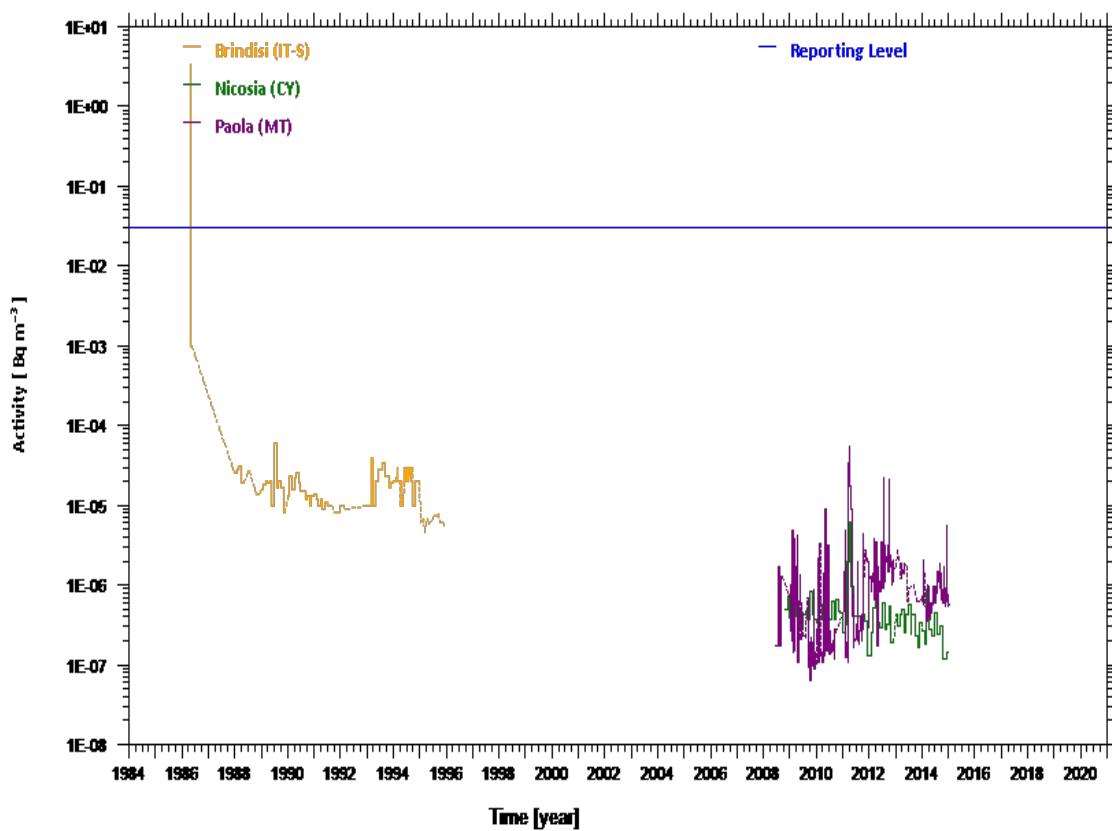
**Fig. A33**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Seyne-sur-Mer and Milan)



**Fig. A34**

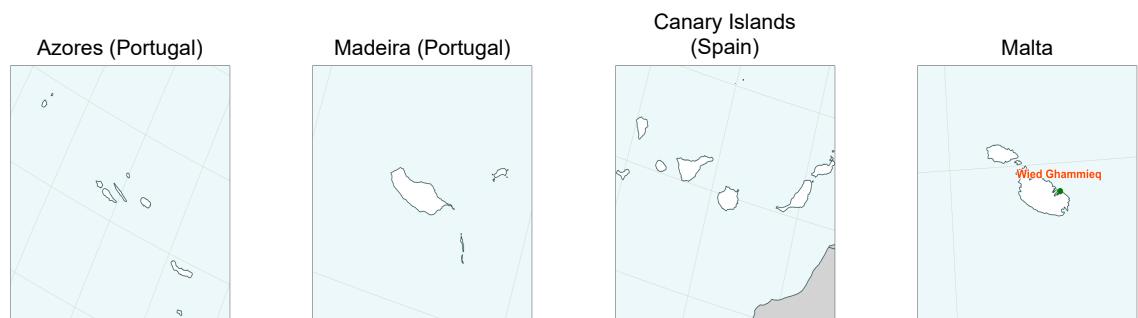
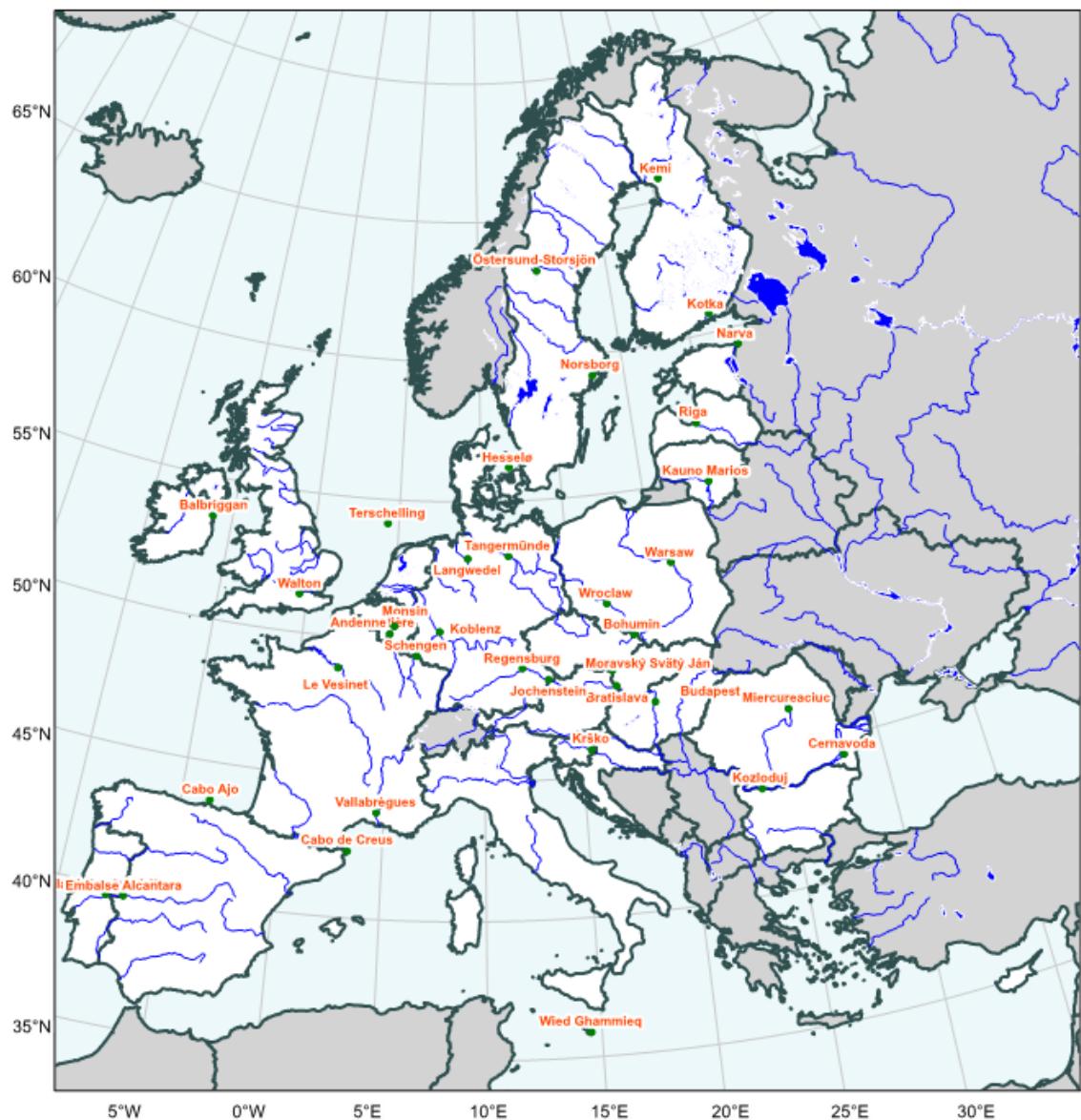
Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (La Laguna-Tenerife, Sevilla and Sacavém)



**Fig. A35**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in airborne particulates (Brindisi, Nicosia and Paola)



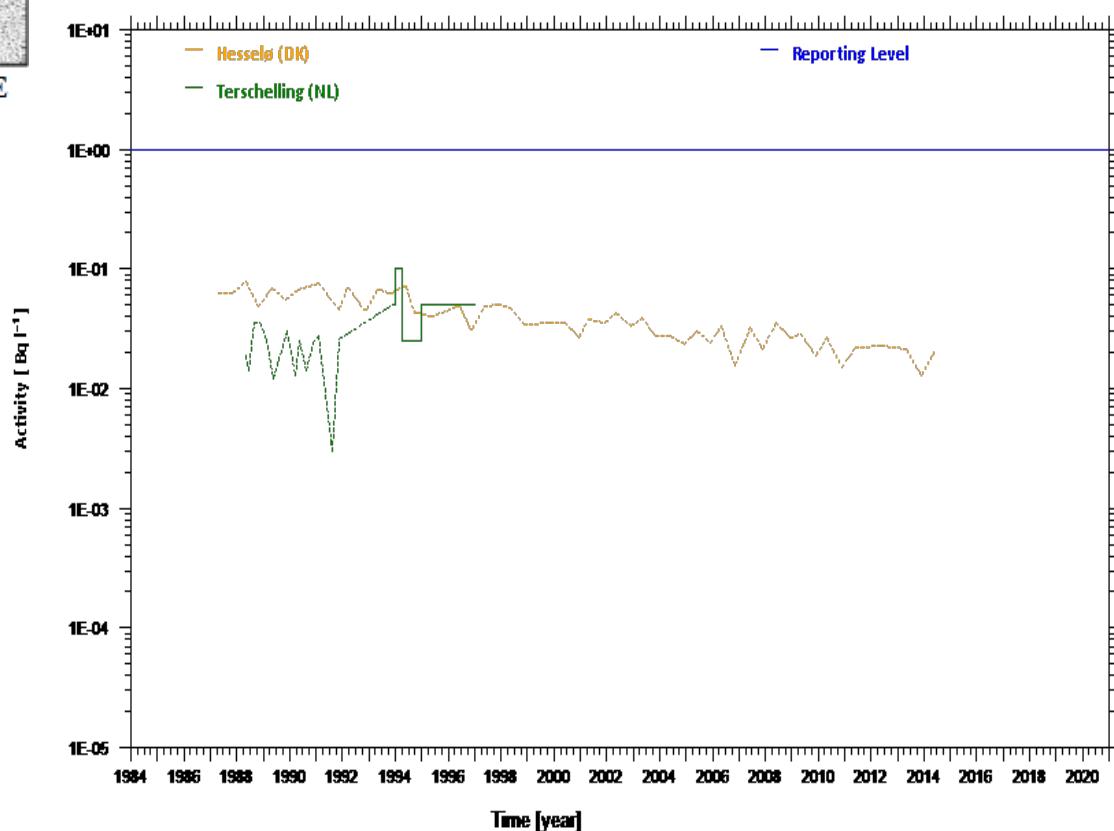


**Fig. S11**

Sampling locations for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water considered in Figures S12 – S26

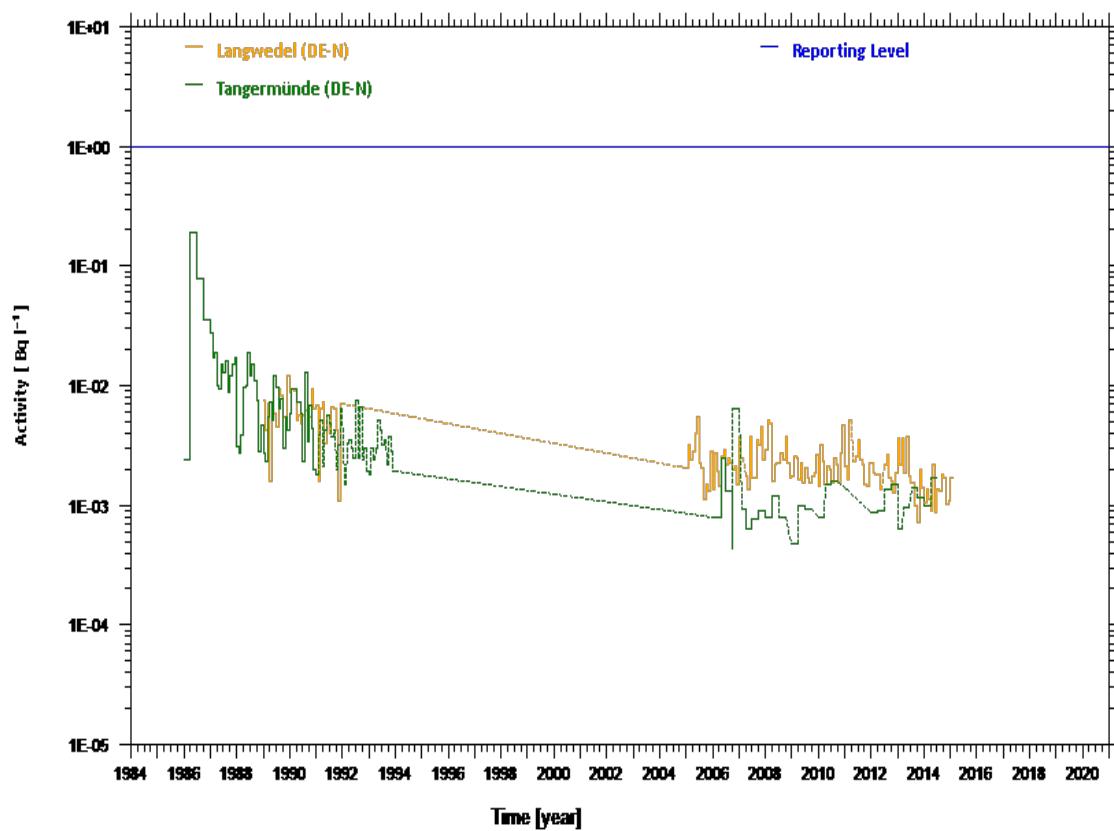


SPARSE



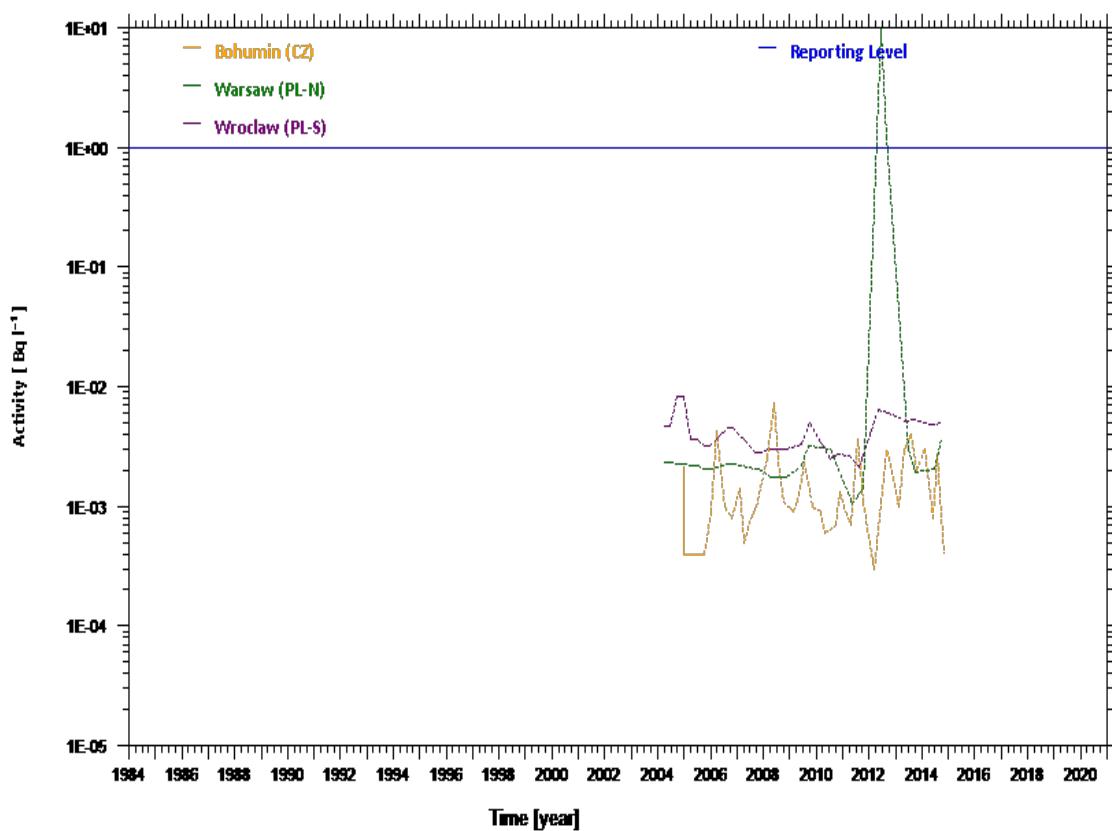
**Fig. S12**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Hesselø and Terschelling)



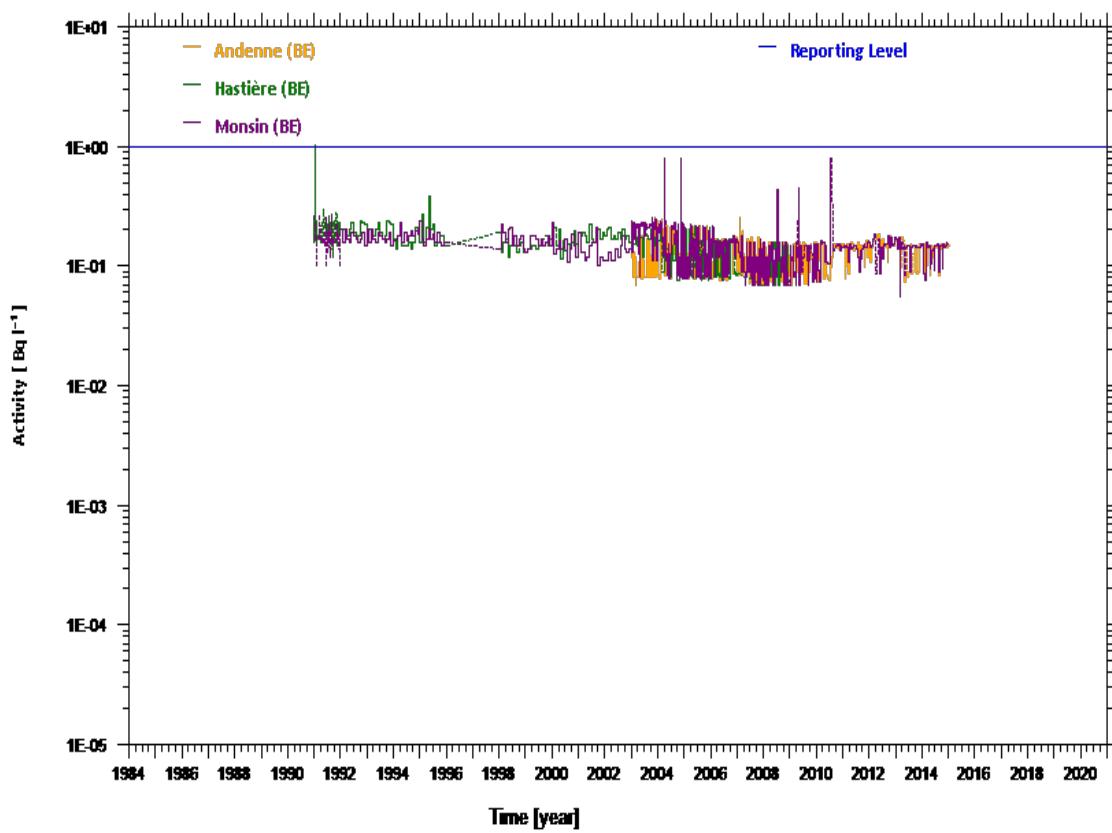
**Fig. S13**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Langwedel and Tangermünde)



**Fig. S14**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Bohumin, Warsaw and Wroclaw)

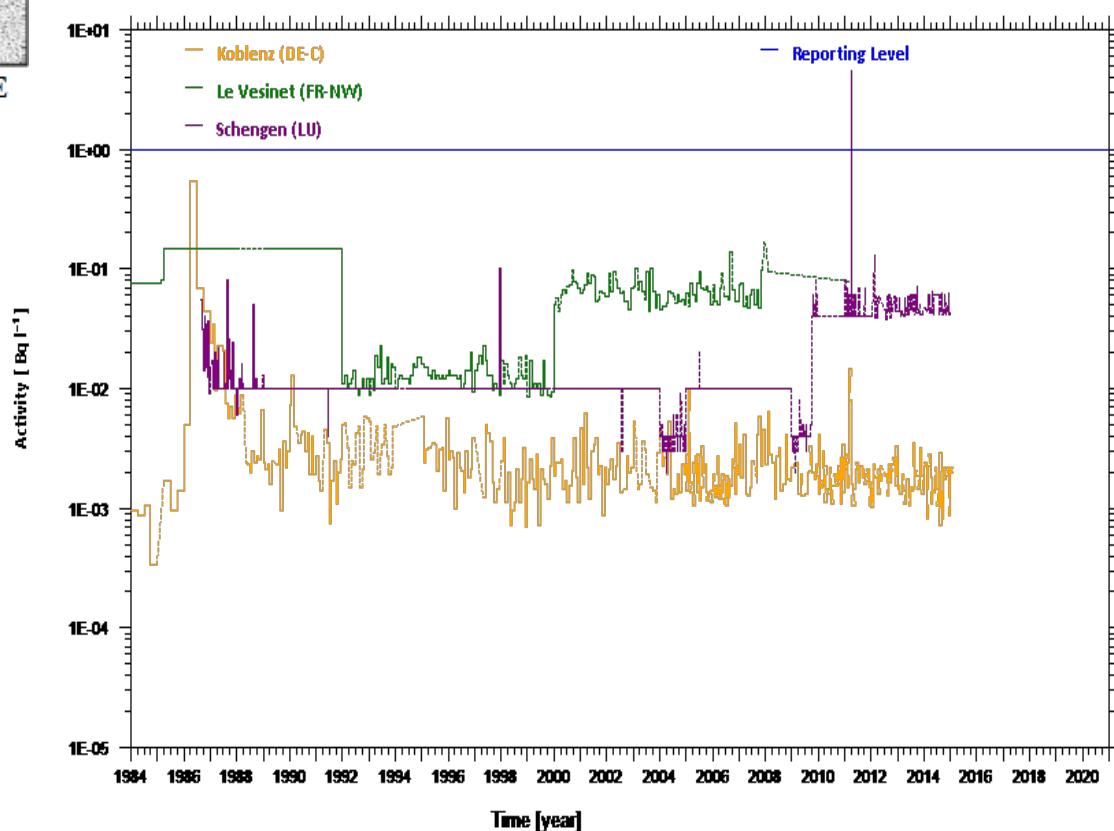


**Fig. S15**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Andenne, Hastière and Monsin)

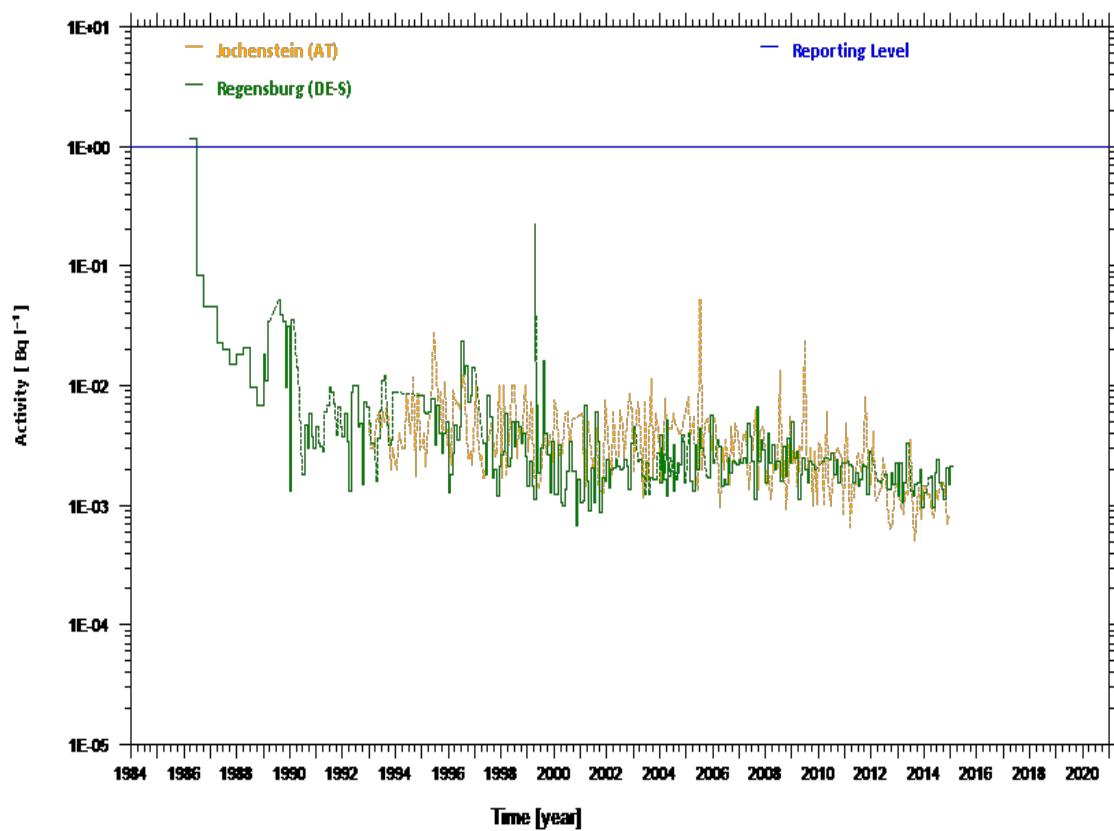


SPARSE



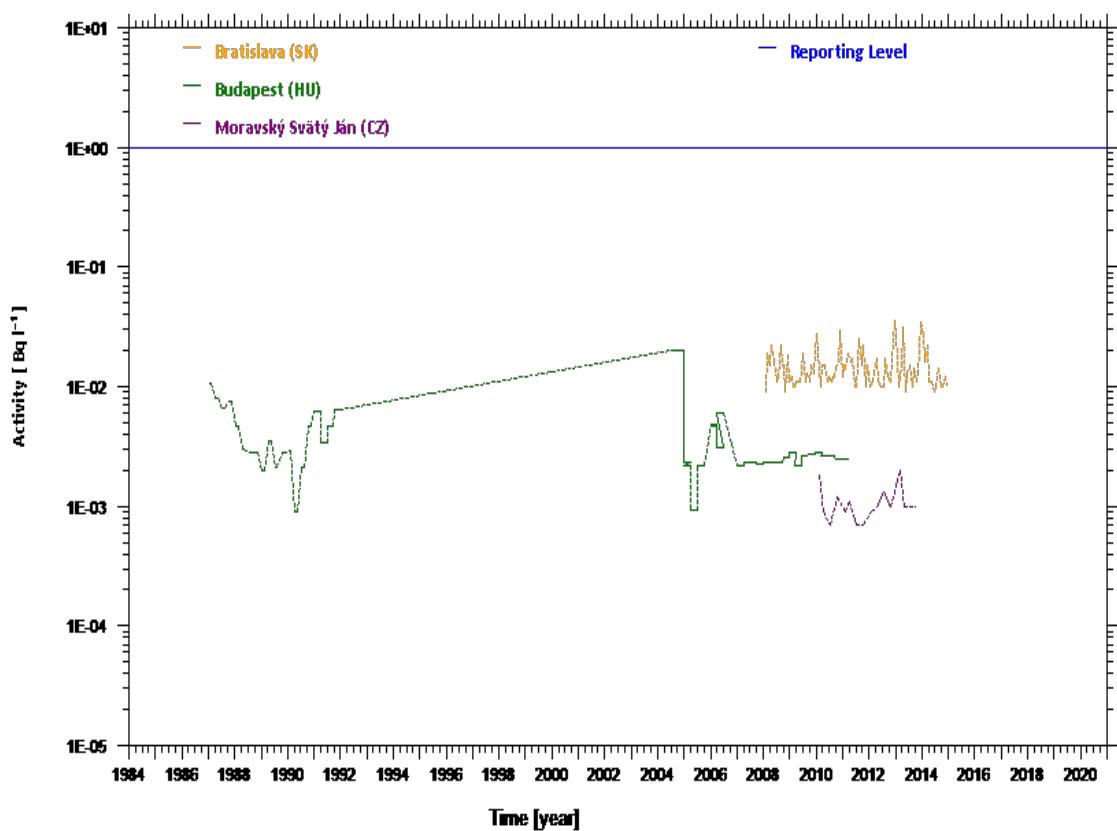
**Fig. S16**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Koblenz, Le Vesinet and Schengen)



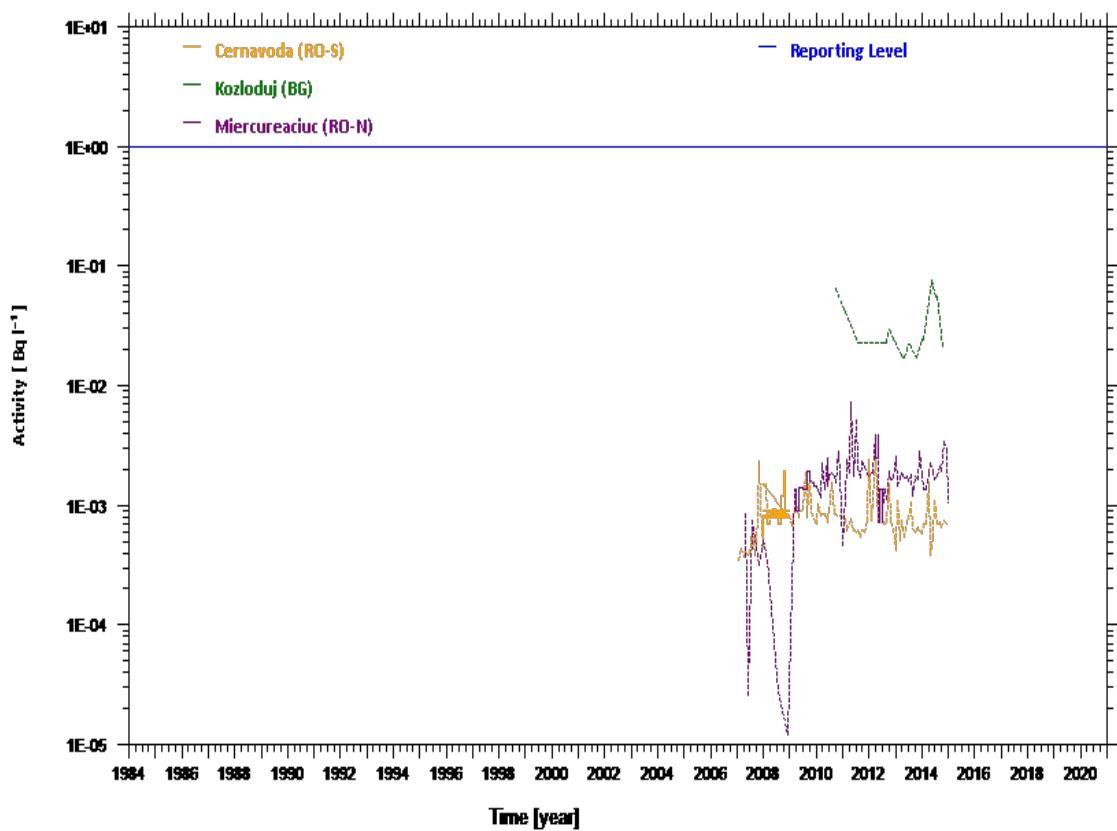
**Fig. S17**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Jochenstein and Regensburg)



**Fig. S18**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Bratislava, Budapest and Moravský Svätý Ján)

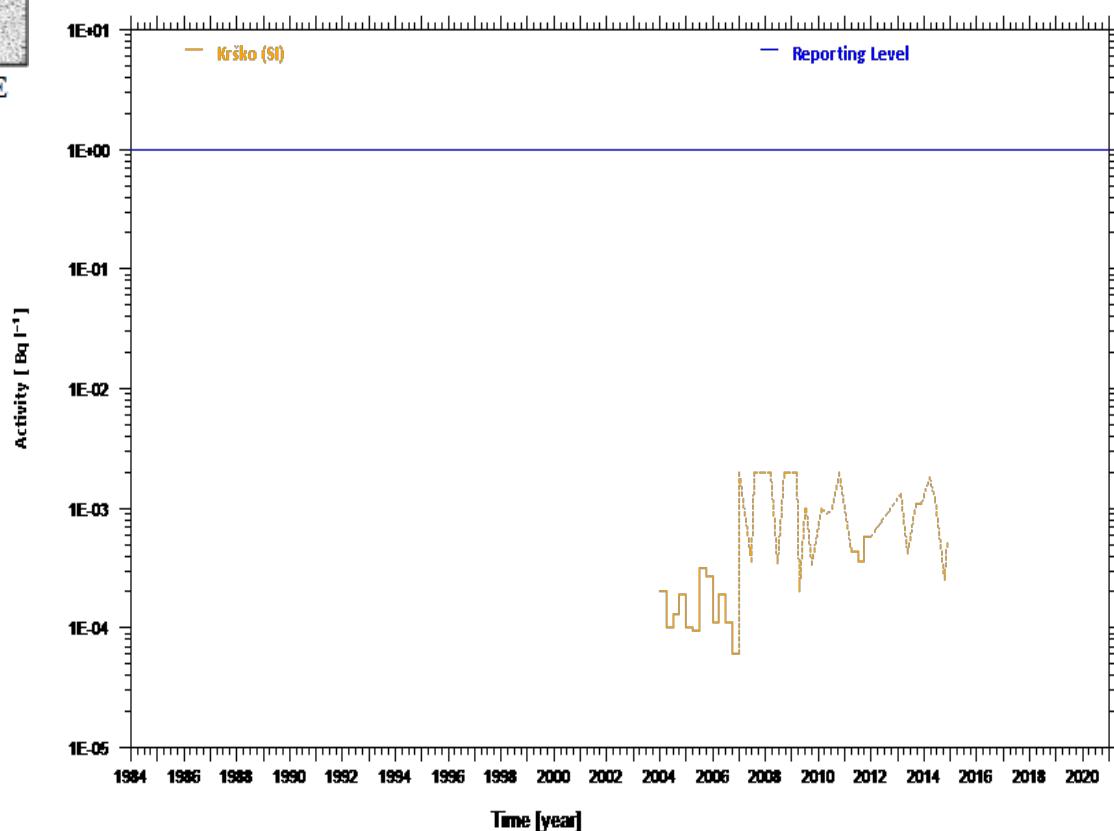


**Fig. S19**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Cernavoda, Kozloduj and Miercureaciu)

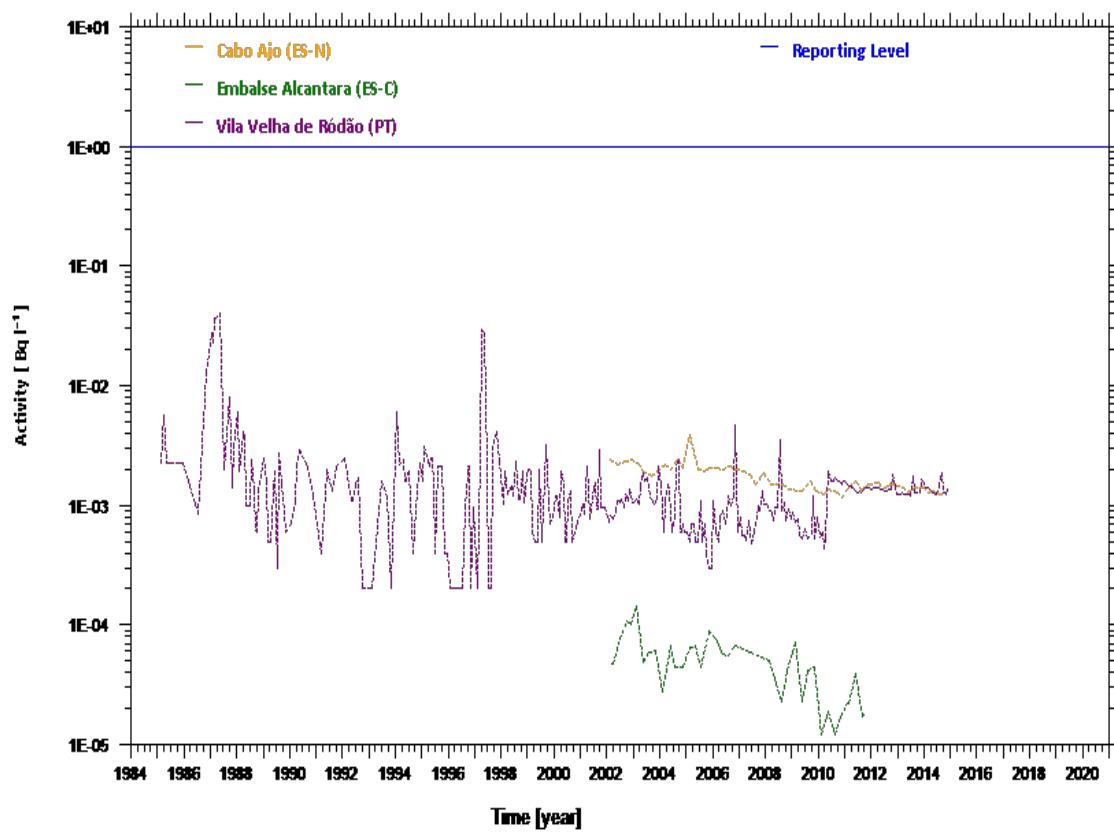


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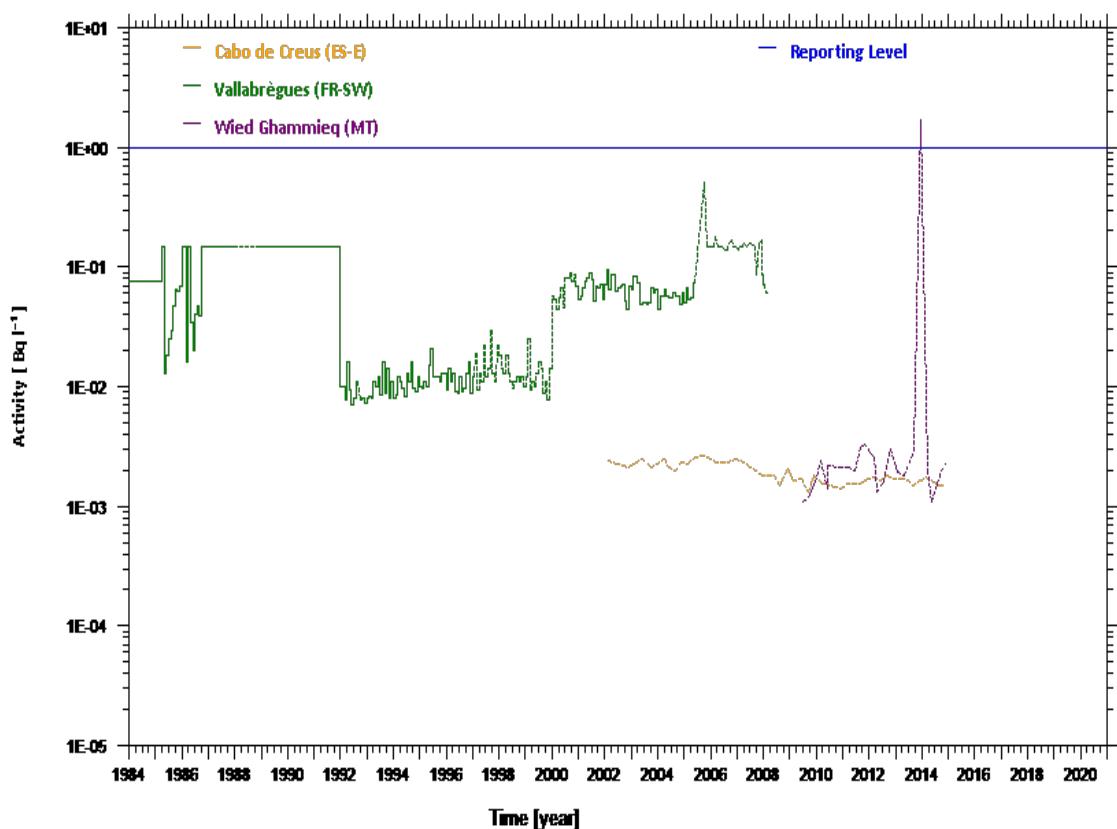
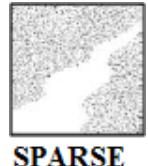
**Fig. S20**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Krško)



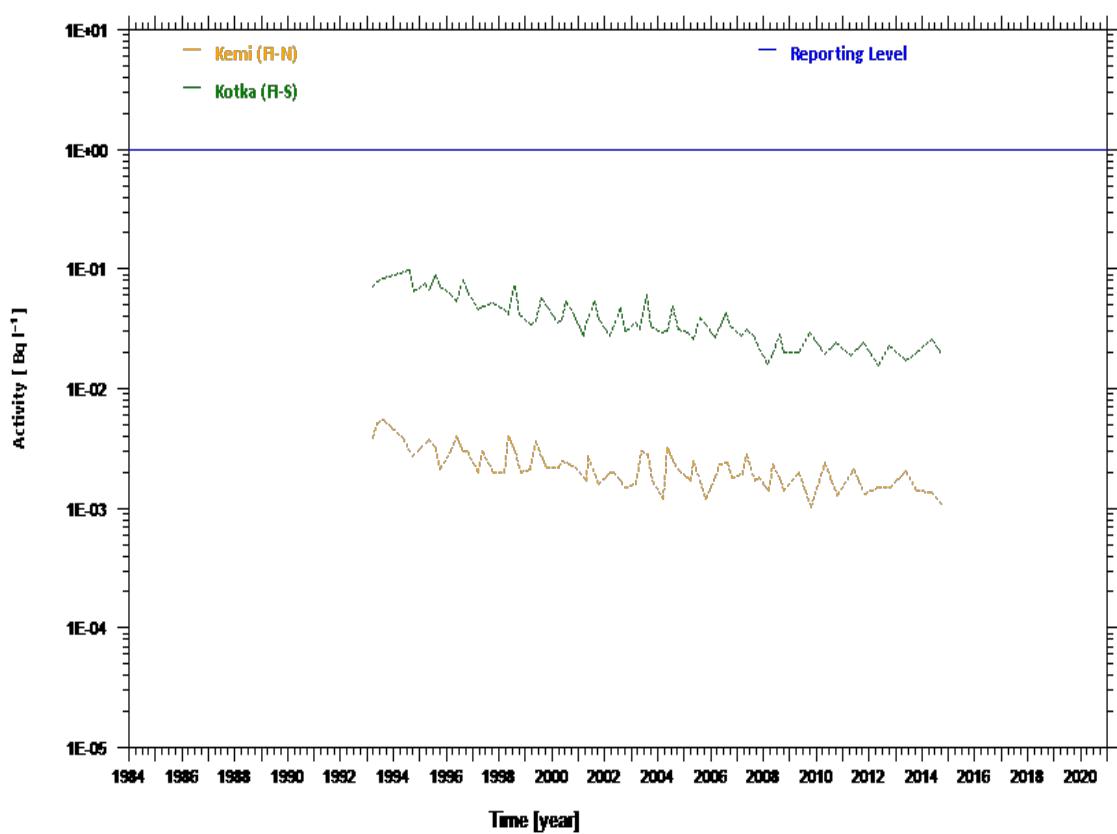
**Fig. S21**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Cabo Ajo, Embalse Alcantara and Vila Velha de Ródão)



**Fig. S22**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Cabo de Creus, Vallabregues and Wied Għammieq)

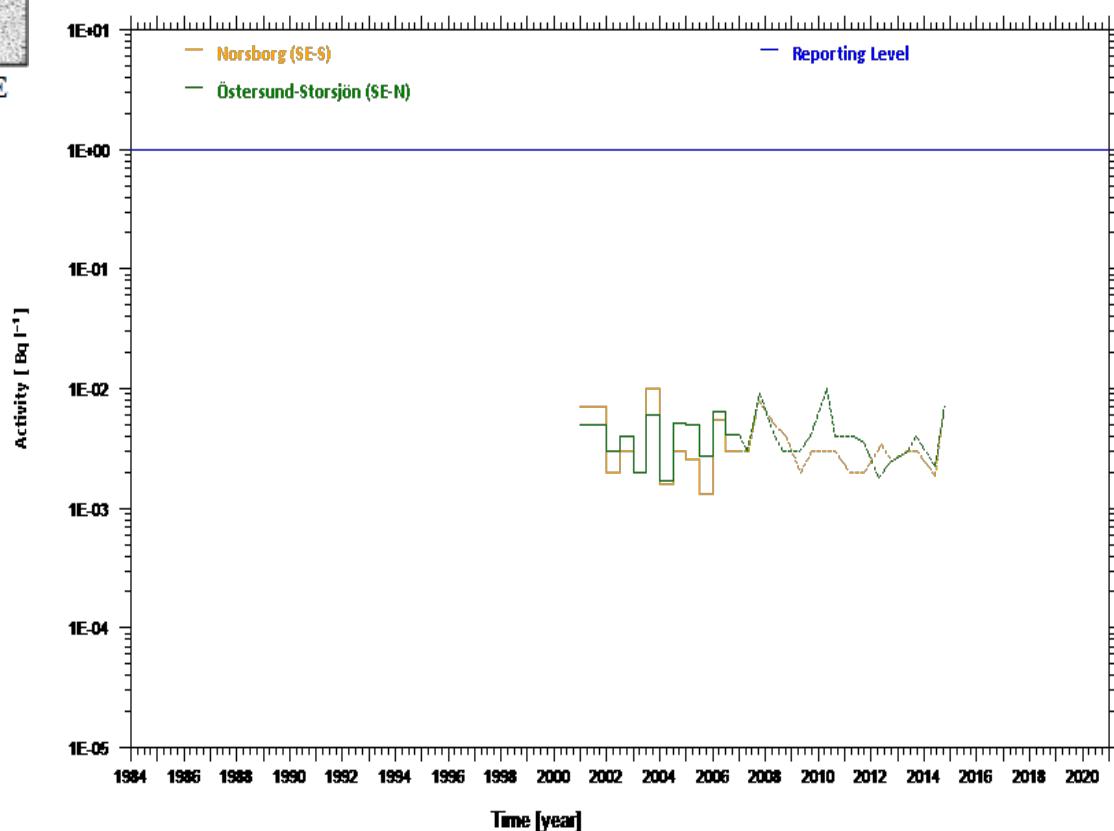


**Fig. S23**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Kemi and Kotka)

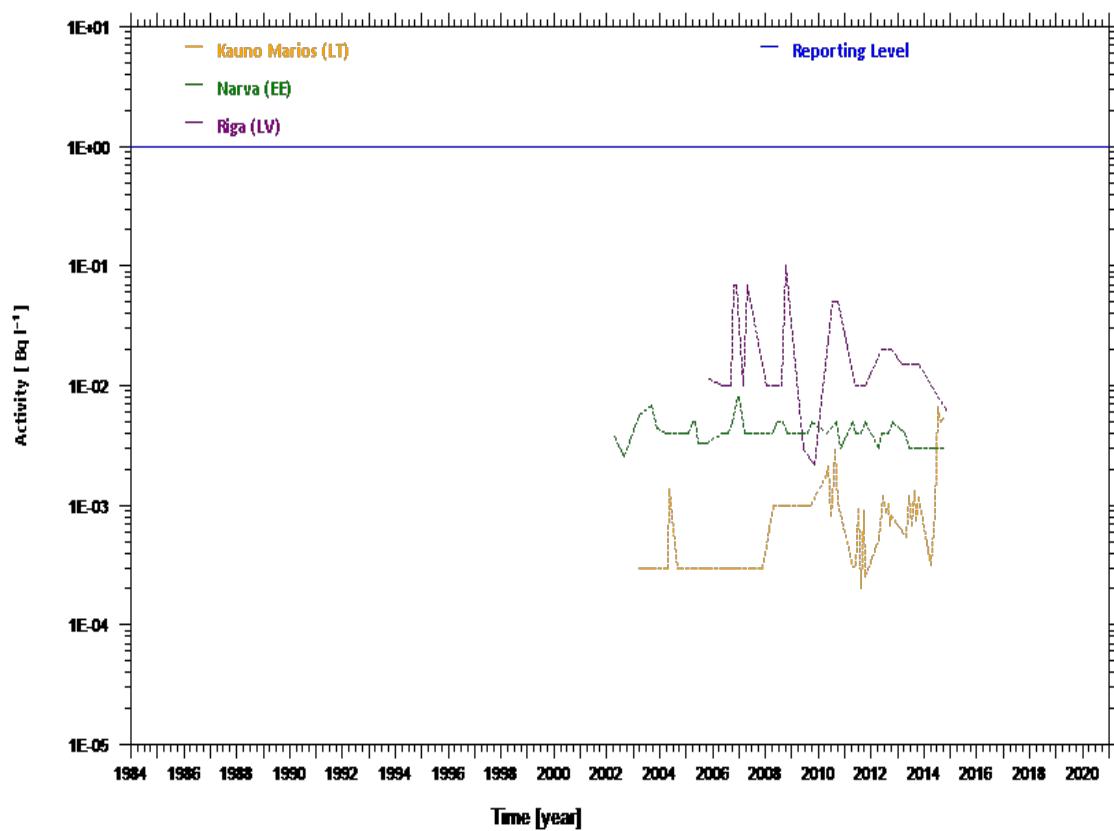


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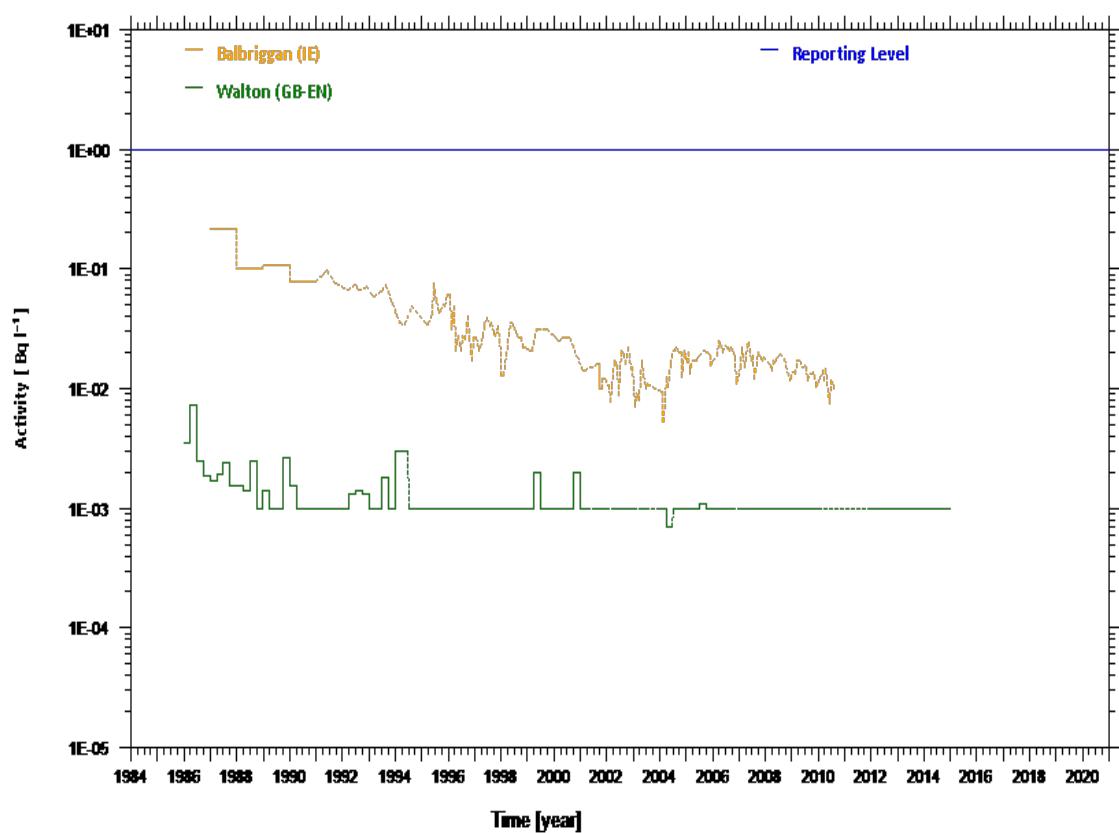
**Fig. S24**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Norsborg and Östersund-Storsjön)



**Fig. S25**

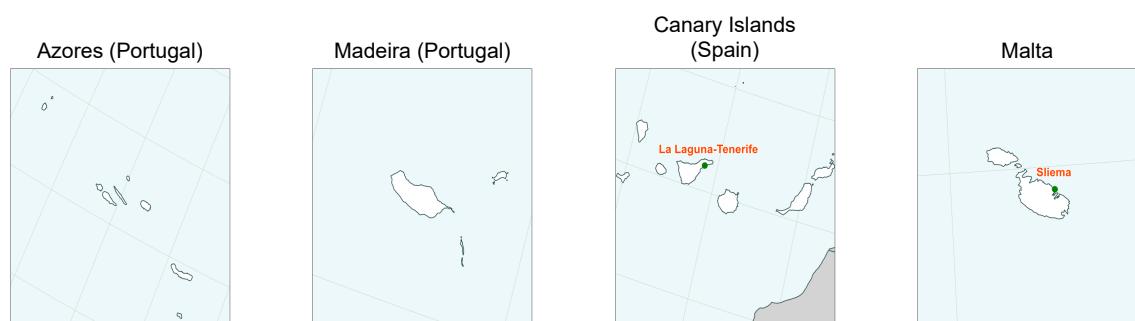
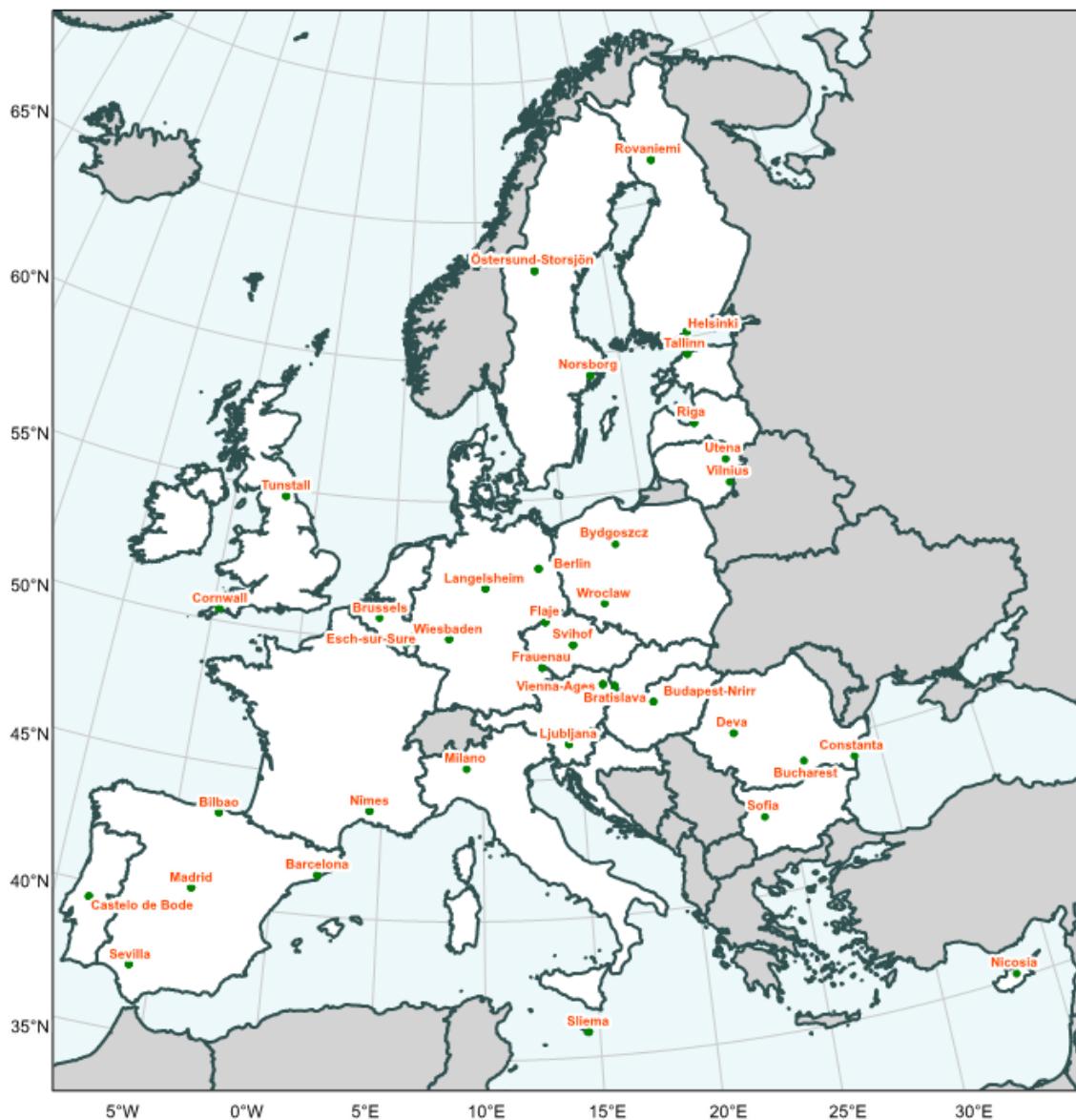
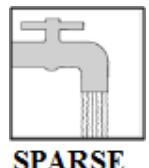
Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Kauno Marios, Narva and Riga)



**Fig. S26**

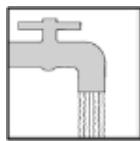
Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in surface water (Balbriggan and Walton)



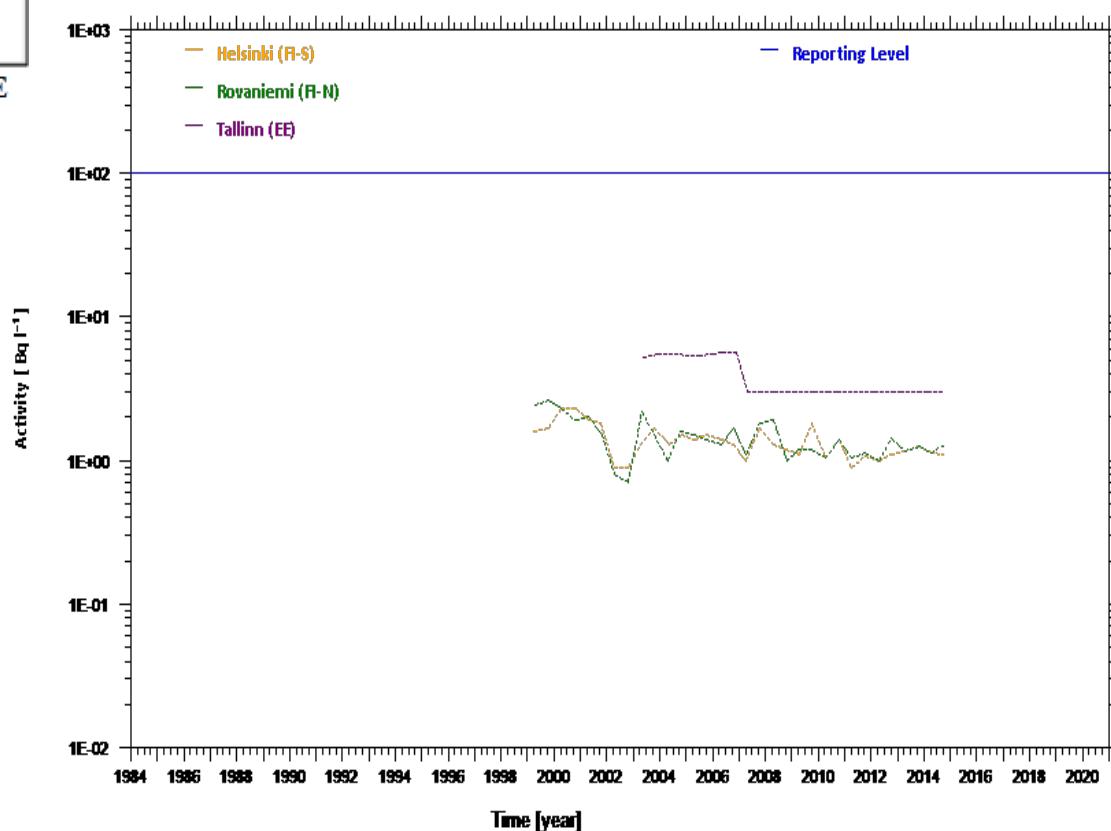


**Fig. W10**

Sampling locations for  $^{3}\text{H}$ ,  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water considered in Figures W11 – W45

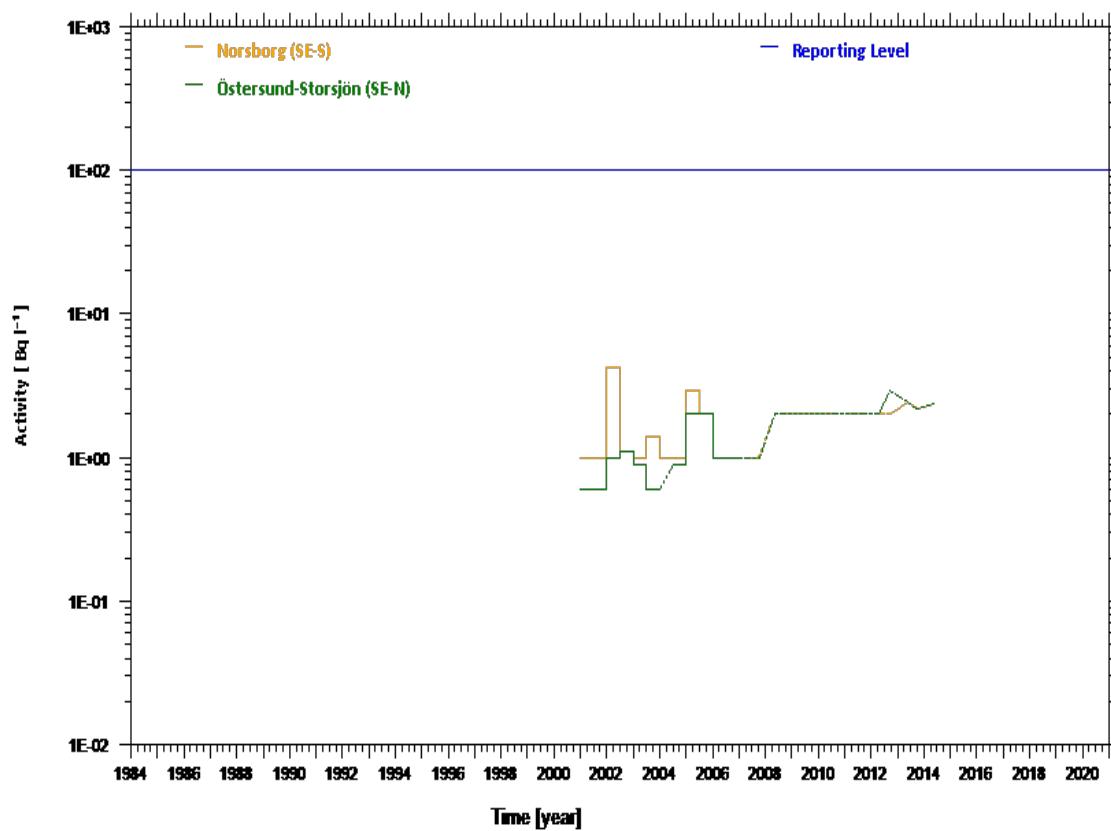


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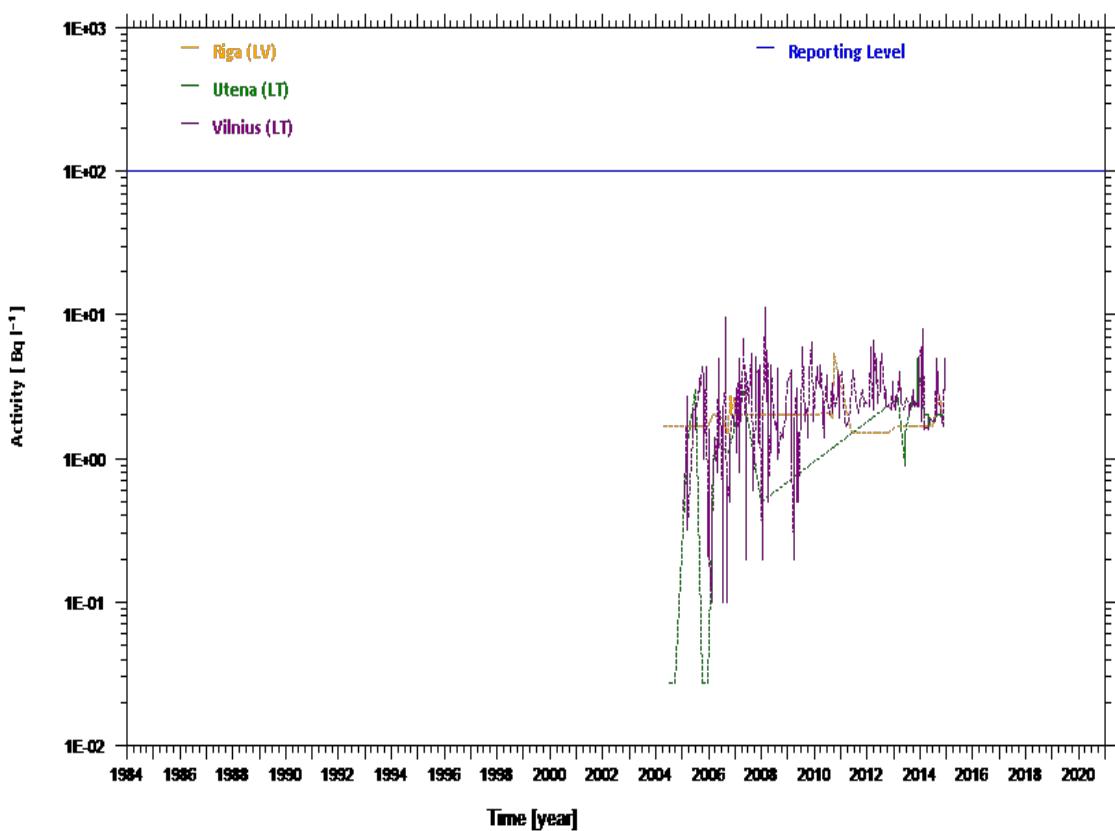
**Fig. W11**

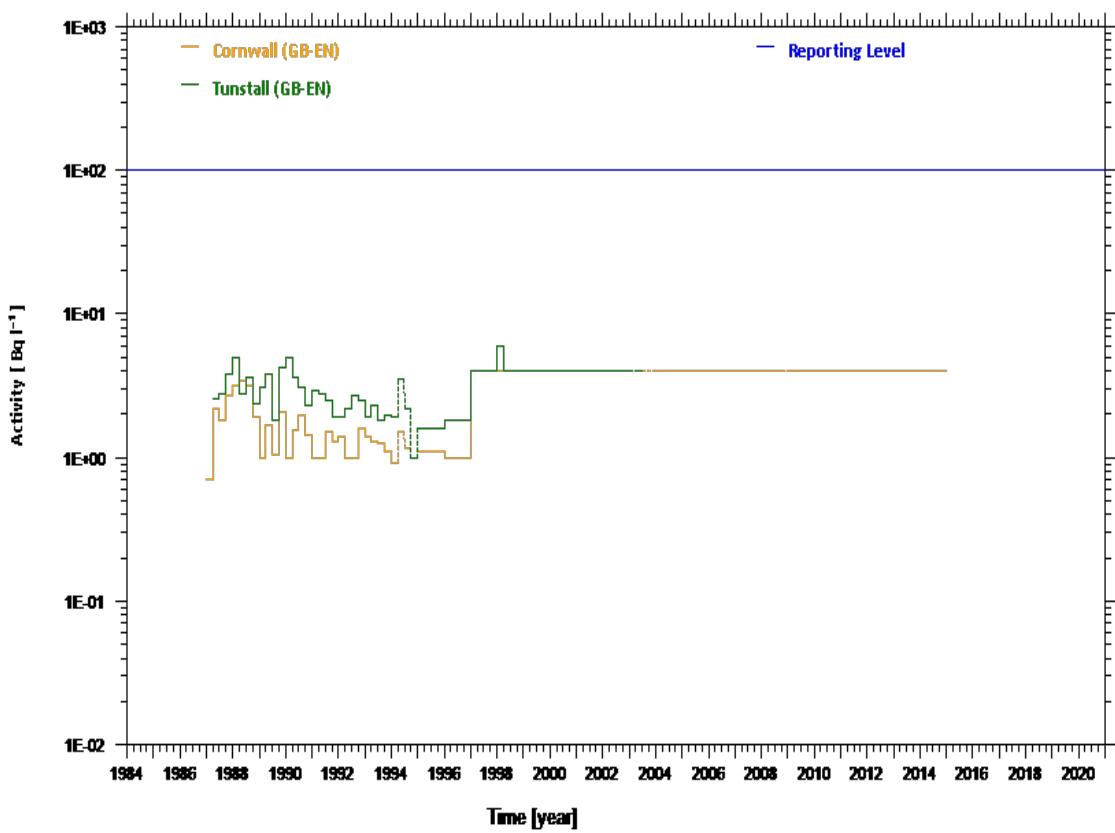
Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Helsinki, Rovaniemi and Tallinn)



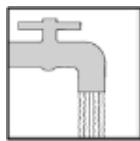
**Fig. W12**

Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Norsborg and Östersund-Storsjön)

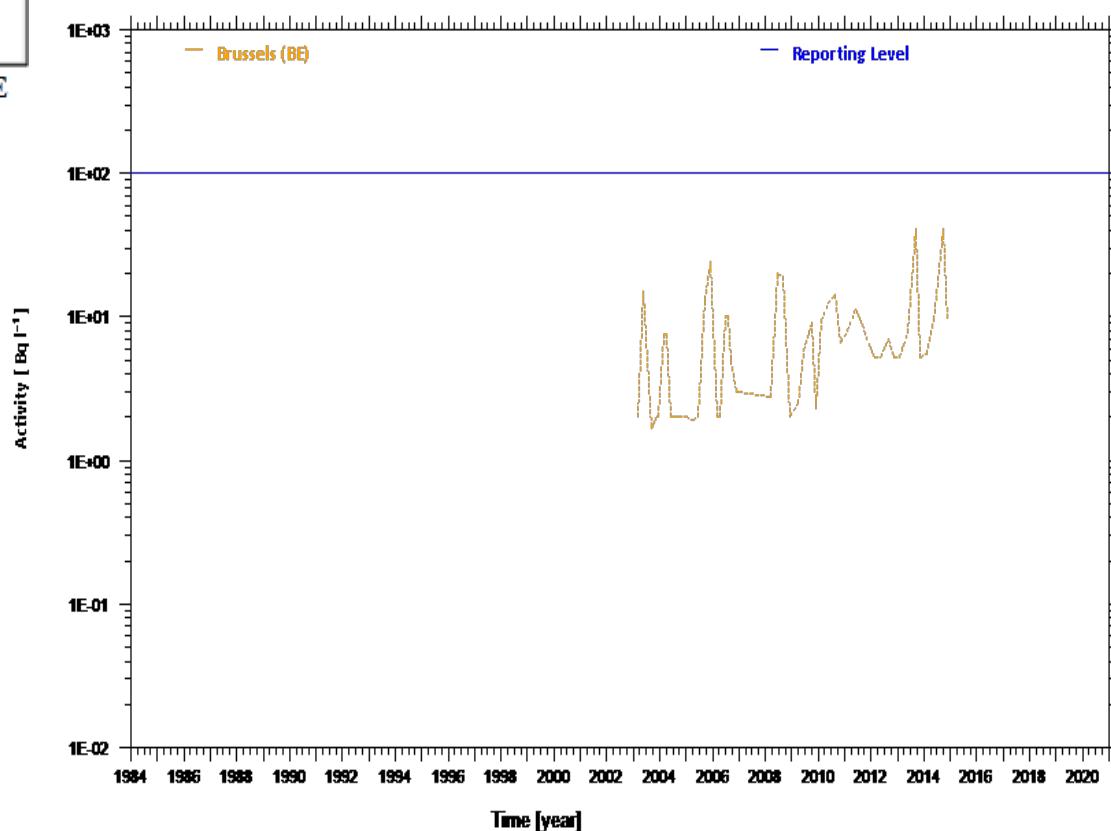

**Fig. W13**

Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Riga, Utena and Vilnius)

**Fig. W14**

Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Cornwall and Tunstall)

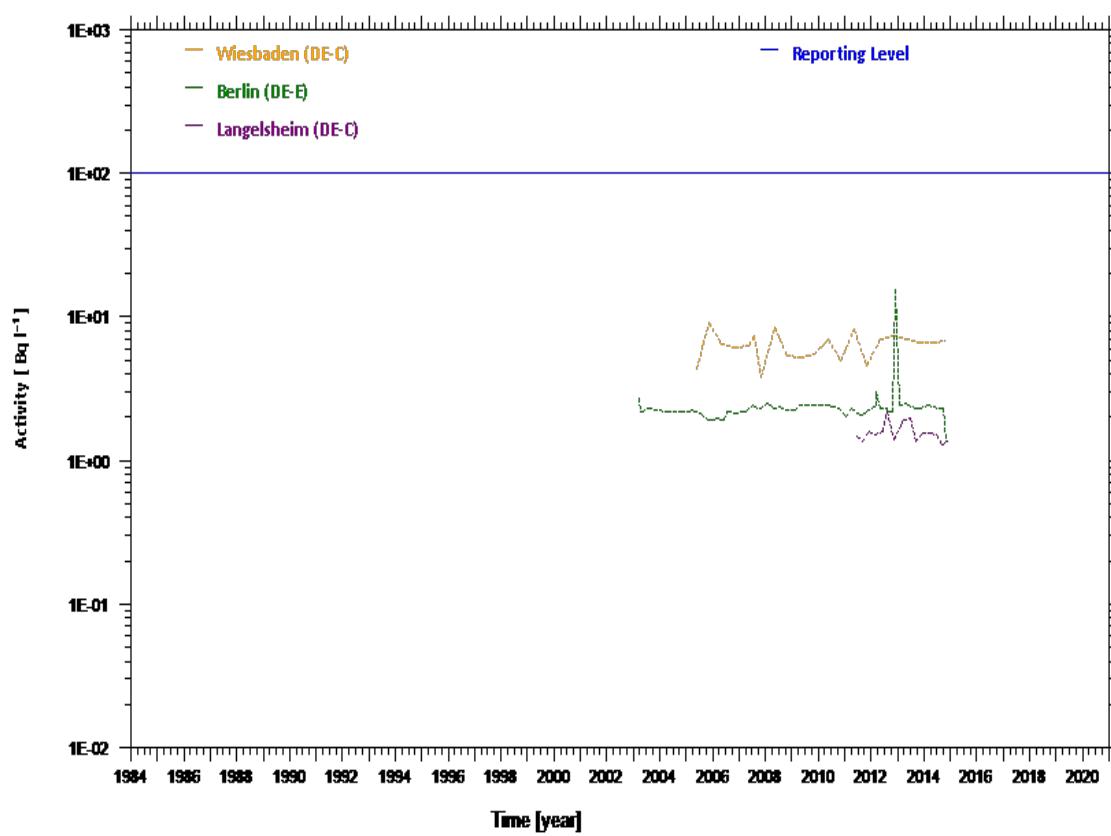


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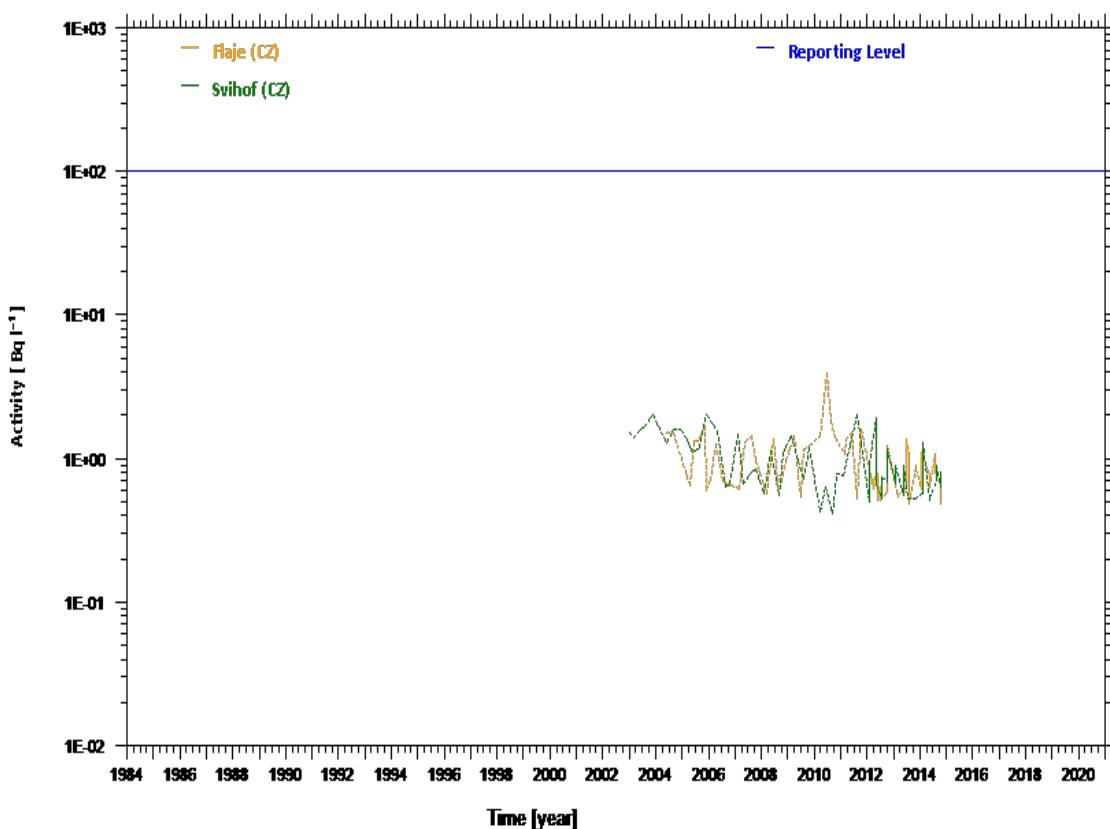
**Fig. W15**

Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Brussels)

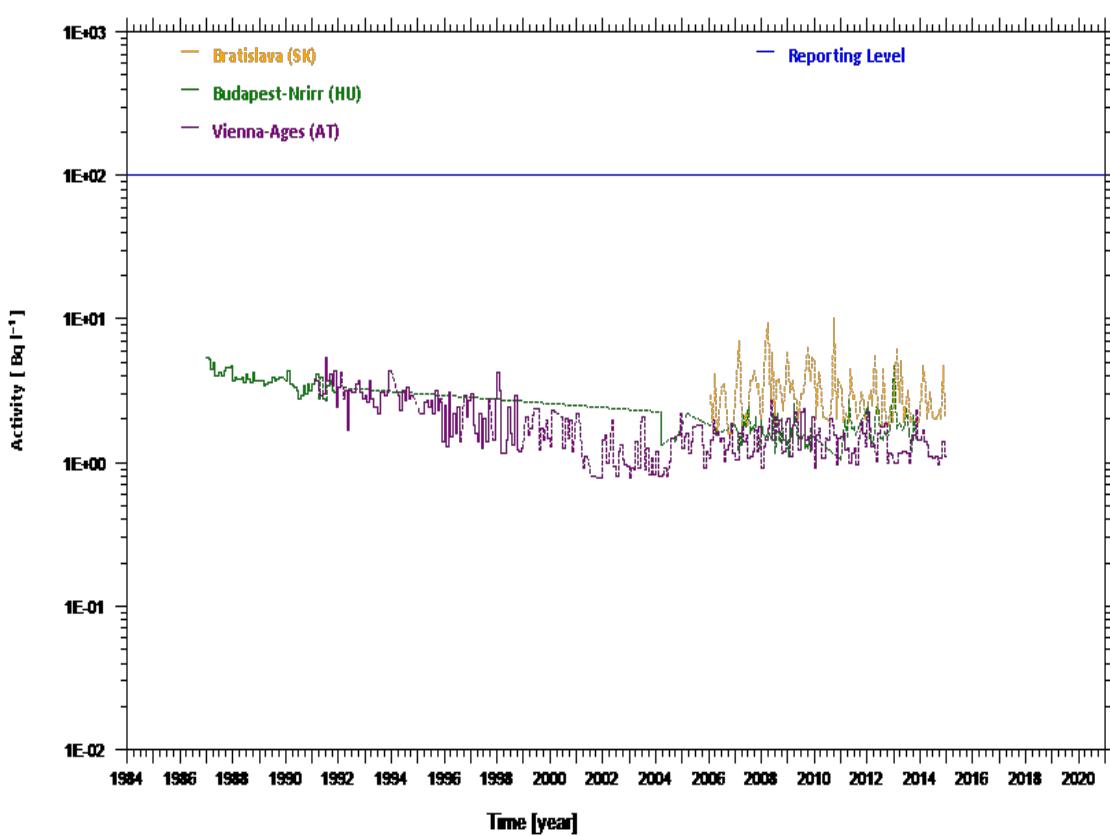


**Fig. W16**

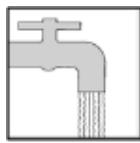
Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Wiesbaden, Berlin and Langelsheim)



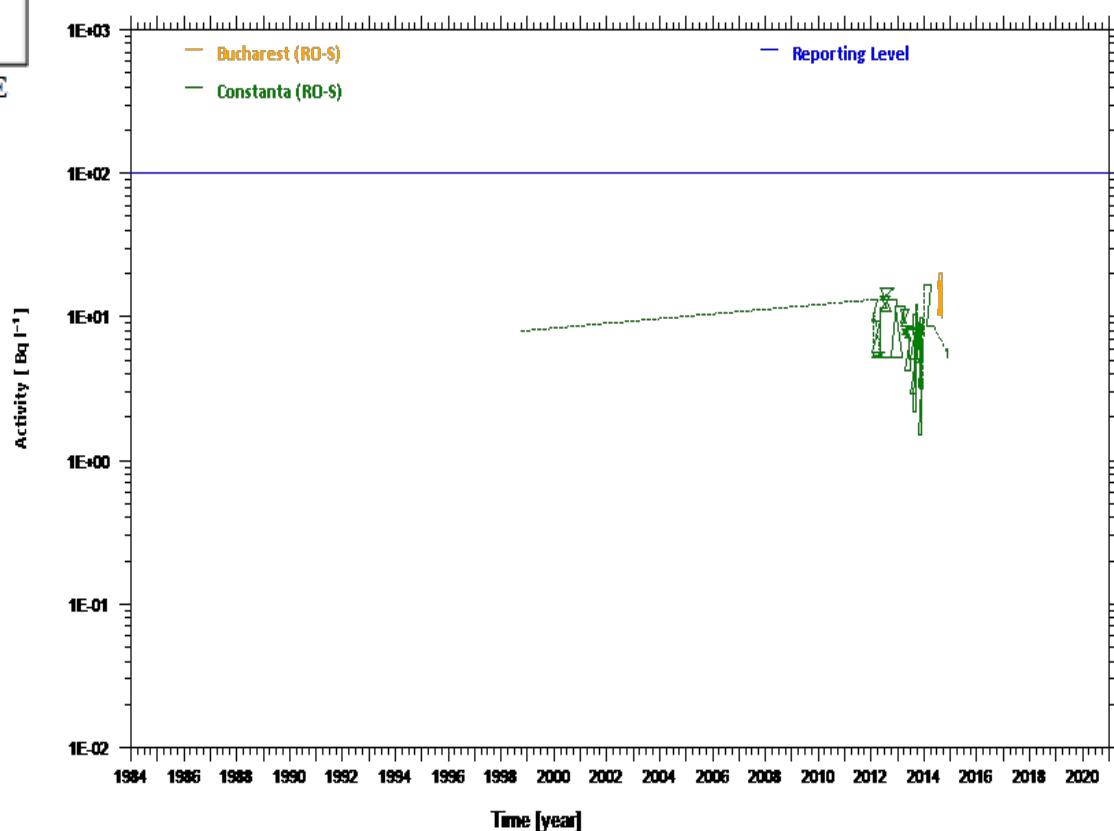
**Fig. W17**  
Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Flaje and Svihof)



**Fig. W18**  
Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Bratislava, Budapest-Nrerr and Vienna-Ages)

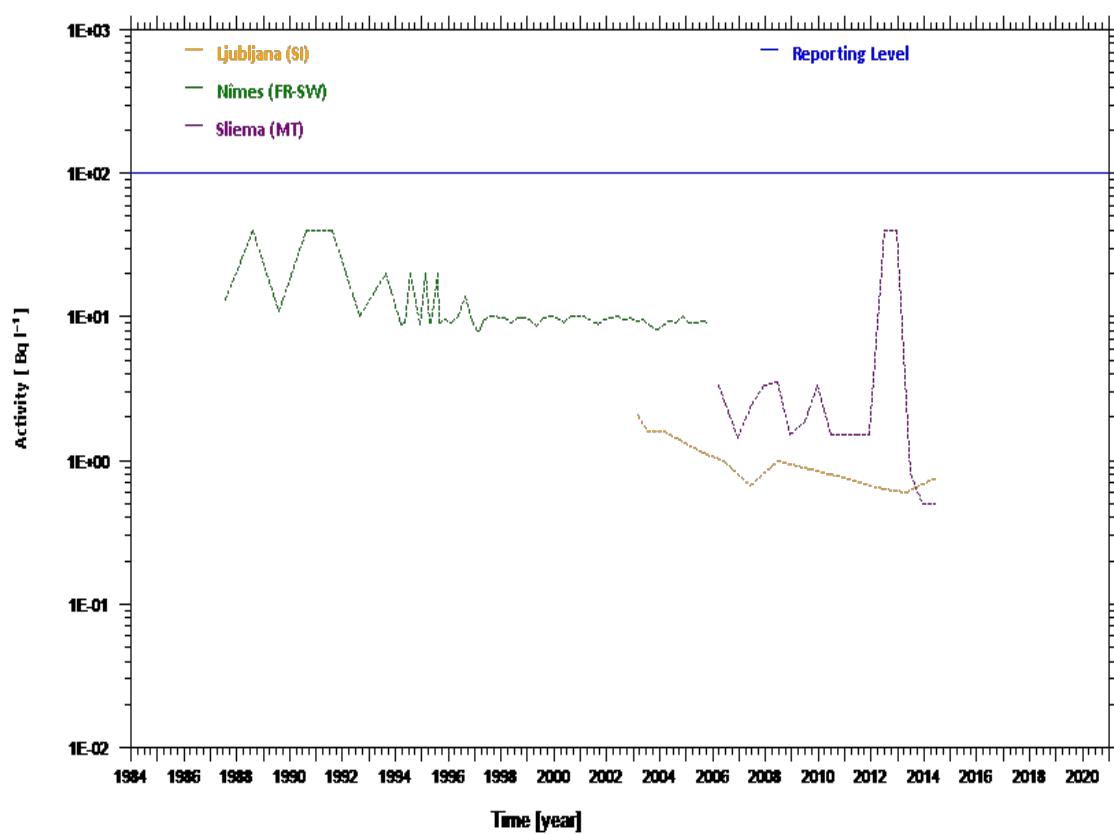


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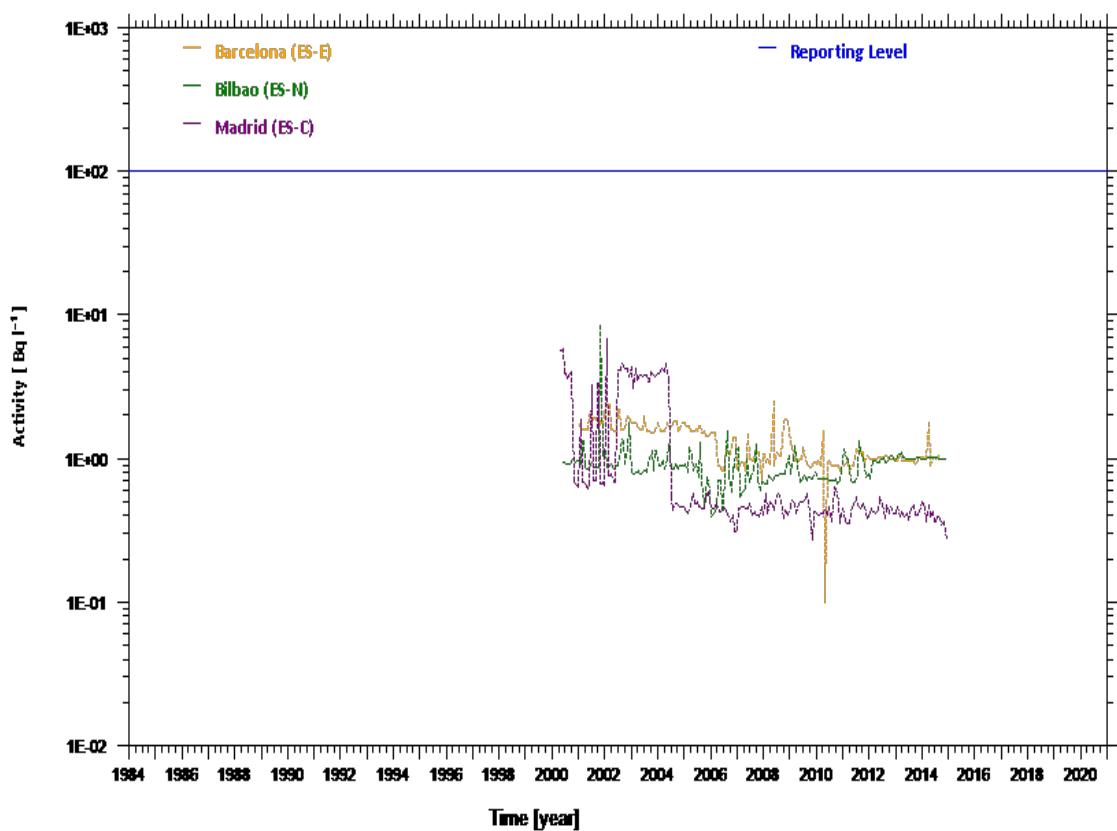
**Fig. W19**

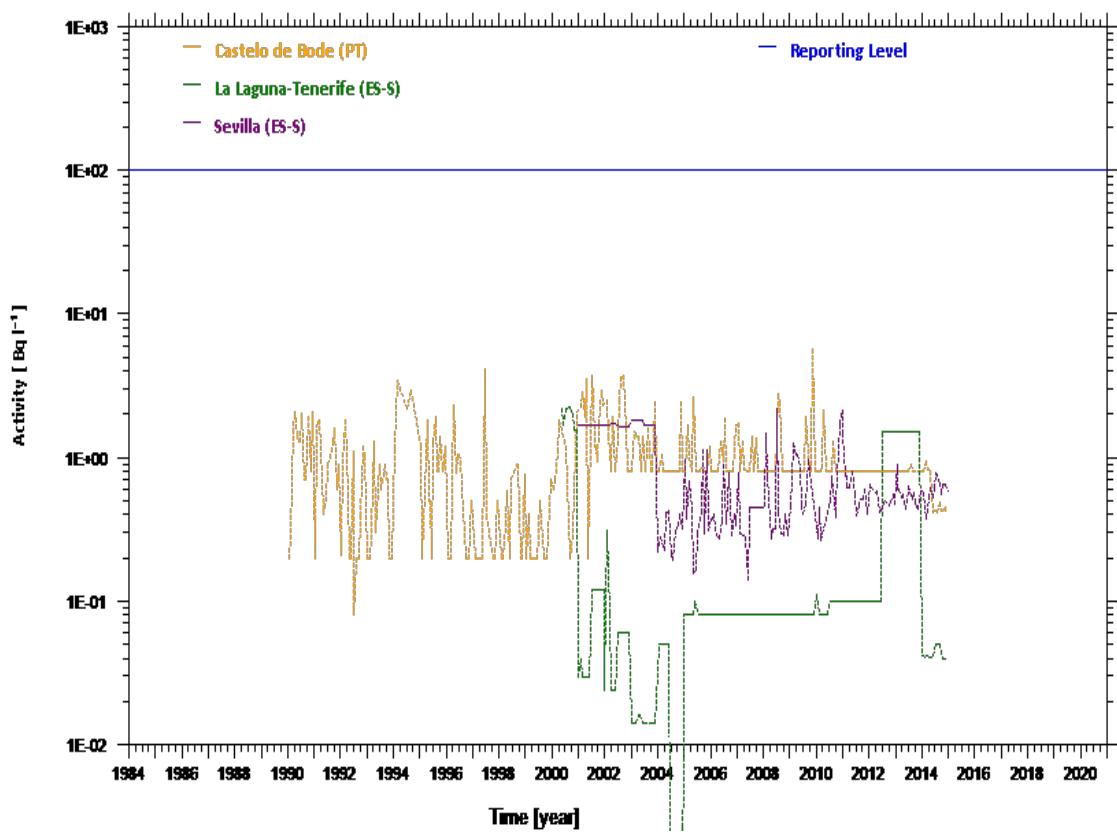
Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Bucharest and Constanta)



**Fig. W20**

Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Ljubljana, Nîmes and Sliema)

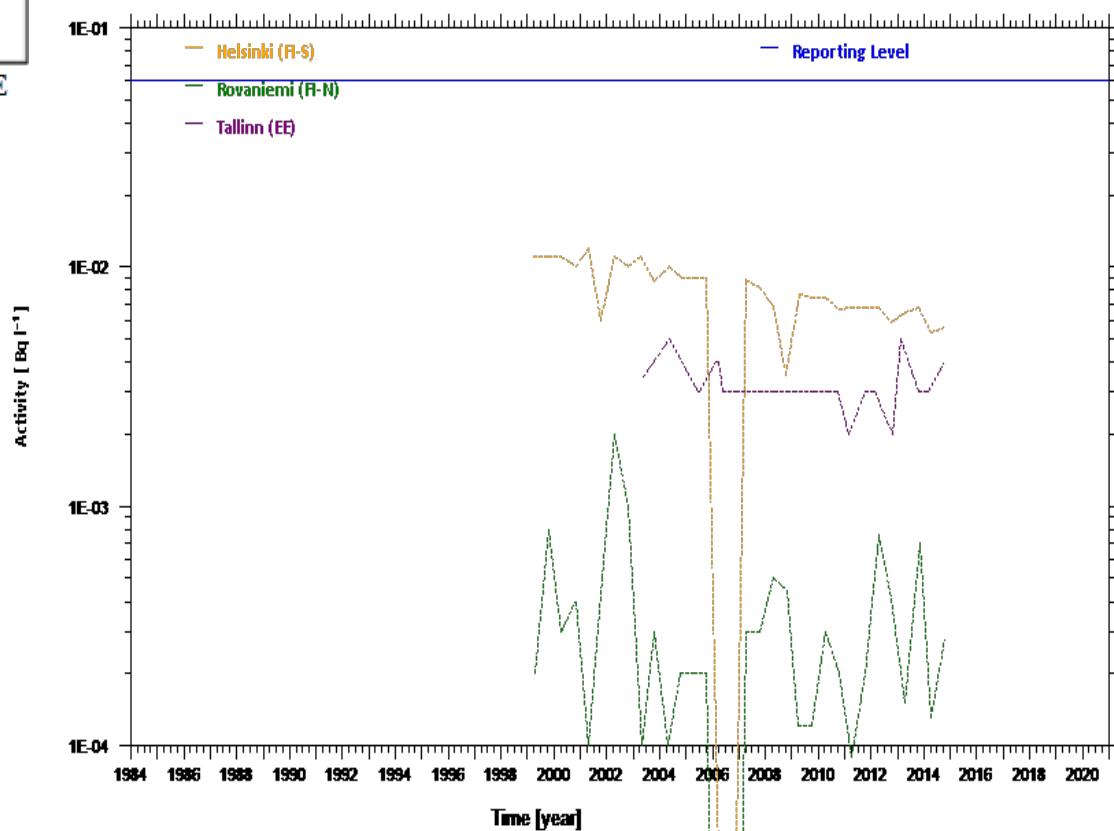

**Fig. W21**

 Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Barcelona, Bilbao and Madrid)

**Fig. W22**

 Activity trends for  ${}^3\text{H}$  in drinking water (Castelo de Bode, La Laguna-Tenerife and Sevilla)

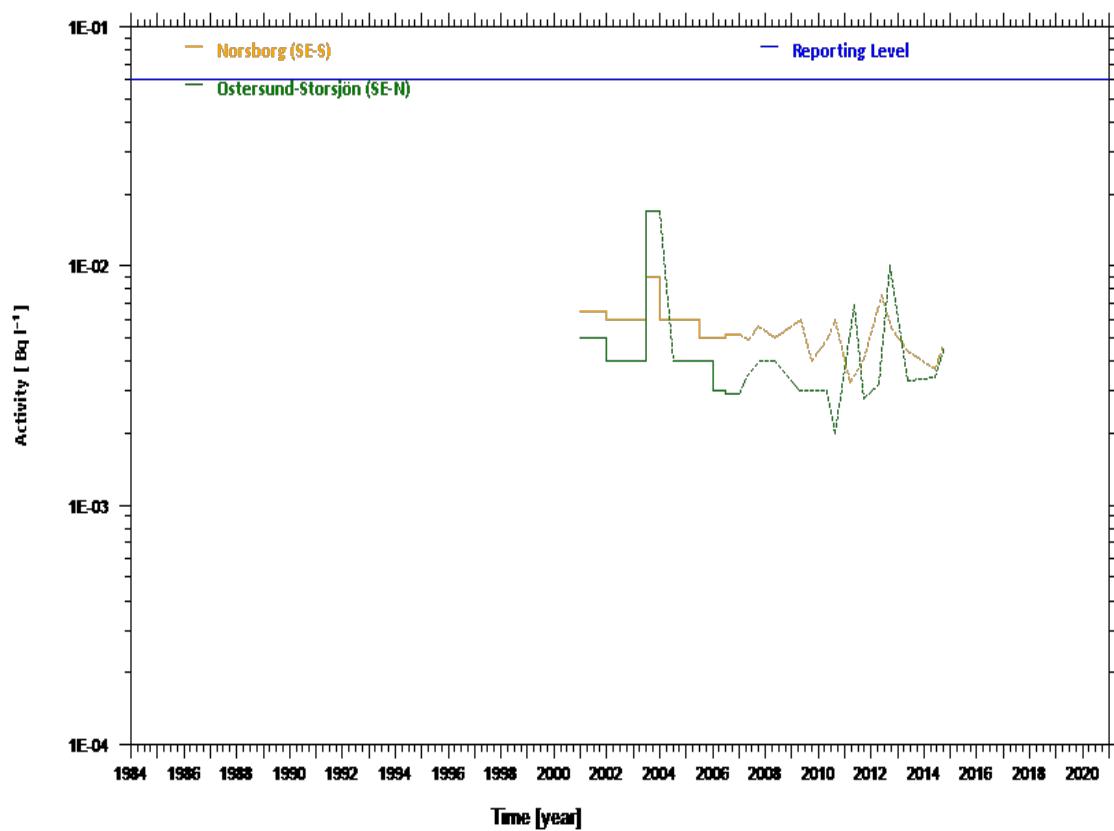


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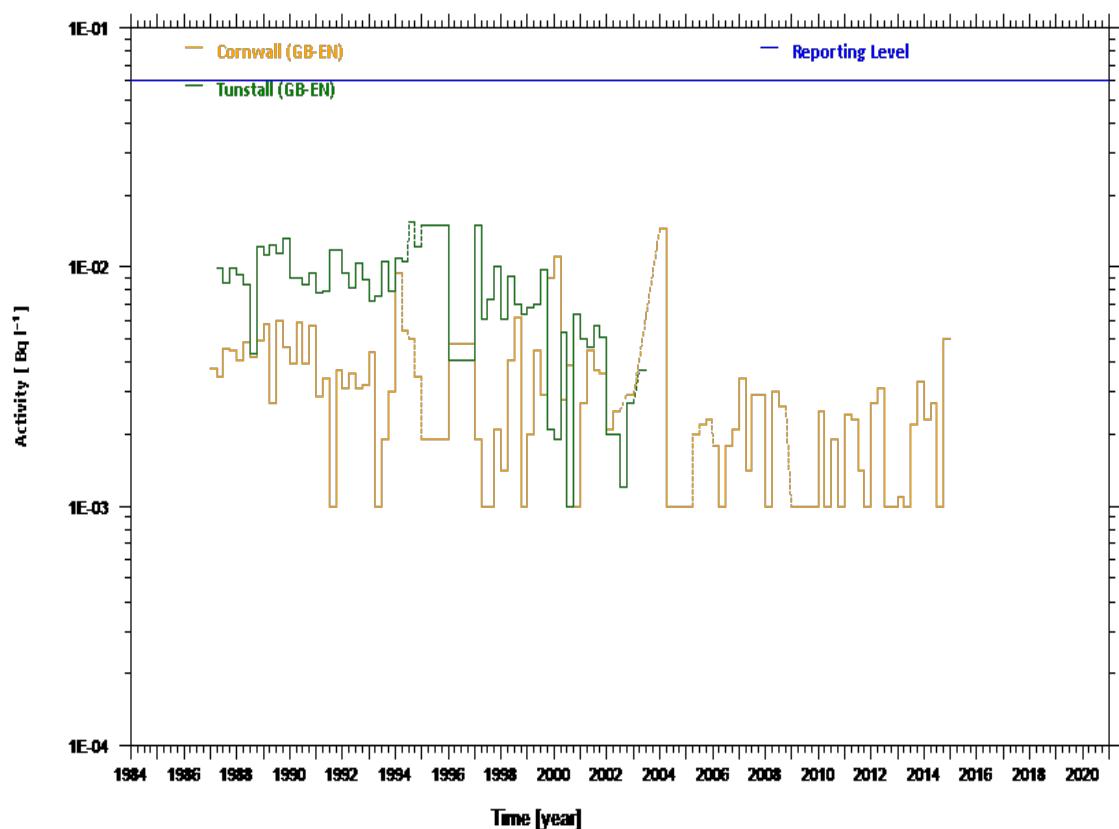
**Fig. W23**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water (Helsinki, Rovaniemi and Tallinn)



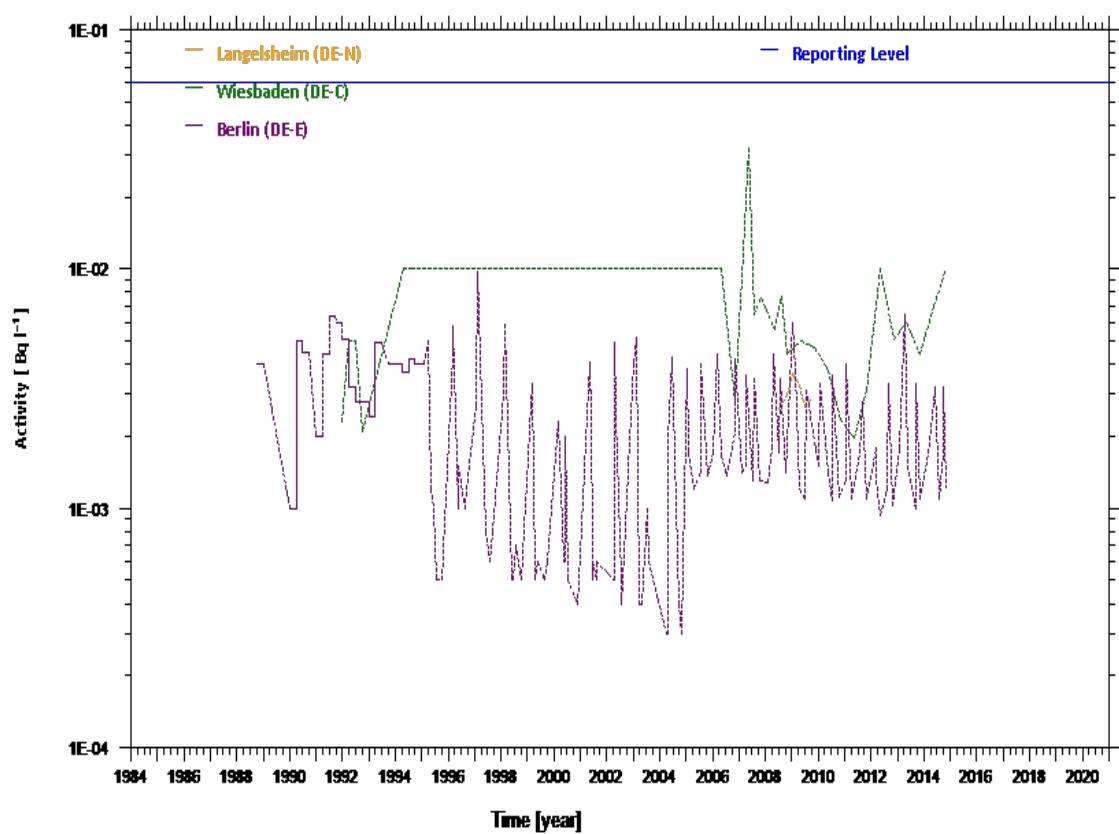
**Fig. W24**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water (Norsborg and Östersund-Storsjön)



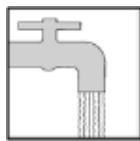
**Fig. W25**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water (Cornwall and Tunstall)

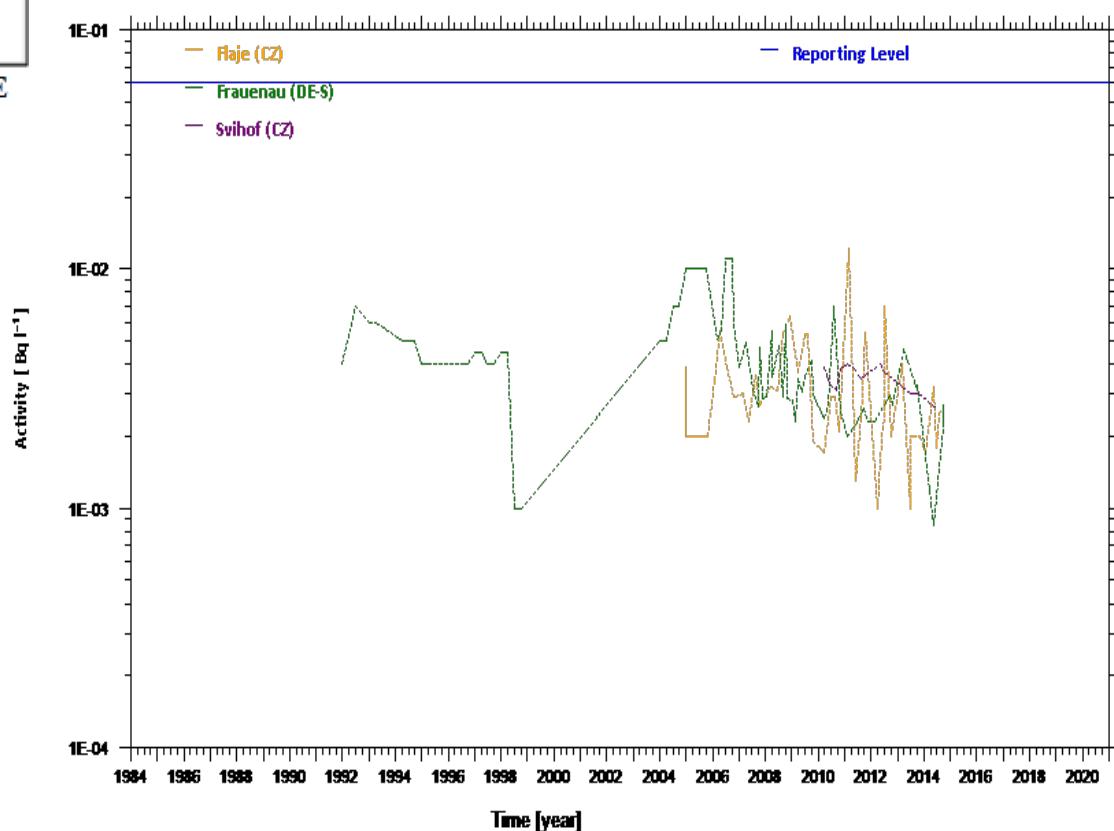


**Fig. W26**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water (Langelsheim, Wiesbaden and Berlin)

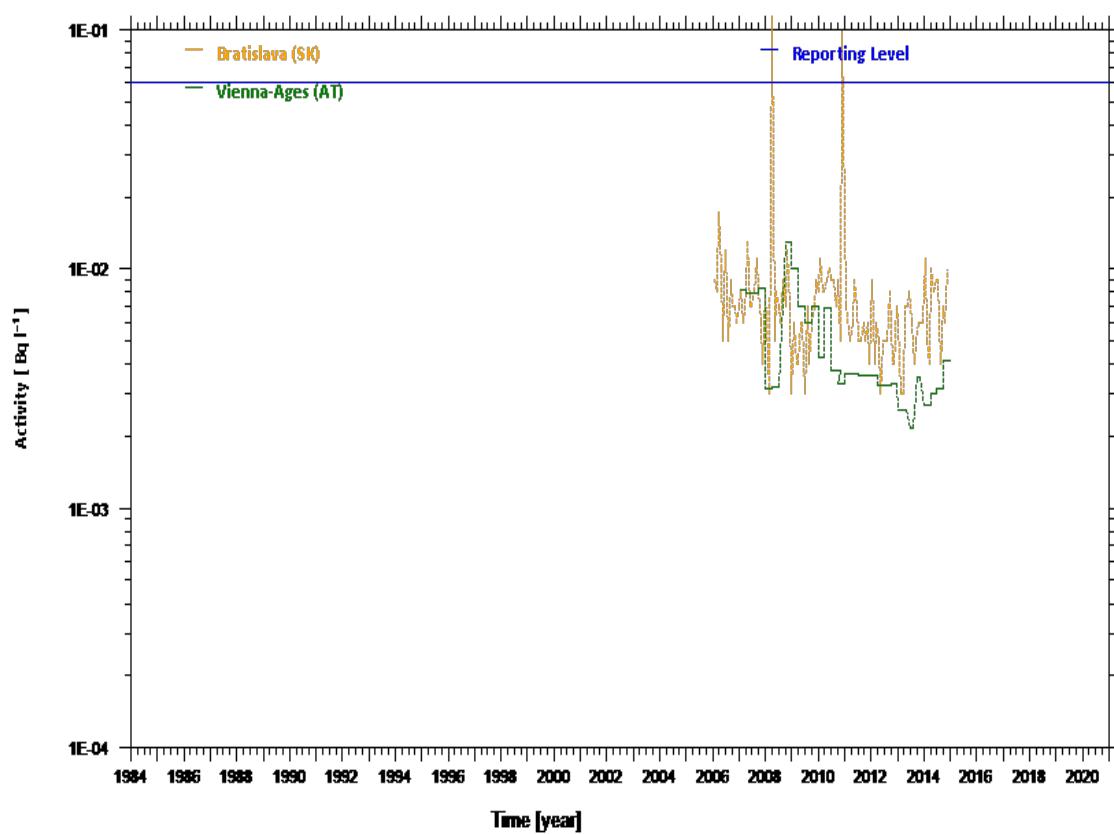


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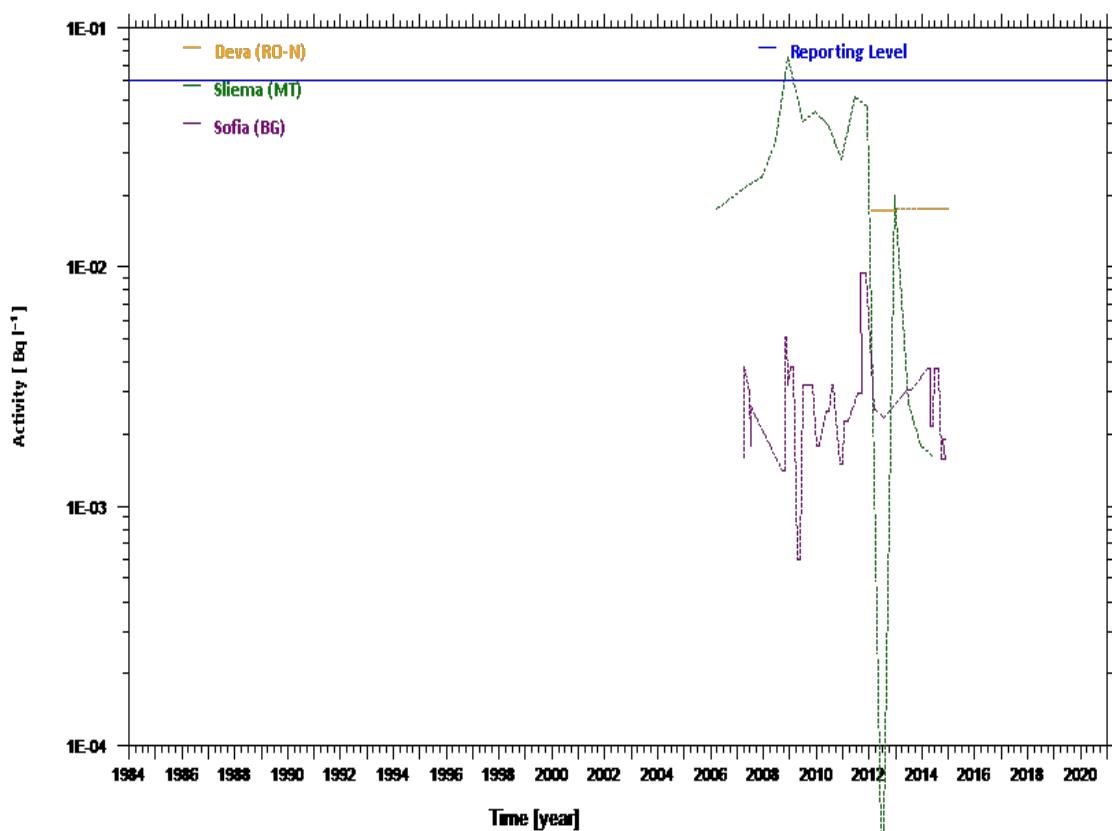
**Fig. W27**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water (Flaje, Frauenau and Svihof)



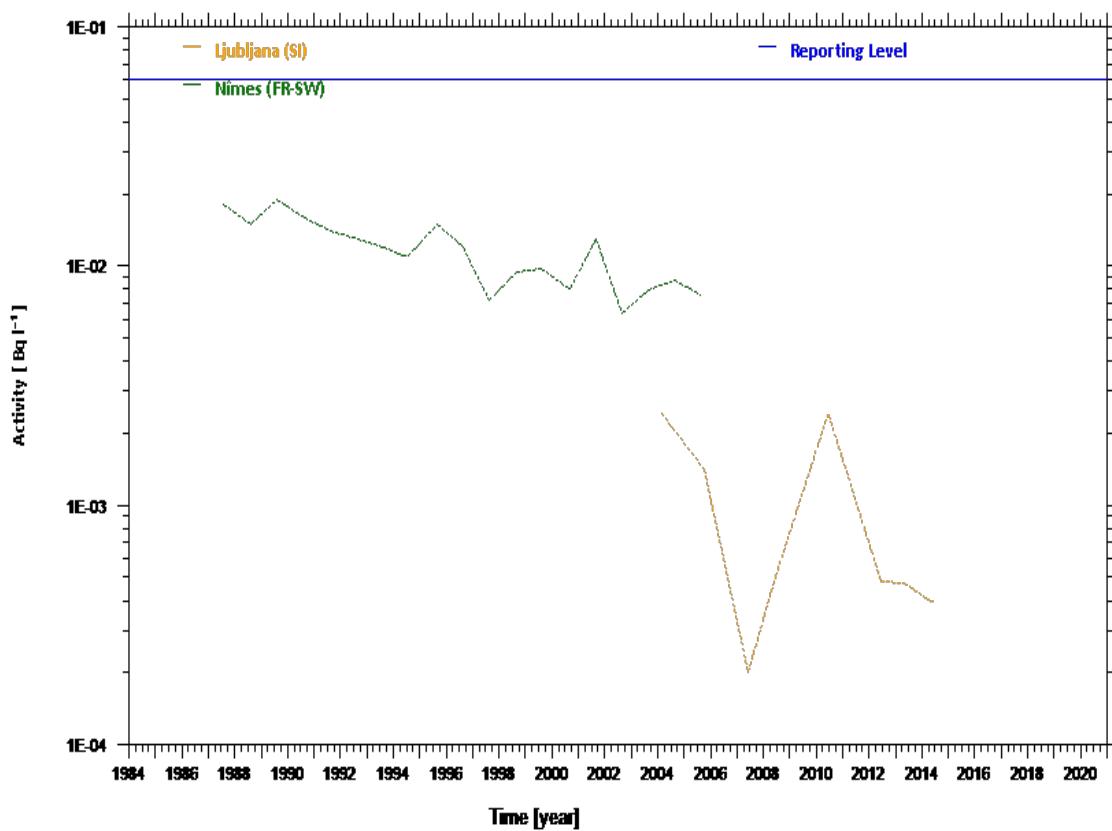
**Fig. W28**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water (Bratislava and Vienna-Ages)



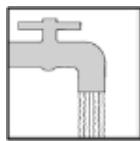
**Fig. W29**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in drinking water (Deva, Sliema and Sofia)

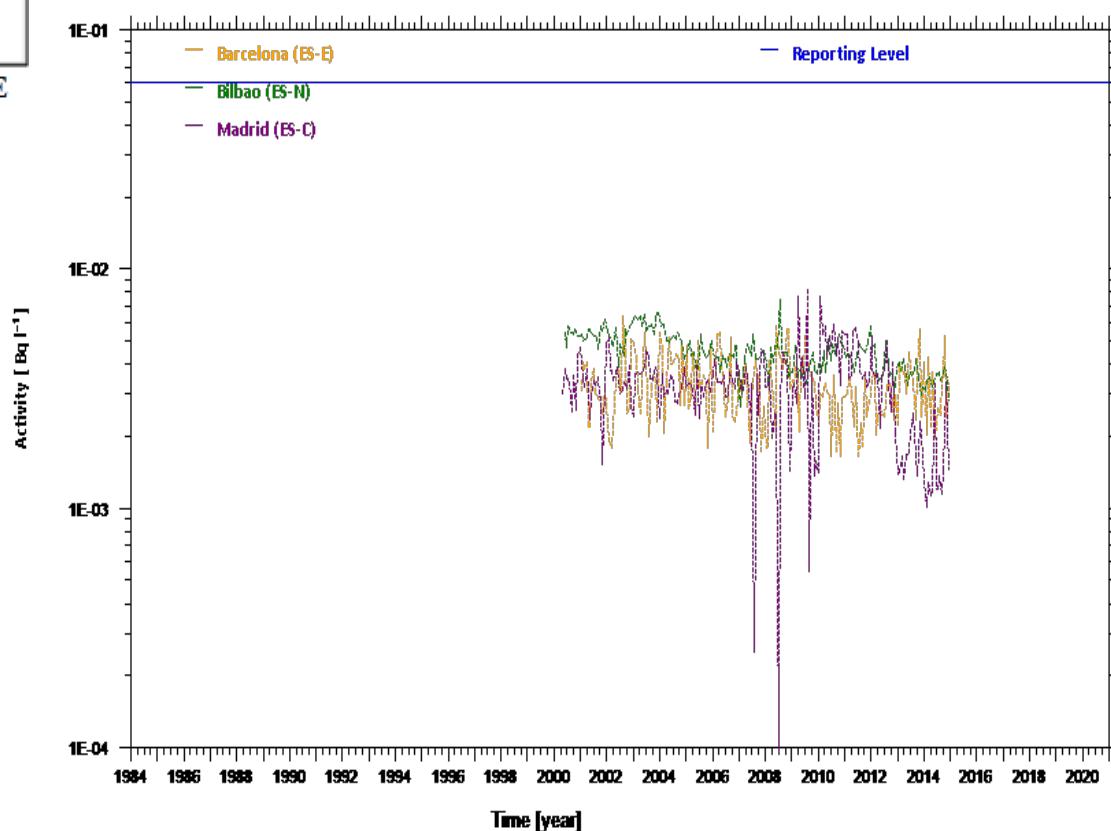


**Fig. W30**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in drinking water (Ljubljana and Nîmes)

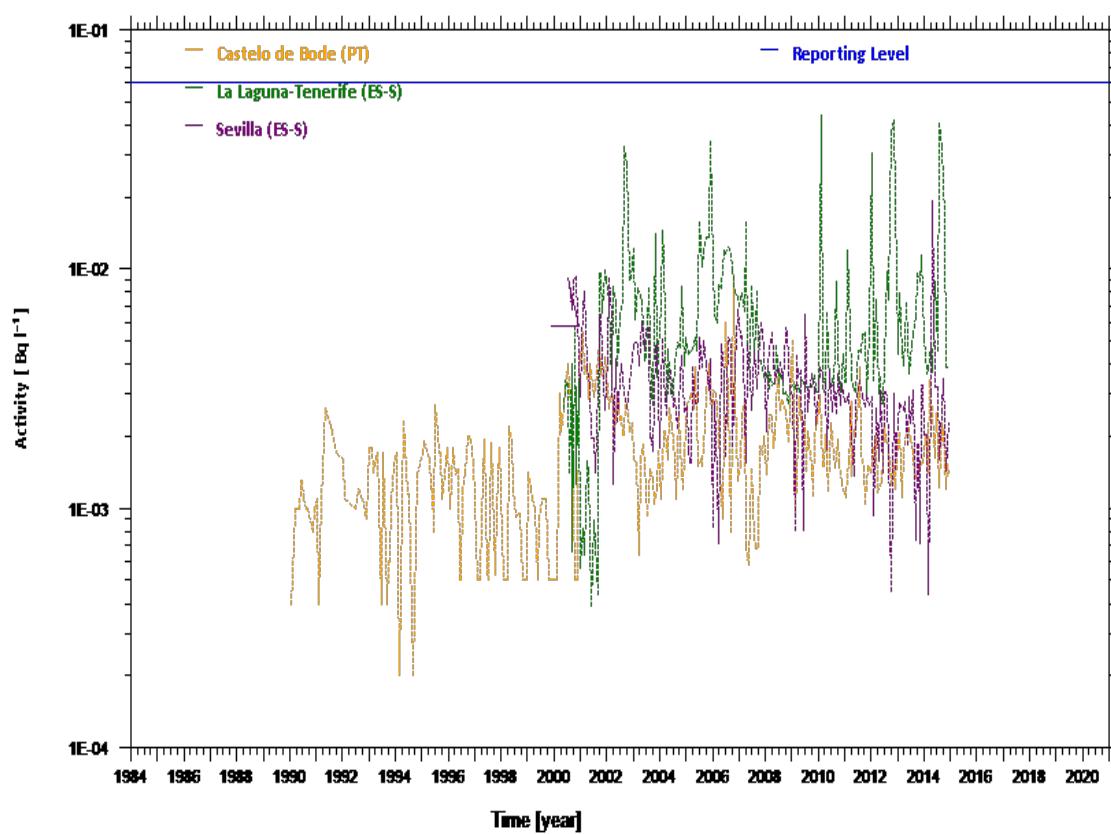


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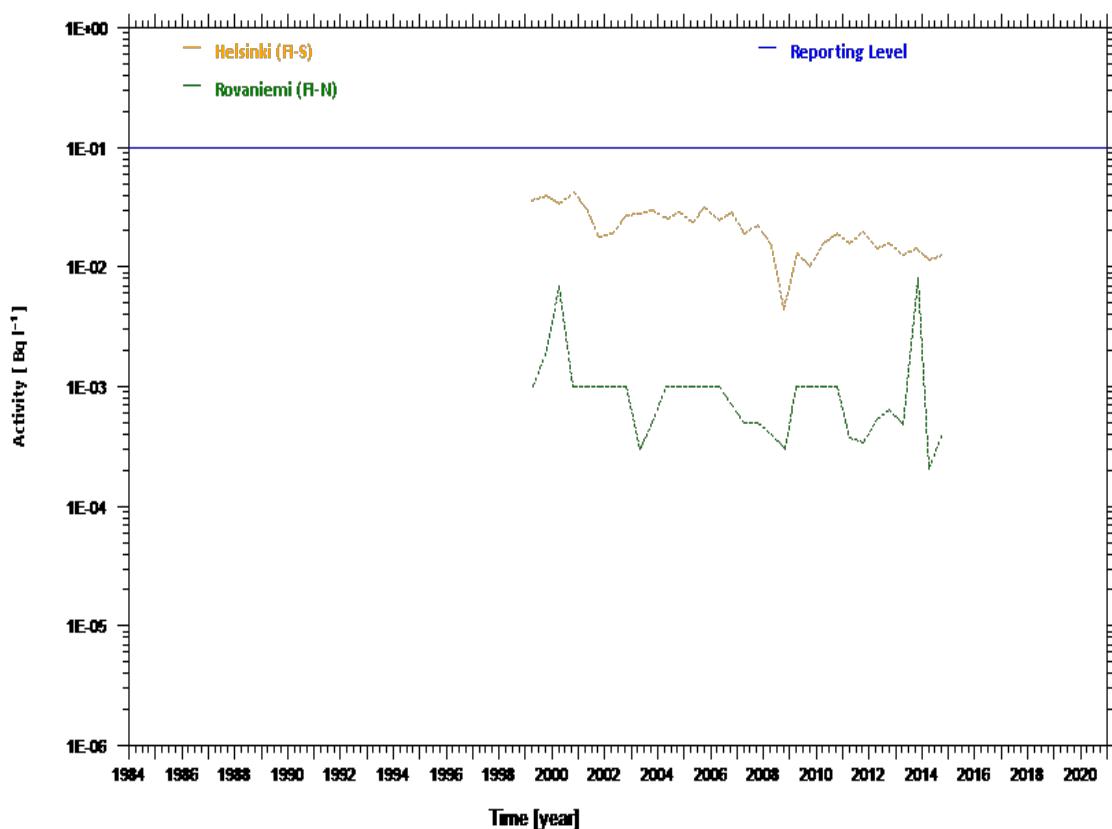
**Fig. W31**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water (Barcelona, Bilbao and Madrid)



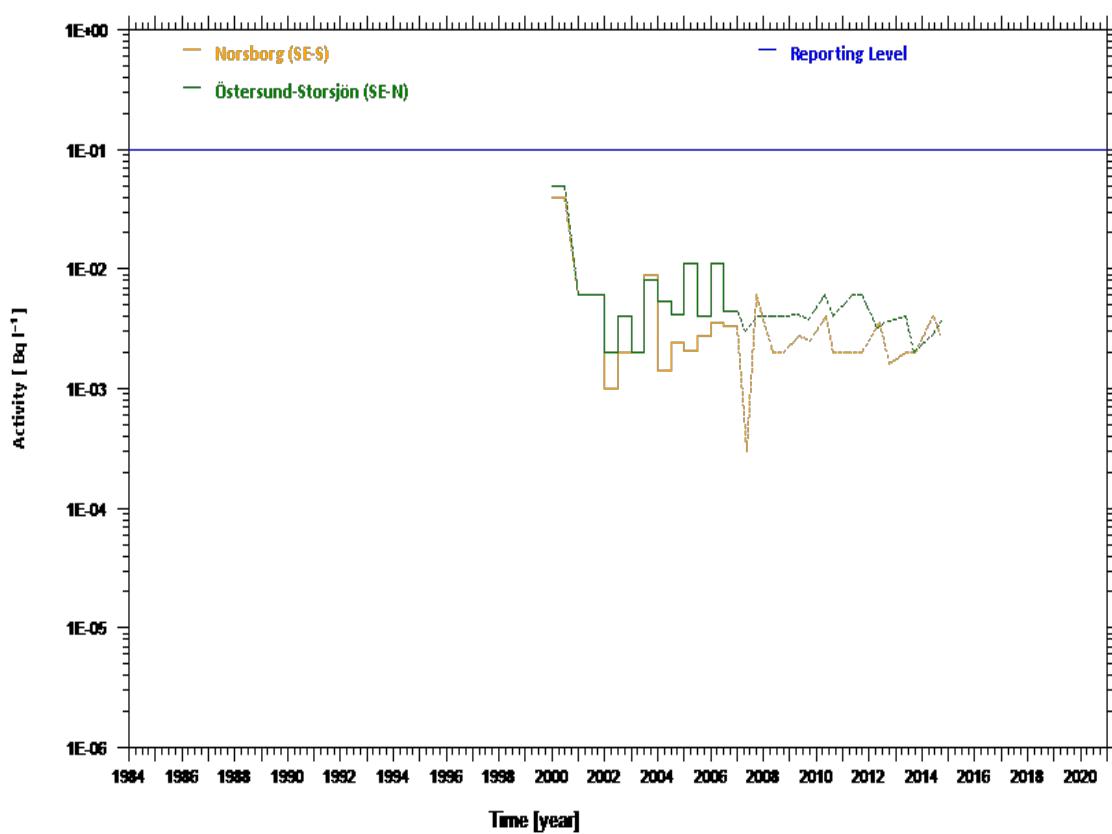
**Fig. W32**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in drinking water (Castelo de Bode, La Laguna-Tenerife and Sevilla)



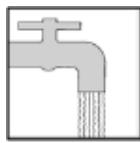
**Fig. W33**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Helsinki and Rovaniemi)

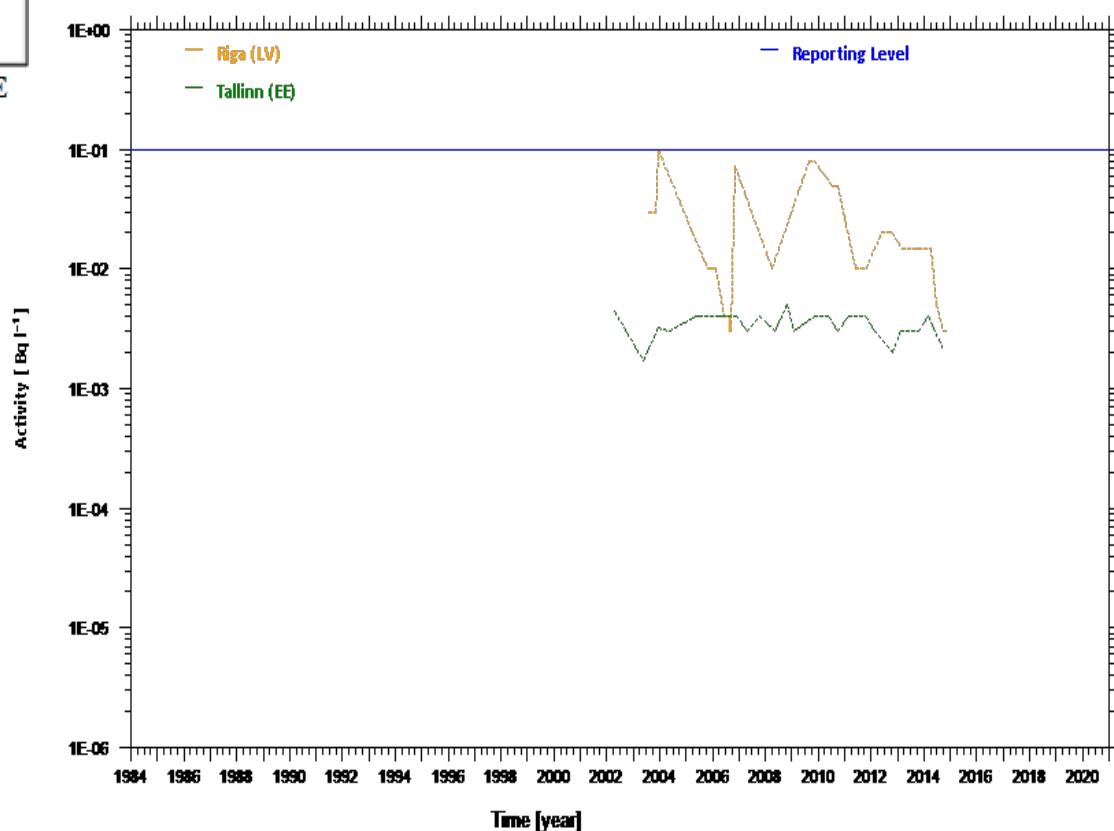


**Fig. W34**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Norsborg and Östersund-Storsjön)

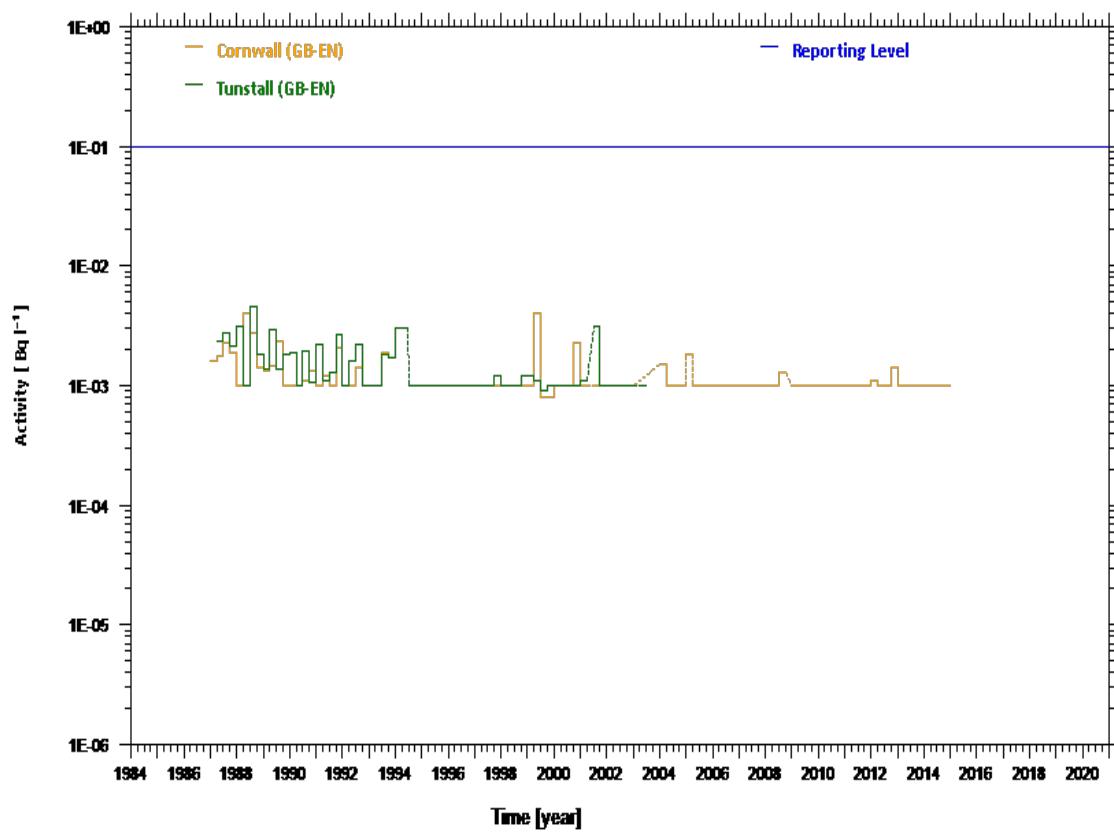


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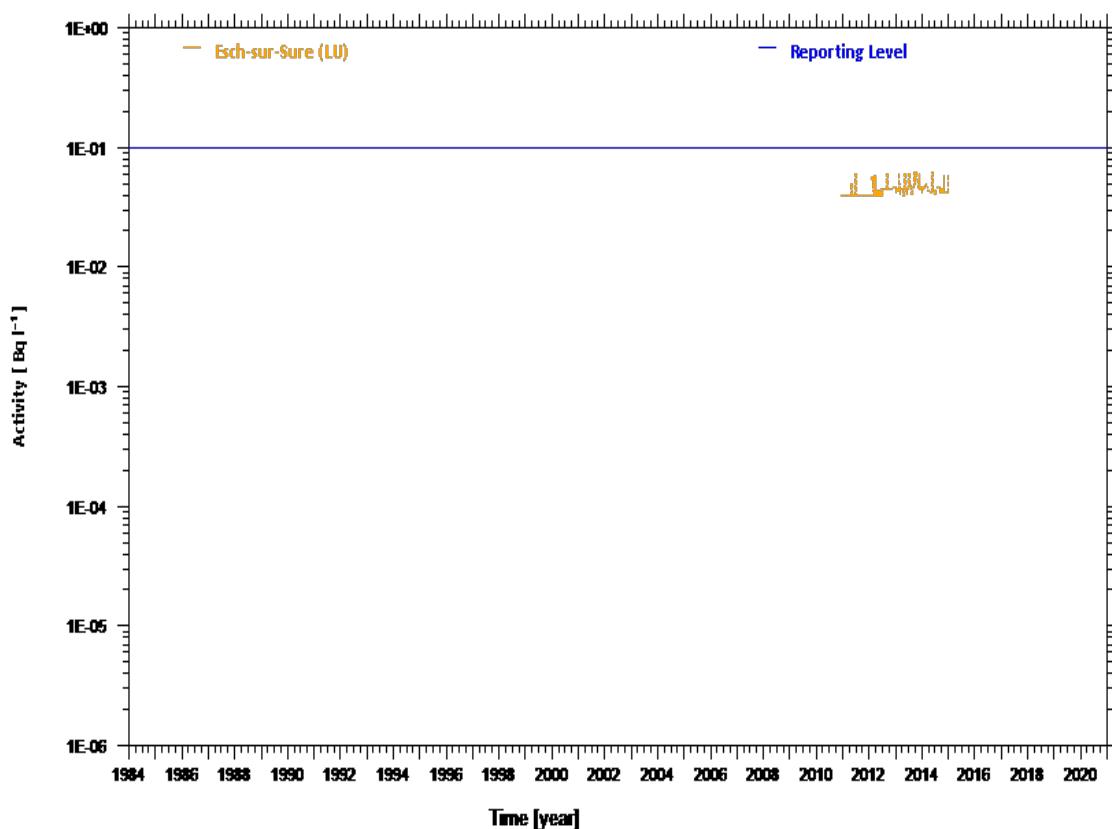
**Fig. W35**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Riga and Tallinn)



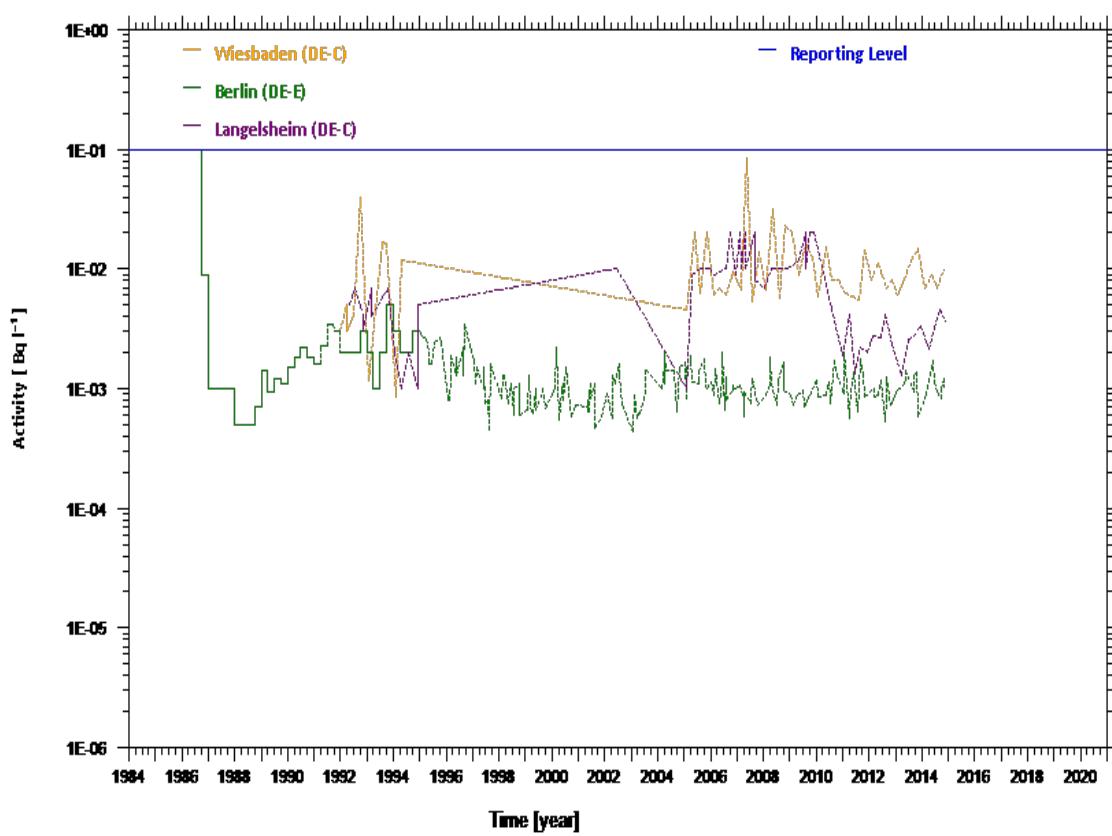
**Fig. W36**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Cornwall and Tunstall)



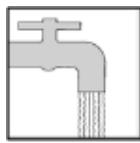
**Fig. W37**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Esch-sur-Sure)

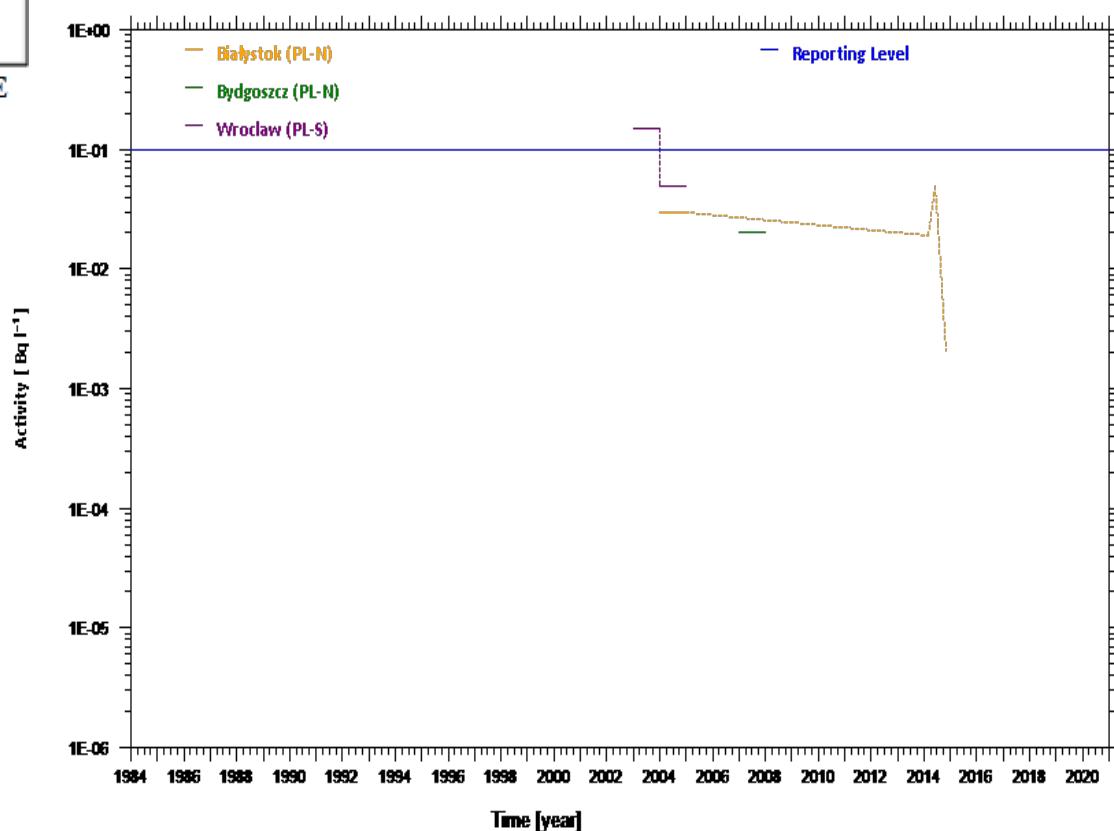


**Fig. W38**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Wiesbaden, Berlin and Langelsheim)

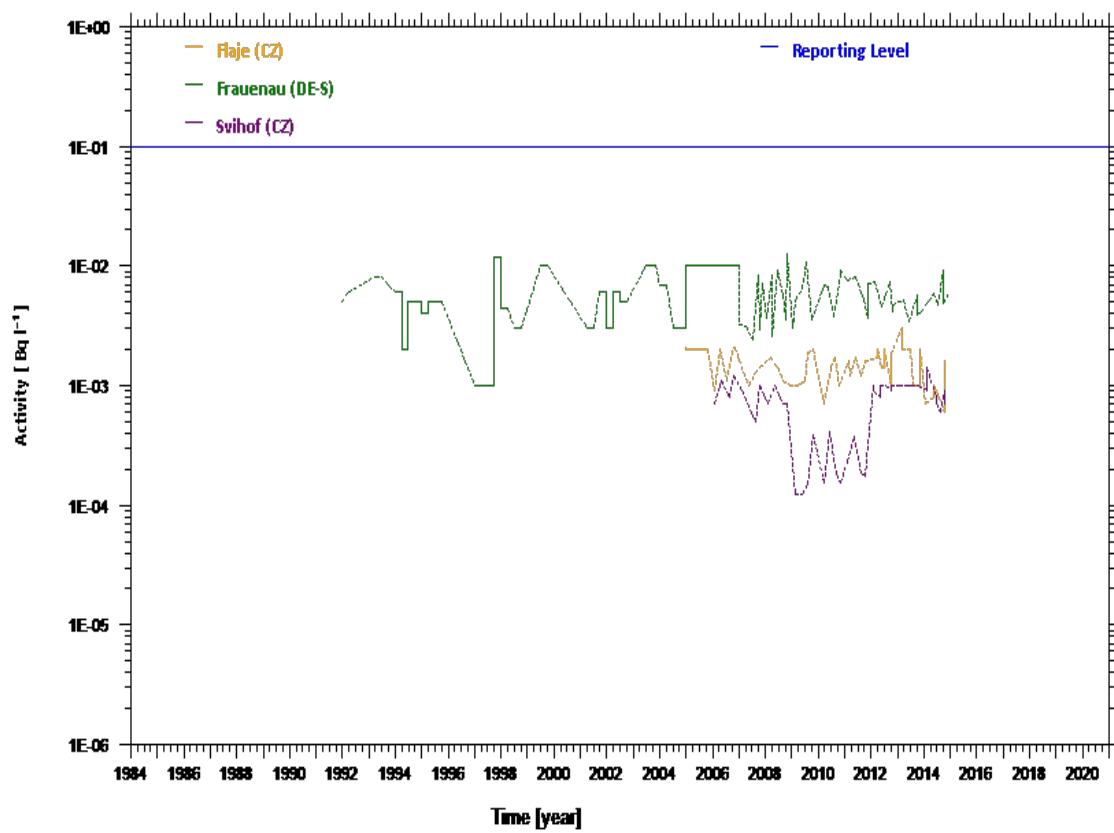


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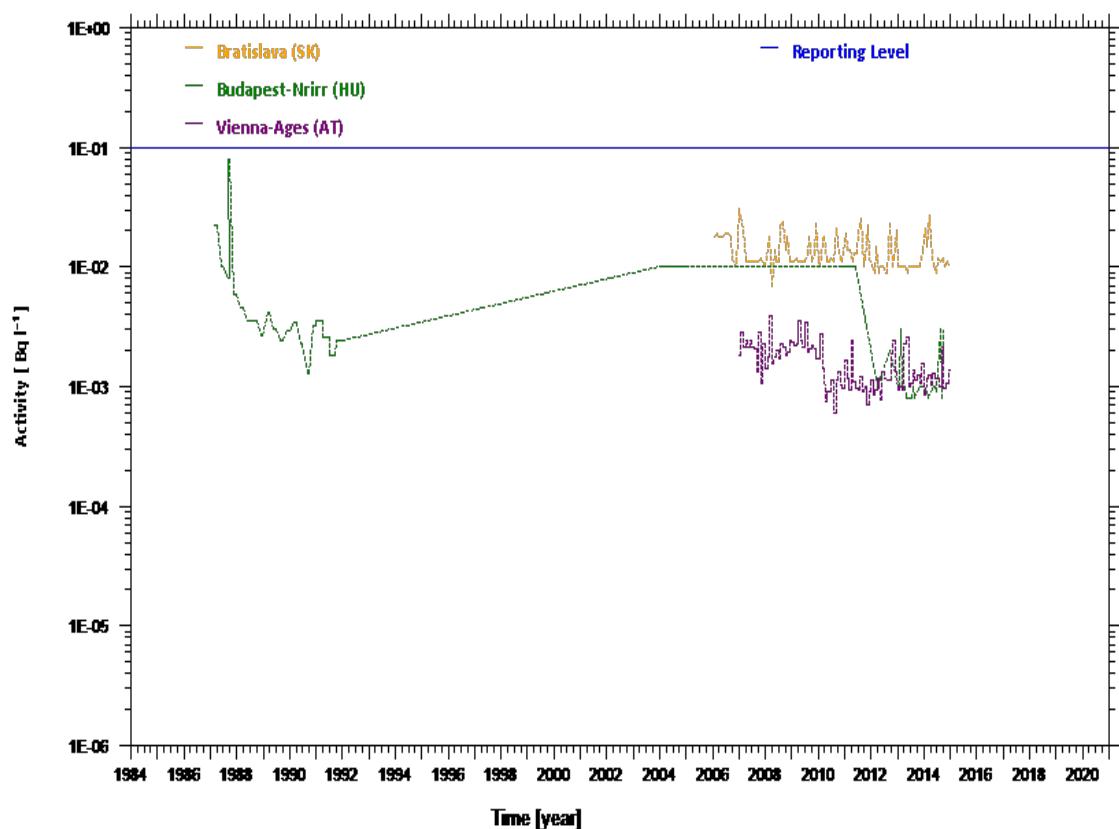
**Fig. W39**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Białystok, Bydgoszcz and Wrocław)



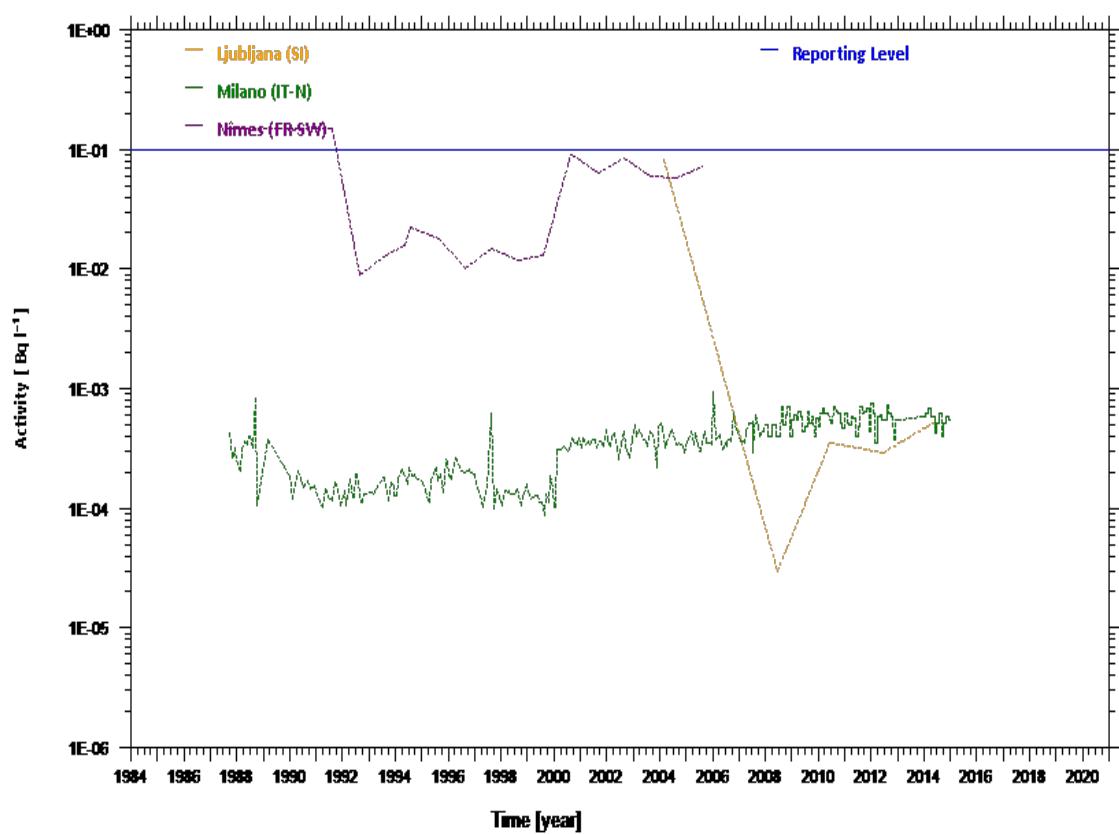
**Fig. W40**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Flaje, Frauenau and Svihof)



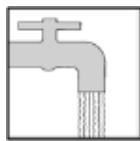
**Fig. W41**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Bratislava, Budapest-Nrerr and Vienna-Ages)

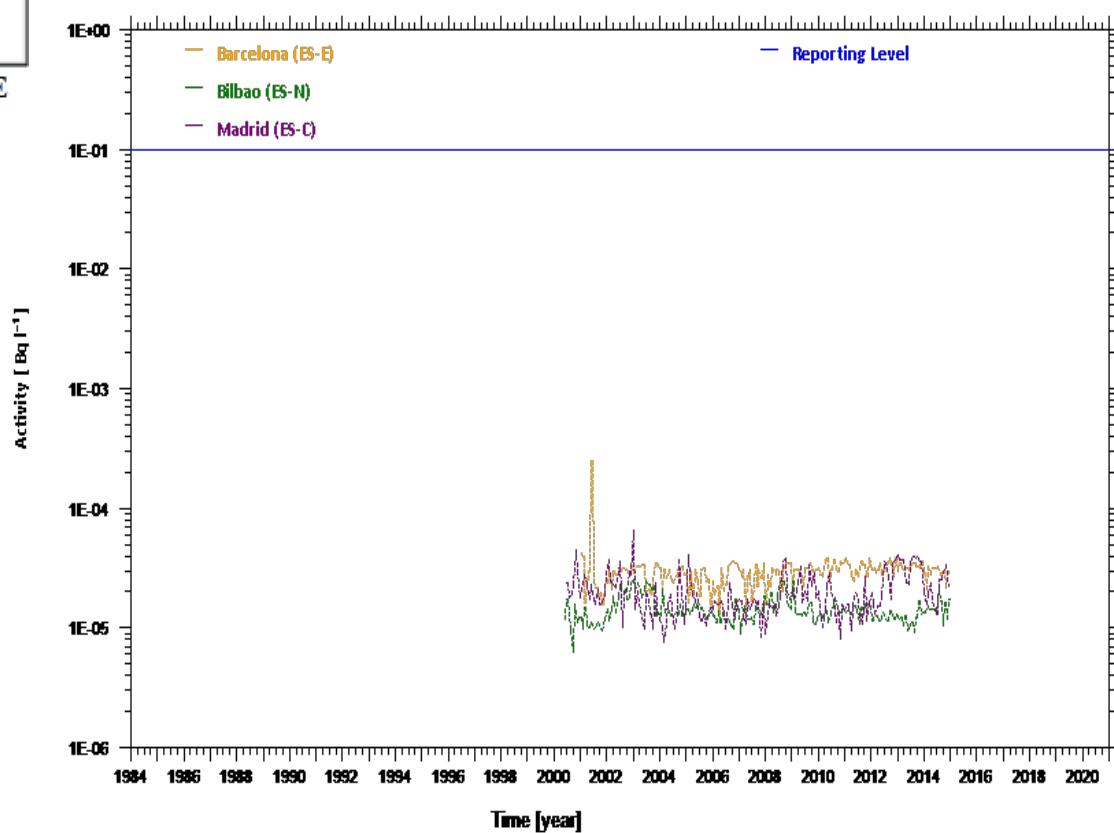


**Fig. W42**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Ljubljana, Milano and Nîmes)

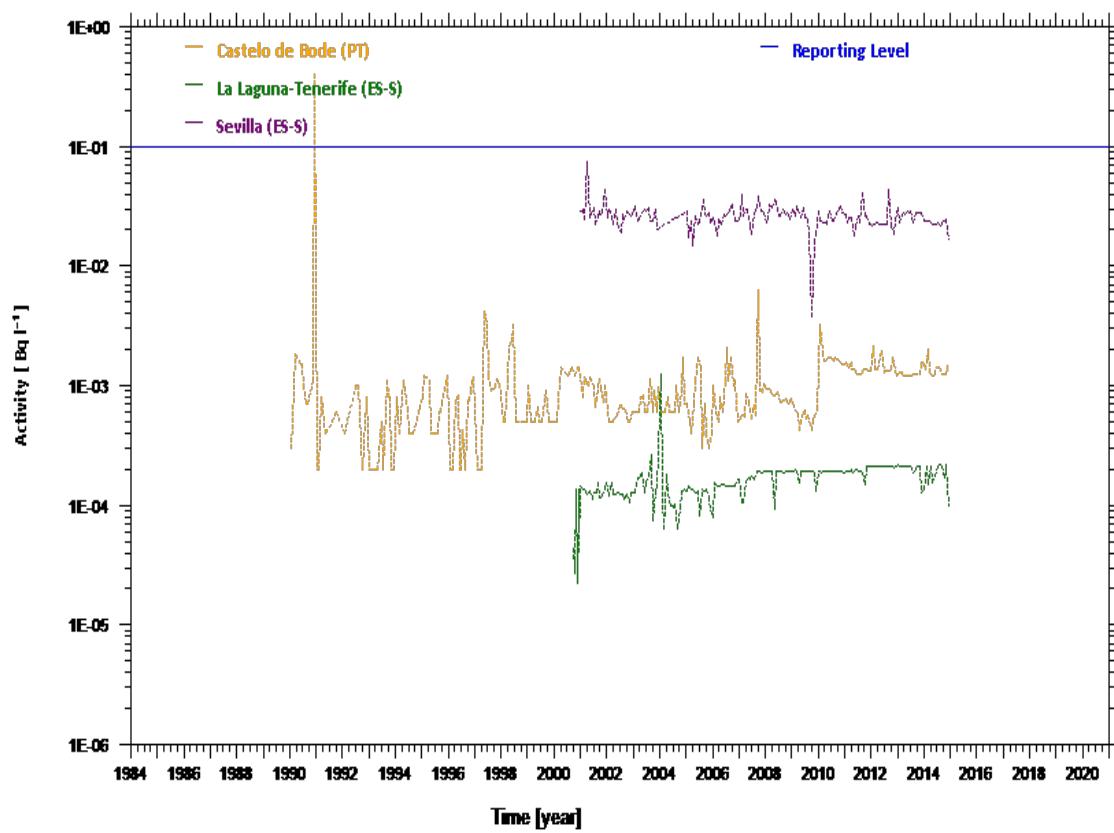


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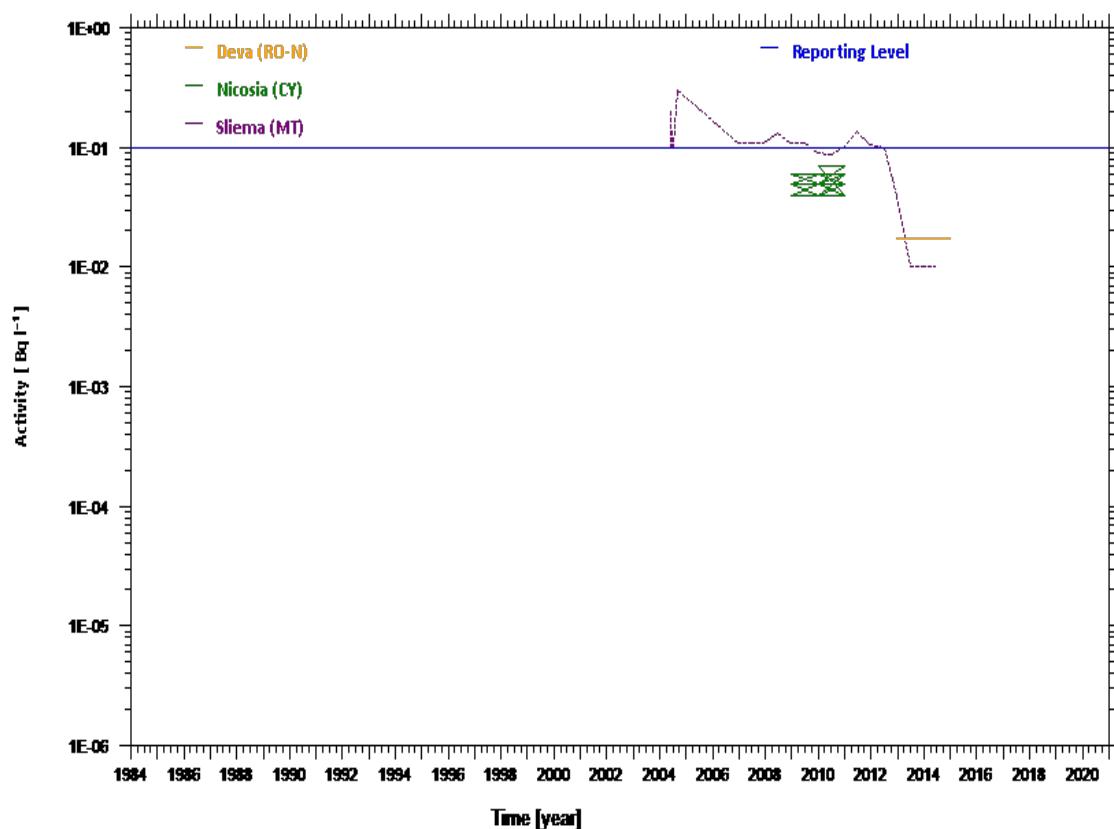
**Fig. W43**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Barcelona, Bilbao and Madrid)



**Fig. W44**

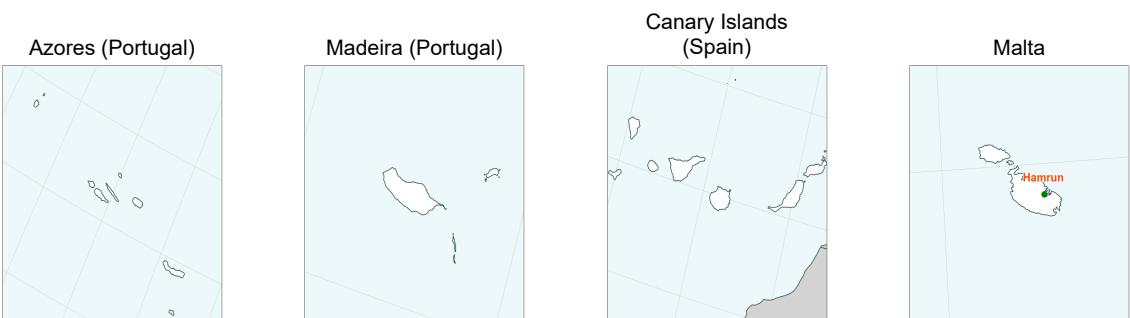
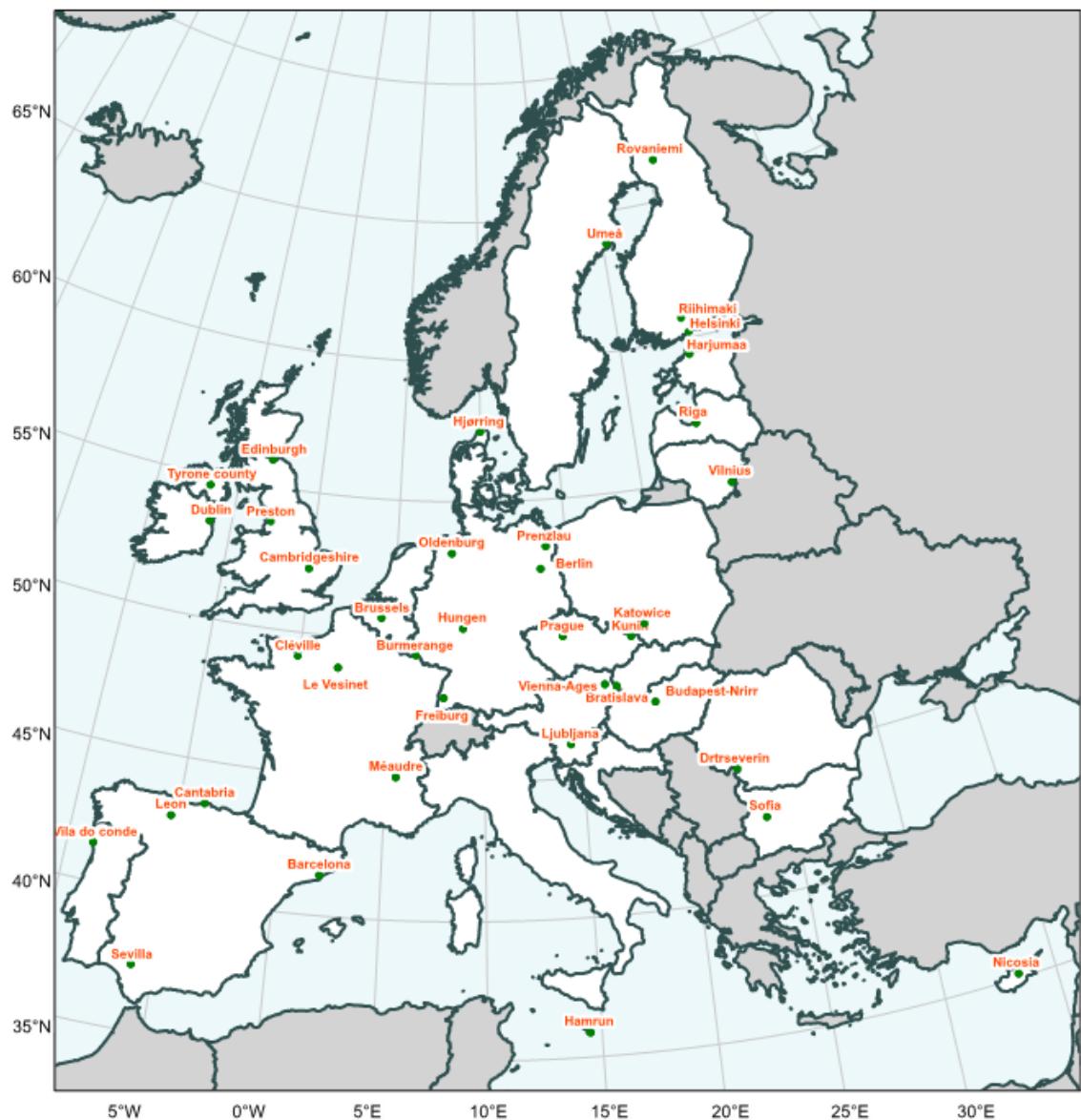
Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Castelo de Bode, La Laguna-Tenerife and Sevilla)



**Fig. W45**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in drinking water (Deva, Nicosia and Sliema)



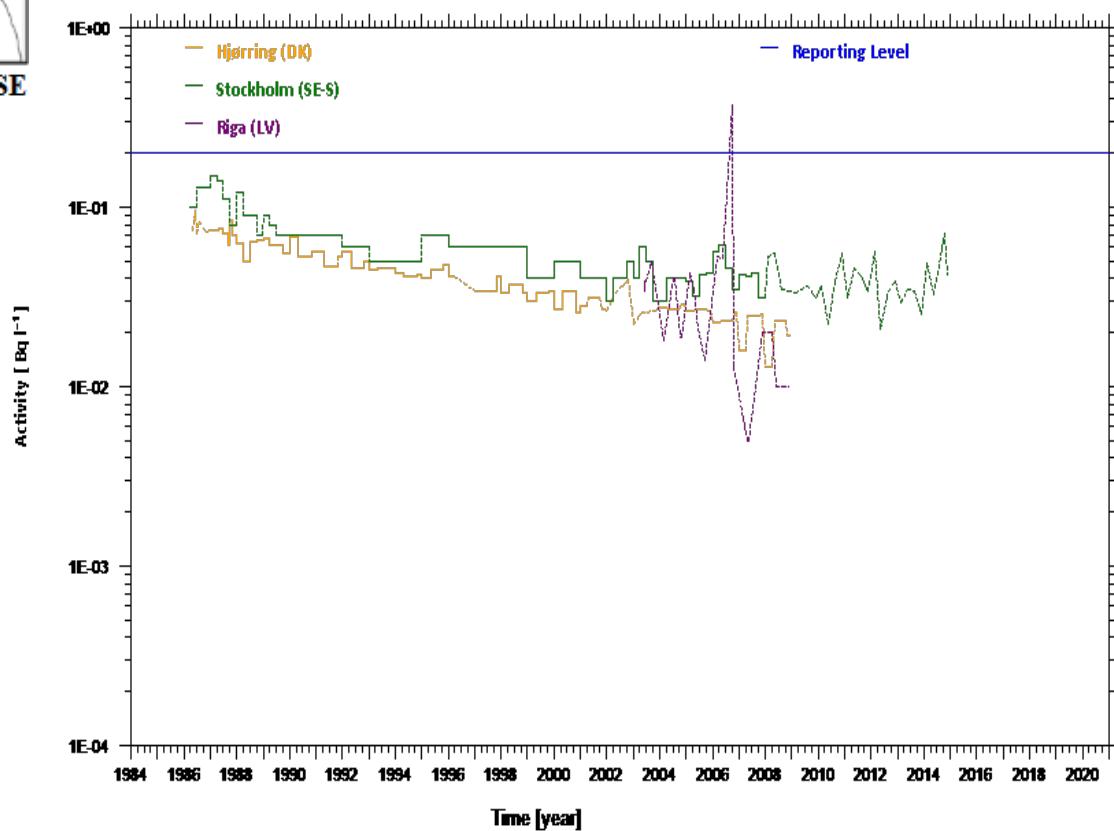


**Fig. M7**

Sampling locations for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk considered in Figures M8 – M37

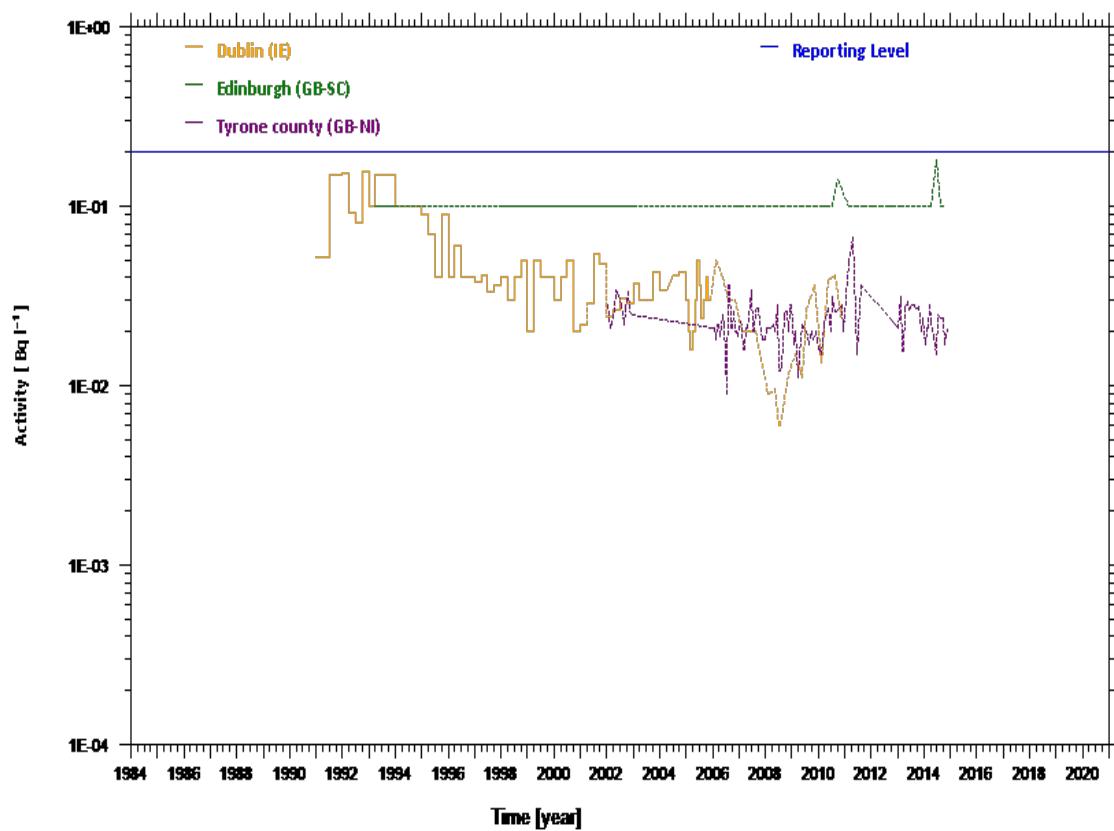


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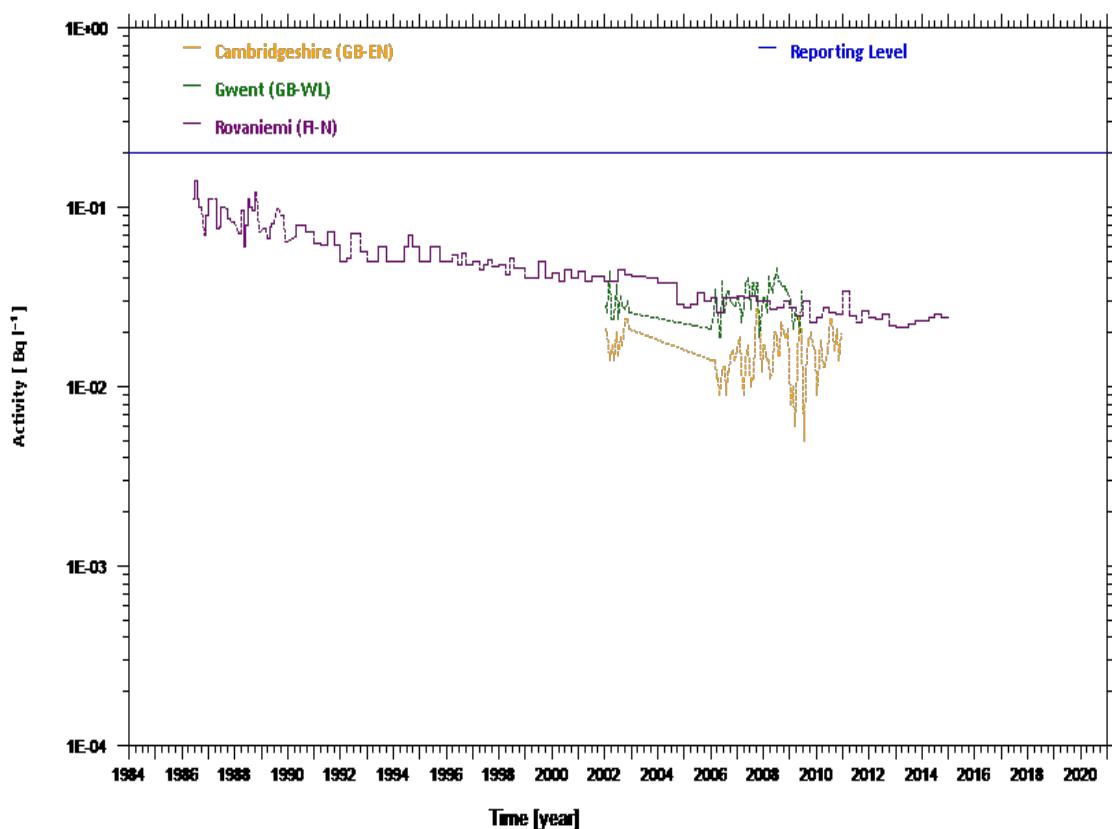
**Fig. M8**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk (Hjørring, Stockholm and Riga)



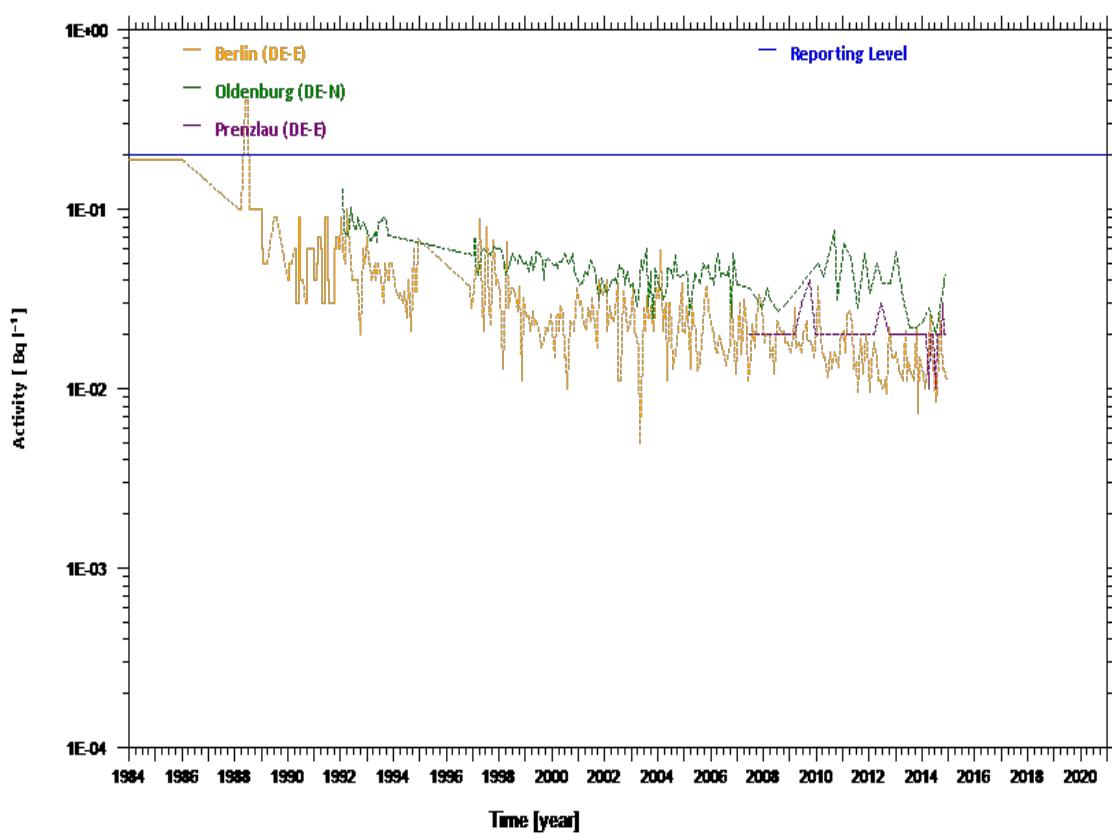
**Fig. M9**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk (Dublin, Edinburgh and Tyrone county)



**Fig. M10**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk (Cambridgeshire, Gwent and Rovaniemi)

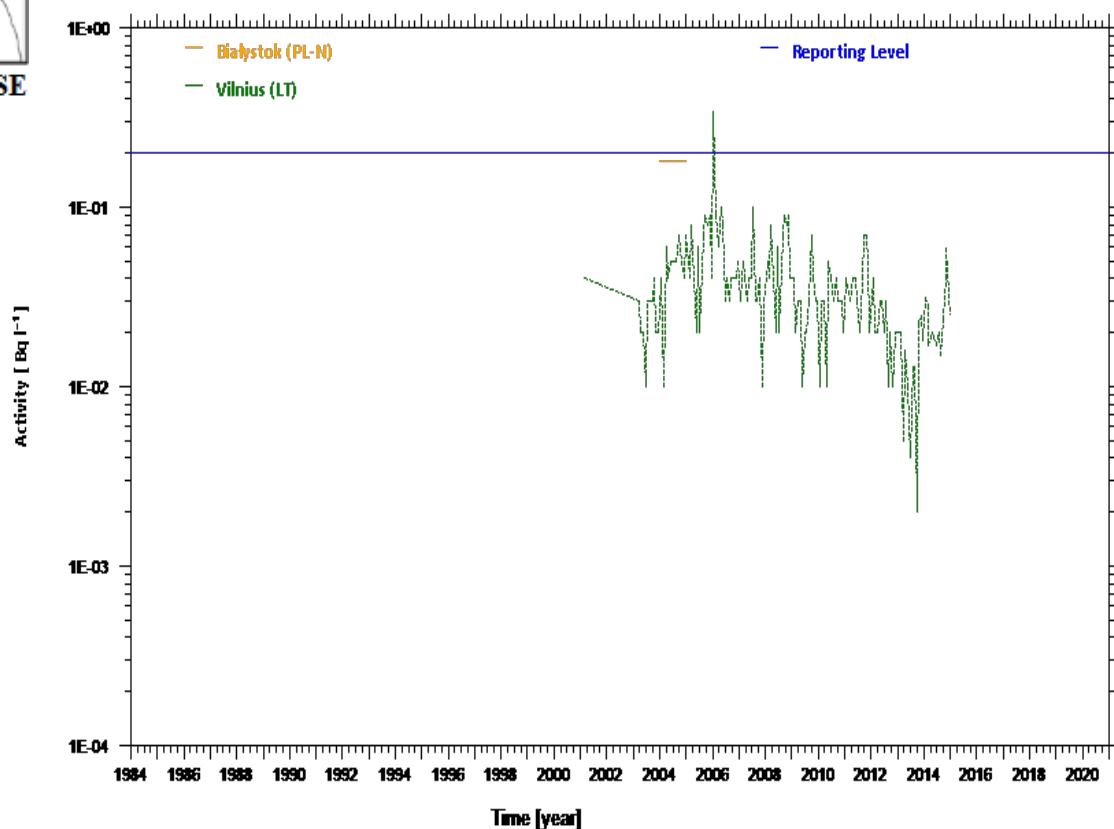


**Fig. M11**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk (Berlin, Oldenburg and Prenzlau)

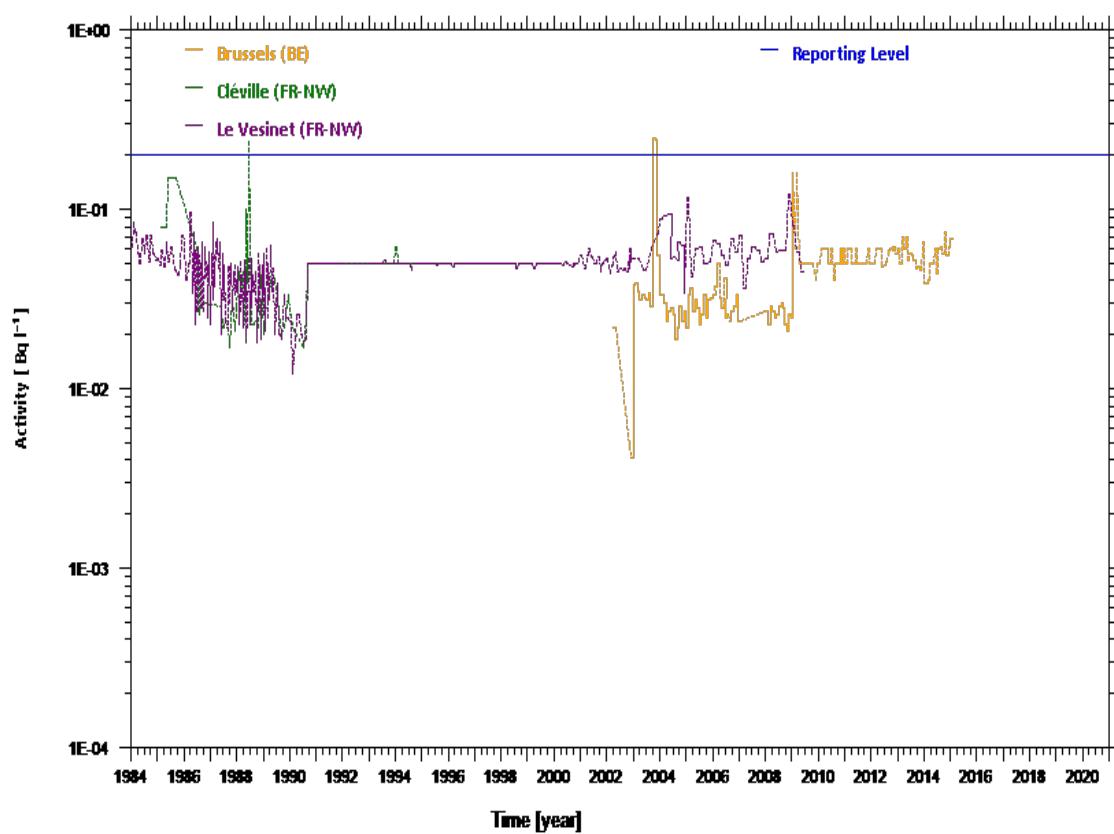


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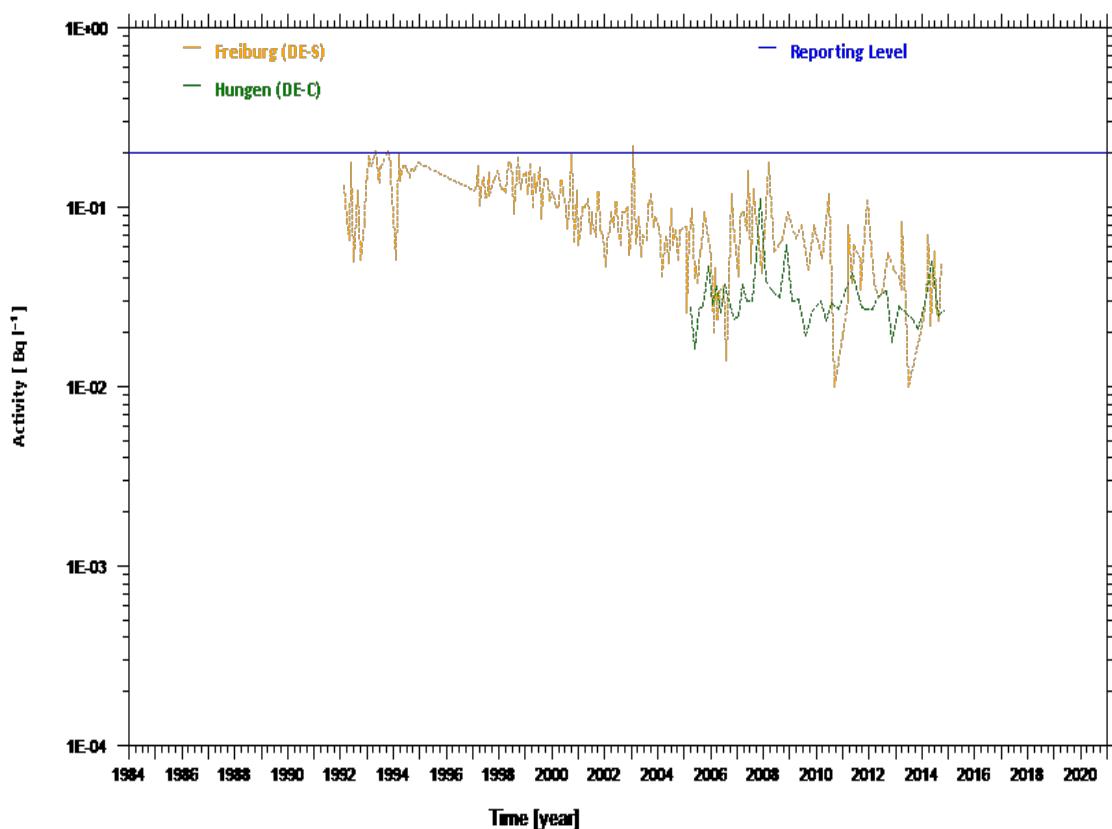
**Fig. M12**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk (Bialystok and Vilnius)



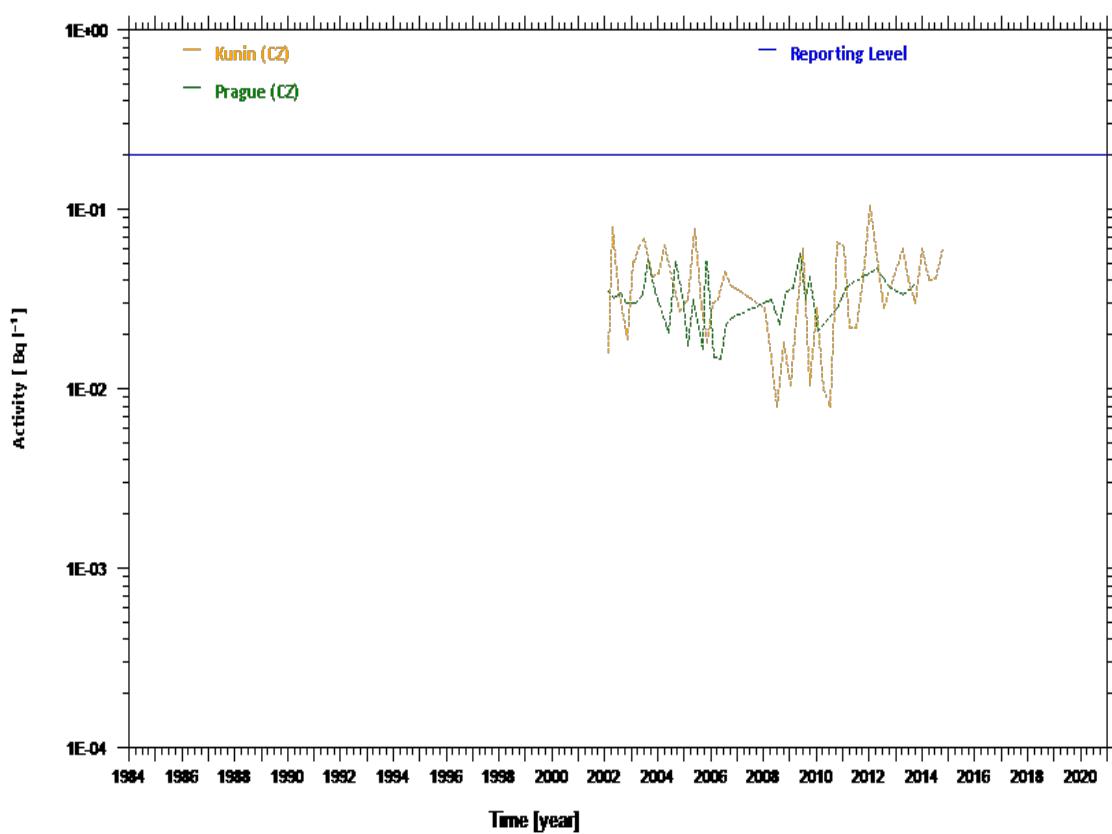
**Fig. M13**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk (Brussels, Cléville and Le Vesinet)



**Fig. M14**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk (Freiburg and Hungen)

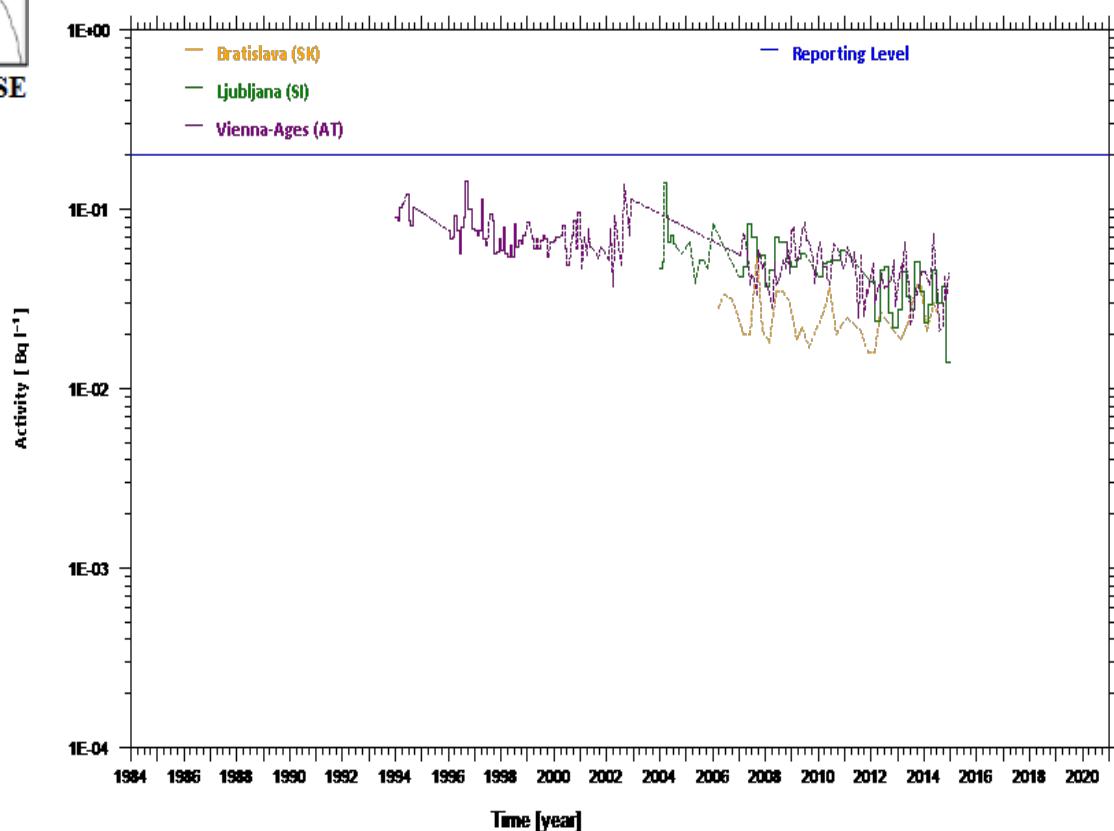


**Fig. M15**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk (Kunin and Prague)

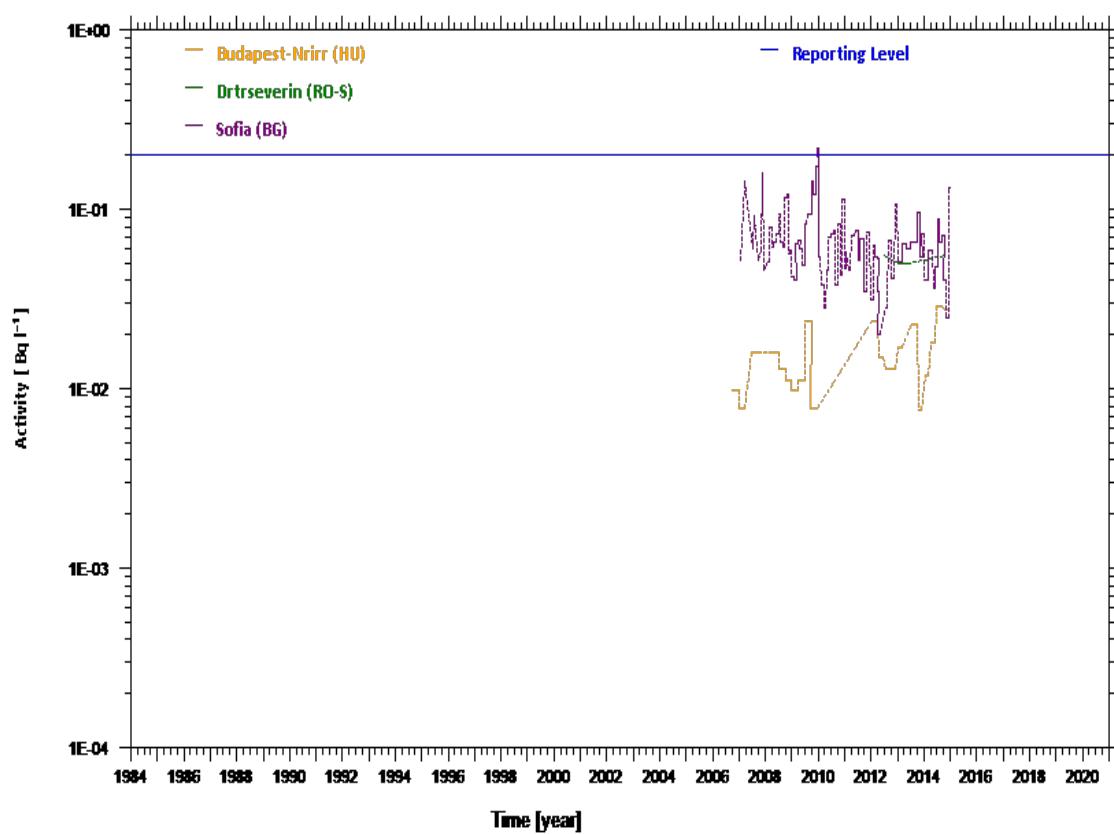


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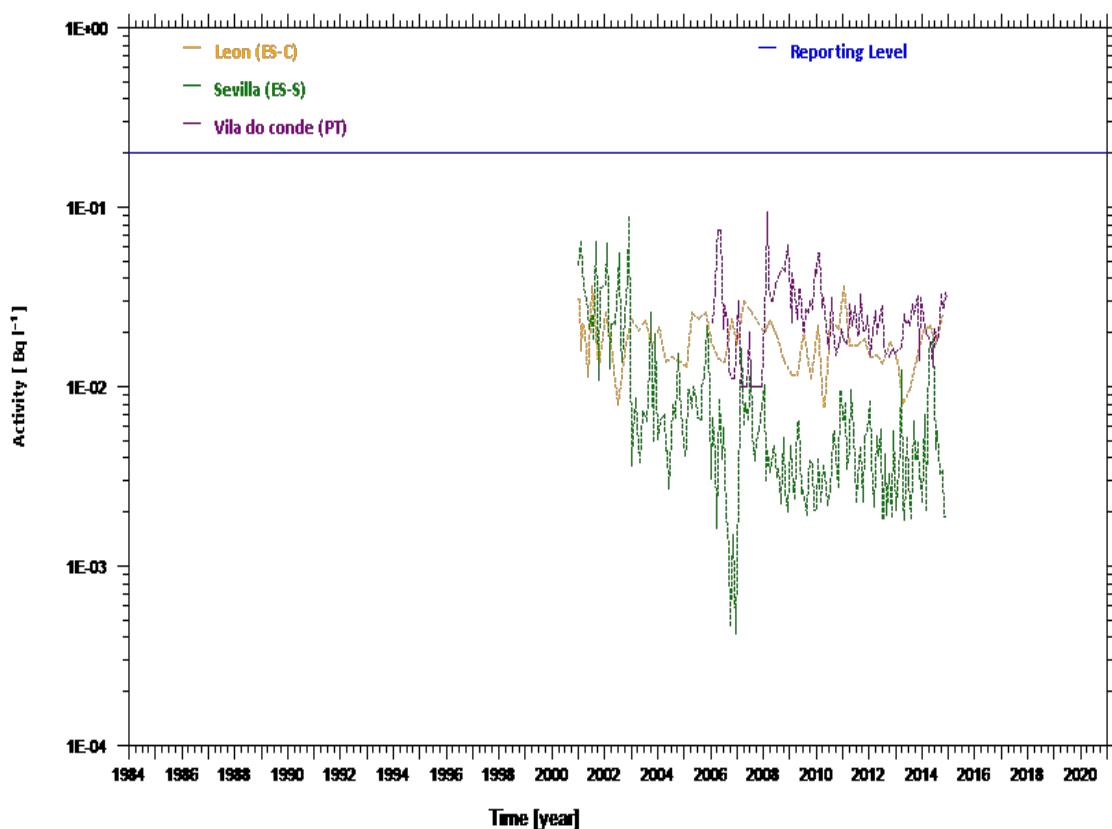
**Fig. M16**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk (Bratislava, Ljubljana and Vienna-Ages)



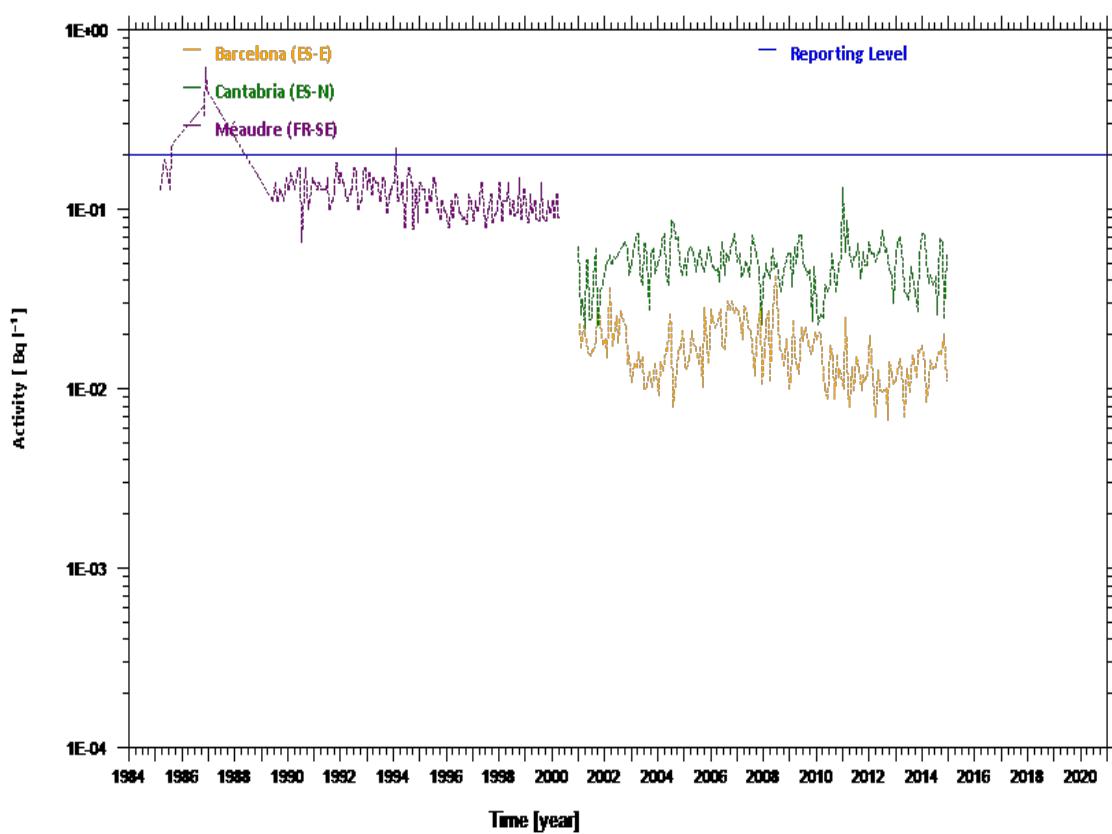
**Fig. M17**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk (Budapest-Nriri, Drtrseverin and Sofia)



**Fig. M18**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk (Leon, Sevilla and Vila do conde)

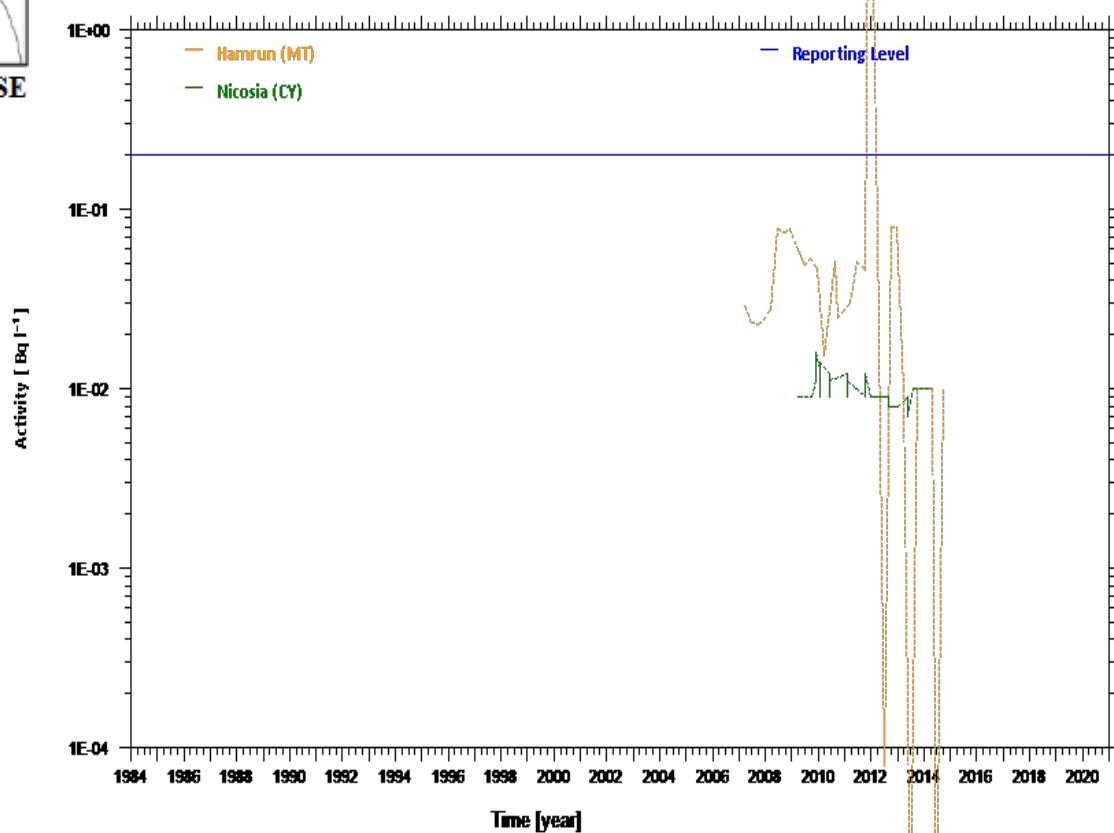


**Fig. M19**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk (Barcelona, Cantabria and Méaudre)

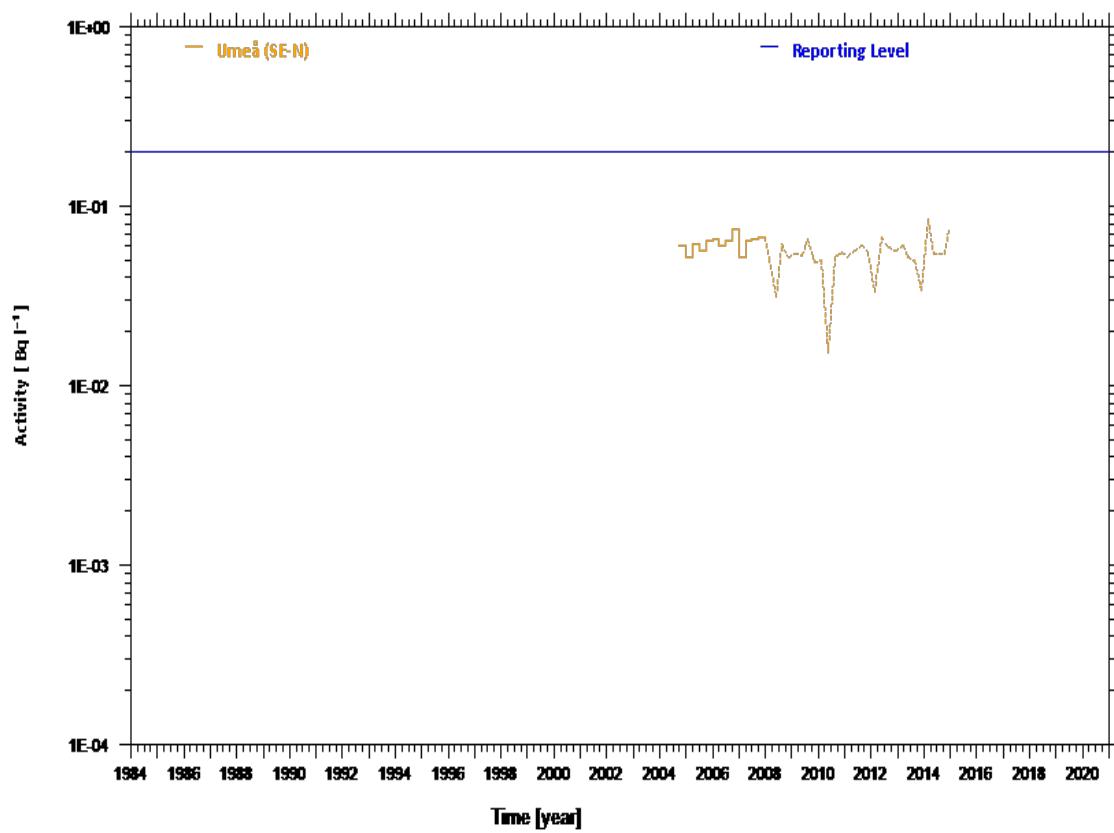


SPARSE



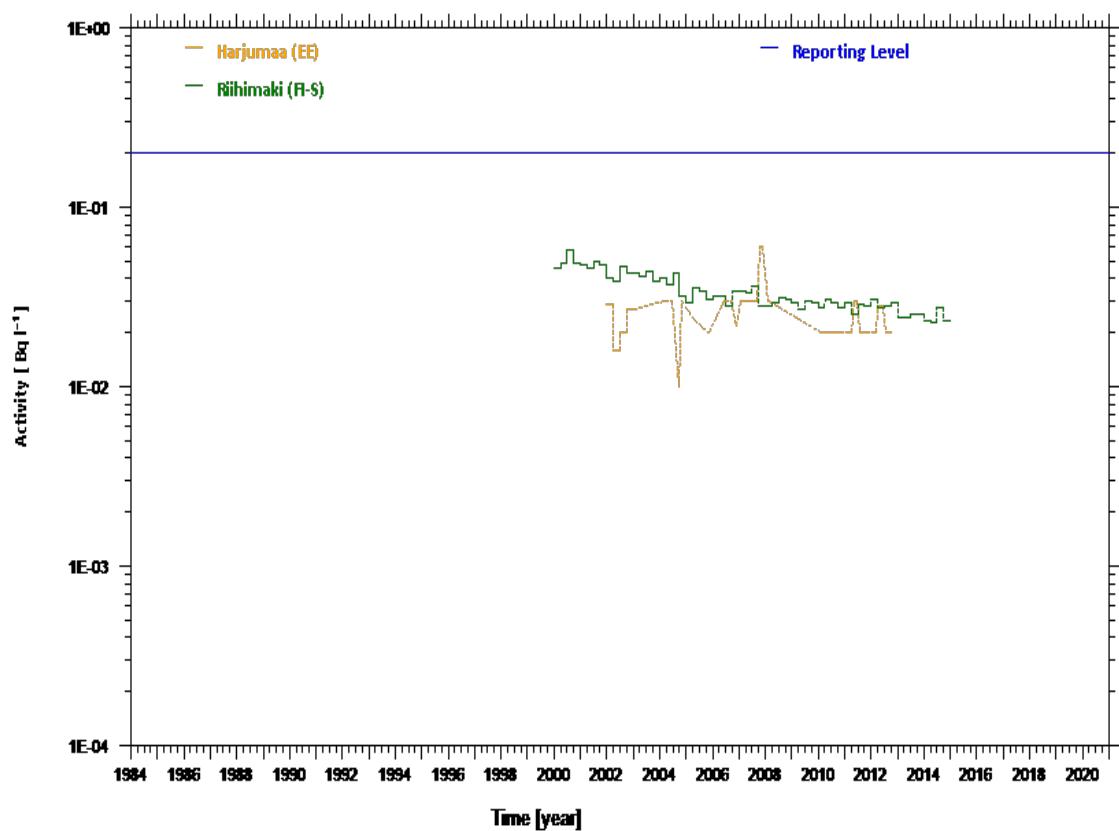
**Fig. M20**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk (Hamrun and Nicosia)



**Fig. M21**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in milk (Umeå)

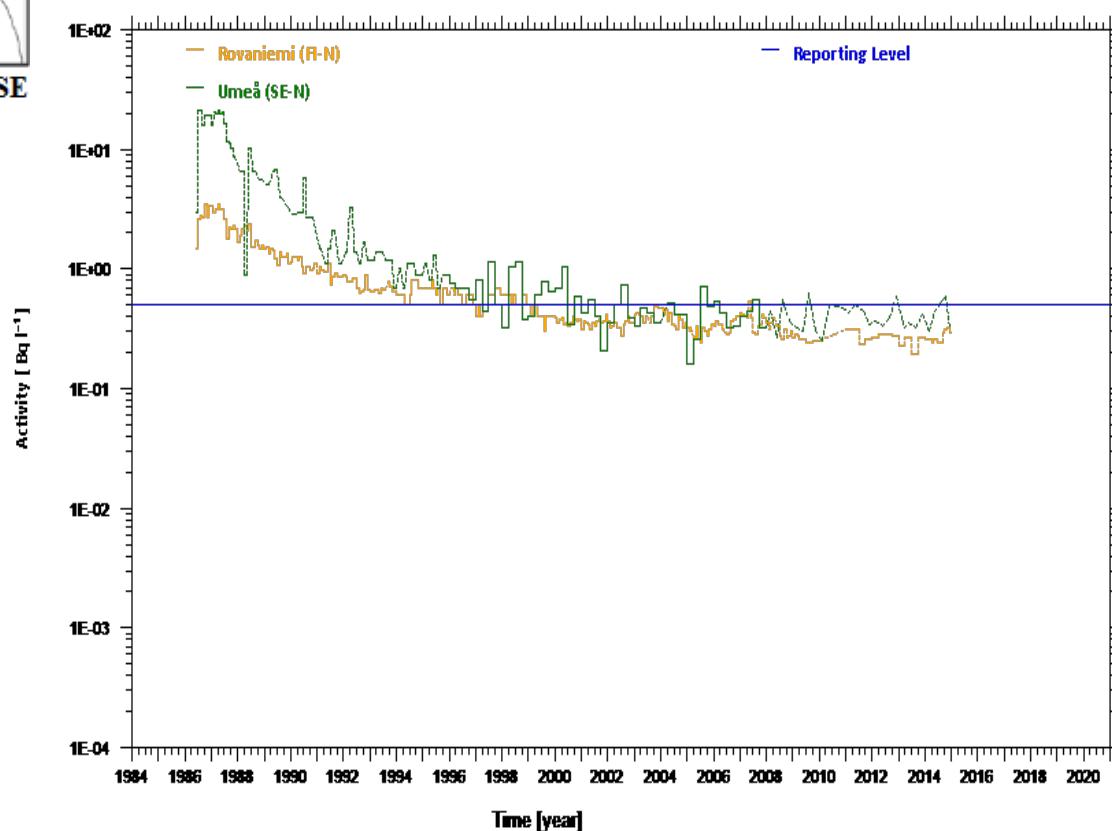


**Fig. M22**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in milk (Harjumaa and Riihimaki)

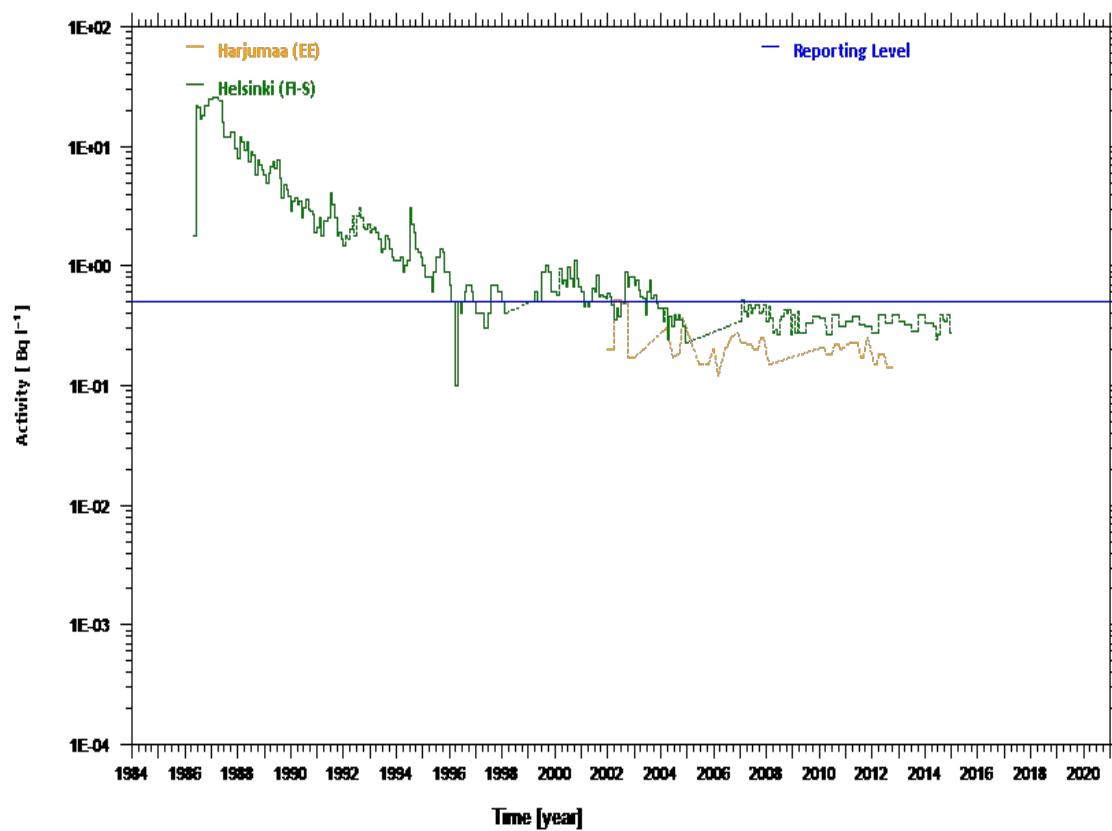


SPARSE



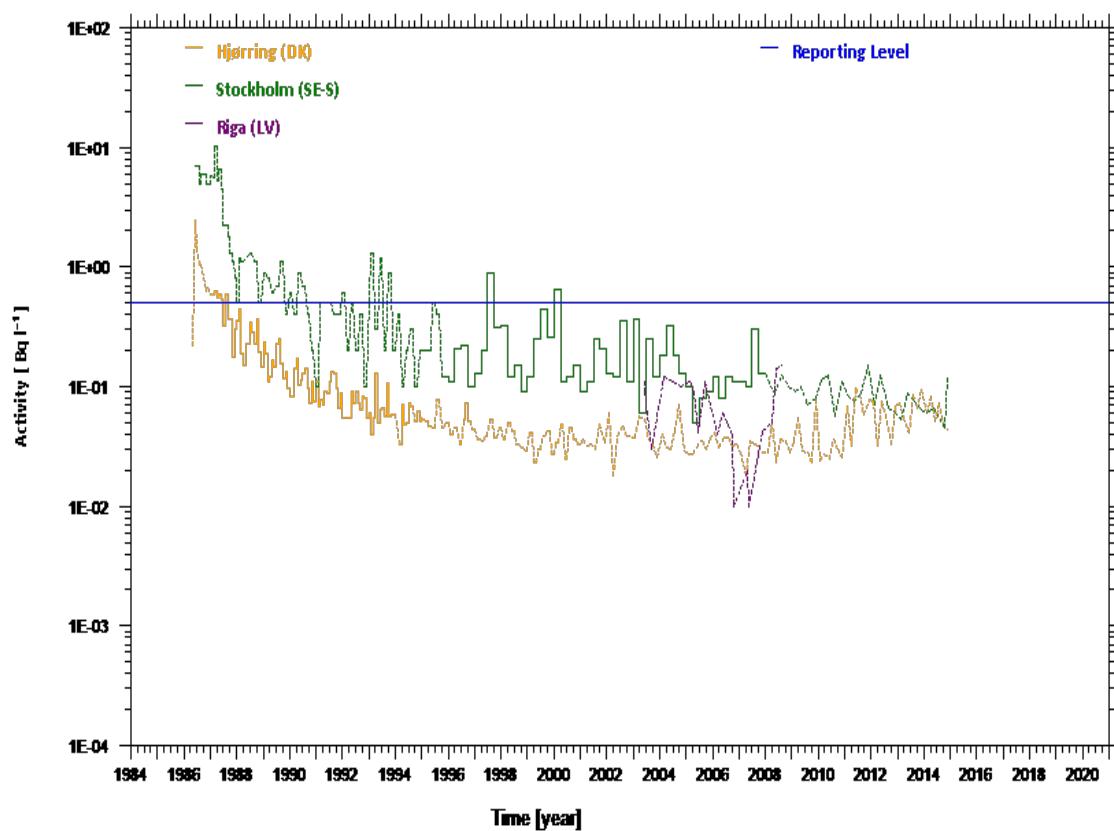
**Fig. M23**

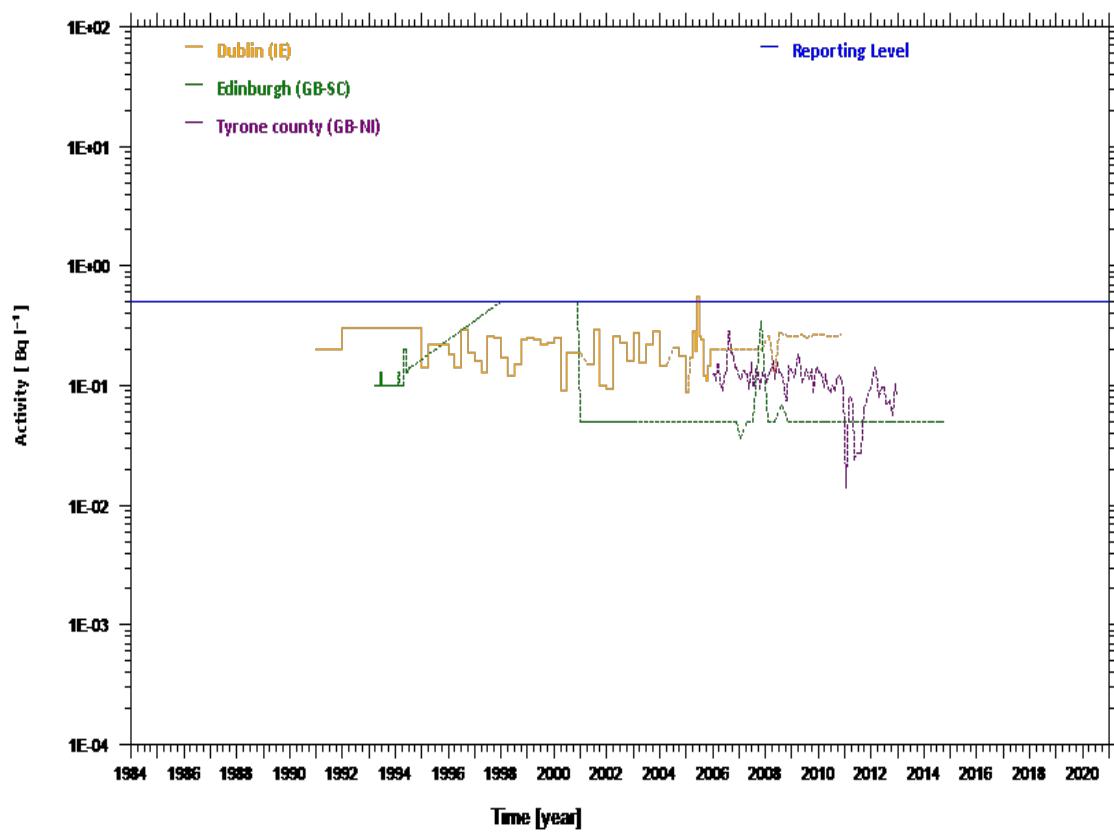
Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Rovaniemi and Umeå)



**Fig. M24**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Harjumaa and Helsinki)

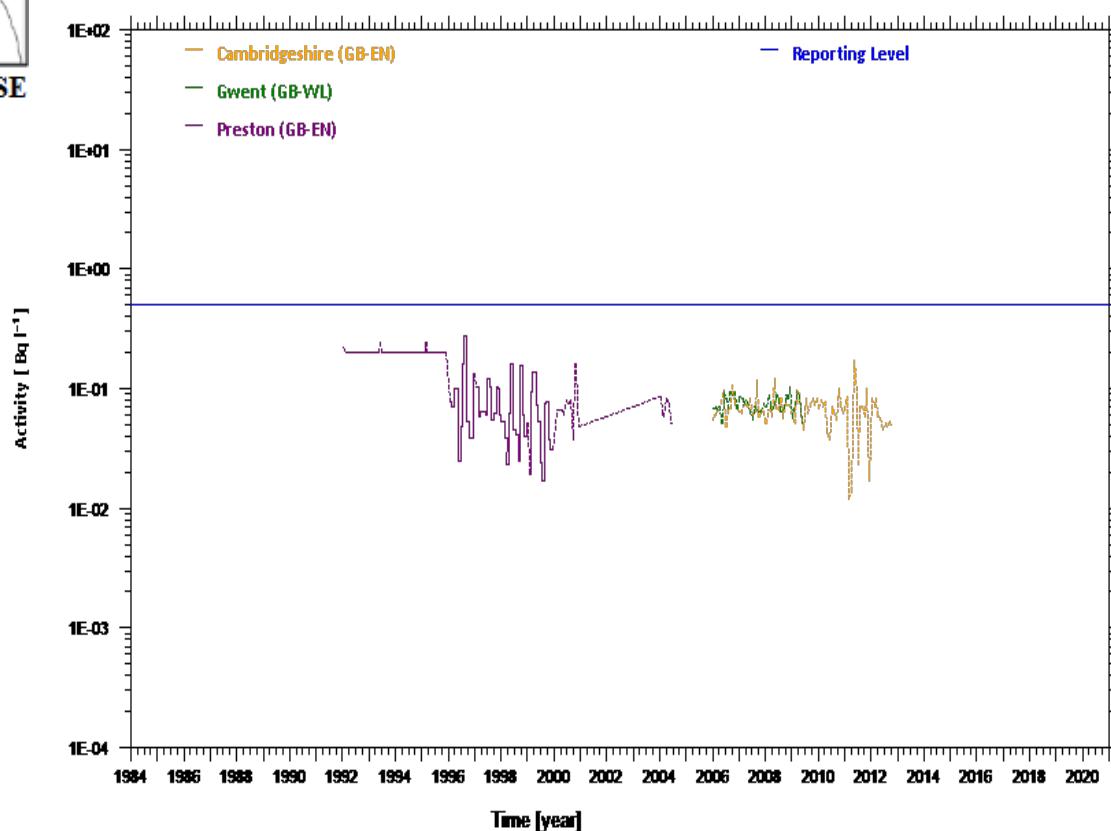

**Fig. M25**

 Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Hjørring, Stockholm and Riga)

**Fig. M26**

 Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Dublin, Edinburgh and Tyrone county)

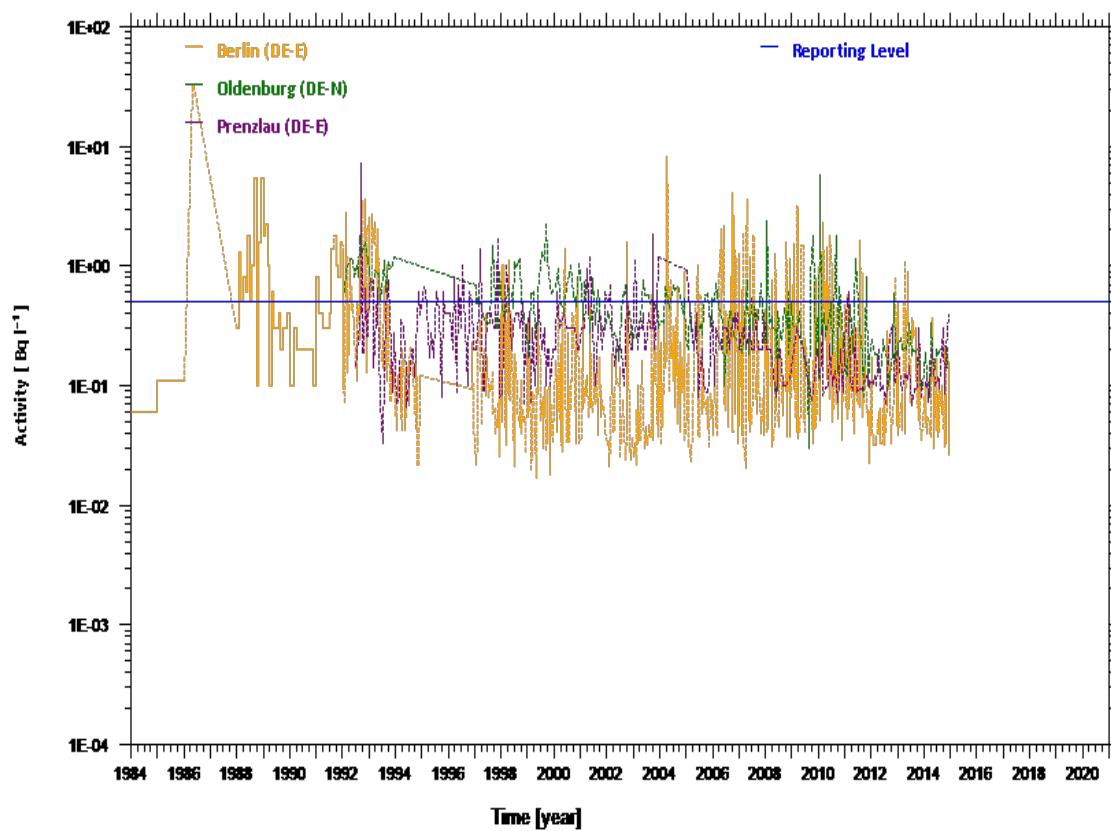


SPARSE



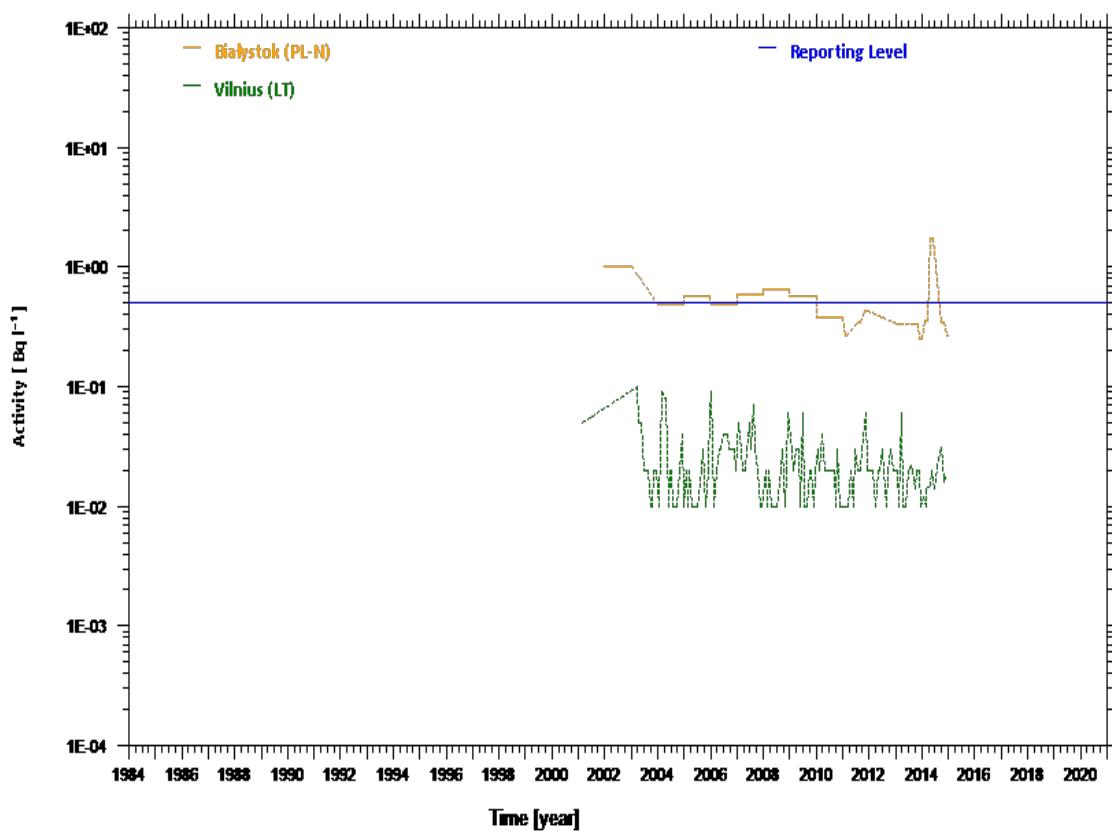
**Fig. M27**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Cambridgeshire, Gwent and Preston)



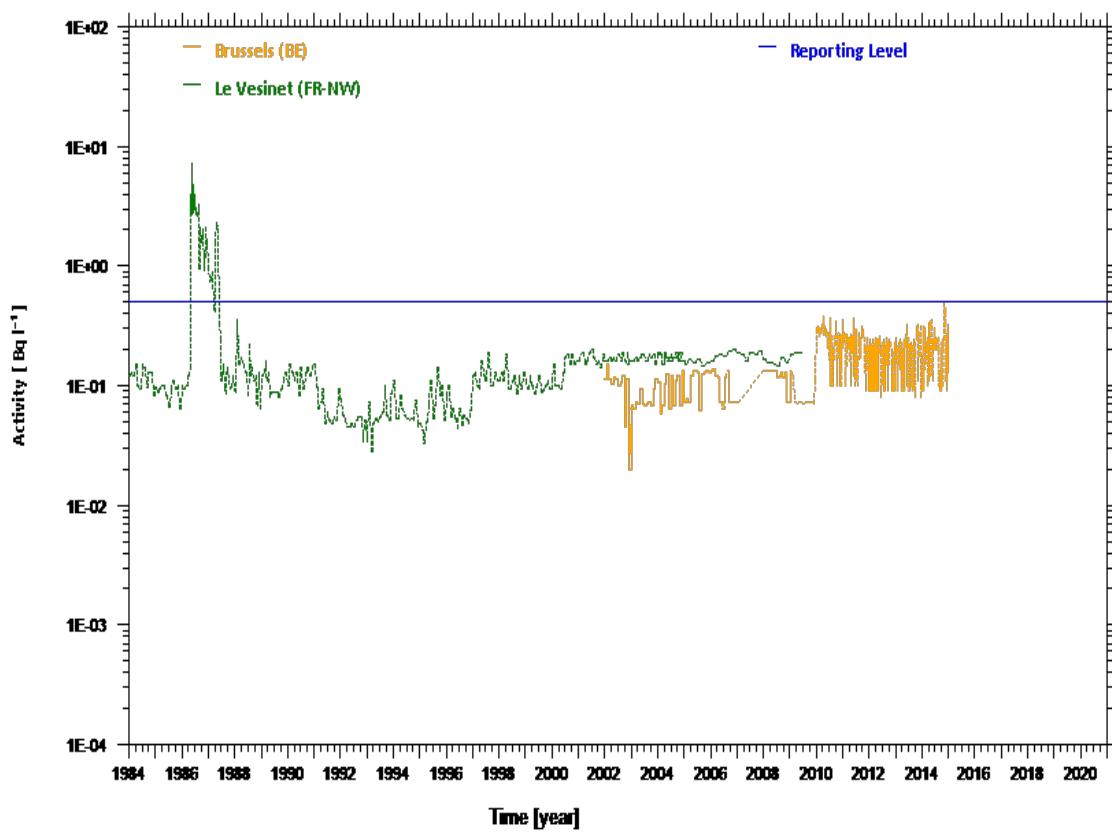
**Fig. M28**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Berlin, Oldenburg and Prenzlau)



**Fig. M29**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Białystok and Vilnius)

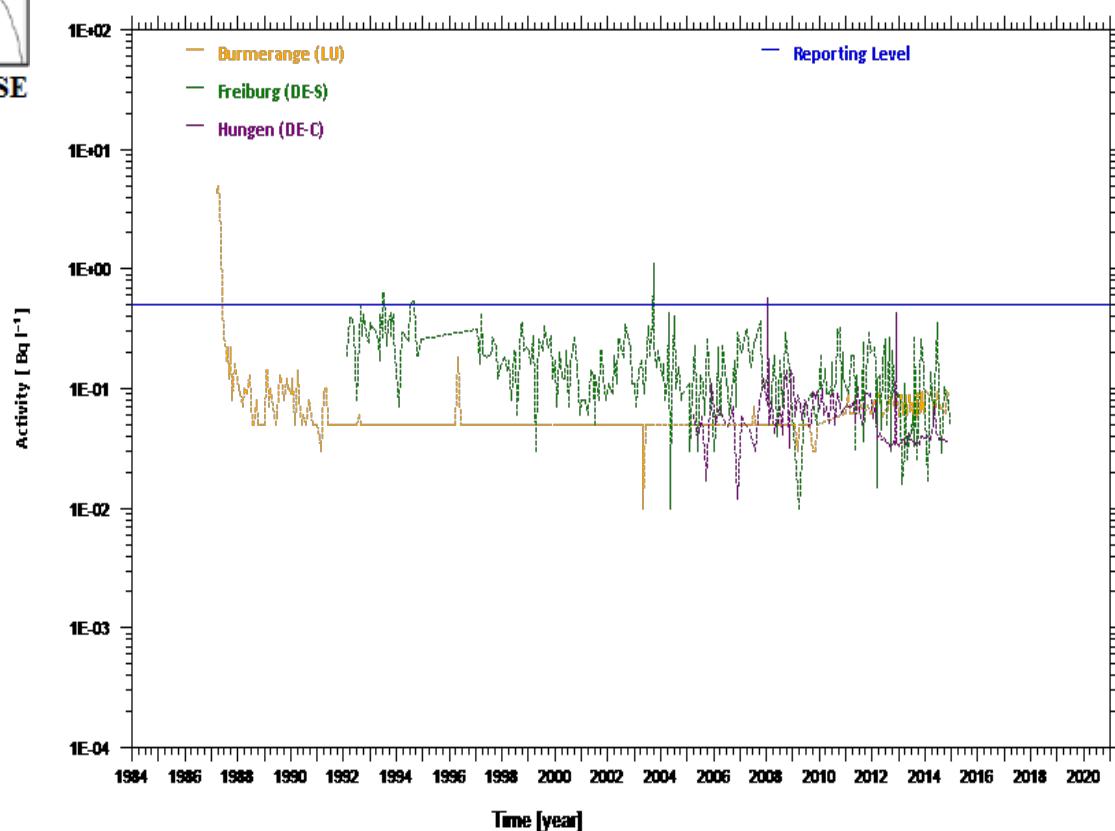


**Fig. M30**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Brussels and Le Vesinet)

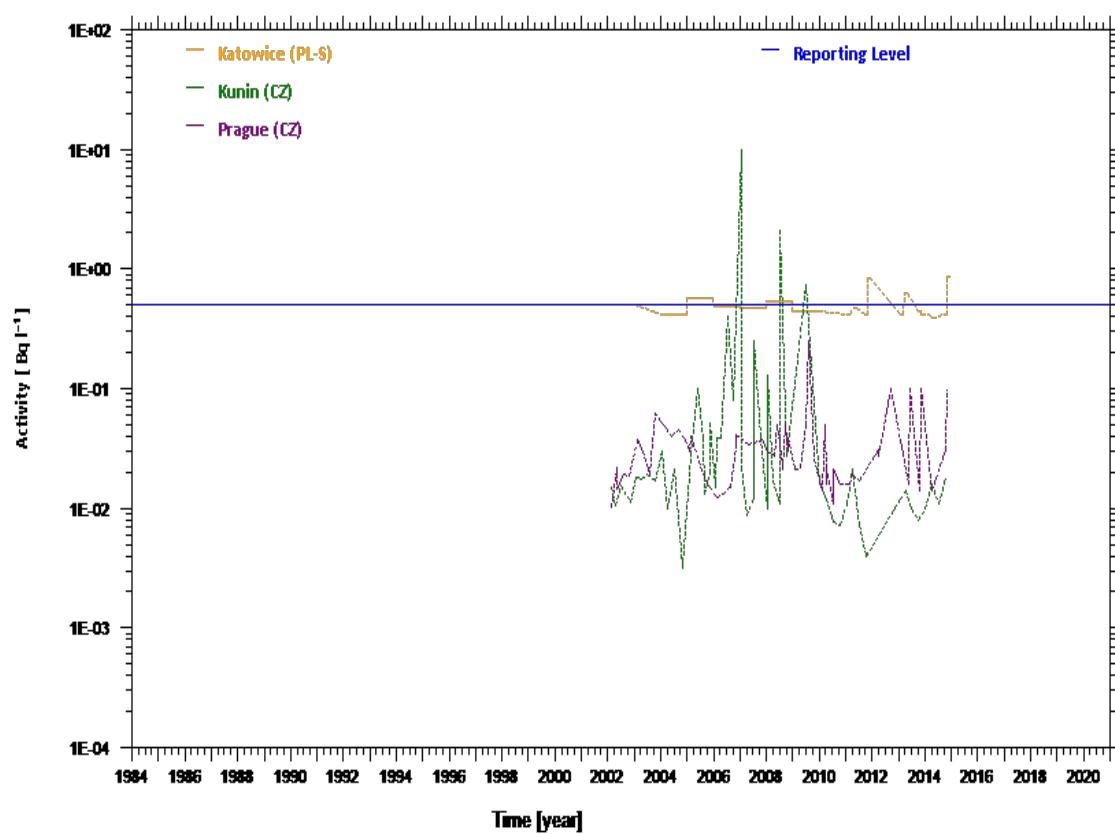


SPARSE



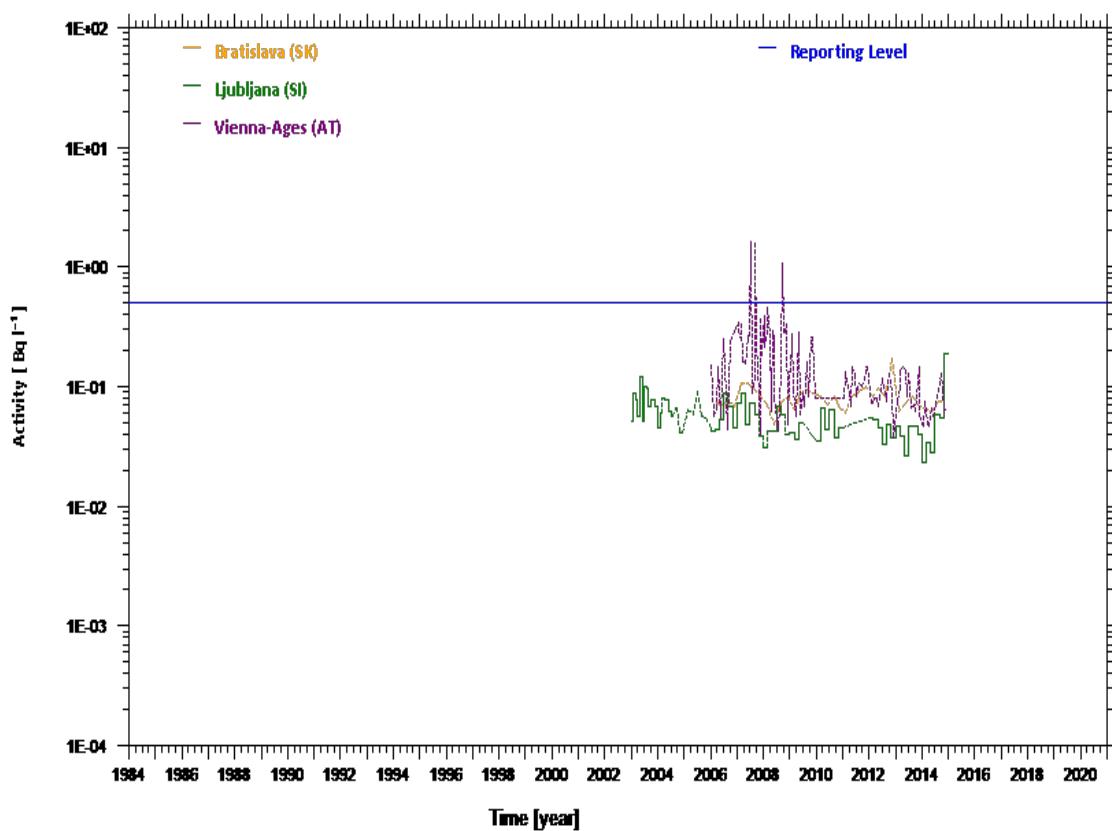
**Fig. M31**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Burmerange, Freiburg and Hungen)



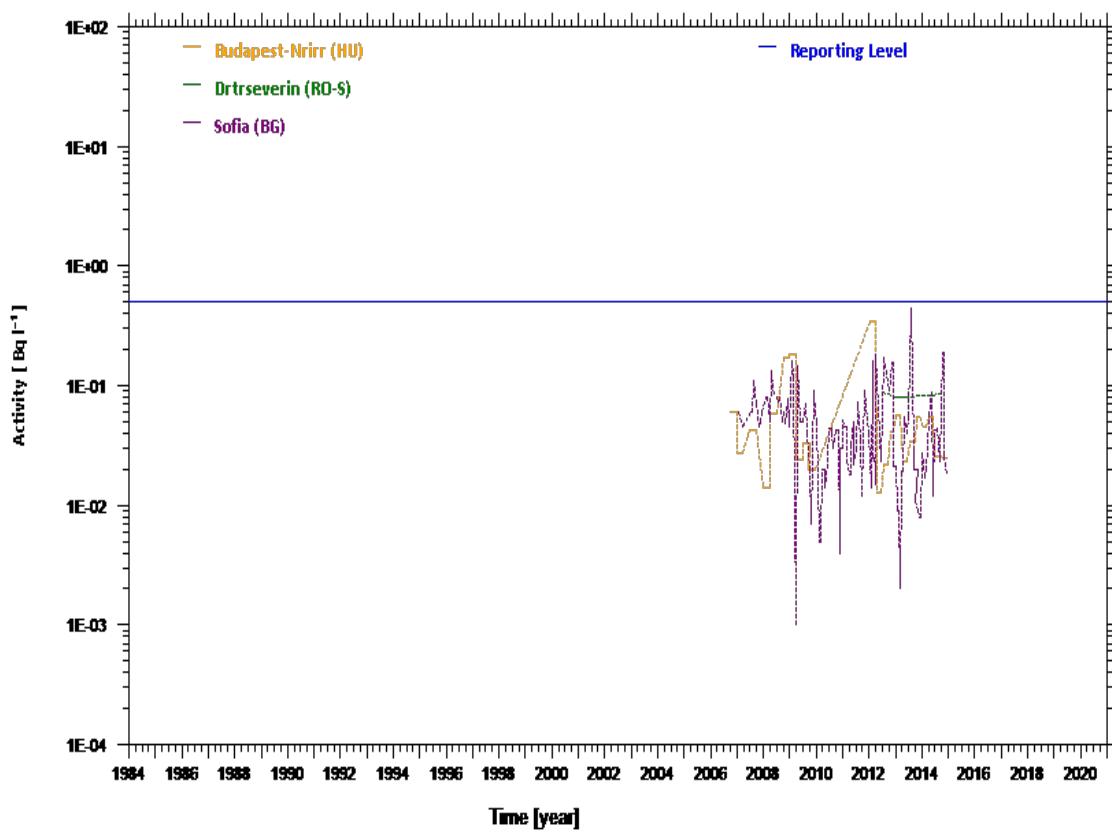
**Fig. M32**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Katowice, Kunin and Prague)



**Fig. M33**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Bratislava, Ljubljana and Vienna-Ages)

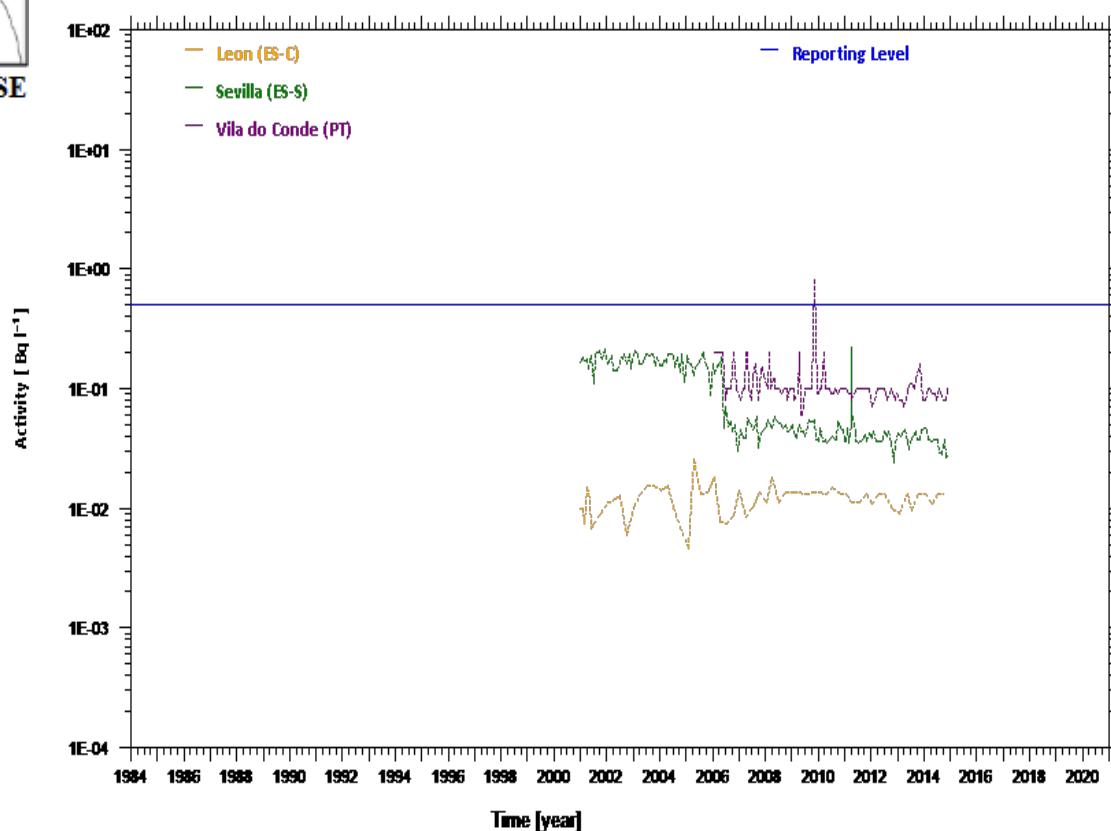


**Fig. M34**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Budapest-Nriri, Drtrseverin and Sofia)

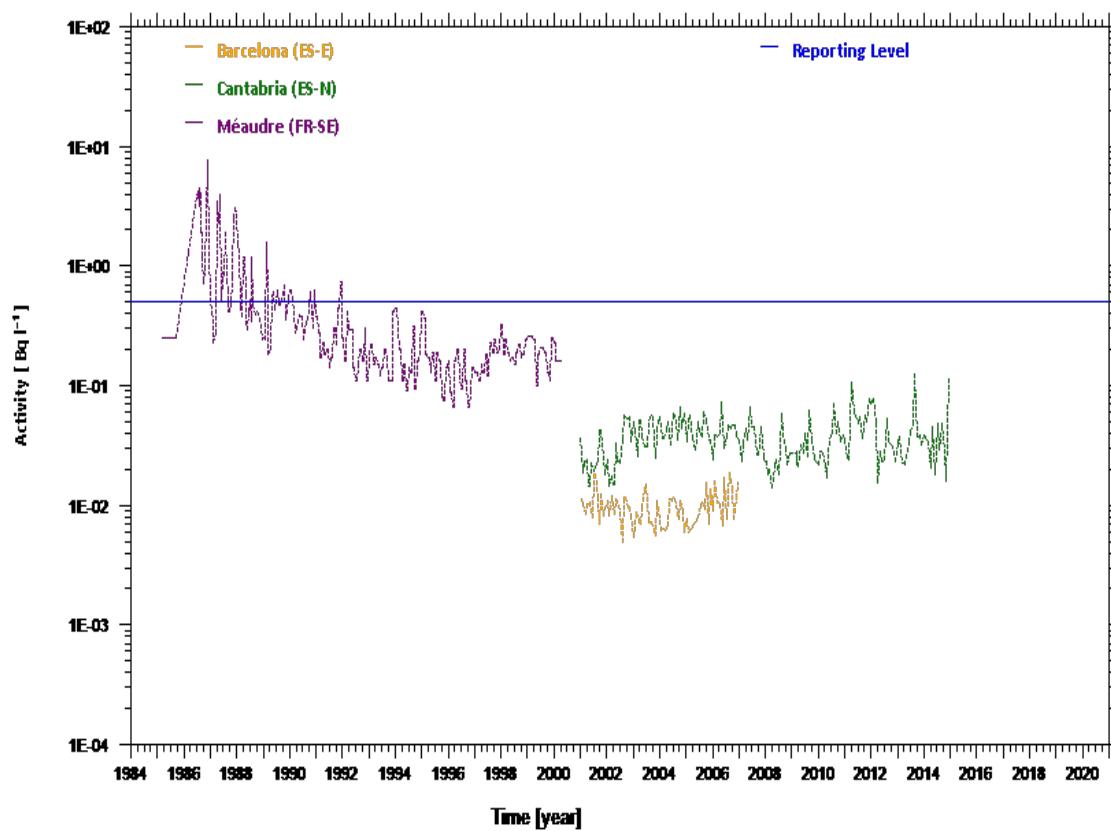


SPARSE



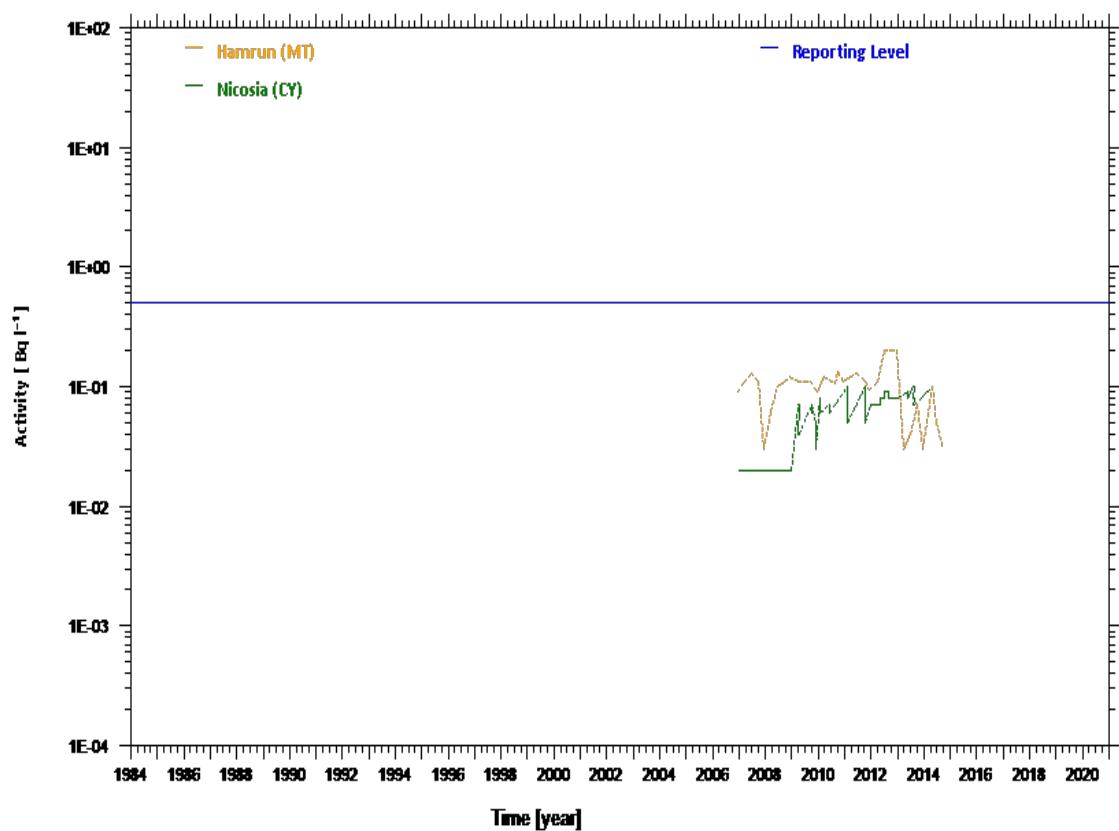
**Fig. M35**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Leon, Sevilla and Vila do Conde)



**Fig. M36**

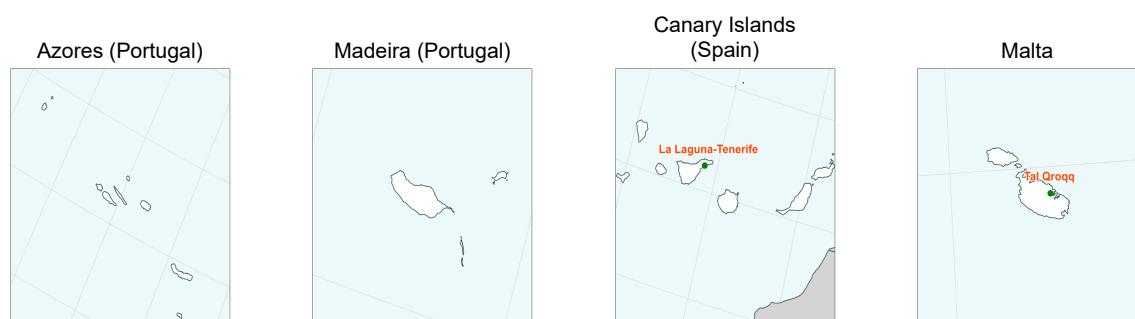
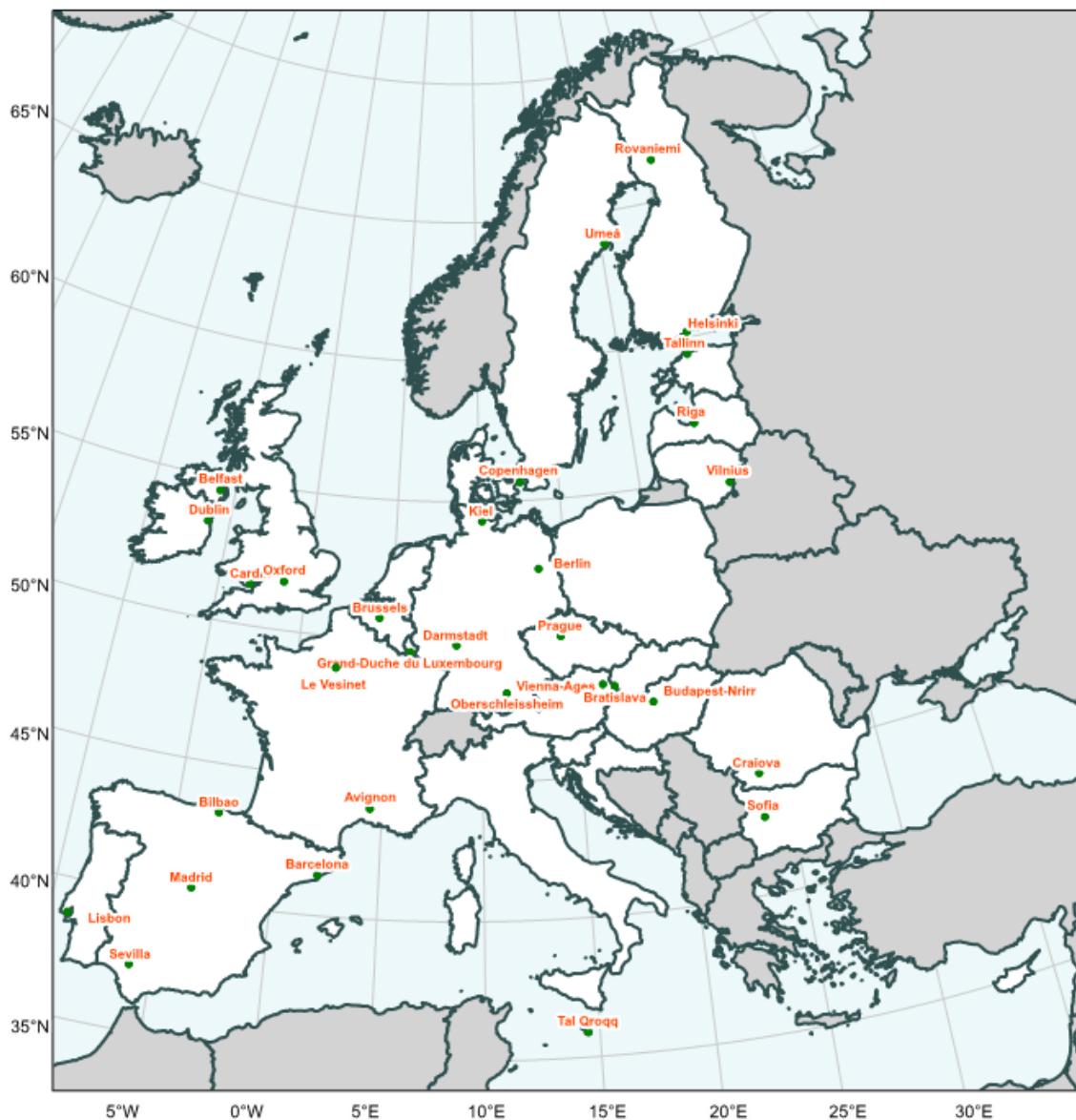
Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Barcelona, Cantabria and Méaudre)



**Fig. M37**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in milk (Hamrun and Nicosia)



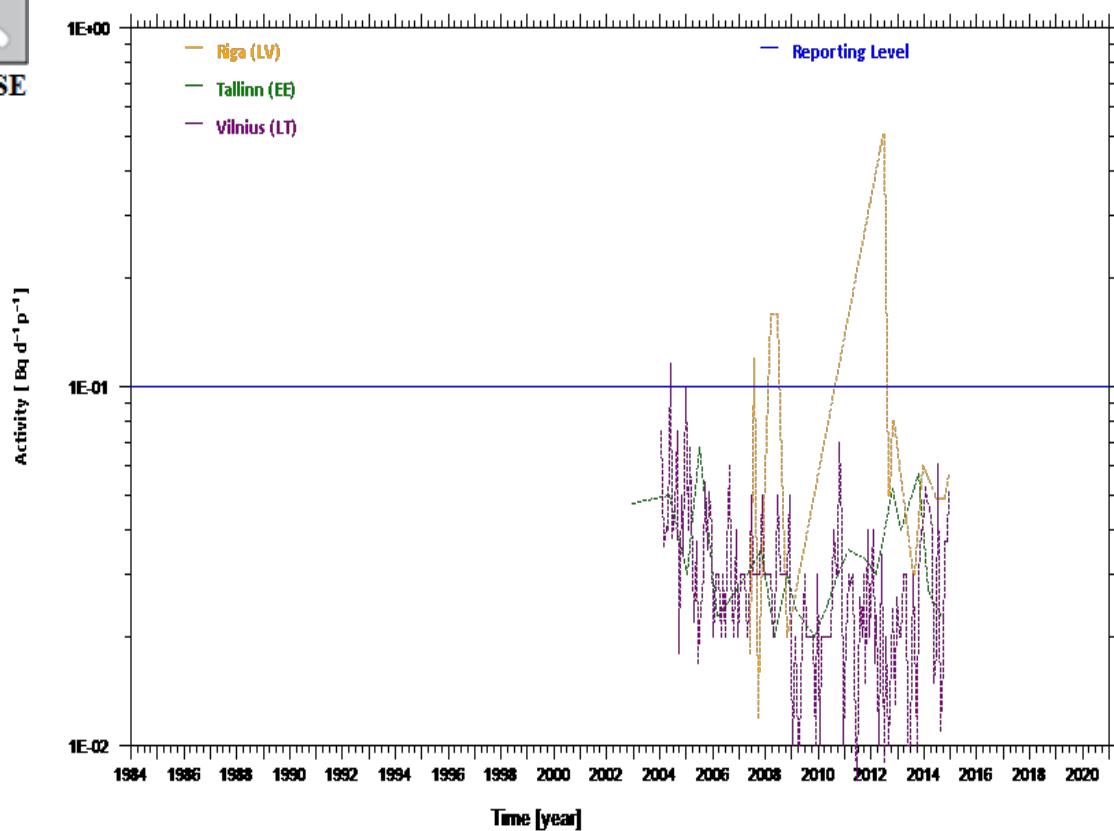


**Fig. D7**

Sampling locations for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet considered in Figures D8 – D30

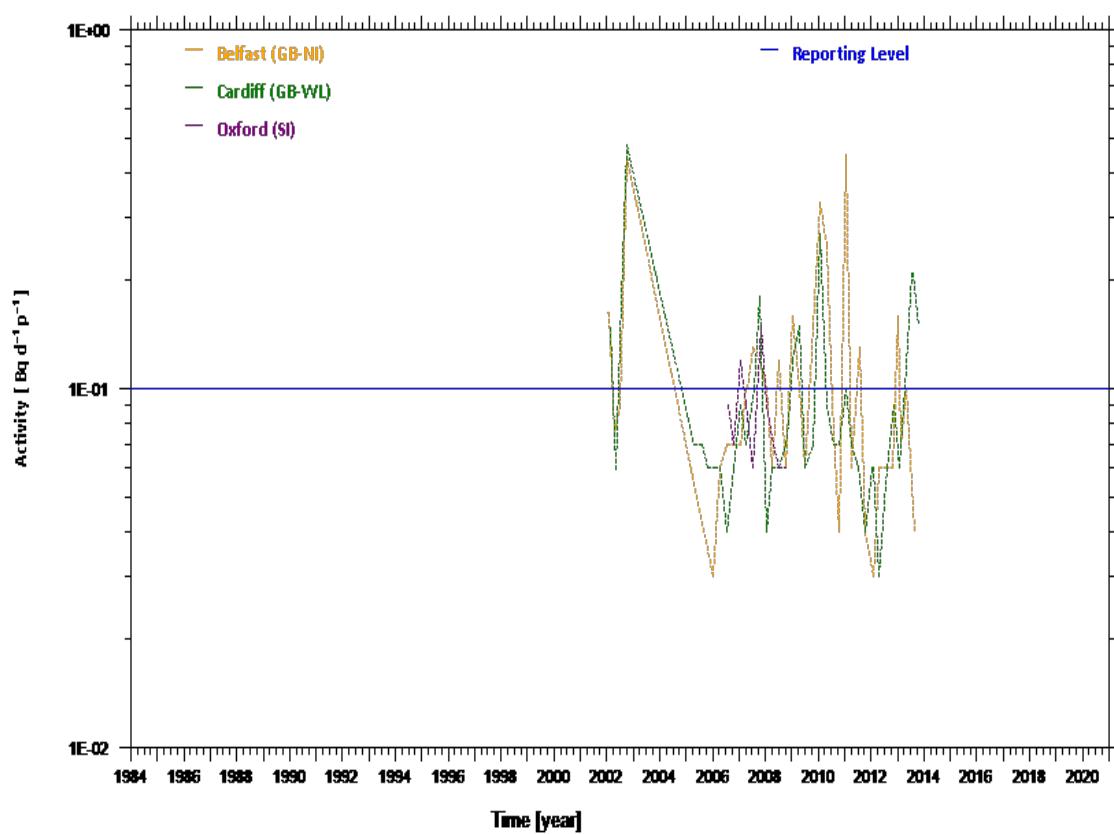


SPARSE



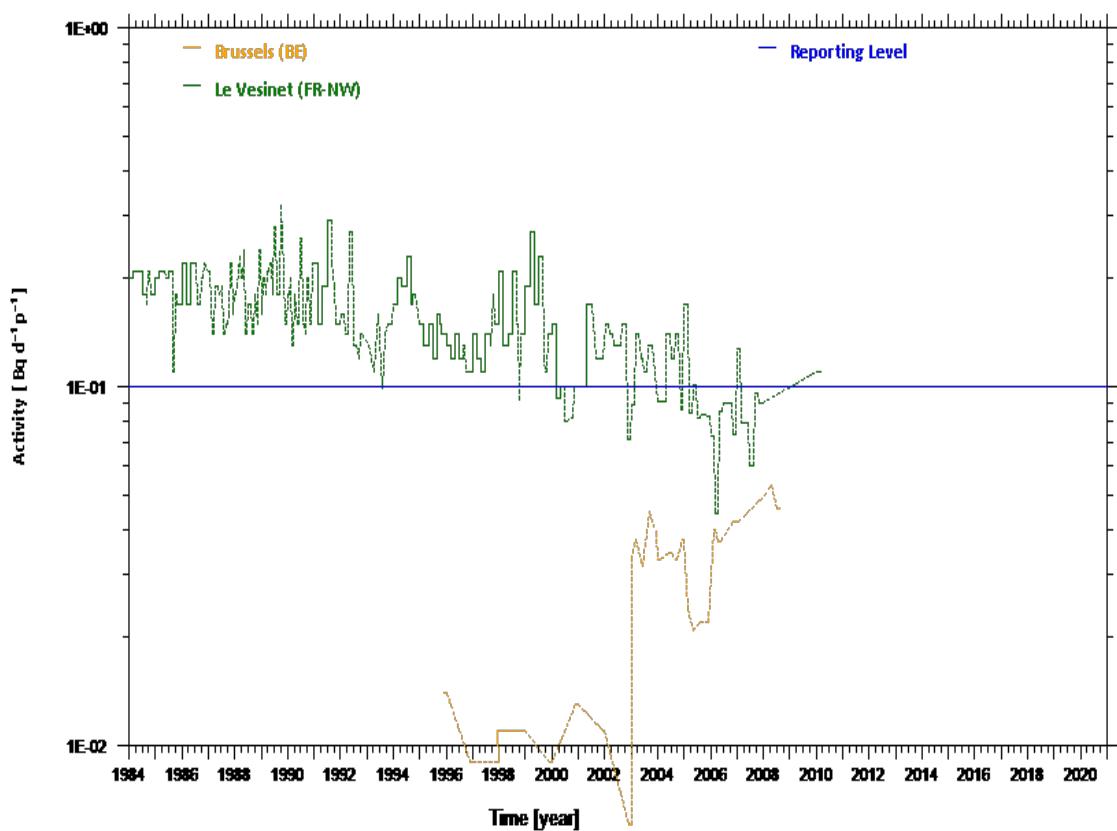
**Fig. D8**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet (Riga, Tallinn and Vilnius)

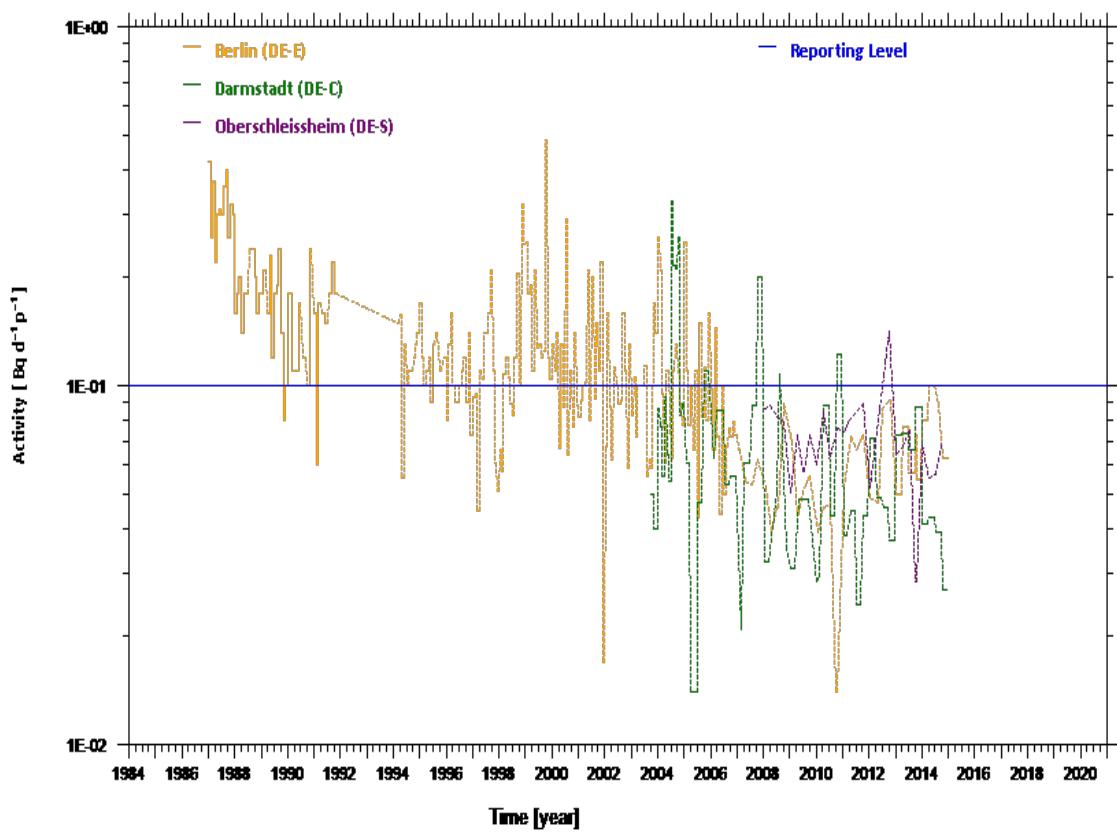


**Fig. D9**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet (Belfast, Cardiff and Oxford)



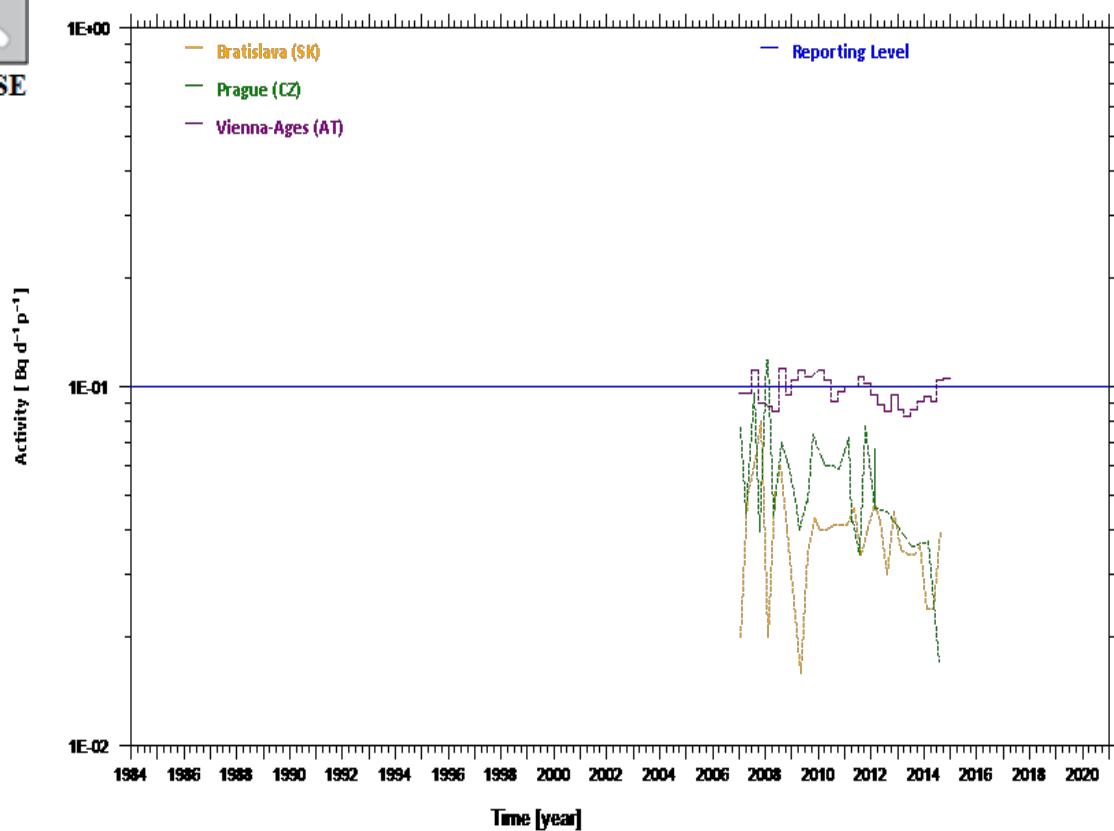
**Fig. D10**  
Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in mixed diet (Brussels and Le Vesinet)



**Fig. D11**  
Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in mixed diet (Berlin, Darmstadt and Oberschleissheim)

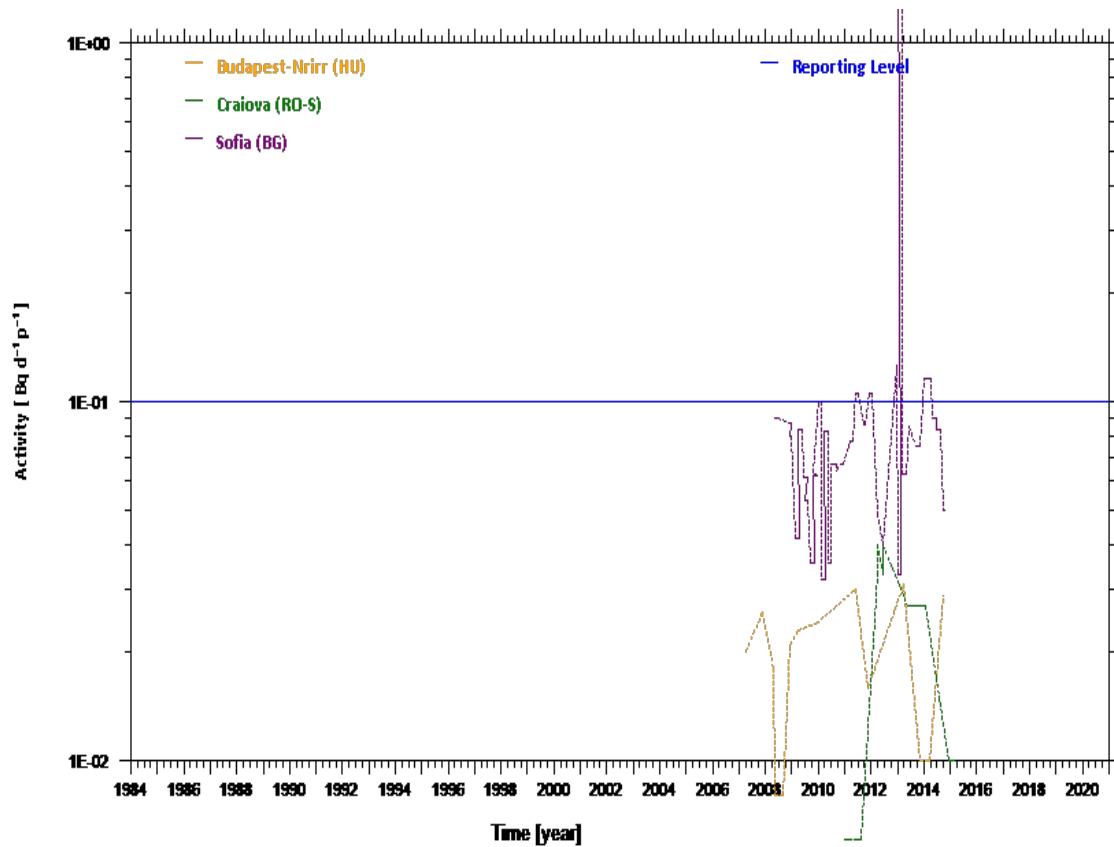


SPARSE



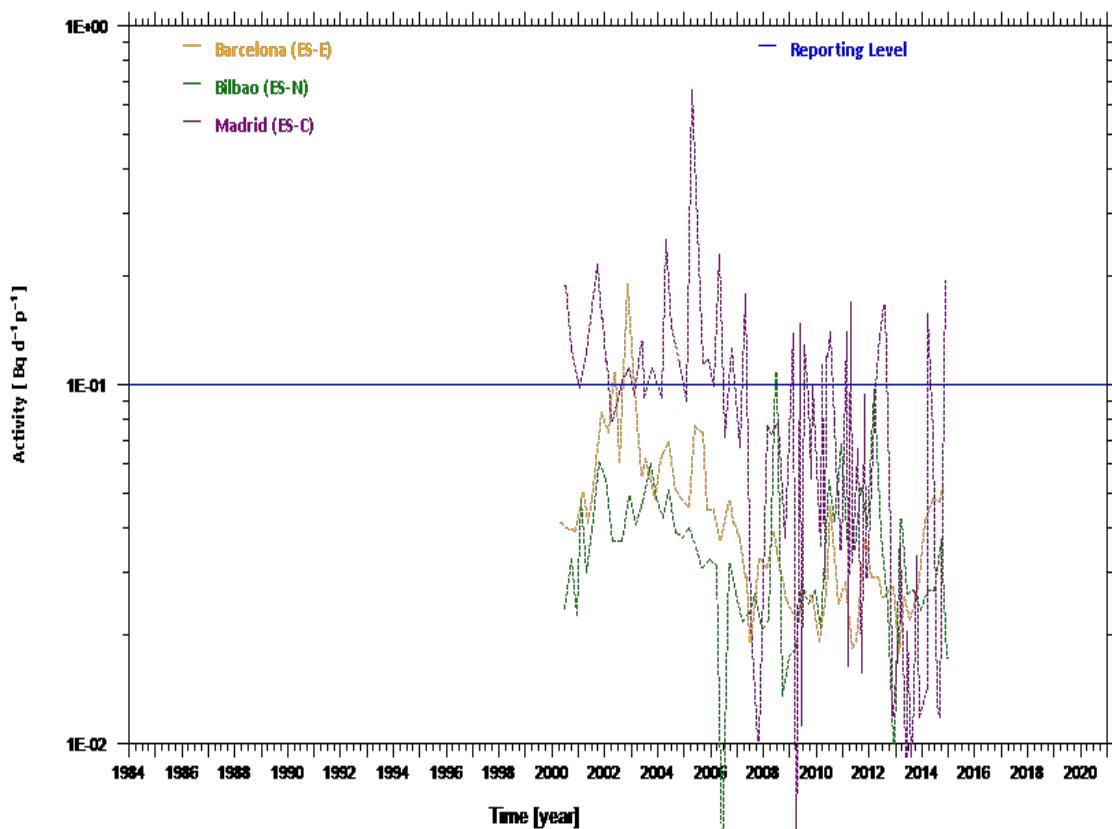
**Fig. D12**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet (Bratislava, Prague and Vienna-Ages)



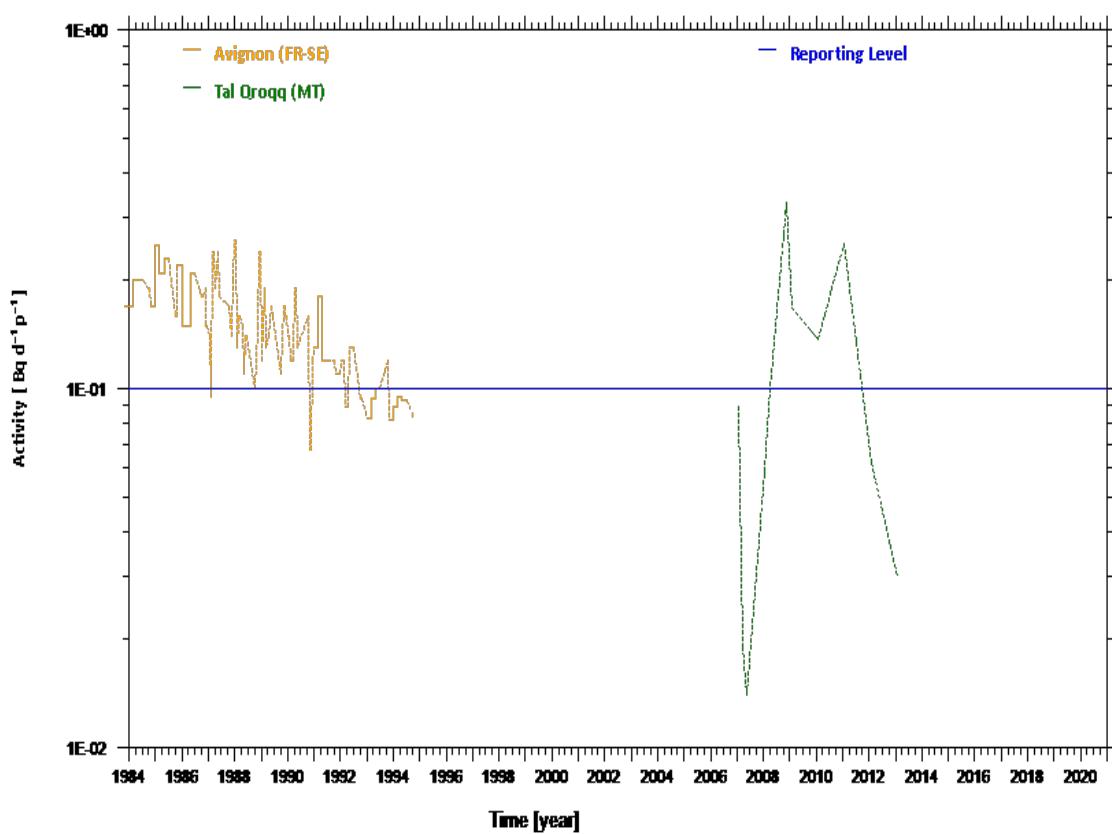
**Fig. D13**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet (Budapest-Nrerr, Craiova and Sofia)



**Fig. D14**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in mixed diet (Barcelona, Bilbao and Madrid)

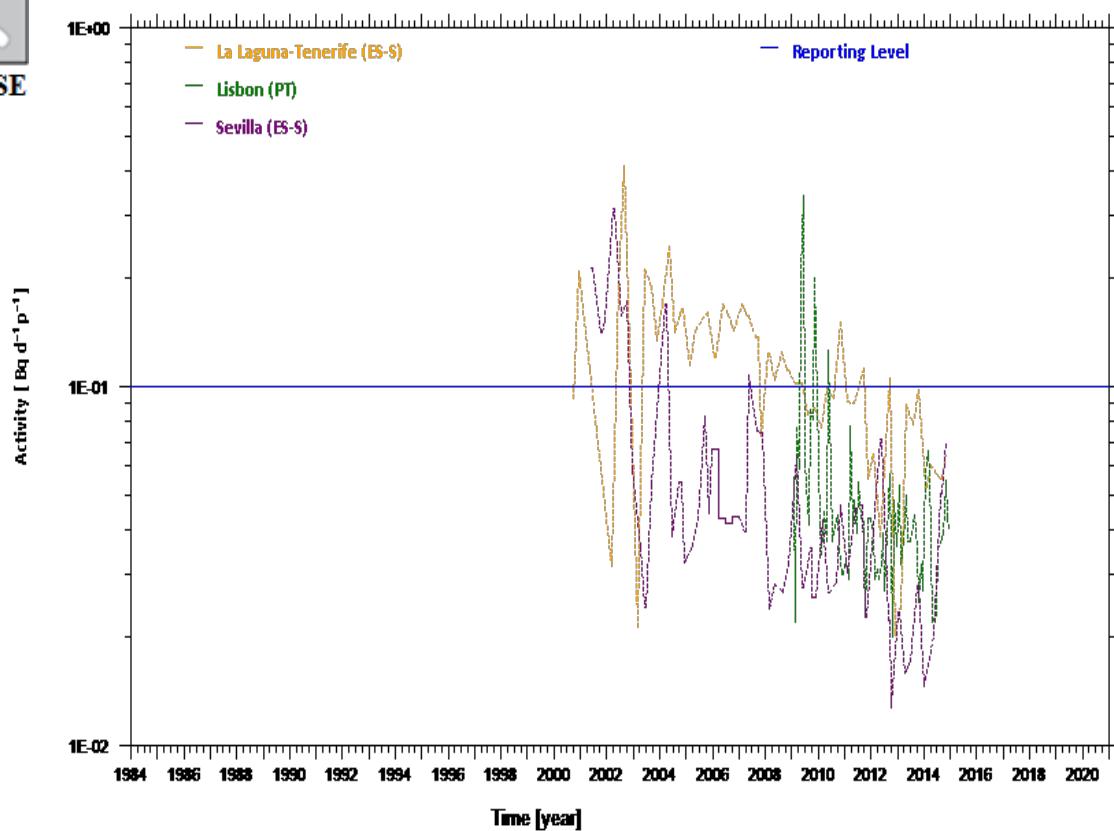


**Fig. D15**

Activity trends for <sup>90</sup>Sr in mixed diet (Avignon and Tal Qroqq)

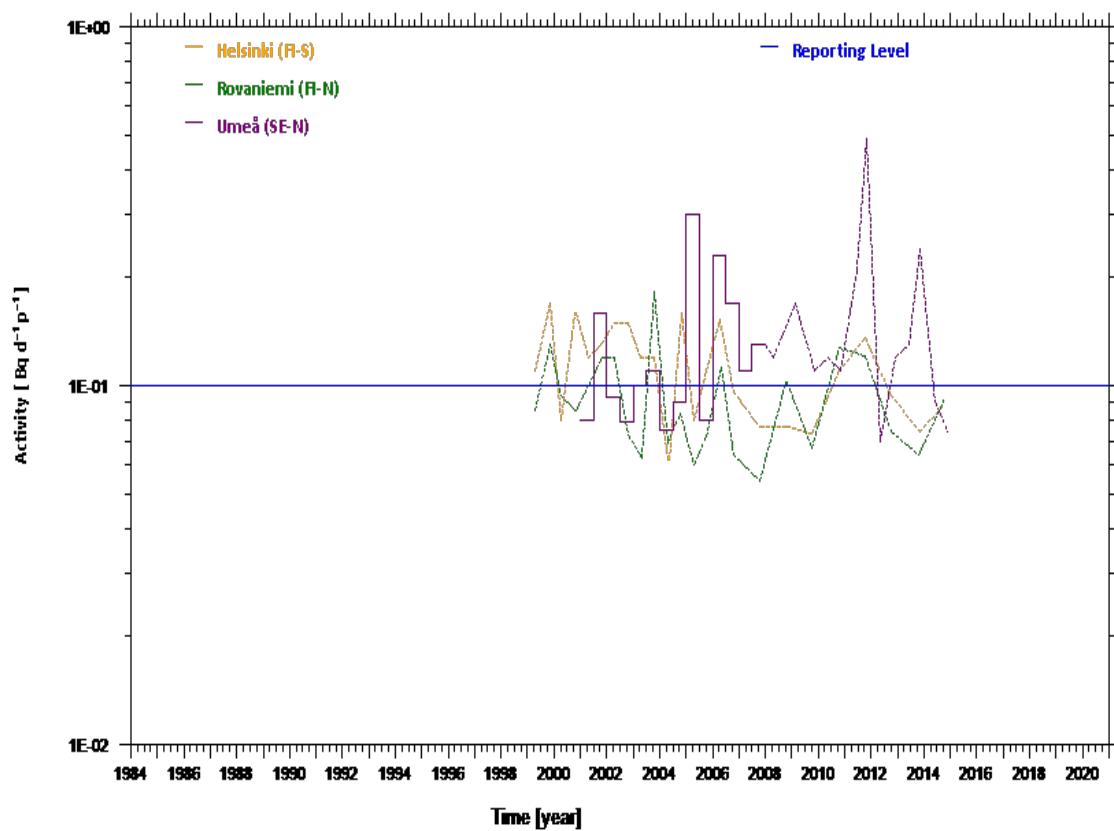


SPARSE



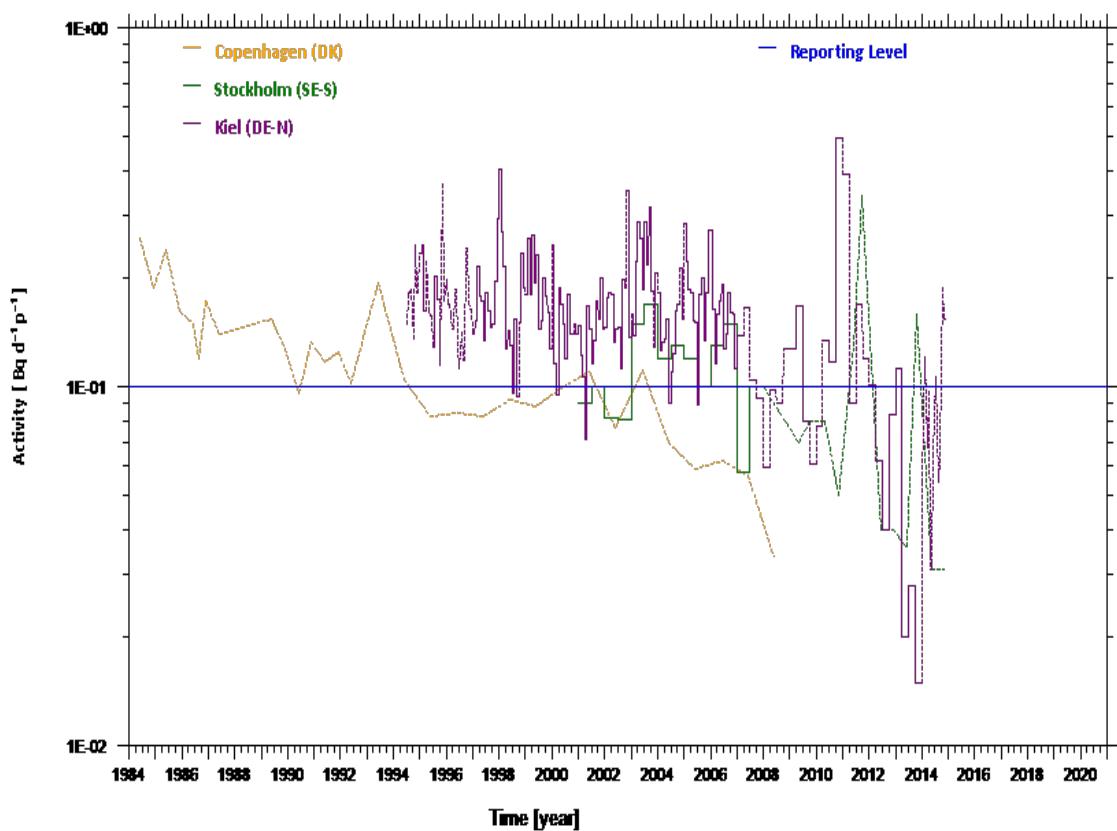
**Fig. D16**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet (La Laguna-Tenerife, Lisbon and Sevilla)



**Fig. D17**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet (Helsinki, Rovaniemi and Umeå)

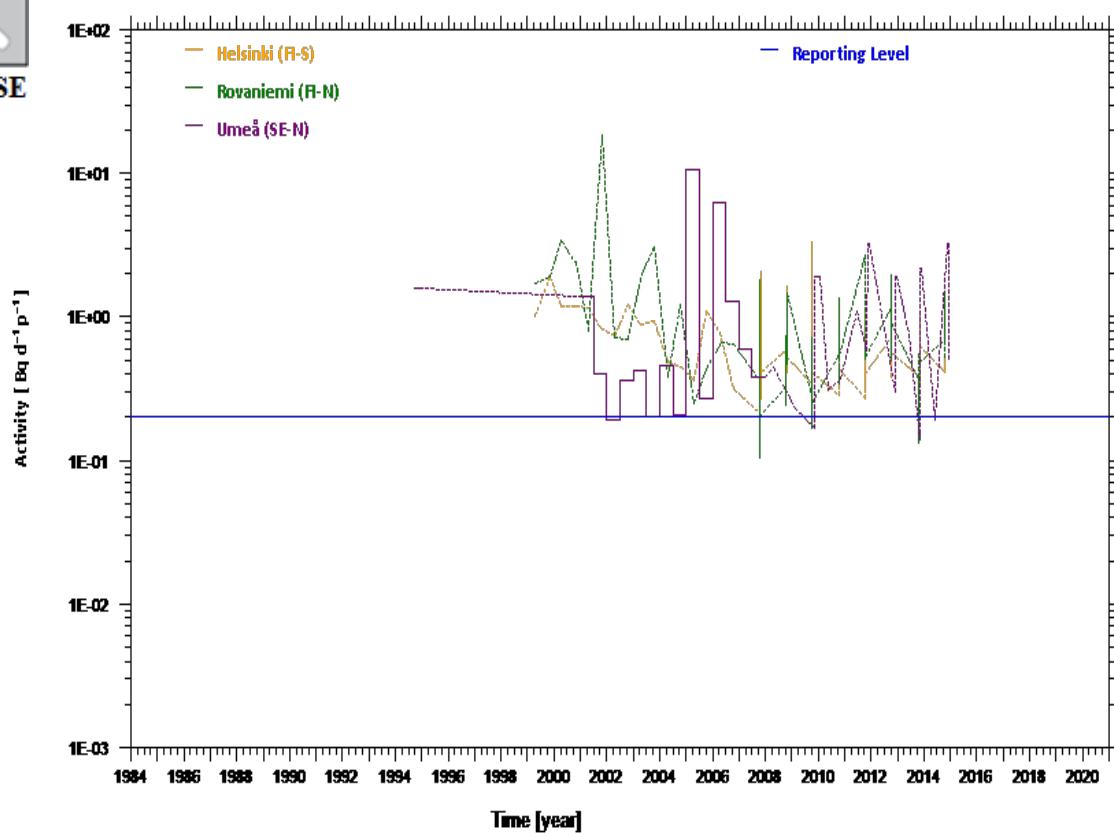


**Fig. D18**

Activity trends for  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  in mixed diet (Copenhagen, Stockholm and Kiel)

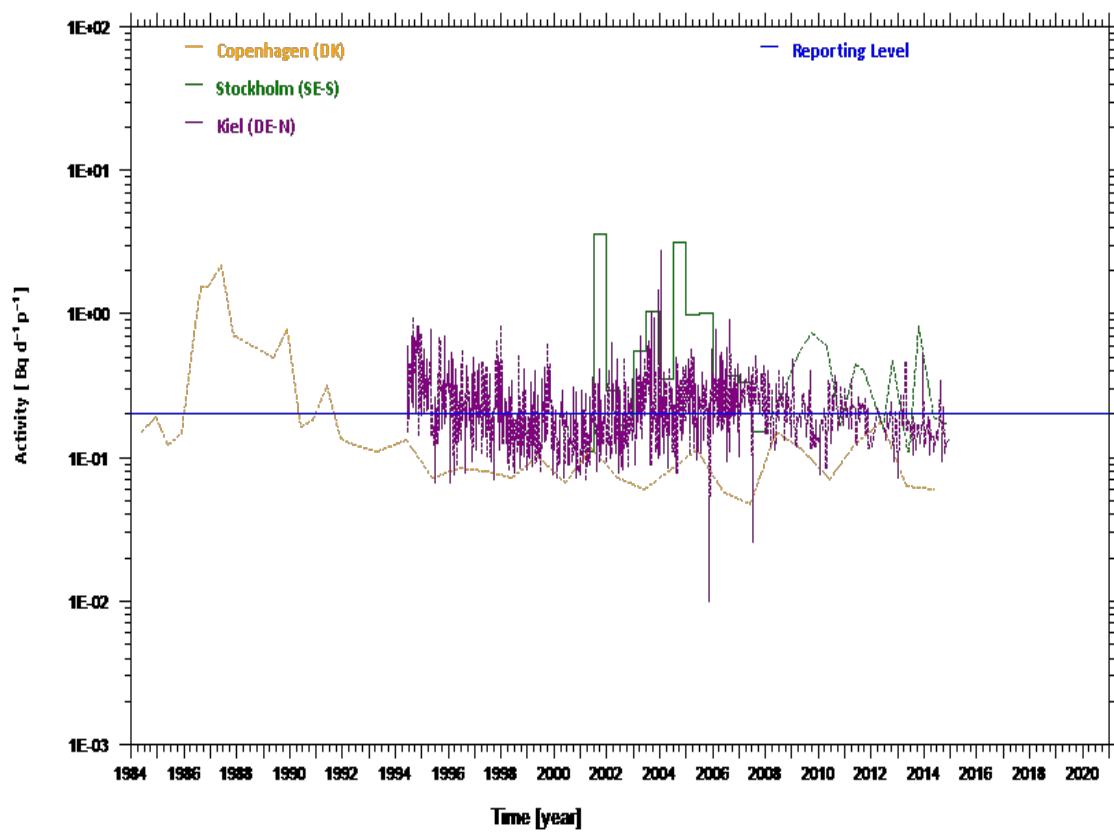


SPARSE



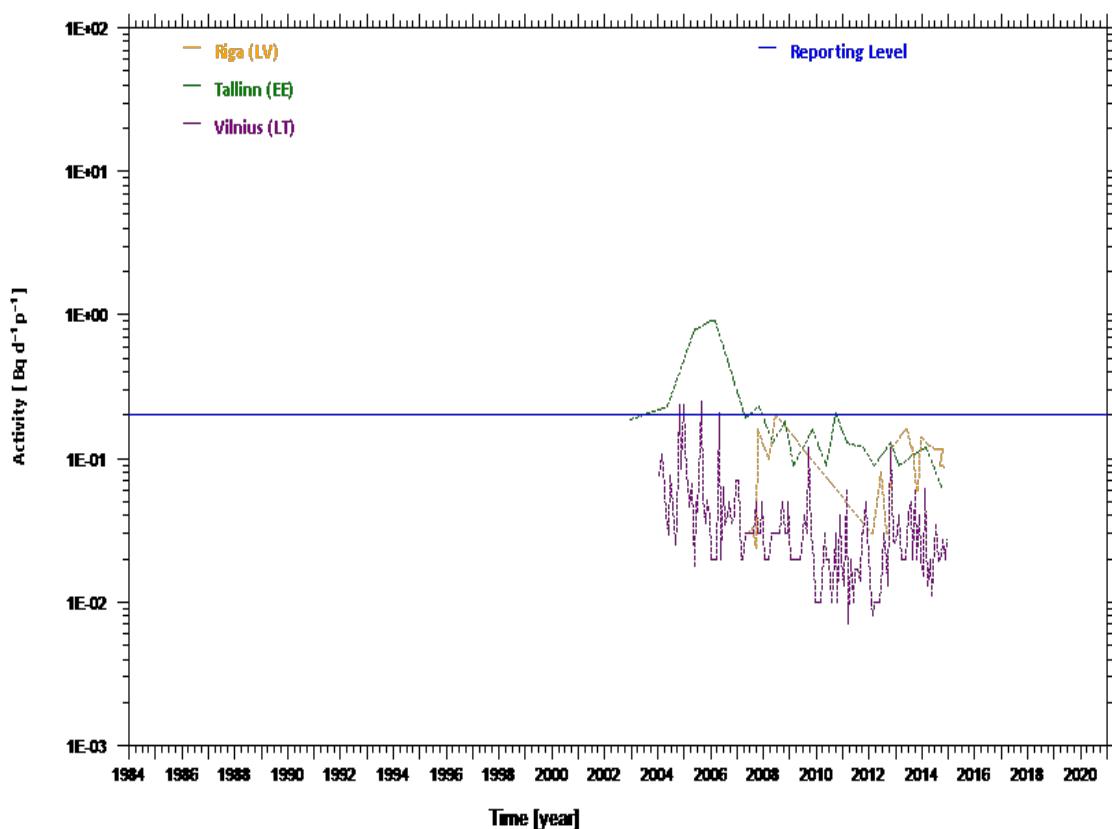
**Fig. D19**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Helsinki, Rovaniemi and Umeå)



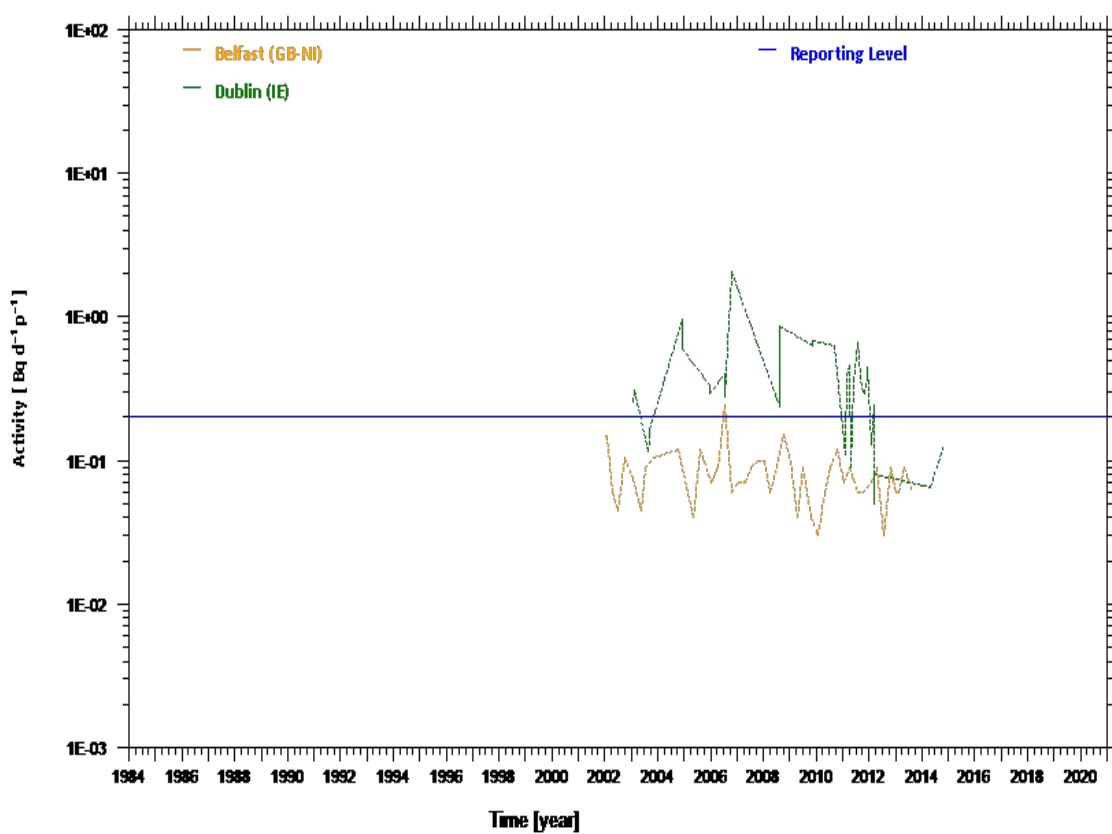
**Fig. D20**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Copenhagen, Stockholm and Kiel)



**Fig. D21**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Riga, Tallinn and Vilnius)

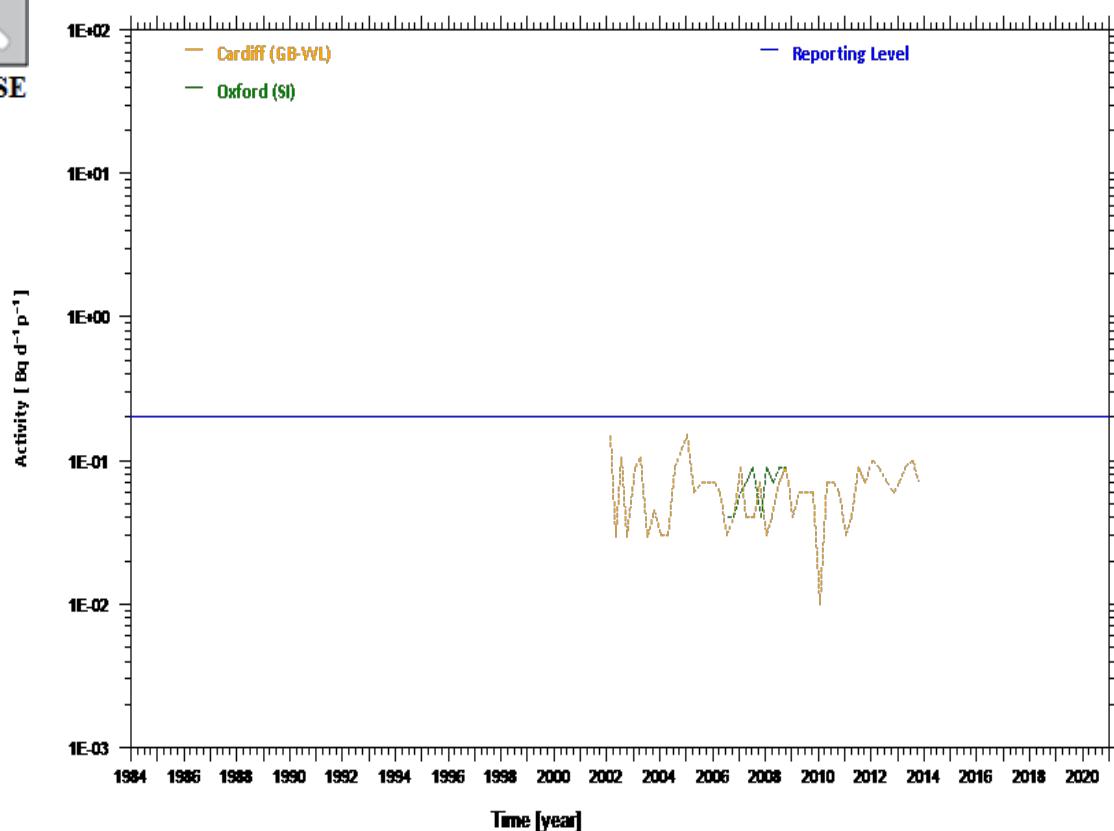


**Fig. D22**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Belfast and Dublin)

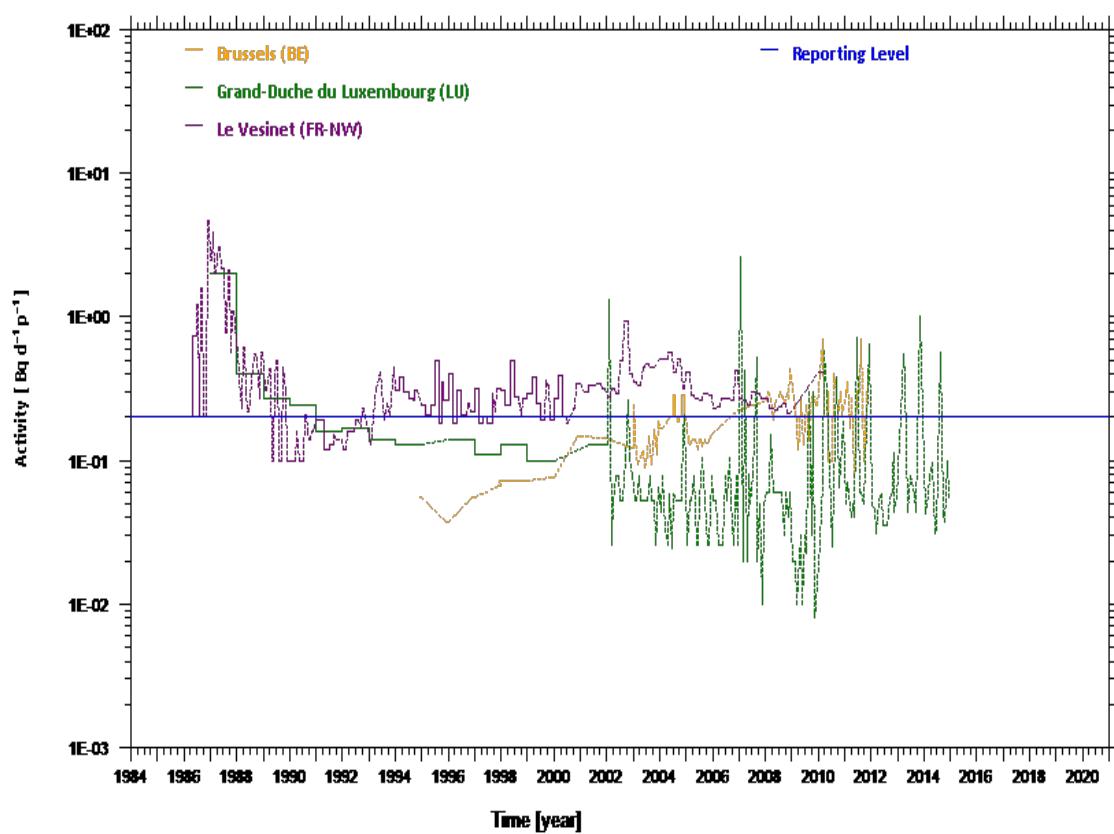


SPARSE



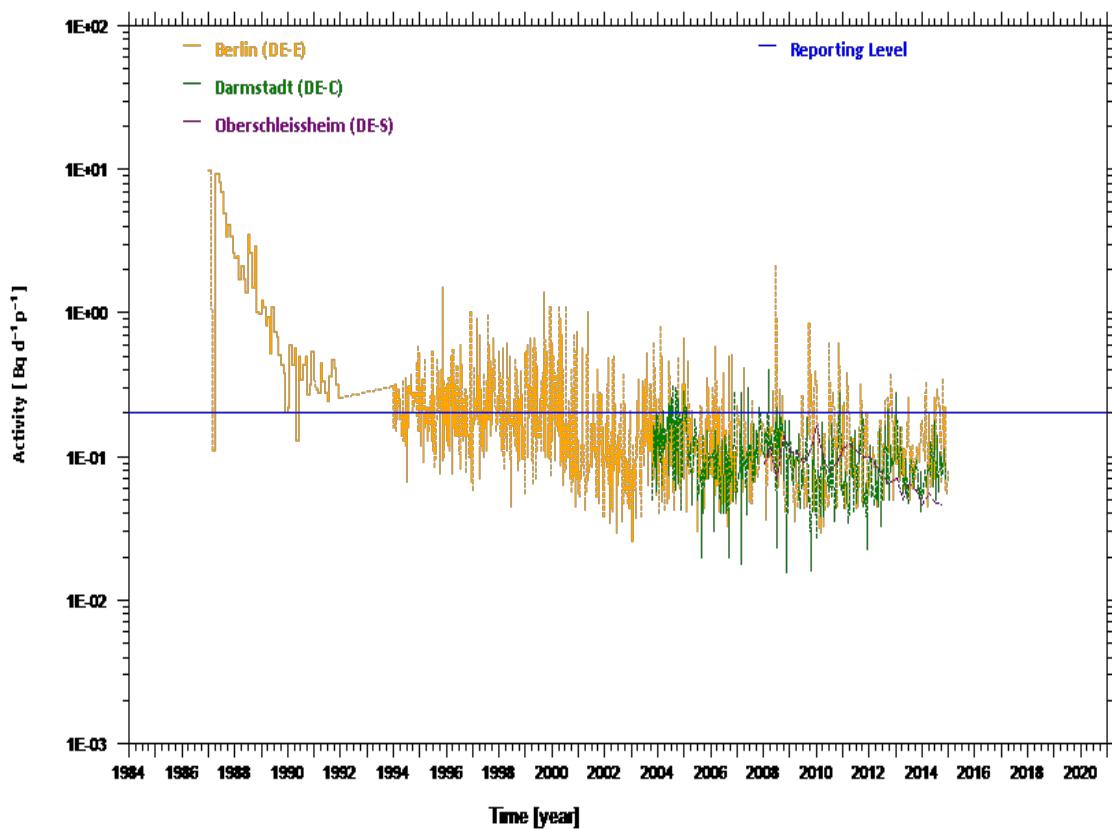
**Fig. D23**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Cardiff and Oxford)



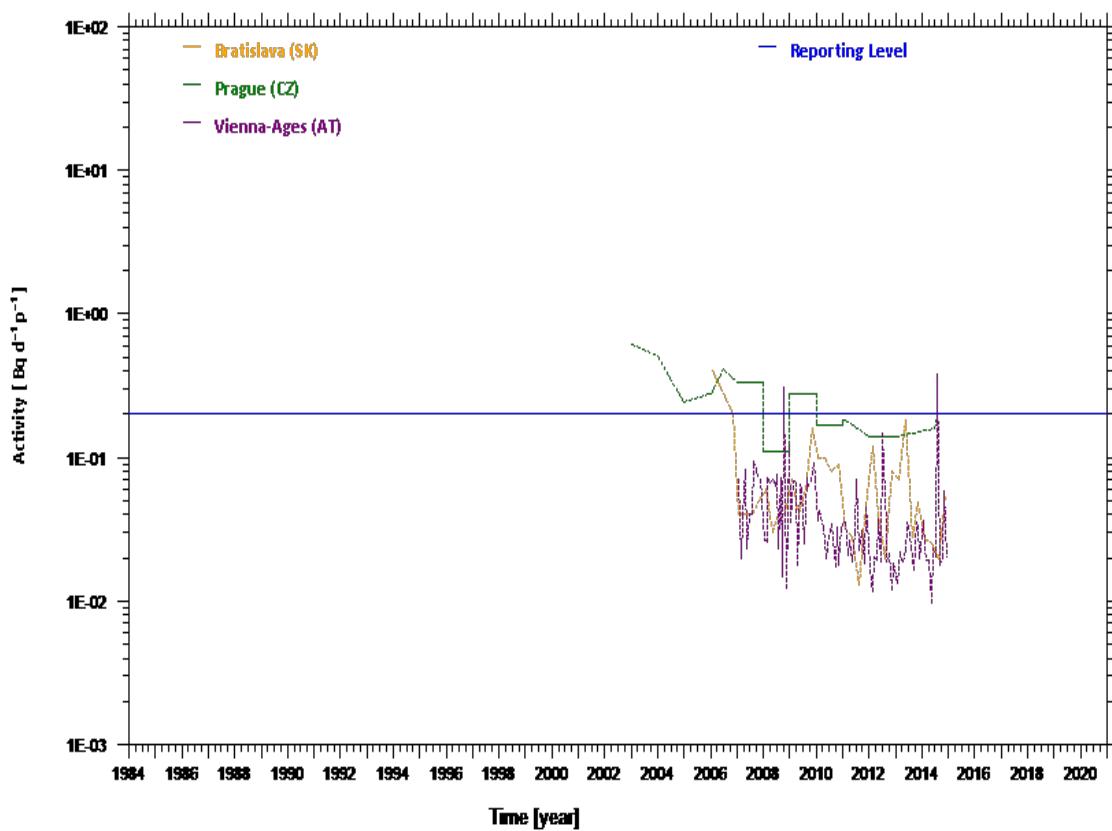
**Fig. D24**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Brussels, Grand-Duche du Luxembourg and Le Vesinet)



**Fig. D25**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Berlin, Darmstadt and Oberschleissheim)

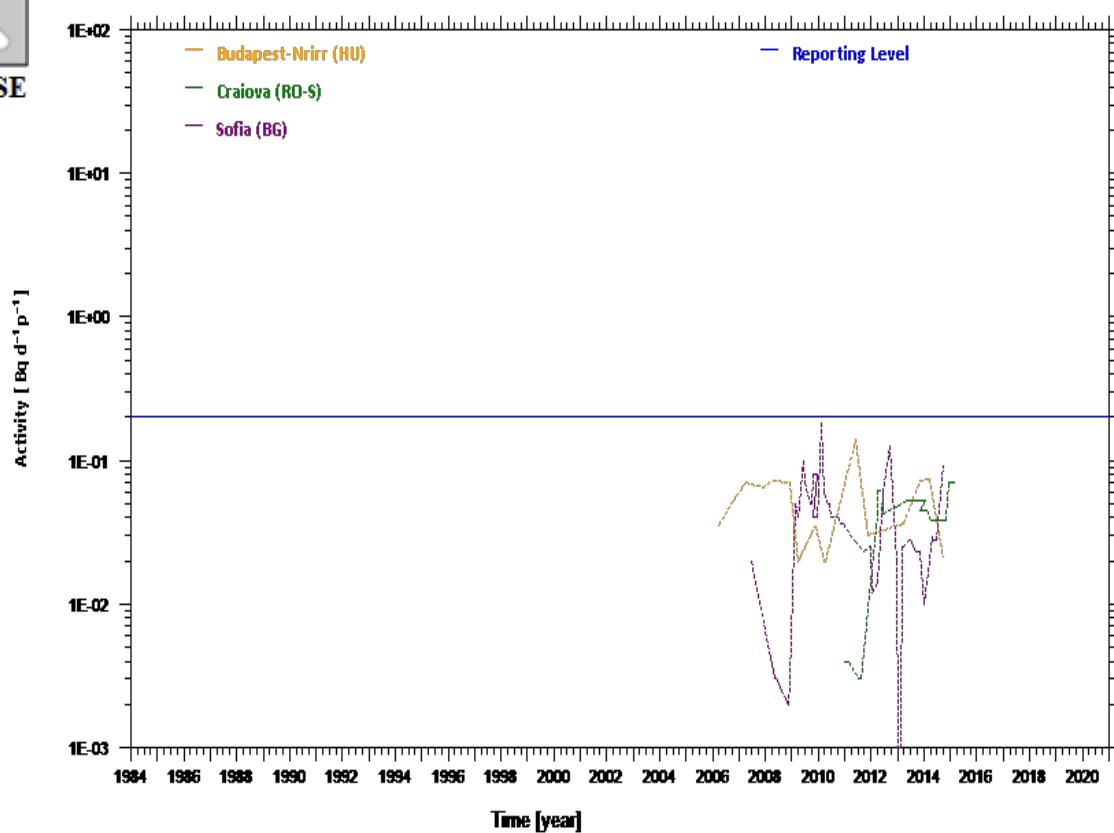


**Fig. D26**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Bratislava, Prague and Vienna-Ages)

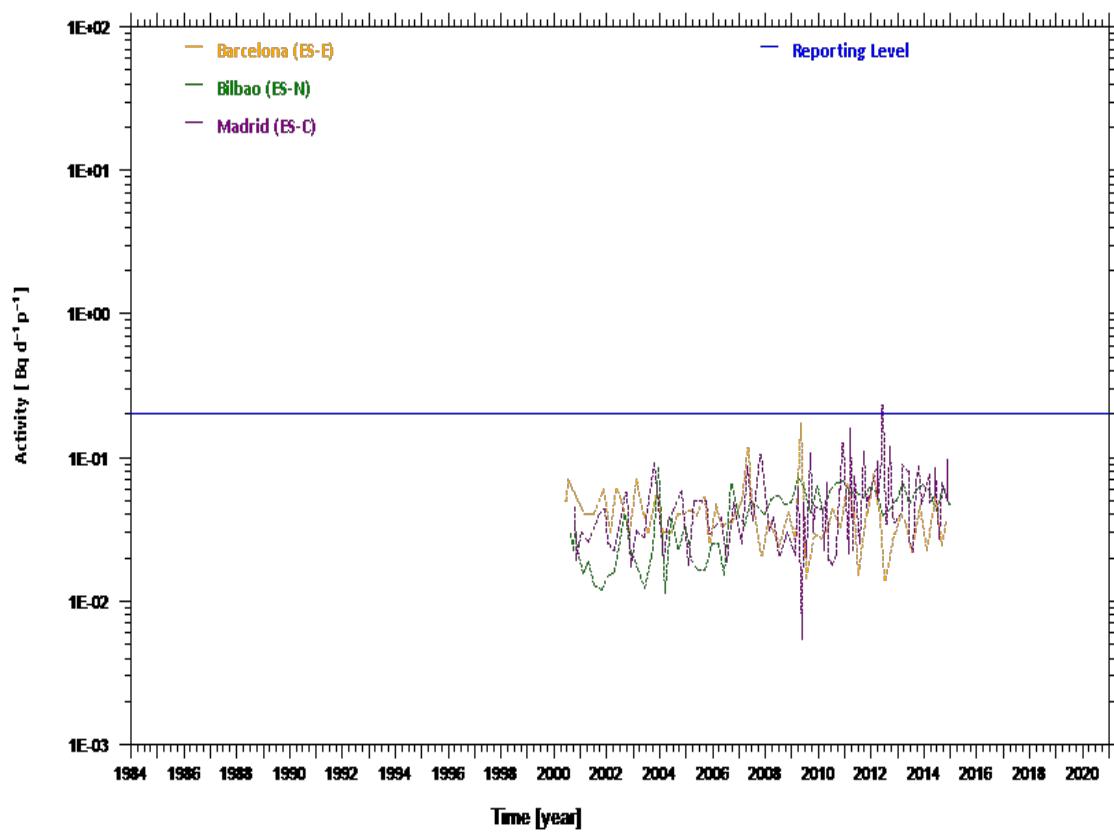


SPARSE



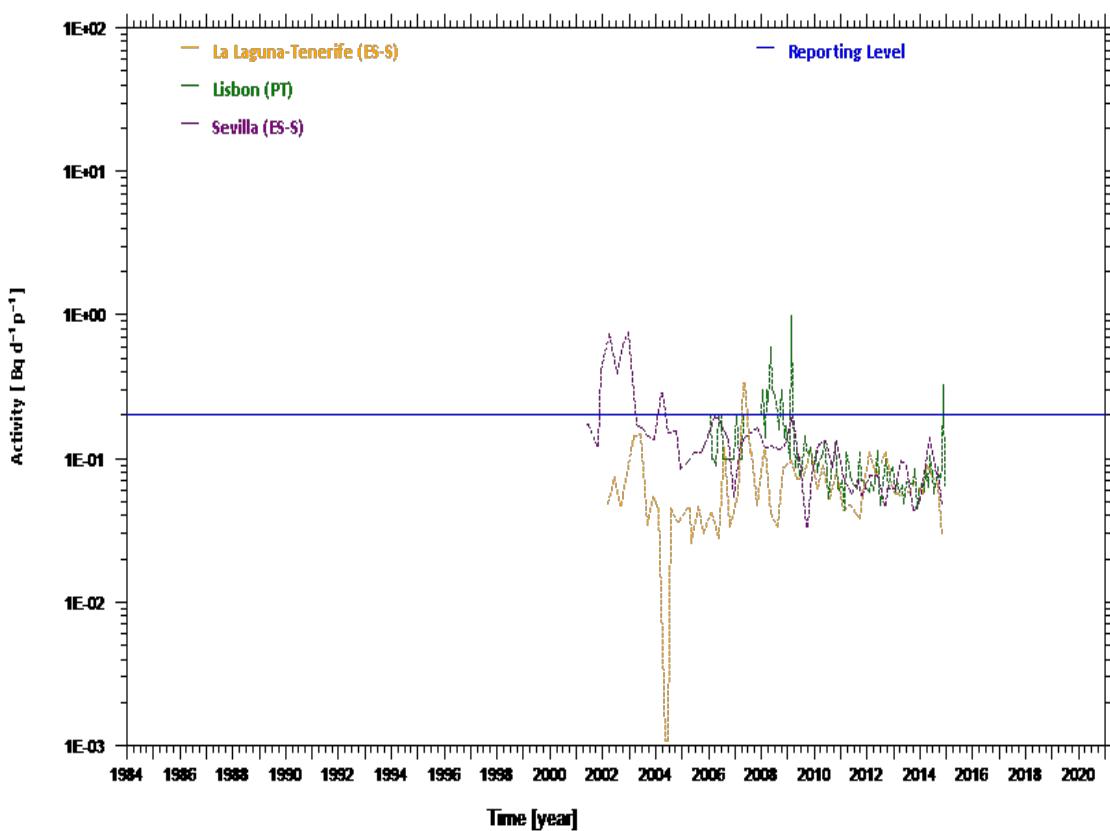
**Fig. D27**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Budapest-Nrerr, Craiova and Sofia)

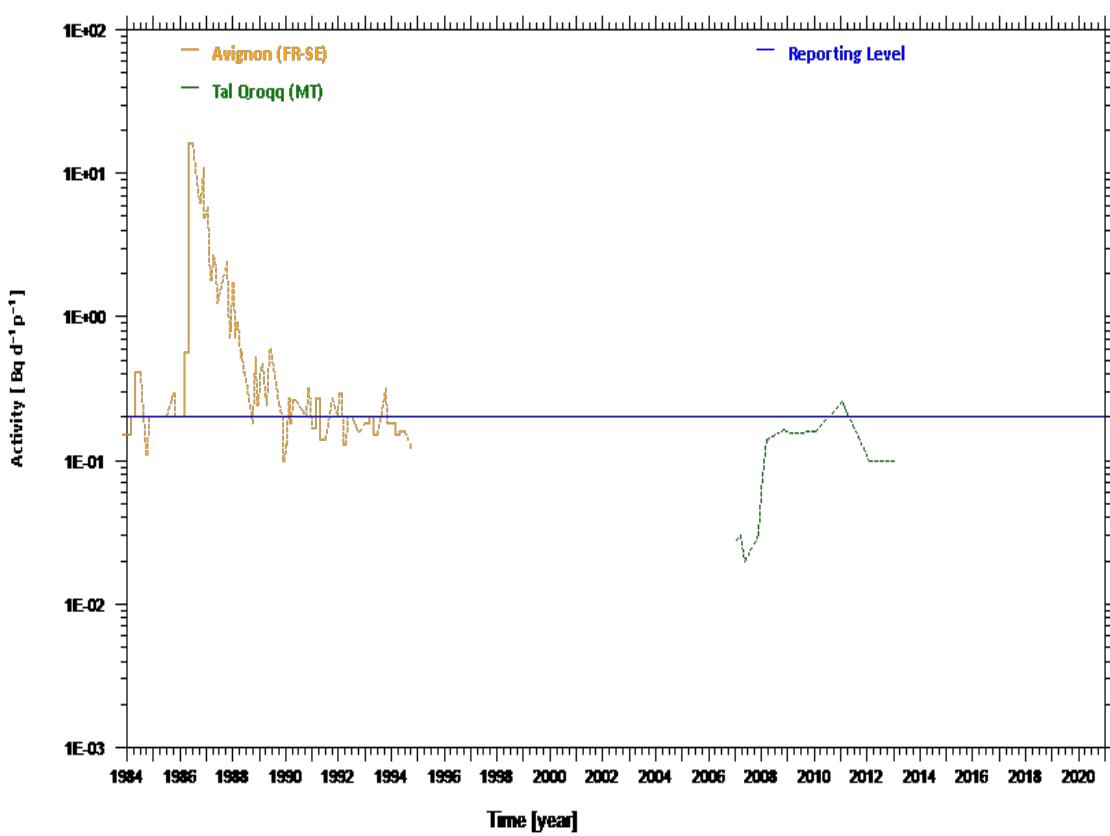


**Fig. D28**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Barcelona, Bilbao and Madrid)


**Fig. D29**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (La Laguna-Tenerife, Lisbon and Sevilla)


**Fig. D30**

Activity trends for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in mixed diet (Avignon and Tal Qroqq)

## Appendix A

### Origins and contents of Articles 35 and 36

The treaty establishing the European Atomic Energy Community (EURATOM) was signed in Rome on 25 March 1957. Title 2 of the Euratom Treaty sets out provisions for the encouragement of progress in the fields of nuclear energy.

Chapter III of Title 2 deals with Health and Safety matters.

Article 35 states: "Each Member State shall establish the facilities necessary to carry out continuous monitoring of the levels of radioactivity in the air, water and soil and to ensure compliance with the basic standards. The Community shall have the right of access to such facilities so that it may verify their operation and efficiency".

Article 36 states: "The appropriate authorities shall periodically communicate information on the checks referred to in Article 35 to the Community so that it is kept informed of the level of radioactivity to which the public is exposed".

### The Commission Recommendations to Article 36 of the Euratom Treaty (2000/473/Euratom)

In addition to articles 35 and 36 of the Euratom Treaty, a Commission Recommendation (2000/473/Euratom) has been published (OJ L191 of 27.7.2000) in view of providing more detailed information on which sample types and radionuclide categories EU Member States should report to the Commission. In addition, more practical information is provided on recommended procedures and the time frame in which this data transfer has to be done.

The Commission Recommendation provides supplementary information on the sampling locations and of the recommended sample types and radionuclide categories on which information should be transmitted. This is summarised in the two tables below.

Sample type	Sampling locations	Additional information requested
Airborne particulates	Vicinity of densely populated areas ensuring adequate geographical coverage	
External ambient gamma dose-rate		
Surface water	Major inland waters at places for which flow rate information is available and, if relevant, from coastal waters	Average flow rate during which the sample was taken
Drinking water	Compliant with the drinking water directive (98/83/EC) Major ground or surface water supplies and for water distribution networks	Annual water volume distributed or produced
Milk	Dairies, sufficiently spread to ensure a representative average	Production rate
Mixed diet	Separate ingredients from market places or local distribution centres Complete meals from large consumption centres (canteens, restaurants,...)	Composition of mixed diet

Media	Measurement category	
	Dense network	Sparse network
Airborne particulates	<sup>137</sup> Cs, gross beta	<sup>137</sup> Cs, <sup>7</sup> Be
Air	Ambient gamma dose rate	Ambient gamma dose rate
Surface water	<sup>137</sup> Cs, residual beta	<sup>137</sup> Cs
Drinking water	<sup>3</sup> H, <sup>90</sup> Sr, <sup>137</sup> Cs Natural radionuclides as monitored in compliance with Council Directive 98/83/EC	<sup>3</sup> H, <sup>90</sup> Sr, <sup>137</sup> Cs Natural radionuclides as monitored in compliance with Council Directive 98/83/EC
Milk	<sup>90</sup> Sr, <sup>137</sup> Cs	<sup>90</sup> Sr, <sup>137</sup> Cs, <sup>40</sup> K
Mixed diet	<sup>90</sup> Sr, <sup>137</sup> Cs	<sup>90</sup> Sr, <sup>137</sup> Cs, <sup>14</sup> C

## Appendix B

### Method for calculating the reporting levels

Reporting levels were used in the report with the aim to improve transparency when bringing together measurements as significant values and as constraint values. Uniform constraint levels have been defined on the basis of their significance from the health point of view, irrespective of the detection limits applied by the different laboratories. Although the calculation is based on a reference annual dose, it needs to be emphasized that the reporting levels are only meant to be a tool for transparent reporting and should not be confused with maximum permitted levels of radioactive contamination. The reporting level RL is derived as:

$$RL = \frac{DL}{RF \cdot EDC \cdot CF} \quad (1)$$

where: DL = annual dose limit, taken to be 1 millisievert [1]  
 RF = reduction factor of the dose limit, taken to 1000  
 EDC = effective dose coefficient in Sv/Bq  
 CF = annual consumption per person

Sample type	Radionuclide category	EDC [2] (Sv/Bq)	Annual consumption	Reporting level (rounded values)	
Air	gross $\beta$ (based on $^{90}\text{Sr}$ )	$2.4 \cdot 10^{-8}$	8030 $\text{m}^3$	[3]	$5.10^{-3} \text{ Bq m}^{-3}$
	$^{137}\text{Cs}$	$4.6 \cdot 10^{-9}$	8030 $\text{m}^3$	[3]	$3.10^{-2} \text{ Bq m}^{-3}$
Surface water	residual $\beta$ (based on $^{90}\text{Sr}$ )	$2.8 \cdot 10^{-8}$	60 $\text{l}$	*	$6.10^{-1} \text{ Bq l}^{-1}$
	$^{137}\text{Cs}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-8}$	60 $\text{l}$	*	$1.10^0 \text{ Bq l}^{-1}$
Drinking water	$^{3}\text{H}$	$1.8 \cdot 10^{-11}$	600 $\text{l}$	[4]	$1.10^{+2} \text{ Bq l}^{-1}$
	$^{90}\text{Sr}$	$2.8 \cdot 10^{-8}$	600 $\text{l}$	[4]	$6.10^{-2} \text{ Bq l}^{-1}$
	$^{137}\text{Cs}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-8}$	600 $\text{l}$	[4]	$1.10^{-1} \text{ Bq l}^{-1}$
Milk	$^{90}\text{Sr}$	$2.8 \cdot 10^{-8}$	200 $\text{l}$	[4]	$2.10^{-1} \text{ Bq l}^{-1}$
	$^{137}\text{Cs}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-8}$	200 $\text{l}$	[4]	$5.10^{-1} \text{ Bq l}^{-1}$
Mixed diet	$^{90}\text{Sr}$	$2.8 \cdot 10^{-8}$	365 $\text{d}$		$1.10^{-1} \text{ Bq d}^{-1} \text{ p}^{-1}$
	$^{137}\text{Cs}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-8}$	365 $\text{d}$		$2.10^{-1} \text{ Bq d}^{-1} \text{ p}^{-1}$

\* assumed to 10 % of the annual drinking water consumption

- [1] ICRP publication 60 : 1990 Recommendations of the ICRP, Pergamon Press (1991)
- [2] Basic Safety Standards (96/29/Euratom, Tables A and B)
- [3] ICRP publication 23 : Reference man: Anatomical, Physiological and Metabolic Characteristics, Pergamon Press (1975)
- [4] Commission of the European Communities, Post-Chernobyl Action 5, Underlying data for Derived Intervention Levels, EUR 12553 (1990)

The basic annual dose limit for the public equals 1 millisievert. This limit, decreased by a factor of thousand, i.e. 1 microsievert, can be regarded as having no radiological significance. Using a nominal probability coefficient of stochastic effects for the whole population of  $5.10^{-2}$  per sievert [1], taking only fatal cancers into consideration, this dose represents a radiological risk of  $5.10^{-8}$  per year.

Reporting levels are introduced only for artificial radionuclides ( $^{3}\text{H}$ ,  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ). The actual level for natural radionuclides ( $^{7}\text{Be}$ ) is indicated in the sparse network graphs. The values for the effective dose coefficient (values for adults were considered), the annual consumption and the rounded values of the reporting levels obtained by applying equation 1 are given in the table below.

## Appendix C

Methods for calculating time and geographical averages

Throughout the report average values were calculated as arithmetic averages with the calculating methods described below.

### Air [Bq/m<sup>3</sup>]

The average concentration A over a period T and within a geographical area G is calculated as follows:

$$\bar{A} = \frac{1}{N_l} \sum_{l=1}^{N_l} \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{ml}} a_{i,l} \Delta t_{i,l}}{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{ml}} \Delta t_{i,l}} \right) \quad (1)$$

where:  $a_{i,l}$  = the value of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  measurement with duration  $\Delta t_{i,l}$  at location l within G  
 $N_l$  = the number of locations within G  
 $N_{ml}$  = number of measurements at location l during T

### Surface water [Bq/l]

Only time averages for specific locations over a period T are taken. The following formula is used:

$$\bar{S} = \frac{1}{N_m} \sum_{i=1}^{N_m} s_i \quad (2)$$

where:  $s_i$  = value of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  measurement  
 $N_m$  = number of measurements during T

### Drinking water and milk [Bq/l]

The average drinking water concentration W, respectively milk concentration M, over a period of time T and within a geographical area G is calculated as follows:

$$\bar{W} = \frac{1}{N_l} \sum_{l=1}^{N_l} \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{ml}} w_{i,l} \Delta t_{i,l}}{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{ml}} \Delta t_{i,l}} \right) \text{ or } \bar{M} = \frac{1}{N_l} \sum_{l=1}^{N_l} \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{ml}} m_{i,l} \Delta t_{i,l}}{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{ml}} \Delta t_{i,l}} \right) \quad (3)$$

where  $w_{i,l}$  = value of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  drinking water measurement performed at location l within G  
 $m_{i,l}$  = value of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  milk measurement performed at location l within G  
 $N_l$  = number of locations within G  
 $N_{ml}$  = number of measurements at location l during T

### Mixed diet [Bq/d.p.]

The average mixed diet concentration D over a period of time T and within a geographical area G is calculated as follows:

$$\bar{D} = \frac{1}{N_l} \sum_{l=1}^{N_l} \left( \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{ml}} d_{i,l} \Delta t_{i,l}}{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{ml}} \Delta t_{i,l}} \right) \quad (4)$$

where:  $d_{i,l}$  = the value of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  measurement with duration  $\Delta t_{i,l}$  at location l within G  
 $N_l$  = the number of locations within G  
 $N_{ml}$  = number of measurements at location l during T

### Comments

In this report the basic period T is taken to be one month. Quarterly averages were obtained by averaging the corresponding monthly averages. When the available data do not allow the calculation of quarterly averages, semestrial or annual averages are taken.

In most cases data are taken from national reports where, very often, time or space averages are already given. Hence the quantities a, s, w, m and d are sometimes averages themselves, and the calculated averages A, S, W, M and D may only be an approximation of the true average values.

Since the number of measurements per month or region is not always the same, to avoid untoward biases, quarterly and annual regional averages are taken as the mean of the corresponding monthly and quarterly averages respectively. National averages are obtained in the same way starting from the mean of the corresponding monthly regional averages.

## Appendix D

Addresses of national competent authorities and main laboratories

### Austria

Bundesministerium für Land- und Forstwirtschaft,  
Umwelt und Wasserwirtschaft  
Abteilung V/7 Strahlenschutz  
Radetzkystraße 2  
A-1031 Wien  
[www.bmifuw.at](http://www.bmifuw.at)

Bundesministerium für Gesundheit  
Abteilung III Strahlenschutz  
Radetzkystraße 2  
A-1031 Wien  
[www.bmg.gv.at](http://www.bmg.gv.at)

Österreichische Agentur für Gesundheit und  
Ernährungssicherheit  
Kompetenzzentrum für Strahlenschutz und  
Radiochemie  
Spargelfeldstraße 191  
A-1226 Wien  
[www.ages.at](http://www.ages.at)

### Belgium

Federal Agency for Nuclear Control (FANC)  
Ravenstein street 36  
B - 1000 Brussels  
[www.fanc.fgov.be](http://www.fanc.fgov.be)

SCK-CEN  
Boeretang 200  
B - 2400 Mol  
[www.sckcen.be](http://www.sckcen.be)

IRE  
Zoning Industriel  
Avenue de l'Espérance  
B – 6220 Fleurus  
[www.ire.eu](http://www.ire.eu)

### Bulgaria

Executive Environment Agency  
136, Tsar Boris III blvd  
[1618 Sofia](http://1618.sofia)

National Center of Radiobiology and Radiation  
Protection  
3, Georgi Sofiiski Blvd  
1606 Sofia  
<http://www.ncrrp.org>

### Croatia

Ministry of the Interior, Civil Protection Directorate  
Nehajnska 5  
HR-10000 Zagreb, CROATIA  
<https://civilna-zastita.gov.hr/>

Institute for Medical Research and Occupational  
Health  
Ksaverska cesta 2, POB 291  
HR-10001 Zagreb, CROATIA  
<https://www.imi.hr/en/>

### Cyprus

Radiation Inspection and Control Service  
Department of Labour Inspection  
12, Apellis Street  
1493 Nicosia  
[www.mlsi.gov.cy/dli](http://www.mlsi.gov.cy/dli)

State General Laboratory  
44, Kimonos Street  
1451 Nicosia  
[www.moh.gov.cy/sql](http://www.moh.gov.cy/sql)

### Czech Republic

Státní úřad pro jadernou bezpečnost  
Senovážné nám. 9  
CZ-11000 Praha 1  
[www.sujb.cz](http://www.sujb.cz)

Státní ústav radiační ochrany  
Bartoškova 28  
CZ-14000 Praha 4  
[www.suro.cz](http://www.suro.cz)

### Denmark

Technical University of Denmark  
DTU Environment  
Radioecology and Tracer Studies Group  
Climate and Monitoring  
Frederiksborgvej 399, Building 201  
4000 Roskilde  
[www.dtu.dk](http://www.dtu.dk)

### Estonia

Environmental Board  
Roheline 64  
80010 Pärnu  
<https://keskkonnaamet.ee/en>

### Finland

Radiation and Nuclear Safety Authority (STUK)

Research and Environmental Surveillance  
P.O. Box 14  
FIN-00881 Helsinki  
[www.stuk.fi](http://www.stuk.fi)

H-1221 Budapest  
[www.osski.hu/index\\_en.php](http://www.osski.hu/index_en.php)

## France

Autorité de Sûreté Nucléaire (ASN)  
15 Rue Louis Lejeune  
F - 92120 Montrouge  
[www ASN.fr](http://www ASN.fr)

Institut de Radioprotection et de Sûreté Nucléaire  
Pôle santé et environnement  
Direction de l'environnement  
31, rue de l'Ecluse  
B.P. 40035  
F - 78116 Le Vesinet  
[www IRSN.fr](http://www IRSN.fr)

Public Health and Medical Officer Service (ÁNTSZ)  
Gyáli út 2-6  
H-1097 Budapest  
[www antsz.hu](http://www antsz.hu)

Ministry of Agriculture  
National Food Chain Safety Office, Food Chain Safety  
Laboratory Directoratw  
Radiological Reference Laboratory  
Fogoly utca 13-15  
H-1182 Budapest  
<https://www.nebih.gov.hu/en>

Ministry of Environment and Water (KvVM):  
"Dél-dunántúli Környezetvédelmi, Természetvédelmi  
és Vízügyi Felügyelőség"  
(DDKTVF)  
Papnövelde u. 13  
H-7621 Pécs  
[www ddkvf.hu](http://www ddkvf.hu)

## Germany

Bundesministerium für Umwelt, Naturschutz, nukleare  
Sicherheit und Verbraucherschutz  
Referat S II 5  
Postfach 120 629  
D - 53048 Bonn  
[www bmub.bund.de](http://www bmub.bund.de)

Hungarian Atomic Energy Authority  
Fényes Adolf utca 4  
H-1036 Budapest  
[www oah.hu](http://www oah.hu)

Deutscher Wetterdienst - Zentrale  
Frankfurter Straße 135  
D - 63067 Offenbach am Main  
[www dwd.de](http://www dwd.de)

Nuclear Power Plant Paks  
H-7031 Paks, P.O.B.: 71  
<http://www atomeromu.hu/hu/Lapok/default.aspx>

Bundesamt für Strahlenschutz  
Referat PB 3  
Ingolstädter Landstraße 1  
D - 85764 Oberschleißheim  
[www bfs.de](http://www bfs.de)

## Ireland

Environment Protection Agency  
Johnstown Castle Estate  
Wexford, Y35 W821  
Ireland  
[www epa.ie](http://www epa.ie)

## Greece

Greek Atomic Energy Commission  
PO Box 60092  
GR - 15341 Aghia Paraskevi, Attiki  
<http://en.eeae.gr>

## Italy

ISIN - National Inspectorate for Nuclear Safety and  
Radiation Protection  
Via Capitan Bavastro 116  
I - 00154 Roma  
<https://www.isinucleare.it>

## Hungary

Ministry of Health (EüM)  
Frédéric Joliot-Curie National Research Institute for  
Radiobiology and Radiohygiene (OSSKI)  
Anna u. 5.

## Latvia

Latvian Environment, Geology and Meteorology  
Agency  
Maskavas 165,  
Riga, LV-1019  
[www.lvgma.gov.lv](http://www.lvgma.gov.lv)

Food and Veterinary Service  
Peldu 30  
Riga, LV-1050

[www.pvd.gov.lv](http://www.pvd.gov.lv)

National Diagnostic Centre  
Lejupes 3  
Riga, LV-1076  
[www.ndc.gov.lv](http://www.ndc.gov.lv)

#### Lithuania

Environmental Protection Agency  
Environment Research Department  
Radiology Division  
Juozapavicius 9  
LT- 09311, Vilnius  
[www.gamta.lt](http://www.gamta.lt)

Radiation Protection Center  
Division of Radiological Investigations  
Kalvariju 153  
LT-08352, Vilnius  
[www.rsc.lt](http://www.rsc.lt)

National Food and Veterinary Risk Assessment Institute (former National Food and Veterinary Laboratory)  
Radiology section  
J.Kairiukscio 10  
LT-08409 Vilnius  
[www.nmvri.lt](http://www.nmvri.lt)

#### Luxembourg

Direction de la Santé  
Division de la Radioprotection  
Villa Louvigny  
Allée Marconi  
L - 2120 Luxembourg  
[www.sante.lu](http://www.sante.lu)

#### Malta

Radiation Protection Commission  
Unit F22  
Mosta Technopark  
Mosta  
MST 3000  
[www.gov.mt](http://www.gov.mt)

#### the Netherlands

WFSR - Wageningen University and Research  
Landelijk Meetnet Radioactiviteit in Voedsel  
PO Box 230  
NL - 6700 AE Wageningen  
[www.wur.nl](http://www.wur.nl)

Autoriteit Nucleaire Veiligheid en Stralingsbescherming  
Koningskade 5  
Postbus 16001

2500 BA Den Haag  
[www.autoriteitnvs.nl](http://www.autoriteitnvs.nl)

RIVM - National Institute for Health and the Environment  
Centrum Veiligheid  
Postbus 1  
NL - 3720 BA Bilthoven  
[www.rivm.nl](http://www.rivm.nl)

#### Poland

Central Laboratory for Radiological Protection  
7, Konwaliowa Str.  
03-194 Warsaw  
[www.clor.waw.pl](http://www.clor.waw.pl)

National Atomic Energy Agency  
17, Bonifraterska  
00-220 Warsaw  
[www.paa.gov.pl](http://www.paa.gov.pl)

#### Portugal

Instituto Superior Técnico  
Campus Tecnológico e Nuclear  
Laboratório de Proteção e Segurança Radiológica  
Estrada Nacional 10 (km 139.7)  
2695-066 Bobadela LRS  
[www.itn.pt](http://www.itn.pt)

#### Romania

National Reference Laboratory Directorate  
National Environmental Protection Agency  
294, Splaiul Independentei Street  
Sector 6  
Bucharest  
[www.anpm.ro](http://www.anpm.ro)

#### Slovak Republic

Public Health Authority of the Slovak republic  
Trnavska 52,  
P.O.BOX 45  
826 45 Bratislava  
[www.uvzs.sk](http://www.uvzs.sk)

Regional Public Health Authority based in Košice  
Ipeľská 1  
040 11 Košice  
[www.ruvzke.sk](http://www.ruvzke.sk)

Regional Public Health Authority based in Banská Bystrica  
Cesta k nemocnici 1  
975 56 Banská Bystrica  
[www.vzbb.sk](http://www.vzbb.sk)

## Slovenia

Uprava Republike Slovenije za jedrsko varnost  
(Slovenian Nuclear Safety Administration)  
Litostrojska cesta 54  
SI-1000 Ljubljana  
[www.ursjv.gov.si](http://www.ursjv.gov.si)

Uprava Republike Slovenije za varstvo pred sevanji  
(Slovenian Radiation Protection Administration)  
Ajdovščina 4  
SI-1000 Ljubljana  
[www.uvps.gov.si](http://www.uvps.gov.si)

Institut Jožef Stefan (Jožef Stefan Institute)  
Jamova cesta 39  
SI-1000 Ljubljana  
[www.ijz.si](http://www.ijz.si)

Zavod za varstvo pri delu (Institute of Occupational Safety)  
Pot k izviru 6  
SI-1260 Ljubljana-Polje  
[www.zvd.si](http://www.zvd.si)

## Spain

Consejo de Seguridad Nuclear  
Justo Dorado, 11  
E - 28040 Madrid  
[www.csn.es](http://www.csn.es)

Ministerio de Fomento  
Centro de Estudios y Experimentación de Obras Públicas (CEDEX)  
Alfonso XII, 3  
E - 28014 Madrid  
[www.cedex.es](http://www.cedex.es)

Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas, Medioambientales y Tecnológicas (CIEMAT)  
Avenida Complutense, 22  
E- 28040 Madrid  
[www.ciemat.es](http://www.ciemat.es)

## Sweden

Swedish Defense Research Agency  
S-164 90 Stockholm  
[www.foi.se](http://www.foi.se)

Swedish Radiation Safety Authority  
S-171 16 Stockholm  
[www.ssm.se](http://www.ssm.se)

## United Kingdom

Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs  
(Defra)

2C Ergon House,  
17 Smith Square,  
London SW1P 3JR  
[www.defra.gov.uk](http://www.defra.gov.uk)

Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA)  
Strathallan House  
The Castle Business Park  
Stirling FK9 4TZ  
[www.sepa.org.uk](http://www.sepa.org.uk)

Northern Ireland Environment Agency  
Industrial Pollution and Radiochemical Inspectorate  
Klondyke Building  
Cromac Avenue  
Lower Ormeau Road  
Belfast BT7 2JA  
[www.daera-ni.gov.uk/northern-ireland-environment-agency](http://www.daera-ni.gov.uk/northern-ireland-environment-agency)

The Veterinary Laboratories Agency  
New Haw  
Addlestone  
Surrey KT15 3NB  
[www.defra.gov.uk/vla](http://www.defra.gov.uk/vla)

UKHSA  
Centre for Radiation, Chemical and Environmental Hazards  
Radiation Protection Division  
Chilton  
Didcot  
Oxon OX11 0RQ  
[www.gov.uk/government/organisations/uk-health-security-agency](http://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/uk-health-security-agency)

UK Health Protection Agency (UKHSA)  
Centre for Radiation, Chemical and Environmental Hazards Scotland  
155 Hardgate Road  
Glasgow G51 4LS  
[www.gov.uk/government/organisations/uk-health-security-agency](http://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/uk-health-security-agency)

The Centre for Environment, Fisheries and Aquaculture Science (CEFAS)  
Lowestoft Laboratory  
Pakefield Road  
Lowestoft  
Suffolk NR33 0HT  
[www.Cefas.co.uk](http://www.Cefas.co.uk)

AMEC  
Winfirth  
Dorset DT2 8DH  
[www.amec.com](http://www.amec.com)

LGC  
Queens Rd  
Teddington  
Middlesex TW11 0LY  
[www.lgc.co.uk](http://www.lgc.co.uk)

## **Appendix E**

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#### **Bulgaria**

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Pia Vesterbacka – Radiation and Nuclear Safety Authority STUK, Surveillance of Environmental Radiation in Finland, Annual report 2013, STUK-B 174/ 2014

#### **Denmark**

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Pia Vesterbacka – Radiation and Nuclear Safety Authority STUK, Surveillance of Environmental Radiation in Finland, Annual report 2014, STUK-B 190/ 2015

#### **Estonia**

A. Polt, Environmental Board, Climate and Radiation Department (personal communications)

#### **France**

F. Leprieur and G. Manificat, Institut de Radioprotection et de Sûreté Nucléaire (IRSN), Le Vesinet; (personal communications)

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#### **Finland**

E. Kostiainen and K. Vesterbacka, Radiation and Nuclear Safety Authority, Research and Environmental Surveillance, Helsinki (personal communications)

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### **Greece**

A. Maltezos - Greek Atomic Energy Commission, Athens (personal communications)

### **Hungary**

Á. Vincze, Hungarian Atomic Energy Authority, Budapest; P. Herczeg and G. Szabo, Ministry of Health, OSSKI, Budapest (personal communications)

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### **Italy**

G. Torri, S. Fontani and G. Menna - ISPRA - Institute for Environmental Protection and Research (personal communications)

### **Latvia**

A. Kirillova - Latvian Environment, Geology and Meteorology Agency; D. Šatrovska, Department of Environmental Protection; I.Krēvica, National Diagnostic Centre, (personal communications)

### **Lithuania**

B. Vilimaite Silobritiene - Environmental Protection Agency, Vilnius; R. Ladygiene and A. Orientene, Radiation Protection Centre, Vilnius; P. Drulia - National Food and Veterinary Risk Assessment Institute (former National Food and Veterinary Laboratory) (personal communications)

### **Luxembourg**

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P. Brejza and J. Cremona, Radiation Protection Board Commission (personal communications)

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### **Poland**

J. Klimowicz, National Atomic Energy Agency (personal communications)

### **Portugal**

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M.J. Madruga, Instituto Tecnológico e Nuclear (ITN), Unidade de Proteção e Segurança Radiológica (UPSR) (personal communications)

Instituto Superior Técnico, Campus Tecnológico e Nuclear, Laboratório de Proteção e Segurança Radiológica Programas de Monitorização Radiológica Ambiental (Ano 2012) Relatório LPSR-A, nº 40/14 ISBN 978-989-96542-8-0

Instituto Superior Técnico, Campus Tecnológico e Nuclear, Laboratório de Proteção e Segurança Radiológica Programas de Monitorização Radiológica Ambiental (Ano 2013) Relatório LPSR-A, nº 41/15 ISBN 978-989-96542-9-7

Instituto Superior Técnico, Campus Tecnológico e Nuclear, Laboratório de Proteção e Segurança Radiológica Programas de Monitorização Radiológica Ambiental (Ano 2014) Relatório LPSR-A, nº 42/116 ISBN 978-989-20-6528-1

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Ivan Klenovič, Public Health Authority of the Slovak republic; (personal communications)

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Environment Agency, Northern Ireland Environment Agency, Food Standards Agency and Scottish Environment Protection Agency; Radioactivity in Food and the Environment, 2008; RIFE-14, November 2009, ISSN 1365-6414

Environment Agency, Northern Ireland Environment Agency, Food Standards Agency and Scottish Environment Protection Agency; Radioactivity in Food and the Environment, 2009; RIFE-15, October 2010, ISSN 1365-6414

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## **APPENDIX F**

### **The REM Data bank**

After the accident at Chernobyl, a task Force was created by the relevant Directorates of the European Commission (EC) to re-examine all aspects of nuclear safety. The necessity of interpreting a large number of data on environmental radioactivity led to the creation of the REM (Radioactivity Environmental Monitoring) data bank at the Joint Research Centre, Ispra in Italy for holding data on the contamination resulting from the Chernobyl accident.

At a meeting with Member State representatives for the purposes of Articles 35 and 36 of the Euratom Treaty (Luxembourg, October 1987), it was decided to take advantage of the informatic structure of the REM data bank to streamline the various formats adopted in the EU for reporting routine environmental measurements and to prepare the EC report concerning these data in a more systematic way.

The information in REM largely concerns radioactivity levels in Europe of air, deposition, water, milk, meat, crops and vegetables from 1.1.1984 and is continuously being updated. Each data record contains information describing the sample measurement (value, nuclide, etc.), the sample type, location and date of sampling and source of the data.

The REM Data bank contains more than 5,000,000 data records as of October 2022.

For further information please contact:  
**JRC-REMDBSUPPORT@EC.EUROPA.EU**

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# Glossary

<b>ABSORBED DOSE</b>	The amount of energy imparted by the ionising radiation to unit mass of absorbing material. It is expressed in gray, Gy. (1 Gy = 1 Joule per kilogram).
<b>ACTIVITY</b>	The amount of a radionuclide at a given time. It expresses the rate at which radioactive transformations occur. The unit of measurement is the becquerel, Bq. (1 Bq = one transformation per second).
<b>ALPHA PARTICLE</b>	A particle, consisting of two protons and two neutrons, which is emitted from the nucleus of certain radionuclides.
<b>ATOM</b>	The smallest portion of an element that can combine chemically with other atoms. see Activity.
<b>BECQUEREL</b>	
<b>BETA PARTICLE</b>	High energy electron which is emitted from the nucleus of certain radionuclides.
<b>CONSTRAINT VALUE</b>	Activity value known to be less than a certain value.
<b>COSMIC RAYS</b>	High energy ionising radiation from outer space.
<b>DOSE</b>	The term used either for individual absorbed dose or effective dose.
<b>DOSE LIMIT</b>	Recommended by the ICRP and authorised by regulatory authorities to apply to occupational and public exposure.
<b>EFFECTIVE DOSE</b>	Weighted sum of the equivalent doses to the various organs or tissues. The weighing factors are derived from the risk of stochastic effect to the individual tissue or organ. The unit of measurement is the sievert, Sv.
<b>ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING</b>	The application of automatic or mobile equipment to measure the activity in the environment of a release of radioactivity. The parameters usually include the activity of air, ground deposition, river water, drinking water and milk.
<b>EQUIVALENT DOSE</b>	The quantity obtained by multiplying the absorbed dose by a factor to take into account the relative harmfulness of the various types of ionising radiations. The unit is the sievert, Sv. One sievert produces the same biological effect irrespective of the type of radiation.
<b>GAMMA RAY</b>	A quantity of ionising electromagnetic radiation which is emitted by certain radionuclides.
<b>GRAY</b>	See Absorbed Dose.
<b>GROSS BETA</b>	The total measured beta activity in a sample. Depending on the measurement methodology it may exclude tritium and/or radon.
<b>HALF-LIFE</b>	The time taken for the activity of a radionuclide to lose half of its value by decay. Also referred to as "physical half-life".
<b>ICRP</b>	The International Commission on Radiological Protection is a non-governmental scientific organisation which publishes recommendations on radiation protection.
<b>IONISING RADIATION</b>	Radiation which has sufficient energy to produce ionisation in matter; includes alpha particles, beta particles, gamma rays, X-rays and neutrons (neutrons cause ionisation indirectly).
<b>ISOTOPE</b>	Nuclides of the same element but with different number of neutrons.
<b>NATURAL BACKGROUND</b>	The radiation field due to naturally occurring radioactivity. It includes radiation arising from the presence of long-lived radionuclides and their daughters in the earth's crust, atmosphere and cosmic radiation.
<b>NEUTRON</b>	An elementary particle with no electric charge which combines with protons to form an atomic nucleus.
<b>PROTON</b>	An elementary particle with positive electric charge. The amount of protons in an atomic nucleus determines the chemical element.
<b>RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION</b>	The undesirable presence of unsealed radioactive materials on surfaces, in air or in water.
<b>RADIOACTIVE DECAY</b>	The decay of a radionuclide by the spontaneous transformation of the nuclides, at a rate represented by the half-life. The rate is expressed as the activity in becquerel, Bq, indicating the number of transformations per second.
<b>RADIONUCLIDE</b>	A species of atom characterised by the number of protons and neutrons (and sometimes by the energy state of the nucleus), and which emits ionising radiation. It is described by the element and the total amount of protons and neutrons (eg caesium-137).
<b>RADON</b>	A naturally occurring radioactive element and the heaviest noble gas. Radon-222 and Radon-220 (also called thoron) are the most important isotopes.
<b>REPORTING LEVEL</b>	Value below which average Activity levels are not quoted exactly in this Monitoring Report.
<b>RESIDUAL BETA</b>	Gross beta activity minus potassium-40 ( $^{40}\text{K}$ ), which is the major natural beta emitting component in surface water.
<b>SIEVERT</b>	See equivalent Dose and Effective Dose.



European Commission

## EUR 31338 – Environmental Radioactivity in the European Community 2012 - 2014

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Quarterly average values of radioactivity levels in airborne particulates, surface water, drinking water, milk and mixed diet are reported for the twenty-eight countries of the European Union (sparse and dense network) for the years 2012-2014.

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