

Work Package 3: "Modeling"

openETCS Architecture and Design Specification

Software Component Design and Internal Interface Specification

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Work Package 3: “Modeling”**OETCS/WP3/D3.5.3
August 2015**

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Software Component Design and Internal Interface Specification

Document approbation

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Architecture and Design Specification

Abstract: This document describes the architecture and design specification of the openETCS onboard unit (OBU) model. The functional scope of the openETCS OBU model is to cover the functionality required for running on the ETCS level 2 Utrecht Amsterdam track. The OBU model is developed iteratively and the system model is documented in D3.5.x and the functional model is documented in D3.5.x, where x denotes the iteration.

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Modification History

| Version | Sections | Modification / Description | Author | Date |
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| 0.1 | all | Initial document providing structure | Peter Mahlmann | 27.05.2015 |
| 0.2 | 2 | New template for design descriptions | Peter Mahlmann | 10.06.2015 |
| 0.3 | all | Transferred existing documentation to new template | Peter Mahlmann | 22.06.2015 |

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1 Introduction

A primary goal of the openETCS ITEA2 project is to provide a formal specification and a non-vital reference implementation of an ETCS onboard unit (OBU) according to the specification described in Subset-026 [1], defined by the European Railway Agency (ERA).

5 This deliverable, i.e. D3.5.x, describes the architecture and design specification of the openETCS onboard (OBU) model. As the development of the OBU model is done iteratively according to a SCRUM process, the last digit of the deliverable identifier, i.e. x, denotes the current iteration of the model. This document should be considered as a complement to the following project outcomes respectively deliverables:

- 10 • the corresponding SysML and SCADE models, available at <https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System>,
- the corresponding functional design description, i.e. D3.6.x, and
- the documentation of the generic openETCS Application Programming Interface (API), available at <https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/blob/master/API/description/api-description.pdf>.
- 15

1.1 Input Documents

The following documents have been the basis for the analysis, functional decomposition, and design of the openETCS OBU model:

- ERA Subset-026 [1]
- 20 • ERA TSI CCS Documents
- openETCS API documentation, available at <https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/blob/master/API/description/api-description.pdf>
- openETCS requirements, i.e. D2.1...9, available at <https://github.com/openETCS/requirements/tree/master/Reference>

list has to be completed

1.2 25 Software and Tools used for Development

The following software and tools have been used in the openETCS development process:

list and descriptions have to be checked for completeness

SCADE System Version 16.1b of SCADE System has been used for the the generation of SysML models.

30 **SCADE Suite** Version 16.1b of SCADE Suite has been used for the functional modelling of the openETCS OBU components. Executable models are generated via the SCADE Suite code generator (KCG), which has been certified for CENELEC EN 50128 at SIL 3/4.

SCADE Display Version 16.1b of SCADE Display has been used for the development of the Driver Machine Interface (DMI).

35 **GitHub** The web based Git repository hosting service GitHub has been used for distributed revision control and source code respectively model management.

1.3 General Remarks on the openETCS OBU Model

The openETCS OBU model has been developed according the specification given in ERA Subset-026 [1]. The software release of the openETCS OBU documented and described in this document is publicly available at <https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model>
40 and refers to the commit corresponding to the following hashtag:

1c06cc2d4a0d8f27569e065e2a9edf924b453ff1

In particular, the root of the SCADE System SysML model is located at <https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/system> and the root of the functional SCADE Suite model is located at <https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade>.
45

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Note that all components of the openETCS OBU have been developed from scratch, no existing components have been reused.

Part I

System Architecture and Functional Breakdown

50

2 System Architecture

The system architecture of the openETCS OBU is adopted from the system structure defined in ERA Subset-026, Chapter 2.5 [1]. Figure 1 shows which parts of the reference architecture are in the scope of the openETCS OBU model. Note that also specific parts of the ETCS trackside (e.g. Eurobalise and RBC blocks) have been modeled to have an integrated test environment, c.f. dashed blue line in Figure 1.

has to be completed

2.1 Top Level Architecture and External Interfaces

Figure 2 shows the top level architecture with external interfaces E1, E2, ..., E9. The external interfaces are used for the communication between the openETCS OBU (dashed red line) and systems out of the scope of the openETCS project and the ETCS Onboard Unit System. In the following we give brief overview of the interfaces:

paragaphoh has to be checked and extended to be more clear

E1: In- and out flow between the Interlocking and the Eurobalise. Only relevant for controlled Eurobalises.

E2: In- and out flow between the Interlocking and Radio Block Control. This interface ensures the states or logics directly to the Radio Block Control and the other way back from the train to the interlocking.

E3: Input flow from the Eurobalise to the Balise Transmission Module or Antenna Unit (BTM) into the ETCS OBU.

E4: In- and out flow between the Radio Block Control and the Euroradio modul into the ETCS OBU. This interface is not active in ETCS levels 0 and 1 since there is no ETCS radio interaction between track and train in these levels.

E5: This interface is used for the interaction between the driver and the display (Driver Machine Interface, DMI), c.f. Figure 3.

E6: This interface is a compound structure and combines the interfaces E3 and E4.

E7: Input interface to the odometry subsystem of the ETCS OBU. Used for sending information to the train if there is any movement outside the ETCS System, e.g. "cold movement".

E8: Input interface to the ETCS OBU to set configuration data such as fixed values, system values, national values and train configuration.

E9: In- and Out flow between the ETCS OBU and the train. This interface is used for the interaction between the Train and the ETCS OBU such as brake control, traction control, door control, etc.

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2.2 Functional breakdown of the ETCS OBU

Figure 4 depicts the functional breakdown of the ETCS OBU block shown in Figure 2. The internal interfaces

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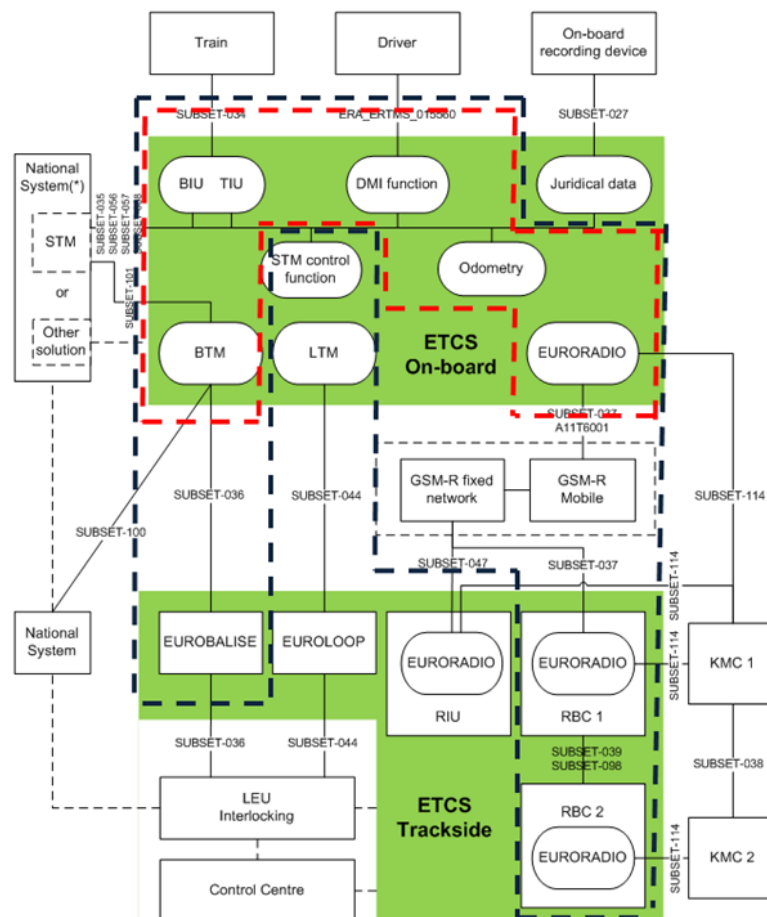


Figure 1. Scope of openETCS OBU model system according to ERA TSI Chapter 2.5. Functional blocks in the scope of openETCS have been marked by the dashed blue line. The dashed red line shows the OBU blocks in the scope of openETCS.

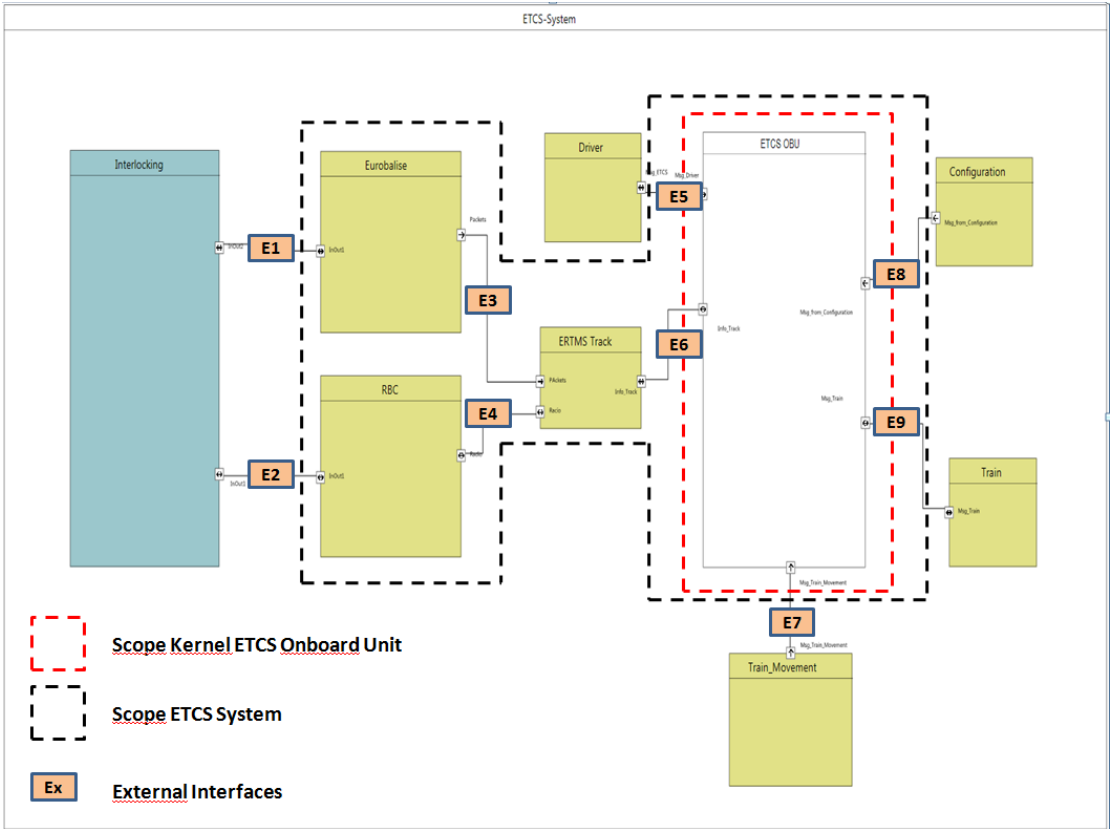


Figure 2. Top level architecture with external interfaces.

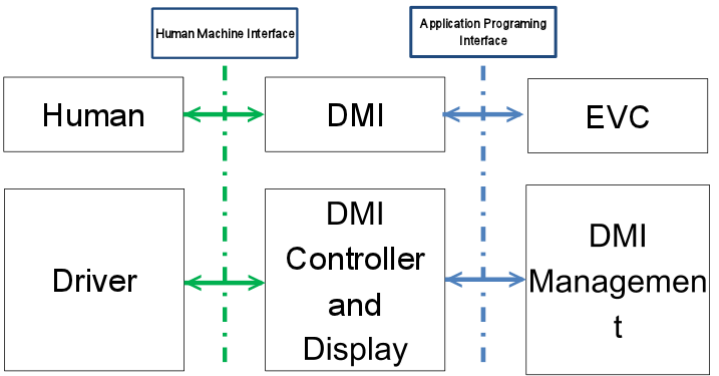


Figure 3. DMI Interfaces.

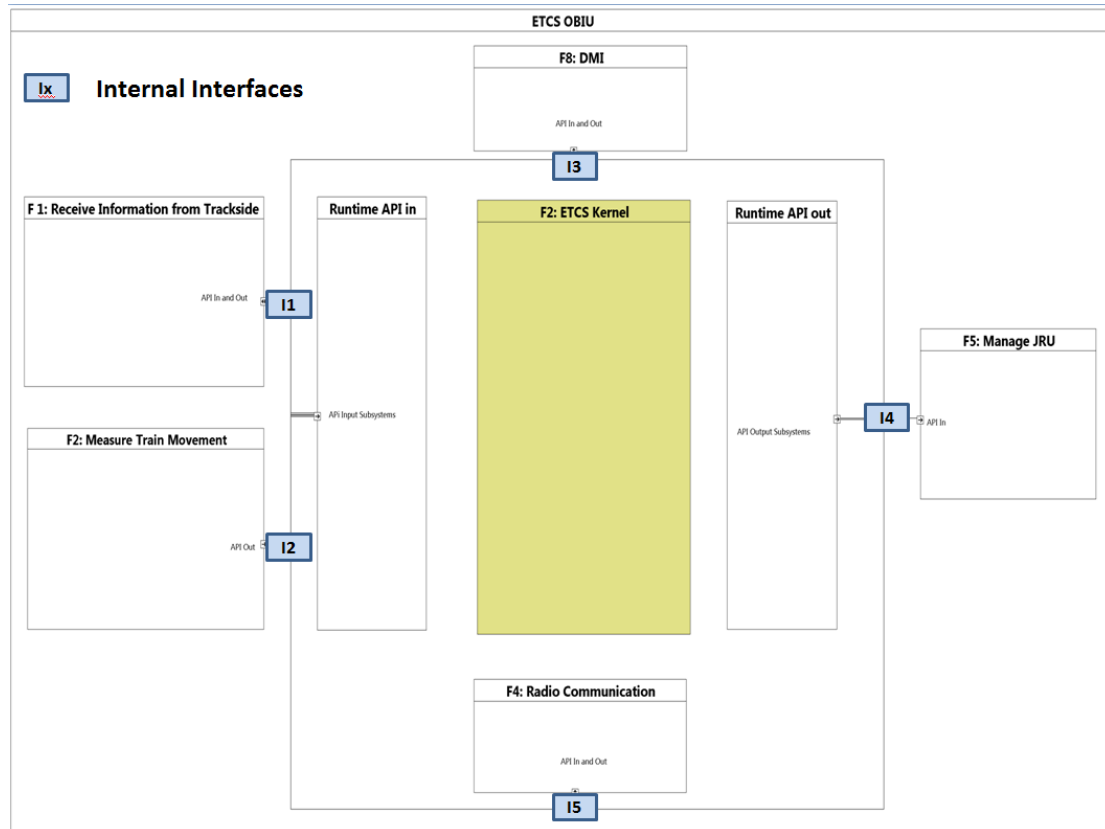


Figure 4. 2nd level system architecture view.

- I1:** In flow from the Balise Transmission Module (BTM or Antenna) to the "F2 ETCS Kernel" trough Runtime API in. Transmitted data are information from the Eurobalise.
- I2:** In flow from the Odometrie (ODO) to the "F2 ETCS Kernel" trough Runtime API in. Transmitted data are information from the movement of the train.
- 90 **I3:** In- and Out flow between the DMI Controller and the "F2 ETCS Kernel" trough Runtime API in and out. Transmitted data are information of driver action and display. See description in figure of "External Interface E5".
- I4:** Out flow from "F2 ETCS Kernel" to the JRU manager trough Runtime API out. Transmitted data are all necessary information for a juridical recorder unit "black box".
- 95 **I5:** In- and Out flow between the Euroradio and "F2 ETCS Kernel" trough Runtime API in and out. Transmitted data are radio track information (RBC) and information to the track (RBC).

Part II

Design Description

3 F1: Receive Information from Trackside

3.1₁₀₀ ETCS Messaging: TrackMessages

section needs to be completed

3.1.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | TrackMessages::Read_P005 |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ETCS_Messaging/TrackMessages |
| SCADE designer | Jakob Gärtner, LEA Railergy Mairamou Haman Adj, LEA Railergy |
| Description | <p>TrackMessages is a library containing functionality to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Transport TrainToTrack and TrackToTrain messages and packets using a compressed format which is conceptually close to the ETCS language as defined in Subset-026• Compress trackside information and decompress it in the on-board unit, taking into account different baseline versions and providing transparent translation.• Compress trainside information and decompress it in the track-side simulation models, taking into account different baseline versions and providing transparent translation. <p>As TrackMessages is a library with various components supporting all packets and messages defined in Subset-026, we have selected one exemplary function to document the concept. As only the packet/ message- related functionality is specific, this approach will allow a first understanding of the concept and the related interfaces. For a full discussion of the library, refer to the [specific chapter? document?]</p> <p>The function Read_P005 extracts a packet 5 (Gradient Profile) from the compressed packets data flow, if present. It translates the integer-coded compressed data with the help of the metadata in the header section of the CompressedPackets_T formatted data flow. After performing variable-level translation and exception detection, a baseline-3 conformal packet 5 is available for use within the relevant OBU functions.</p> |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 6 Subset-026, Chapter 7 Subset-026, Chapter 8 The objective of this component (the full TrackMessages library) is to provide a full formalisation of above chapters in Subset-026 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a (for the provided example function) |
| API requirements | In the demonstrator context, the API is fully defined on SCADE model level. For integration with external systems (BTM, Radio, Subset-076 or Subset-94), additional conversion to/ from bit-level representation will be required |

3.1.2 Interface

105 An overview of the interface of component [component name] is shown in Figure 5. The inputs and outputs are described in detail in Section 3.1.2.1 respectively 3.1.2.2.

3.1.2.1 Inputs

3.1.2.1.1 Message_In

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Input name | Message_In |
| Description | Message_In takes the compressed track-to-train messages that have either been compressed by the trackside simulation components of the TrackMessages library, or have been filled by the API. All packets that are part of the same message are transmitted within one cycle of the model's execution. Message_IN is taking the compressed packet information from the track to train dataflow. |
| Source | Manage_TrackSideInformation_Integration |
| Type | Common_Types_Pkg::CompressedPackets_T |

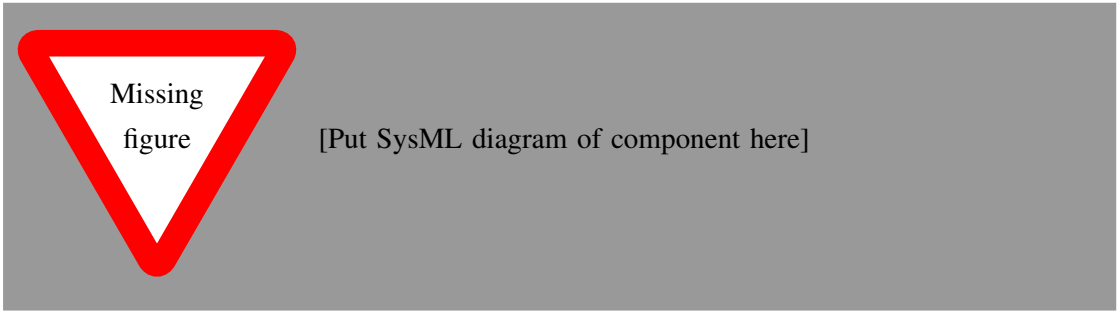


Figure 5. Component SysML diagram

| | |
|---|--|
| Valid range of values | The consistency of the metadata is checked at the input side. The ranges of the transported variables are checked at the conversion step (from integer format to SRS-conform format) |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | The content of this input is not checked, as any issues will be found at conversion level. If the metadata are not matching the search criteria the packet will be considered as non existent and will therefore be ignored. |

3.1.2.2 Outputs

3.1.2.2.1 received

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | received |
| Description | Flag to indicate reception of a packet 5 from trackside in the current cycle. |
| Destination | Any calling component. components should be listed here |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | to be checked true Packet 5 has been received in the current cycle. false Packet 5 has not been received in the current cycle. |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

110 3.1.2.2.2 P005_OBU_out

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Output name | P005_OBU_out |
| Description | Gradient Profile (Packet 5) according to 7.4.2.2 |
| Destination | Any calling operator |

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Type | TM::P005_OBU_T |
| Valid range of values | <p>TM::P005_OBU_T is a complex data type. Values are given for each element. Format is: Type Name: range/list of values</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bool valid: [true false] • q_dir Q_DIR: [Q_DIR_Both_directions Q_DIR_Nominal Q_DIR_Reverse] • l_packet L_PACKET: (0-8191) • q_scale Q_SCALE: [ENUM_Q_SCALE_10cm ENUM_Q_SCALE_1m ENUM_Q_SCALE_10m] • n_iter N_ITER: (0-33) (<i>Remark: start section from the original packet is integrated into the list of sections</i>) <p>The structured element sections is an array of type P005_section_enum_T. For each element, the valid range of values is as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bool valid: [true false] (<i>Remark: Check for consistency with the value of n_iter</i>) • d_link D_LINK: (0-32767) • q_newcountry Q_NEWCOUNTRY: [TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_NEWCOUNTRY_same TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_NEWCOUNTRY_not_same] • nid_c NID_C: (0-1023) • nid_bg NID_BG: (0-16383) • q_linkorientation Q_LINKORIENTATION: [TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_LINKORIENTATION_reverse TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_LINKORIENTATION_nominal] • q_linkreaction Q_LINKREACTION: [TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_LINKREACTION_Train_trip TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_LINKREACTION_Apply_service_brake TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_LINKREACTION_No_Reaction] • q_locacc Q_LOCACC: (0-63) <p><i>Only an output structure with the structured element "valid" set to "true" is to be considered as received. If this field is set to true, the Output 1 (received) must equally be set to "true".</i></p> |

Behaviour when value is at boundary n/a

Behaviour for values out of valid range

The component is prepared for the upcoming error/exception handling concept. An error flag is, at the moment, raised internally if any of the compressed input values is out of range. A hierarchical error processing is foreseen.

The types that have been defined in the package S026_7 do not provide any default/ invalid value. The following fields are therefore set to an arbitrary value upon reception of an out-of-range value from track side, and the internal error flag is raised:

- q_dir Q_DIR:
set to: Q_DIR_Both_directions
- q_scale Q_SCALE:
set to: ENUM_Q_SCALE_10cm
- q_newcountry Q_NEWCOUNTRY:
set to:[TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_NEWCOUNTRY_same | TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_NEWCOUNTRY_not_same]
- q_newcountry Q_NEWCOUNTRY:
set to: TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_NEWCOUNTRY_not_same
- q_linkorientation Q_LINKORIENTATION:
set to: TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_LINKORIENTATION_reverse
- q_linkreaction Q_LINKREACTION:
set to: TM_conversions::ENUM_Q_LINKREACTION_Train_trip

Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) n/a

3.1.3 Sub Components

3.1.3.1 Read_Packets

3.1.3.1.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | TM_lib_internal::RECV_ReadPackets |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ETCS_Messaging/TrackMessages |
| SCADE designer | Jakob Gärtner, LEA Railergy |

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | <p>RECV_ReadPackets extracts packet data information and raw compressed packet data from the compressed packets data flow, using filter criteria provided through parameter inputs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NID_PACKET: search for a specific packet. • Version Number: search for a specific version number. • Q_DIR: search for packets that are only valid for a specific direction. • Serial number: search for a specific packet instance, if several instances of a given packet type exist. • F_Version: Flag to decide whether to evaluate or ignore packet version information. • F_id: Flag whether to evaluate or ignore packet serial number information. <p>The operator TM_lib_internal::RECV_ReadPackets takes a set of parameter data to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Search the metadata of the compressed packets data flow using the provided parameters to determine if a matching packet is contained in any given cycle. 2. Output the flag "received" exactly in any cycle a matching packet is found 3. Output an array of compressed packet data that is filled with the data from the identified packet. |
|-------------|--|

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Input documents | <p>Subset-026, Chapter 7</p> <p>This function is not directly traceable to Subset-026, but is built from derived requirements.</p> |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | <p>In the demonstrator context, the API is fully defined on SCADE model level. For integration with external systems (BTM, Radio, Subset-076 or Subset-94), additional conversion to/ from bit-level representation will be required.</p> |

3.1.3.1.2 Interface

¹¹⁵ For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (cf. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

3.1.3.2 Extract Packet 5

3.1.3.2.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | TM_conversions::trackside.C_P005_compr_onboard |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ETCS_Messaging/TrackMessages |
| SCADE designer | Jakob Gärtner, LEA Railergy |
| Description | If a matching packet 5 has been received, TM_conversions::trackside.C_P005_compr_onboard: takes the compressed packet data and converts them to an SRS conformal onboard packet format. Trailing 0 beyond the valid length of the packet are ignored. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 7 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

3.1.3.2.2 Interface

¹²⁰ For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (cf. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4 F2: ETCS Kernel

4.1 Manage_TrackSideInformation_Integration

4.1.1 Component Requirements

125

Clarify detail for documentation with the trackMessages concept

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Component name | Manage_TrackSideInformation_Integration |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/blob/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ManageLocationRelatedInformation/BaliseGroup/Manage_TrackSideInformation_Integration/Manage_TrackSideInformation_Integration.etp |
| SCADE designer | Bernd Hekele, DB Netz AG |
| Description | <p>The block “Manage_TrackSideInformation_Integration” is responsible for receiving Eurobalise telegrams and Euroradio messages from the API and performs several consistency checks on the inputs.</p> <p>The block collects the telegrams of balises in order to build balise group messages. Euroradio messages are always delivered as a whole message. On each message, a consistency check is performed, before the data is validated according to the driving direction of the train. In general, messages not designated for the current driving direction of the train are not forwarded to the further processing. After applying consistency checks, the data direction is validated.</p> |
| Input documents | See sub-components. |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | The component has to be able to receive balise telegrams and radio messages according to the ETCS [?] performance requirements). In highspeed traffic, a group of 8 balises must be read in about 250 msec. In addition, 1 message per sec. on the radio interface is to be expected. |
| API requirements | Interfaces to this unit are defined in the API sections [BTM], [EURORADIO], [ODO]. In these sections, also a detailed definition of the concepts implemented on those interfaces is documented. |

4.1.2 Interface

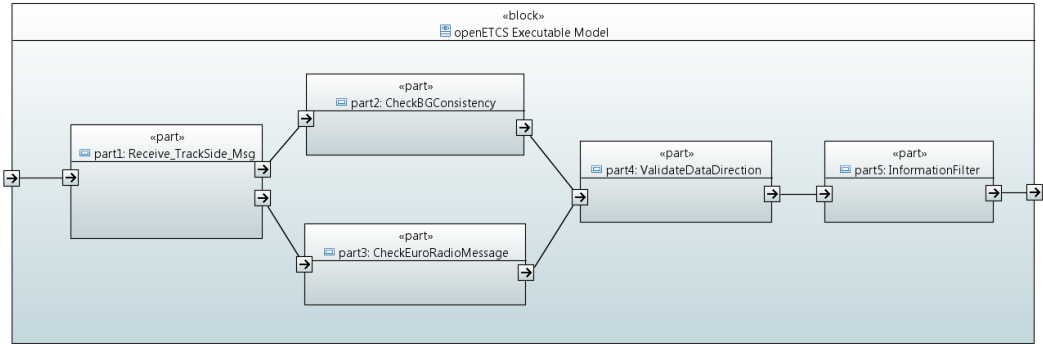


Figure 6. Manage_TrackSideInformation_Integration component SysML diagram.

An overview of the interface of component Manage_TrackSideInformation_Integration is shown in Figure 6. The inputs and outputs are described in detail in Section 4.1.2.1 respectively 4.1.2.2. Sub components are described in Section 4.1.3.

130 4.1.2.1 Inputs

4.1.2.1.1 fullChecks

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | fullChecks |
| Description | Indicates, if all checks on the message should be performed. |
| Source | This item is only relevant in verification phases. In a real system checks are always activated. |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | <p>true All checks are performed.</p> <p>false Component InformationFilter is deactivated.</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.1.2 Receive_trackSide_Message

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Input name | API_trackSide_Message |
| Description | Track side message received from the API. The API performs pre-processing of RTM and BTM messages and delivers a maximum of a single message per cycle. The structure of this message is defined in the API [BTM] and [EURORADIO] sections. |
| Source | API |
| Type | API_Msg_Pkg::API_TrackSideInput_T |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |
|---|---|

4.1.2.1.3 ActualOdometry

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | ActualOdometry |
| Description | Provided by the external odometry module of the train. It contains relative location information with inaccuracies. |
| Source | Odometer |
| Type | Obu_BasicTypes_Pkg::odometry_T |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.1.4 reset

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | reset |
| Description | To delete all data stored in the module (e.g. collected balise telegrams, which do not yet form a complete message), a reset input can be used. If the input is set to true, all data kept in the module is deleted and no input is accepted. |
| Source | Environment |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | <p>true All data kept in the module is deleted and no input is accepted.</p> <p>false No action. Data at input is accepted.</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |
|---|---|

135 4.1.2.1.5 trainPosition

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | trainPosition |
| Description | Contains the current position of the train. |
| Source | CalculateTrainPosition |
| Type | TrainPosition_Types_Pck::trainPosition_T |
| Valid range of values | |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.1.6 modeAndLevel

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | modeAndLevel |
| Description | Provides the current level and mode of the EVC. |
| Source | ModeAndLevel |
| Type | BG_Types_Pkg::ModeAndLevelStatus_T |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.1.7 tNvContact

| | |
|------------|------------|
| Input name | tNvContact |
|------------|------------|

| | |
|---|---|
| Description | For monitoring the safe radio connection, this national value is needed as an input. |
| Source | Database |
| Type | Obu_BasicTypes_Pkg::T_internal_Type |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.1.8 lastRelevantEventTimestamp

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | lastRelevantEventTimestamp |
| Description | For monitoring the safe radio connection, it is necessary that the time between two packets is less than the value of T_NVCONTACT. In situations like level-changes or announced radio holes, not the timestamp of the last message is relevant for comparison, but the timestamp of the last relevant event. This can for example be the timestamp of the level change or the timestamp of the moment, when the train was passing the end of the radiohole. For performing this check, the timestamp of the last relevant event is provided to the model as an T_internal_Type-type. |
| Source | Database |
| Type | Obu_BasicTypes_Pkg::T_internal_Type |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.1.9 connectionStatus

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | connectionStatus |
| Description | Status information about the radio connection. The information is needed to perform the timing check, which depends on the connection state. |
| Source | ManageRadioCommunication |
| Type | Radio_Types_Pkg::sessionStatus_Type |
| Valid range of values | <p>DISCONNECTED The OBU is currently not connected to a RBC.</p> <p>CONNECTING The OBU is currently connecting to the RBC. Received messages belong to the process of establishing a connection.</p> <p>CONNECTION_ESTABLISHED The connection to the RBC is established.</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

140 4.1.2.1.10 inSupervisingRbcId

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | inSupervisingRbcId |
| Description | For the sub component InformationFilter, the information which radio messages are sent by the supervising RBC is needed. To recognize these messages, the identifier of the supervising RBC is needed. |
| Source | Database |
| Type | int |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |
|---|---|

4.1.2.1.11 inAnnouncedBGs

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | inAnnouncedBGs |
| Description | Provides information about balise groups which will be passed by the train soon. This information is generated by Calculate Train Position based on the linking information received from trackside. |
| Source | CalculateTrainPosition |
| Type | TrainPosition_Types_Pck::positionedBGs_T |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.1.12 q_nvlocacc

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | q_nvlocacc |
| Description | The national value determines the location accuracy. |
| Source | Database |
| Type | Q_NVLOCACC |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.2 Outputs

4.1.2.2.1 outputMessage

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | outputMessage |
| Description | Combines both balise and radio messages to one common datatype. This datatype contains all variables and packets, which are possible for the given scenario. |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | Common_Types_Pkg::ReceivedMessage_T |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

145 **4.1.2.2.2 ApplyServiceBrake**

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | ApplyServiceBrake |
| Description | Indicates if the balise group the train just passed could not be processed correctly. The check results in the request for a service break. |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.2.3 BadBaliseMessageToDMI

| | |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| Output name | BadBaliseMessageToDMI |
|-------------|-----------------------|

| | |
|---|---|
| Description | Information to be passed to the DMI to indicate the reception of a “bad balise” to the driver. |
| Destination | DMI |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | <p>true ???</p> <p>false ???</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.2.4 errorLinkedBG

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | errorLinkedBG |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | <p>true An error in a linked balise group was detected.</p> <p>false No error in a linked balise group was detected.</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.2.5 errorUnlinkedBG

| | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| Output name | errorUnlinkedBG |
|-------------|-----------------|

| | |
|---|--|
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | <p>true An error in a unlinked balise group was detected.</p> <p>false No error in a unlinked balise group was detected.</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.2.6 passedBG

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | passedBG |
| Description | Provides the received balise group message in a special format needed by the component CalculateTrainPosition. |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | BG_Types_Pkg::passedBG_T |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

150 4.1.2.2.7 outPositionParams

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Output name | outPositionParams |
| Description | Provides the parameters for the position report in a special format needed by the component ProvidePositionReport. |

| | |
|---|---|
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | Common_Types_Pkg::PositionReportParameter_T |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.2.8 outRadioManagement

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | outRadioManagement |
| Description | Provides the messages for radio session management in a special format needed by the component ManagementOfRadioCommunication. |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | Common_Types_Pkg::radioManagementMessage_T |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.2.9 radioSequenceError

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Output name | radioSequenceError |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | bool |

Valid range of values

true A sequence error or a timeout has been detected in the radio message.

false No error in the radio message sequence was detected.

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.2.2.10 radioMessageConsistencyError

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Output name | radioMessageConsistencyError |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | bool |

Valid range of values

true A consistency error has been detected in the radio message.

false No consistency error in the radio message was detected.

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.1.3 Sub Components

155 4.1.3.1 Receive_TrackSide_Msg

Responsible developer has to be identified.

4.1.3.1.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Component name | Receive_TrackSide_Msg |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ManageLocationRelatedInformation/BaliseGroup/Receive_TrackSide_Msg |
| SCADE designer | [Name, affiliation] |
| Description | <p>This function defines the interface of the OBU model to the openETCS generic API for Eurobalise and Euroradio messages. On the interface, either a valid telegram/message is provided or a telegram/message is indicated which could not be received correct when passing the balise or receiving the radio message. The function passes a balise telegram without major changes of the information to the next entity for collecting the balise group information. This entity collects telegrams received via the interface into Balise Group Information. In case of a radio message, the message is converted to an internal format for further processing and passed without changing the information contained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The decoding of balises is done at the API. Also, packets received via the interface are already transformed into a usable shape. • Only packets used inside the current model are passed via the interface. • Treatment of Packet 5: Linking Information. Linking Information is added to the linking array starting from index 0 without gaps. Used elements are marked as valid. Elements are sorted according to the order given by the telegram sequence. • Telegrams received as invalid are passed to the “Check-Function” to process errors in communication with the track side according to the requirements and in a single place. Telegrams are added to the telegram array starting from index 0 without gaps. Used elements are marked as valid. Elements are stored according to the order given by the telegram sequence. • This function does not process information from the packets. The information is passed to the check without further processing of the values. |
| Input documents | <p>Subset-026, Chapter 7 and 8: Definition of the Balise Telegram</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 4.2.2, 4.2.4, 4.2.9: Interface to the BTM</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 3.4.1 - 3.4.3, 3.16.2: Handling of Balise Telegrams</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 3.16.2: Check of the balise group</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 3.4.2: Determining the orientation</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 4.5.2 Active Functions Table</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 8.4.4: Rules for Euroradio messages</p> |

| | |
|------------------------|-----|
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.1.3.1.2 Interface

160 For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (cf. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4.1.3.2 CheckBGConsistency

4.1.3.2.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | CheckBGConsistency |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ManageLocationRelatedInformation/BaliseGroup/CheckBGConsistency |
| SCADE designer | Peyman Farhangi, DB Netz AG |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Description | <p>The function "Receive_TrackSide_Msg" collects the telegrams in an array. If one or more telegrams are received multiple times, either whole the array or single telegram should be deleted.(e.g.if the train moves back.) The balises in a group are to be expected in a certain distance from each other. The function "Receive_TrackSide_Msg" checks if the telegrams has been received in due time and at the right expected location.</p> <p>The function "CheckBGConsistency" verifies the completeness and correctness of the received telegrams from balise groups and composes the balise message from the received telegram array (input from "Receive_TrackSide_Msg"). A balise message is built from at least one telegram and a maximum of 8 telegrams. When linking information is used on-board, only balise groups marked as linked and included in the linking information and balise groups marked as unlinked shall be taken into account.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A message is still complete and correct, if a telegram is missing (or not decoded or incompletely decoded), and this telegram is duplicated within the balise group and the duplicating one is correctly read. • In case of multiple balises, the order of the balises must be either ascending (nominal) or descending (reverse). • A message is not correct, if a message counters (M_MCOUNT) equals 254 (that means: The telegram never fits any message of the group). A message counter can equal 255 (that means: The telegram fits with all telegrams of the same balise group) and all other values must be the same. <p>The orientation of the BG and the running direction of the train are calculated in this block. When linking information is used on-board, the check, if the message of linked balise group has been received in due time and at the expected location, will be performed in "Calculate Train Position". The checks on the validity of the data in the packets and the validity with respect to the direction of motion will be performed in other modules, e.g. "Validate Data Direction".</p> |
| Input documents | <p>Subset-026, Chapter 7 and 8: Definition of the Balise Telegram</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 3.4.1-3, 3.16.2: Handling of Balise Telegrams</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 3.16.2: Check of the balise group</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 4.5.2: Active Functions Table</p> |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.1.3.2.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4.1.3.3 CheckEuroradioMessage

4.1.3.3.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | CheckEuroradioMessage |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/b9c31ce6fdf702b412bbeab3032a8a4dc7c92e5c/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ManageLocationRelatedInformation/BaliseGroup/CheckEuroRadioMessage |
| SCADE designer | Stefan Karg, LEA Railergy |
| Description | <p>The component “CheckEuroradioMessage” performs consistency and timing checks on the received radio message. These checks are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • checking the message sequence • check if the message violates timing constraints (T_NVCONTACT) • check if all mandatory elements are included • check if no elements are included, which are forbidden for the given message id <p>Messages, which violate one or more of these criteria are marked as invalid in the message header and the component signals the reason for the invalidation via different flags as described in the SCADE model.</p> |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.16 Subset-026, Chapter 8.4.4 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.1.3.3.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4.1.3.4 ValidateDataDirection

4.1.3.4.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| Component name | ValidateDataDirection |
|----------------|-----------------------|

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ManageLocationRelatedInformation/BaliseGroup/ValidateDataDirection |
| SCADE designer | Stefan Karg, LEA Railergy |
| Description | <p>The component filters an input message in order to mark all elements as invalid, which are not designated for the current driving direction of the train.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The operator contains two processing paths for different message types. Radio messages and balise group messages are handled in a different way. For validating the data direction of a radio message, the check is performed using the balise group referenced in the radio message header as relevant balise group. For balise group message, the LRBG is used. • The metadata of packets, which are recognized as not valid for the current driving direction, is invalidated. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.6.3 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.1.3.4.2 Interface

175 For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4.1.3.5 InformationFilter

4.1.3.5.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | CheckEuroradioMessage |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ManageLocationRelatedInformation/BaliseGroup/InformationFilter |
| SCADE designer | Alexander Stante, FhG |

Description The filter receives track information (balise and radio) and filters them depending of the mode, level and source of the message. Only messages that pass the filter are valid and should be considered by other ETCS subsystems. Figure 7 shows the highlevel decomposition of the functionality. The filter is consists of four components: FirstFilter, SecondFilter, ThirdFilter and TransitionBuffer.

FirstFilter This filter performs filtering of messages based on the current ETCS level. The decisions taken process is described via a big decision table which contains rows for every packet and columns for every ETCS level. This table encodes also if certain additional information is necessary to filter a message like pending ETCS Level transitions. Based on this filter packets of an incoming message is either rejected, accepted or the whole message is put in the TransitionBuffer. Messages are put in the TransitionBuffer if there is an announced level transition and the received message is only valid for the upcoming level.

SecondFilter The SecondFilter mainly considers messages that are received via Euroradio. Certain messages are directly rejected while other may be stored in the TransitionBuffer. The buffer is used to store messages that are received from non supervising RBCs, but will be reevaluated after a RBC transition.

ThirdFilter The last filter is functionally very similiar the the FirstFilter, however it filters depending on the mode. It also contains a decision table with rows for every packet but the columns are modes.

TransitionBuffer The InformationFilter uses two TransitionBuffers. One is used to store up to three messages for the ETCS level transition and the other buffer is used for RBC transitions. The buffer is designed as a ring buffer and message are read in FIFO order.

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 4.8 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.1.3.5.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

180

4.2 Speed and Distance Monitoring

4.2.1 Component Requirements

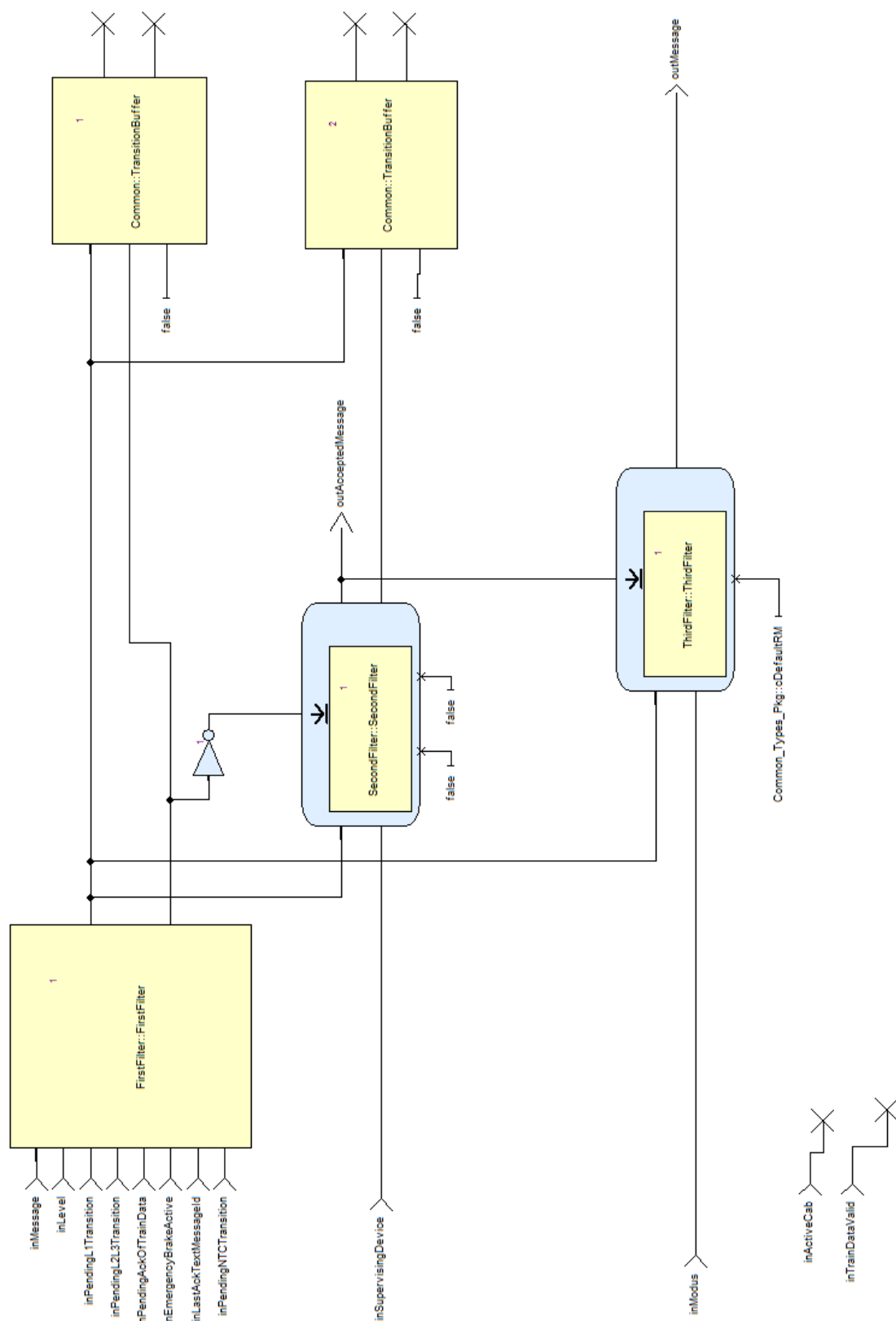


Figure 7. High level overview of the InformationFilter components.

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | SpeedSupervision_Integration (“SDM”) |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/SpeedSupervision |
| SCADE designer | Benjamin Beichler, University of Rostock Christian Stahl, TWT Thorsten Schulz, University of Rostock |
| Description | <p>The task of SDM is to monitor the speed of the train and the train location and as such to ensure that the speed remains within the given speed and distance limits. This block is based on [1, Chapt. 3.13]. The integration node “SpeedSupervision_Integration” takes as input (1) movement related information such as train speed, train position and acceleration, (2) train related information such as brake information and train length, and (3) track related information such as speed and distance limits and national values.</p> <p>Based on this information a speed profile is calculated. Speed restrictions create target speeds (targets) that have to be followed. For each such target braking curves are generated to supervise at which location of the track the train must apply the brake. In case of no target restrictions the train may accelerate to the supervised maximum speed of the speed profile. These calculations lead to commands being sent to the driver and the brake system.</p> <p>The functionality is modeled using eight operators, as shown in Figure 8, which are explained below.</p> <p>The current status of the analysis of “SDM” and a functional breakdown can be found in a separate document, SpeedSupervision_analysis.pdf.</p> |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.13: Speed and distance monitoring |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.2.2 Interface

185 An overview of the interface of component SpeedSupervision_integration is shown in Figure 8. The inputs and outputs are described in detail in Section 4.2.2.1 respectively 4.2.2.2. Sub components are described in Section 4.2.3.

4.2.2.1 Inputs

4.2.2.1.1 NationalValues

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Input name | NationalValues |
| Description | This input is packet 3 of [1, Chapt. 8], describing the national values. |

| | |
|---|--|
| Source | Track Atlas Data Exact name of SCADE component shall be used |
| Type | P3_NationalValues_T |
| Valid range of values | P3_NationalValues_T is a complex data type |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | as specified in SRS To be completed, explicitly describe behaviour |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | currently not checked |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | not checked; node must not be called without reasonable National Value |

4.2.2.1.2 TrainPosition

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | TrainPosition |
| Description | This input is the current train position. |
| Source | Manage Track Data |
| Type | trainPosition_T |
| Valid range of values | complex data type To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | not checked, may overflow |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | currently not checked |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | not checked; node must not be called without reasonable position data |

190 4.2.2.1.3 odometry

| | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Input name | odometry |
| Description | This input is the odometry data. |
| Source | Odometry |
| Type | odometry_T |

| | |
|---|--|
| Valid range of values | complex data type used fields are: - acceleration: Obu_BasicTypes_Pkg::A_internal_Type. No valid range defined, neither checked. - motionState: [noMotion Motion] (enum type) |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | possible overflow not evaluated |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | not checked |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | not handled, valid data is expected for valid function |

4.2.2.1.4 m_level

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | m_level |
| Description | This input is the current level of the train. (will be removed in next release!) |
| Source | Mode and Level |
| Type | M_LEVEL |
| Valid range of values | enum type, valid range is ensured at compile time |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.2.2.1.5 trainProps

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Input name | trainProps |
| Description | This input is a set of train related properties. |
| Source | Database |
| Type | trainProperties_T |
| Valid range of values | complex type |

used fields are:

d_baliseAntenna_2_frontend.nominal:

Obu_BasicTypes_Pkg::L_internal_Type No valid range defined, neither checked.

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | Value is only evaluated in Level 1. Low values (e.g. invalid-default 0) will lead to early trip, brake and alike. Larger values will lead to late braking, possibly numeric overflow. |

4.2.2.1.6 MRSP

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | MRSP |
| Description | This input is the most restrictive speed profile. |
| Source | Track Atlas Exact name of SCADE component shall be used |
| Type | MRSP_Profile_t |
| Valid range of values | complex type To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | at least one valid entry is expected (the maximum vehicle speed), else a trip shall be commanded. |

4.2.2.1.7 MA

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| Input name | MA |
| Description | This input is a movement authority. |
| Source | To be completed |

| Type | MAs_t |
|---|--|
| Valid range of values | complex type To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | on .valid = false, brake/trip should be commanded. |

195 **4.2.2.1.8 MA_updated**

| Input name | MA_updated |
|---|---|
| Description | This flag is true if the movement authority has been updated in this clock cycle and false otherwise. |
| Source | internal To be checked |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | true ??? false ??? To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | limited range, check at compile time |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | limited range, check at compile time |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.2.2.1.9 MRSP_updated

| Input name | MRSP_updated |
|------------|--------------|
|------------|--------------|

| | |
|---|---|
| Description | This flag is true if the most restrictive speed profile has been updated in this clock cycle and false otherwise. |
| Source | internal |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | <p>true ???</p> <p>false ???</p> <p>To be completed</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | limited range, check at compile time |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | limited range, check at compile time |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.2.2.2 Outputs

4.2.2.2.1 sdmToDMI

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | sdmToDMI |
| Description | This output contains information about different speeds and positions, on the one hand and the current supervision status, on the other hand. This information shall be displayed to the driver. |
| Destination | DMI |
| Type | speedSupervisionForDMI_T |
| Valid range of values | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | .valid can be false |

4.2.2.2.2 target

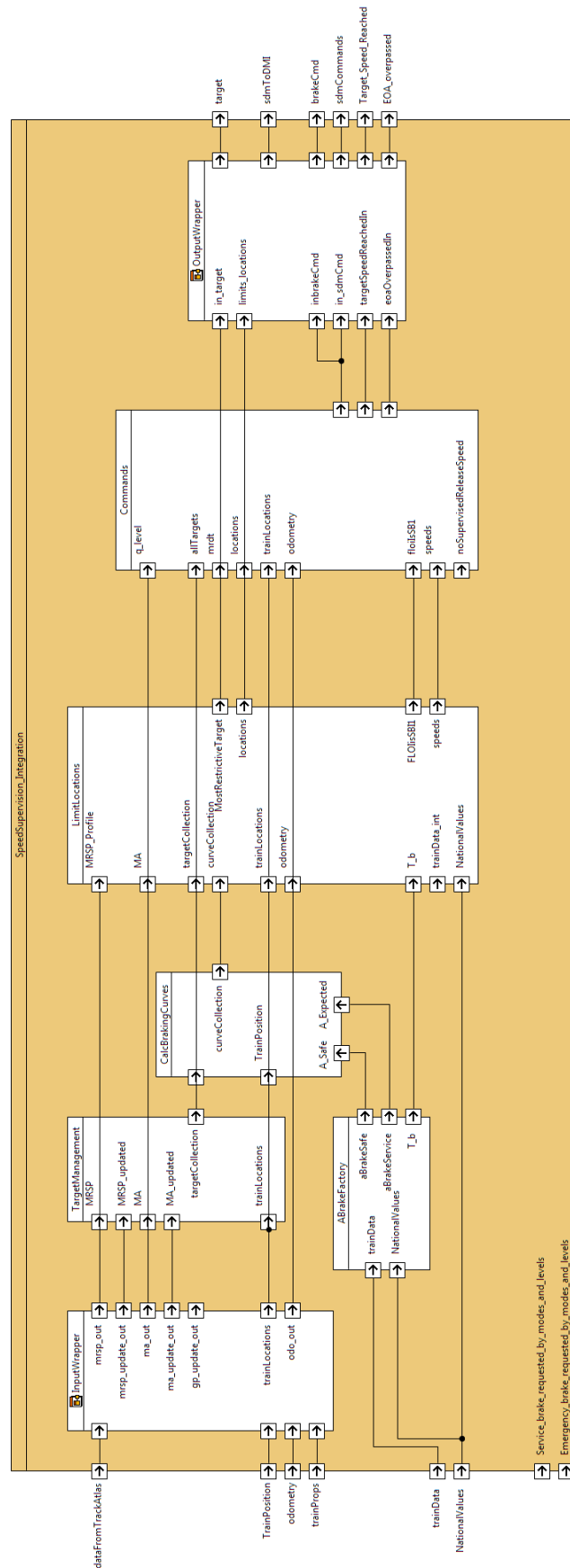


Figure 8. Structure of component SpeedSupervision_Integration.

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | target |
| Description | This output is the most restrictive displayed target (MRDT). |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] To be completed |
| Type | Target_T |
| Valid range of values | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | .valid may be false if no target is supervised or known, other values of this output must be ignored then. |

200 4.2.2.2.3 sdmCommands

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | sdmCommands |
| Description | This output gives some intermediate results of operator SDM_Commands. It is currently used for test purposes only. |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] To be completed |
| Type | SDM_Commands_T |
| Valid range of values | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | overall .valid is always set, individual speeds have their corresponding valid flag. |

4.2.2.2.4 brakeCmd

| | |
|-------------|----------|
| Output name | brakeCmd |
|-------------|----------|

| | |
|---|---|
| Description | This output is the brake command, indicating whether performing the service brake or the emergency brake have been commanded. |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] To be completed |
| Type | Brake_command_T (enum) |
| Valid range of values | brake_signal_command_not_defined, apply_brake, release_brake |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.2.2.2.5 EOA_overpassed

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | EOA_overpassed |
| Description | This output is true if the end of authority has been overpassed and false otherwise. |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | [false, true] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.2.2.2.6 Target_Speed_Reached

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Output name | Target_Speed_Reached |
| Description | This output is true if the current speed is greater than or equal the target speed and false otherwise. |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |

| | |
|---|--------------|
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | [false/true] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.2.3 Sub Components

205 4.2.3.1 SDM_InputWrapper

4.2.3.1.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Component name | SDM_InputWrapper |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/SpeedSupervision/SpeedSupervision_Integration |
| SCADE designer | Benjamin Beichler, University of Rostock Thorsten Schulz, University of Rostock |
| Description | The motivation for this operator is to convert all inputs of SDM that contain information about length, speed, distance, and acceleration defined as integer into real to allow automatically the highest precision in the calculations by the meaning of floating point operations. In addition, to ease the modeling, inside block “Speed Supervision” only units meters ($[m]$), seconds ($[s]$), meters per second ($[\frac{m}{s}]$), and meters per square second ($[\frac{m}{s^2}]$) are used. This operator forwards input messages, takes data from complex data types or transforms inputs messages into an internal type thereby converting int to real. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.13, (not specific, helper function) |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.2.3.1.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

210 4.2.3.2 TargetManagement

4.2.3.2.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Component name | TargetManagement |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/SpeedSupervision/TargetManagement |
| SCADE designer | Benjamin Beichler, University of Rostock Thorsten Schulz, University of Rostock |
| Description | <p>This operator calculates/updates the list of targets to be supervised by SDM. Taking the current movement authority, the most restrictive speed profile and the current maximum safe front end position as an input, the operator outputs a list of MRSP-Targets and a Limit-of-Authority-Target (LoA) or, if an End of Authority is known, the End-of-Authority-Target (EoA) and the Supervised Location (SvL). Since LoA and SvL are mutually exclusive but both result in a trip-target, they use the same flow.</p> <p>Derivation of Targets from Movement Authority The <i>Movement Authority</i> creates three types of targets:</p> <p>Limit of Authority (LoA) if the End of Authority is not yet known to the RBC and is accompanied by a speed limit for the given location.</p> <p>End Of Authority (EoA) requires the train to stop and creates a Service Brake Target</p> <p>Supervised Location (SvL) is derived from the EoA but results in an emergency brake target and on passing in a trip. The SvL may be offset from the EoA to the Overlap (OL) or the Dangerpoint (DP).</p> <p>Derivation of Targets from MRSP According to [1, Chapt. 3.13.8.2], every speed decrease of the MRSP is used to derive a target. Therefore in every cycle in which the MRSP is updated, the operator iterates through the entire MRSP searching for all MRSP targets. For this purpose, every element of the MRSP is compared with its successor.</p> <p>Update of Targets In every cycle the operator monitors whether all targets are already passed. To this end, it iterates over the list of targets comparing the current front end position with the target's location.</p> |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.13.8.2: Determination of the supervised targets |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.2.3.2.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

215 4.2.3.3 CalcBrakingCurves_Integration

4.2.3.3.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Component name | CalcBrakingCurves_Integration |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/SpeedSupervision/CalcBrakingCurves |
| SCADE designer | Benjamin Beichler, University of Rostock |
| Description | For each type of target a certain braking curve has to be calculated. This curve enables proactive monitoring of the train's speed. A reverse lookup on this braking curve indicates, where the train has to start braking given the current speed. The braking curve does not depend on the actual train status. As a consequence the braking curve stays constant over time. As a legitimate simplification the calculation of the braking curve is not extended past the estimated front end position of the train. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.13.8.3: Emergency Brake Deceleration curves (EBD) Subset-026, Chapter 3.13.8.4: Service Brake Deceleration curves (SBD) Subset-026, Chapter 3.13.8.5: Guidance curves (GUI) |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.2.3.3.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

220 4.2.3.4 SDMLimitLocations

4.2.3.4.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | SDMLimitLocations |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/SpeedSupervision/SDM_TargetLimits |
| SCADE designer | Thorsten Schulz, University of Rostock |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Description | <p>This operator calculates the various locations and speeds needed to determine the speed and distance monitoring commands. The current implementation of functionality is stateless and requires a complete recalculation each cycle.</p> <p>This operator gathers all necessary input values and computes some frequently used intermediate values in the operators <code>surplusTractionDeltas</code> and v_{bec}. The other input preparation operator is the <code>TargetSelector</code> whose main task is to dissect the list of targets to find the Most Restrictive Target. The accompanying braking curves are extracted and promoted to trailing location calculations. Also the special values of the EOA are exposed.</p> <p>The operator creates the requested values for the commands package. These are in particular the preindication locations for EBD and SBD based targets, the release speed monitoring start locations, the locations for target speed monitoring of the I-, W-, P- and FLOI-curve, the related FLOI speed and the location of the permitted speed supervision limit. Included in the output are also certain flags for the validity of linked values.</p> |
| Input documents | <p>Subset-026, Chapter 3.13.9: Supervision Limits</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 5.3.1.2: f_{41} – accuracy of speed known on-board</p> <p>Subset-026, Chapter 3.13.10: Monitoring Commands as reference for required outputs of this module</p> |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.2.3.4.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

225 4.2.3.5 CalcSpeeds

4.2.3.5.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | CalcSpeeds |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/SpeedSupervision/SpeedSupervision_Integration |
| SCADE designer | Benjamin Beichler, University of Rostock |
| Description | This operator calculates some speeds needed to determine the speed and distance monitoring commands. This operator will be integrated into other operators in the next iteration. |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.8: Movement authority |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.2.3.5.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

230 4.2.3.6 ReleaseSpeed_Selection

4.2.3.6.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | ReleaseSpeed_Selection |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/SpeedSupervision/SpeedSupervision_Integration |
| SCADE designer | Thorsten Schulz, University of Rostock |
| Description | This operator outputs the release speed which can be given either by the national values or the movement authority. This operator will be integrated into other operators in the next iteration. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.8: Movement authority |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.2.3.6.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

235 4.2.3.7 SDM_Commands

4.2.3.7.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | SDM_Commands |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/SpeedSupervision/SDM_Commands |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| SCADE designer | Christian Stahl, TWT Thorsten Schulz, University of Rostock |
| Description | <p>This operator models the speed and distance monitoring commands. More precisely, it triggers the service or emergency brake and outputs the current supervision status of the OBU together with information on speeds and locations to the driver.</p> <p>The OBU can be in any of three types of speed and distance monitoring modes: ceiling speed monitoring, release speed monitoring and target speed monitoring. We use a state machine to model the switching between the three modes: each state models a mode and a transition between to states is enabled if the condition two switch between the two corresponding modes is evaluated to true. In each mode, the OBU can be in up to five different supervision stati. The behavior of changing from one status to another is also modeled as a state machine. As a result, the model is a hierarchical state machine.</p> |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.13.10: Speed and distance monitoring commands |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.2.3.7.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

240 4.2.3.8 SDM_OutputWrapper

4.2.3.8.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | SDM_OutputWrapper |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/SpeedSupervision/SpeedSupervision_Integration |
| SCADE designer | Benjamin Beichler, University of Rostock Thorsten Schulz, University of Rostock |
| Description | <p>This operator is the counterpart to operator SDM_OutputWrapper—that is, it converts all internal outputs of SDM that contain information about length, speed, distance, and acceleration defined as real into int, such that all other blocks can stick to their types and also performs the calculation into units used by the environment.</p> <p>This operator forwards input messages and transforms inputs messages into an internal type thereby converting real to int.</p> |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.13.10: Speed and distance monitoring commands |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.2.3.8.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4.3²⁴⁵ Manage_ETCS_Procedures

4.3.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | Manage_ETCS_Procedures |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/Procedures |
| SCADE designer | Baseliyos Jacob, DB Netz AG |
| Description | This function describes the Start of Mission procedure of the train until the current status will change to another mode, level or other procedure. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 5.4 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.3.2 Interface

An overview of the interface of component Manage_ETCS_Procedures is shown in Figure 9. The inputs and outputs are described in detail in Section 4.3.2.1 respectively 4.3.2.2. Sub components are described in Section 4.3.3.

250

4.3.2.1 Inputs

4.3.2.1.1 statusDMI_from_DMI

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Input name | statusDMI_from_DMI |
| Description | input interface of DMI Controller status |
| Source | manageDMI |

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Type | DMI_Types_Pkg::DMI_EVC_status_T |
| Valid range of values | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | function will not be triggered |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | function will not be triggered |

4.3.2.1.2 Status_MA_FS_SR_OS_LS_SH_from_MA_L2_Management

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | Status_MA_FS_SR_OS_LS_SH_from_MA_L2_Management |
| Description | Status of MA, Mode and Level from Level and Mode Management |
| Source | ManageLevelsAndModes |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | <p>true Movement Authority for Level 2 FS is valid</p> <p>false Movement Authority for Level 2 FS is not valid</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.3.2.1.3 systemtime

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Input name | systemtime |
| Description | Standardized system time used for all internal calculations |
| Source | Obu_BasicTypes |
| Type | Obu_BasicTypes_Pkg::T_internal_Type |

| | |
|---|--|
| Valid range of values | [0, maximum positive int value of target platform] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | system time is assumed to be valid |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | system time is assumed to be valid |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | system time is assumed to be valid |

255 4.3.2.1.4 StatusModeandLevel_from_Level_and_Mode_Management

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | StatusModeandLevel_from_Level_and_Mode_Management |
| Description | Status of Mode and Level |
| Source | ManageLevelsAndModes |
| Type | Level_And_Mode_Types_Pkg::T_Mode_Level |
| Valid range of values | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | To be completed |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | To be completed |

4.3.2.1.5 mobileSwStatus_p_from_MoRC

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Input name | mobileSwStatus_p_from_MoRC |
| Description | Information about SW status from Management of Radio Communication function |
| Source | MoRC |
| Type | MoRC_Pck::mobileSWStatus_Type |

Valid range of values

To be completed

Behaviour when value is at boundary

To be completed

Behaviour for values out of valid range

To be completed

Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)

To be completed

4.3.2.1.6 statusRBCSessionEstablished_status_from_MoRC

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | statusRBCSessionEstablished_status_from_MoRC |
| Description | Information about RBC Session status from the Management of Radio Communication function |
| Source | MoRC |
| Type | Radio_Types_Pkg::sessionStatus_Type |
| Valid range of values | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | To be completed |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | To be completed |

4.3.2.1.7 cabStatus_from_TIU

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Input name | cabStatus_from_TIU |
| Description | Information about cab desk status from Train Interface Unit function |
| Source | manageTIU |

| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Type | TIU_Types_Pkg::TIU_trainStatus_T |
| Valid range of values | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | To be completed |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | To be completed |

4.3.2.1.8 statusValid_Position_from_Position_Calculation

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | statusValid_Position_from_Position_Calculation |
| Description | Information about validity status of the train position calculation |
| Source | TrainPosition |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | <p>true Calculated train position is valid</p> <p>false Calculated train position is not valid</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

260 4.3.2.1.9 status_DMILEvel_from_DMI

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Input name | status_DMILEvel_from_DMI |
| Description | Information about the status of DMI menu and level request from DMICController function |

| | |
|---|---|
| Source | manageDMI |
| Type | DMI_Messages_DMI_to_EVC_Pkg::DMI_Driver_Request_T |
| Valid range of values | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | To be completed |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | To be completed |

4.3.2.1.10 LevelValid_from_Level_and_Mode_Management

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | LevelValid_from_Level_and_Mode_Management |
| Description | Information about the validity status of the StatusModeandLevel_from_Level_and_Mode_Management input |
| Source | ManageLevelsAndModes |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | <p>true Level and Mode information are valid</p> <p>false Level and Mode information are not valid</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.3.2.2 Outputs

4.3.2.2.1 DMI_Entry_Request_to_DMI



Figure 9. Manage_ETCS_Procedures component SysML diagram

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | DMI_Entry_Request_to_DMI |
| Description | Information about input request to the driver |
| Destination | manageDMI |
| Type | DMI_Messages_EVC_to_DMI_Pkg::DMI_Entry_Request_T |
| Valid range of values | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | To be completed |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | To be completed |

4.3.2.2.2 request_Start_Mobile_Terminal_and_RBC_Registration_to_MoRC

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Output name | request_Start_Mobile_Terminal_and_RBC_Registration_to_MoRC |
| Description | This output is a trigger to start the mobile terminal and RBC session registration within the Management of Radio Communication function |
| Destination | MoRC |
| Type | Common_Types_Pkg::radioManagementMessage_T |
| Valid range of values | To be completed |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | To be completed |

265 **4.3.2.2.3 powerUp_to_MoRC**

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | powerUp_to_MoRC |
| Description | This output is the trigger to activate the Management of Radio Communication function |
| Destination | MoRC |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | |
| | true MoRC will be activated |
| | false no action |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.3.2.2.4 statusstartofmissionongoing_to_MoRC

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | statusstartofmissionongoing_to_MoRC |
| Description | This output gives the information about the start of mission status procedure to the Management of Radio Communication function |
| Destination | MoRC |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | |
| | true Start of mission procedure is currently ongoing |
| | false Start of mission procedure is currently not ongoing |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |

Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) n/a

4.3.2.2.5 powerOff_to_MoRC

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | powerOff_to_MoRC |
| Description | This output is the trigger to de-activate the Management of Radio Communication function |
| Destination | MoRC |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | <p>true MoRC will be deactivated</p> <p>false no action</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.3.2.2.6 start_ack_to_TIU

| | |
|---|--|
| Output name | start_ack_to_TIU |
| Description | This output indicates that the start of mission procedure is completed |
| Destination | manageTIU |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | <p>true Start of mission procedure is completed</p> |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |

Behaviour when value is n/a
erroneous, absent or un-
wanted (i.e. spurious)

4.3.3 Sub Components

270 4.3.3.1 Awakness_of_Train

4.3.3.1.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | Awakness_of_Train |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/blob/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/Procedures/ManageProcedure_Pkg.xscade |
| SCADE designer | Baseliyos Jacob, DB Netz AG |
| Description | This component describes the Start of Mission procedure of the train until the status of the awakening is completed. From this point on the train will be able to switch to further modes, levels and procedures. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 5, § 5.4 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.3.3.1.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

275 4.3.3.2 NP

4.3.3.2.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | NP |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/blob/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/Procedures/ManageProcedure_Pkg.xscade |
| SCADE designer | Baseliyos Jacob, DB Netz AG |
| Description | This component implements the No Power status of the train before the driver opens the cab desk. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 5, § 5.4 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |

| | |
|------------------|-----|
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.3.3.2.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

280 4.3.3.3 SoM_L2_3_FS_SR_OS_LS_SH

4.3.3.3.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | SoM_L2_3_FS_SR_OS_LS_SH |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/blob/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/Procedures/ManageProcedure_Pkg.xscade |
| SCADE designer | Baseliyos Jacob, DB Netz AG |
| Description | This component switch to Level 2 or 3 and Mode FS, SR, OS, LS and SH after completion of the awakening of the train. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 5, § 5.4 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.3.3.3.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

285 4.3.3.4 SoM_NTC_SN

4.3.3.4.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | SoM_NTC_SN |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/blob/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/Procedures/ManageProcedure_Pkg.xscade |
| SCADE designer | Baseliyos Jacob, DB Netz AG |
| Description | This component switch to Level NTC and Mode SN after completion of the awakening of the train. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 5, § 5.4 |

| | |
|------------------------|-----|
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.3.3.4.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (c.f. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4.4₂₉₀ Manage_Track_Data

Section needs to be completed

4.4.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Component name | Manage_Track_Data |
| Link to SCADE model | ??? |
| SCADE designer | Jakob Gärtner, LEA |
| Description | ??? |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter ??? |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | [If applicable description of time constraints, otherwise n/a] |
| API requirements | [If applicable description of API requirements, otherwise n/a] |

4.4.2 Interface

295 An overview of the interface of component Manage_Track_Data is shown in Figure 10. The inputs and outputs are described in detail in Section 4.4.2.1 respectively 4.4.2.2. Sub components are described in Section 4.5.3.

4.4.2.1 Inputs

4.4.2.1.1 [Input 1 name]

| | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Input name | [Name of the input] |
| Description | [Brief description of the input] |
| Source | [Name of the source component] |
| Type | [Type of the input] |

| | |
|---|---|
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.4.2.1.2 [Input 2 name]

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | [Name of the input] |
| Description | [Brief description of the input] |
| Source | [Name of the source component] |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

300 4.4.2.2 Outputs

4.4.2.2.1 [Output 1 name]

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | [Name of the output] |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |
|---|---|

4.4.2.2.2 [Output 2 name]

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | [Name of the output] |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.4.3 Sub Components

4.4.3.1 Calculate_Train_Position

305 4.4.3.1.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | calculateTrainPosition |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ManageLocationRelatedInformation/TrainPosition/CalculateTrainPosition |
| SCADE designer | Uwe Steinke / Siemens AG |

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | <p>The main purpose of the function is to calculate the locations of linked and unlinked balise groups (BGs) and the current train position while the train is running along the track. In detail, the calculate-TrainPosition function provides a couple of essential subfunctions for the onboard unit. These are mainly</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • creating and maintaining an obu internal coordinate system for all types of location based data • storing all linked and unlinked balise groups resulting from over passing or from announcements (linking information) from the track • calculating and maintaining the locations of all stored balise groups during the train trip, based on odometry and linking information • permanently calculating the current train position based on odometry and passed balise group information • providing the last recently passed linked balise group as the LRBG • providing additional position attribute information • deleting stored balise groups, when appropriate • detecting linking consistency errors • determining, if linking is used on board <p>The calculation algorithms for locations and positions are implemented as specified in https://github.com/openETCS/SRS-Analysis/blob/master/System%20Analysis/WorkingRepository/Group4/SUBSET_26_3-6/DetermineTrainLocationProcedures.pdf</p> |
|-------------|--|

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.6 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | Cf. interface description of parent component. |

4.4.3.1.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (cf. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4.4.3.2 Provide_Position_Report

310 4.4.3.2.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| Component name | Provide_Position_Report |
|----------------|-------------------------|

Link to SCADE model

???

Link has to be provided.

SCADE designer

Christian Stahl, TWT GmbH

Description

The component builds a position report for the RBC, i.e., message 132, and provides it as an output. There are two triggers for sending message 132: (1) at least one of the triggers of the position report parameters (packet 58) holds or (2) one of the events enabling the sending of the report occurs. As the core position report (i.e., packet 0 or 1) is added to other packets, the component also provides in every clock cycle this core position report. At most one of the two packets is valid.

Figure 11 depicts the architecture of the component. In the following, we describe the functionality of each subcomponent:

ReceiveReportParameters The component reads the position report parameters (i.e., packet 58) from the message bus. When a report is received, the BG information provided is used to update the location of respective BG. This BG is being stored in the list of the last 8 BGs.

PosReport_Supervision The component supervises trigger (i.e., position report parameter) and events that trigger the sending of a position report. If the output is true, then a report has to be sent.

ErrorManager The component takes all nine possible error messages as an input and aggregates them to a vector.

Build_Packets0_1 The component builds packets 0 and 1; at most one of them is valid.

Build_PosReport The component builds nine position report messages—there can be up to nine errors, and for each error an individual report has to be sent.

AddBGToFIFO The component adds the current reported BG to the list of BGs for which a report has been sent. Adding of this BG is performed according to the FIFO method.

Input documents

Subset-026, Chapter 3.6.5

Safety integrity level

4

Time constraints

[If applicable description of time constraints, otherwise n/a]

To be completed.

API requirements

[If applicable description of API requirements, otherwise n/a]

To be completed.

4.4.3.2.2 Interface

Figure 11 shows the architecture of component Provide Position Report. Most of the inputs and outputs have been explained in detail in Section 4.4.2.1 and Section 4.4.2.2

4.5 trainData

315 4.5.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | trainData |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/blob/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/manageData/trainData/trainData.etp |
| SCADE designer | Bernd Hekele (DB) |
| Description | <p>Implementation of the train data with the corresponding interfaces to track, driver and RBC.</p> <p>Data first is received from the train (TIU).</p> <p>Second step: train data is sent to the driver (DMI). The part relevant for driver interface is confirmed by the driver and sent back to the evc.</p> <p>Data received via this interface is merged with the data received via TIU.</p> <p>Message Flow:</p> <p>sending Message 129 (Validated Train Data)</p> <p>receiving Message 8 (Acknowledgment of Train Data) is processed as apart of the validation procedure with the RBC.</p> <p>sending Message 146 (Acknolwedement) in the context of this message flow. T_TRAIN parameter of the messages is used to confirm the association of the messages.</p> <p>trainData uses a dedicated state for controlling the reception of the acknowledgement.</p> |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.18.3 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | Train Data needs systemtime for stamping messages, access to input from the track messages and access to the output of RBC messages |

4.5.2 Interface

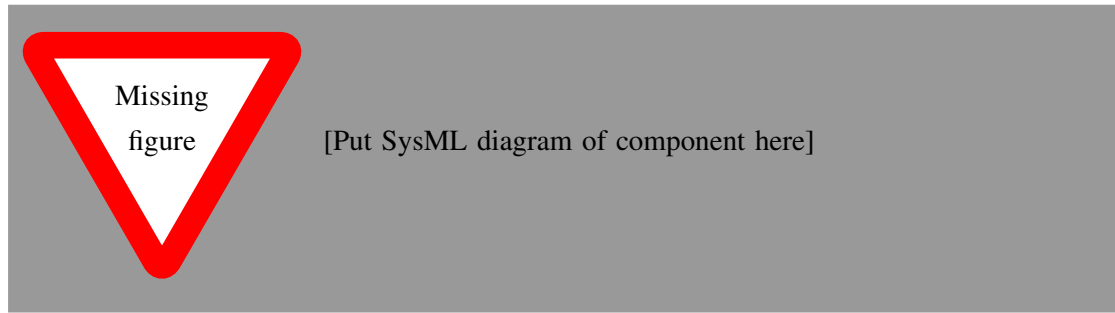


Figure 10. Manage_Track_Data component SysML diagram

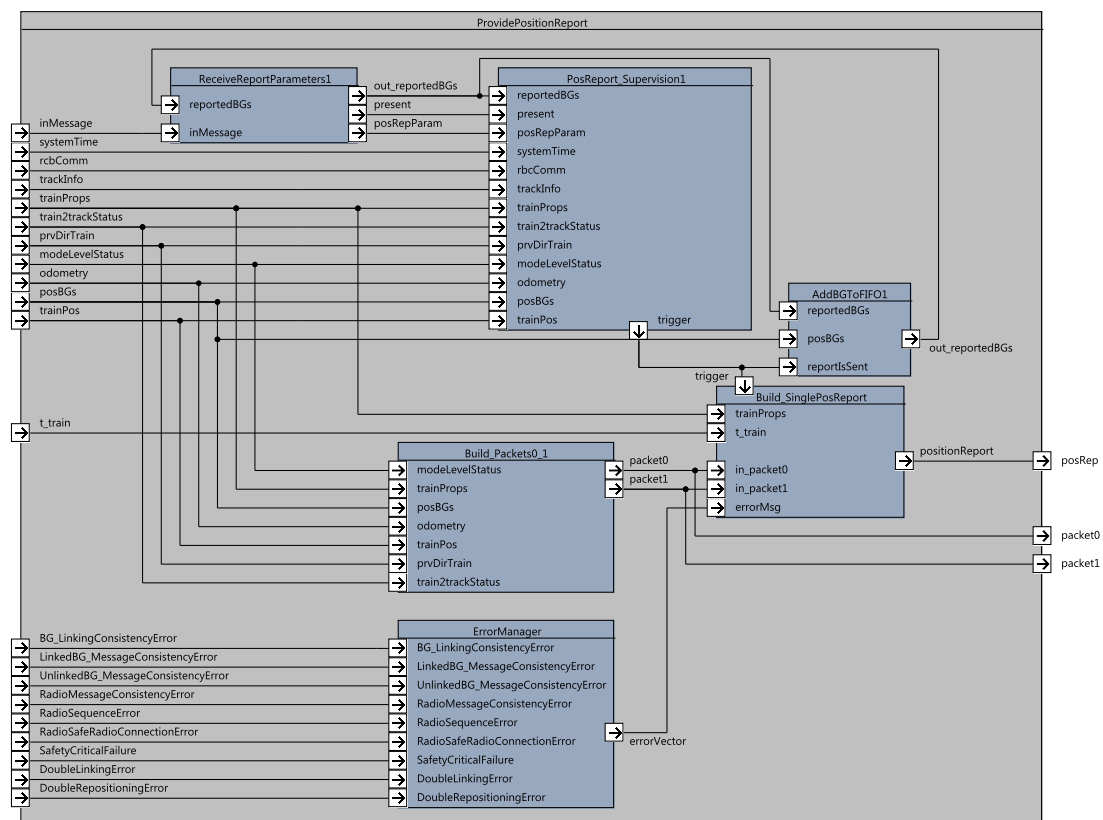


Figure 11. Provide Position Report component SysML diagram



Figure 12. trainData component SysML diagram

An overview of the interface of component trainData is shown in Figure 12. The inputs and outputs are described in detail in Section 4.5.2.1 respectively 4.5.2.2. Sub components are described in Section ??.

320 4.5.2.1 Inputs

4.5.2.1.1 reset

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | reset |
| Description | triggers the reset of the train data and the train data status data |
| Source | persistant data status management |
| Type | bool |
| Valid range of values | true perform reset of train data and train data status false no reset of data in this cycle |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.5.2.1.2 trainDatafromTIU

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Input name | trainDatafromTIU |
| Description | train data received via TIU. The availability of data is indicated with the valid flag. This data is expected to be received in the first place. In the current implementation it is not supported to change data after a mission has been started. |
| Source | Train Interface Unit (TIU) <i>This work is licensed under the "openETCS Open License Terms" (oOLT).</i> |
| Type | TIU_Types_Pkg::trainData_T |
| Valid range of values | Input with valid information is indicated with the valid flag. |

| | |
|---|--|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | information is only expected at Start of Mission Procedure. Once the information is successfully received it is not considered any more. Change of train data by train during mission is not supported by this version of the openETCS |
|---|--|

4.5.2.1.3 trainDatafromDriver

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | trainDatafromDriver |
| Description | train data received via DMI from the driver. The availability of data is indicated with the valid flag. This data is expected to be received in the first place. In the current implementation it is not supported to change data after a mission has been started. |
| Source | Driver Machine Interface (DMI) |
| Type | DMI_Messages_Bothways_Pkg::DMI_Train_Data_T |
| Valid range of values | Input with valid information is indicated with the valid flag. |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | not applicable. |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | when valid flag indicates false the data to be used is assumed to be default values. The component is not used when valid flag is false. |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | no checks on individual values is done in this part of the openETCS EVC. We assume - if necessary - appropriate checks are part of the interface layer (e.g., CRC checks) This type of checks is not in the scope of the openETCS project. |

4.5.2.1.4 trainDataAckfromDriver

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | trainDataAckfromDriver |
| Description | During start of mission the driver has to validate the train data. The confirmation is visible based on this input. Presence of the input is indicated with the valid flag. |
| Source | Driver Machine Interface (DMI) |
| Type | DMI_Messages_DMI_to_EVC_Pkg::DMI_Train_Data_Ack_T |
| Valid range of values | Input with valid information is indicated with the valid flag. In addition, the ack parameter has to be evaluated in order to recognise the decision of the driver. |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | not applicable. |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | when valid flag indicates false the data to be used is assumed to be default values. The component is not used when valid flag is false. |

| | |
|---|--|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | no checking on individual values is done in this part of the openETCS EVC. We assume - if necessary - appropriate checks are part of the interface layer (e.g., CRC checks) This type of checks is not in the scope of the openETCS project. |
|---|--|

325 4.5.2.1.5 trackMessages

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | trackMessages |
| Description | Information carries the message received from RBC. Information is only used when the valid flag is true and the message source is Radio. Other information is not relevant. Information is evaluated as long as the validation procedure is not completed and a validation request with the RBC is pending. |
| Source | Radio Transmission Module (RTM) |
| Type | Common_Types_Pkg::ReceivedMessage_T |
| Valid range of values | Input with valid information is indicated with the valid flag. |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | when valid flag indicates false the data to be used is assumed to be default values. The component is not used when valid flag is false. |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | no checking on individual values is done in this part of the openETCS EVC. We assume - if necessary - appropriate checks are part of the interface layer (e.g., CRC checks) This type of checks is not in the scope of the openETCS project. |

4.5.2.1.6 timeStamp

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | timeStamp |
| Description | Timestamp for messaging to the RBC. |
| Source | Derived from train time. |
| Type | T_TRAIN |
| Valid range of values | Positive Non-Zero Real |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | Parameter is not used for computation or addressing. No impact in this model. |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | No impact in the EVC. Communication to the RBC will be broken. |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | Communication to the RBC will be broken. No safety issue in the EVC since RBC connection errors are covered by the EVC function. |

4.5.2.1.7 eventsForTrainData

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | eventsForTrainData |
| Description | <p>Timestamp for messaging to the RBC.</p> <p>Information of the EVC relevant for train data handling according to section 3.18.3</p> <p>In the current state of the implementation the following events are evaluated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - train stand-still - communication Session established <p>The MoRC ready input is used to indicate the evc:more function is ready with acknowledgment of the communication session.</p> |
| Source | EVC model. |
| Type | trainData_Types_pkg::trainData_Events_T |
| Valid range of values | Structure of a set of bool. Each component may be true or false |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | n/a |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | n/a |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | n/a |

4.5.2.2 Outputs

section needs to be completed

330 4.5.2.2.1 [Output 1 name]

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Output name | [Name of the output] |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.5.2.2.2 [Output 2 name]

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | [Name of the output] |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.5.3 Sub Components

section needs to be completed

4.6 Mode_and_Level

335 4.6.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | Mode_and_Level |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ManageLevelsAndModes |
| SCADE designer | Marielle Petit-Doche and Matthias Güdemann, Systerel |
| Description | Modes and levels define the status of the ETCS regarding on-board functional status and track infrastructure. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 4 Subset-026, Chapter 5 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |



Figure 13. Mode_and_Level component SysML diagram

| | |
|------------------|-----|
| Time constraints | n/a |
| API requirements | n/a |

4.6.2 Interface

An overview of the interface of component Mode_and_Level is shown in Figure 13. The inputs and outputs are described in detail in Section 4.6.2.1 respectively 4.6.2.2. Sub components are described in Section 4.6.3.

340 4.6.2.1 Inputs

4.6.2.1.1 Data_From_TIU

table has been truncated. Please do not remove rows from the table template. Just use "n/a" if a row is not relevant for a particular input or output.

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Input name | Data_From_TIU |
| Description | Set of data providing by TIU |
| Source | input_from_TIU_API_Pkg::manageTIU_input |
| Type | TIU_Types_Pkg::Message_Train_Interface_to_EVC_T |
| Valid range of values | It is a complex type more detail should be given here |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at bound-ary] to be completed |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] to be completed |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|--|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] to be completed |
|---|--|

4.6.2.1.2 Cab_In

table has been truncated. Please do not remove rows from the table template. Just use "n/a" if a row is not relevant for a particular input or output.

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | Cab_In |
| Description | Identification of the cabine where the EVC is implemented |
| Source | ??? to be completed |
| Type | TIU_Types_Pkg::cab_ID_T |
| Valid range of values | [CabUndefined, CabA, CabB] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] to be completed |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] to be completed |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] to be completed |

345 4.6.2.1.3 Data_From_DMI

table has been truncated. Please do not remove rows from the table template. Just use "n/a" if a row is not relevant for a particular input or output.

| | |
|------------|---------------|
| Input name | Data_From_DMI |
|------------|---------------|

| | |
|---|---|
| Description | Set of data transmitted from DMI (driver acknowledgements and requests to switch modes and level) |
| Source | manage_DMI_Input_Pkg::manageDMI_Input |
| Type | DMI_Types_Pkg::DMI_To_Modes_T |
| Valid range of values | <p>It is a complex type :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • valid : bool, flag to inform of the freshness of the information • DriverAck : DMI_DriverAck_T, indicate which mode is acknowledged • DriverRequest : DMI_DriverRequest_T, table of boolean values for all the driver request related to mode changes. • LevelAck : bool, indication of Level change acknowledgement |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | <p>[Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary]</p> <p>to be completed</p> |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | <p>[Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range]</p> <p>to be completed</p> |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | <p>[Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)]</p> <p>to be completed</p> |

4.6.2.1.4 driver_level_transition_in

table has been truncated. Please do not remove rows from the table template. Just use "n/a" if a row is not relevant for a particular input or output.

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Input name | driver_level_transition_in |
| Description | Request of level transition given by the driver for example at start of mission |
| Source | manage_DMI_Input_Pkg::manageDMI_Input |
| Type | Level_And_Modes_Types_Pkg::T_LevelTransition |
| Valid range of values | It is a complex type |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] to be completed |
|-------------------------------------|--|

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] to be completed |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|--|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] to be completed |
|---|--|

4.6.2.1.5 Data_From_Track_Packets

table has been truncated. Please do not remove rows from the table template. Just use "n/a" if a row is not relevant for a particular input or output.

350

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | Data_From_Track_Packets |
| Description | Packets received from trackside containing information for modes and levels switches |
| Source | ???? to be completed |
| Type | Level_And_Mode_Types_Pkg::T_Data_From_Track_Packet |
| Valid range of values | It is a complex type containing the information of packets : 12, 15, 21, 27, 41, 46, 63, 80, 135, 137, 138 and 139 |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] to be completed |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] to be completed |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] to be completed |

4.6.2.1.6 Data_From_speed_and_Supervision

table has been truncated. Please do not remove rows from the table template. Just use "n/a" if a row is not relevant for a particular input or output.

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | Data_From_speed_and_Supervision |
| Description | Data provided by the speed and supervision function |
| Source | Speed and Supervision function |
| Type | Level_And_Mode_Types_Pkg::T_Data_From_Speed_Supervision |
| Valid range of values | <p>Input type a complex type</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Estim_front_End_overpass_SR_Dist : bool</i>: the train overpass the SR distance with its estimated front end (from SR to trip mode condition 42) • <i>Estim_Front_End_Rear_SSP : bool</i>: estimated front end is rear of the start location of either SSP or gradient profile stored on-board (from FS, LS, OS to trip mode condition 69) • <i>Override_Function_Active</i>: boolean to indicate the state of the activation function • <i>EOA_Antenna_Overpass : bool</i>: the train overpasses the EOA with min safe antenna position Level 1 (from FS, LS, OS to trip mode condition 12) • <i>EOA_Front_End : bool</i> the train overpasses the EOA with min safe front end, Level 2 or 3 (from FS, LS, OS to trip mode condition 16) • <i>Train_Speed_Under_Override_Limit : bool</i> supervision when override function is active (to SR mode condition 37) |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | <p>[Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary]</p> <p style="background-color: #e0ffe0; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">to be completed</p> |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | <p>[Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range]</p> <p style="background-color: #e0ffe0; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">to be completed</p> |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | <p>[Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)]</p> <p style="background-color: #e0ffe0; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">to be completed</p> |

4.6.2.2 Outputs

Description of outputs needs to be completed

355 4.6.2.2.1 [Output 1 name]

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | [Name of the output] |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.6.2.2.2 [Output 2 name]

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | [Name of the output] |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.6.3 Sub Components

4.6.3.1 Level_Management

4.6.3.1.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Component name | Level_Management |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/openETCSArchitectureAndDesign/WorkGroups/Group3/SCADE/LevelManagement/ |
| SCADE designer | Marielle Petit-Doche and Matthias Güdemann, Systerel |
| Description | <p>The level management subsystem receives level transition order tables and selects the order with the highest probability. It stores the information about the selected transition order and transits to the requested level once the train passes the location of the level transition.</p> <p>If required, the driver is asked to acknowledge the transition, in case of no acknowledge or if conditions for the level transition are not fulfilled, the train gets tripped.</p> <p>On the most abstract level the design consists of the <i>manage_priorities</i> function which takes the level transition order priority tables as inputs and computes the highest priority transition.</p> <p>This transition order is the fed to the <i>computeLevelTransitions</i> operator. This operator consists of three main parts. The <i>ComputeTransitionConditions</i> operator that emits the fulfilled conditions to change from a given level to a new level, the <i>LevelStateMachine</i> that stores the current level and takes the computed change conditions as input for possible level transitions and finally the <i>driverAck</i> operator which contains a state machine that stores the information whether the system is currently waiting for a driver acknowledge and emits the train trip information if necessary.</p> |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 5.10 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | [If applicable description of time constraints, otherwise n/a] to be completed |
| API requirements | [If applicable description of API requirements, otherwise n/a] to be completed |

360 4.6.3.1.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (cf. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4.6.3.2 Mode_Management

4.6.3.2.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Component name | Mode_Management |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ManageLevelsAndModes/Modes |
| SCADE designer | Marielle Petit-Doche, Systere1 |
| Description | <p>This function is in charge of the computation of new mode to apply according to conditions from inputs (track information, driver interactions, train data,...) and other functions. Three subfunctions are defined:</p> <p>Inputs proceeds to inputs check and preparation.</p> <p>ComputeModesCondition performs all specific procedure linked to mode management and defined in [1] sections 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9, 5.11, 5.12, 5.13, 5.19 and specifies the conditions to define a mode transition according condition table of section 4.6.3 of [1]</p> <p>SwitchModes performs the mode selection according the conditions and priorities defined in transition table section 4.6.2 of [1]</p> <p>Outputs prepares packet of outputs.</p> |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 4.4, 4.6, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9, 5.11, 5.12, 5.13, 5.19 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | [If applicable description of time constraints, otherwise n/a] to be completed |
| API requirements | [If applicable description of API requirements, otherwise n/a] to be completed |

365 4.6.3.2.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (cf. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4.6.3.3 Check_and_Provide_Mode_and_Level

4.6.3.3.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
| Component name | Check_and_Provide_Mode_and_Level |
|----------------|----------------------------------|

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/ManageLevelsAndModes/Modes |
| SCADE designer | Marielle Petit-Doche, Systerel |
| Description | Checks compatibility between mode and level and provides outputs. |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.6.5 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | [If applicable description of time constraints, otherwise n/a] to be completed |
| API requirements | [If applicable description of API requirements, otherwise n/a] to be completed |

370 4.6.3.3.2 Interface

For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (cf. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

4.7 Manage_Radio_Communication

section has to be completed once the level of this component in final architecture has been fixed

375 4.7.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Component name | Manage_Radio_Communication |
| Link to SCADE model | ??? |
| SCADE designer | Uwe Steinke, Siemens AG |
| Description | ??? |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 4 Subset-026, Chapter 5 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | [If applicable description of time constraints, otherwise n/a] |
| API requirements | [If applicable description of API requirements, otherwise n/a] |

4.7.2 Interface



Figure 14. Manage_Radio_Communication component SysML diagram

An overview of the interface of component Manage_Radio_Communication is shown in Figure 14. The inputs and outputs are described in detail in Section 4.7.2.1 respectively 4.7.2.2. Sub components are described in Section 4.7.3.

4.7.2.1 Inputs

4.7.2.1.1 [Input 1 name]

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | [Name of the input] |
| Description | [Brief description of the input] |
| Source | [Name of the source component] |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.7.2.1.2 [Input 2 name]

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Input name | [Name of the input] |
| Description | [Brief description of the input] |
| Source | [Name of the source component] |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |

| | |
|---|--|
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
|---|--|

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Behaviour when value is | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, |
|-------------------------|---|

380

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | [Name of the output] |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

385 4.7.2.2.2 [Output 2 name]

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | [Name of the output] |
| Description | [Brief description of the output] |
| Destination | [Name of the destination component(s)] |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

4.7.3 Sub Components

4.7.3.1 Management_of_Radio_Communication

4.7.3.1.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Component name | Management_of_Radio_Communication |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/ObuFunctions/Radio/MoRC |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| SCADE designer | Uwe Steinke, Siemens |
| Description | <p>The management of radio communication <i>MoRC</i> implements the onboard management part of a single communication session with the track, i.e. a single RBC. It controls the establishing, maintaining and termination process of a radio communication session and steers the underlying communication safety layer and the mobile device. Those and the data transfer itself are not part of the function.</p> <p>The kernel function of the <i>MoRC</i> component is <i>managementOfRadioCommunication</i> (figure ???). The implementation is kept close to the prose of Subset-026, chap. 3.5. Since chap. 3.5 rarely refers to terms, variable types, packets and messages of the ETCS language as specified in Subset-026, chap. 7 and 8, <i>managementOfRadioCommunication</i> does neither.</p> <p>To be capable of being integrated with other OBU software components, <i>MoRC</i> had to be wrapped with a transformer between the ETCS and the "chap. 3.5" language. This is the purpose of the main function of <i>MoRC</i>, <i>MoRC_Main</i>.</p> <p>The function <i>managementOfRadioCommunication</i> implements the session states establishing, maintaining and termination as described in Subset-026, chap. 3.5. A SCADE state machine reflects this state model (Figure ???) accurately. Within each of the states, the activities needed as long as the state is active, are performed. When there is no communication session (state <i>NoSession</i>) currently, the state machine waits for events that initiate a session (subfunction <i>initiate_a_Session</i>). When the appropriate conditions are fulfilled, the state machine moves to the <i>Establishing</i> state. Here in, it runs through the sequence required for establishing a session (subfunction <i>establish_a_Session</i>). Dependent on the results, the state machine changes over to the <i>Maintaining</i> or <i>Terminating</i> state. While in <i>Maintaining</i>, the communication connection is monitored. When an event triggering the session termination occurs, the state machine switches to the state <i>Terminating</i> with the subfunction <i>terminating_a_CommunicationSession</i> and performs the session termination sequence.</p> <p>In parallel to the main state machine, <i>managementOfRadioCommunication</i> monitors all the time whether the session has to be terminated (subfunction <i>initiateTerminatingASession</i>) or if the session has to be terminated and subsequently established (subfunction <i>terminateAndEstablishSession</i>). <i>registeringToTheRadioNetwork</i> is responsible for connection to the radio network. <i>safeRadioConnectionIndication</i> controls the radio connection indication for the driver.</p> |
| Input documents | Subset-026, Chapter 3.5 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | [If applicable description of time constraints, otherwise n/a] |
| API requirements | [If applicable description of API requirements, otherwise n/a] |

4.7.3.1.2 Interface

390 For an overview of the interface of this internal component we refer to the SCADE model (cf. link above) respectively the SCADE generated documentation.

5 F3: Measure Train Movement

This component is not part of the openETCS OBU currently and therefore no detailed description is provided here.

6₃₉₅ F4: Manage Radio Communication

This component is not part of the openETCS OBU currently and therefore no detailed description is provided here.

7 F5: Manage JRU

This component is not part of the openETCS OBU currently and therefore no detailed description
400 is provided here.

8 F6: DMI Controller

This chapter needs to be completed and a responsible developer has to be identified.

8.1 DMI

8.1.1 Component Requirements

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Component name | DMI |
| Link to SCADE model | https://github.com/openETCS/modeling/tree/master/model/Scade/System/DMI_Control |
| SCADE designer | Valerio D'Angelo, DB Netz AG |
| Description | The DMI controller interacts with the DMI display and is responsible for all procedures between the DMI display and Driver. Furthermore, the DMI controller will interact with the DMI Management to compute the received information (e.g. driver number request, ...) and send, if necessary, data or reports to the DMI Management (acknowledge, text messages...). The DMI Controller is a passive module, this means that all the processing are performed EVC-side, therefore the DMI Controller simply responds to the requests of the EVC or Driver and performs some checks according with the information received from EVC. |
| Input documents | ERA_ERTMS_015560 |
| Safety integrity level | 4 |
| Time constraints | [If applicable description of time constraints, otherwise n/a] |
| API requirements | [If applicable description of API requirements, otherwise n/a] |

405 8.1.2 Interface

An overview of the interface of component DMI is shown in Figure 15. The inputs and outputs are described in detail in Section 8.1.2.1 respectively 8.1.2.2.

8.1.2.1 Inputs

8.1.2.1.1 DMI_entry_request

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Input name | DMI_entry_request |
| Description | Request to input data (e.g. driver id, Train running number etc.) |
| Source | DMI Management |

| | |
|---|---|
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

410 8.1.2.1.2 DMI_identifier_request

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | DMI_identifier_request |
| Description | Request of the DMI informations |
| Source | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.1.3 DMI_menu_request

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | DMI_menu_request |
| Description | Request to enable or disable buttons |
| Source | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |
|---|---|

8.1.2.1.4 DMI_dynamic

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | DMI_dynamic |
| Description | Contains informations about current speed, current mode etc. |
| Source | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.1.5 DMI_text_message

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | DMI_text_message |
| Description | Contains predefined or plain text messages |
| Source | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.1.6 DMI_icons



Figure 15. DMI component SysML diagram

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | DMI_icons |
| Description | Request to display one or more icons in any area |
| Source | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at bound-ary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or un- wanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

415 8.1.2.1.7 DMI_driver_identifier

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | DMI_driver_identifier |
| Description | Contains the default or entered driver identifier |
| Source | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at bound-ary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or un- wanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.1.9 DMI_train_data

| | |
|---|---|
| Input name | DMI_train_data |
| Description | Contains the default or entered train data |
| Source | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.1.10 TIU_trainStatus

| | |
|---|--|
| Input name | TIU_trainStatus |
| Description | Open/close Desk signal |
| Source | TIU |
| Type | [Type of the input] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when input value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when input value is out of valid range] |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |
|---|---|

8.1.2.2 Outputs

420 8.1.2.2.1 DMI_identifier

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | DMI_identifier |
| Description | Information about DMI (e.g. version, cabin identifier etc.) |
| Destination | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.2.2 DMI_driver_request

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | DMI_driver_request |
| Description | Driver request or acknowledgement |
| Destination | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.2.3 DMI_train_data_ack

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | DMI_train_data_ack |
| Description | Train data acknowledgement |
| Destination | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.2.4 DMI_status_report

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | DMI_status_report |
| Description | The actual status of DMI (keep alive) |
| Destination | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.2.5 DMI_text_message_ack

| | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Output name | DMI_text_message_ack |
| Description | Text message acknowledgement |
| Destination | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

425 8.1.2.2.6 DMI_icons_ack

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | DMI_icons_ack |
| Description | Icon acknowledgement |
| Destination | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.2.7 DMI_driver_identifier

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | DMI_driver_identifier |
| Description | Contains the default or entered driver identifier |
| Destination | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |

| | |
|---|---|
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |
|---|---|

8.1.2.2.8 DMI_train_running_number

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | DMI_train_running_number |
| Description | Contains the default or entered train running number |
| Destination | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

8.1.2.2.9 DMI_train_data

| | |
|---|---|
| Output name | DMI_train_data |
| Description | Contains the default or entered train data |
| Destination | DMI Management |
| Type | [Type of the output] |
| Valid range of values | [Complete list of valid values] |
| Behaviour when value is at boundary | [Description of components behaviour when output value is at boundary] |
| Behaviour for values out of valid range | [Description of components behaviour when output value is out of valid range] |
| Behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious) | [Description of components behaviour when value is erroneous, absent or unwanted (i.e. spurious)] |

References

- ⁴³⁰ [1] ERA. *System Requirements Specification, SUBSET-026*, v3.3.0 edition, March 2012.