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1. ES5 is first find in 2009 and ES6 is find in 2015.
   - ES5 is time-consuming and ES6 is lower time consuming.
   - in ES5 define variable using var keyword and in ES6 define variable using let and const key.

2. Container for storing data it's call variable.

3. Perform different type of logical and methematical computations.

4. It's used to compair their operands and define relationship between them.

   == != === !== < <= > >=

5. Join one string to another string.

6. Condition is one type of disision-making statement.

7. if (condition) {
       if (condition) {
           statement
       } else {
           stat.
       }
   } else {

```
if (condition){
        stut.
    }else{
        stut.
    }
}
```

8.   Perform diff. actions based on diff. condition. it's call swich case stut.

9. == gives only value of variable.
=== gives value of variable and data type of variable.

10.   for loop is used to run continuesly the block of code a fixed number of times.

11. do {
     code
}
while (conditio);

12. break stut. is jump-out. stg of loop.

13. Function in Javascript is block of code designe to perform a particular task.

14. TNRN, TSRN, TSAS, TNRS.

15. Function name(a){
        return a;
    }

    var ans = name (20);
    console.log (ans);

16. immediatly involked Function expression.

17. data structure that allows you to store multiple values within a single variable.

18. Two types of array
    1. one dimentional
    2. Two dimentional

19. map() - Return new array
    forEach() - not return
    filter() - return array of matching elements
                else will return empty array.

20. let used to create a variable
    var used to global scope variable
    const used to create a constant variable

21. length () method.

22.   String length
        let text = " name "
        let lenght = text.length

23. Strings for storing text.

24. object is one type of collection of property.

25. 55

25. 55