BOX Project 2024/2025

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Updates

06/11/2024 at 14h00: first version

General requirements

- Deadline. The project deadline is December 22, 2024.
- How to submit. Share your project files through your Github repository shared with us at the beginning of the semester and send us an email confirming that everything is there.
- Groups. You can work on this individually or in pairs. Submissions of pairs will be expected to be more ambitious to reflect the collaborative effort.
- Collaboration. While distinct individuals/pairs should not collaborate on the project itself, discussing outputs of the programs with others is permitted.
- Carefully review each section of this document to ensure understanding before beginning to work on a solution. If you have any doubts or need clarifications, feel free to contact both of us without hesitation.

Motivation

One of the most significant breakthroughs in computational biology has been the discovery of CRISPR (Clustered Regularly Interspaced Short Palindromic Repeats). This system functions as an adaptive immunity mechanism, employed by bacteria to defend against bacterial viruses (phages) and predatory plasmids. It shares a notable analogy with computer antiviruses – every DNA molecule entering a bacterium is compared with an "internal database" of known "malicious code," and if a match is found, the molecule is destroyed, similarly to how computer antivirus eliminates malicious code before execution.

However, to evade detection, viruses and plasmids have developed sophisticated antidefense systems and evolved to avoid certain patterns, such as words stored in their "internal databases". All these mechanisms are of a great interest for the biologists, and new mechanisms might be discovered from the study of those words that plasmids avoid.

The project's goal is to identify minimal words absent in a major plasmid dataset, to provide insights into words potentially targeted by CRISPR-Cas across diverse bacteria.

Definitions

- Alphabet and strings. We consider sequences (strings) on the DNA alphabet $\Sigma = \{A, C, G, T\}$. Given a string $s \in \Sigma^*$, we denote its length by |s|.
- Canonical sequence. The canonical version of a sequence s is the lexicographic minimum between itself and its reverse complement. Recall that the reverse complement of s is obtained by reversing it and transforming A into T, C into G, and vice versa. As an example, the reverse complement of AGGTT is AACCT. The canonical version of AGGTT is therefore AACCT because AACCT $<_{lex}$ AGGTT.
- Absent word. Let x and s be two strings on the alphabet Σ . We say that x is an absent word of S if neither x nor its reverse complement occur as a substring of S.
- Minimal absent word. Let x be a string of length |x| > 1 and S be a string. We say that x is a minimal absent word (MAW, for short) of S if both the following conditions hold:
 - 1. x is an absent word of S;
 - 2. for every substring w of x such that |w| < |x|, it holds that w or its reverse complement is a substring of at least one element of S.
- Minimal p-absent word. Let x be a string of length |x| > 1 and S be a set of strings. We say that x is a minimal p-absent word (pMAW, for short) of S if both the following conditions hold:
 - 1. x is an absent word of S for at least $p \cdot |S|$ sequences $S \in S$;
 - 2. for every substring w of x such that |w| < |x|, it holds that w is not a p-absent word of S.

The Problem

The first goal of this project is to implement one (or more) approaches to enumerate all minimal absent words in each DNA sequence $S \in \mathcal{S}$ that are shorter than a user-specified length k_{max} , where \mathcal{S} denotes a user-provided set of input sequences. The second goal is then to jointly analyze the obtained MAWs, and draw conclusions about the observed patterns of avoidance.

Program 1

- **Input.** The program you will implement must require the following mandatory parameters:
 - 1. FASTA file containing the set S of DNA sequences.
 - 2. Parameter k_{max} , specifying the maximum length of MAWs to be reported.

Feel free to add other (optional) parameters that you might find convenient to carry out your analyses.

• Output. The output of your program will be a TSV (Tab-separated values) file which will contain the following three fields:

- 1. Name of the current sequence S.
- 2. Length k (up to k_{max}).
- 3. Lexicographically sorted comma-separated list of all distinct canonical sequences of MAWs of length k for the sequence S.

The output TSV file must be *sorted* by the first two values (sequence name and length k) and should exclude any value of k for which no MAW of that length exists.

Program 2

- Input.
 - 1. Output of the previous program
 - 2. $p \in (0,1]$

As for Program 1, feel free to add other parameters that you might find convenient/relevant to carry out your analyses.

- Output. The output of your program will be a TSV (Tab-separated values) file which will contain the following three fields:
 - 1. Length k (up to k_{max}).
 - 2. Lexicographically sorted comma-separated list of all distinct canonical sequences of pMAWs of length k.

The output TSV file must be *sorted* by the first value (length k) and should exclude any value of k for which no MAW of that length exists.

Test datasets The dataset for testing your programs is the EBI plasmid database, available from the following URL: https://t.ly/uXirO.

Final documents

The program should be accompanied by three documents, all written in **English**.

- Readme. A concise document outlining your code's goal, required dependencies, and instructions for running and interpreting outputs. This should be tailored for non-expert users.
- 2. Scientific report (12 pages max). Modeled as a scientific article, this report should include the following sections:
 - (a) Introduction: Provide context and objectives.
 - (b) Methods: Detail the techniques employed.
 - (c) Results: Present the outcomes of your work.
 - (d) Discussion: Share conclusions regarding implemented methods, the quality of results, and limitations, especially concerning input parameters and data.
 - (e) Bibliography: Cite relevant sources.
- 3. **Software report (2 pages max).** A brief report outlining the structure of your code and its implementation.

Expectations

Implement your code in Python 3 unless another language is agreed upon. This project is open-ended, allowing for various data structures without a strict requirement for efficiency. Explore one or multiple solutions through theoretical and empirical analysis. Draw comprehensive conclusions, considering implementation specifics, trade-offs, advantages, limitations, and potential improvements. Push the limits of your approach, like finding the maximum k_{max} value within reasonable time/memory.

The main challenge is in the experiments and conclusions. The report is crucial for evaluation, and originality impacts the final mark. Key points:

- Formalization of your algorithms with pseudo-code.
- Worst-case complexity analysis (both theoretically and experimentally).
- Clarity of the presentation (both code and the final documents).
- If you settle for a simple solution, we might expect a more in-depth analysis