

# EE450 Introduction to Computer Networks - Fall 2019 - HW 2

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## 1 Reading Assignment:

Chapter 1

## 2 Problems to be solved:

**2.1 Chapter 1, Page 69: R19 Suppose Host A wants to send a large file to Host B. The path from Host A to Host B has three links, of rates  $R_1 = 500$  Kbps,  $R_2 = 2$  Mbps, and  $R_3 = 1$  Mbps.**

**2.1.1 Assuming no other traffic in the network, what is the throughput for the file transfer?**

$$\text{Throughput} = \min(R_1, R_2, R_3) = 500 \text{ Kbps.} \quad (1)$$

**2.1.2 Suppose the file is 4 million bytes. Dividing the file size by the throughput, roughly how long will it take to transfer the file to Host B?**

$$\text{Time} = \frac{4 \text{ million bytes} \times 8 \text{ bits}}{500 \text{ Kbps}} = 64 \text{ s.} \quad (2)$$

**2.1.3 Repeat (a) and (b), but now with R2 reduced to 100 kbps.**

$$\text{Throughput}' = 100 \text{ Kbps.} \quad (3)$$

$$\text{Time}' = \frac{4 \text{ million bytes} \times 8 \text{ bits}}{100 \text{ Kbps}} = 320 \text{ s.} \quad (4)$$

**2.2 Chapter 1, Page 69: R23 What are the five layers in the Internet protocol stack? What are the principal responsibilities of each of these layers?**

Top-down:

- Application Layer: supporting network applications
- Transport Layer: process-process data transfer
- Network Layer: routing of datagrams from source to destination
- Link Layer: data transfer between neighboring network elements
- Physical Layer: bits "on the wire"

### 2.3 Chapter 1, Page 71: P5 Review the car-caravan analogy in Section 1.4. Assume a propagation speed of 100 km/hour.

2.3.1 Suppose the caravan travels 150 km, beginning in from one tollbooth, passing through a second tollbooth, and finishing just after a third tollbooth. What is the end-to-end delay?

The caravan is comprised of 10 cars. Each tollbooth are 75 km apart, cars' speed are 100 km/h, tollbooths service cars at a rate of one car per every 12 seconds.

Tollbooth operation time:  $10 \times 0.2 = 2$  min.

Propagation time:  $75/100 = 0.75$  h = 45 min.

Total time:  $2 \times 3 + 45 \times 2 = 96$  min.

2.3.2 Repeat (a) now assuming that there are eight cars in the caravan instead of ten.

Tollbooth operation time is now:  $8 \times 0.2 = 1.6$  min.

Total time: 94.8 min

### 2.4 Chapter 1, Page 72: P10

Total end-to-end delay:

$$\frac{d_1}{s_1} + \frac{L}{R_1} + d_{proc} + \frac{d_2}{s_2} + \frac{L}{R_2} + d_{proc} + \frac{d_3}{s_3} + \frac{L}{R_3} = 2d_{proc} + \frac{d_1}{s_1} + \frac{d_2}{s_2} + \frac{d_3}{s_3} + L \left( \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) \quad (5)$$

applying real values: Total delay = 64 msec.

2.5 Chapter 1, Page 75: P24 Suppose you would like to urgently deliver 40 terabytes data from Boston to Los Angeles. You have available a 100 Mbps dedicated link for data transfer. Would you prefer to transmit the data via this link or instead use FedEx overnight delivery? Explain.

40 Terabytes =  $40 \times 10^{12} \times 8 = 3.2 \times 10^{14}$  bits. Total time will be  $3.2 \times 10^{14} \text{ bits} / 100 \text{ Mbps} = 3.2 \times 10^6 \text{ s} = 8.9 \times 10^2 \text{ h} = 37 \text{ days}$ .

But with FedEx, data can be guaranteed to be delivered in one day. So I choose FedEx.