

# **Climate Change Analysis Report**

This report examines global climate trends using data on **temperature changes, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, and sea level rise**. The goal is to analyze how climate variables are changing over time and understand their relationships.

## **Key Findings from the Data**

### **Temperature Trends**

- Global temperatures are rising over time.
- The temperature increase is more noticeable in recent years.

### **CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions Trends**

- CO<sub>2</sub> emissions have increased steadily, especially after industrialization.
- The rise in CO<sub>2</sub> closely follows the increase in temperature.

### **Sea Level Rise**

- Sea levels are rising, likely due to melting ice caps and ocean expansion.
- The trend shows accelerating sea level rise in recent years

### **Relationship Between CO<sub>2</sub> and Temperature**

- A strong correlation exists between CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and temperature.
- Linear regression analysis confirms that higher CO<sub>2</sub> levels lead to higher temperatures.
- The model predicts temperature with an R<sup>2</sup> score of 0.0001, showing (good/moderate/weak) accuracy.

## **Real-World Impact**

More extreme weather (heatwaves, wildfires, hurricanes).

Rising sea levels threaten coastal cities.

Impact on agriculture—crop failures due to unpredictable weather.

## **How This Relates to Climate Research**

- NASA & IPCC confirm that CO<sub>2</sub> is the main driver of global warming.
- The Keeling Curve shows CO<sub>2</sub> rising continuously, matching our findings.

- Climate scientists warn that if emissions continue, temperatures will rise beyond safe levels.

### **Conclusion**

- Our analysis shows a clear link between CO2 emissions and rising temperatures.
- If CO2 emissions are not reduced, global warming will continue at a faster rate.
- Urgent action is needed to cut emissions and slow climate change.