## CQF Module 1.3 Exercises

Throughout this problem sheet, you may assume that  $W_t$  is a Brownian Motion (Weiner Process) and  $dW_t$  is its increment; and  $W_0 = 0$ .

- 1. Use Itô's lemma to obtain a SDE for each of the following functions
  - (a)  $y(W_t) = \exp(W_t)$
  - (b)  $g(W_t) = \ln W_t$
  - (c)  $h(W_t) = \sin W_t + \cos W_t$
  - (d)  $f(W_t) = a^{W_t}$ , where the constant a > 1
  - (e)  $f(W_t) = (W_t)^n$
- 2. Using the formula below for stochastic integrals, for a function  $F(W_t, t)$ ,

$$\int_{0}^{t} \frac{\partial F}{\partial W_{t}} dW_{t} = F\left(W_{t}, t\right) - F\left(W_{0}, 0\right) - \int_{0}^{t} \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial \tau} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^{2} F}{\partial W_{\tau}^{2}}\right) d\tau$$

show that we can write

a. 
$$\int_0^t W_t^3 dW_\tau = \frac{1}{4} W^4(t) - \frac{3}{2} \int_0^t W_\tau^2 d\tau$$

b. 
$$\int_0^t \tau dW_\tau = tW_t - \int_0^t W_\tau d\tau$$

c. 
$$\int_0^t (W_\tau + \tau) dW_\tau = \frac{1}{2}W_t^2 + tW_t - \int_0^t (W_\tau + \frac{1}{2}) d\tau$$