## Econometrics I\*

## José Luis Montiel Olea Fall 2018

Course Description: This course (September 5th-October 17th) will provide a graduate-level introduction to probability and statistics for economists.

**Prerequisite(s):** My main assumption is that you have been exposed to at least one proof-based course in economics or mathematics. Previous undergraduate work in probability and statistics is neither assumed nor required.

**Background:** Familiarity with the following concepts would be helpful: sequences of real numbers, convergence of a sequence of real numbers, euclidean spaces, continuity of  $\mathbb{R}^m$ -valued functions, integration.

**Text(s):** The lectures will be based on a set of notes and slides posted online. Ocassionally, the following references will be cited:

- a) "Probability: Theory and Examples" by Rick Durret [2010]. Cambridge University Press. Fourth Edition
- b) "Testing Statistical Hypothesis" by Lehmann, E.L. and Romano, J.P. [2005]. Springer Verlag
- c) "Probability Theory with Economic Applications" by Efe Ok. Available online.
- d) "Introduction to Mathematical Statistics" by Hogg, Robert V. and Mckean, Joseph W. and Allen, Craig D. [2006] Pearson Education India.
- e) "Real analysis and Probability" by Dudley, Richard [2002]. Cambridge University Press.
- f) "Probability and Measure" by Billingsley, Patrick [1995]. John Wiley & Sons.

<sup>\*</sup>First version: August 26th, 2013. This version: September 4, 2018

g) "Introduction to Mathematical Statistics: a Decision Theoretic Approach" by Ferguson, Thomas [1967]. Academic Press New York

These are optional references that you can find helpful during the course.

**Evaluation:** There will be 5 problem sets. Each of them will have a weight of 12% in the final grade. The remaining 40% will be based on a final exam. This means that the problem sets are important.

Lecture Notes and Slides: The lecture notes and slides were prepared with two different styles in mind. The slides were prepared to provide an overview of the lectures; thus, you should not expect to learn specific details from them. The lecture notes were intended to provide a thorough explanation of the materials covered in class. I expect you to look at the notes carefully, using the slides to get a sense of what the goal of the lecture is.

## Course Outline (Tentative)

- 1. Probability Theory (4 lectures/2 weeks)
  - Lecture 1-2: Probability Spaces, Real-valued Random Variables, Cumulative Distribution Functions (c.d.f.), Probability Density Functions (p.d.f.), Moments of Random Variables, Mean and Variance, Moment Generating Function.

APPENDIX: If I have time, I will give have a very quick discussion concerning distance between probability measures.

- Lecture 3-4 Multivariate Distributions. Vector of Means and Covariance Matrix. Kolmogorov's definition of Independence. Independence of Random Variables. Useful characterizations of Independence. Conditional Expectation and the Law of Iterated Expectations. Bayes' Theorem.
- 2. MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS (8 lectures/4 weeks) (This is my favorite part!)
  - Lecture 5-6: Statistical Models and Statistical Decision Problems. Elements of a finite-sample statistical decision problem.
  - Lecture 7-8: Point estimation. Maximum-Likelihood Estimators. Bayesian Estimators. Method-of-Moments Estimators. Finite-sample properties of point estimators (bias, variance, and mean-squared error).
  - Lecture 9-10: Testing. Null hypothesis and alternative hypothesis. Score Test, Likelihood Ratio Test, Wald tests, and Bayes Tests. Finite-sample properties of statistical tests (rate of Type I/Type II error). Neyman-Pearson Lemma and the optimality of the Likelihood Ratio Test. Testing Problems with a nuisance parameter.
  - Lecture 11-12: Confidence sets and credible sets. (Parametric) Bootstrap confidence intervals and Bayesian equal-tailed credible intervals. Finite-sample properties of confidence/credible sets. Constructing confidence sets via test-inversion. Confidence bands.