# CutieHack

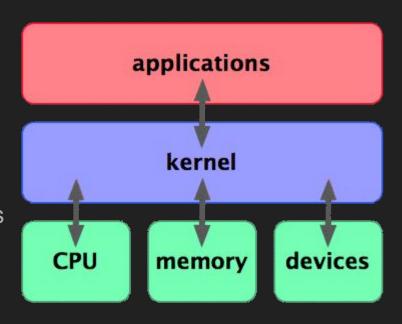
Basic Linux Workshop

## What's a linux?

Linux is a kernel, but we are lazy and don't care too much so we refer to the whole system as a "linux" system. For this reason, when people are using "Bash" or another shell, it is often just dubbed "Linux" but this is not 100% correct. (MacOS has a terminal and its BSD based)

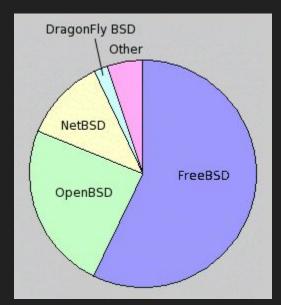
## Kernel? Like popcorn?

- Serves as the middleman for the OS
- Is one of the first things to boot up
- Comes in two flavors
  - Monolithic kernels, like one big stone
  - Micro kernels, think a bunch of Legos combined
  - (There are hybrids and other types ...)
- There are a lot of different versions / types



### 3 main kernels

- Linux : developed by Linus Torvalds
- Windows : developed by Microsoft
- BSD : Berkeley-Software-Distribution
  - Yes, UC-Berkeley.





## NO!

So, not the green hacker typer thing?

That's not Linux (or the other ones we named).

## What we will be doing then?

- We will be learning how to use the Shell! Transferable knowledge that you
  can use on most systems with very little modifying.
- A terminal is the window you use to interact with, the **shell** is the **interpreter** the computer uses to take in user input, **interpret** what you want, execute the proper commands, and give you the output. Repeat until exit is called.
- What you will learn, you can use on Ubuntu, CentOS, MacOS, Fedora, Arch,
   Windows, ... basically any system that you can put Bash on.

#### Bash?

Bourne-Again-Shell

```
root@MartinvanNostrand:"# ls
iptables.bak
root@MartinvanNostrand:"# ls -la
total 32
drwx----- 2 root root 4096 2018-03-17 22:37 .aptitude
-rw----- 1 root root
                       0 2018-03-22 14:15 .bash_history
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 502 2019-02-01 11:56 iptables.bak
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 110 2004-11-10 08:10 .profile
-rw----- 1 root root 1024 2018-03-17 23:27 .rnd
drwx----- 2 root root 4096 2018-03-17 22:43 .ssh
-rw----- 1 root root 614 2019-02-01 11:57 .viminfo
root@MartinvanNostrand:~# cd ...
root@MartinvanNostrand:/# ls
bin
           initrd
                     1 i b 64
      dev
                                mnt
                                     root
                                          sus var
boot
      etc
           initrd.img lost+found
                                opt
                                     sbin
                                          tmp
                                               vmlinuz
cdrom home
           lib
                     media
                                proc
                                     srv
                                          usr
root@MartinvanNostrand:/# echo $SHELL
/bin/bash
root@MartinvanNostrand:/#
```

#### Basics!

#### **Prompt**

- Username @ machine : dir \$
- Username = currently logged in as
- Machine = name of the computer
- Dir = current directory
- \$ = just denotes end of prompt, sometimes its #
- (technically a difference, we don't care about that right now)

#### Overview

- Movement and control in the CLI
- System monitoring (featuring logs!)
- Filesystem where typical stuff goes
- How to know normal
- Audit users and groups
- Confused? Me too, so don't forgot to RTFM when you forget!
- Also, keep track of what has been done and what has not. If you get lost or distracted go back to the list.
- Nothing wrong with not knowing, there is something wrong with not trying.

#### Commands used

- Is, cd, touch, file, grep, find, locate, which, whoami, pwd, cat, echo
- top, ps, lsof, netstat, systemctl, crontab, ifconfig, ping, kill, w, ss
- Man
- Lsattr, chattr (not standard on all systems), chmod, chown, chgrp (maybe)
- Su, sudo (know the difference!)
- Visudo

#### But who cares?

- Great way to gather or view lots of information in a quick manner.
- Through the terminal, you have lots of control over the machine through commands rather than clicking through a GUI.
- Often a lot faster than going through the GUI.
- Also you look like a l33t h4ck3r



## Time for some hands on experience!

We will be back shortly for your regularly scheduled program!

#### Quiz time!

- How do I change the sudoers file?
- 2. What is /proc for? /etc? /var? /dev? /bin? /sbin?
- 3. How do you kill a process?
- 4. How do you find out what processes are running?
- 5. How do you find out what services are running?
- What is cron?
- 7. What is the difference between su and sudo?
- 8. What do you do if you don't know / get lost / forget?

#### Resources!

https://ucrcyber.org

https://ucrcyber.slack.com

https://bash.cyberciti.biz/

https://overthewire.org/wargames/bandit/

Download Oracle VirtualBox + Ubuntu image

Just play around!