The design decisions focused on scalability, maintainability, and performance. Here are some key areas considered

MVC Architecture – Followed Laravel's Model-View-Controller pattern to separate concerns, making the codebase more organized and maintainable.

Eloquent ORM – Leveraged Eloquent for efficient database interactions, ensuring optimized data retrieval and manipulation.

Middleware & Authentication – Used Laravel's built-in authentication and middleware for securing routes and managing user roles.

Blade Templating – Employed Blade templates to create dynamic, reusable views.

Responsive UI – Utilized Bootstrap to ensure the application looks great across various devices.

Asynchronous Operations – Implemented AJAX for seamless data updates without requiring page reloads.

Enhanced User Experience – Used JavaScript to improve interactivity, such as form validation, dynamic content updates, and UI enhancements.