

```
# Use extrafonts package (especially for ggplot)
library(extrafont)

## Registering fonts with R

# font_import()
# loadfonts()
#
# font_install('fontcm')
# fonts() -> return all available fonts
```

1 Description

The symmetric random walk will be described in this document (Mt). it covers the theory of "Stochastic Calculus for finance" Tome 2 chapter 3 section 1.

The construction of the random walk depend on the evolution of a random variable X_i . The previous RV can take two value at each time, like tossing a coin. X_i can take the value 1 or -1.

$$X_i = \begin{cases} 1 \\ -1 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

The Symetric Random Walk is constructed by summing up the different outcome of the random variable X_i from k experiments:

$$M_k = \sum_{j=1}^k X_j \quad (2)$$

In the following lines of code, X_i is randomly difined. The variable k ensure to have a sufficient number of periods to further generate the scaled random walk. It refers to the k of equation 2. p and q are the probability measure, respectively p chance to get value 1 and q chance to get -1 from random variable X_i .

After creating the random variable X_i it suffices to add up all the differente output we get from time 1 up to k to get a specific Symetric Random Walk.

The following outcome present a randomly generated 300 steps symmetric random walk.

Table 1: 300 steps Symmetric Random Walk

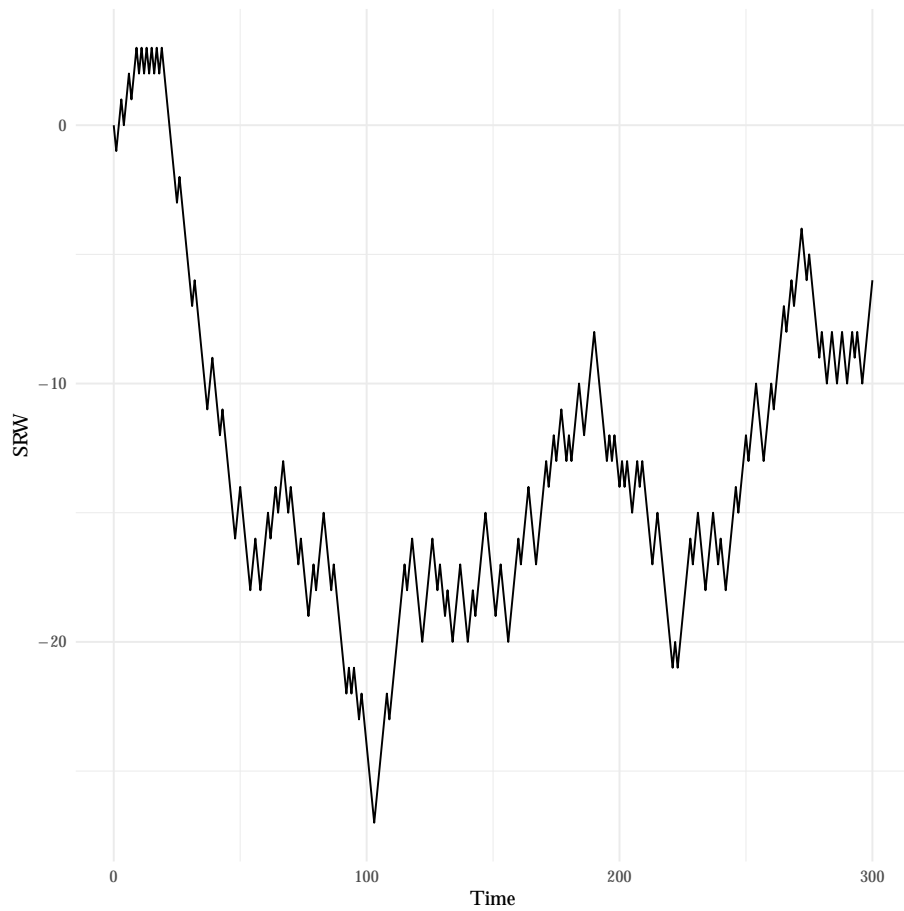


Figure 1: Symmetric Random Walk