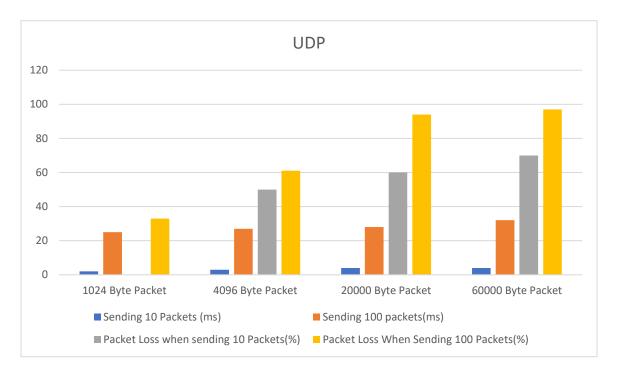
Analysis and Report

This section will compare transmission times obtained from sending packets of various sizes using UDP and TCP.

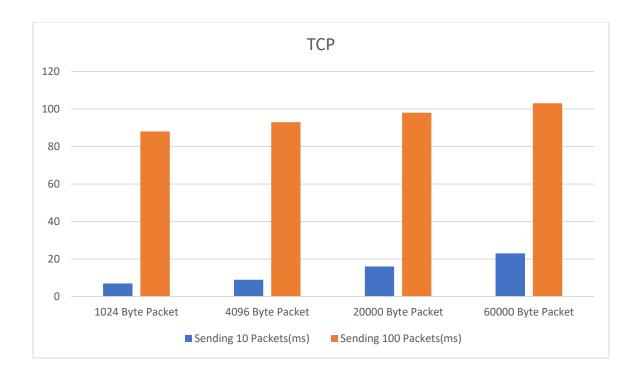


The diagram above shows the results obtained after sending 10 and 100 packets of various packet sizes in UDP.

We can see that as packet size increases:

- Transmission time of data increases
- Packet Loss percentage increases

The transmission times range from 2ms up to 5ms when sending 10 packets, and 23ms to 35ms when sending 100 packets.



The diagram above shows the results obtained after sending 10 and 100 packets of various packet sizes in TCP.

Similarly to UDP, as packet size increases, transmission time of data increases too. TCP, however, takes much longer to transmit data. The range for TCP's transmission times is 7ms to 23ms for sending 10 packets and 85ms to 105ms when sending 100 packets, almost four times as long as UDP.

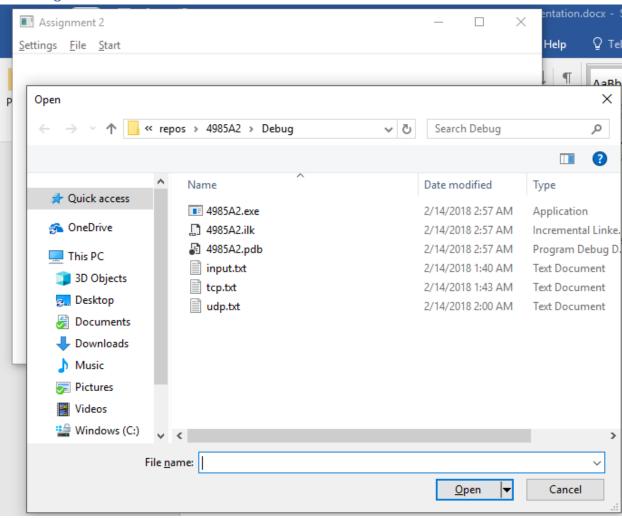
Conclusion

UDP is faster than TCP, but TCP is more reliable. As packet size increases, it is more likely for the packet to contain errors and be discarded in UDP.

TCP is better suited for applications that require high reliability; UDP is suited for applications that need fast transmission. An example for TCP would be file transfers and for UDP, gaming.

Testing

Selecting a file



TCP Connection Established

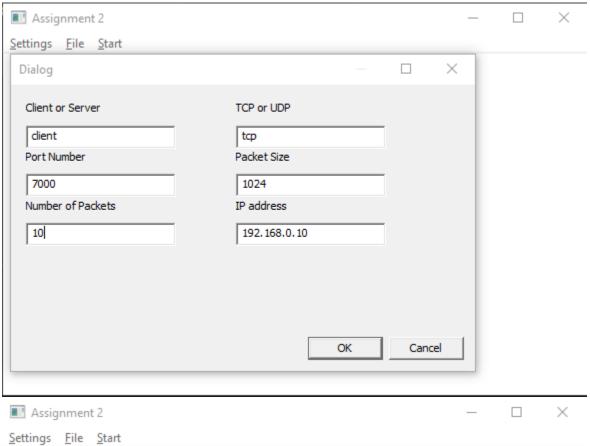
Select Command Prompt

	•		
TCP	127.0.0.1:53545	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING
TCP	127.0.0.1:53545	127.0.0.1:64439	ESTABLISHED
TCP	127.0.0.1:56333	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING
TCP	127.0.0.1:56334	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING
TCP	127.0.0.1:56335	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING
TCP	127.0.0.1:56336	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING
TCP	127.0.0.1:64437	127.0.0.1:27015	ESTABLISHED
TCP	127.0.0.1:64439	127.0.0.1:53545	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.0.10:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING
TCP	192.168.0.10:7000	192.168.0.10:53810	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.0.10:49441	13.89.184.238:443	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.0.10:49487	142.232.230.30:443	FIN_WAIT_2
TCP	192.168.0.10:51909	52.43.202.10:443	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.0.10:52464	157.55.170.113:5671	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.0.10:53365	34.210.102.41:443	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.0.10:53604	13.89.184.96:443	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.0.10:53768	13.33.151.143:443	CLOSE_WAIT
TCP	192.168.0.10:53810	192.168.0.10:7000	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.0.10:53812	40.121.213.159:443	TIME_WAIT

UDP Connection Established

```
Select Command Prompt
        0.0.0.0:3544
UDP
        0.0.0.0:3702
UDP
        0.0.0.0:3702
UDP
        0.0.0.0:3702
UDP
        0.0.0.0:3702
UDP
        0.0.0.0:3702
UDP
        0.0.0.0:3702
UDP
        0.0.0.0:5050
UDP
        0.0.0.0:5353
UDP
        0.0.0.0:5353
UDP
        0.0.0.0:5353
UDP
        0.0.0.0:5353
UDP
        0.0.0.0:5353
UDP
        0.0.0.0:5353
UDP
        0.0.0.0:5355
UDP
        0.0.0.0:7000
        0.0.0.0:50532
UDP
        0.0.0.0:50955
UDP
        0.0.0.0:52484
UDP
        0.0.0.0:52692
UDP
        0.0.0.0:52693
UDP
        0.0.0.0:53698
        a a a a·55233
```

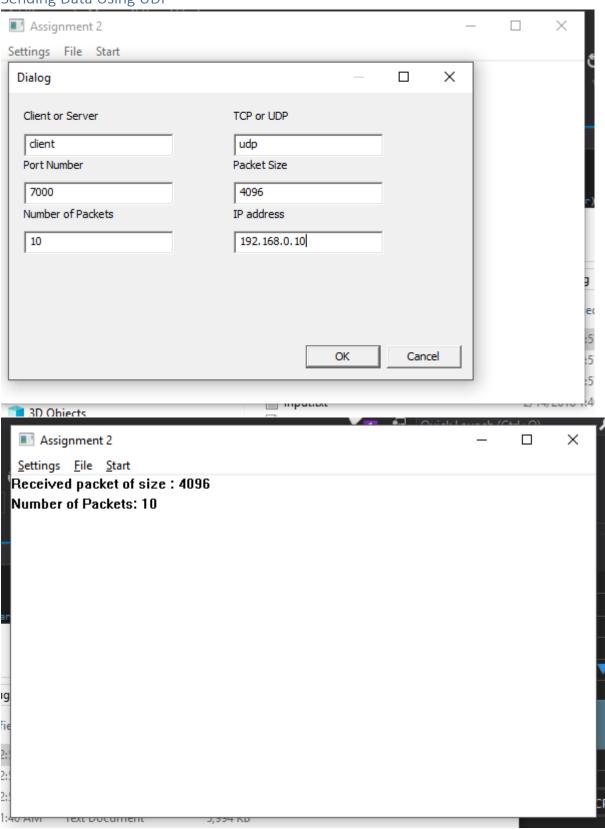
Sending Data Using TCP



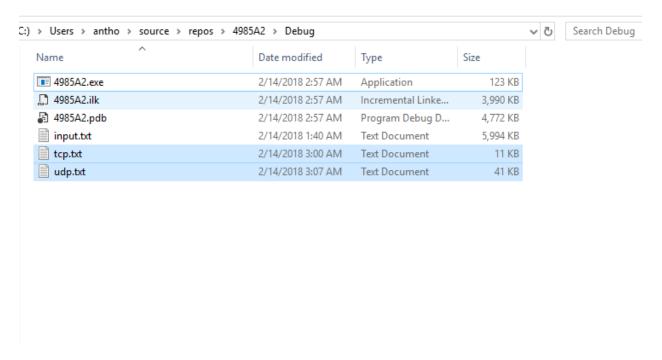
Received packet of size: 1024

Number of Packets: 10

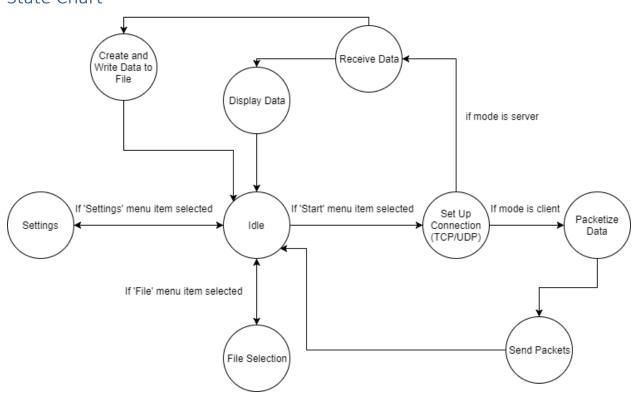
Sending Data Using UDP



Data Saved to File



State Chart



Idle

Starting state of the program. Displays a simple GUI to the user.

- If user decides to upload a file, go to File Selection state
- If user decides to change Settings, go to **Settings** state
- If user wants to begin sending or receiving data, go to **Set Up Connection** state

File Selection

Opens another GUI to allow the user to select a file to upload to a server. Selecting 'OK' will send the user back to the **Idle** state.

Settings

Opens a dialog box for the user to enter in values for:

• Mode: Client or Server

Protocol: TCP or UDP

- Port number
- Packet Size
- Number of packets to send
- IP address

Selecting 'OK' or 'Cancel' will send the user back to the **Idle** state.

Set Up Connection

For TCP:

- Create a socket
- Client requests a connection
- Server Accepts Request

For UDP:

- Create a socket
- Both Client and Server bind to a local address

If set up is successful, go to either Packetize Data state or Receive Data state, depending on the mode

Packetize Data

Breaks up the file specified by the user into packets of n Bytes, where n is a value specified by the user in the **Settings** state. Once the data has been broken up, go to **Send Packets** state.

Send Packets

Send packets to a socket. When all packets have been sent or max number of packets has been sent, return to **Idle** state.

Receive Data

If there is data in the socket, go to **Display Data** state and **Create and Write Data to File** state.

Display Data

Display number of packets Received, as well as the size of the most recent packet received. Return to **Idle** state.

Create and Write Data to File

Creates a file to save data. Return to **Idle** state.

Pseudocode

WinMain

Initialize variables for creating window and opening files Create window

WndProc

Create WM_SOCKET event handler

If WM_SOCKET event triggered

Call ServerProc() or ClientProc()

Create File Selector event handler

If File Selector event triggered

show window for file selection

Create Settings event handler

If Settings button clicked

Show dialog box for settings

Create Start event handler

If Start button clicked

Set up Connection for TCP/UDP

Create WM_PAINT event handler

Repaint the window every time a packet is received and display that value

ClientProc

Create Socket Information for socket if connected

Listen for ready-for-write events

Packetize data received from file

Send data to socket

Calculate delay for sending

ServerProc

Accept a request for connection if requested

Create Socket Information for accepted socket

Listen for read events

If there is data in the socket

Retrieve data and send to file

Output data to the GUI

Clear Buffer

Lowercase

Loop through each character in the array

Change character to lowercase

setDefaultSettings

set default values for mode, protocol, port number, packet size, max packets, and IP address

GetSocketInformation

Look for socket in SocketInfoList

If SocketInfoList contains socket

Return socket

CreateSocketInformation

Set Values for LPSOCKET_INFORMATION struct of a socket

FreeSocketInformation

Look for Socket in SocketInfoList
If SocketInfoList contains socket
Free Socket

ToolDlgProc

Handle dialog box events for changing settings

Delay

Subtract end time from original time and multiple by 1000 Subtract end milliseconds from original milliseconds Add values together and return that value