AMCP RESEARCH AND EDUCATION COMMITTEE

WHAT IS HYPERTENSION?



HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE

High blood pressure (also known as hypertension) is when your blood pressure, the force of your blood pushing against the wall of blood vessels, is consistently too high.

COMMON CAUSES OF HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE







Unhealthy diet with:

- High fat High salt
- Low potassium



Too much alcohol daily: Male > 2 drinks Women > 1 drink



Lack of exercise and sedentary lifestyle

Blood Pressure Categories



3			Association.
BLOOD PRESSURE CATEGORY	SYSTOLIC mm Hg (upper number)		DIASTOLIC mm Hg (lower number)
NORMAL	LESS THAN 120	and	LESS THAN 80
ELEVATED	120-129	and	LESS THAN 80
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE (HYPERTENSION) STAGE 1	130-139	or	80-89
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE (HYPERTENSION) STAGE 2	140 OR HIGHER	or	90 OR HIGHER
HYPERTENSIVE CRISIS (consult your doctor immediately)	HIGHER THAN 180	and/or	HIGHER THAN 120

WHAT CAN YOU DO?



Lose weight and keep waistline under: Men < 40 inches Women < 35 inches



Exercise is key: At least 30 minutes of physical aerobic activity á day, 3-4 times a week



Reduce stress: Take time off during the day to relax with activities you enjoy



Eat a *healthy diet* rich in: Fruits, grains, vegetables, lean meat and fish. Avoid high fat and high sodium diet



Reduce daily alcohol intake:

Men - 2 drinks max Women - 1 drink max



Continue blood pressure medications as directed (If taking any).



HYPERTENSION MAY INCREASE YOUR RISK OF SERIOUS ILLNESS FROM COVID-19

- If you have high blood pressure and are currently taking blood pressure medication, it is important to continue taking them as directed to minimize the risk of complications from COVID-19.
- Get the COVID-19 vaccine where available in your county.



COVID-19 VACCINE & DISEASE STATE INFOGRAPHICS:

TEXT (402) 732-2627 TO LEARN MORE ABOUT THE COVID-19 VACCINE AND COMMON DISEASES

