

ANTIMICROBIAL

RESISTANCE



WHAT ARE GERMS, OR "MICROBES"?

Microbes are tiny living things that are found all around us and are too small to be seen by the naked eye, including bacteria, viruses, fungi, and parasites.

Certain microbes (called pathogens) can cause infections in humans, animals, & plants.



WHAT ARE ANTIMICROBIALS?

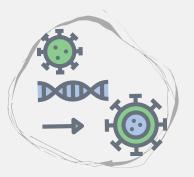
Antimicrobials are drugs used to prevent and treat infections in humans, animals and plants. These types of drugs include antibiotics, antivirals, antifungals and antiparasitics.

HOW DOES USING ANTIMICROBIALS CAUSE RESISTANCE?

Antimicrobial (or antibacterial) resistance occurs when bacteria develop the ability to defeat the drugs designed to kill them. That means the germs are not killed and continue to arow.

Overuse & misuse of antimicrobials contribute to resistance.





HOW DOES RESISTANCE SPREAD?

To survive, germs develop defense strategies against antibiotics called resistance mechanisms (resulting in changes in their DNA that can get passed to other germs)

SOURCES

FDC.org, WHO.org, CDC.org Visit WesternU's Script Your Future website at tinyurl.com/amcphealthhelper for more information

WHAT'S NEXT?

Learn more about how we can prevent antimicrobial resistance!

