Flight Fare Prices Prediction



Antima Nakhat

Contents

Αb	stract	3
	Introduction	.4
	1. Why this High-Level Design Document?	4
	2. Scope	4
	General Description	
	1. Product Perspective & Problem Statement	.4
	2. Tools Used	5
	Design Detail	6
	1. Process Flow	6
	2. Model Training and Evaluation.	7

Abstract

Traditionally, buying tickets well in advance is recommended to avoid last-minute price hikes. However, airlines may lower prices to boost sales. Numerous factors affect pricing, including holidays, seat availability, and seasonal trends. Some of these factors are visible, while others are internal to airlines. This document provides a comprehensive design structure for a model that helps users identify the optimal time to book tickets.

Introduction

Why this High-Level Design Document?

The purpose of this High-Level Design (HLD) Document is to add the necessary detail to the current project description to represent a suitable model for coding. This document is also intended to help detect contradictions before coding and can be used as a reference manual for how the modules interact at a high level.

The HLD will:

Present all of the design aspects and define them in detail
Describe the user interface being implemented
Describe the hardware and software interfaces
Describe the performance requirements
Include design features and the architecture of the project
List and describe the non-functional attributes like:

- 1. Security
- 2. Reliability
- 3. Maintainability
- 4. Portability
- 5. Reusability
- 6. Application compatibility
- 7. Resource utilization
- 8. Serviceability

Scope

The HLD documentation presents the structure of the system, such as the database architecture, application architecture (layers), application flow (Navigation), and technology architecture. The HLD uses non-technical to mildly-technical terms which should be understandable to the administrators of the system.

General Description

Product Perspective & Problem Statement

Airline companies use many different variables to determine the flight ticket prices: indicator whether the travel is during the holidays, the number of free seats in the plane etc. Some of the variables are observed, but some of them are hidden. The problem is how to determine when is the best time to buy flight ticket for the desired destination and period. In other word, when given the historical price and the current price of a flight for a specific departure date, algorithms need to determine whether it is suitable to buy or wait. Airline companies have the freedom to change the flight ticket prices at any moment. Travelers can save money if they choose to buy a ticket when its price is the lowest.

Tools used

Business Intelligence tools and libraries works such as NumPy, Pandas, Seaborn, Matplotlib, MS-Excel, MS-Power, Jupyter Notebook and Python Programming Language are used to build the whole framework.















Design Details

Process Flow

Data	Col	lection	

Training/Validation Data

ML Model for Flight Fare Prediction

Prediction

Take Necessary Action

- Data Collection: Acquiring and cleaning the dataset
- Training/Validation: Preparing data for modelling
- Model Training: Using algorithms to predict fares
- **Prediction**: Generating price forecasts
- Action: Displaying results to users

Model Training and Evaluation

