# Question 1

Hugo is trying to complete his card collection and needs just one last card. He can obtain cards from biscuit packs, and each pack has a 0.2 probability of containing the card he needs. Hugo has enough money to buy at most 4 packs, but he will stop buying as soon as he finds the missing card. Let X be the number of packs Hugo buys.

#### **Part 1:** What is the probability distribution of X?

# Solution

As given, easy to know that X has a geometric distribution with parameter p, that is

$$X \sim \text{Geo}(p), \quad p = 0.2, \quad X \in \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

We know that

$$\mathbb{P}(X = k) = (1 - p)^{k-1}p, \quad k \in X$$

Then we have

$$\mathbb{P}(X=k) = \begin{cases} (1-0.2)^{1-1}0.2 = \frac{1}{5} & = 0.2, \quad k=1\\ (1-0.2)^{2-1}0.2 = \frac{4}{25} & = 0.16, \quad k=2\\ (1-0.2)^{3-1}0.2 = \frac{16}{125} & = 0.128, \quad k=3\\ 1 - \sum_{i=1}^{3} \mathbb{P}(X=i) = \frac{64}{125} & = 0.512, \quad k=4 \end{cases}$$

#### Answer

$$\mathbb{P}(X=k) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{5} = 0.2, & k = 1\\ \frac{4}{25} = 0.16, & k = 2\\ \frac{16}{125} = 0.128, & k = 3\\ \frac{64}{125} = 0.512, & k = 4 \end{cases}$$

**Part 2:** What is the probability that Hugo successfully completes his collection?

# Solution

Let event C denotes that Hugo completes his collection, easy to know that

$$C = \bigcup_{k=1}^{4} (X = k)$$

Then we have

$$\mathbb{P}(C) = \sum_{k=1}^{4} \mathbb{P}(X = k)$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} + \frac{4}{25} + \dots + \frac{64}{625}$$

$$= \frac{369}{625}$$

$$= 0.5904$$

# Answer

$$\boxed{\mathbb{P}(C) = \frac{369}{625} = 0.5904}$$

**Part 3:** Given that Hugo completes the collection, what is the probability that he only buys one pack?

## Solution

By applying the Bayes' Theorem, we know that

$$\mathbb{P}_C(X=1) = \frac{\mathbb{P}_{X=1}(C)\mathbb{P}(X=1)}{\mathbb{P}(C)}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times \frac{1}{5}}{\frac{369}{625}}$$

$$= \frac{125}{369}$$

$$\approx 0.339$$

## Answer

$$\mathbb{P}_C(X=1) = \frac{125}{369} \approx 0.339$$