Question 1

A sample of newborn male infants had their birth weight measured in

ounces. The data was then grouped into classes as follows, where represents the class midpoint and represents the frequency of the

k-th class

1. How many individuals are in the sample?

Let the number of classes be:

$$K = 15$$

Then we have the number of individuals:

$$n = \sum_{k=1}^K N_k = 2 + 6 + ... + 1 = 9\,465$$

Answer

• n = 9465

2. Compute the mean and variance of the sample.

Let the individual be:

$$x_i, \;\; i \in \{1,2,...,n\}$$

Let the relative frequency be:

$$p_k = rac{N_k}{n}$$

Then we have the mean:

$$ar{x} = \sum_{k=1}^K p_k Z_k = rac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^K N_k Z_k = rac{1\,035\,467}{9\,465} pprox 109.400$$

Then we have the variance:

$$\sigma^2 = \sum_{k=1}^K p_k (Z_k - ar{x})^2 = rac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^K N_k (Z_k - ar{x})^2 = rac{1\,748\,957}{9\,465} pprox 184.782$$

Answer

- $\bar{x} = \frac{1035467}{9465} \approx 109.400$
- $\sigma^2 = \frac{1748957}{9465} \approx 184.782$

3. If the weight is converted to grams (1 ounce = 28.349 grams), how would the mean and variance change?

The individual becomes:

$$y_i = 28.349\,x_i, \;\; i \in \{1,2,...,n\}$$

Then the class becomes:

$$Z_{yk} = 28.349 \, Z_k, \;\; k \in \{1,2,...,K\}$$

Then the mean becomes:

$$egin{align} ar{y} &= rac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^K N_k Z_{yk} = 28.349 \, (rac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^K N_k Z_k) \ &= 28.349 \, ar{x} = rac{29\,354\,453\,983}{9\,465\,000} pprox 3\,101.369 \ \end{gathered}$$

Then the variance becomes:

$$egin{aligned} \sigma_y^2 &= rac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^K N_k (Z_{yk} - ar{y})^2 = 28.349^2 \, (rac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^K N_k (Z_k - ar{x})^2) \ &= 28.349^2 \sigma^2 = rac{140\,557\,692\,831}{946\,500} pprox 148\,502.581 \end{aligned}$$

Answer

•
$$\bar{y}=28.349\,\bar{x}=rac{29\,354\,453\,983}{9\,465\,000}pprox 3\,101.369$$

$$m{\phi}_y^2 = 28.349^2 \sigma^2 = rac{140\,557\,692\,831}{946\,500} pprox 148\,502.581$$

4. What can be said about the median and quartiles of this dataset?

The index of the median:

$$i_m = rac{n+1}{2} = 4\,733$$

Then we know the classes surrounding the median:

$$\sum_{k=1}^6 N_k = 3\,049 < i_m < 5\,289 = \sum_{k=1}^7 N_k$$

Then we have the proportions of the distances of the median to the classes surrounding:

$$egin{aligned} p_{[6,i_{c_m}]} &= rac{i_m - \sum_{k=1}^6 N_k}{N_7} = rac{1\,684}{2\,240} pprox 0.752 \ p_{[i_{c_m},7]} &= rac{\sum_{k=1}^7 N_k - i_m}{N_7} = rac{556}{2\,240} pprox 0.248 \end{aligned}$$

Then we have the median:

$$m=p_{[6,i_{c_m}]}Z_7+p_{[i_{c_m},7]}Z_6=rac{235\,232}{2\,240}pprox 105.014$$

As well as the second quartile:

$$Q_2=m=rac{235\,232}{2\,240}pprox 105.014$$

The index of the first quartile (Q_1) and the index of the third quartile (Q_3) :

$$egin{aligned} i_{Q_1} &= rac{i_m+1}{2} = 2\,367 \ i_{Q_3} &= rac{i_m+n}{2} = 7\,099 \end{aligned}$$

Then we know the classes surrounding the quartiles:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{5} N_k = 1\,320 < \!i_{Q_1} < 3\,049 = \sum_{k=1}^{6} N_k \ \sum_{k=1}^{7} N_k = 5\,289 < \!i_{Q_3} < 7\,296 = \sum_{k=1}^{8} N_k$$

Then we have the proportions of the distances of the quartiles to the classes surrounding:

$$egin{align} p_{[5,i_{c_{Q_1}}]} &= rac{i_{Q_1} - \sum_{k=1}^5 N_k}{N_6} = rac{1\,047}{1\,729} pprox 0.606 \ &p_{[i_{c_{Q_1}},6]} &= rac{\sum_{k=1}^6 N_k - i_{Q_1}}{N_6} = rac{682}{1\,729} pprox 0.394 \ &p_{[7,i_{c_{Q_3}}]} &= rac{i_{Q_3} - \sum_{k=1}^7 N_k}{N_8} = rac{1\,810}{2\,007} pprox 0.902 \ &p_{[i_{c_{Q_3}},8]} &= rac{\sum_{k=1}^8 N_k - i_{Q_3}}{N_8} = rac{197}{2\,007} pprox 0.098 \ &p_{[i_{c_{Q_3}},8]} &= rac{1047}{2\,007} pprox 0.098 \ &p_{[i_{c_{Q_3},8]} &= rac{1047}{2\,007} pprox 0.098 \ &p_{[i_{c_{Q_3},8]}} &= rac{1047}{2\,007} \ &p_{[i_{c_{Q_3},8]}} &= rac{1047}{2\,007} \ &p_{[i_{c_{Q_3},8]} &= rac{1047}{2\,007} \ &p_{[i_{c_{Q_3},8]}} &= rac{1047}{2\,007} \ &p_{[i_{c_{Q_3},8]}} &= rac{1047}{2\,007} \ &p_{[i_{c_{Q_$$

Then we have the first quartile and the third quartile:

$$egin{align} Q_1 &= p_{[5,i_{c_{Q_1}}]} Z_6 + p_{[i_{c_{Q_1}},6]} Z_5 = rac{165\,715}{1\,729} pprox 95.844 \ \ Q_3 &= p_{[7,i_{c_{Q_2}}]} Z_8 + p_{[i_{c_{Q_2}},8]} Z_7 = rac{229\,229}{2\,007} pprox 114.215 \ \end{align}$$

Answer

•
$$m_p = rac{235\,232}{2\,240} pprox 105.014$$

•
$$Q_1=rac{165\,715}{1\,729}pprox95.844$$

•
$$Q_2=rac{235\,232}{2\,240}pprox 105.014$$

•
$$Q_3=rac{229\,229}{2\,007}pprox 114.215$$