Question 2

Consider a binary communication channel, with every digit in the input having a Bernoulli distribution with parameter p = 0.8 (i.e., the probability of sending 1 is p). A "word" contains 6 digits: $X_1, X_2, ..., X_6$.

Part 1: What is the probability that a word contains exactly four 1's and two 0's?

Solution

As given, we can define the Bernoulli distribution with sample space $\{0,1\}$ (0 denotes not received and 1 denotes received) and with parameter p=0.8, then we can define its Binomial distribution as

$$X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p), \quad n = 6$$

Then we can know the probability that a word contains exactly four 1's and two 0's

$$\mathbb{P}(X=4) = \binom{n}{4} p^4 (1-p)^{n-4}$$
$$= 0.24576$$

Answer

$$\boxed{\mathbb{P}(X=4) = 0.245\,76}$$

Part 2: What is the probability that a word contains at least four 1's?

Solution

$$\mathbb{P}(X \ge 4) = \sum_{k=4}^{n} \mathbb{P}(X = k)$$

$$= \sum_{i=4}^{n} \binom{n}{k} p^{k} (1-p)^{n-k}$$

$$= 0.90112$$

Answer

$$\boxed{\mathbb{P}(X \ge 4) = 0.901\,12}$$

Part 3: Assume that the first digit is $X_1 = 1$. What is the probability that the sum of the first two digits is 2?

Solution

Let the trials be denoted as

$$X_i, i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$$

Then we have

$$\mathbb{P}_{X_1=1}(X_1 + X_2 = 2) = \mathbb{P}(X_2 = 1)$$
= p
= 0.8

Answer

$$\boxed{\mathbb{P}_{X_1=1}(X_1+X_2=2)=0.8}$$