

# Conformal Manifolds and Chiral Rings

from 1602.05971, sec. 1.

## Conformal manifolds

$\text{CFT}_d$ ,  $\mathcal{O}$  = scalar marginal operator.

$$\text{Deformation } \delta S = \lambda \int d^d x \mathcal{O} \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{d\lambda}{d \log \mu} = \beta_1 \lambda^2 + \beta_2 \lambda^3 + \dots$$

pert. theory.

If all  $\beta_i = 0$ , then  $\mathcal{O}$  = exactly marginal and  $\lambda$  defines a line of CFTs, along which critical exponents can vary continuously.

If several such operators  $\rightarrow$  "conformal manifold"

$$\text{Zamolodchikov metric } \langle \mathcal{O}_i(x) \mathcal{O}_j(0) \rangle_{\{\lambda\}} = \frac{g_{ij}(\lambda)}{x^{2d}} \quad \lambda = (\lambda^1, \dots, \lambda^n)$$

When do all the  $\beta_i$  vanish?

- Common in  $c=1$  models in 2d
- CFT with current algebra symmetry
- CFT with susy ( $2 \leq d \leq 4$ )

Example: 4d  $\mathcal{N}=2$ .

- \* Kähler conformal manifold, with coords  $(\tau^i, \bar{\tau}^i)$  descendants of  $\mathcal{N}=2$  chiral primaries of dim 2
- \* Every marginal is exactly marginal
- \* Trivial Kähler class ( $\Rightarrow$  conf manifold non-compact)

## Chiral ring of $\mathcal{N}=2$ SCFTs

SCA  $\begin{cases} \text{Conf algebra } \mathfrak{so}(5,1) \rightsquigarrow (\Delta, j_R, j_L) \\ \text{Poincaré supercharges } Q_\alpha^a, \bar{Q}_{\dot{\alpha}}^a \text{ and supersym } S_\alpha^a, \bar{S}_{\dot{\alpha}}^a \\ \text{su}(2)_R \times \mathfrak{u}(1) \text{ R-sym. } \rightsquigarrow (s, R) \end{cases}$

Define: • "chiral primary" = superconformal primary annihilated by  $\bar{Q}_\alpha^a$ .

$$\Rightarrow \Delta = \frac{R}{2}$$

$$j_r = s = 0$$

(and in all known examples  $j_L = 0$  as well.)

↳ They form the chiral ring which:

\* is freely generated

\* # generators =  $\dim(\text{Coulomb branch})$

• "operators  $\mathcal{H}_I$ " = superconformal primary annihilated by  $Q_\alpha^1$  and  $\bar{Q}_\alpha^1$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$\Delta = 2s$$

$$j_L = j_r = R = 0$$

\* They also form a ring

\* ring not freely generated

\* operators in this ring parametrize the Higgs branch.