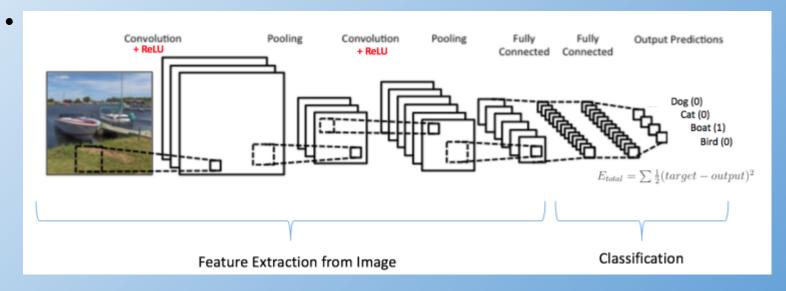


 Convolutional Neural Networks are a category of Neural Networks that have proven very effective in areas such as image recognition and classification. CNNs have been successful in identifying faces, objects and traffic signs apart from powering vision in robots and self driving cars.





2D Convolution:

- Apply a filter on the image moving at a certain **stride** to build a feature map
 Use several filters (**depth**)

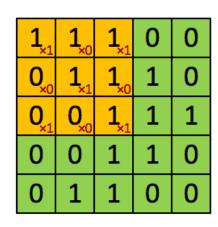
Filter

1	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	1

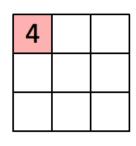


Image

1	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0
0	0	1	1	1
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0



Image



Convolved Feature



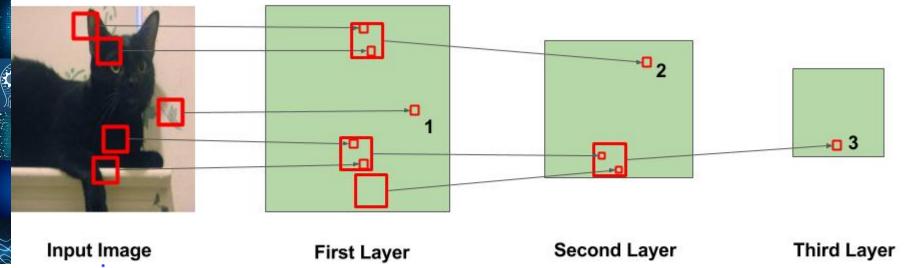
Feature Map having depth of 3 (since 3 filters have been used)

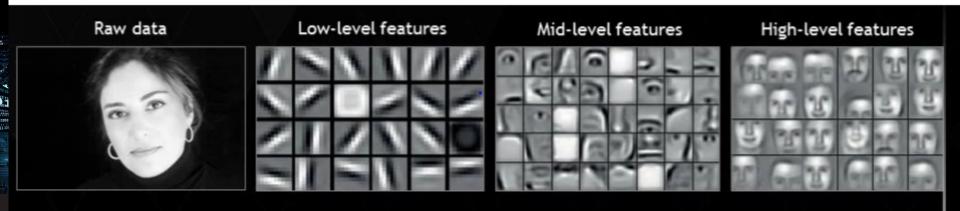
Convolution Operation

Source: https://www.apsl.net/blog/2017/11/20/use-convolutional-neural-network-image-classification/



What are "features"?



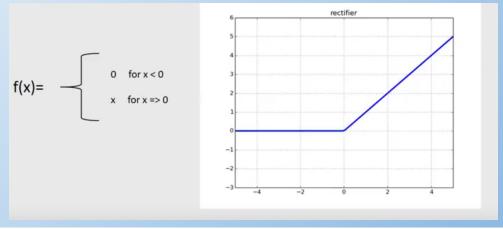


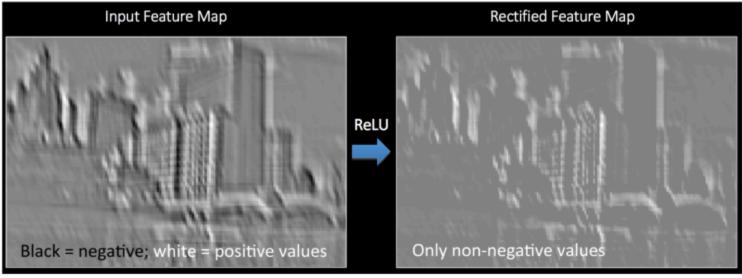




2D Convolution:

Apply a Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU)



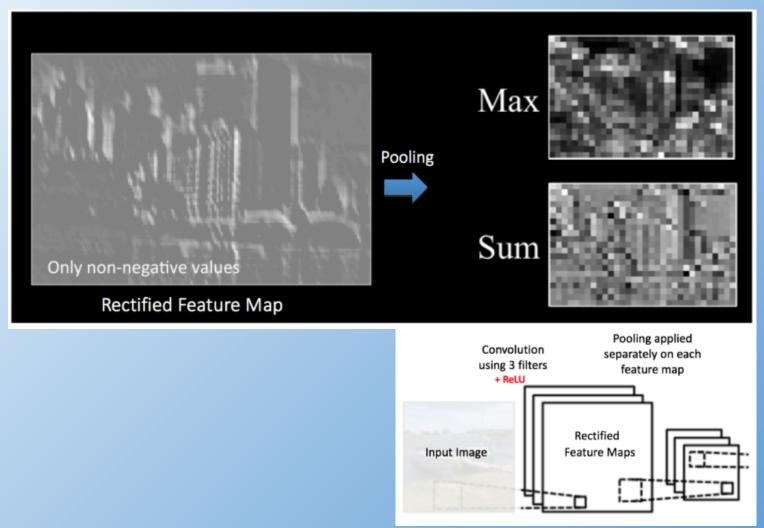


Source: https://www.apsl.net/blog/2017/11/20/use-convolutional-neural-network-image-classification/



2D Convolution:

Applying pooling to rectified feature maps



Source: https://www.apsl.net/blog/2017/11/20/use-convolutional-neural-network-image-classification/



2D Convolution:

- Applying convolution + ReLU + pooling several times
- Pass output to a traditional Multi Layer Perceptron
- SoftMax output layer provides probabilities per classes

