

Social benefits in the function 'social exclusion not elsewhere classified' refer to the 'socially excluded' or to 'those at risk of social exclusion'. In general, target groups may be identified (among others) as destitute people, migrants, refugees, drug addicts, alcoholics or victims of criminal violence.

It includes:

- Income support: periodic payments to people with insufficient resources. Conditions for entitlement may be related not only to the personal resources but also to nationality, residence, age, availability for work and family status. The benefits may have a limited or an unlimited duration; they may be paid to the individual or to the family and may be provided by central or local government,
- Other cash benefits: support for destitute and vulnerable persons to help alleviate poverty or assist in difficult situations. These benefits may be paid by private non-profit organisations,
- Other benefits nowhere else classified (e.g. benefits to compensate for extra fees on climate, compensation for funeral expenses)

It excludes:

- Pensions for persons who participated in the National Resistance. These pensions should be classified under 'old age function'. Anyone who is old enough to have been in the resistance must be over 70.

The net income series corresponds to the gross income components but the tax at source or the social insurance contributions or both are deducted.

Description of flags

HY060G/HY060N uses two-digit flags, where the first digit express '*most common source or method*' and the second digit express '*type of collected value*'. The most common source or method is defined based on the share of the highest value of subcomponents defining this income source, described in the section of the flags.

The imputation factor shows what percentage of a recorded (transmitted) value is collected and what percentage is imputed. The value should be recorded with two decimal places. Negative values are allowed.