

- Regular, i.e., transfer payments must be to some extent anticipated or relied on;
- Current, i.e., out of the income from the income reference period.

Regular can correspond to two different time scales:

- It could be an annual amount paid every year or over several years;
- It could be periodic payments (e.g., monthly) over a short period embedded in the income reference period (e.g. a semester).

The definition of 'regular' does not refer to precise occurrence and does not require strong periodicity.

**Regular inter-household transfers paid include:**

- compulsory alimony and child support,
- voluntary alimony and child support paid on a regular basis,
- regular cash support to persons other than household members,
- regular cash support to households in other countries.

**Regular inter-household transfers paid excludes:**

- Capital transfers and money drawn from saving.

The net income series corresponds to the gross income components but the tax at source or the social insurance contributions or both are deducted.

#### **Before 2021:**

In the case of tax deductions, the paid amount of the regular cash transfer should be recorded in HY130G while HY130N should take into account the tax deductions and repayments.

The inter-household transfers should be measured using the following standard approach: to separate data collection of alimonies from other transfers (cash support from relatives, cash support from the rest of the world).

In line with the Regulation, the variable HY130G/HY130N collects the sum of both components. For an analysis purpose, a new variable is created collecting only alimonies (HY131G/N).

#### **Description of flags**

This income source uses two-digit flags. The first flag digit collects information for 'most common source or method' used, the second digit collects information for the 'type of collected value' and the third digit is not used for this income. The most common source or method used should be defined as described in the introduction, part of the flags.

The imputation factor shows what percentage of a recorded (transmitted) value is collected and what percentage is imputed. The value should be recorded with two decimal places. Negative values are allowed.

#### Suggested question:

*During last year (income reference period, during 2022,...), did you regularly give money to somebody in another household e.g. child support or alimony payments or to a former spouse/husband which can be either national or abroad?*

*If the answer is 'Yes', could you please indicate the total amount (in national currency) received in last year \_\_\_\_\_ (amount in national currency)*