#### Problem Set Week 4

#### ETHZ Math Olympiad Club

10 March 2025

## 1 Problem in example page 140 (PUTNAM and BEYOND)

Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be a twice-differentiable function, with positive second derivative. Prove that

$$f(x + f'(x)) \ge f(x),$$

for any real number x.

### 2 Problem A-2 (IMC 2011)

Does there exist a real  $3 \times 3$  matrix A such that

$$\operatorname{tr}(A) = 0$$
 and  $A^2 + A^T = I_3$ ,

where tr(A) denotes the trace of A,  $A^T$  is the transpose of A, and  $I_3$  is the  $3 \times 3$  identity matrix?

### 3 Problem B-2 (IMC 2014)

Let  $A = (a_{ij})_{i,j=1}^n$  be a symmetric  $n \times n$  matrix with real entries, and let  $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \ldots, \lambda_n$  denote its eigenvalues. Show that

$$\sum_{1 \le i < j \le n} a_{ii} a_{jj} \ge \sum_{1 \le i < j \le n} \lambda_i \lambda_j,$$

and determine all matrices for which equality holds.

# 4 Problem 414 (PUTNAM and BEYOND)

For any real number  $\lambda \geq 1$ , denote by  $f(\lambda)$  the real solution to the equation

$$x(1 + \ln x) = \lambda.$$

Prove that

$$\lim_{\lambda \to \infty} \frac{f(\lambda)}{\frac{\lambda}{\ln \lambda}} = 1.$$

# 5 Problem A-4 (IMC 2014)

Let n>6 be a perfect number, and let  $n=p_1^{e_1}\cdots p_k^{e_k}$  be its prime factorisation with

$$1 < p_1 < \ldots < p_k$$
.

Prove that  $e_1$  is an even number.

A number n is perfect if s(n) = 2n, where  $s(n) = \sum_{\mathbb{N} \ni d|_{\mathbb{Z}}n} d$  is the sum of the divisors of n.