

Distributed Information Systems: Spring Semester 2018 - Quiz 6

Student Name: _____

Date: May 18 2018

Student ID: _____

Total number of questions: 8

Each question really has a single answer!

1. Which of the following is **wrong** regarding *Ontologies*?
 - ☐ a. We can create more than one ontology that conceptualize the same real-world entities
 - ☐ b. Ontologies help in the integration of data expressed in different models
 - ☐ c. Ontologies support domain-specific vocabularies
 - ☐ d. **Ontologies dictate how semi-structured data are serialized**
2. Which of the following is **correct** regarding the use of *Hidden Markov Models (HMMs)* for entity recognition in text documents?
 - ☐ a. HMMs cannot predict the label of a word that appears only in the test set
 - ☐ b. If the smoothing parameter λ is equal to 1, the emission probabilities for all the words in the test set will be equal
 - ☐ c. **When computing the emission probabilities, a word can be replaced by a morphological feature (e.g., the number of uppercase first characters)**
 - ☐ d. The label of one word is predicted based on all the previous labels
3. Which of the following statements is **correct** concerning the use of *Pearson's Correlation* for user-based collaborative filtering?
 - ☐ a. **It measures whether different users have similar preferences for the same items**
 - ☐ b. It measures how much a user's ratings deviate from the average ratings
 - ☐ c. It measures how well the recommendations match the user's preferences
 - ☐ d. It measures whether a user has similar preferences for different items
4. Which of the following statements is **wrong** regarding RDF?
 - ☐ a. An RDF statement would be expressed in SQL as a tuple in a table
 - ☐ b. **Blank nodes in RDF graphs correspond to the special value NULL in SQL**
 - ☐ c. The object value of a type statement corresponds to a table name in SQL
 - ☐ d. RDF graphs can be encoded as SQL databases
5. Which of the following statements is **correct** in the context of information extraction?
 - ☐ a. **A confidence measure that prunes too permissive patterns discovered with bootstrapping can help reducing semantic drift**
 - ☐ b. The bootstrapping technique requires a dataset where statements are labelled
 - ☐ c. Distant supervision typically uses low-complexity features only, due to the lack of training data
 - ☐ d. For supervised learning, sentences in which NER has detected no entities are used as negative samples
6. Which of the following is **correct** regarding schemas and ontologies?

- ☐ a. An ontology is created from constructing mappings between schemas
- ☐ **b. Ontologies can be used for reasoning about different schemas**
- ☐ c. Ontologies always require a schema
- ☐ d. Semi-structured data cannot have a schema

7. *Dude said "I like bowling"*. With how many statements can we express this sentence using *RDF Reification*?

- ☐ a. We cannot
- ☐ b. 1
- ☐ c. 3
- ☐ **d. 5**

8. Modularity of a social network always:

- ☐ a. Increases with the number of communities
- ☐ **b. Increases when an edge is added between two members of the same community**
- ☐ c. Decreases when new nodes are added to the social network that form their own communities
- ☐ d. Decreases if an edge is removed