

# Micro Frontends

**Communication Patterns** 

Satyam Pandey | Sravya Chodisetti

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### **Speakers**



Satyam Pandey
Engineering Manager
Global Merchant Lending, PayPal Credit



Sravya Chodisetti
Senior Software Engineer
Global Merchant Lending, PayPal Credit



### Global Merchant Lending in PayPal

Democratize Credit to our 30M+ Merchant partners!

Offer Fast, Fair, Flexible Credit solutions!

Grow by enabling growth to our Merchant partners!

Paycheck Protection Loans

**BLOAN**BUILDER

Use Credit Check

Initiatives during

Support Government

### **Product**

### **PayPal** Working Capital

### PayPal Business Loan

Key **Features** 

- Sales Based Repayments
- No Credit Check

- Traditional Term Loans
- Use Credit Check

Target Audience Small, Micro Sellers with seasonal / unpredictable cashflows

Mature merchants with







predictable cash flows



COVID19











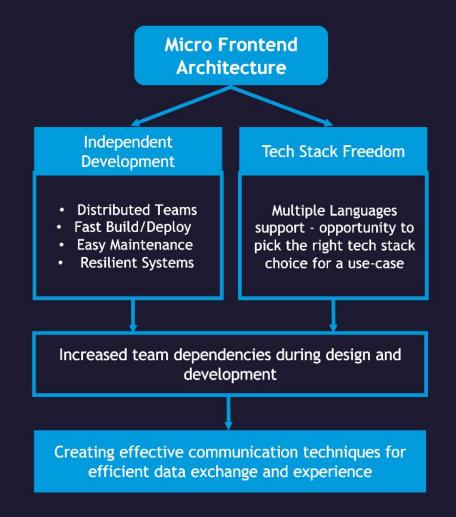


# Why is communication important in Micro Frontend Architecture?

Overview

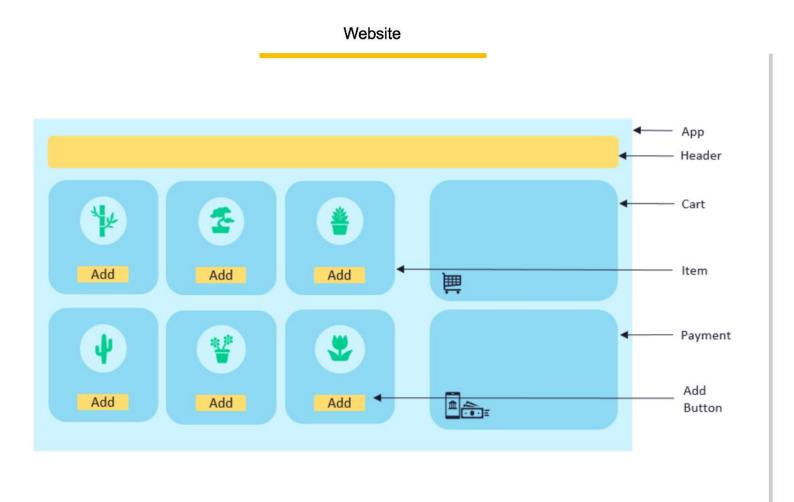


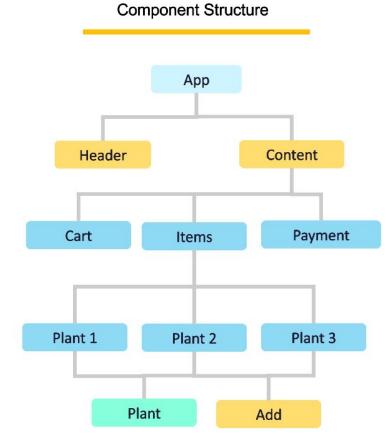






### Introduction







### Introduction

1 Parent to Fragment

- Element Attributes
- Connected Callback
- Attribute Changed Callback

2 Fragment to Parent

- Custom Events
- Event Listeners

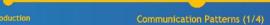
3 Fragment to Fragment

- DOM Manipulation
- Attributes and Callbacks
- Event Bus
- Broadcast Channel API

4 Global Communication

- URL Params
- Global Context and State
- State Management Libraries (Redux)



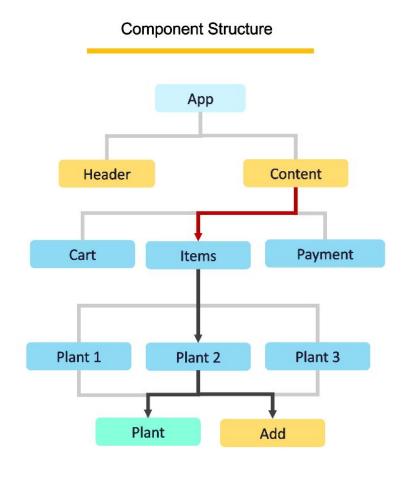


**Best Practices** 

Q//

Parent to Fragment - Scenario







#### Parent to Fragment – Attribute Implementation

(1) Create a custom attribute on the element

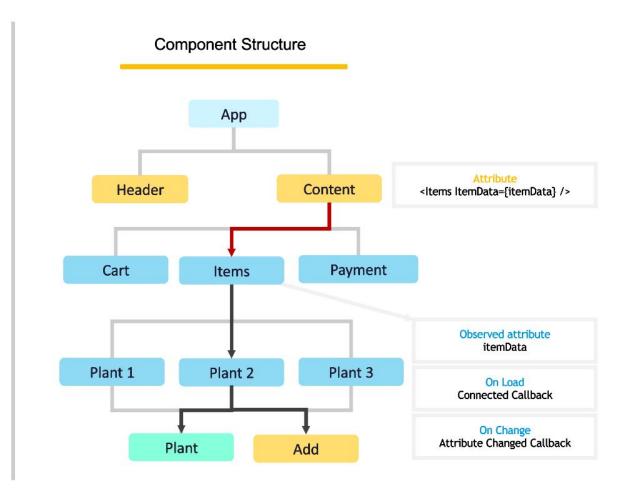
Create a custom attribute called 'itemData' on the item component

2 Pass data as attribute-value to the Fragment

 Pass the plant data to the plant component (instock -true/false) to render plant out-of-stock

3 Create lifecycle methods on observed attribute

- Create connectedCallback or attributeChangedCallback hooks on 'inStock'
- · Create handlers for the callbacks
- Render the plant item as enabled or disabled based on the value of 'inStock' attribute in the Fragment



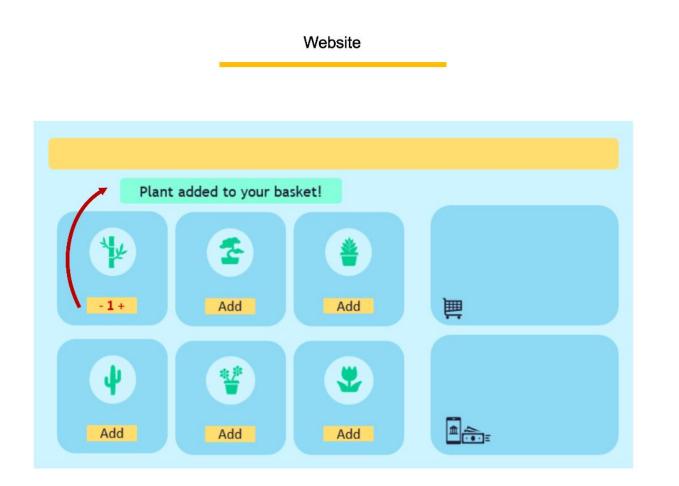


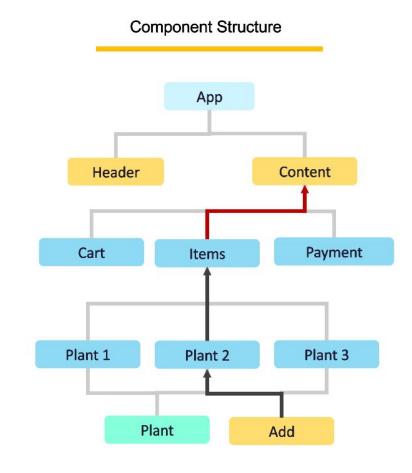


Best Practices

Q/

Fragment to Parent - Scenario









**Best Practices** 

Q/A

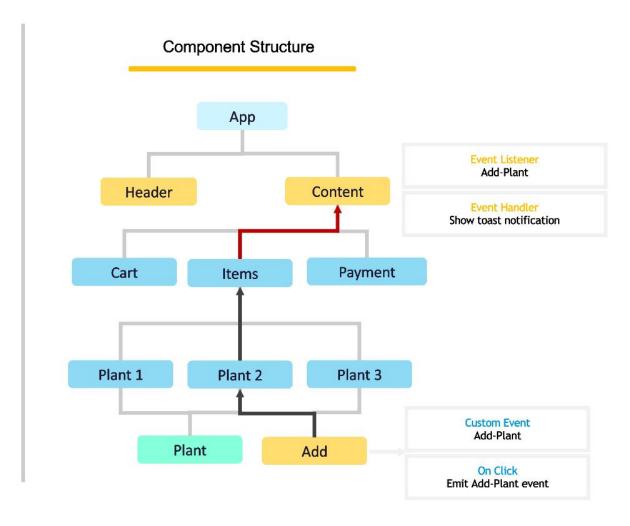
#### Fragment to Parent – Custom Event Implementation

1 Create a custom event on the element

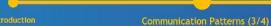
Create a custom event called 'add-plant' on the 'Add' Button

2 Emit the event on action

- Emit the 'add-plant' event on clicking the button
- 3 Create event listener and a handler on the parent
  - Add an event listener on the 'content' element
  - Listen for the 'add-plant' event
  - Execute handler for the next steps
    - send a toast notification for successful update

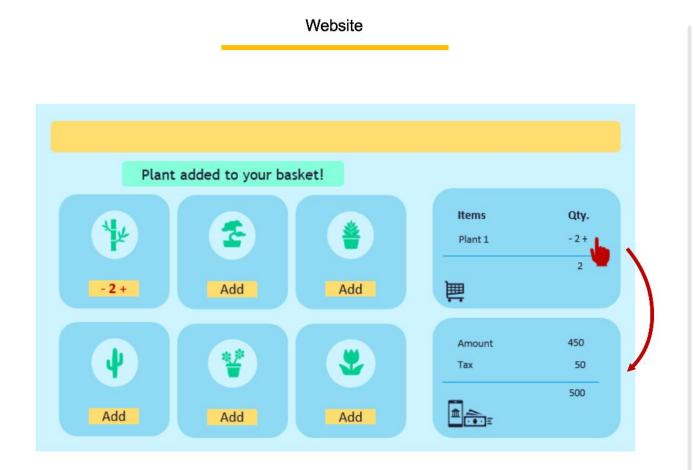


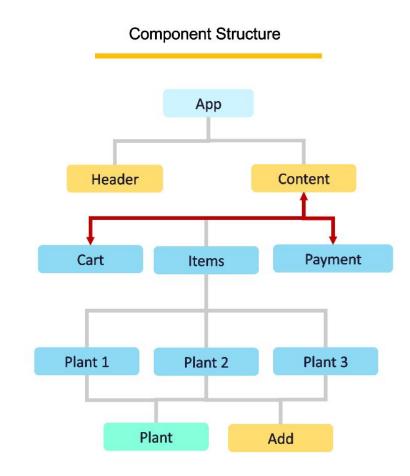




st Practices

Fragment to Fragment - Scenario



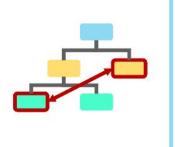




#### Fragment to Fragment – Implementation – 4 ways

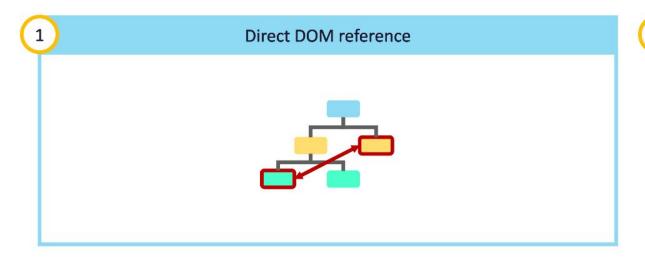
1 Direct DOM reference

- Using DOM navigation properties
  - Get elements by X
  - Query selectors
- Easy to implement
- Introduces tight-coupling
  - Needs DOM context to navigate and identify
  - · Defies the concept of MFA



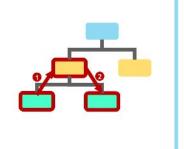


Fragment to Fragment – Implementation – 4 ways



#### 2 Routing via Parents

- Combine the previous communication patterns
  - Trigger an event from Source Fragment to Parent
  - Pass the attribute from Parent to Destination Fragment
- · Easy to implement
- Increased no. of communications between fragments across DOM tree

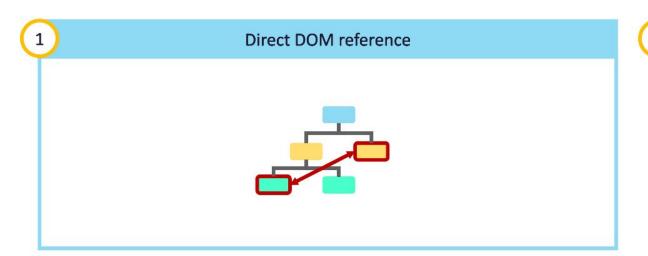


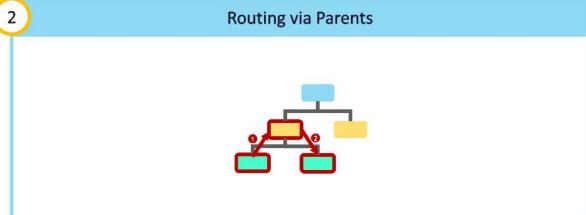


uction Communication Patterns (3/4)

Best Practices

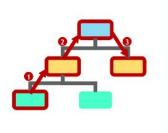
#### Fragment to Fragment – Implementation – 4 ways





#### 3 Event Bus via Custom Events

- Dispatch custom events and let the events bubble
- Dispatch custom events directly to the Window
- Event bubbling allows modification at parents in the tree
  - · Stop propagation / Prevent default
  - · Intercept and modify payload
- Heavily dependent on the DOM structure



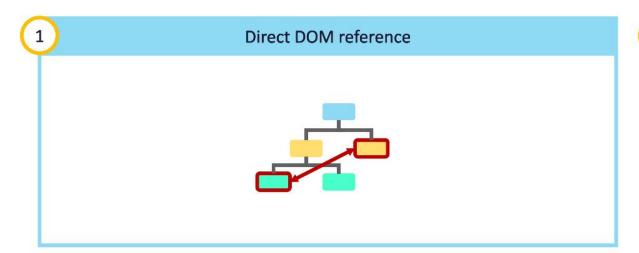


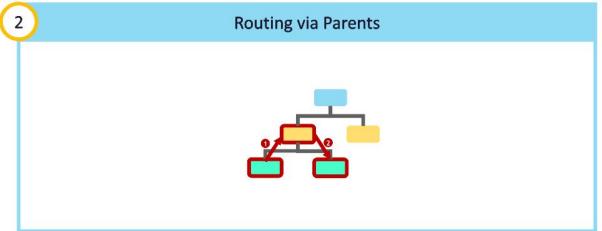
duction Communication Patterns (3/4)

Best Practices

**Broadcast Channel** 

#### Fragment to Fragment – Implementation – 4 ways





Publish / Subscribe

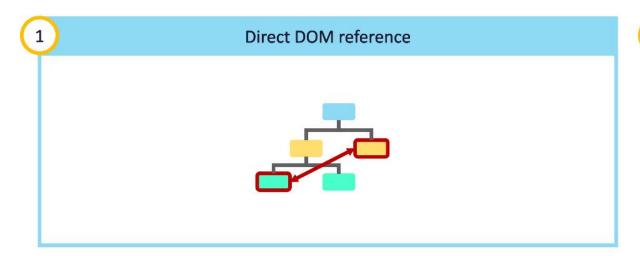


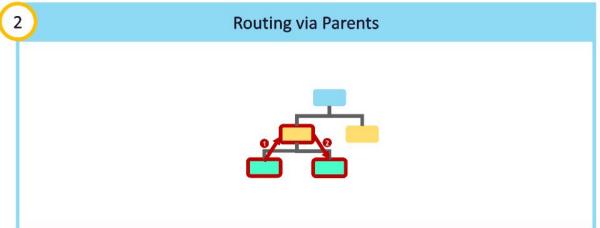
Publish and Subscribe model via Broadcast APIs
 Create and connect to a channel
 Send messages to the channel
 Receive messages and perform necessary actions
 Communicate across windows/tabs/iframes
 Channels are open to everyone to publish messages – pro or con depending on the use-case

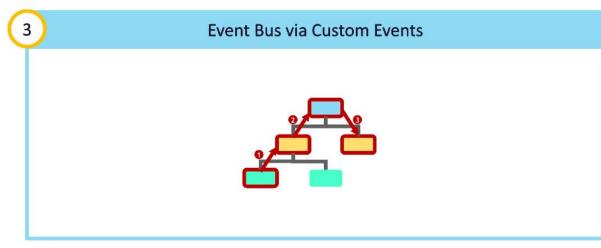


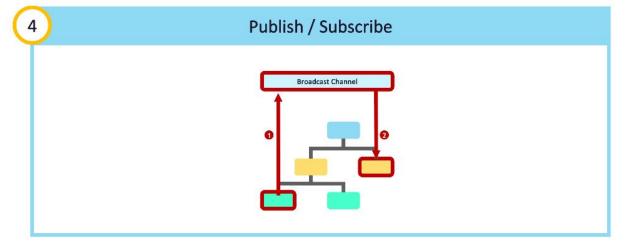
Communication Patterns (3/4)

Fragment to Fragment – Implementation – 4 ways











#### Global Communication - Scenarios and Solutions

### **Product Type** Scenario You sell multiple products on your website (plants, pots, soil, seeds, etc.) How do you pass the product type information to all fragments in the application? Solution **URL** params www.mfa.com/plants www.mfa.com/pots www.mfa.com/seeds Each Fragment reads the product type from the query/path params in the URL Each Fragment maintains a local state and handles the rendering based on the params

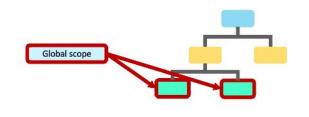


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#### 2 User Details

- Scenario
  - You have multiple user categories who use your website (Platinum, gold, silver, etc.) and the features and User experience varies for each category.
  - How do you pass the user details (category, country, language, etc.) to all the fragments in the application?
- Solution
  - Global Scope and Context
    - JS global scope and context APIs
  - State Management Libraries
    - Create Global state for shared data and local state for each fragment to avoid tightcoupling



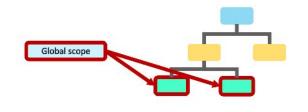


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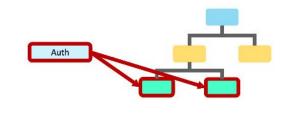
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#### 3 Auth

- Scenario
  - You want to pass Auth information/status to the cart and payment fragments securely
- Solution
  - OAuth ad JWT
    - Use Oauth standards to pass user login information
    - Pass JWT tokens to the fragments from the login component to process with the next applicable steps
  - **Headers and Cookies** 
    - In case of a SSR architecture, leverage HTTP headers and cookies to pass secure information





#### Payload size in Custom Events

- When creating and dispatching custom events, keep the payload size small and pass only 'need-to-know' information.
- Additional data can be fetched exclusively by the destination fragment via API calls
- This prevents tight-coupling of fragments and creates freedom to build selfcontained fragments

#### **Event Bus via Custom Events**

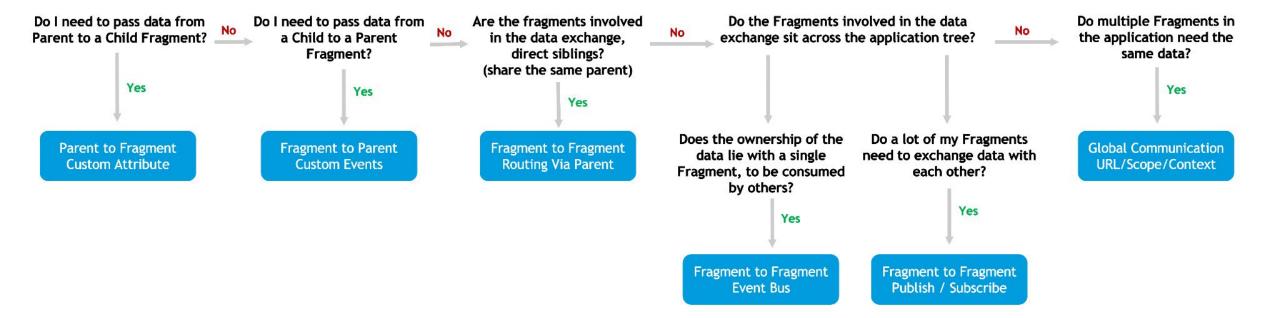
- Custom events do not bubble by default and need to be explicitly enabled
- Enable bubbling if the use-case needs a parent to intercept the event to act on it.
- Disable bubbling if the events needs to be dispatched to the immediate parent
- Avoid re-rendering of components while working with event bubbling using memo hooks in react and attribute callback handlers in JS

#### **Broadcast Channel API**

- Evaluate the need of broadcast channel based on the data published to the channel
- Avoid publishing sensitive information to the channel as it is open to subscribe to any and all fragments
- If multiple fragments need the same data with a high frequency of data updates,
   Publish/Subscribe is a great approach



### **Best Practices**



## Questions?

