Downloading RNAseq, me450k and clinical data from TCGA melanoma tumours

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Introduction

This document outlines the approach i took to download data level 3 TCGA data. RNA-seq, methylation 450K data and clinical information was downloaded using the RTCGAToolbox(Samur 2014) package

The RTCGAToolbox package written by Samur, retreives data from the broads institutive firehose database. Detailed information on how to use this package are available in the Vignette, online courses PH525Xseries and Youtube videos. Many of the codes used here were taken from these resources.

```
#Load the library
library(RTCGAToolbox)
```

A list of available cancer types are found using the getFirehoseDatasets command. The run dates and analyze datas are found using the getFirehoseRunningDates and the getFirehoseAnalyzeDates commands.

getFirehoseDatasets()

##	[1]	"ACC"	"BLCA"	"BRCA"	"CESC"	"CHOL"	"COADREAD"
##	[7]	"COAD"	"DLBC"	"ESCA"	"FPPP"	"GBMLGG"	"GBM"
##	[13]	"HNSC"	"KICH"	"KIPAN"	"KIRC"	"KIRP"	"LAML"
##	[19]	"LGG"	"LIHC"	"LUAD"	"LUSC"	"MESO"	"0V"
##	[25]	"PAAD"	"PCPG"	"PRAD"	"READ"	"SARC"	"SKCM"
##	[31]	"STAD"	"STES"	"TGCT"	"THCA"	"THYM"	"UCEC"
##	[37]	"UCS"	"UVM"				

```
head(getFirehoseRunningDates())

## [1] "20160128" "20151101" "20150821" "20150601" "20150402" "20150204"

head(getFirehoseAnalyzeDates())

## [1] "20160128" "20150821" "20150402" "20141017" "20140715" "20140416"
```

Clinical and RNA-seq data - download and process

The clinical information and normalised RNA-seq data is downloaded. The methylation data is downloaded separately from the clinical and RNA-seq data because its size was too large for my computer to handle. Thus the methylation data was downloaded in separately in our University departments computer cluster.

Skin cutaneous melanoma (SKCM) is selected and "20160128" is used as the rundate. The default file size is 500 mb and this limit is extended to 3000 mb using fileSizeLimit.

The RNA-seq data (RNASeq2GeneNorm) contains normalised gene expression levels generated using Map-Splice for alignment and RNA-Seq by Expectation-Maximization (RSEM) for quantification. RSEM values are calculated using an algorithm that estimate abundances at the gene level to generate TPM (Transcripts Per Million) values. TPM is similar to FPKM and RPKM in that it accounts for total number of reads and gene length. However TPM has gained more popularity over recent years because it is easier to interpret and more stable when comparing between samples. The normalisation is done by dividing the TPM values by the 75th percentile (3rd quartile) and multiplication by 1000.

```
#extract the data
clinSKCM <- getData(readDataSKCM, "clinical")
rnaseqSKCM <- getData(readDataSKCM, "RNASeq2GeneNorm")</pre>
```

The clinical and RNA-seq data are processed (or cleaned up) before any downstream analysis.

load("~/Dropbox/GitHub/Downloading-TCGA-data/RDatafiles/TCGA_readDataSKCM.RData")

- 1) The TCGA barcodes are structured differently between the clinical and RNA-seq datasets and thus needs to be matched. For example the first TCGA barcode in the RNAseq data is "TCGA-3N-A9WB-06A-11R-A38C-07" whereas in the clinical data it is "tcga.d3.a2je"
- 2) Some samples have 2x RNA-seq data. Duplicate RNA-seq data are removed.
- 3) Some samples contain RNA-seq data but there is no clinical information. Only those samples that have both RNA-seq and clinical information are retained for downstream analysis.

```
#Changing patient identifier names
dim(clinSKCM)

## [1] 470  18
head(clinSKCM)

## Composite Element REF years_to_birth vital_status
## tcga.d3.a2je value 75  1
```

```
## tcga.d3.a2jf
                                 value
                                                     74
                                                                    0
## tcga.d3.a3c8
                                                                    0
                                 value
                                                     58
## tcga.d3.a3ml
                                  value
                                                     70
                                                                    1
                                                                    0
## tcga.d3.a51g
                                  value
                                                   <NA>
## tcga.d3.a8gi
                                  value
                                                                    1
##
                 days_to_death days_to_last_followup
## tcga.d3.a2je
                           841
                                                  <NA>
## tcga.d3.a2jf
                          <NA>
                                                  1888
## tcga.d3.a3c8
                          <NA>
                                                  1409
## tcga.d3.a3ml
                           422
                                                  <NA>
## tcga.d3.a51g
                          <NA>
                                                  <NA>
                          1780
                                                  <NA>
## tcga.d3.a8gi
                 days_to_submitted_specimen_dx pathologic_stage
## tcga.d3.a2je
                                            140
                                                       stage iiic
                                            544
## tcga.d3.a2jf
                                                         stage ia
## tcga.d3.a3c8
                                              0
                                                       stage iiic
                                            230
## tcga.d3.a3ml
                                                       stage iiia
## tcga.d3.a51g
                                           <NA>
                                                          stage 0
## tcga.d3.a8gi
                                           1653
                                                         stage ia
                 pathology_T_stage pathology_N_stage pathology_M_stage
## tcga.d3.a2je
                                                    n3
                                                                       mO
                                tx
## tcga.d3.a2jf
                                                    n0
                               t1a
                                                                       mO
## tcga.d3.a3c8
                                                    n3
                                                                       mO
                                tx
## tcga.d3.a3ml
                               t3a
                                                   n2a
                                                                       mO
## tcga.d3.a51g
                               tis
                                                    n()
                                                                       mO
## tcga.d3.a8gi
                               t1a
                                                    n0
##
                 melanoma_ulceration melanoma_primary_known Breslow_thickness
## tcga.d3.a2je
                                 <NA>
                                                                            <NA>
                                                          yes
                                                                            0.28
## tcga.d3.a2jf
                                  no
                                                          yes
## tcga.d3.a3c8
                                 <NA>
                                                                            <NA>
                                                          yes
## tcga.d3.a3ml
                                  no
                                                          yes
                                                                             2.3
## tcga.d3.a51g
                                 <NA>
                                                                               0
                                                          yes
## tcga.d3.a8gi
                                                                            0.98
                                                          yes
##
                 gender date_of_initial_pathologic_diagnosis radiation_therapy
## tcga.d3.a2je female
                                                          2009
                                                                               no
                                                          2008
## tcga.d3.a2jf
                  male
                                                                               no
## tcga.d3.a3c8 female
                                                          2009
                                                                              yes
## tcga.d3.a3ml
                                                          2003
                   male
                                                                               no
                                                          <NA>
## tcga.d3.a51g
                   male
                                                                               no
                                                          2008
## tcga.d3.a8gi
                  male
                                                                               no
                  race
                                     ethnicity
## tcga.d3.a2je white not hispanic or latino
## tcga.d3.a2jf white not hispanic or latino
## tcga.d3.a3c8 white not hispanic or latino
## tcga.d3.a3ml white not hispanic or latino
## tcga.d3.a51g white not hispanic or latino
## tcga.d3.a8gi white not hispanic or latino
dim(rnaseqSKCM)
## [1] 20501
rnaseqSKCM[1:5,1:5]
```

TCGA-3N-A9WB-06A-11R-A38C-07 TCGA-3N-A9WC-06A-11R-A38C-07

##

```
## A1CF
                                0.0000
                                                               0.0000
                                0.0000
## A2BP1
                                                               0.0000
## A2LD1
                                                             160.7548
                              250.1979
## A2ML1
                                7.2698
                                                               0.0000
         TCGA-3N-A9WD-06A-11R-A38C-07 TCGA-BF-A1PU-01A-11R-A18S-07
##
## A1BG
                              360.8794
                                                             176.3994
## A1CF
                                0.7092
                                                               0.0000
## A2BP1
                                6.3830
                                                               1.2987
## A2LD1
                               97.1986
                                                             163.2338
## A2ML1
                                0.0000
                                                               7.7922
         TCGA-BF-A1PV-01A-11R-A18U-07
##
## A1BG
                              216.8470
                                0.0000
## A1CF
## A2BP1
                                0.0000
## A2LD1
                               60.8727
## A2ML1
                                0.5977
#The identifiers in the RNA-seq data are transformed to be the same as the ones in the clinical data. T
rid = tolower(substr(colnames(rnaseqSKCM),1,12))
rid = gsub("-", ".", rid)
colnames(rnaseqSKCM) = rid
length(intersect(rid,rownames(clinSKCM))) # 469 samples intersect between RNAseq and clinSKCM
## [1] 469
#Remove duplicated samples
#Samples with duplicated names are removed. The data between the replicates are very similar however lo
duplicatedSamples <- which(duplicated(colnames(rnaseqSKCM))) # 4 duplicate samples</pre>
duplicatedSampleNames <- colnames(rnaseqSKCM)[duplicated(colnames(rnaseqSKCM))]</pre>
rnaseqMel_duplicated <- rnaseqSKCM[,colnames(rnaseqSKCM) %in% duplicatedSampleNames] #matrix of only th
colnames(rnaseqMel_duplicated)
## [1] "tcga.d3.a1qa" "tcga.d3.a1qa" "tcga.er.a19t" "tcga.er.a19t"
## [5] "tcga.er.a2nf" "tcga.er.a2nf" "tcga.gn.a4u8" "tcga.gn.a4u8"
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(log2(rnaseqMel_duplicated[1001:2000,1:2]))
plot(log2(rnaseqMel_duplicated[1001:2000,3:4]))
plot(log2(rnaseqMel_duplicated[1001:2000,5:6]))
plot(log2(rnaseqMel duplicated[1001:2000,7:8]))
The full TCGA barcodes names of these duplicate samples are investigated. Information on TCGA barcodes
are given here and information on the sample type (e.g. primary, metastatic, additional metastsatic) from the
TCGA barcode is provided here.
index <- which(colnames(rnaseqSKCM) %in% duplicatedSampleNames)</pre>
```

195.1822

A1BG

381.0662

rnaseqSKCM2 <- getData(readDataSKCM, "RNASeq2GeneNorm")</pre>

original_rnaseq_barcode <- colnames(rnaseqSKCM2)</pre>

original_rnaseq_barcode[index]

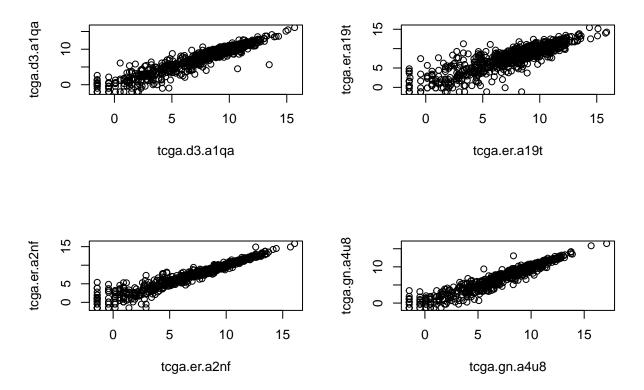


Figure 1: figure 1: The duplicate samples are plotted together to assess the correlation. They look similar and it is not obvious which duplicate to keep.

```
## [1] "TCGA-D3-A1QA-07A-11R-A37K-07" "TCGA-D3-A1QA-06A-11R-A18T-07"
## [3] "TCGA-ER-A19T-06A-11R-A18U-07" "TCGA-ER-A19T-01A-11R-A18T-07"
## [5] "TCGA-ER-A2NF-06A-11R-A18T-07" "TCGA-ER-A2NF-01A-11R-A18T-07"
## [7] "TCGA-GN-A4U8-11A-11R-A32P-07" "TCGA-GN-A4U8-06A-11R-A32P-07"
```

The sample types of these duplicate samples are either of primary solid (01) tumour, metastastic (06), additional metastastic (07) or solid tissue (11) normal.

Here, from the duplicates, i will retain only metastatic tumours and so I remove the duplicate primary solid tumours, additional metastatic tumour and solid tissue normal. 1st duplicate samples: remove the additional metastatic 2nd duplicate samples: remove the primary tumour 3rd duplicate samples: remove the primary 4th duplicate samples: remove the solid tissue normal

```
4th duplicate samples: remove the solid tissue normal

remove_index <- c("TCGA-D3-A1QA-07A-11R-A37K-07", "TCGA-ER-A19T-01A-11R-A18T-07", "TCGA-ER-A2NF-01A-111

remove_index <- which(original_rnaseq_barcode %in% remove_index)

rnaseqSKCM = rnaseqSKCM[,-remove_index] # getting rid of the duplicate

dim(rnaseqSKCM) # from 473 samples to 469

## [1] 20501 469

length(intersect(colnames(rnaseqSKCM),rownames(clinSKCM))) #469 samples interect between rnaseqSKCM an
```

[1] 469

```
length(rownames(clinSKCM)) # there is 1 sample in clinMel which there is absent in rnaseqMel
## [1] 470
clinSKCM <- clinSKCM[intersect(colnames(rnaseqSKCM),rownames(clinSKCM)),]
dim(clinSKCM)

## [1] 469 18
table(colnames(rnaseqSKCM)==rownames(clinSKCM)) # patient names are in the same order

##
## TRUE
## 469
#You may wish to create an expression set which contains both RNA-seq and expression matrix.
library(Biobase)
readES = ExpressionSet(as.matrix(log2(rnaseqSKCM+1)))
pData(readES) = clinSKCM</pre>
```

Survival data clean-up and analysis

Survival analysis: background

To analyse overall survival, 3 variables in the clinMel data set is required, which are "vital_status", "days_to_death" and "days_to_last_followup".

Information is available in a googles forum page here

```
dim(clinSKCM)
## [1] 469 18
str(clinSKCM[,c("vital_status","days_to_death","days_to_last_followup")])
## 'data.frame':
                    469 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ vital status
                          : chr "1" "0" "1" "0" ...
## $ days to death
                           : chr "518" NA "395" NA ...
## $ days_to_last_followup: chr NA "2022" NA "387" ...
clinSKCM[1:5,c("vital_status","days_to_death","days_to_last_followup")]
##
                vital_status days_to_death days_to_last_followup
## tcga.3n.a9wb
                           1
                                       518
                                                            <NA>
## tcga.3n.a9wc
                           0
                                      <NA>
                                                            2022
## tcga.3n.a9wd
                                       395
                                                            <NA>
                           1
## tcga.bf.a1pu
                                      <NA>
                           0
                                                             387
## tcga.bf.a1pv
                                      <NA>
                                                              14
```

- $vital_status:$ "1" means deceased and "0" means still alive.
- days_to_death: With patients who are deacesed, the days_to_death variable gives the number of days before death.
- days_to_last_followup: With patients who are still alive, the days_to_last_followup variable gives the number of days before the last follow-up.

Survival data: Exploratory analysis

In 460 out of 469 patients, the days_to_death and days_to_last_followup are mutually exclusive; if theres an NA in days_to_death then there is a number to DaystoLastfollowup and vice versa. The remaining have NA for both days to death and days to last followup.

```
table(!is.na(clinSKCM[,"days_to_death"]) & is.na(clinSKCM[,"days_to_last_followup"])) #There are 220 pa
##
## FALSE
          TRUE
     249
           220
table(is.na(clinSKCM[,"days_to_death"]) & !is.na(clinSKCM[,"days_to_last_followup"])) #There are 240 pa
##
## FALSE
          TRUE
##
     229
           240
table(is.na(clinSKCM$"days_to_death") & is.na(clinSKCM$"days_to_last_followup")) #there are 9 patinets
##
## FALSE
          TRUE
##
     460
There are 9 patients with both "days_to_death" and "days_to_last_followup" as NA.
survivalVariables <- c("days_to_last_followup","vital_status","days_to_death")</pre>
index <- is.na(clinSKCM[,"days_to_death"]) & is.na(clinSKCM[,"days_to_last_followup"])</pre>
clinSKCM[index,survivalVariables]
##
                 days_to_last_followup vital_status days_to_death
## tcga.d3.a3c1
                                   <NA>
                                                    0
                                                                <NA>
## tcga.d3.a3c3
                                   <NA>
                                                    0
                                                                <NA>
## tcga.d3.a51g
                                   <NA>
                                                    0
                                                                <NA>
                                                                <NA>
## tcga.d3.a8go
                                   <NA>
                                                    1
## tcga.er.a19o
                                   <NA>
                                                    1
                                                                <NA>
                                                                <NA>
## tcga.fr.a3yo
                                   < NA >
                                                    0
## tcga.rp.a695
                                   <NA>
                                                    0
                                                                <NA>
## tcga.rp.a6k9
                                   <NA>
                                                    0
                                                                <NA>
## tcga.yd.a9tb
                                   <NA>
                                                    0
                                                                <NA>
dim(clinSKCM[index,survivalVariables])
## [1] 9 3
There is also 1 patient with a negative days_to_last_followup. What does this mean?
survivalVariables <- c("days_to_last_followup","vital_status","days_to_death")</pre>
index <- which(clinSKCM[,"days_to_death"] < 0 | clinSKCM[,"days_to_last_followup"] < 0)</pre>
clinSKCM[index,survivalVariables]
                 days_to_last_followup vital_status days_to_death
                                     -2
                                                                <NA>
## tcga.eb.a430
                                                    0
```

Survival analysis: merge days to death and days to last followup

Here i merge days_to_death and days_to_last_followup to create a new variable called new_death. Most are simple to handle because they are mutually exclusive; if there's an NA in days_to_death then there is a number to days_to_last_followup and vice versa.

DELETE: However, as shown above, some patients have values to both variables with different number of days which i am unsure what that means. Also some patients have an NA to both variables.

Here i create a new variable called new_death in which: * If patient has deceased (1 in vital status), the days_to_death is selected * If patient is alive (0 in vital status), days_to_last_followup is selected

```
mergeOS <- ifelse(clinSKCM[,"vital_status"]==1, clinSKCM[,"days_to_death"], clinSKCM[,"days_to_last_fol
str(mergeOS)

## chr [1:469] "518" "2022" "395" "387" "14" "282" "853" "831" "464" ...

table(is.na(mergeOS))

##
## FALSE TRUE
## 460 9
clinSKCM$mergeOS <- as.numeric(mergeOS)</pre>
```

Survival analysis: sanity check with t-stage

Here i perform a "sanity check" to see if the survival data makes sense. First i look at the prognosis according to the tumour T stage.

- t0 patients without a known primary tumor.
- t1 melanoma is less than 1 mm thick
- t2 melanoma is between 1 mm and 2 mm thick
- t3 melanoma is between 2 mm and 4 mm thick
- t4 melanoma is more than 4 mm thick
- tis Melanoma in situ

##

23

42 78 90 152

8 47

• tx - Primary tumor cannot be assessed (e.g. severely regressed melanoma or curettaged melanoma)

```
library(survival)
ev <- as.numeric(clinSKCM$vital_status)</pre>
fut <-as.numeric(clinSKCM$mergeOS)</pre>
su = Surv(fut, ev)
# There are 15 different types of T-stage. Here i reduce this number to 7 different groups.
table(clinSKCM$pathology_T_stage)
##
##
       t1 t1a t1b t2 t2a t2b t3 t3a t3b t4 t4a t4b tis
       10
           22
              10 32 31 15 14 39 37 15 25 112
                                                            47
table(substr(clinSKCM$pathology_T_stage,1,2))
##
##
   t0
       t1
           t2 t3 t4
```

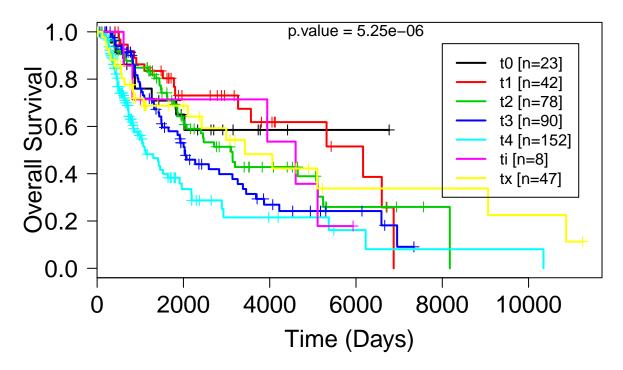


Figure 2: figure 2: Kaplan Meier survival plot of melanoma patients in the TCGA databse according to T stage. As expected, survival becomes poorer from t1 to t4. However it is strange that ti (tis, melanoma insitu) has a sudden drop in survival.

```
t_stage = factor(substr(clinSKCM$pathology_T_stage,1,2))
plot(survfit(su~t_stage),mark.time=TRUE, lwd=2, col=1:7, las=1, cex.axis=1.5)
mtext("Overall Survival", side=2, line=2.7, cex=1.5)
mtext("Time (Days)", side=1, line=2.8, cex=1.5)
ntab = table(t_stage)
ns = paste("[n=", ntab, "]", sep="")
legend(8000, .95, col=1:7, lwd=2, legend=paste(levels(t_stage), ns))
text(6000,1, paste("p.value = 5.25e-06"))
summary(coxph(su~t_stage))
## Call:
## coxph(formula = su ~ t_stage)
##
##
     n= 433, number of events= 205
      (36 observations deleted due to missingness)
##
##
##
                coef exp(coef) se(coef)
                                            z Pr(>|z|)
## t_staget1 -0.1524
                        0.8586
                                 0.4383 -0.348 0.72803
## t_staget2 0.2414
                        1.2730
                                 0.3876 0.623
                                              0.53351
## t_staget3 0.5201
                        1.6822
                                 0.3816 1.363
                                              0.17289
                       2.9231
                                 0.3759 2.854
                                               0.00432 **
## t_staget4
             1.0727
## t_stageti 0.3821
                        1.4654
                                 0.5718 0.668
                                               0.50394
                        1.2340
                                 0.4250 0.495
                                              0.62084
## t_stagetx 0.2102
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
##
##
             exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## t_staget1
                0.8586
                            1.1646
                                      0.3637
                1.2730
                                                  2.721
                            0.7856
                                      0.5955
## t_staget2
## t_staget3
                1.6822
                            0.5945
                                      0.7963
                                                  3.554
## t staget4
                2.9231
                            0.3421
                                      1.3993
                                                  6.106
                                                  4.494
## t stageti
                1.4654
                            0.6824
                                      0.4778
## t_stagetx
                1.2340
                            0.8104
                                      0.5364
                                                  2.839
##
## Concordance= 0.624 (se = 0.023)
## Rsquare= 0.071
                    (max possible= 0.992)
## Likelihood ratio test= 31.92 on 6 df,
                                              p=1.687e-05
## Wald test
                        = 32.6 on 6 df,
                                            p=1.251e-05
## Score (logrank) test = 34.56 on 6 df,
                                             p=5.255e-06
survdiff(su~t_stage)
## Call:
## survdiff(formula = su ~ t_stage)
##
## n=433, 36 observations deleted due to missingness.
##
##
                N Observed Expected (0-E)^2/E (0-E)^2/V
                          8
                                12.7
                                        1.7284
                                                   1.8504
## t_stage=t0
               23
## t_stage=t1
               42
                         15
                                27.4
                                        5.5960
                                                   6.5269
## t_stage=t2
               76
                         40
                                49.4
                                        1.7855
                                                   2.3821
                         49
                                46.3
                                                   0.1996
## t stage=t3
               89
                                        0.1534
## t stage=t4 152
                         68
                                38.5
                                       22.5570
                                                  29.1185
## t_stage=ti
                7
                         5
                                 5.3
                                        0.0169
                                                   0.0175
## t_stage=tx
                         20
                                25.4
                                        1.1457
                                                   1.4286
##
    Chisq= 34.6 on 6 degrees of freedom, p= 5.25e-06
```

There is a significant statistical difference in overall survival between the different T stages.

It is strange that those patients with melanoma insitu has such a poor prognosis. Here i look at the clinical data of these patients. All 8 of these patients did not have distant metastsis and only 1 presented regional lymph node metastasis. However 5 ended up deceased.

```
clinSKCM[clinSKCM$pathology_T_stage %in% "tis",]
```

```
##
                 Composite Element REF years_to_birth vital_status
## tcga.d3.a2jb
                                  value
                                                     70
                                                                     0
## tcga.d3.a51g
                                                   <NA>
                                  value
## tcga.d3.a51k
                                  value
                                                     51
                                                                     0
## tcga.d3.a8gr
                                                     54
                                                                     1
                                  value
## tcga.ee.a183
                                  value
                                                      48
                                                                     1
                                                     59
## tcga.ee.a20c
                                  value
                                                                     1
                                                      42
                                                                     0
## tcga.ee.a29w
                                  value
                                  value
## tcga.er.a2ne
                                                                     1
                 days_to_death days_to_last_followup
## tcga.d3.a2jb
                          5110
                                                  <NA>
## tcga.d3.a51g
                           <NA>
                                                  <NA>
                           <NA>
## tcga.d3.a51k
                                                  1002
## tcga.d3.a8gr
                          3943
                                                  <NA>
## tcga.ee.a183
                            818
                                                  <NA>
```

```
## tcga.ee.a20c
                          4601
                                                  <NA>
                          <NA>
                                                  5932
## tcga.ee.a29w
## tcga.er.a2ne
                           613
                                                  <NA>
##
                 days_to_submitted_specimen_dx pathologic_stage
## tcga.d3.a2jb
                                           3035
                                                          stage 0
                                                          stage 0
## tcga.d3.a51g
                                           <NA>
## tcga.d3.a51k
                                             20
                                                       stage iiib
## tcga.d3.a8gr
                                           3774
                                                          stage 0
## tcga.ee.a183
                                            447
                                                          stage 0
## tcga.ee.a20c
                                           4469
                                                          stage 0
## tcga.ee.a29w
                                           4954
                                                          stage 0
                                            567
## tcga.er.a2ne
                                                          stage 0
                 pathology_T_stage pathology_N_stage pathology_M_stage
## tcga.d3.a2jb
                                tis
## tcga.d3.a51g
                                tis
                                                    n0
                                                                       mO
## tcga.d3.a51k
                                                   n2b
                                                                       m0
                                tis
## tcga.d3.a8gr
                                                    n0
                                                                       mO
                                tis
## tcga.ee.a183
                                tis
                                                    n0
                                                                       mO
## tcga.ee.a20c
                                                    n0
                                                                       mO
                                tis
## tcga.ee.a29w
                                tis
                                                    n0
                                                                       mO
## tcga.er.a2ne
                                                    n0
                                tis
                 melanoma_ulceration melanoma_primary_known Breslow_thickness
## tcga.d3.a2jb
                                 <NA>
                                                                             <NA>
                                                          yes
## tcga.d3.a51g
                                 <NA>
                                                          yes
                                                                                0
## tcga.d3.a51k
                                 <NA>
                                                          yes
## tcga.d3.a8gr
                                 <NA>
                                                                             0.01
                                                          yes
                                                                             <NA>
## tcga.ee.a183
                                 <NA>
                                                          yes
## tcga.ee.a20c
                                 <NA>
                                                                             <NA>
                                                          yes
## tcga.ee.a29w
                                 < NA >
                                                                                0
                                                          yes
                                 <NA>
                                                                             <NA>
## tcga.er.a2ne
                                                          yes
##
                 gender date_of_initial_pathologic_diagnosis radiation_therapy
## tcga.d3.a2jb female
                                                          1997
## tcga.d3.a51g
                   male
                                                          <NA>
                                                                                no
                                                          2011
## tcga.d3.a51k
                   male
                                                                                no
## tcga.d3.a8gr female
                                                          1999
                                                                                no
## tcga.ee.a183
                   male
                                                          2007
                                                                                no
## tcga.ee.a20c
                   male
                                                          1997
                                                                                no
## tcga.ee.a29w
                                                          1997
                   male
                                                                               yes
## tcga.er.a2ne
                                                          2007
                   male
                                                                               yes
##
                                                          ethnicity mergeOS
                                       race
## tcga.d3.a2jb black or african american not hispanic or latino
                                                                        5110
                                      white not hispanic or latino
## tcga.d3.a51g
                                                                          NΑ
## tcga.d3.a51k
                                      white
                                                 hispanic or latino
                                                                        1002
                                                                        3943
## tcga.d3.a8gr
                                      white not hispanic or latino
## tcga.ee.a183
                                      white not hispanic or latino
                                                                         818
                                                                        4601
## tcga.ee.a20c
                                      white not hispanic or latino
## tcga.ee.a29w
                                      white not hispanic or latino
                                                                        5932
## tcga.er.a2ne
                                      white not hispanic or latino
                                                                         613
```

Survival analysis: sanity check with CD74

Another "sanity check" is done but this time with using the RNAseq data. CD74 gene exprresion was found to be associated with good prognosis using SKCM TCGA data (Ekmekcioglu 2016).

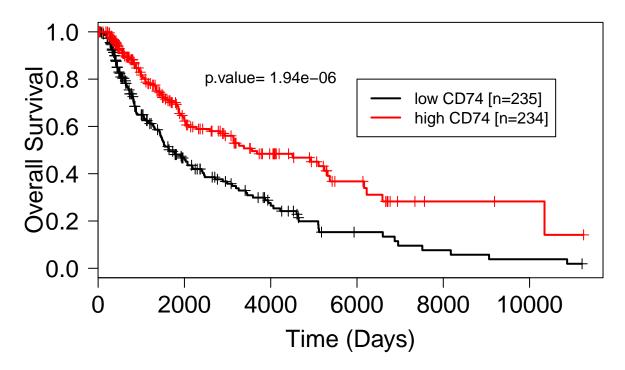


Figure 3: figure 3: figure 3: Kaplan Meier survival plot of melanoma patients in the TCGA databse according to high and low CD74 expression. Consistent with Ekmekcioglu2016, higher CD74 expression is associated with better prognosis.

```
#Patient samples are split into high and low CD74 expression using the median as the cut-off
CD74 <- ifelse(rnaseqSKCM["CD74",] > median(rnaseqSKCM["CD74",]), 1, 0)
# higher than median is 1, lower than median is 0
CD74 <- as.factor(CD74)
table(CD74)
## CD74
##
    0
## 235 234
ev <- as.numeric(clinSKCM$vital_status)</pre>
fut <-as.numeric(clinSKCM$mergeOS)</pre>
su = Surv(fut, ev)
plot(survfit(su~CD74),mark.time=TRUE, lwd=2, col=c("black","red"), las=1, cex.axis=1.5)
mtext("Overall Survival", side=2, line=2.7, cex=1.5)
mtext("Time (Days)", side=1, line=2.8, cex=1.5)
ntab = table(CD74)
ns = paste("[n=", ntab, "]", sep="")
legend(6000, .8, col= c("black", "red"), lwd=2, legend=paste(c("low CD74", "high CD74"), ns))
text(4000,0.8, paste("p.value= 1.94e-06"))
survdiff(su~CD74, data=clinSKCM)
## Call:
## survdiff(formula = su ~ CD74, data = clinSKCM)
##
```

```
## n=460, 9 observations deleted due to missingness.
##
##
            N Observed Expected (O-E)^2/E (O-E)^2/V
## CD74=0 230
                   133
                              98
                                      12.5
                                                22.7
## CD74=1 230
                    87
                             122
                                      10.0
                                                22.7
##
   Chisq= 22.7 on 1 degrees of freedom, p= 1.94e-06
```

Methylation 450K data - download and processing

The methylation 450K data-frame was too big (>6gb) to download or work with in my desktop. It has 485,577 rows and 478 columns with each value having many digits. Therefore I had to use our cluster network to download the data and then reduce the file size by lowering the number of decimal points for every beta-value. The size-reduced file was then moved to my desktop and loaded into R.

```
#This was done in our DSM cluster
#downloading the methylation 450k data from TCGA melanoma samples
readDataSKCM_methylation <- getFirehoseData(dataset = "SKCM",</pre>
                               runDate = "20160128",
                                forceDownload = TRUE,
                                clinical = FALSE,
                                RNASeq2GeneNorm = FALSE,
                                Methylation = TRUE,
                                fileSizeLimit = 3000)
me450kSKCM = getData(readDataSKCM_methylation, "Methylation",1)
probeinfo <- me450kSKCM[,1:3]</pre>
me450kSKCM <- me450kSKCM[,-(1:3)]
me450kSKCM <- sapply(me450kSKCM, as.numeric)</pre>
save.image("methylation450k 20160128 raw.RData")
#scp /home/STUDENT/ahnje770/methylation450k_20160128_raw.RData /mnt/hcs/dsm-eccles-seq
names(as.list(.GlobalEnv)) #too look at the variables in the global environment (in the DSM cluster)
#to load it in the future in DSM cluster
load("/mnt/hcs/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_files/methylation450k_20160128_raw.RData")
```

Change the identifier names in the methylation data

```
rid = tolower(substr(colnames(me450kSKCM),1,12))
rid = gsub("-", ".", rid)

duplicatedSampleNames_me450k <- rid[which(duplicated(rid))]
colnames(me450kSKCM)[rid %in% duplicatedSampleNames_me450k]
# [1] "TCGA-D3-A1QA-O7A-11D-A373-05" "TCGA-D3-A1QA-06A-11D-A19B-05"
# [3] "TCGA-ER-A19T-06A-11D-A19D-05" "TCGA-ER-A19T-01A-11D-A19D-05"</pre>
```

```
# [5] "TCGA-ER-A2NF-06A-11D-A19D-05" "TCGA-ER-A2NF-01A-11D-A19D-05"
# [7] "TCGA-FW-A3R5-11A-11D-A23D-05" "TCGA-FW-A3R5-06A-11D-A23D-05"
# [9] "TCGA-GN-A4U8-11A-11D-A32S-05" "TCGA-GN-A4U8-06A-11D-A32S-05"
\#Just as the RNA-seq data, here I remove the additional metastatic, primary tumours, and normal solid t
#removing the duplicated samples here
#1st duplicate: remove the additional metastatic (07)
#2nd duplicate: remove the primary tumour (01)
#3rd duplicate: remove the primary (01)
#4th duplicate: remove the solid tissue normal (11)
#5th duplicate: remove the solid tissue normal (11)
#01 Primary solid tumour
#06 metastatic
#07 additional metastastatic
#11 Solid tissue normal
remove_index <- c("TCGA-D3-A1QA-07A-11D-A373-05", "TCGA-ER-A19T-01A-11D-A19D-05", "TCGA-ER-A2NF-01A-1
remove_index <- which(colnames(me450kSKCM) %in% remove_index)</pre>
remove_index #the rows i will be removing for the duplicated samples
#[1] 36 316 324 387 414
me450kSKCM = me450kSKCM[,-remove_index] # getting rid of the duplicate
dim(me450kSKCM) # from 475 samples to 470
table(duplicated(colnames(me450kSKCM)))
#FALSE
# 470
rid = tolower(substr(colnames(me450kSKCM),1,12))
rid = gsub("-", ".", rid)
colnames(me450kSKCM) <- rid</pre>
length(intersect(colnames(me450kSKCM),colnames(rnaseqSKCM))) #469 samples interect between meTIL_probe
length(colnames(meTIL_probes)) # there is 1 sample in clinMel which there is absent in rnaseqMel
me450kSKCM <- me450kSKCM[,intersect(colnames(me450kSKCM),colnames(rnaseqSKCM))]</pre>
dim(meTIL_probes)
table(colnames(rnaseqSKCM) == colnames(me450kSKCM)) # patient names are in the same order
```

Reducing the size of the methylation 450K data

```
str(me450kSKCM) # this shows that all the values are characters.

me450kSKCM <- sapply(me450kSKCM, as.numeric)
me450kSKCM_rounded <- as.matrix(round(me450kSKCM, digits=3)) # Round to 3 digits
write.csv(me450kSKCM_rounded, "me450kSKCM_rounded.csv")
#scp /home/STUDENT/ahnje770/me450kSKCM_rounded.csv /mnt/hcs/dsm-eccles-seq</pre>
```

```
rm(me450kSKCM) #remove the unrounded me450kfile
setwd("/mnt/hcs/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_files")
save.image("methylation450k 20160128 rounded.RData")
After i reduced the size of the methylation data to generate me450kMel_rounded, I saved into my computer
for loading.
load ("~/Dropbox/GitHub/RDatafiles/methylation450k 20160128 rounded.RData")
\# load("/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_files/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") \#"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_files/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") #"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_files/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") #"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_files/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") #"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_files/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") #"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") #"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") #"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") #"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") #"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") #"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData") #"/Volumes/dsm-eccles-seq/methylation450k_20160128\_rounded.RData"
dim(me450kSKCM rounded)
## [1] 485577
                                      469
dim(probeinfo)
## [1] 485577
                                           3
class(me450kSKCM_rounded)
## [1] "matrix"
me450kSKCM_rounded[1:3,1:3]
##
                               tcga.3n.a9wb tcga.3n.a9wc tcga.3n.a9wd
## cg00000029
                                                                            0.419
                                                                                                          0.215
                                               0.517
## cg0000108
                                                      NA
                                                                                   NA
                                                                                                                 NA
## cg0000109
                                                      NA
                                                                                   NA
                                                                                                                 NA
```

Acquring methylation probe values for meTIL-score

It was demonstrated that methylation probe values can be used to determine the level of CD8 immune cells within bulk tumour (Jeschke 2017).

Beta-values of 5 CpG probes are needed to generate the meTIL-score. Here i did not use me450kMel_rounded but used the data prior to rounding to 3 decimal points.

```
meTIL_probes <- c("cg20792833","cg20425130","cg23642747","cg12069309","cg21554552") # the 5 CpG probes me450kMel[1:3,1:6]
```

X Gene_Symbol Chromosome Genomic_Coordinate

```
write.csv(me450kMel[me450kMel$X%in%probes_iwant,], file="meTIL_probes.csv")
```

The "meTIL probes.csv" file is transferred from the server to my computer and then loaded.

```
meTIL_probes <- read.csv("~/Dropbox/Education/Bioinformatics/5DataAnalysis/TCGAmelanoma/Methylation/meT
meTIL_probes <- read.csv("~/Dropbox/Education/Bioinformatics/5. DataAnalysis/TCGAmelanoma/Methylation/m
dim(meTIL_probes)
meTIL_probe_info <- meTIL_probes[,1:3] # separating out the probe info from the probe values
meTIL_probes <- meTIL_probes[,4:478]</pre>
```

Changing identifier names and removing duplicates as was done before.

```
rid = tolower(substr(colnames(meTIL_probes),1,12))
rid = gsub("-", ".", rid)
colnames(meTIL_probes) <- rid</pre>
table(colnames(rnaseqMel)%in%colnames(meTIL_probes))
# All of the RNA-seq patient identifiers are also in the methylation identifiers
which(duplicated(colnames(meTIL_probes))) # There are 5 duplicates
colnames(meTIL_probes)[c(36,37,315,316,323,324,387,388,414,415)]
duplicated_SampleNames <- colnames(meTIL_probes)[duplicated(colnames(meTIL_probes))]</pre>
meTIL_duplicated<- meTIL_probes[,colnames(meTIL_probes)%in%duplicated_SampleNames]
colnames(meTIL_duplicated)
par(mfrow=c(2,3))
plot(meTIL_duplicated[,1],meTIL_duplicated[,2])
plot(meTIL_duplicated[,3],meTIL_duplicated[,4])
plot(meTIL_duplicated[,5],meTIL_duplicated[,6])
plot(meTIL_duplicated[,7],meTIL_duplicated[,8])
plot(meTIL_duplicated[,9],meTIL_duplicated[,10])
```

There seems to be more variation in the methylation 450K data compared to the RNA-seq data within the duplicates. But I'm not sure which one to take so i will drop the second data.

```
meTIL_probes <- meTIL_probes[,!duplicated(colnames(meTIL_probes))] # dropping the duplicates
dim(meTIL_probes)
dim(rnaseqMel)

table(colnames(meTIL_probes)%in%colnames(rnaseqMel))
# Theres 1 extra sample in meTIL_probes which is not in rnaseqMel

meTIL_probes <- meTIL_probes[,colnames(meTIL_probes) %in%colnames(rnaseqMel)]

table(colnames(meTIL_probes) == colnames(rnaseqMel)) # Everything is in the same order and matches.

write.csv(meTIL_probe_info, file="meTIL_probe_info.csv")
write.csv(meTIL_probes, file="meTIL_probes.csv")</pre>
```

References

Ekmekcioglu, et al., S. 2016. "Inflammatory Marker Testing Identifies Cd74 Expression in Melanoma Tumor Cells, and Its Expression Associates with Favorable Survival for Stage Iii Melanoma." Journal Article. *Clin Cancer Res* 22 (12): 3016–24. doi:10.1158/1078-0432.CCR-15-2226.

Jeschke, et al., J. 2017. "DNA Methylation-Based Immune Response Signature Improves Patient Diagnosis in Multiple Cancers." Journal Article. *J Clin Invest* 127 (8): 3090–3102. doi:10.1172/JCI91095.

Samur, M. K. 2014. "RTCGAToolbox: A New Tool for Exporting Tcga Firehose Data." Journal Article. *PLoS One* 9 (9): e106397. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0106397.