

BloomR facility functions

bbg.bulk.tiks

Bulk historical data

Returns the historical data for a vector of tickers in xts or list format

Usage

```
bbg.bulk.tiks(con, tiks, start=Sys.Date()-5, field="PX_LAST",  
             addtype=FALSE, showtype=FALSE, use.xts=TRUE,  
             price=TRUE, nrow=5, empty.sec=0)
```

Arguments

tiks character vector of the tickers queried for data

For other arguments see the function `bbg.bulk.csv`

Details

If an element of **tiks** is NA or empty ("") it is ignored. This is intended to avoid errors when the cahracter vector are read from a CSV file with empty cells.

If **con=NULL** values are simulated by means of `bbg.sample()`. Sampled values are based on default values of `bbg.sample()`, but it is possible to set explicitly **empty.sec**, **start**, **nrow**; **sec.names** depends on **tiks** argument. See `bbg.sample()` help for more.

Value

If **use.xts=TRUE**, an xts object, where each column is the historical data of a security.

If **use.xts=FALSE**, a list, where each element is the historical data of a security.

bbg.bulk.csv

Historical from grouped tickers in a CSV files

Reads a CSV file containing a group of tickers in each column and returns the historical data in xts or list format. The CSV file is assumed to have headers denoting group labels.

Usage

```
bbg.bulk.csv(con, file, start = Sys.Date() - 5, field = "PX_LAST",
             cols = NULL, addtype = FALSE, showtype = FALSE, use.xts = TRUE,
             comma = TRUE,
             price=TRUE, nrow=5, empty.sec=0
             )
```

Arguments

con the connection token returned from `bbg.open()`. If `NULL` simulated values are generated.

file path to CSV file.

start start date. Can be a `Date` object or an ISO string without separators. Defaults to 5 days before current date.

field String denoting the Bloomberg field queried. Defaults to “PX_LAST”. If the field is wrong or not accessible, data will be empty but no error will be raised.

cols Logical or integer vector for selecting CSV columns (ticker groups). Defaults to all columns.

addtype If a string denoting the security type, it will be added to all tickers; if `TRUE` “Equity”, will be added; if `FALSE` (the default), nothing will be added.

showtype if `TRUE`, security types will be removed from names of list or xts output. It defaults to `FALSE`.

use.xts if `TRUE` (the default) each group will be formatted as an xts object else as a list.

comma to be set to `FALSE` for (non-English) CSV, using semicolon as separator.

nrow Maximum number of simulated rows (actual is random). Ignored if `con!=NULL`, it defaults to 5.

empty.sec ratio of securities returning no data. Ignored if `con!=NULL`, it defaults to 0.

Details

Empty CSV cells or cells interpreted as NAs will be ignored.

If `con=NULL` values are simulated by means of `bbg.sample()`. This function is used with default values, except for `empty.sec`, `start`, `nrow`, which can be explicitly passed as arguments, and `sec.names` depending on tickers found in the CSV file. See `bbg.sample()` help for more.

Value

a list where each element is the historical data of a CSV group.

If `use.xts=TRUE`, elements are xts object, where each column is the historical data of a security.

If `use.xts=FALSE`, elements are sub-list, where each element is the historical data of a security.

If there is only one group, the first (and unique) element of the list will be returned.

bbg.bulk.idx

Description

Returns the historical data for the constituents of an index in xts or list format.

Usage

```
bbg.bulk.idx(con, index, start=Sys.Date()-5, field="PX_LAST",  
             include.idx=TRUE, use.xts=TRUE)
```

Arguments

index string denoting the index ticker with or without the final security type label ('Index')

include.idx if TRUE (default) returns also historical data for the index.

For other arguments see the function `bbg.bulk.csv`

Value

If `use.xts=TRUE`, an `xts` object, where each column is the historical data of a constituent.

If `use.xts=FALSE`, a list, where each element is the historical data of a constituent.

If `include.idx=TRUE`, the last column or element will be the historical data of the index.

`bbg.desc`

Description

Get security descriptions.

Usage

```
bbg.desc(con, tik)
```

Arguments

con the connection token returned from `bbg.open()`

tik string denoting the ticker queried for data

Value

A data frame containing the value of the Bloomberg fields from `ds001` to `ds009` and the long field `CIE_DES_BULK`.

`bbg.bulk.desc`

Description

Get security descriptions for a vector of tickers.

Usage

```
bbg.bulk.desc(con, tiks)
```

Arguments

con the connection token returned from `bbg.open()`

ticks character vector of the tickers queried for data

Value

A list of data frames, each representing the description of a security. For the format of data frames see the function `bbg.desc`.

bbg.sample

Description

Return simulated historical data for `n` securities in xts or df format.

Usage

```
bbg.sample(nrow, nsec=1, price=TRUE, start=Sys.Date(), mean=ifelse(price, 10, 0.1), sd=1,
           jitter=0, same.dates=FALSE, no.na=FALSE, empty.sec=0, df=FALSE, sec.names=NULL)
```

Arguments

nrow number of simulated data points for each security; if `same.dates=FALSE`, the number of rows for each sampled security will be a random number not exceeding `nrow`, else it will be `nrow` for all securities.

nsec number of simulated securities (defaults to 1).

price if TRUE (default), simulated values are non-negative.

start start date. Can be a Date object or an ISO string without separators. Defaults to current date.

mean mean of security generated values. If `price=TRUE`, default to 10 else defaults to 0.1.

sd sd of security generated values. It defaults to 1.

jitter modifies each security mean by adding adding a random value in `[-jitter, jitter]`. Defaults to 0.

same.dates if TRUE, all sampled securities will refer to the same dates and for each security the number will equal `nrow`. If FALSE (default), date values and number will randomly differ. For each security the random number will not exceed `nrow`.

no.na if **same.dates=FALSE**, when merging sampled security data NAs are likely to be produced. If **no.na=FALSE** (default) they will be left, otherwise they will be removed using R **na.omit**

df if **FALSE** (default), the output will be an xts object, else the output will be a data frame with the first column containing the dates of the sampled data.

sec.names character vector for column names. If **df=FALSE** the length of the vector should be equal to **nsec**, else to **nsec + 1** (because of the first column containing dates). By default security names are like 'sample1', 'sample2', etc. and the date column is named 'date'.

empty.sec ratio of securities returning no data (defaults to 0). The result is rounded without decimal places.

Value

If **df=TRUE**, a data frame object, where the first column is the vector with all generated dates merged and each subsequent column contains the sampled data of a security. If **df=FALSE**, an xts object, where each element is the sampled data of a security, while the dates will be part of the xts time object. In both cases if **same.dates=FALSE** and/or **empty.sec!=0** generated data points will have different length and the the date gaps will be filled with NAs, except if **no.na=TRUE**. If the generated values are only NAs the output will be converted to a 0-rows xts or data frame, containing only security labels accessible with `dimnames(*)[[2]]`.

Internal bbg functions

Description:

Returns the historical data for the constituents of an index in xts or list format.

Usage:

```
.bbg.is.con(con)
.bbg.types
.bbg.check.type(type)
.bbg.cutttype(type)
.bbg.jar()
```

Arguments:

con the connection token returned from `bbg.open()`
type a string representing the security type

Details

`.bbg.is.con` checks for the validity of a connection token. `.bbg.types` is a character vector with security types suitable as an argument for `bbg.bulk*` functions. `.bbg.check.type` checks if a type matches `.bbg.types`. `.bbg.cutttype` cuts trailing security type from character vector. `.bbg.jar()` returns the path to the `blpapi*.jar`

Manage connections

Description

Open and close the connection to the Bloomberg service.

Usage

```
bbg.open()  
bbg.close(con)
```

Arguments

`con` the connection token returned from `bbg.open()`

Example

```
con=bbg.open() ## Open the connection and get the token  
## Get market data  
bbg.close(con) ## Use the token to release the connection
```

Time extension functions

Description

Functions to get, set dates.

Usage

```
day(d)
month(d)
year(d)
day(d, n)
month(d, n)
year(d, n)
day(d)=x
month(d)=x
year(d)=x
d %+% n
d %-% n
last.day(d)
day.us(d1, d2)
delete.all()
```

Arguments

d, **d1**, **d2** objects of class date
x an integer representing the day/month/year
n an integer representing the months to add/subtract

Details

If **component** is **day**, **month** or **year**: **component(d)** returns the *component* of the date **d** as an integer; **component(d, n)** returns the date **d** with the *component* set to the integer **n**; **component(d)= n** sets to the *component* of the date **d** to the integer **n**.
%+% and **%-%** add and subtract months to a date.
last.day returns last day of the month as an integer. **day.us** calculates date differences with the US convention.
delete.all deletes all objects (variables) from memory.