



# Java Programming I

## *Session 2*

JAVA PROGRAMS, DATA, VARIABLES, AND CALCULATIONS

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# Agenda

- **Keywords**
- **Data and variables**
- **Data Types**
- **Arithmetic expressions**
- **Logical operations**

# Java Keywords

You can't name variables using these reserved words

abstract	continue	for	new	switch
assert***	default	goto*	package	synchronized
boolean	do	if	private	this
break	double	implements	protected	throw
byte	else	import	public	throws
case	enum****	instanceof	return	transient
catch	extends	int	short	try
char	final	interface	static	void
class	finally	long	strictfp**	volatile
const*	float	native	super	while

\* not used

\*\* added in 1.2

\*\*\* added in 1.4

\*\*\*\* added in 5.0

# Statements & Blocks

Ingredients of a program

```
1      public void blockOfCode() {  
2          String statement_2 = "This is a statement";  
3  
4          String statement_1 = "This is all one "  
5                               + "single Statement";  
6  
7          if (true) {  
8              // Block of code  
9          }  
10     }
```

# Variables

Initialization, Scope and lifetime

```
type name = value;
```

```
1  int other_variable = 10.5;
2  boolean variable = true;
3
4  if (variable){
5      int insideScope = 10; // Lives inside the brackets
6  }
7
8  int outsideScope = insideScope; // This is an error
9  System.out.println("My var:" + variable); // This is ok
```

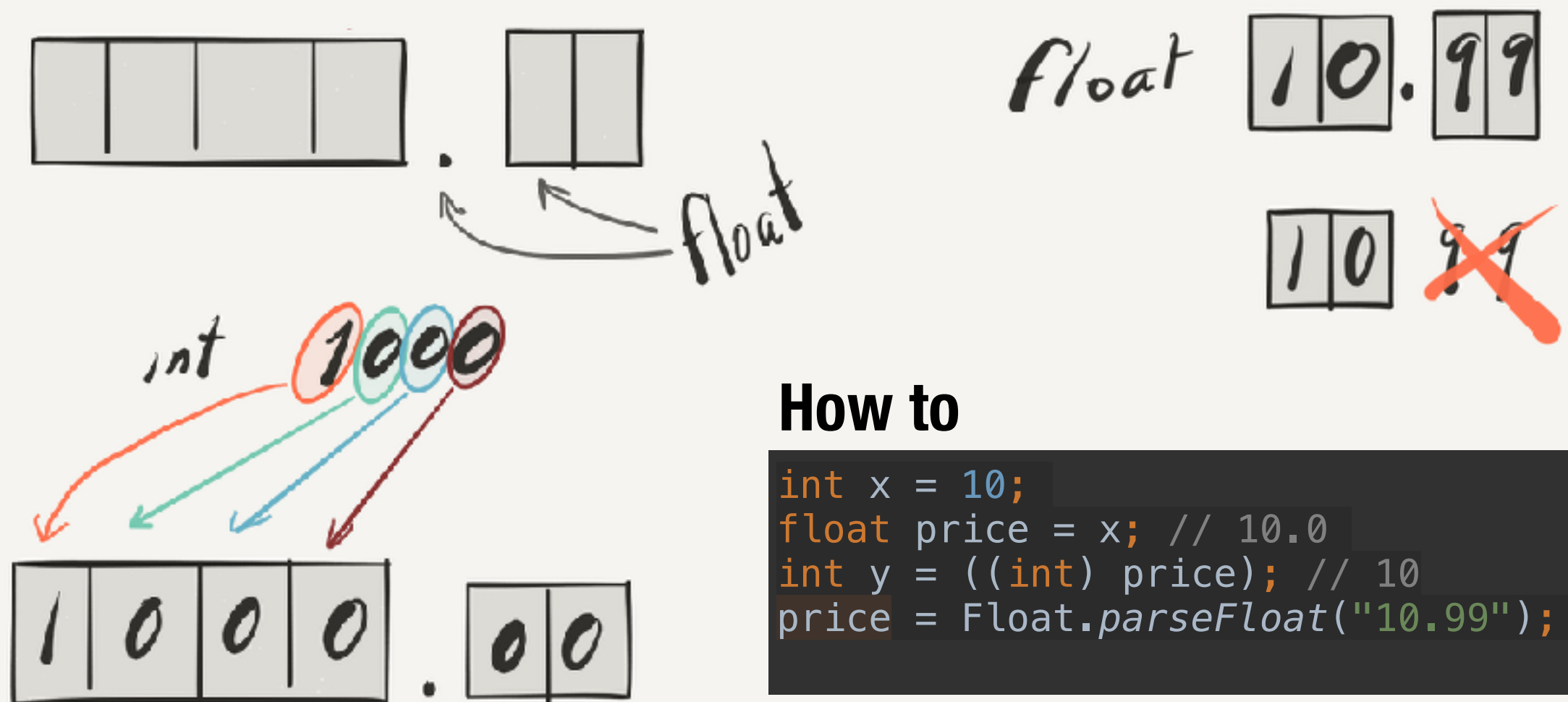
# Primitive Data Types

Representing data using text

Type	Meaning	Bits	Range
<b><i>boolean</i></b>	True or False		0 or 1
<b><i>byte</i></b>	8 bit integer	1 Byte	-128 - 127
<b><i>char</i></b>	Character	4 bytes	0 to 1,112,064
<b><i>double</i></b>	Very precise number	8 bytes	
<b><i>float</i></b>	Precise number	4 bytes	
<b><i>int</i></b>	Integer	4 bytes	-2 billion - 2 billion
<b><i>long</i></b>	Very long integer	8 bytes	-9 Quintillion - 9 Quintillion
<b><i>short</i></b>	Short Integer		-32,768 - 32,767

# Casting

Not the Hollywood type



# Comments

Coder-to-coder notes

```
// Single line comment
```

```
/*  
    Multi Line  
    Comment  
*/
```



# Arithmetic Operators

How to declare variables

+	Add / Concat
-	Subtract
*	Multiply
/	Divide
%	Mod
++	+1
--	-1
+=	+ <i>number</i>
-=	- <i>number</i>

# Arithmetic Operators

A slight difference

```
1  public class MyClass{
2
3      public static void main(String args[]){
4          int x = 10;
5          x += 1;
6          System.out.println("x+=1: " + x);
7          x =+ 1;
8          System.out.println("x=+1: " + x);
9      }
10 }
```

# Splitting Check

*Hands on exercise*

## Splitting the check

- Dividing the check between x amount of people
- Adding 20% of tip for the waiter

```
public class CheckSplitter{  
    public static double checkSplit(int people, double price){  
        // code goes here  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        double my_part = checkSplit(10, 100.0);  
        System.out.println("Each one pays: "+ my_part);  
    }  
}
```

# Logical Operators

How to declare variables

==	Equal to
!=	Not equal to
>	Greater than
<	Less than
>=	Greater than or equal to
<=	Less than or equal to
	Logical Or
&&	Logical And

# Logical Operators

*Class Exercise*

**Or**

A	B	A or B
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

**And**

A	B	A and B
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

```
public class TruthTable{  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
    }  
}
```

# Operator Priority

Operator precedence

<b>High</b>	<b>++ or --</b>
	<b>* then /</b>
	<b>+ then -</b>
	<b>== then !=</b>
	<b>&amp;&amp;</b>
	<b>  </b>
<b>Low</b>	<b>=</b>

$$100 + 2 * 10 / 4 = 105$$

$$2 * 10 = 20 \quad \rightarrow \quad 20 / 4 = 5 \quad \rightarrow \quad 5 + 100$$

# Car Rental

*Homework*

## How much will I pay?

- Driver must be 18 or older
- Base fee is \$20 per day
- Drivers under 21 years of age pays extra fee \$57 per day
- Drivers between 21-24 years of age pays additional \$20 per day

```
public class CarRental{  
    public static long dailyRenterFee(int age){  
        return -1; // Can't rent car  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        long fee = dailyRenterFee(10);  
        if (fee > 0){  
            System.out.print("Driver pays, " + fee);  
        }  
    }  
}
```