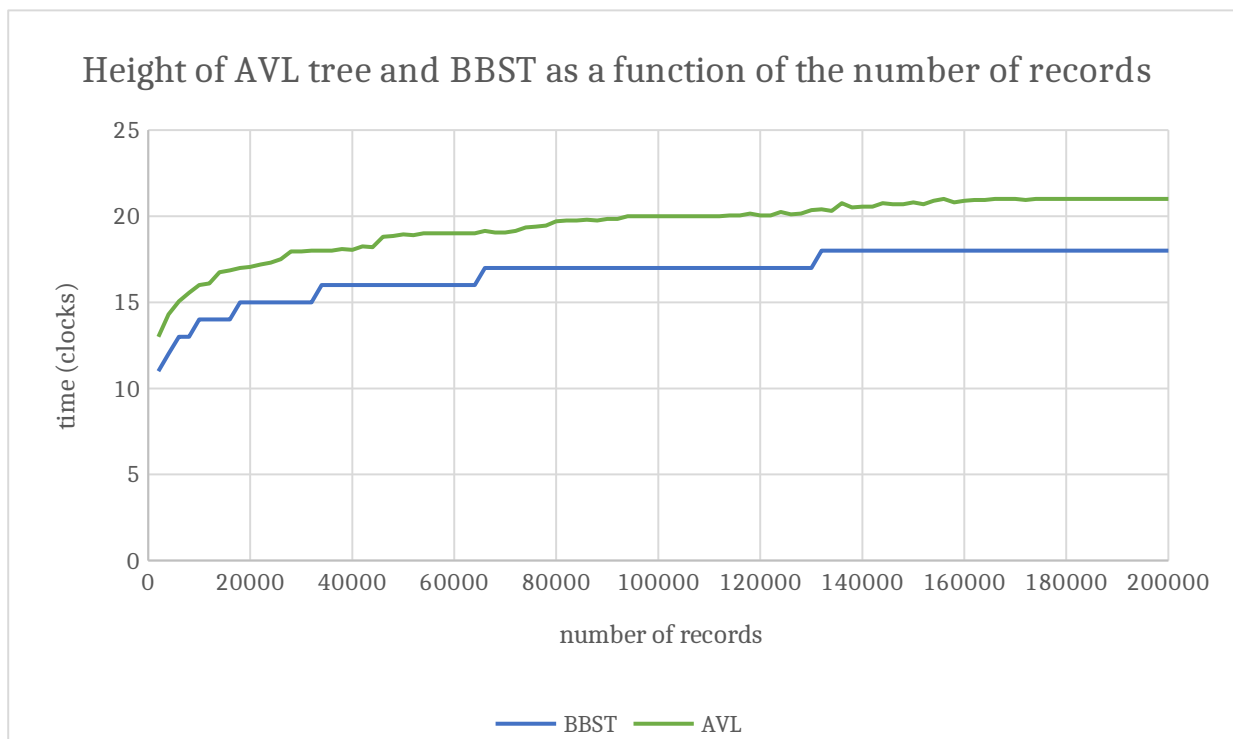
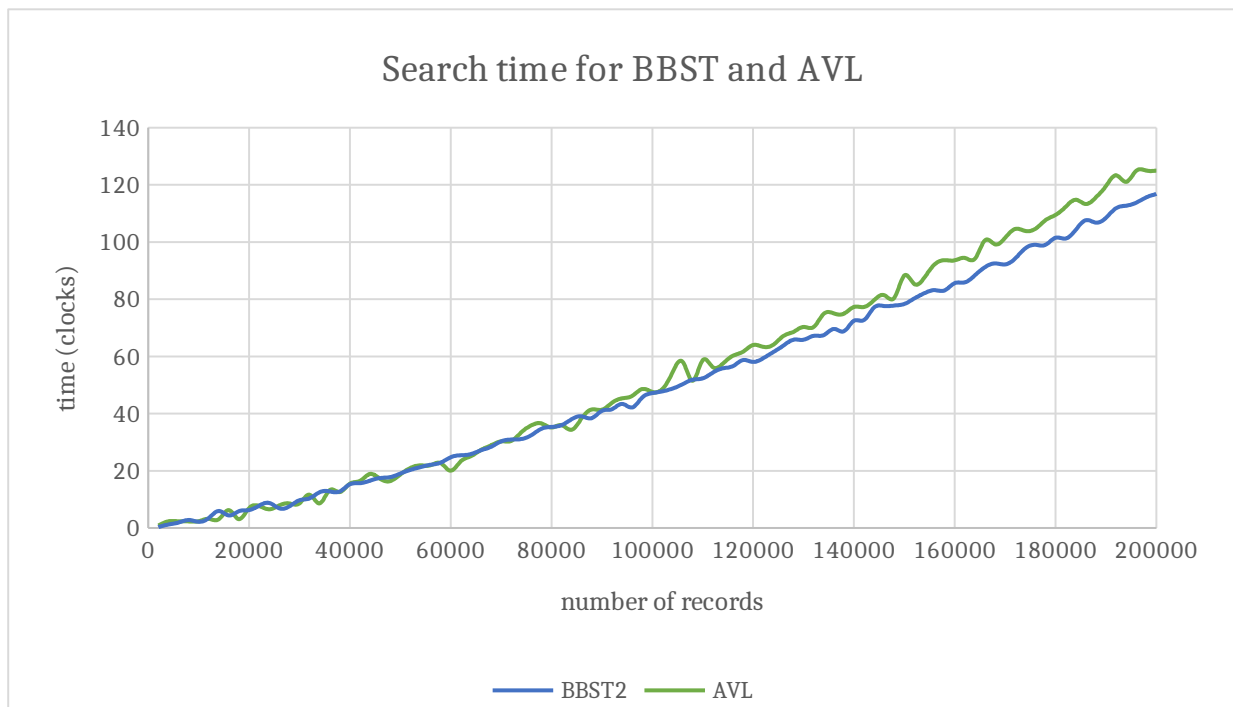


## APPENDIX Report 2



Looking at the above charts one can conclude that the mechanism of searching the BBST and AVL Tree are of the same complexity – namely  $O(\log(n))$  – however, the greater the number of records, the better in comparison to the AVL tree, the BBST performs, this occurs because the search of a single element is of complexity  $O(\log(n))$  (in BBST at most  $h = \log(n)$ , in the AVL tree being at most  $h = 1.44 * \log(n)$ ), but the number of elements grows linearly.