Faculdade de Engenharia da Universidade do Porto

MESTRADO INTEGRADO EM ENGENHARIA INFORMÁTICA E COMPUTAÇÃO

Mobile Computing

Mobile Computing Project Report

Autores:

Diogo Reis - up201505472 Tiago Magalhães - up201607931



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1 Architecture

1.1 Server

1.1.1 REST WebAPI

The server uses a REST WebAPI provided by the ASP.NET framework to handle all the communication with it. All routes are present in a single controller under the router of server.

1.1.2 Database

Communication with the PostgreSQL database is done using the Npgsql package, it is then abstracted into a singleton class that provides the common insert and select operation. Prepared statements are done via an entry system where each entry has a name, a value and a boolean indicating if the entry is a UUID or not, the entry names are then matched to the query markers for parameters.

All responses to select queries are done via list of dictionaries that map strings to object, each element in the list is a row in the database, and the elements of the dictionaries contain the values of the various columns in the database, the entries have the same name as they do in the database schema.

1.1.3 RSA Encryption & Signing

Encryption is done using the .NET Crypto Service Providers, specifically RSA Crypto Service Provider, as well as the BouncyCastle package that is used for parsing and exporting public and private keys to and from the PEM string format. This is also done with a singleton class that exposes Encryption, Decryption, Signing and Verifying data methods.

Any encrypted data or signatures are in Base64 format, while all data to be verified or encrypted are expected to be in a Unicode UTF-16 encoding.

1.2 Store And Client Applications

1.2.1 HTTP Requests

All HTTP requests are done via static methods that make use of standard Java facilities such as URL and HttpUrlConnection. All requests are run in an Android AsyncTask so as not to block the UI main thread of Android. Each request method also receive an instant of a class called HTTPResultHandler, this class handles the result of the HTTP request once it is ready, and this is done via its Handler method.

1.2.2 QR Codes

QR Code handling is done via the Google Zebra Crossing (zxing) library and some of its android integrations, methods are provided for generating a QR code and for reading a QR code.

QR code generation is rather straightforward with a method call that returns a Bitmap.

QR code reading is a bit more involved as it makes use of the external bar code scanner application and requires the activity to override its onActivityResult method, therefore to simplify

this system and force QR code reader users to properly overload this method we have created an Android Activity that is abstract and forces its subclasses to implement a handler that it will internally call when the onActivityResult method is triggered.

1.2.3 RSA Encryption & Signing

RSA encryption and signing is done via the standard java facilities for security purposes and Androids KeyStore facilities. When a new user is registed a new private key public key pair is introduced into the Android Secure Key Store Enclave.

All further usages of this class are done via static methods that when needed receive the username of the user, so that they can fetch his key for various security purposes.

This class offers static methods for encryption, decryption, signing and verifying data.

1.2.4 Data Caching

All data caching is done via the Android SharedPreferences Facilities.

2 Data Scheme

2.1 Database Data Schema

```
CREATE EXTENSION IF NOT EXISTS "uuid-ossp";
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Client CASCADE;
CREATE TABLE Client(
        id uuid primary key default uuid_generate_v4(),
        name text not null,
        username text not null,
        password text not null,
        credit_card int not null,
        public_key text not null,
        current_total_spent_euro INTEGER not null default 0,
        current_total_spent_cent INTEGER not null default 0,
        current_accumulated_euro INTEGER not null default 0,
        current_accumulated_cent INTEGER not null default 0
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Voucher CASCADE;
CREATE TABLE Voucher(
        id uuid primary key default uuid_generate_v4(),
        client uuid not null REFERENCES Client(id),
        was_used BOOLEAN not null DEFAULT FALSE
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Purchase CASCADE;
CREATE TABLE Purchase(
        id uuid primary key default uuid_generate_v4(),
        client uuid not null REFERENCES Client(id),
        voucher uuid REFERENCES Voucher(id) DEFAULT NULL,
        should_discount BOOLEAN not null DEFAULT false
);
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Product CASCADE;
CREATE TABLE Product(
        id uuid primary key default uuid_generate_v4(),
        price_euro INTEGER not null,
        price_cent INTEGER not null,
        name text not null,
        image_url text DEFAULT NULL,
        purchase uuid REFERENCES Purchase(id) DEFAULT null
);
```

2.1.1 Client

This table contains information about users of the platform and has the following fields:

- id UUID representing the identification of the user.
- name String representing the name of the user.
- username String representing the username or nickname of the user.
- password String representing the password of the user.
- credit_card Integer representing the credit card number of the user.
- public_key String containing the users RSA public key.
- current_total_spent_euro The amount of money spent by the user, this is the euro component.
- current_total_spent_cent The amount of money spent by the user, this is the cent component.
- current_accumulated_euro The amount of money the user has accumulated from voucher, this is the euro component.
- current_accumulated_cent The amount of money the user has accumulated from voucher, this is the cent component.

2.1.2 Voucher

This table contains the voucher registered in the system and has the following details:

- id UUID representing the identification of the voucher.
- client UUID representing the identification of the user the voucher belongs to.
- was_used Boolean representing wether or not the voucher has been used, by default this value is false.

2.1.3 Purchase

This table contains information about purchases and has the following details:

- id UUID representing the identification of the purchase.
- client UUID representing the identification of the user the purchase is associated with.
- voucher UUID representing the identification of the voucher used in this purchase, this value is optional and is null by default.
- should_discount Boolean representing weather or not the cost of the purchase was amortized with money the user had accumulated via vouchers.

2.1.4 Product

This table contains the products registered in the system and has the following information:

- id UUID representing the identification of the product.
- price_euro This is the price of the product, this is the euros component.
- price_cent This is the price of the product, this is the cents component.
- name String representing the name of the product.
- image_url String representing the link to an image of the product.
- purchase UUID representing the purchase this product is in, this is optional and is null by default.

2.2 Checkout Information

```
products:['product_id1','product_id2',...],
user_id:'user_id',
use_discount:true|false,
sign:'sign',
voucher_id:'voucher_id'
}
```

2.3 Data Verification Signatures

3 Features & Tests

3.1 Features

3.1.1 Available Product List In Store App

In the store app there is a list of all products currently available in the system along with their prices, if a user click the product he will be displayed the corresponding QR code. All products are signed by the server to validate they have been issued by a trusted source.

3.1.2 User Registering

Users have the ability to register via the client application, they need to provide their name, username, password and credit card, the user will then be assigned an UUID identifier and a public and private key will be generated for him and security stored in Androids Secure Key Store.

3.1.3 User Login

The user is able to login into his account by providing his username and password, this login is merely local and servers to retrieve the server keys and the user data. If a user registers with the same username as a previously existing user, he will overwrite that users local data.

3.1.4 User Login Caching

User login data is cached so that the user only needs to login in case he explicitly logs out of the system.

3.1.5 Adding Products To Cart Through QR Codes

By clicking a button and downloading the bar code scanner application the user can scan a QR and add a product to his cart.

3.1.6 Viewing and Editing Cart

The user is able to view the products in the cart and remove them from the cart. When viewing transactions the user is also able to view the items he bough in that.

3.1.7 Viewing Products Bough In Past Transaction

If a user has internet connectivity he is able to fetch his past purchases in the platform from the server. When viewing transactions the user is also able to view the items he bough in that.

3.1.8 Viewing Vouchers Available To User And Amount Of Money Usable For Discounting

At any time the user can fetch the vouchers he has associated to himself in the server that have not been used.

3.1.9 Checkout

The user can generate a checkout QR code that he can validate in the store application to execute his purchase.

3.2 Testing

Testing of the several apps has been done in acceptance test format, listing out what each feature needs to do and proceeding to manually test them, attempting to cover all possible edge case scenarios.

4 Usage Manual

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