



INNOVATION. AUTOMATION. ANALYTICS

## PROJECT ON

### Regex Matching Web App Development Project

## Objective of the Project

The aim of the project is to replicate the core functionality of the website [regex101.com](https://regex101.com). This involves building a web application that tests a string using a regular expression (regex) and displays all of the matches found.

## Project Implementation

Creating a new directory for the **regex\_matching\_web\_app** project and navigate into it

1. Setting up virtual environment  
**python -m venv .env\_regex**
2. Activate the virtual environment scripts  
**.env\_regex\Scripts\activate**
3. Install Flask framework  
**`pip install flask`**

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
C:\Users\hanna\Desktop\Anu\INNOMATICS\Application Development and Deployment\backend_sessions>cd regex_matching_web_app
C:\Users\hanna\Desktop\Anu\INNOMATICS\Application Development and Deployment\backend_sessions\regex_matching_web_app>python -m venv .env_regex
C:\Users\hanna\Desktop\Anu\INNOMATICS\Application Development and Deployment\backend_sessions\regex_matching_web_app>.env_regex\Scripts\activate
(.env_regex) C:\Users\hanna\Desktop\Anu\INNOMATICS\Application Development and Deployment\backend_sessions\regex_matching_web_app>pip list
Package Version
-----
pip 24.0
(.env_regex) C:\Users\hanna\Desktop\Anu\INNOMATICS\Application Development and Deployment\backend_sessions\regex_matching_web_app>pip install flask
Collecting flask
  Using cached flask-3.0.2-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (3.6 kB)
Collecting Werkzeug>=3.0.0 (from flask)
  Using cached werkzeug-3.0.1-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (4.1 kB)
```

Initializing a new flask application i.e, creating a new python file named as 'app.py' and importing flask and creating a flask instance.

```
# step 1 - import flask
from flask import Flask, request, render_template
import re

# step 2 - create a flask object __name__ parameter
app = Flask(__name__)
```

Creating a new route ("/") for index page and defining a function where users can input test string and regex pattern. It renders an HTML template containing a form with fields for the test string and regex, and a submit button.

```
@app.route('/', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def index():
    if request.method == 'POST':
        test_string = request.form['test_string']
        regex_pattern = request.form['regex_pattern']
    return render_template('index.html')
```

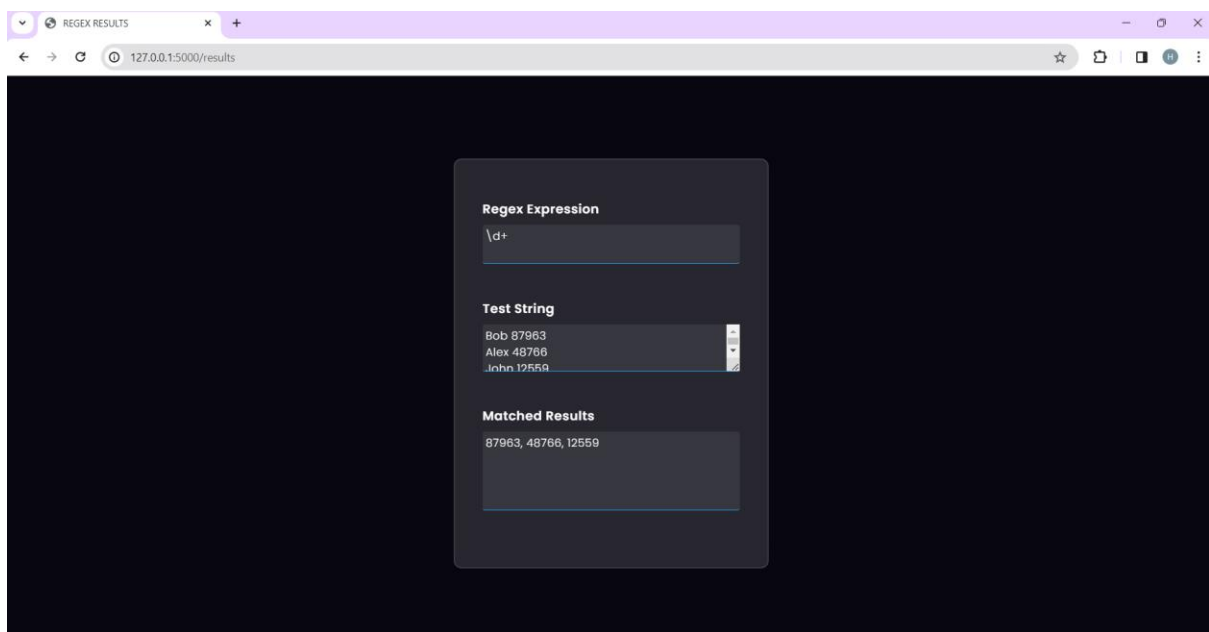
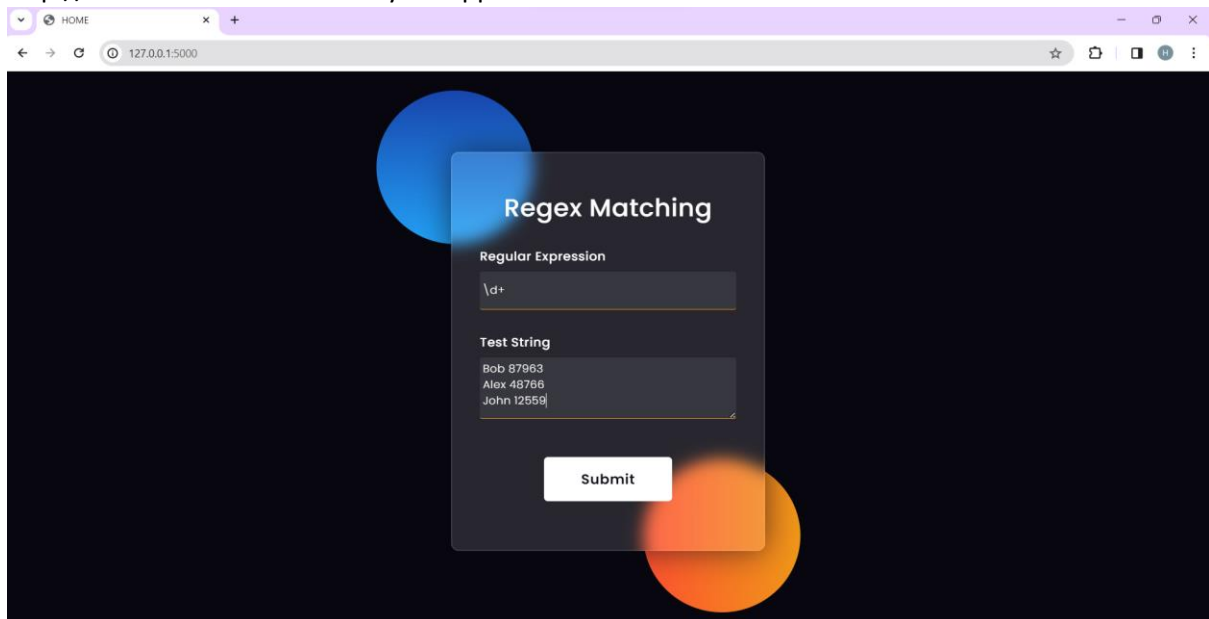
```
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <style media= screen >
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="background">
    <div class="shape"></div>
    <div class="shape"></div>
  </div>
  <form action="/results" method="post" id="regexForm">
    <h3>Regex Matching</h3>
    <label for="regex_pattern">Regular Expression</label>
    <input type="text" id="regex_pattern" name="regex_pattern" placeholder="enter the regular expression" required>
    <label for="test_string">Test String</label>
    <textarea id="test_string" name="test_string" rows="4" cols="50" placeholder="enter the test string" required></textarea>
    <button type="submit">Submit</button>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

Defining a new route ("/results") in `app.py` file to handle form submission and it extracts the test string and regex submitted by the user from the form data.

```
@app.route('/results', methods=['POST'])
def results():
    test_string = request.form['test_string']
    regex_pattern = request.form['regex_pattern']
    matched_strings = re.findall(regex_pattern, test_string)
    return render_template('results.html', test_string=test_string, regex_pattern=regex_pattern, matched_strings=matched_strings)
```

```
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <style media="screen">
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <form>
    <strong>Regex Expression</strong>
    <p>{{ regex_pattern }}</p><br>
    <strong>Test String</strong>
    <textarea>{{ test_string }}</textarea><br>
    <strong>Matched Results</strong><br>
    <font color="#ffffff">{{ matched_strings|join(', ') }}</font>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

Run the Flask application `python app.py` and Open a web browser and navigate to `http://127.0.0.1:5000` to access your application.



Defining a new route (`/validate`) in `app.py` file for email\_validation page and defining a function where users input email-id. It renders an HTML template containing a form with fields for the email-id and a validate button. Also, it handles form submission and validates the email-id submitted by the user from the form data.

```
@app.route('/validate', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def validate():
    if request.method == 'POST':
        email = request.form.get('email')
        if re.match(r'^[a-zA-Z0-9._%+-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\.[a-zA-Z]{2,}$', email):
            return render_template('email_validation.html', email=email, valid=True)
        else:
            return render_template('email_validation.html', email=email, valid=False)
    return render_template("email_validation.html")
```

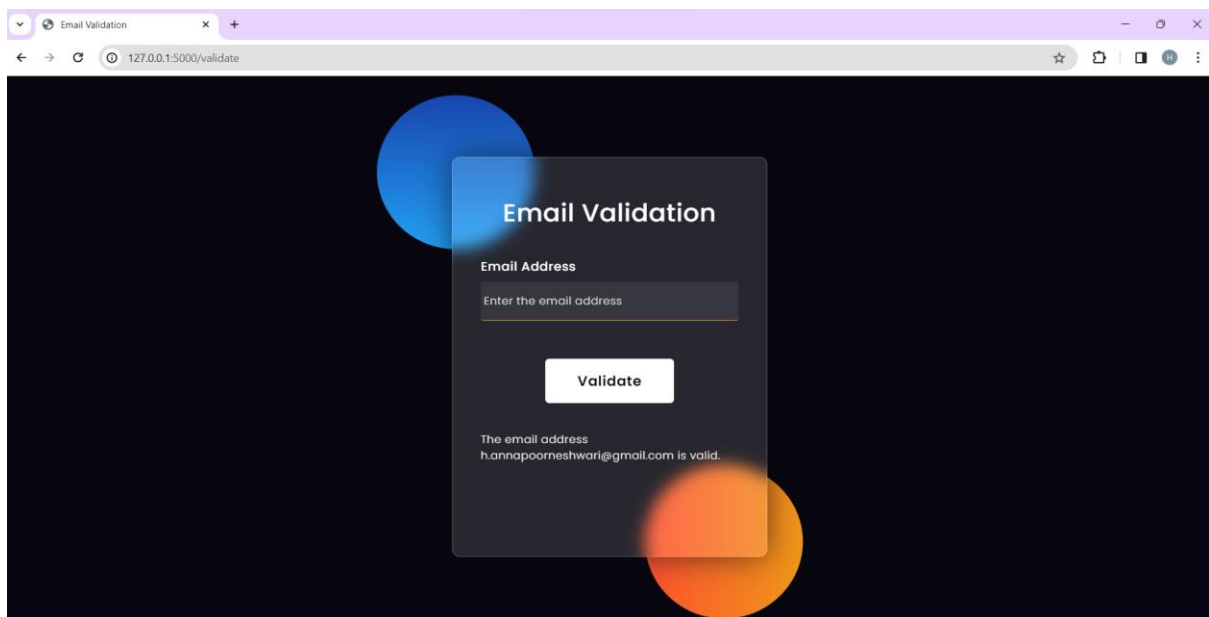
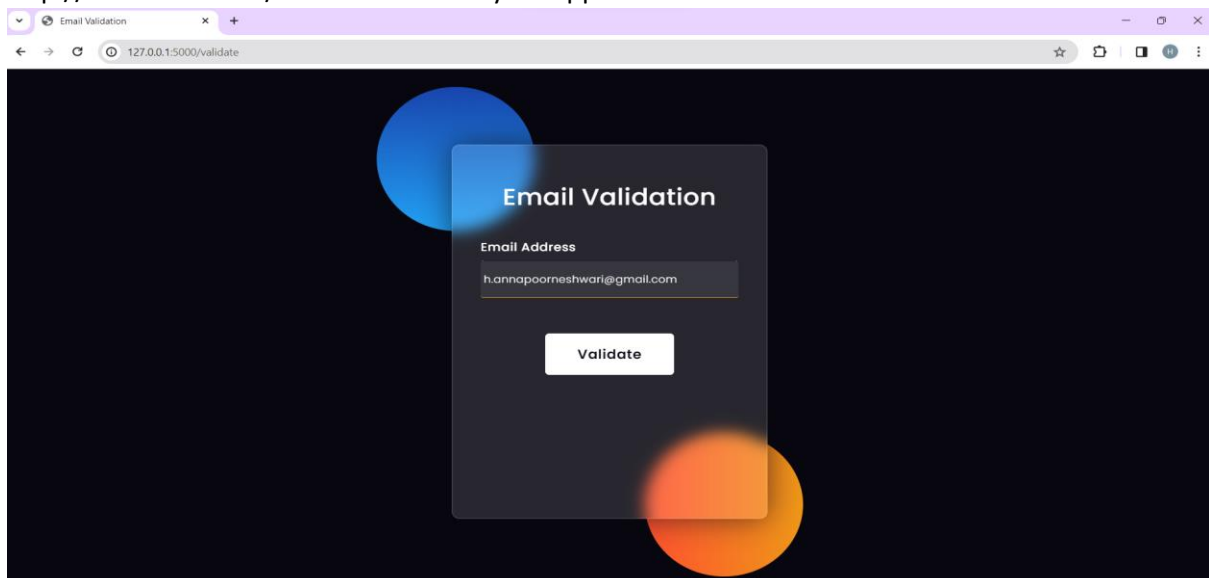
```

<html lang="en">
<head>
  <style media="screen">
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="background">
    <div class="shape"></div>
    <div class="shape"></div>
  </div>
  <form method="POST" action="/validate" id="emailForm">
    <h3>Email Validation</h3><br><br>
    <label for="email">Email Address</label>
    <input type="email" id="email" name="email" placeholder="Enter the email address" required>
    <button type="submit">Validate</button><br><br>

    {% if email is defined and valid is defined %}
    <p>The email address {{ email }} is {% if valid %}valid{% else %}invalid{% endif %}</p>
    {% endif %}
  </form>
</body>
</html>

```

Run the Flask application `python app.py` and Open a web browser and navigate to <http://127.0.0.1:5000/validate> to access your application.



## Application Deployment on AWS Cloud

1. Create an **AWS Account** → Login to **AWS Management Console** → Select **EC2** Service to create virtual servers.
2. Click **Launch instance** under EC2 Dashboard
  - a. Under Name and Tags, Name as "**regex\_matching\_webapp**"
  - b. Under Amazon Machine Image, Select **Ubuntu**
  - c. Under Instances type, Select **t2.micro**
  - d. Under Key pair (Login), click **Create new key pair** → Enter Key pair name and click Create key pair, **.pem file** gets downloaded automatically in your local system.
  - e. Keep everything default and click on **Launch instance**
3. From Navigation bar, click **Security Groups** under Network & Security → click **Create security group**
  - a. Under Basic details, provide name as "**anywhere-sg**" → description as "**anywhere**"
  - b. Under Inbound rules, click **Add rule** → Select Type as "**All traffic**" → Select Source as "**Anywhere-IPv4**" → click **Create security group**
4. From Navigation bar, click **Network Interfaces** under Network & Security → Right click on Network interface ID → Select **Change security groups**
  - a. Under Associated security groups, Select **anywhere-sg** from Search bar → click **Add security group** → click **Save**
5. From Navigation bar, click **Instances** under Instances → Right click on Instance ID → click **Connect** → Select **SSH client** → Copy the SSH client command
6. Copy the **.pem file** and paste the file in project location.
7. Open command prompt from project location → Paste the **SSH client** command → Press Enter
  - a. Type **pwd** to check home directory
  - b. Type **ls** to check list of directory and files
8. Create a new folder as "**webapp**" in project location → Upload **templates folder** and **app.py** file into **webapp folder**
9. Open another command prompt from project location
  - a. Type **.env\_regex\Scripts\activate**
  - b. Type **pip freeze > requirements.txt**
  - c. Close the command prompt
10. Upload **requirements.txt** file into webapp folder
11. Type **logout** in command prompt
12. Type **scp -r -i "keypair.pem" webapp <Remote-Server>:~/**
13. Login into Remote Server i.e., paste the **SSH client**
14. Type **ls**
15. Type **sudo apt update**
16. Type **sudo apt upgrade**
17. Type **sudo apt install python3-pip**
18. Type **ls**
19. Type **cd webapp/**
20. Type **pip install -r requirements.txt**
21. Type **nohup python3 app.py &**
22. To view all process ID → Type **top -u \$USER**

Open the browser and Paste the public IP address along with port 5000

<http://3.80.32.27:5000/> - For Regex Matching

<http://3.80.32.27:5000/validate> - For Email Validation

**Email Pattern:**

`\b[A-Za-z0-9._%+-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\.[a-z|A-Z]{2,}\b`

**Digits Pattern:**

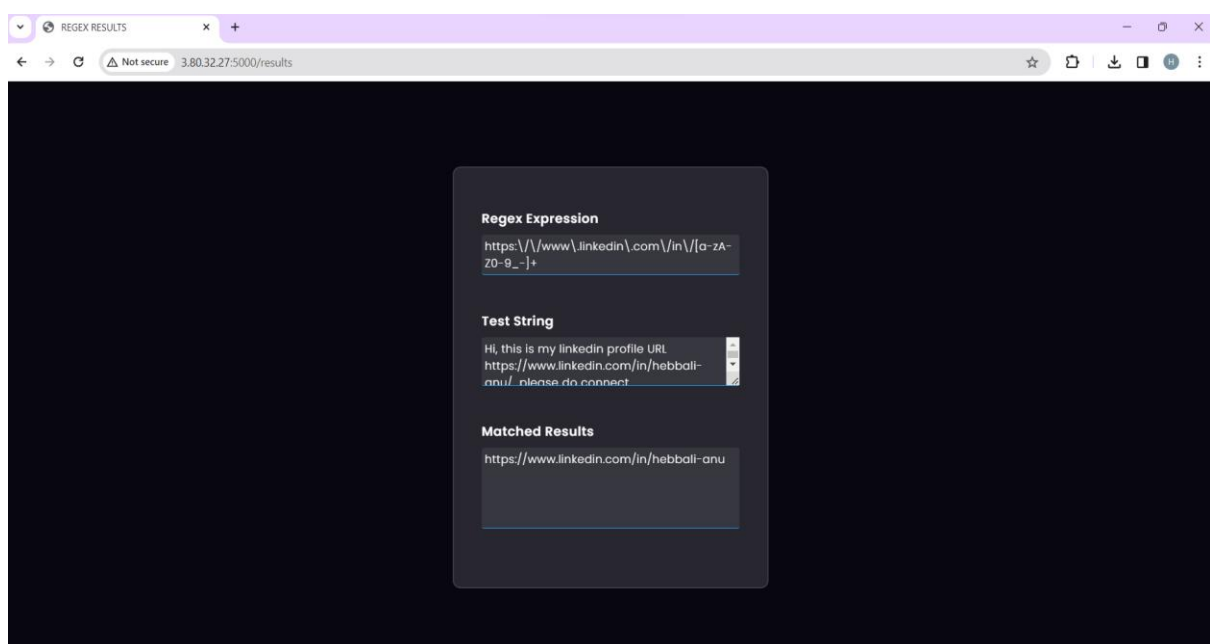
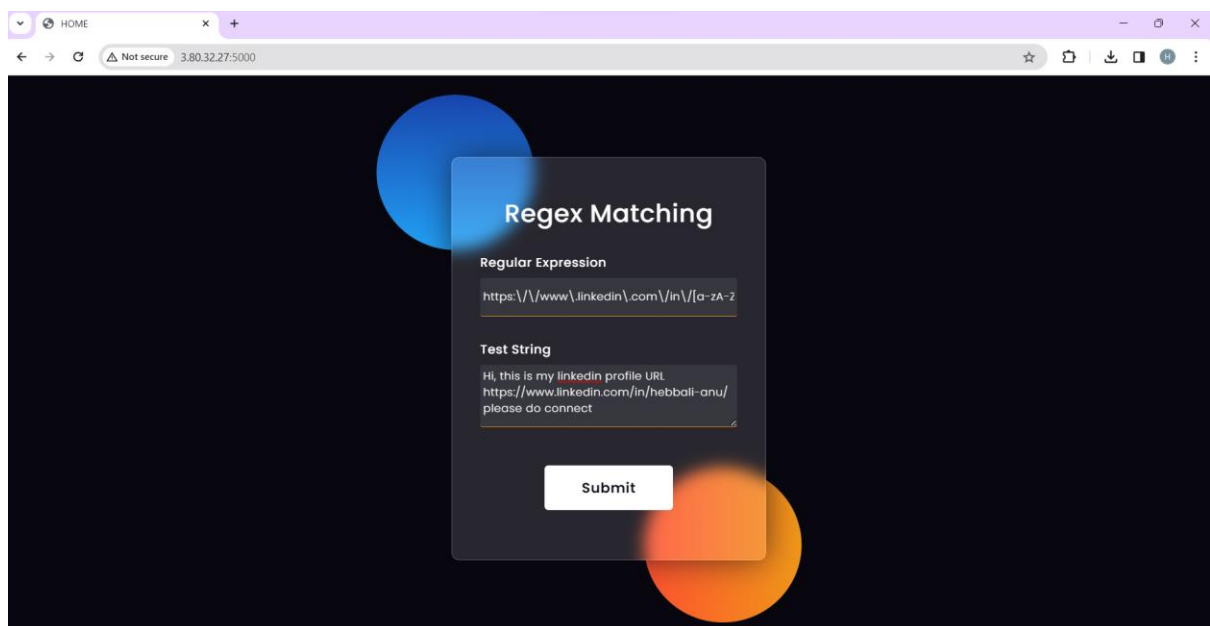
`\d+`

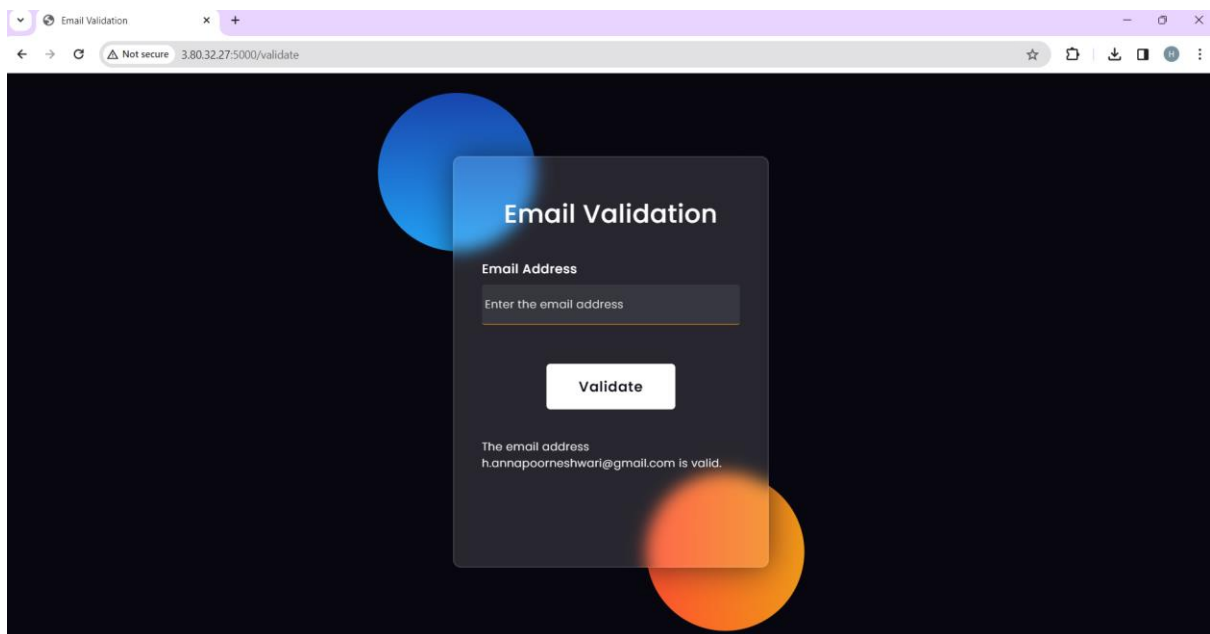
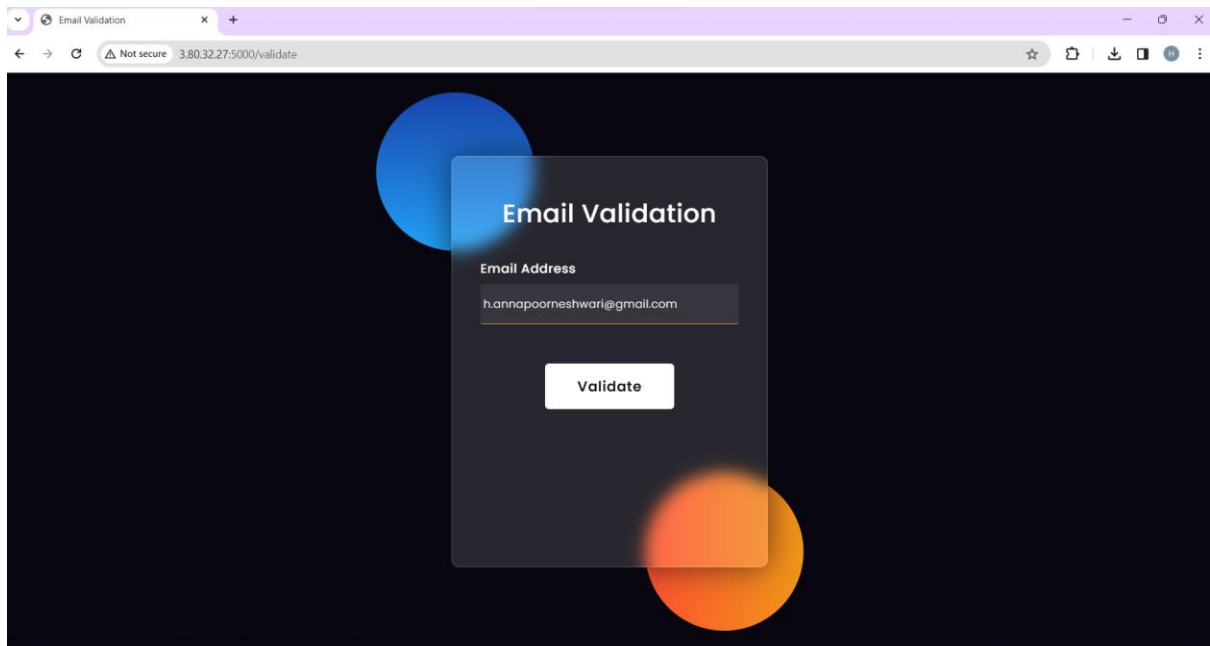
**Capital characters Pattern:**

`([A-Z])\w+`

**LinkedIn Profile URL Pattern:**

`https://www.linkedin.com/in/[a-zA-Z0-9_]+`





**NOTE:** If want to stop the server permanently → Type `kill <process_ID>`