

04_deception_MNB_hints

October 27, 2019

```
In [1]: """
        """
        #IST 736 - Text Mining
        #Homework Hints 4
        #Multinomial Naive Bayes

        #feature tables
        #Conclusion
        # %%
        #####
        ## Reading in and vectorizing
        ## various formats for text data
        ##
        ## This example shows what to do with
        ## a very poorly formatted and dirty
        ## csv file.
        ##
        ## Here is the name of the original
        ## file: deception_data_converted_final.csv
        #####

        ## Textmining Naive Bayes Example
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import re
        from nltk.corpus import stopwords
        from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
        from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
        from sklearn import preprocessing
        from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
        from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, precision_recall_fscore_
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import copy
        from wordcloud import WordCloud

In [2]: # Here is some code to create a confusion matrix ...
        #Thanks to https://scikit-learn.org/stable/auto\_examples/model\_selection/plot\_confusion\_
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```

def plot_confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred, classes,
                          normalize=False,
                          title=None,
                          cmap=plt.cm.Blues):
    """
    This function prints and plots the confusion matrix.
    Normalization can be applied by setting `normalize=True`.
    """
    if not title:
        if normalize:
            title = 'Normalized confusion matrix'
        else:
            title = 'Confusion matrix, without normalization'

    # Compute confusion matrix
    cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
    # Only use the labels that appear in the data
    # classes = classes[unique_labels(y_true, y_pred)]
    if normalize:
        cm = cm.astype('float') / cm.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis]

    fig, ax = plt.subplots()
    im = ax.imshow(cm, interpolation='nearest', cmap=cmap)
    ax.figure.colorbar(im, ax=ax)
    # We want to show all ticks...
    ax.set(xticks=np.arange(cm.shape[1]),
          yticks=np.arange(cm.shape[0]),
          # ... and label them with the respective list entries
          xticklabels=classes, yticklabels=classes,
          title=title,
          ylabel='True label',
          xlabel='Predicted label')

    # Rotate the tick labels and set their alignment.
    plt.setp(ax.get_xticklabels(), rotation=45, ha="right",
              rotation_mode="anchor")

    # Loop over data dimensions and create text annotations.
    fmt = '.2f' if normalize else 'd'
    thresh = cm.max() / 2.
    for i in range(cm.shape[0]):
        for j in range(cm.shape[1]):
            ax.text(j, i, format(cm[i, j], fmt),
                    ha="center", va="center",
                    color="white" if cm[i, j] > thresh else "black")
    fig.tight_layout()
    return ax
# %%

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In [3]: #####

## Step 1: Read in the file
## We cannot read it in as csv because it is a mess
## One option is to convert it to text.

RawfileName="deception_data_converted_final.csv"
FILE=open(RawfileName,"r")

## We are going to clean it and then write it back to csv!
## So, we need an empty csv file - let's make one...
filename="CleanText.csv"
NEWFILE=open(filename,"w")
## In the first row, create a column called Label and a column Text...
ToWrite="Lie_Label,Senti_Label,Review\n"
## Write this to new empty csv file
NEWFILE.write(ToWrite)
## Close it up
NEWFILE.close()

In [4]: ### Now, we have an empty csv file called CleanText.csv
### Above we created the first row of column names: Label and Review
### Next, we will open this file for "a" or append - so we can
### add things to it from where we left off
### NOTE: If you open this file again with "w" it will write over
### whatever is in the file! USE "a"....
### This line of code opens the file for append and creates
### a variable (NEWFILE) that we can use to access and control the
### file.
NEWFILE=open(filename, "a")

### We also will build a CLEAN dataframe.
### So for now, we need a blank one...
MyFinalDF=pd.DataFrame()

#####
## IMPORTANT
##
## Below, we will create a lot of
## prints and outputs that we want to see
## Let's write them all to a file so
## we can see what our code is doing
#####
OutputFile="MyOutputFile.txt"
## There are many ways to do this...
## I prefer to open the file with "w" to
## create it. Then, close and reopen with "a" to
## write to it.

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## You can also use with open, etc
OUTFILE=open(OutputStream,"w")
OUTFILE.close()
OUTFILE=open(OutputStream,"a") ### REMEMBER to close this below....

```

In [5]: *###*

```

### Let's go through it one row at a time....

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```

# %%
#Get the nltk.corpus stopwords ready
nltkstopwords = stopwords.words('english')
nltkstopwords = [w for w in nltkstopwords if not w == 't']
nltkstopwords = nltkstopwords + [w.replace("'", "") for w in nltkstopwords]

# %%
#Get the lengths while reading and tokenizing
MyLength = []
MyLengthOrig = []
for row in FILE:
    RawRow="\n\nThe row is: " + row + "\n"
    OUTFILE.write(RawRow) ## I am going to write this later again for comp
    row=row.lstrip() ## strip all spaces from the left
    row=row.rstrip() ## strip all spaces from the right
    row=row.strip() ## strip all extra spaces in general
    row=row.replace(","," ")
    #print(row)
    ## Split up the row of text by space - TOKENIZE IT into a LIST
    Mylist=row.split(" ")
    #Use OrigList to get the original length
    OrigList = Mylist
    #print(Mylist)
    ## Now, we will clean this list (row)
    ## We will place the results (cleaned) into a new list
    ## Therefore, we need to build a new empty list...
    NewList=[]

    for word in Mylist:
        #print("The next word is: ", word)
        PlaceInOutputStream = "The next word BEFORE is: " + word + "\n"
        OUTFILE.write(PlaceInOutputStream)
        word=word.lower()
        word=word.lstrip()
        #word=word.strip("\n")
        #word=word.strip("\n")
        word=word.replace(","," ")
        #for good measure, take out stopwords before and after general tokenization
        if word in nltkstopwords:
            word = ''

```

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#Replace any string that occurs more than two times in a row with that string
word = re.sub(r"(.)\1{2,}", "\\1", word, 1)
word=word.replace(" ", "")
word=word.replace("_", "")
word=re.sub('\+', ' ', word)
word=re.sub('.*\+\n', '', word)
word=word.replace("\t", "")
word=word.replace("\r", "")
word=word.replace(".", "")
word=word.replace("'", "")
word=word.replace("(", "")
word=word.replace(")", "")
#word=word.replace("\'s", "")
word=word.lstrip()
word=word.rstrip()
word=word.strip()

if word in nltkstopwords:
    word = ''

#word.replace("\"", "")
if word not in [",", "\\\"", "'", '"', "*", ":", ";"]:
    if len(word) >= 1:
        if not re.search(r'\d', word): ##remove digits
            NewList.append(word)
            PlaceInOutputFile = "The next word AFTER is: " + word + "\n"
            OUTFILE.write(PlaceInOutputFile)

#print(NewList)

#print(NewList[-1]) ## what is this??? Its the last element
## What is the last element?? Its the label!

NewList = [w for w in NewList if w not in nltkstopwords]

## Labels for our data set <-----!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
llabel=NewList[0]
if llabel == "f":
    llabel="truth"
elif llabel == "t":
    llabel="lie"
else:
    llabel="NEITHER f or t"

slabel=NewList[1]
if slabel == "n":
    slabel="neg"

```

```

elif slabel == "p":
    slabel="pos"
else:
    slabel="NEITHER n or p"
## -----
PlaceInOutputFile = "\nThe label is: " + llabel + " " + slabel + "\n"
OUTFILE.write(PlaceInOutputFile)

NewList.pop(0) ## removes first item
NewList.pop(0) ## removes first item

Text=" ".join(NewList)

#PlaceInOutputFile = "\nThe text is: " + Text + "\n"
#OUTFILE.write(PlaceInOutputFile)
#print(Text)

#print("LABEL\n")
#print(slabel)

### More cleaning....
Text=Text.replace("\n", "")
Text=Text.strip("\n")
Text=Text.replace("'", "")
Text=Text.replace("\\", "")
Text=Text.replace(' ', "")
Text=Text.replace(" ", "")
Text=Text.replace("s'", "")
Text=Text.lstrip()

#if len(Text) < 2:
#    print("SMALL", Text)
#print(type(Text))
#print(Text)

LastStopWords=Text.split(" ")
LastStopWords = [w for w in LastStopWords if w not in nltkstopwords]
Text = " ".join(LastStopWords)

## Create the string you want to write to the NEWFILE...
OriginalRow="ORIGINAL" + RawRow
OUTFILE.write(OriginalRow)
ToWrite=llabel+", "+slabel+", "+Text+"\n"

if "NEITHER" not in ToWrite:
    #Let's get the lengths of each tokenized review while we're here.
    MyLength.append(len(NewList))
    #Same for the original. Subtract two for the two labels

```

```

MyLengthOrig.append(len(OrigList) - 2)
NEWFILE.write(ToWrite)
OUTFILE.write(ToWrite)

```

```

## CLOSE files - always close files!
FILE.close()
NEWFILE.close()
OUTFILE.close()

```

```

In [6]: #####
## Read the new csv file you created into a DF or into CounterVectorizer
#####
## recall that filename is CleanFile.csv - the file we just made
## Into DF
MyTextDF=pd.read_csv(filename)
## remove any rows with NA
MyTextDF = MyTextDF.dropna(how='any',axis=0) ## axis 0 is rowwise
print(MyTextDF.head())
#print(MyTextDF["Label"])
#print(MyTextDF.iloc[1,1])

```

	Lie_Label	Senti_Label		Review
0	truth	neg	mikes pizza high point ny service slow quality...	
1	truth	neg	really like buffet restaurant marshall street ...	
2	truth	neg	went shopping friend went dodo restaurant dinn...	
3	truth	neg	olive oil garden disappointing expect good foo...	
4	truth	neg	seven heaven restaurant never known superior s...	

```

In [7]: ## KEEP THE LABELS!
MyLieLabel = MyTextDF["Lie_Label"]
MySentiLabel = MyTextDF["Senti_Label"]
## Remove the labels from the DF
DF_noLabel= MyTextDF.drop(["Lie_Label"], axis=1) #axis 1 is column
DF_noLabel= DF_noLabel.drop(["Senti_Label"], axis=1)
#print(DF_noLabel.head())
## Create a list where each element in the list is a row from
## the file/DF
print(DF_noLabel.head())
print("length: ", len(DF_noLabel))

```

	Review
0	mikes pizza high point ny service slow quality...
1	really like buffet restaurant marshall street ...
2	went shopping friend went dodo restaurant dinn...
3	olive oil garden disappointing expect good foo...
4	seven heaven restaurant never known superior s...

length: 92

```
In [8]: # %% EDA
```

```
#Word count before and after.
```

```
dat = {'x': np.arange(len(MyLength)),  
       'y1': MyLengthOrig,  
       'y2': MyLength}
```

```
plt.plot(dat['x'], dat['y1'], label = 'Before Tokenization')  
plt.plot(dat['x'], dat['y2'], label = 'After Tokenization')  
plt.title('Number of Tokens')  
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc=2, borderaxespad=0.)  
plt.show()
```

```
#pos/neg & lie/truth ratios
```

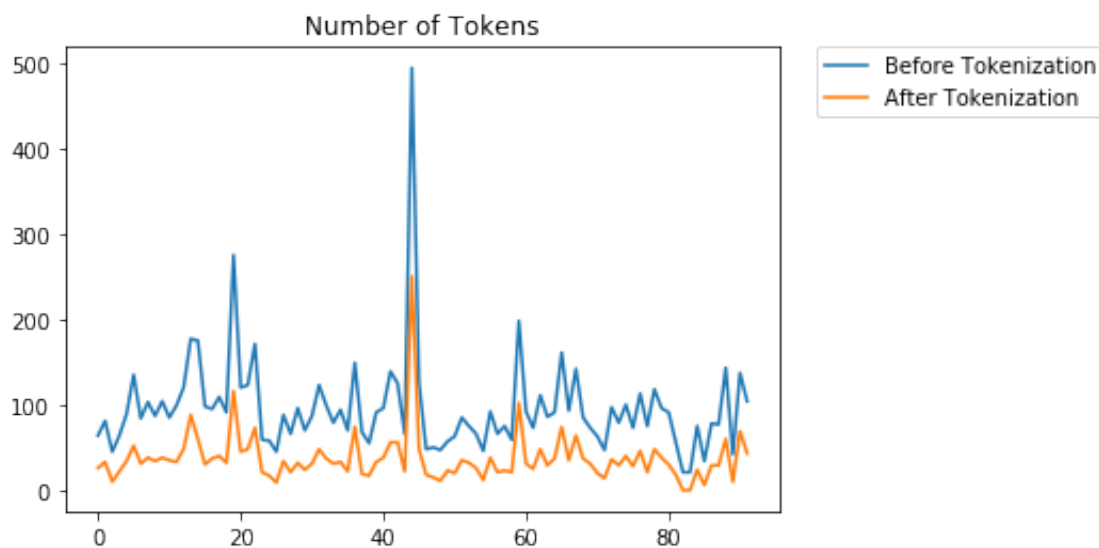
```
dat = [len(MyTextDF[(MyTextDF["Lie_Label"] == "truth")]),  
       len(MyTextDF[(MyTextDF["Lie_Label"] == "lie")]),  
       len(MyTextDF[(MyTextDF["Senti_Label"] == "neg")]),  
       len(MyTextDF[(MyTextDF["Senti_Label"] == "pos")])]
```

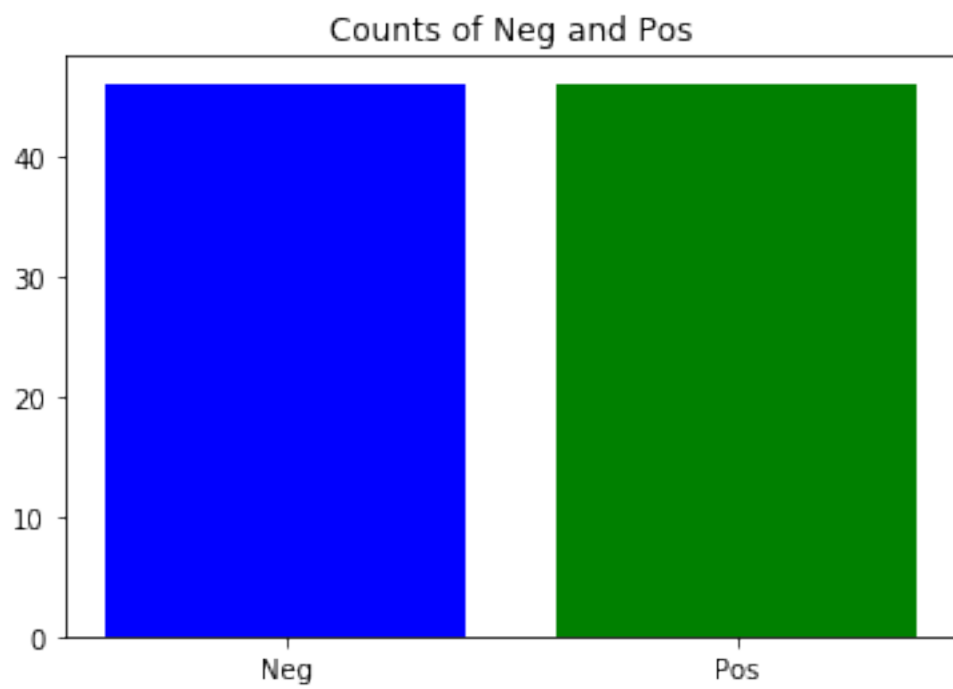
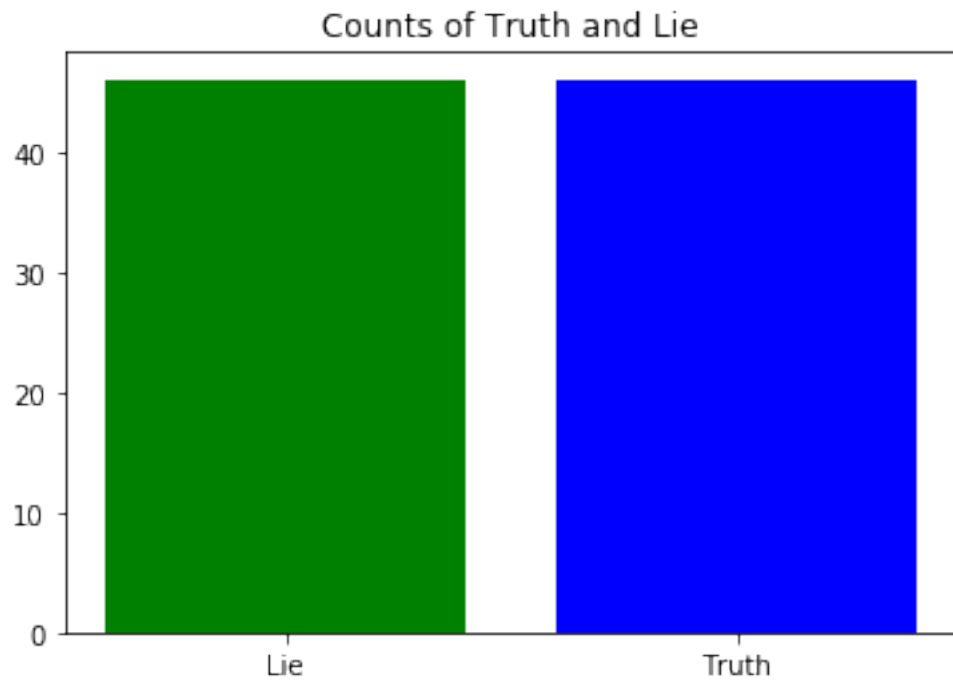
```
plt.bar(x = ['Truth', 'Lie'], height = dat[:1], color = ['b', 'g'])  
plt.title('Counts of Truth and Lie')  
plt.show()
```

```
plt.bar(x = ['Neg', 'Pos'], height = dat[2:], color = ['b', 'g'])  
plt.title('Counts of Neg and Pos')  
plt.show()
```

```
#Percent change in lengths
```

```
pctChange = [(MyLengthOrig[i] - MyLength[i])/MyLengthOrig[i] for i in range(len(MyLength))]  
print(np.mean(pctChange))
```





0.6314074158299527

```
In [9]: #Awesome. We have a clean dataset with all of the lower case, cleaned, tokenized reviews
        #We also have the length of each tokenized review in MyLength
        print(DF_noLabel.head())
        print(MyLieLabel.head())
        print(MySentiLabel.head())
```

```

                                Review
0  mikes pizza high point ny service slow quality...
1  really like buffet restaurant marshall street ...
2  went shopping friend went dodo restaurant dinn...
3  olive oil garden disappointing expect good foo...
4  seven heaven restaurant never known superior s...
0    truth
1    truth
2    truth
3    truth
4    truth
Name: Lie_Label, dtype: object
0    neg
1    neg
2    neg
3    neg
4    neg
Name: Senti_Label, dtype: object
```

```
In [10]: #We will now get the datasets we want to experiment with. (all will be vectorized and
        #Counts
        #Normalized Counts
        #tfidf
        #Standardized Counts
        #Standardized Normalized Counts
        #Standardized tfidf

        #Standard name for vectorizers, fits, and DFs are as follows:
        #Vectorizer: vect<Type>Orig
        #Fit: vect<Type>OrigFit
        #DF: vect<Type><Orig/Stand>DF
        #DF with label: vect<Type><Orig/Stand>DF<Lie/Senti>
        # %%
        #Define function to put labels back on. df defaults to DF_noLabel, lab as string
def add_labels(df, lab = ''):
    tmp = copy.deepcopy(df)
    if lab == "Lie LABEL":
        tmp[lab] = MyLieLabel
```

```

elif lab == "Senti LABEL":
    tmp[lab] = MySentiLabel
else:
    print('Use either Lie LABEL or Senti LABEL')
    return()
return(tmp)

#Use: #new = add_labels(df = original, lab = 'Lie LABEL')

# %%

### BUILD the LIST that "content" in all vectorizers will expect

MyList=[] #empty list
for i in range(0,len(DF_noLabel)):
    NextText=DF_noLabel.iloc[i,0] ## what is this??
    ## PRINT TO FIND OUT!
    #print(MyTextDF.iloc[i,1])
    #print("Review #", i, "is: ", NextText, "\n\n")
    #print(type(NextText))
    ## This list is a collection of all the reviews. It will be HUGE
    MyList.append(NextText)

## see what this list looks like....
print(MyList[0:4])

```

['mikes pizza high point ny service slow quality low would think would know least make good pi

In [11]: # %% COUNT VECTORIZER

```

vectCountOrig = CountVectorizer(input="content")

vectCountOrigFit = vectCountOrig.fit_transform(MyList)

MyColumnNames=vectCountOrig.get_feature_names()
#We can use MyColumnNames over and over again. As long as we keep using MyList
vectCountOrigDF=pd.DataFrame(vectCountOrigFit.toarray(), columns = MyColumnNames)
print(vectCountOrigDF.head(10))
vectCountOrigDFLie = add_labels(vectCountOrigDF, 'Lie LABEL')
vectCountOrigDFSenti = add_labels(vectCountOrigDF, 'Senti LABEL')
print(vectCountOrigDFLie.head(10))
print(vectCountOrigDFSenti.head(10))

```

	abc	abruptly	absolutely	acceptable	accord	acknowledge	across	actual	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	actually	ad	...	written	wrong	wrote	xyz	yeah	yelp	yesterday	\
0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	...	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
6	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1

	york	youll	yuenan
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0	0
5	0	0	0
6	0	0	0
7	0	0	0
8	0	0	0
9	0	0	0

[10 rows x 1343 columns]

	abc	abruptly	absolutely	acceptable	accord	acknowledge	across	actual	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	actually	ad	...	wrong	wrote	xyz	yeah	yelp	yesterday	york	\
0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	...	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
6	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	...	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	...	0	0	0	1	0	1	0

	youll	yuenan	Lie LABEL
0	0	0	truth
1	0	0	truth
2	0	0	truth
3	0	0	truth
4	0	0	truth
5	0	0	truth
6	0	0	truth
7	0	0	truth
8	0	0	truth
9	0	0	truth

[10 rows x 1344 columns]

	abc	abruptly	absolutely	acceptable	accord	acknowledge	across	actual	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	actually	ad	...	wrong	wrote	xyz	yeah	yelp	yesterday	york	\
0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	0	0	...	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	
6	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	0	0	...	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9	0	0	...	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	

	youll	yuenan	Senti LABEL
0	0	0	neg

1	0	0	neg
2	0	0	neg
3	0	0	neg
4	0	0	neg
5	0	0	neg
6	0	0	neg
7	0	0	neg
8	0	0	neg
9	0	0	neg

[10 rows x 1344 columns]

```
In [12]: ### NORMALIZED COUNT VECTORIZER
#We will normalize based on MyLength which is the number of tokens

vectCountNormOrigDF = copy.deepcopy(vectCountOrigDF)
vectCountNormOrigDF["_length"] = MyLength
for col in MyColumnNames:
    vectCountNormOrigDF[col]= vectCountNormOrigDF[col] / vectCountNormOrigDF._length
vectCountNormOrigDF = vectCountNormOrigDF.drop('_length', axis = 1)
print(vectCountNormOrigDF.head(10))
#Nice!
vectCountNormOrigDFLie = add_labels(vectCountNormOrigDF, 'Lie LABEL')
vectCountNormOrigDFSenti = add_labels(vectCountNormOrigDF, 'Senti LABEL')
```

	abc	abruptly	absolutely	acceptable	accord	acknowledge	across	\
0	0.00000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	
1	0.00000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	
2	0.00000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	
3	0.00000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	
4	0.00000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	
5	0.00000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.018868	0.0	
6	0.03125	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	
7	0.00000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	
8	0.00000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	
9	0.00000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	

	actual	actually	ad	...	written	wrong	wrote	xyz	\
0	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	
1	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	
2	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.018868	
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.025641	0.0	0.000000	
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	

```
9      0.0      0.0 0.0 ...      0.0 0.000000      0.0 0.000000
```

```
      yeah      yelp yesterday york youll yuenan
0 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0 0.0 0.0
1 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0 0.0 0.0
2 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0 0.0 0.0
3 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0 0.0 0.0
4 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0 0.0 0.0
5 0.000000 0.018868 0.000000 0.0 0.0 0.0
6 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0 0.0 0.0
7 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0 0.0 0.0
8 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0 0.0 0.0
9 0.025641 0.000000 0.025641 0.0 0.0 0.0
```

[10 rows x 1343 columns]

In [13]: # %% TFIDF VECTORIZER

```
# create the vectorizer
vectTFIDFOrig = TfidfVectorizer(input = 'content')
# tokenize and build vocab
vectTFIDFOrigFit = vectTFIDFOrig.fit_transform(MyList)
vectTFIDFOrigDF = pd.DataFrame(vectTFIDFOrigFit.toarray(), columns = MyColumnNames)
print(vectTFIDFOrigDF.head(10))
vectTFIDFOrigDFLie = add_labels(vectTFIDFOrigDF, 'Lie LABEL')
vectTFIDFOrigDFSenti = add_labels(vectTFIDFOrigDF, 'Senti LABEL')
```

```
      abc abruptly absolutely acceptable accord acknowledge across \
0 0.000000      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.000000      0.0
1 0.000000      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.000000      0.0
2 0.000000      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.000000      0.0
3 0.000000      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.000000      0.0
4 0.000000      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.000000      0.0
5 0.000000      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.154473      0.0
6 0.240826      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.000000      0.0
7 0.000000      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.000000      0.0
8 0.000000      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.000000      0.0
9 0.000000      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.000000      0.0
```

```
      actual actually ad ... written wrong wrote xyz yeah \
0      0.0      0.0 0.0 ...      0.0 0.000000      0.0 0.00000 0.000000
1      0.0      0.0 0.0 ...      0.0 0.000000      0.0 0.00000 0.000000
2      0.0      0.0 0.0 ...      0.0 0.000000      0.0 0.00000 0.000000
3      0.0      0.0 0.0 ...      0.0 0.000000      0.0 0.00000 0.000000
4      0.0      0.0 0.0 ...      0.0 0.000000      0.0 0.00000 0.000000
5      0.0      0.0 0.0 ...      0.0 0.000000      0.0 0.14153 0.000000
6      0.0      0.0 0.0 ...      0.0 0.000000      0.0 0.00000 0.000000
```

7	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.172278	0.0	0.00000	0.000000
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.00000	0.000000
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.00000	0.137639

	yelp	yesterday	york	youll	yuenan
0	0.00000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	0.00000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0.00000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0.00000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0.00000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.14153	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0.00000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0.00000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0.00000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0.00000	0.150225	0.0	0.0	0.0

[10 rows x 1343 columns]

In [14]: # %% STANDARDIZED COUNT VECTORIZER

```

vectCountStandDF = copy.deepcopy(vectCountOrigDF)
scaler = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler()
vectCountStandDF = pd.DataFrame(scaler.fit_transform(vectCountStandDF), columns = MyC
print(vectCountStandDF.head())
vectCountStandDFLie = add_labels(vectCountStandDF, 'Lie LABEL')
vectCountStandDFSenti = add_labels(vectCountStandDF, 'Senti LABEL')

```

	abc	abruptly	absolutely	acceptable	accord	acknowledge	across	actual	\
0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

	actually	ad	...	written	wrong	wrote	xyz	yeah	yelp	yesterday	\
0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
1	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
3	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
4	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

	york	youll	yuenan
0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0	0.0

[5 rows x 1343 columns]

```
In [15]: # %% STANDARDIZED NORMALIZED COUNT VECTORIZER
```

```
vectCountNormStandDF = copy.deepcopy(vectCountNormOrigDF)
scaler = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler()
vectCountNormStandDF = pd.DataFrame(scaler.fit_transform(vectCountNormStandDF), columns=columns)
print(vectCountNormStandDF.head(10))
vectCountNormStandDFLie = add_labels(vectCountNormStandDF, 'Lie LABEL')
vectCountNormStandDFSenti = add_labels(vectCountNormStandDF, 'Senti LABEL')
```

	abc	abruptly	absolutely	acceptable	accord	acknowledge	across	actual	\
0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	
6	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

	actually	ad	...	written	wrong	wrote	xyz	yeah	\
0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
1	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
2	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
3	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
4	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
5	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.471698	0.000000	
6	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
7	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.273504	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
8	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
9	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.948718	

	yelp	yesterday	york	youll	yuenan
0	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.433962	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0.000000	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

[10 rows x 1343 columns]

```
In [16]: # %% STANDARDIZED TFIDF VECTORIZER
```

```
vectTFIDFStandDF = copy.deepcopy(vectTFIDFOrigDF)
scaler = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler()
vectTFIDFStandDF = pd.DataFrame(scaler.fit_transform(vectTFIDFStandDF), columns = MyC
print(vectTFIDFStandDF.head(10))
vectTFIDFStandDFLie = add_labels(vectTFIDFStandDF, 'Lie LABEL')
vectTFIDFStandDFSenti = add_labels(vectTFIDFStandDF, 'Senti LABEL')
```

	abc	abruptly	absolutely	acceptable	accord	acknowledge	across	actual	\
0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	
6	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

	actually	ad	...	written	wrong	wrote	xyz	yeah	\
0	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
1	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
2	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
3	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
4	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
5	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.594324	0.000000	
6	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
7	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.325975	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
8	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	
9	0.0	0.0	...	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.795374	

	yelp	yesterday	york	youll	yuenan
0	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.579993	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0.000000	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

[10 rows x 1343 columns]

In [17]: *#Alright!!!*

#We have 12 datasets (6 vectorize methods, 2 label sets):

```
list_of_DF_Lie = [vectCountOrigDFLie, vectCountNormOrigDFLie, vectTFIDFOrigDFLie, vectCountOrigDFLie, vectCountNormOrigDFLie, vectTFIDFOrigDFLie]
list_of_DF_Lie_Names = ['vectCountOrigDFLie', 'vectCountNormOrigDFLie', 'vectTFIDFOrigDFLie', 'vectCountOrigDFLie', 'vectCountNormOrigDFLie', 'vectTFIDFOrigDFLie']
```

```
list_of_DF_Senti = [vectCountOrigDFSenti, vectCountNormOrigDFSenti, vectTFIDFOrigDFSenti, vectCountOrigDFSenti, vectCountNormOrigDFSenti, vectTFIDFOrigDFSenti]
list_of_DF_Senti_Names = ['vectCountOrigDFSenti', 'vectCountNormOrigDFSenti', 'vectTFIDFOrigDFSenti', 'vectCountOrigDFSenti', 'vectCountNormOrigDFSenti', 'vectTFIDFOrigDFSenti']
```

In [18]: *#Separate the different possible labels indices for both labels because we have a small dataset*

```
TruthLie_ind = MyTextDF[(MyTextDF["Lie_Label"] == "truth")].index
LieLie_ind = MyTextDF[(MyTextDF["Lie_Label"] == "lie")].index
```

```
trainIndex_Lie = []
testIndex_Lie = []
```

```
trainIndex_LieT = []
testIndex_LieT = []
```

```
trainIndex_LieL = []
testIndex_LieL = []
```

#Get 10 folds

```
kfLieT = KFold(n_splits = 10, shuffle = True)
kfLieT.get_n_splits(TruthLie_ind)
```

```
kfLieL = KFold(n_splits = 10, shuffle = True)
kfLieL.get_n_splits(LieLie_ind)
```

```
for train_index, test_index in kfLieT.split(TruthLie_ind):
    trainIndex_LieT.append(train_index)
    testIndex_LieT.append(test_index)
```

```
for train_index, test_index in kfLieL.split(LieLie_ind):
    trainIndex_LieL.append(train_index)
    testIndex_LieL.append(test_index)
```

```
for i in range(10):
    trainIndex_Lie.append(trainIndex_LieT[i] + trainIndex_LieL[i])
    testIndex_Lie.append(testIndex_LieT[i] + testIndex_LieL[i])
```

#Repeat above for senti

```
NegSent_ind = MyTextDF[(MyTextDF["Senti_Label"] == "neg")].index
PosSent_ind = MyTextDF[(MyTextDF["Senti_Label"] == "pos")].index
```

```

trainIndex_Senti = []
testIndex_Senti = []

trainIndex_SentiN = []
testIndex_SentiN = []

trainIndex_SentiP = []
testIndex_SentiP = []

#Get 10 folds
kfSentiN = KFold(n_splits = 10, shuffle = True)
kfSentiN.get_n_splits(NegSent_ind)

kfSentiP = KFold(n_splits = 10, shuffle = True)
kfSentiP.get_n_splits(PosSent_ind)

for train_index, test_index in kfSentiN.split(NegSent_ind):
    trainIndex_SentiN.append(train_index)
    testIndex_SentiN.append(test_index)

for train_index, test_index in kfSentiP.split(PosSent_ind):
    trainIndex_SentiP.append(train_index)
    testIndex_SentiP.append(test_index)

for i in range(10):
    trainIndex_Senti.append(trainIndex_SentiN[i] + trainIndex_SentiP[i])
    testIndex_Senti.append(testIndex_SentiN[i] + testIndex_SentiP[i])

```

In [19]: *#Let's model with MNB!*

#We will iterate through all 10 folds for each dataset

#We have our cross validation index list, so we can iterate through our CV list for e

%%

Which Features will be most important????!?!

#Define a function to produce a dictionary of features sorted by importance

```

def feat_imp(train_df, model):
    featLogProb = []
    features = {}
    ind = 0
    for feats in train_df.columns:
        ## the following line takes the difference of the log prob of feature given m
        ## thus it measure the importance of the feature for classification.
        featLogProb.append(abs(model.feature_log_prob_[1,ind] - model.feature_log_prob_
        features[(feats)] = featLogProb[ind]
        ind = ind + 1

```

```

sortedKeys = sorted(features, key = features.get, reverse = True)[:19]
sortedVals = sorted(features.values(), reverse = True)[:19]
features2 = {}
for ki in range(len(sortedKeys)):
    features2[sortedKeys[ki]] = sortedVals[ki]
return(features2)

```

```

In [20]: # %% MULTINOMIAL NAIVE BAYES LIE
         #https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.naive\_bayes.MultinomialNB.

         #For each metric, we have a dictionary where the keys are the experiment dataframes and
cm_Lie = {}
acc_Lie = {}
prfs_Lie = {}

         #Also get the most important features for each run
features_Lie = {}

for loc in range(len(list_of_DF_Lie)):
    DF = list_of_DF_Lie[loc]
    name = list_of_DF_Lie_Names[loc]
    cm_Lie[name] = []
    acc_Lie[name] = []
    prfs_Lie[name] = []
    features_Lie[name] = []
    ind = 1
    for train_ind, test_ind in zip(trainIndex_Lie, testIndex_Lie):
        train = DF.iloc[train_ind, ]
        test = DF.iloc[test_ind, ]
        #Remove labels
        trainLabels = train["Lie LABEL"]
        testLabels = test["Lie LABEL"]
        train = train.drop(["Lie LABEL"], axis = 1)
        test = test.drop(["Lie LABEL"], axis = 1)
        #Create the modeler
        MyModelNB= MultinomialNB()
        MyModelNB.fit(train, trainLabels)
        Prediction = MyModelNB.predict(test)
        y_true = (testLabels).tolist()
        y_predict = (Prediction).tolist()
        labels = ['lie', 'truth']
        cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_predict, labels)
        cm_Lie[name].append(cm)
        acc = accuracy_score(y_true, y_predict)
        acc_Lie[name].append(acc)
        prfs = precision_recall_fscore_support(y_true, y_predict, pos_label = 'lie',

```

```

prfs_Lie[name].append(prfs)
features_Lie[name].append(feats_imp(train, MyModelNB))

#Plot the confusion matrix
# title = str('Confusion Matrix\n' + name + ' fold ' + str(ind))
# cm_plot = plot_confusion_matrix(y_true = y_true, y_pred = y_predict, classes
# outpath = str('output/Lie/confmat/' + name + '_fold_' + str(ind) + '.png')
# plt.savefig(outpath, bbox_inches='tight')
#
# plt.clf()
#
# #Create a word cloud
# wc = WordCloud().generate_from_frequencies(features_Lie[name][ind - 1])
# plt.imshow(wc)
# plt.xticks(ticks = None)
# plt.yticks(ticks = None)
# outpath = str('output/Lie/wordclouds/' + name + '_fold_' + str(ind) + '.png')
# plt.savefig(outpath, bbox_inches='tight')

ind += 1

```

C:\Users\jerem\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\classification.py:1135: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is ill-defined: No labeled samples in test set
'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)

```

In [25]: # %% MULTINOMIAL NAIVE BAYES SENTI
#https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.naive_bayes.MultinomialNB.

#For each metric, we have a dictionary where the keys are the experiment dataframes and
cm_Senti = {}
acc_Senti = {}
prfs_Senti = {}

#Also get the most important features for each run
features_Senti = {}

for loc in range(len(list_of_DF_Senti)):
    DF = list_of_DF_Senti[loc]
    name = list_of_DF_Senti_Names[loc]
    cm_Senti[name] = []
    acc_Senti[name] = []
    prfs_Senti[name] = []
    features_Senti[name] = []
    ind = 1
    for train_ind, test_ind in zip(trainIndex_Senti, testIndex_Senti):
        train = DF.iloc[train_ind, ]
        test = DF.iloc[test_ind, ]
        #Remove labels

```

```

trainLabels = train["Senti LABEL"]
testLabels = test["Senti LABEL"]
train = train.drop(["Senti LABEL"], axis = 1)
test = test.drop(["Senti LABEL"], axis = 1)
#Create the modeler
MyModelNB= MultinomialNB()
MyModelNB.fit(train, trainLabels)
Prediction = MyModelNB.predict(test)
y_true = (testLabels).tolist()
y_predict = (Prediction).tolist()
labels = ['neg', 'pos']
cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_predict, labels)
cm_Senti[name].append(cm)
acc = accuracy_score(y_true, y_predict)
acc_Senti[name].append(acc)
prfs = precision_recall_fscore_support(y_true, y_predict, pos_label = 'pos',
prfs_Senti[name].append(prfs)
features_Senti[name].append(featurizer.fit(train, MyModelNB))

#Plot the confusion matrix
# title = str('Confusion Matrix\n' + name + ' fold ' + str(ind))
# cm_plot = plot_confusion_matrix(y_true = y_true, y_pred = y_predict, classes
# outpath = str('output/Senti/confmat/' + name + '_fold_' + str(ind) + '.png')
# plt.savefig(outpath, bbox_inches='tight')
#
# plt.clf()
#
# #Create a word cloud
# wc = WordCloud().generate_from_frequencies(features_Senti[name][ind - 1])
# plt.imshow(wc)
# plt.xticks(ticks = None)
# plt.yticks(ticks = None)
# outpath = str('output/Senti/wordclouds/' + name + '_fold_' + str(ind) + '.png')
# plt.savefig(outpath, bbox_inches='tight')

ind += 1

```

C:\Users\jerem\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\classification.py:1135: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is undefined for predicted classes not in the true labels: ['precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for]

```

In [27]: # Average across folds
#Compare model performance
# remember this list_of_DF_Lie_Names and list_of_DF_Senti_Names
model_summary_Lie = {}
model_summary_Senti = {}

acc_Dict_Lie = {}

```

```

prec_Dict_Lie = {}
rec_Dict_Lie = {}
F1_Dict_Lie = {}

acc_Dict_Senti = {}
prec_Dict_Senti = {}
rec_Dict_Senti = {}
F1_Dict_Senti = {}

for name in list_of_DF_Lie_Names:
    newname = name.replace('vect', '').replace('Lie', '')
    model_summary_Lie[newname] = {}
    #accuracy
    a_avg = 0
    for a in acc_Lie[name]:
        a_avg += a
    a_avg = a_avg / 10
    model_summary_Lie[newname]['acc'] = a_avg
    acc_Dict_Lie[newname] = a_avg

    #precision, recall, F1
    p_avg = 0
    r_avg = 0
    F1_avg = 0
    for m in prfs_Lie[name]:
        p_avg += m[0]
        r_avg += m[1]
        F1_avg += m[2]
    p_avg = p_avg / 10
    r_avg = r_avg / 10
    F1_avg = F1_avg / 10
    model_summary_Lie[newname]['prec'] = p_avg
    model_summary_Lie[newname]['rec'] = r_avg
    model_summary_Lie[newname]['F1'] = F1_avg
    prec_Dict_Lie[newname] = p_avg
    rec_Dict_Lie[newname] = r_avg
    F1_Dict_Lie[newname] = F1_avg

for name in list_of_DF_Senti_Names:
    newname = name.replace('vect', '').replace('Senti', '')
    model_summary_Senti[newname] = {}
    #accuracy
    a_avg = 0
    for a in acc_Senti[name]:
        a_avg += a
    a_avg = a_avg / 10
    model_summary_Senti[newname]['acc'] = a_avg
    acc_Dict_Senti[newname] = a_avg

```



```

#precision, recall, F1
p_avg = 0
r_avg = 0
F1_avg = 0
for m in prfs_Senti[name]:
    p_avg += m[0]
    r_avg += m[1]
    F1_avg += m[2]
p_avg = p_avg / 10
r_avg = r_avg / 10
F1_avg = F1_avg / 10
model_summary_Senti[newname]['prec'] = p_avg
model_summary_Senti[newname]['rec'] = r_avg
model_summary_Senti[newname]['F1'] = F1_avg
prec_Dict_Senti[newname] = p_avg
rec_Dict_Senti[newname] = r_avg
F1_Dict_Senti[newname] = F1_avg

```

In [28]: # %%LIE PLOTS

```

#Plot some of the metrics from above
#Accuracy
plt.bar(range(len(acc_Dict_Lie)), list(acc_Dict_Lie.values()), align='center')
plt.xticks(range(len(acc_Dict_Lie)), list(acc_Dict_Lie.keys()))
locs, labels = plt.xticks()
plt.setp(labels, rotation=30)
axes = plt.gca()
axes.set_ylim([0,1])
plt.title('Average Accuracy Over 10 Folds Predicting Lie')
plt.show()
plt.clf()

#Precision
plt.bar(range(len(prec_Dict_Lie)), list(prec_Dict_Lie.values()), align='center')
plt.xticks(range(len(prec_Dict_Lie)), list(prec_Dict_Lie.keys()))
locs, labels = plt.xticks()
plt.setp(labels, rotation=30)
axes = plt.gca()
axes.set_ylim([0,1])
plt.title('Average Precision Over 10 Folds Predicting Lie')
plt.show()
plt.clf()

#Recall

```

```

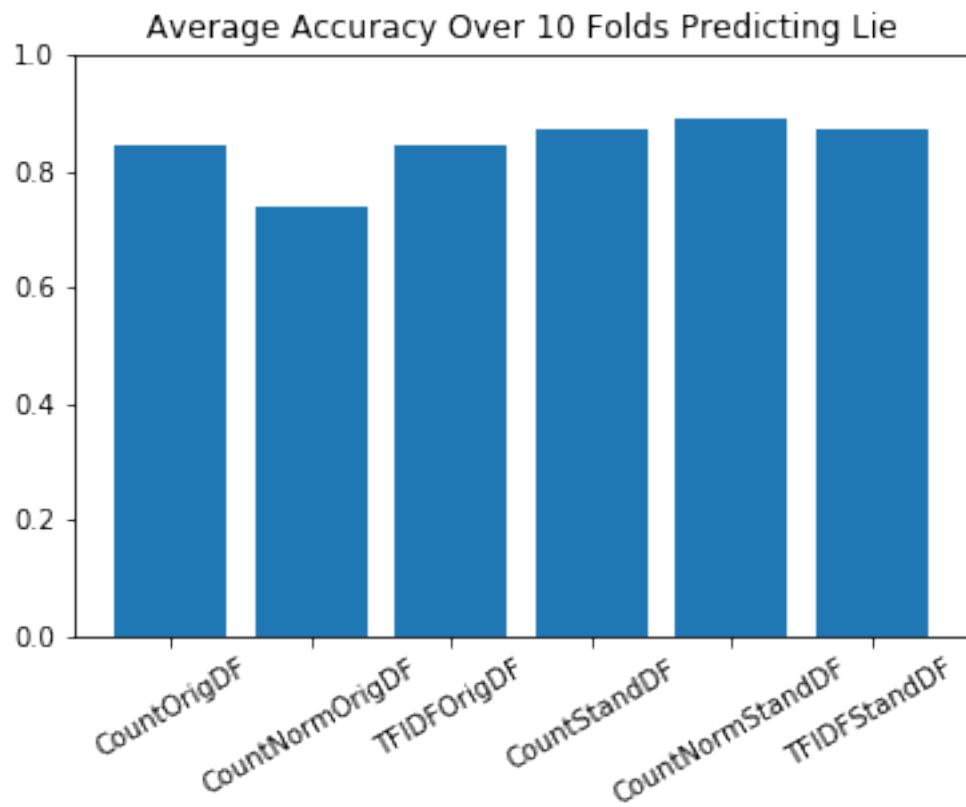
plt.bar(range(len(rec_Dict_Lie)), list(rec_Dict_Lie.values()), align='center')
plt.xticks(range(len(rec_Dict_Lie)), list(rec_Dict_Lie.keys()))
locs, labels = plt.xticks()
plt.setp(labels, rotation=30)
axes = plt.gca()
axes.set_ylim([0,1])
plt.title('Average Recall Over 10 Folds Predicting Lie')
plt.show()
plt.clf()

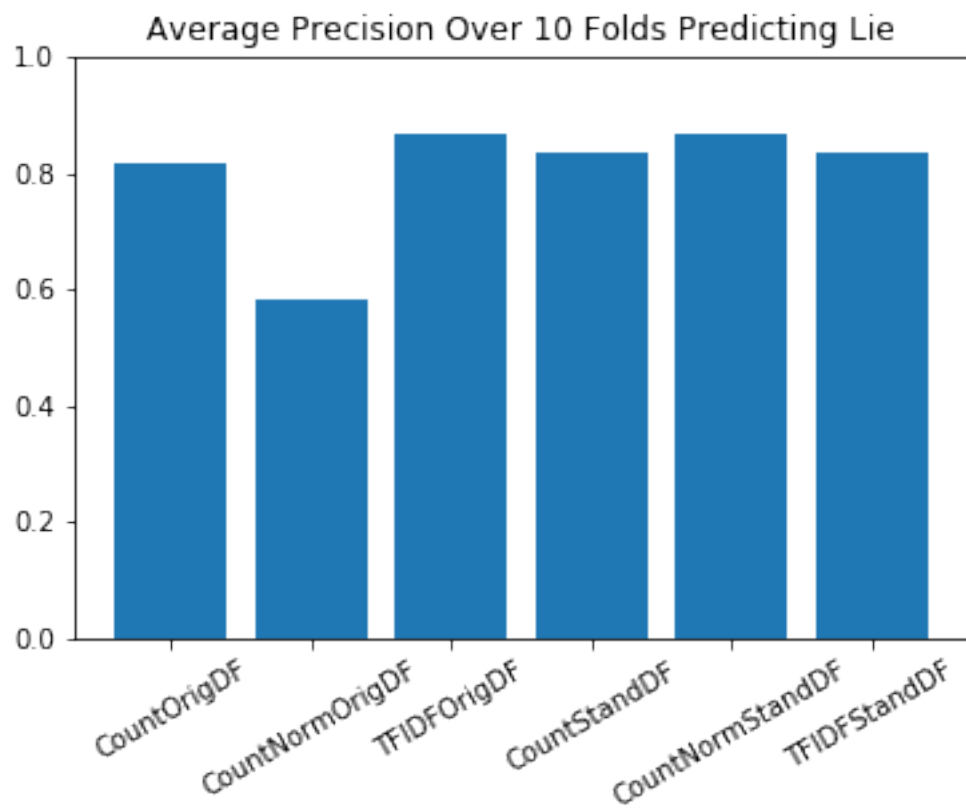
```

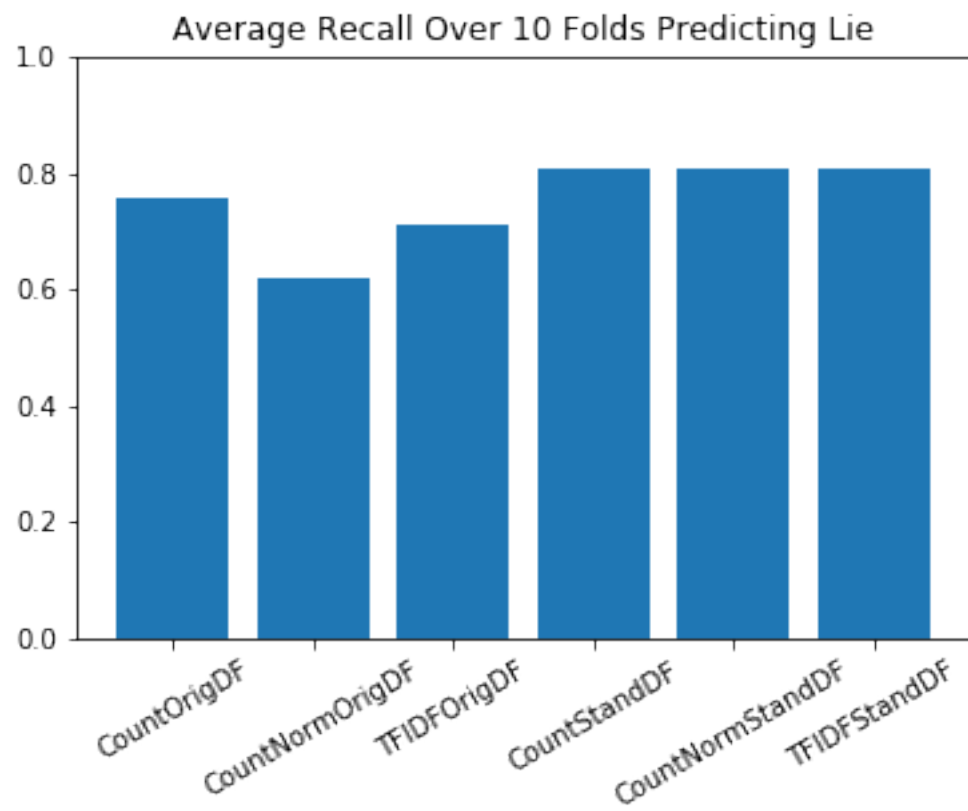
```

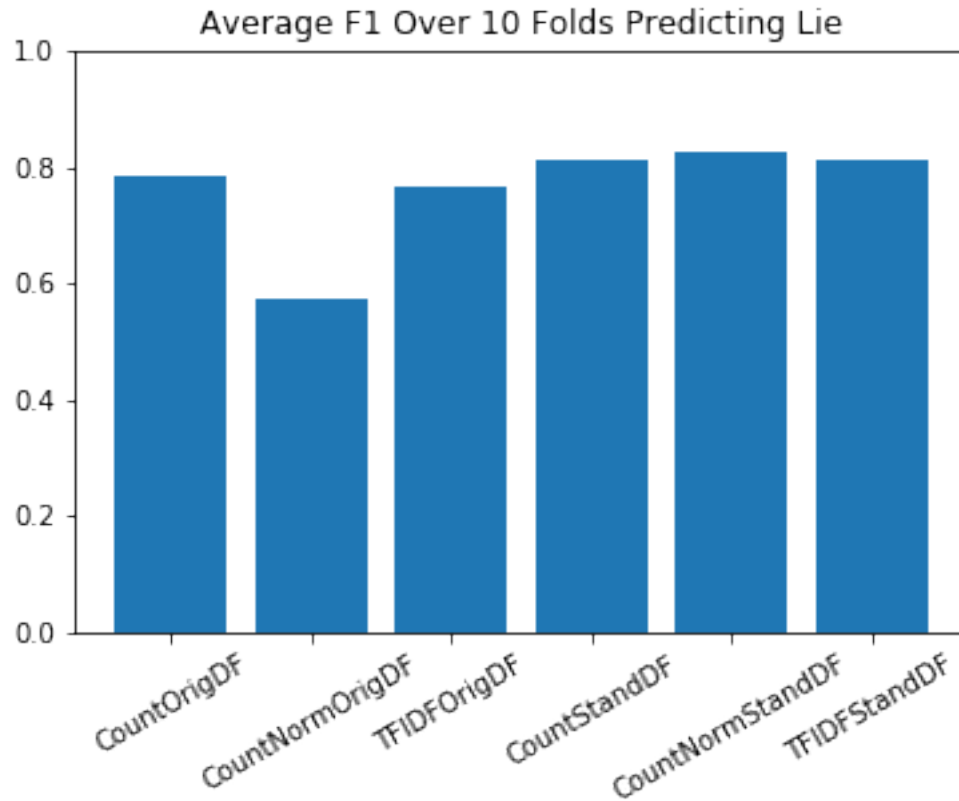
#F1
plt.bar(range(len(F1_Dict_Lie)), list(F1_Dict_Lie.values()), align='center')
plt.xticks(range(len(F1_Dict_Lie)), list(F1_Dict_Lie.keys()))
locs, labels = plt.xticks()
plt.setp(labels, rotation=30)
axes = plt.gca()
axes.set_ylim([0,1])
plt.title('Average F1 Over 10 Folds Predicting Lie')
plt.show()
plt.clf()

```









<matplotlib.figure.Figure at 0x1afca1d3c18>

In [29]: # %%SENTI PLOTS

```
#Plot some of the metrics from above
#Accuracy
plt.bar(range(len(acc_Dict_Senti)), list(acc_Dict_Senti.values()), align='center')
plt.xticks(range(len(acc_Dict_Senti)), list(acc_Dict_Senti.keys()))
locs, labels = plt.xticks()
plt.setp(labels, rotation=30)
axes = plt.gca()
axes.set_ylim([0,1])
plt.title('Average Accuracy Over 10 Folds Predicting Sentiment')
plt.show()
plt.clf()

#Precision
plt.bar(range(len(prec_Dict_Senti)), list(prec_Dict_Senti.values()), align='center')
plt.xticks(range(len(prec_Dict_Senti)), list(prec_Dict_Senti.keys()))
```

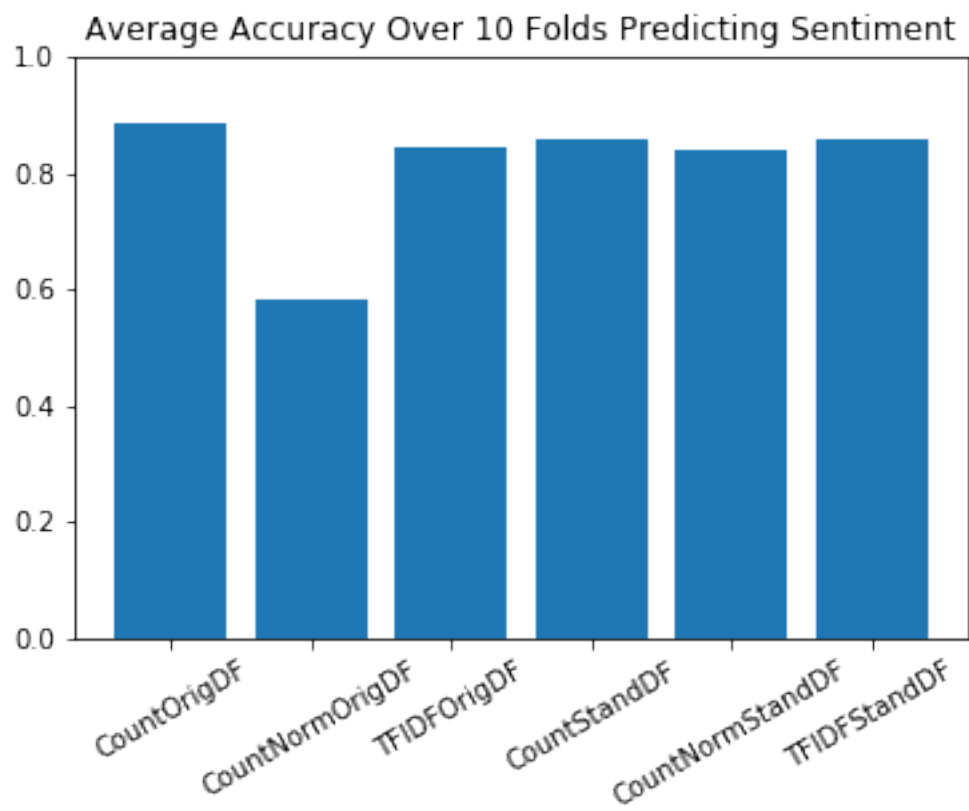
```

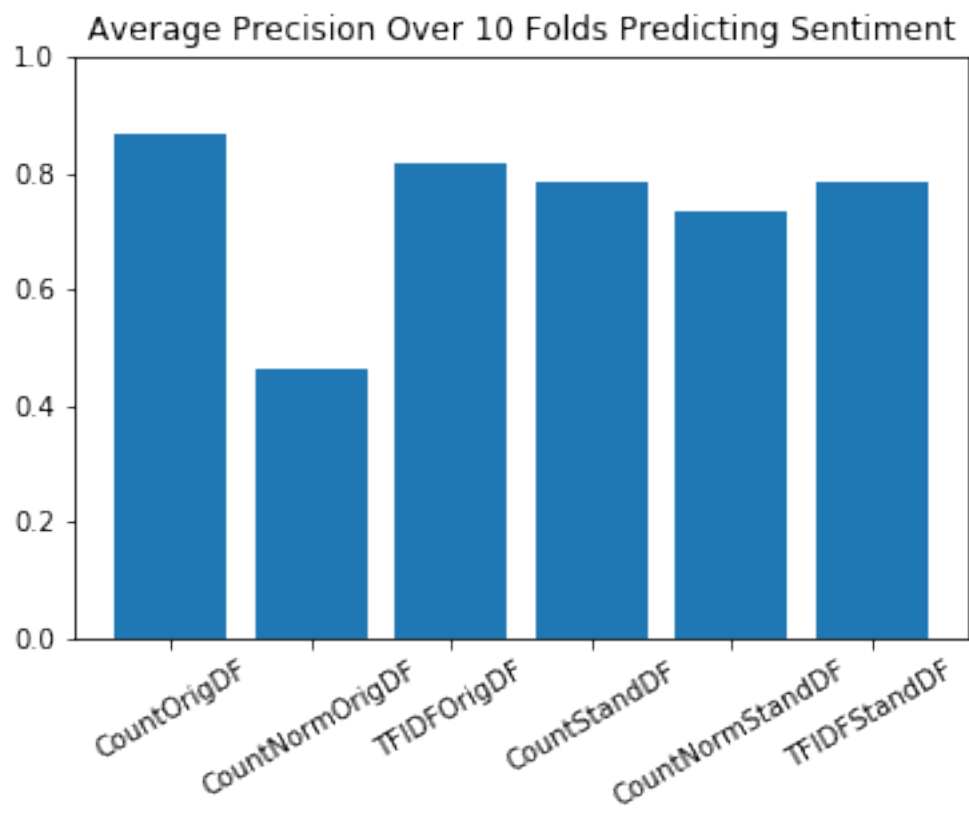
locs, labels = plt.xticks()
plt.setp(labels, rotation=30)
axes = plt.gca()
axes.set_ylim([0,1])
plt.title('Average Precision Over 10 Folds Predicting Sentiment')
plt.show()
plt.clf()

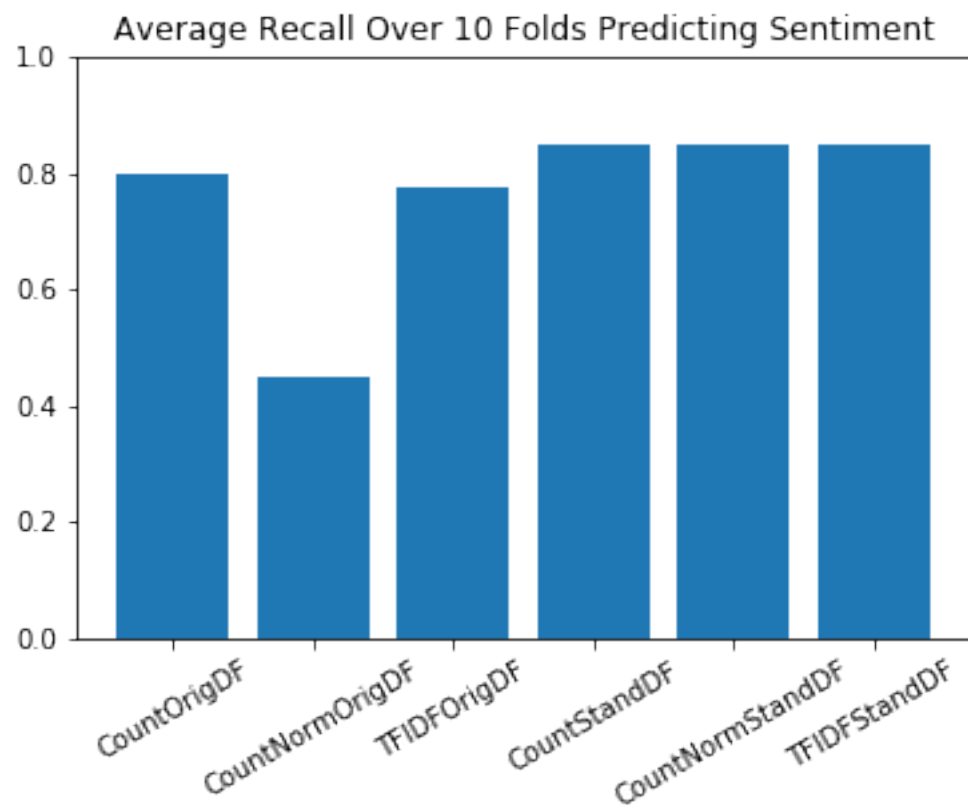
#Recall
plt.bar(range(len(rec_Dict_Senti)), list(rec_Dict_Senti.values()), align='center')
plt.xticks(range(len(rec_Dict_Senti)), list(rec_Dict_Senti.keys()))
locs, labels = plt.xticks()
plt.setp(labels, rotation=30)
axes = plt.gca()
axes.set_ylim([0,1])
plt.title('Average Recall Over 10 Folds Predicting Sentiment')
plt.show()
plt.clf()

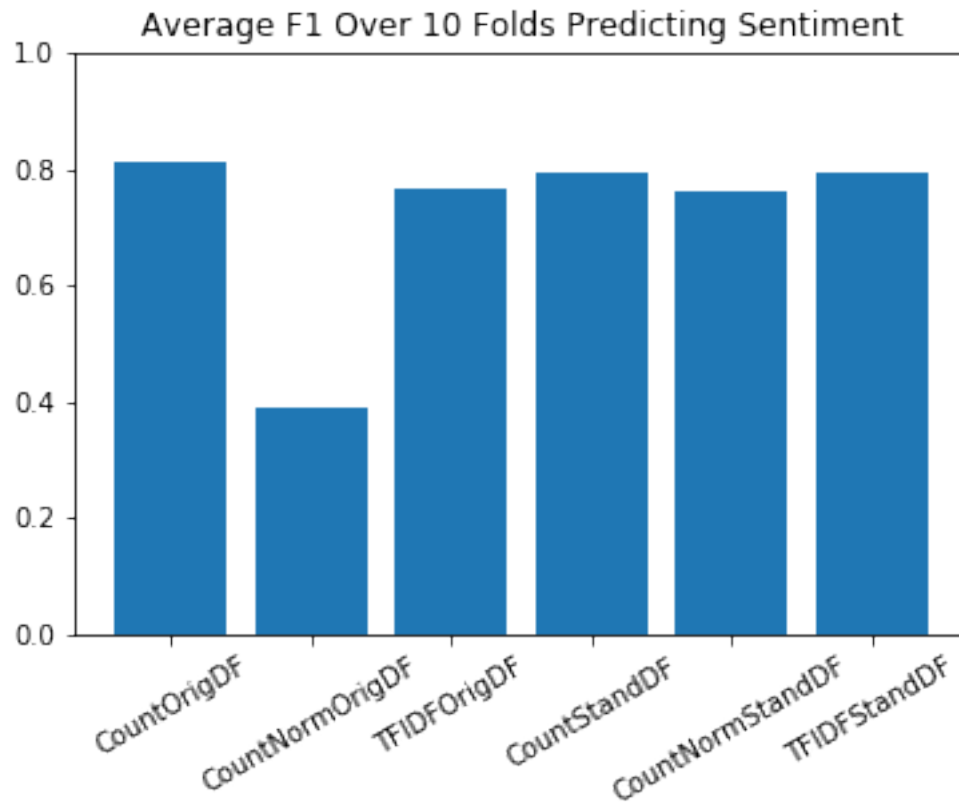
#F1
plt.bar(range(len(F1_Dict_Senti)), list(F1_Dict_Senti.values()), align='center')
plt.xticks(range(len(F1_Dict_Senti)), list(F1_Dict_Senti.keys()))
locs, labels = plt.xticks()
plt.setp(labels, rotation=30)
axes = plt.gca()
axes.set_ylim([0,1])
plt.title('Average F1 Over 10 Folds Predicting Sentiment')
plt.show()
plt.clf()

```









<matplotlib.figure.Figure at 0x1afc99c14e0>

```
In [35]: # %%
features_dfs_Lie = {}
features_dfs_Senti = {}
#Get dataframes for each feature list

for i in list_of_DF_Lie_Names:
    df = pd.DataFrame()
    dics = features_Lie[i]
    fold = 1
    for dic in dics:
        col1 = 'fold_' + str(fold) + '_word'
        col2 = 'fold_' + str(fold) + '_value'
        sortedKeys = sorted(dic, key = dic.get, reverse = True)
        sortedVals = sorted(dic.values(), reverse = True)
        df[col1] = sortedKeys
        df[col2] = sortedVals
        fold += 1
```

```

features_dfs_Lie[i] = df

for i in list_of_DF_Senti_Names:
    df = pd.DataFrame()
    dics = features_Senti[i]
    fold = 1
    for dic in dics:
        col1 = 'fold_' + str(fold) + '_word'
        col2 = 'fold_' + str(fold) + '_value'
        sortedKeys = sorted(dic, key = dic.get, reverse = True)
        sortedVals = sorted(dic.values(), reverse = True)
        df[col1] = sortedKeys
        df[col2] = sortedVals
        fold += 1

    features_dfs_Senti[i] = df

```