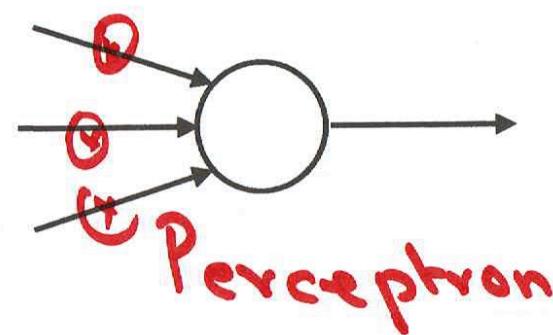
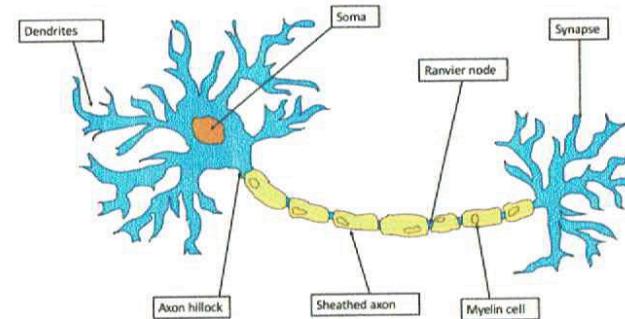
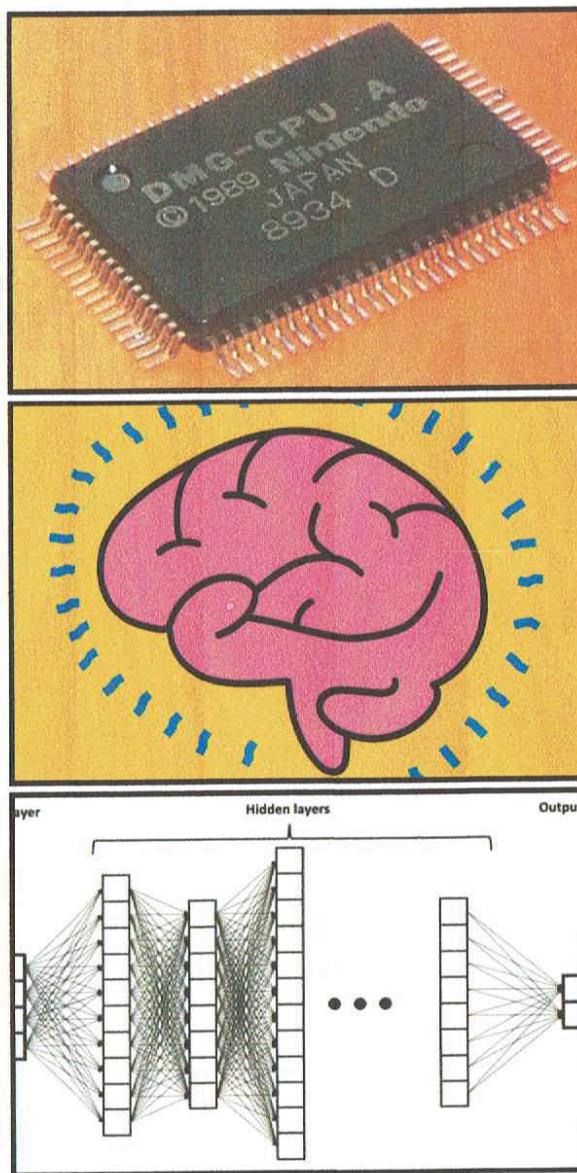


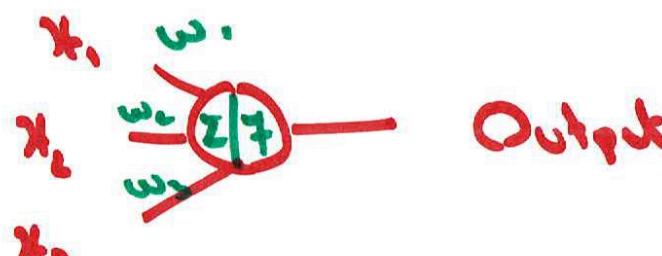
Building towards a complex task!



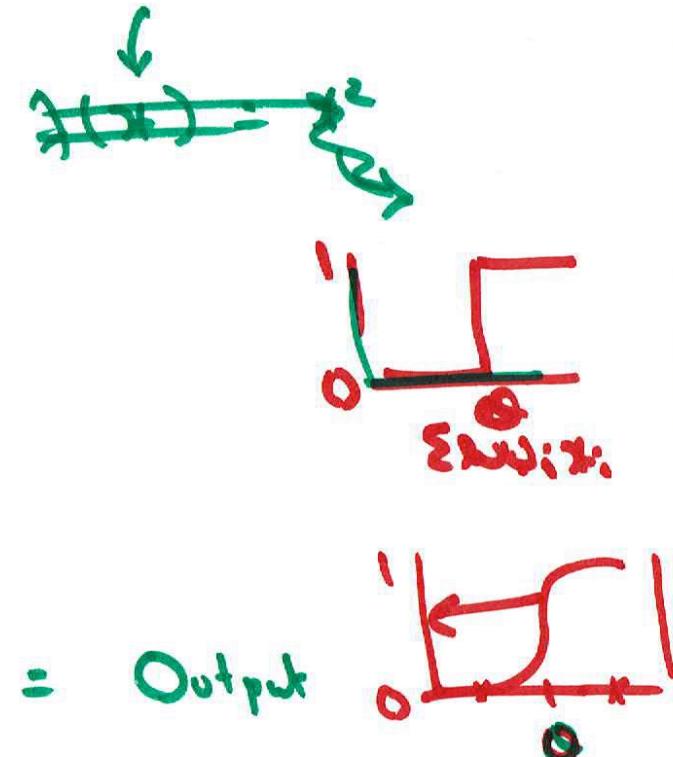
Perceptron!

- What does it do?

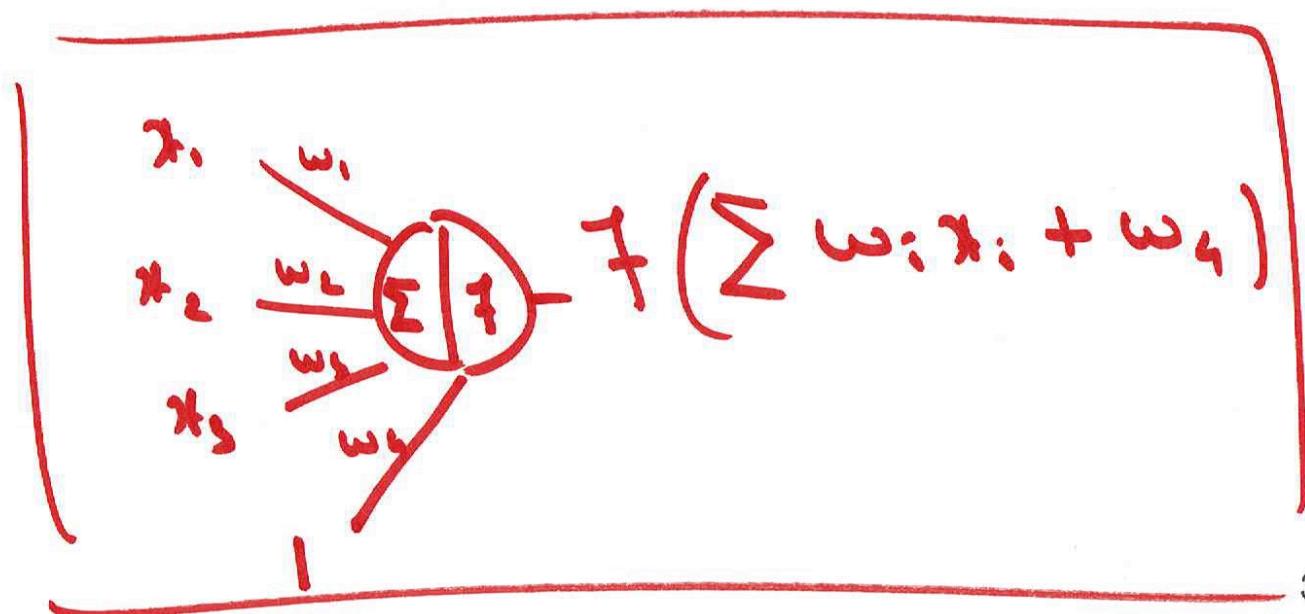
1958



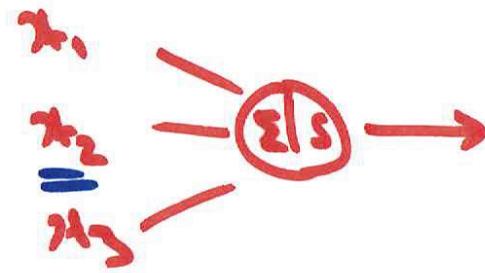
$$\text{if } (\sum w_i x_i) = \text{Output}$$



- Bias

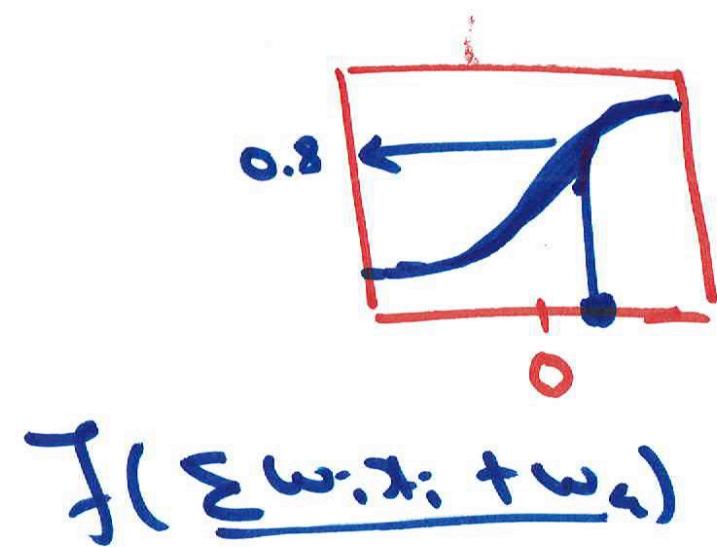
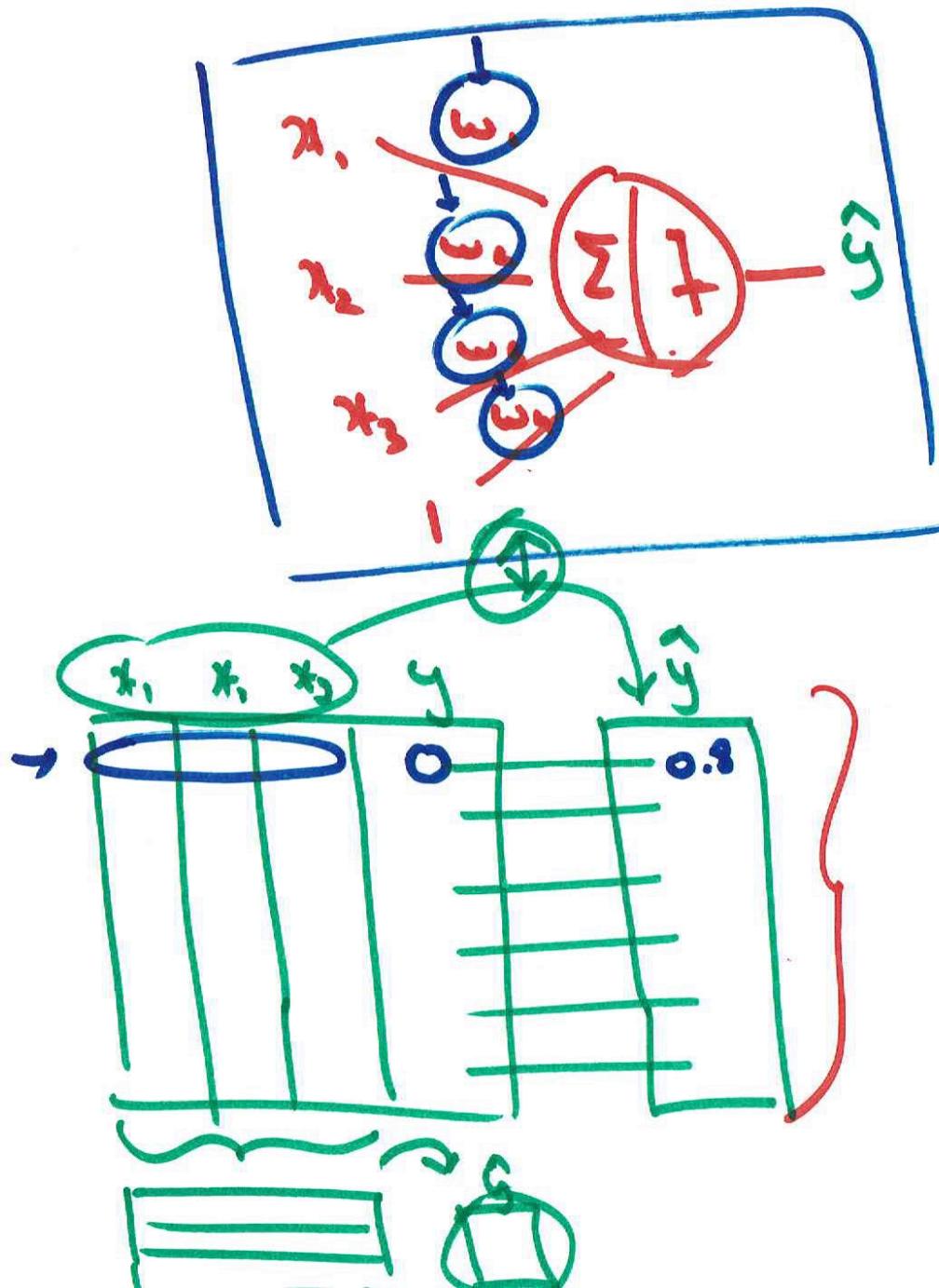


Perception



$\theta = 1 \Rightarrow "OR"$
 $\theta = 3 \Rightarrow "AND"$

$$\sum x_i \geq \theta \Rightarrow 1$$
$$\sum x_i < \theta \Rightarrow 0$$

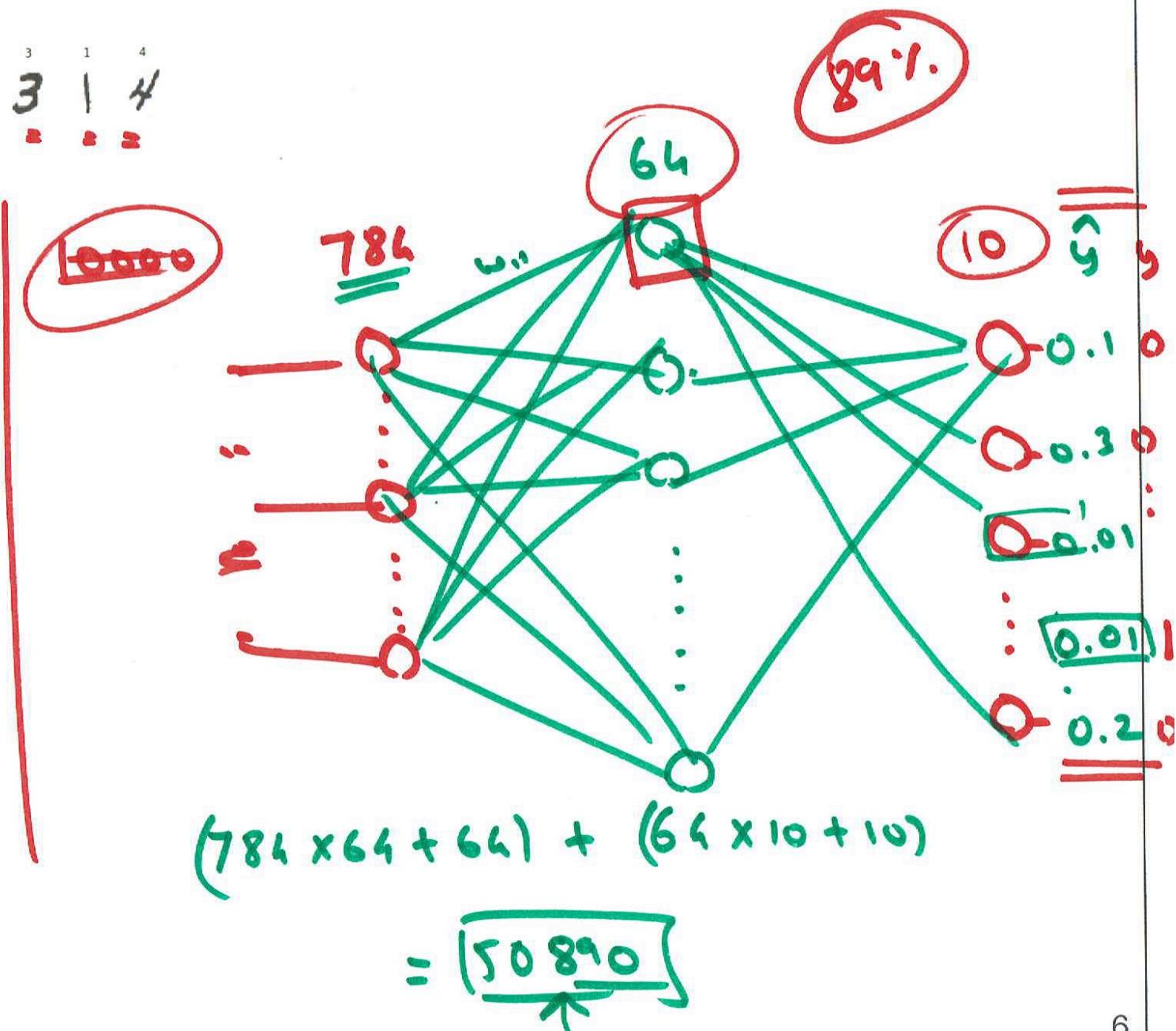
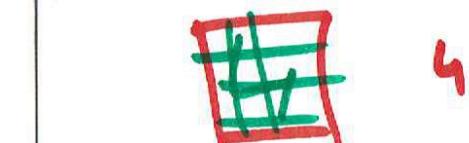
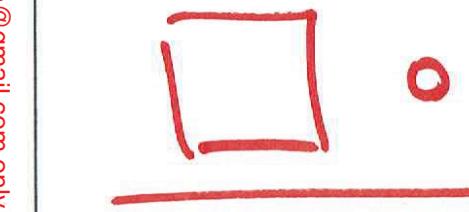
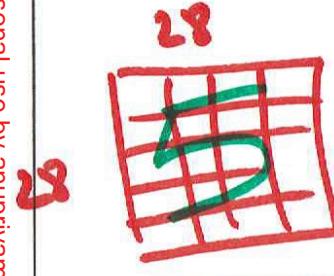


MNIST

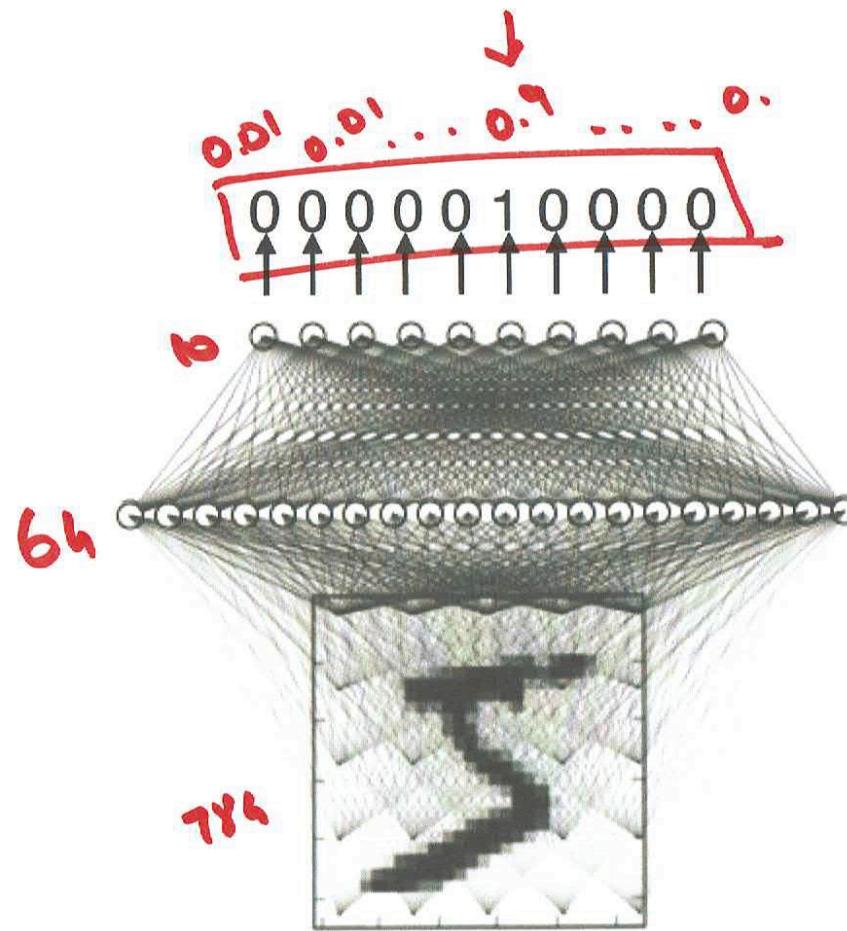
An Example

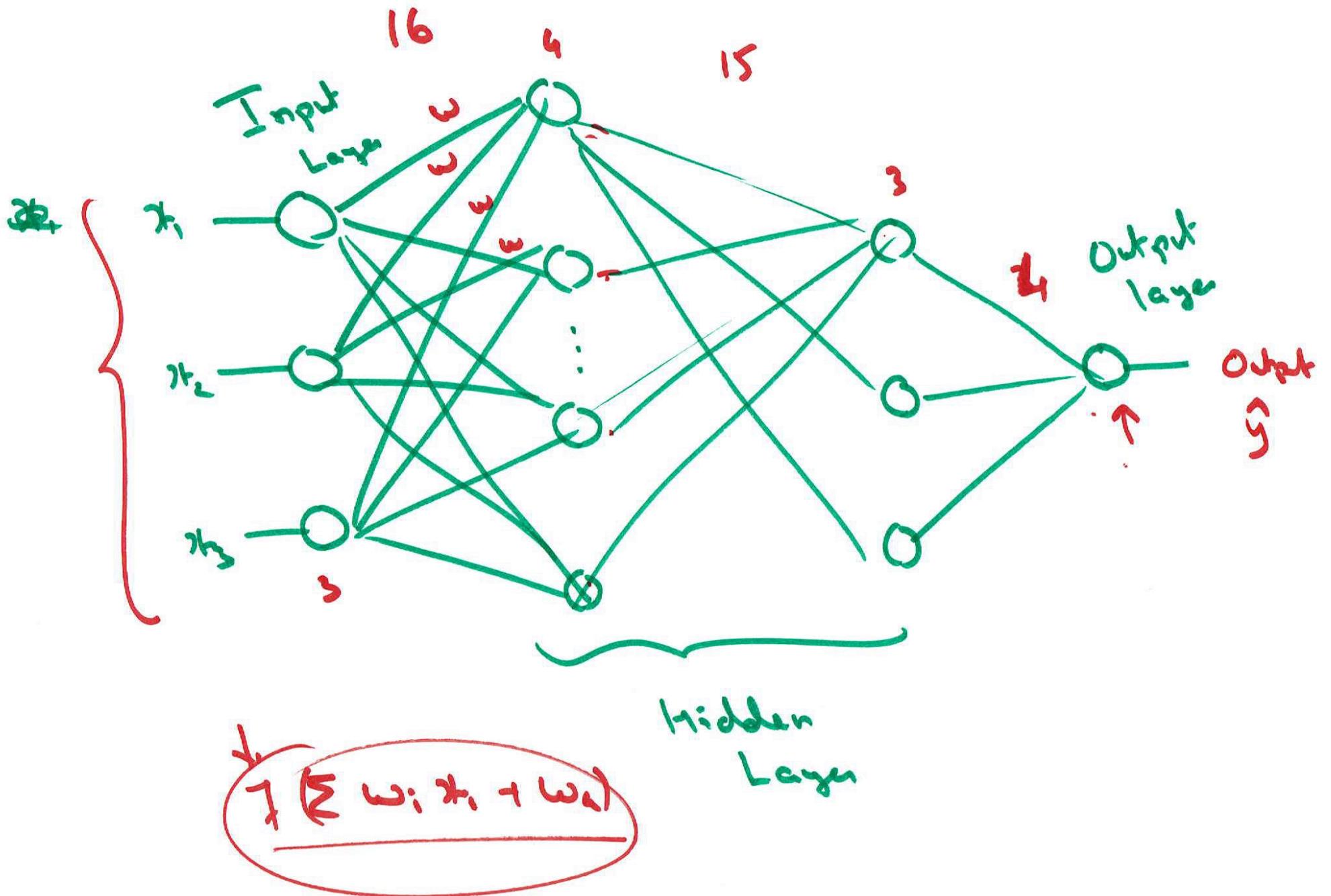
5 0 4 1 9 2 1 3 1 4
= = = = = = = = = =

60000 train

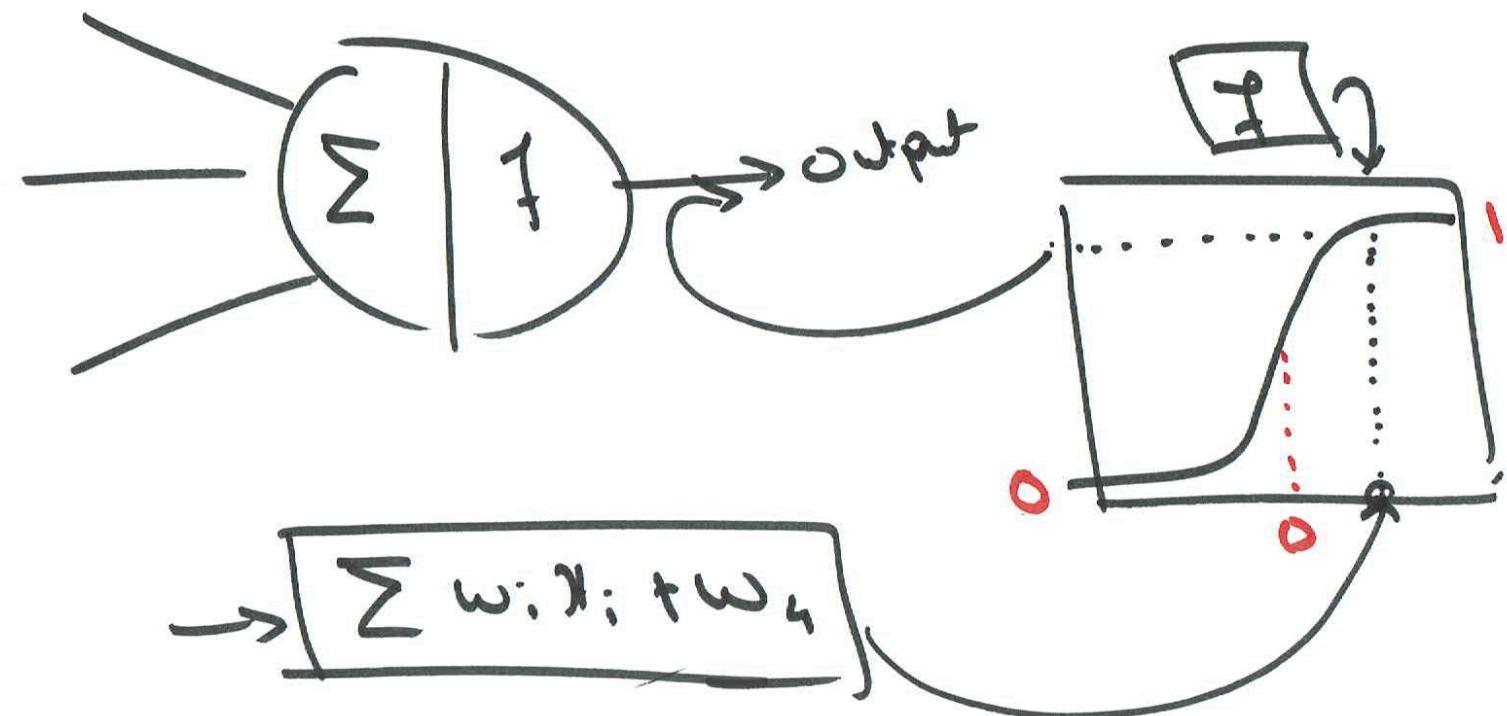


An Example

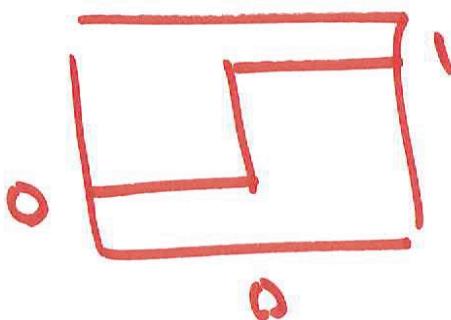




Sigmoid

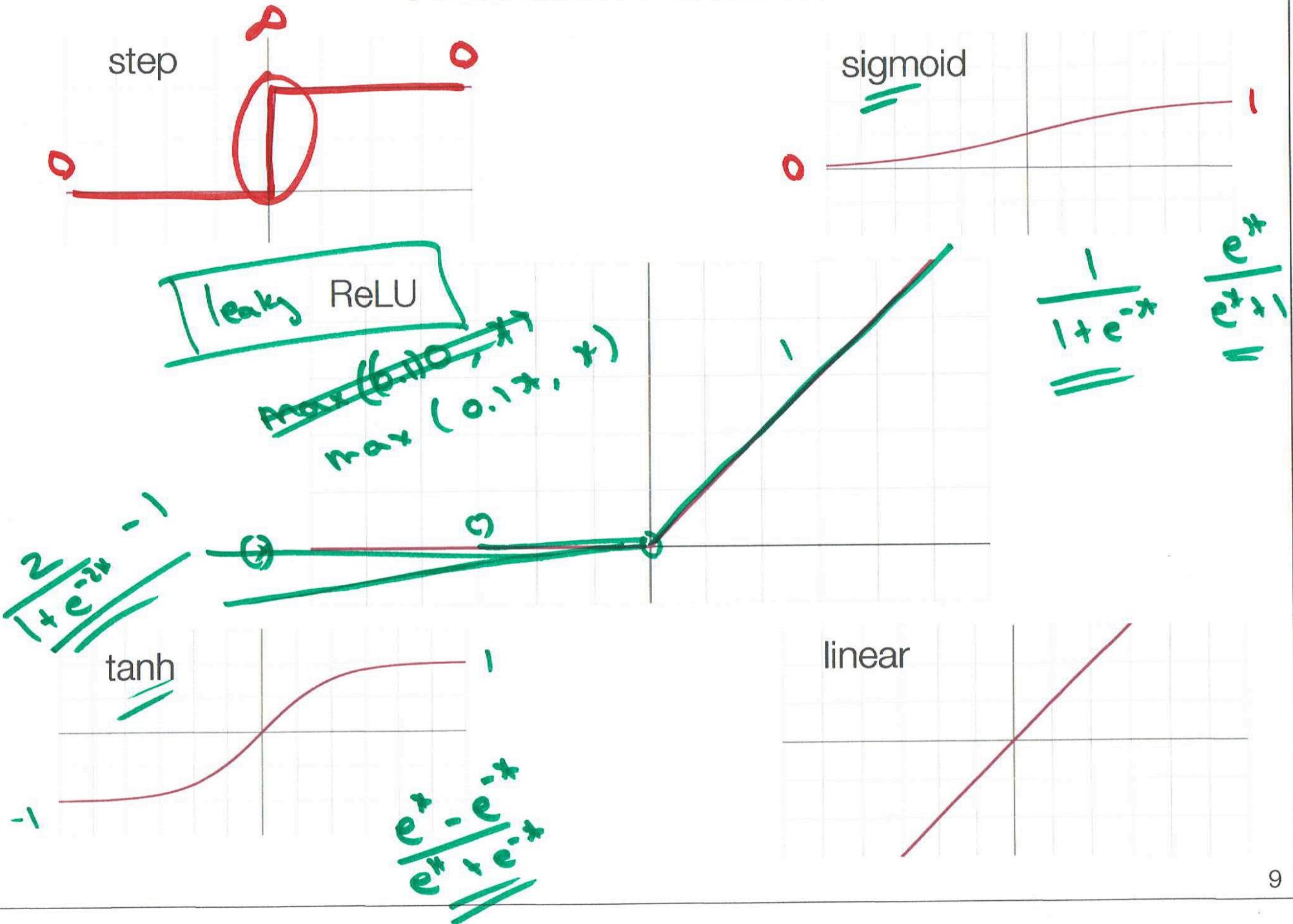


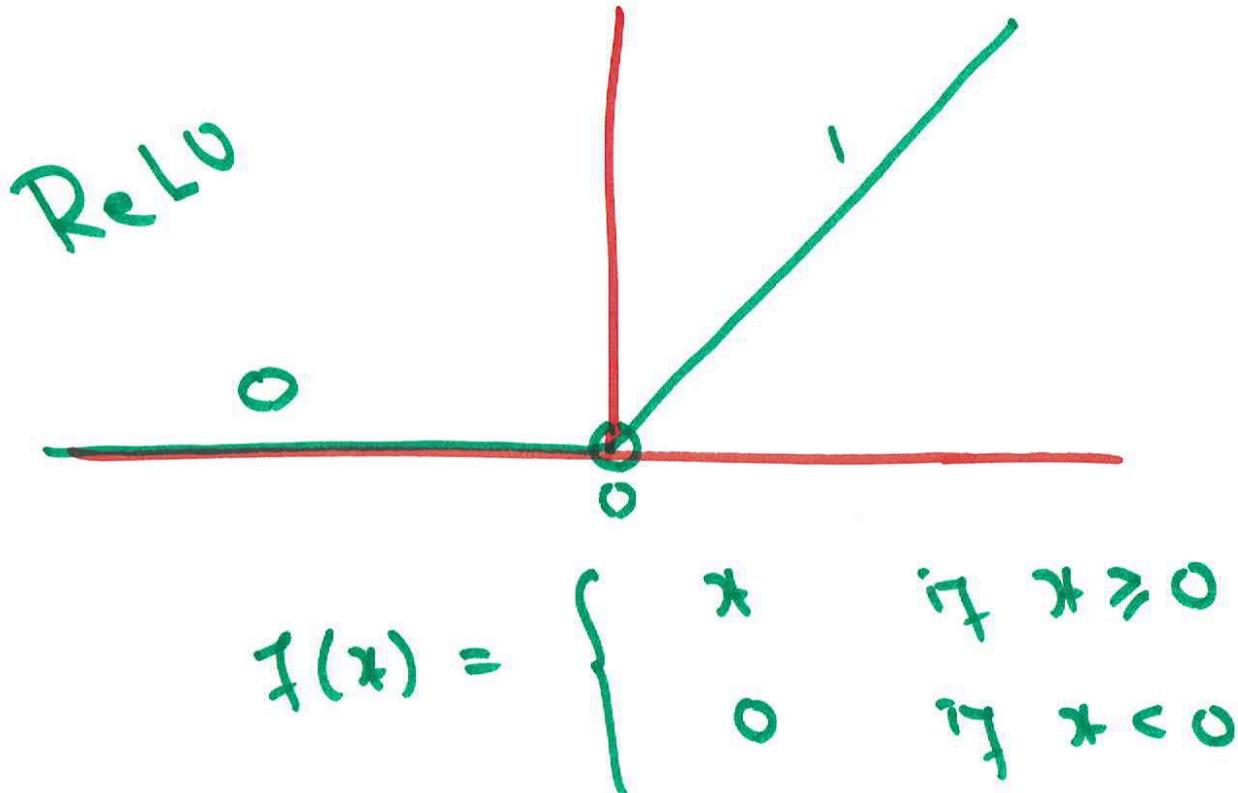
Step



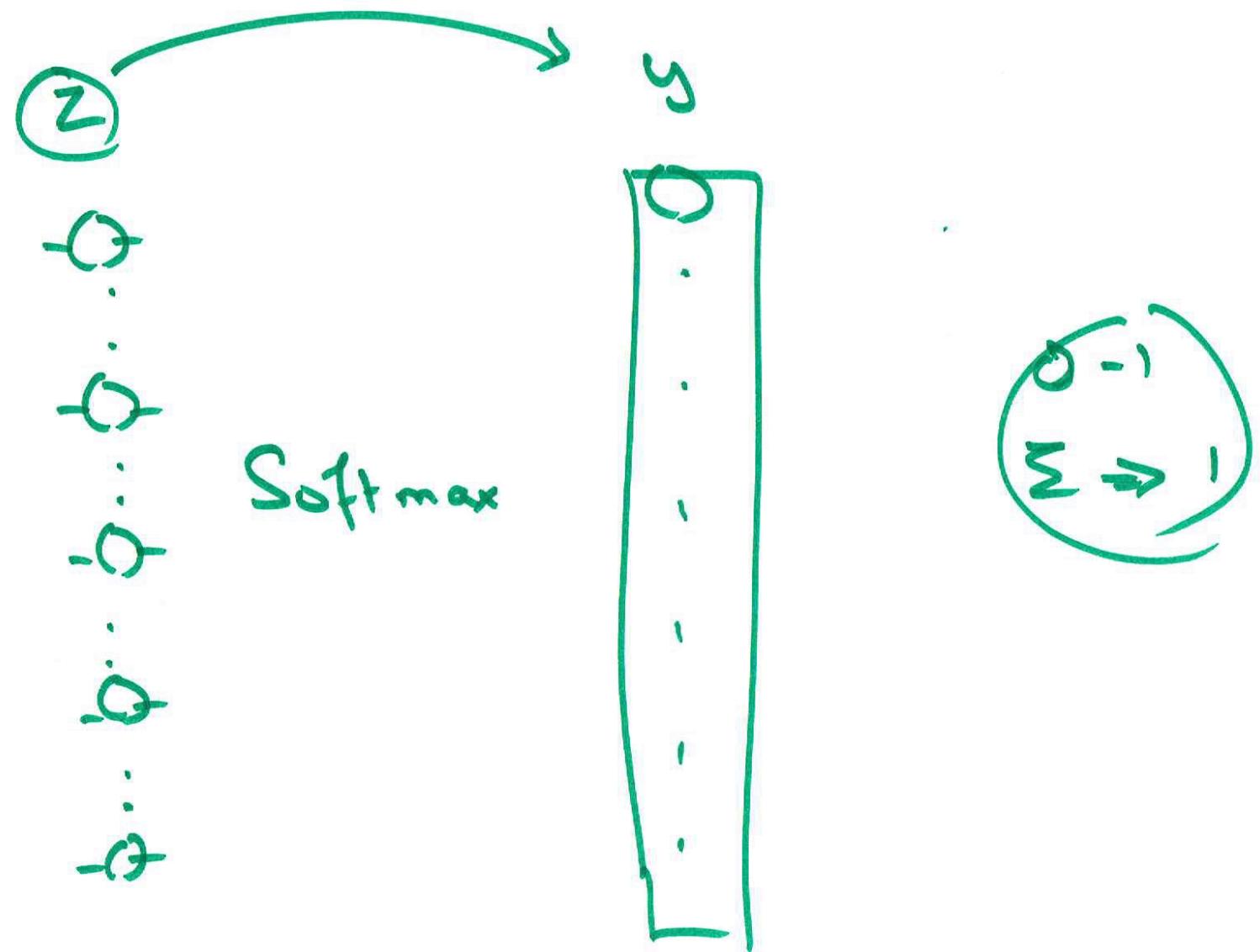
$$\text{Output} = \text{Step}(\sum w_i x_i + w_0)$$

Activation Functions





$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$
$$f(x) = \max(0, x)$$



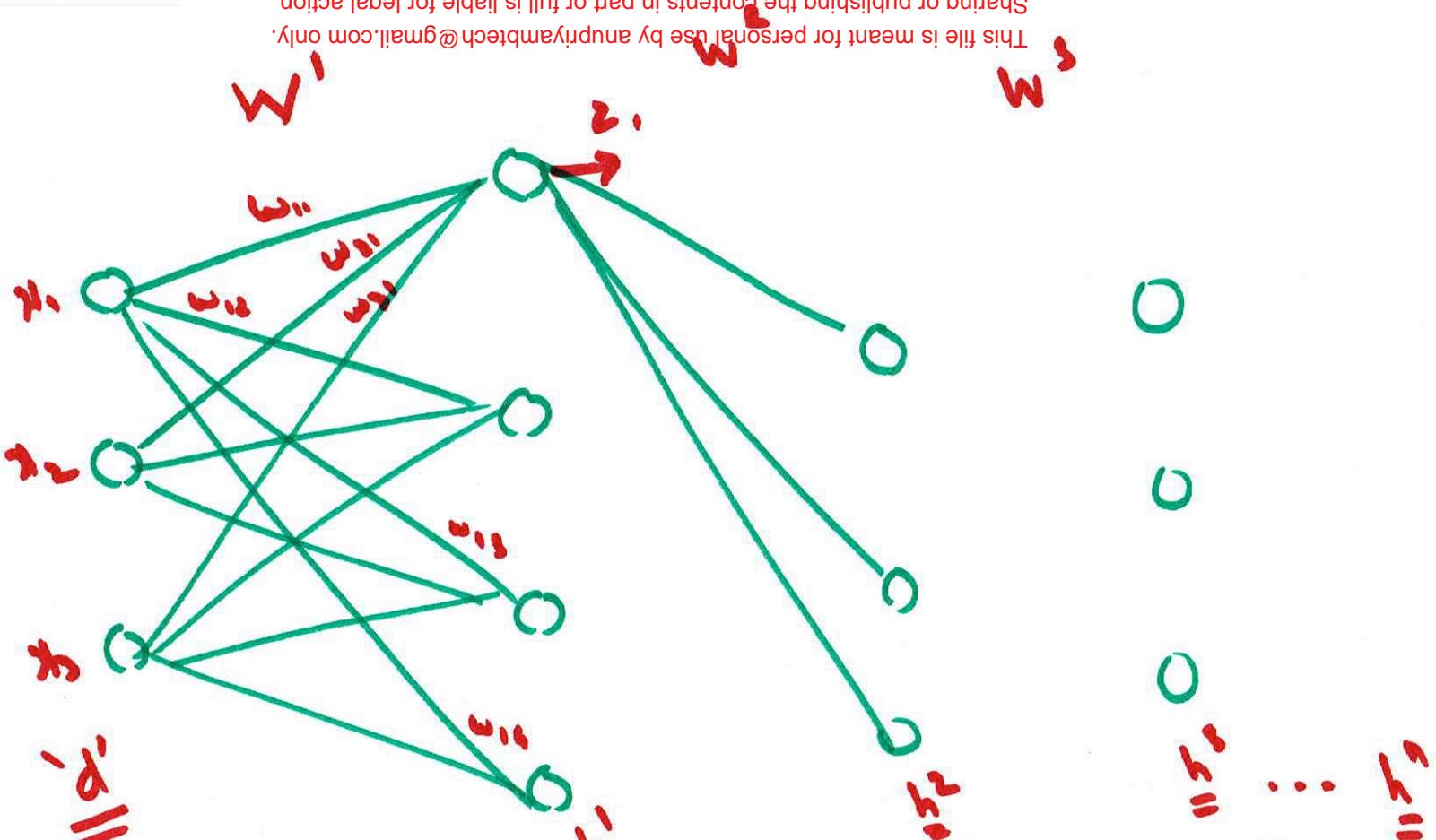
50

2

$$j_i = \frac{e|v_e|}{m}$$

$$\mathbf{w}^{\text{new}} = \mathbf{w}^{\text{old}} - \eta \nabla_{\mathbf{w}} l(\mathbf{w})$$

$$= \mathbf{w}^{\text{old}} - \frac{1}{N} \eta \sum_i \nabla_{\mathbf{w}} l_i(\mathbf{w})$$



$$z_1 = f(w_{11}x_1 + w_{12}x_2 + w_{13}x_3 + b)$$

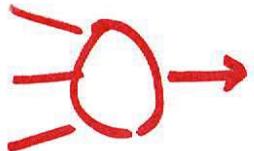
$$\boxed{z_j = f(\sum_i w_{ij}x_i + b)}$$

$$W' = \begin{pmatrix} w_{00} & w_{01} & w_{02} & \dots & w_{0d} \\ w_{10} & w_{11} & w_{12} & & \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \dots & w_{d-1, d} \\ w_{d0} & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & w_{dd} \end{pmatrix}$$

Diagram illustrating the forward pass of a neural network layer:

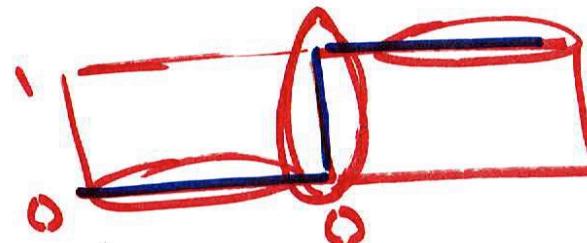
$$\hat{y} = f\left(-f\left(\hat{x}\right)\left(W^1\right)^T\left(W^2\right)^T\left(W^3\right)^T\left(W^4\right)^T\left(x + b^1\right) + b^2\right) + b^3 \dots$$

The input x is multiplied by weight matrix W ($h^2 \times d$) and then added to bias vector b ($d \times 1$). The result is passed through an activation function f to produce the output \hat{y} ($h^2 \times 1$).



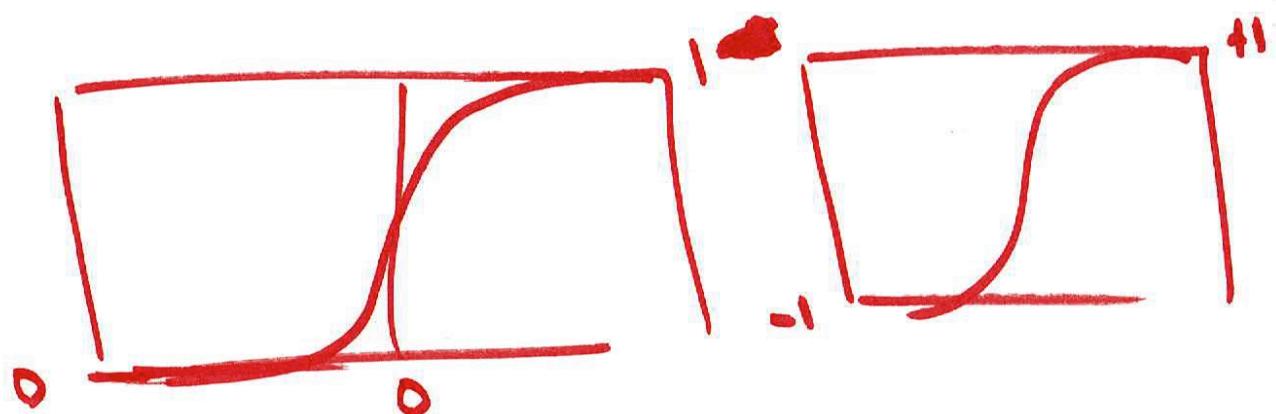
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Step ($\omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 + b$)



Sigmoid

$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$$
$$\therefore \frac{e^x}{e^x + 1}$$

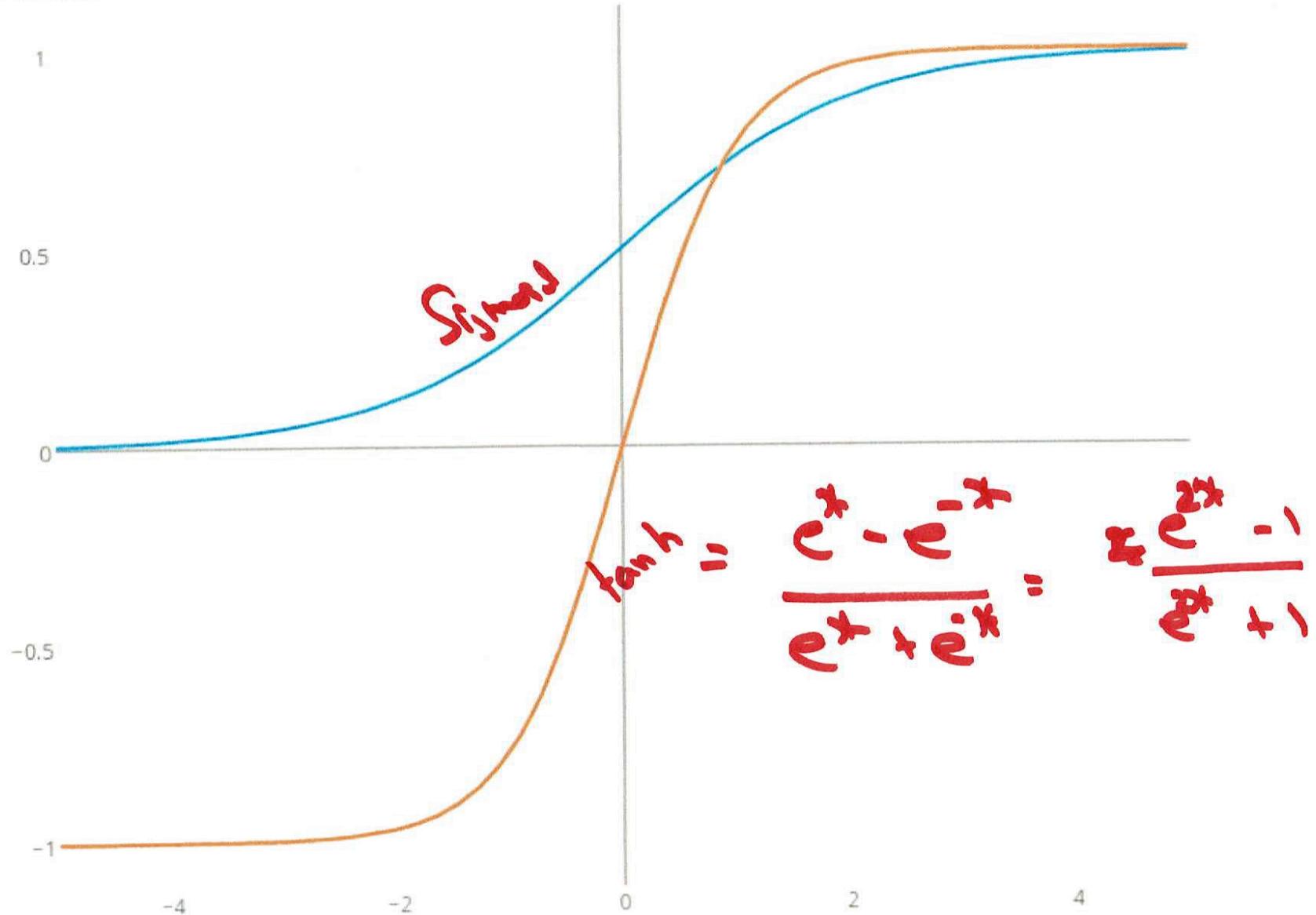


$$2\sigma(x) - 1$$

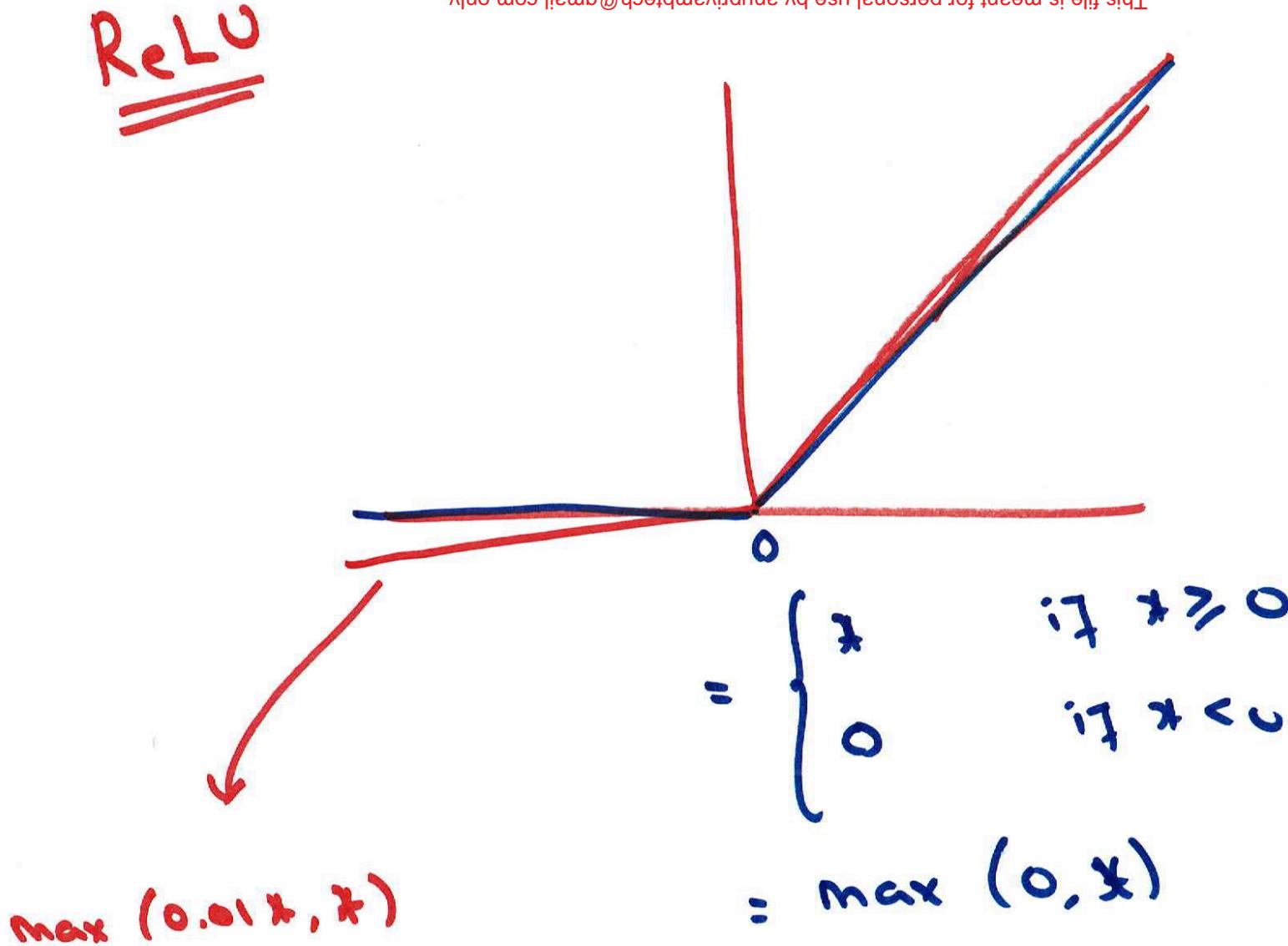
$$\tanh = 2\sigma(2x) - 1$$

- Sigmoid function
- Tanh function

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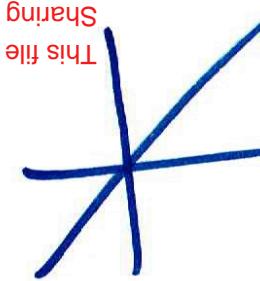


ReLU

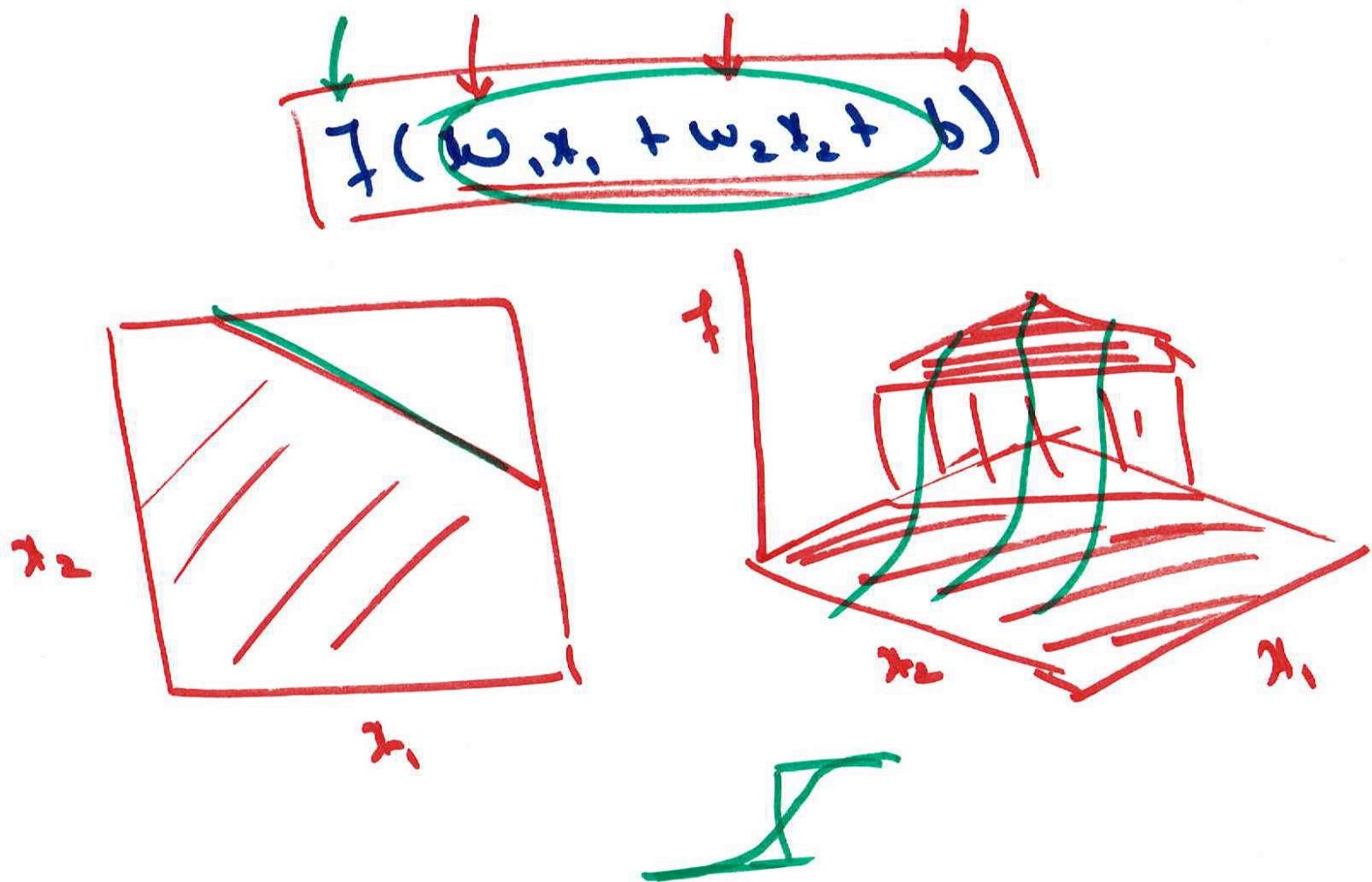


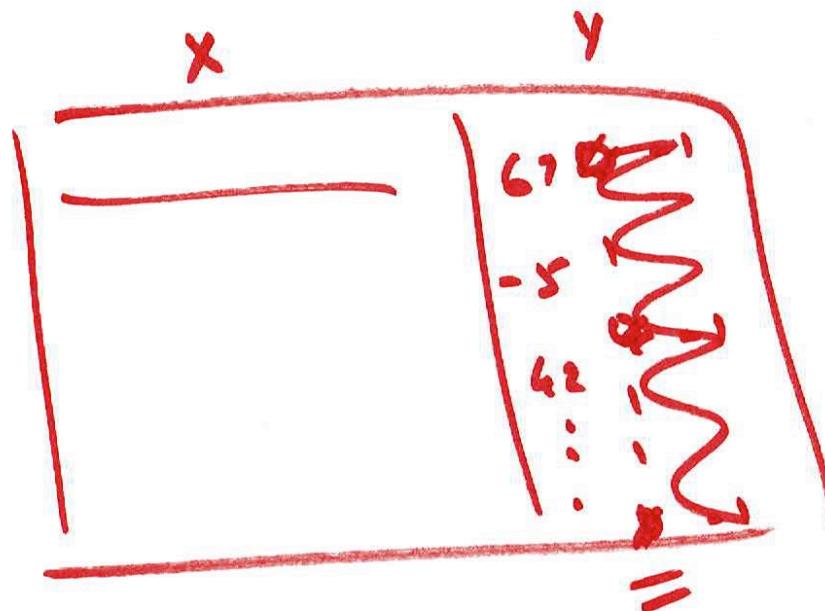
lines

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$$\text{Step } = \mathbb{I}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x \geq 0 \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$





Output nodes

Classification

Sigmoid, tanh
Softmax

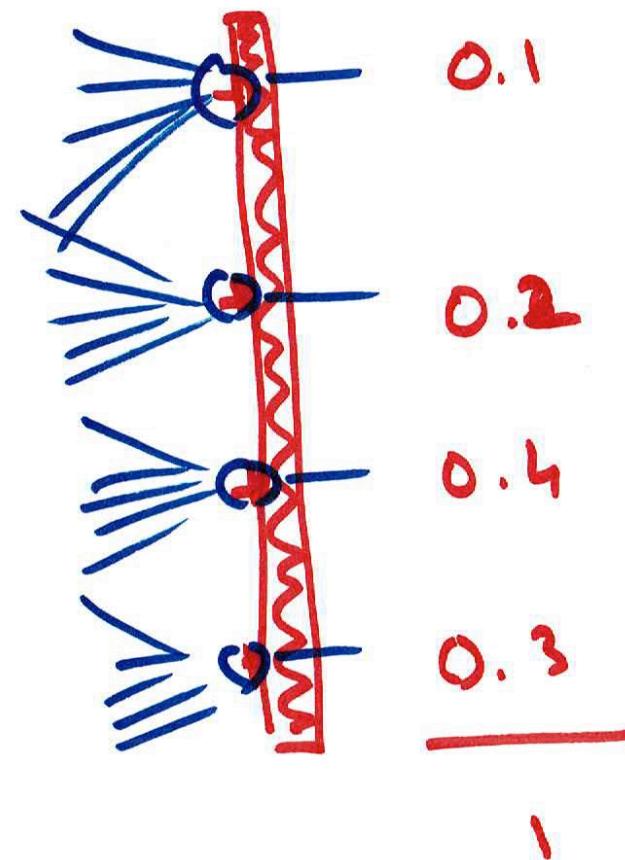
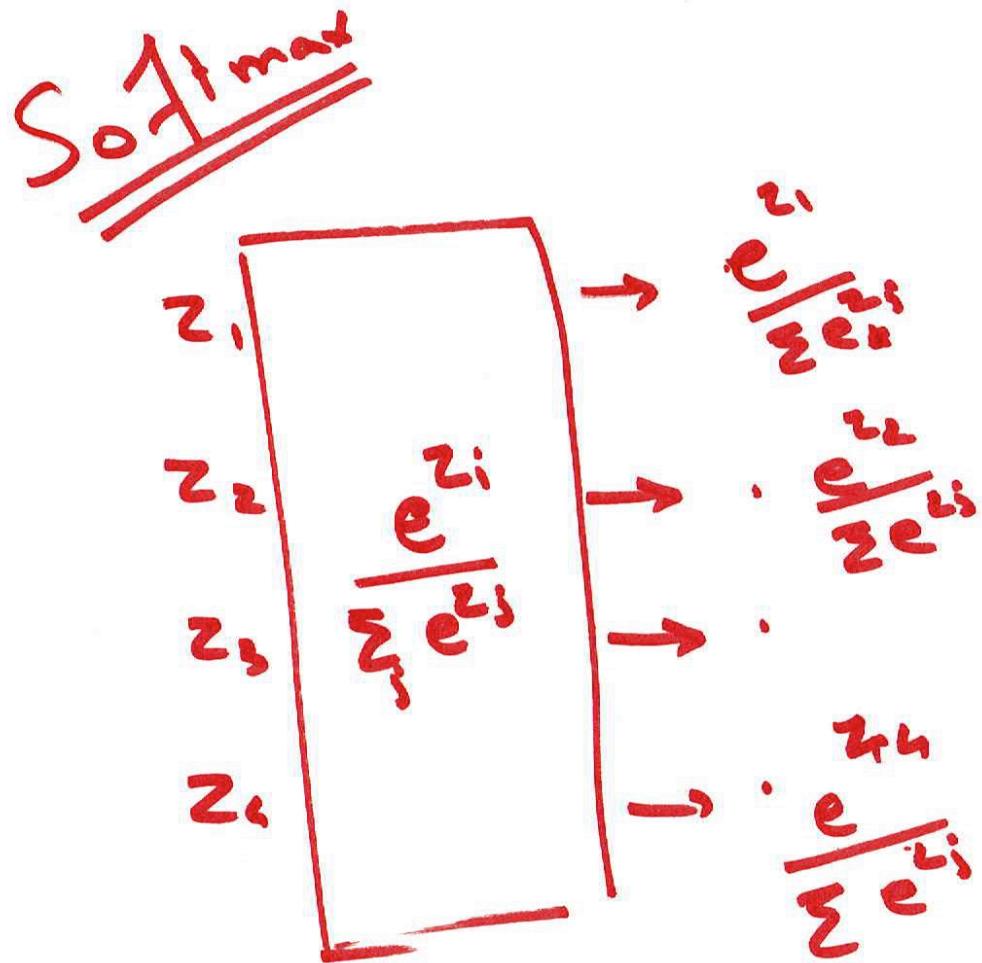
hidden layer

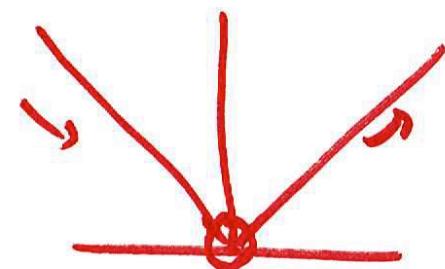
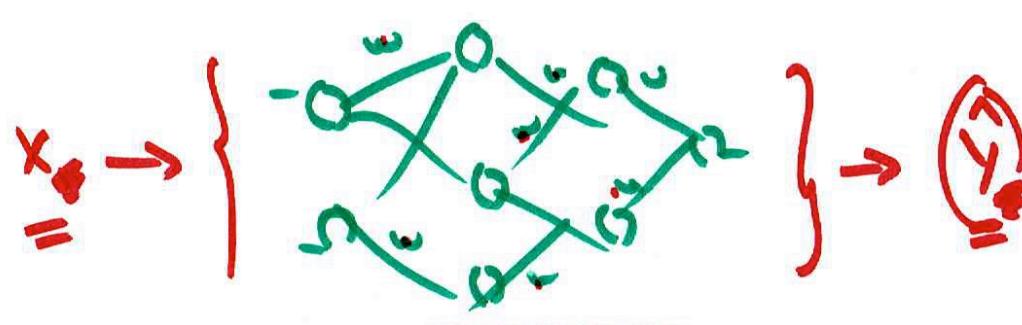
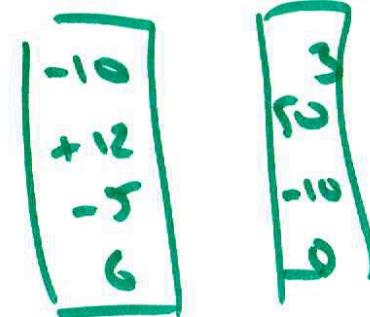
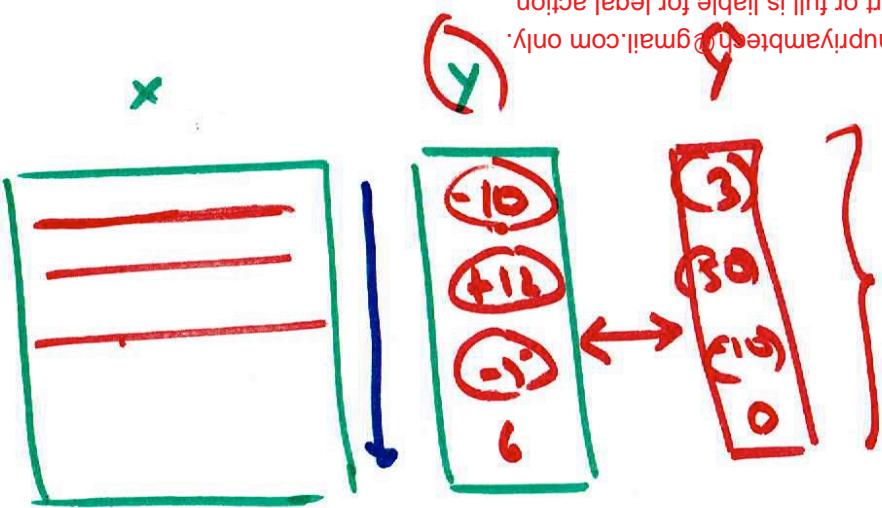
Sigmoid ✓
tanh ✓

ReLU ✓

linear

$$\hat{y} = \hat{a} + \hat{b} (a + b x)$$





Loss Function

$$L(y, \hat{y}) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_i (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

Reg

$$L(y, \hat{y}) = L(w)$$

L_2 loss
MSE
SSE

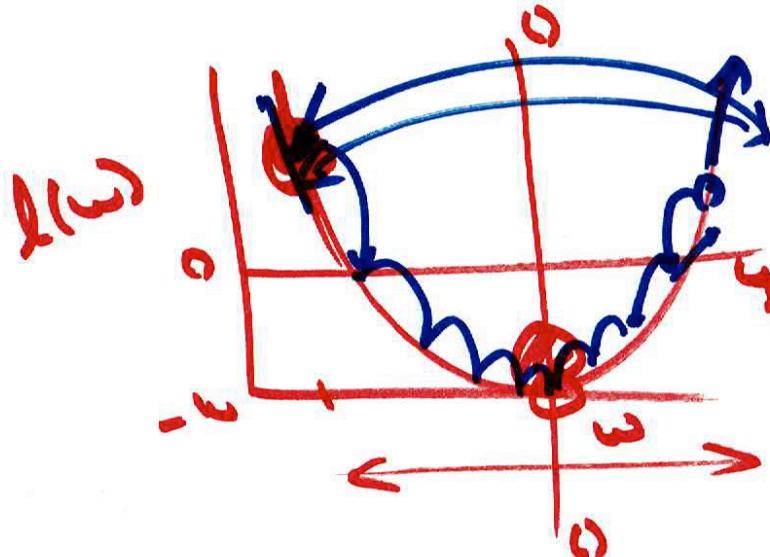
Classification

$$L(\gamma, \delta) = -(\gamma_1 \log(\gamma_1) + (1-\gamma_1) \log(1-\gamma_1))$$

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Cross entropy loss

How $\min_{\underline{w}} \underline{L}(\underline{y}, \underline{\underline{w}})$ by changing w^1, w^2, \dots, w^n



$$y = x^2 - 10 = -10$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

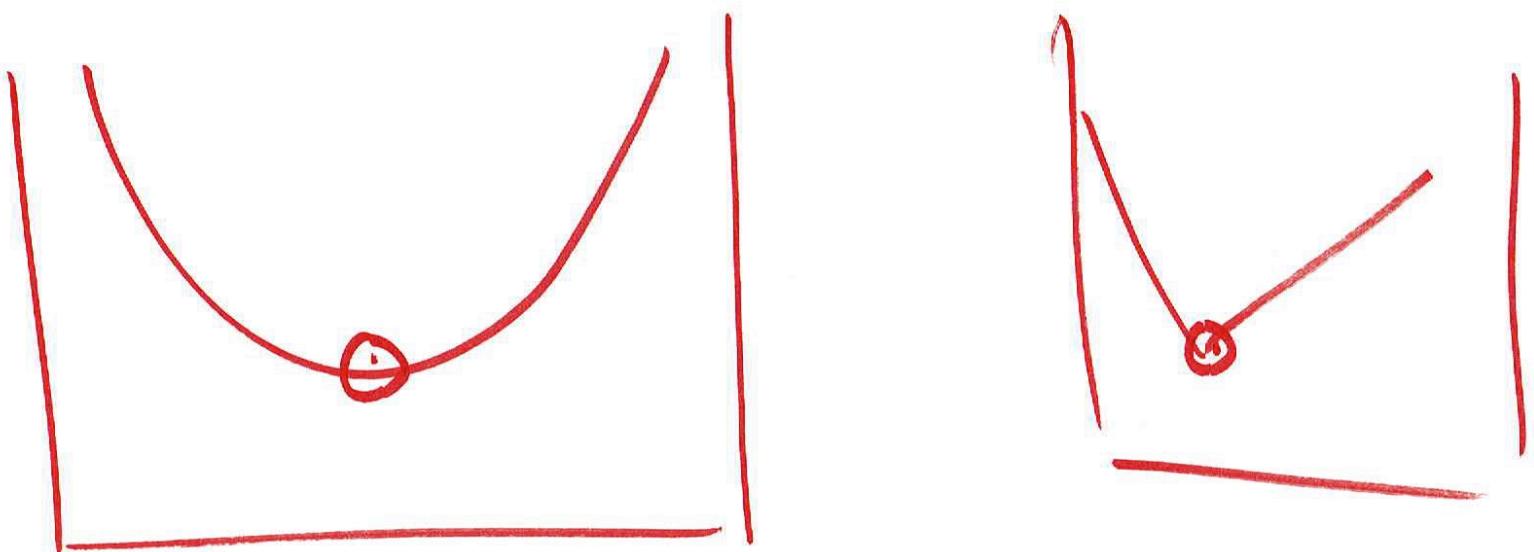
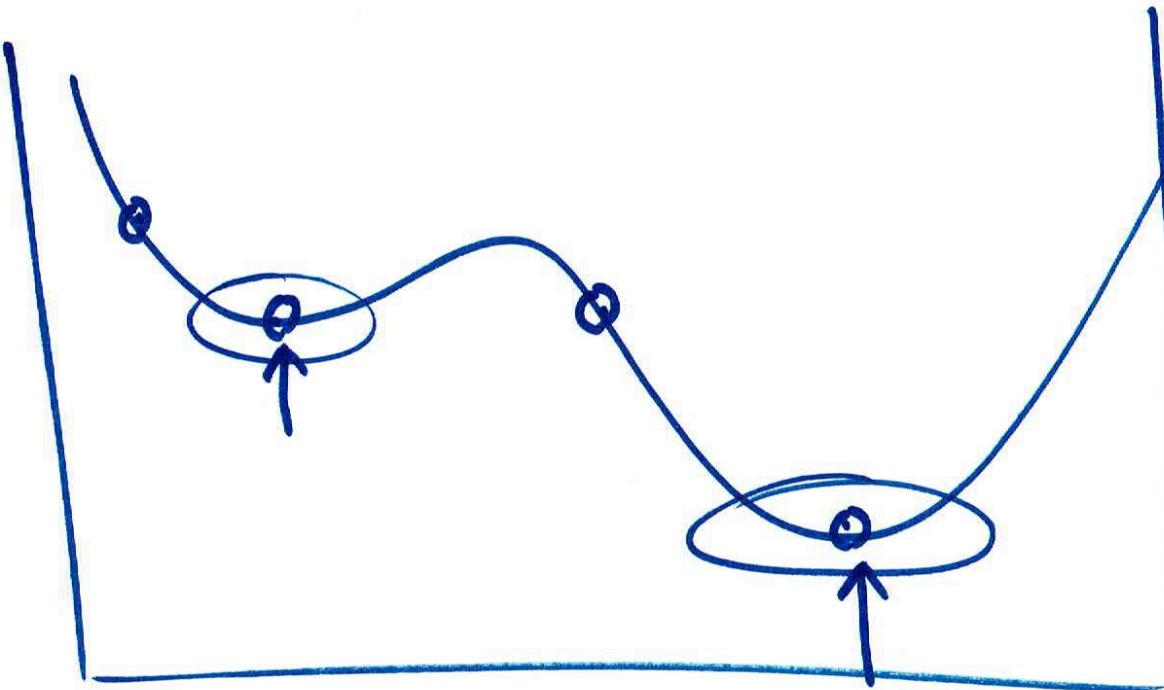
$$\frac{dL}{dw} = \boxed{\text{---}} = 0$$

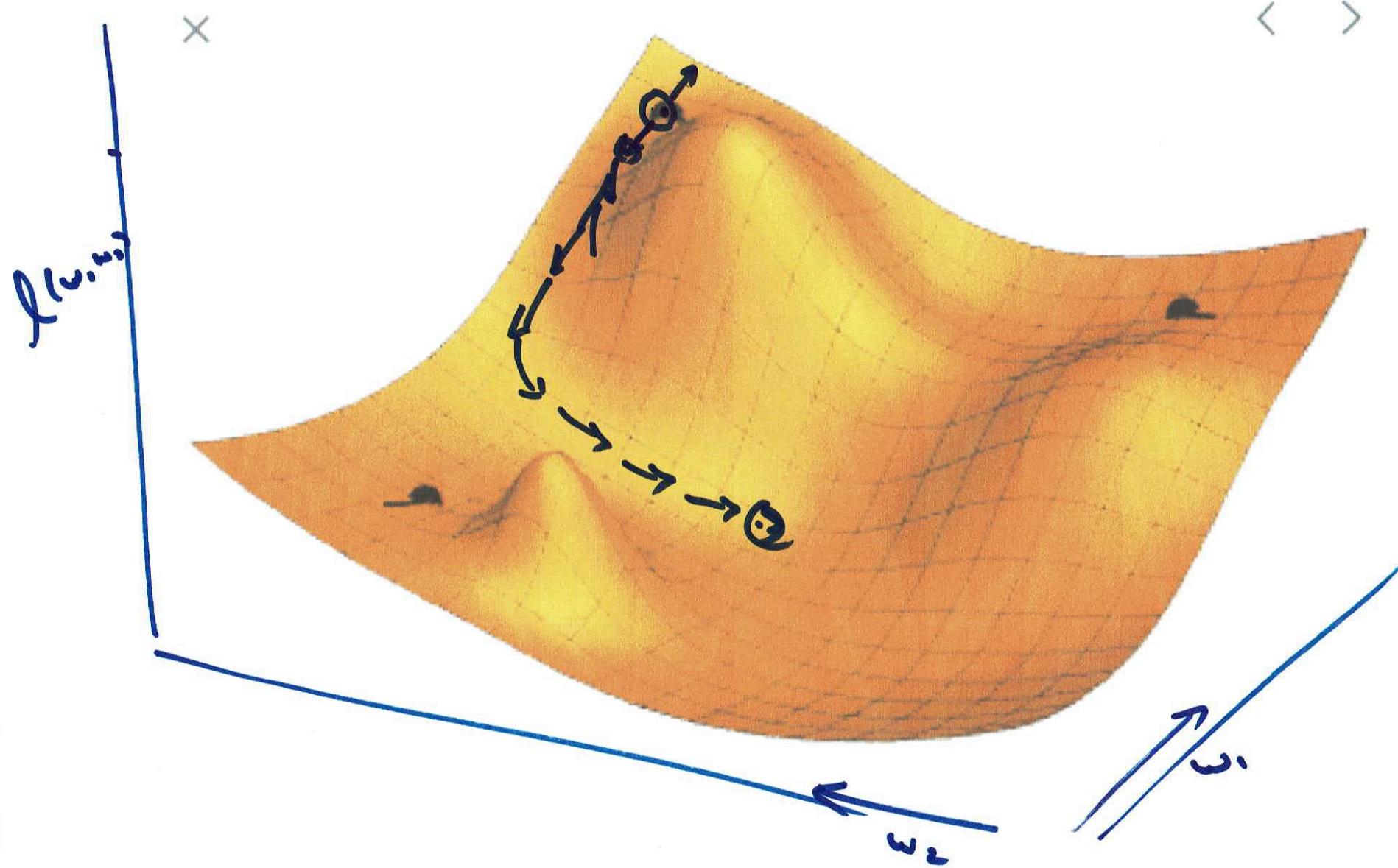
$$\frac{dl}{dw}$$

$$\underline{w}^{\text{new}} = \underline{w} - \eta \nabla_{\underline{w}} l$$

learning rate

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$$\hat{w} = w^{old} - \frac{\eta \nabla_w l(w)}{N}$$

$$= w^{old} - \frac{1}{N} \nabla_w \left(\sum_i \nabla_w l_i(w) \right)$$

(SAD)

$$w^{new} = w^{old} - \eta \nabla_w l_i(w) \leftarrow$$

$$w^{new} = w^{old} - \frac{1}{N} \eta \sum_{\text{over a min batch}} \nabla_w l_i(w)$$

Loss

$$L = \frac{1}{N} \sum \text{Loss} (\text{y}_i = f(\dots, f(w^2 f'(w_1 x + w_0) + b^2)))$$

Chain Rule

$$f(g(h(x)))$$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = \boxed{\frac{df}{dg} \cdot \frac{dg}{dh} \cdot \frac{dh}{dx}}$$

