In [1]: #Practical 1 In [2]: num1=int(input("Enter your 1st number:")) num2=int(input("Enter your 2nd number:")) total=num1+num2 print("Addition of num1 and num2 is ",total) Enter your 1st number:3 Enter your 2nd number:3 Addition of num1 and num2 is 6 In [3]: #Practical 2 In [8]: num=int(input("Enter the number:")) factorial=1 **if** num==0 **or** num==1: print("Factorial of 0 and 1 is 1.") elif num<0:</pre> print("Factorial of negative number is does't exist.") else: for i in range(1, num+1): factorial=factorial*i print("Factorial of", num, "is", factorial) Enter the number:5 Factorial of 5 is 120 In [9]: #Practical 3 In [14]: num=int(input("Enter the number:")) print("Here is the table of", num) **for** i **in** range(1,11): table=num*i print(num, 'x',i, '=', table) Enter the number:2 Here is the table of 2 $2 \times 1 = 2$ $2 \times 2 = 4$ $2 \times 3 = 6$ $2 \times 4 = 8$ $2 \times 5 = 10$ $2 \times 6 = 12$ $2 \times 7 = 14$ $2 \times 8 = 16$ $2 \times 9 = 18$ $2 \times 10 = 20$ In [15]: #Practical 4 In [17]: num=int(input("Enter the number:")) **if** num%2==0: print(num, "is even number.") else: print(num, "is odd number.") Enter the number:5 5 is odd number. In [18]: #Practical 5 In [20]: **import** numpy **as** np arr=np.array([1,2,3,4,5])print(arr) print(arr.ndim) [1 2 3 4 5] 1 In [21]: #Practical 6 In [27]: **import** numpy **as** np arr1=np.array([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8]) print(arr1[2:5]) [3 4 5] In [28]: #Practical 7 In [32]: **from** scipy **import** constants print(constants.pi) print(constants.mega) print(constants.kilo) 3.141592653589793 1000000.0 1000.0 In [33]: #Practical 8 In [34]: from scipy.optimize import root from math import cos def eqn(x): return x+cos(x) my_root=root(eqn,0) print(my_root.x) [-0.73908513] #Practical 9 In [35]: import pandas as pd In [39]: data={"Names":["ABC", "PQR", "XYZ"], "Marks":[75,60,95]} df=pd.DataFrame(data) print(df) Names Marks ABC 75 1 PQR 60 XYZ 95 In [40]: #Practical 10 In [41]: **import** pandas **as** pd data=[23,34,56] df=pd.Series(data) print(df) 0 23 1 34 2 56 dtype: int64 In [42]: #Practical 11 In [44]: from sklearn.datasets import load_iris iris=load_iris() x=iris.data y=iris.target feature_name=iris.feature_names target_name=iris.target_names print("Feature names:", feature_name) print("Target names:", target_name) print("First 5 rows of x:\n",x[:5]) Feature names: ['sepal length (cm)', 'sepal width (cm)', 'petal length (cm)', 'petal width (cm)'] Target names: ['setosa' 'versicolor' 'virginica'] First 5 rows of x: [[5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2] [4.9 3. 1.4 0.2] [4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2] [4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2] [5. 3.6 1.4 0.2]] In [45]: #Practical 12 In [49]: **from** sklearn.datasets **import** load_iris from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier from sklearn import metrics iris=load_iris() x=iris.data y=iris.target from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test=train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.4, random_state=1) classifier_knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3) classifier_knn.fit(x_train,y_train) y_pred=classifier_knn.predict(x_test) print("Accuracy:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)) sample=[[5,5,3,2],[2,3,4,5]] preds=classifier_knn.predict(sample) pred_species=[iris.target_names[i] for i in preds] print("Predictions:", pred_species) Accuracy: 0.9833333333333333 Predictions: ['versicolor', 'virginica'] In [50]: #Practical 13 In [54]: **from** tensorflow.keras.models **import** Sequential from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split import numpy # fix random seed for reproducibility seed = 7numpy.random.seed(seed) # load pima indians dataset dataset = numpy.loadtxt("pima-indians-diabetes.csv", delimiter=",") # split into input (X) and output (Y) variables X = dataset[:,0:8]Y = dataset[:,8]# split into 67% for train and 33% for test X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.33, random_state=seed) # create model model = Sequential() model.add(Dense(12, input_dim=8, activation='relu')) model.add(Dense(8, activation='relu')) model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')) # Compile model model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy']) model.fit(X_train, y_train, validation_data=(X_test,y_test), epochs=150, batch_size=10) In [55]: #Practical 14 In [57]: from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize,word_tokenize text="Hello! This is a nltk program" print(sent_tokenize(text)) print(word_tokenize(text)) ['Hello!', 'This is a nltk program'] ['Hello', '!', 'This', 'is', 'a', 'nltk', 'program'] In [58]: #Practical 15 In [63]: **from** nltk.corpus **import** stopwords from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize stop_words=set(stopwords.words("english")) data=input("Enter your sentence:") words=word_tokenize(data) filter_words=[] for i in words: if i not in stop_words: filter_words.append(i) print(filter_words) Enter your sentence: This a python programmer and data science student. ['This', 'python', 'programmer', 'data', 'science', 'student', '.'] In [64]: #Practical 16 In [66]: from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer lemmatizer=WordNetLemmatizer() lemmatizer.lemmatize('cars') 'car' Out[66]: #Practical 17 In [67]: In [70]: from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer ps=PorterStemmer() words=['game', 'games', 'gaming'] for i in words: print(i,":",ps.stem(i)) game : game games : game gaming : game In [71]: | #Practical 18 In [72]: from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize sentence="This is a Program" print(nltk.pos_tag(word_tokenize(sentence))) [('This', 'DT'), ('is', 'VBZ'), ('a', 'DT'), ('Program', 'NN')] #Practical 19 In [73]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt In [77]: import numpy as np x=np.array([23,65,44,18,35]) y=np.array([77,34,71,34,11]) plt.scatter(x,y) plt.show() 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 30 50 20 60 In [78]: #Practical 20 In [84]: **import** matplotlib.pyplot **as** plt import numpy as np x=np.random.normal(170,10,250) plt.hist(x) plt.show() 50 40 30 20 10 160 170 140 150 180 190 In [85]: #Practical 21 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt In [87]: import numpy as np x=np.array([25,12,34,15,30]) plt.pie(x,labels=['a','b','c','d','e']) plt.show() b C