# **CAPGEMINI CODING QUESTIONS**

### **Question 1: Ball Distribution**

Alice has **N** balls. She wants to distribute these balls among people in such a way that:

- The 1st person gets 1 ball,
- The 2nd person gets 2 balls,
- The 3rd person gets 3 balls, and so on.

Determine the maximum number of people Alice can distribute the balls to, following this pattern.

### Input:

• A single integer, N (the total number of balls Alice has).

### **Output:**

• An integer representing the maximum number of people who can receive the balls.

### **Question 2: Nearest Digits and Fibonacci Sum**

You are given an integer **N**. Perform the following steps:

- 1. Find the two nearest digits to **N**.
- 2. Calculate the product of these two digits.
- 3. Generate the Fibonacci sequence up to the number of terms equal to the product obtained in step 2.
- 4. Find the sum of the Fibonacci sequence generated.

### Input:

• A single integer N.

#### **Output:**

• A single integer representing the sum of the Fibonacci sequence.

### Question 3: Minimum Difference and Fibonacci Sum

#### You are given:

- An array of integers arr,
- A target integer t, and
- An integer **k**.

### Perform the following steps:

- 1. Find the **k** elements in the array that have the smallest absolute difference from the target **t**.
- 2. Calculate the product of these k elements.
- 3. Generate the Fibonacci sequence up to the value of the product obtained in step 2.
- 4. Calculate the sum of the Fibonacci sequence.

### Input:

- arr: List of integers representing the array.
- t: An integer representing the target.
- **k**: An integer representing how many elements to consider.

### **Output:**

• A single integer representing the sum of the Fibonacci sequence.

### **Question 4: Points and Sections Scoring**

### You are given:

- A range of numbers [I, r], and
- A list of sections, where each section is defined as [start, end].

For each point in the range [I, r], calculate its score, where the score of a point is the number of sections it falls within.

#### Input:

- I: The starting number of the range (integer).
- r: The ending number of the range (integer).
- **sections**: A list of pairs, where each pair represents the start and end of a section.

### **Output:**

• A list of scores for all points in the range [I, r].

### **Question 5: Nearest Number and Fibonacci Sum**

#### You are given:

- An array of integers arr,
- A target integer target, and
- A key integer **key**.

#### Perform the following steps:

- 1. Find the number in the array nearest to the target.
- 2. Generate the Fibonacci sequence up to the value of the key.
- 3. Calculate the sum of the Fibonacci sequence.

#### Input:

- arr: A list of integers.
- target: An integer representing the target value.
- **key**: An integer representing the range of Fibonacci numbers to generate.

### **Output:**

• A single integer representing the sum of the Fibonacci sequence.

## **Question 6: Buildings and Sunset View**

You are given **n** buildings, each with a specific height. The buildings are arranged in a straight line from left to right. A building can "watch the sunset" if it is taller than all the buildings to its left.

Write a program to calculate how many buildings can watch the sunset.

### Input:

- **n**: An integer representing the number of buildings.
- **heights**: A list of integers of size **n**, where each integer represents the height of a building.

### **Output:**

An integer representing the number of buildings that can watch the sunset.

### **Question 7: Range and Point Scoring**

You are given:

- A range of numbers [I, r].
- A list of points.

For each point, calculate its score, where the score of a point is the total number of numbers from the range [I, r] it lies within.

### Input:

- I: Start of the range (integer).
- **r**: End of the range (integer).
- **points**: A list of integers representing the points.

### **Output:**

• A list of integers representing the scores of each point.

### **Question 8: Maximum Number of Overlapping Ranges**

You are given:

- 1. An integer **n** representing the number of ranges.
- 2. Two integers **x** and **y**, representing a start and end point.
- 3. **n** ranges, where each range is represented as **[a, b]**.

Your task is to find the maximum number of overlapping ranges for every integer in the interval **[x, y]**. Additionally, calculate the sum of the maximum overlap counts for all integers in **[x, y]**.

### Input:

- First line: An integer **n**, the number of ranges.
- Second line: Two integers **x** and **y**, the start and end of the interval to evaluate.
- Next **n** lines: Two integers **a** and **b** for each range, representing the start and end points of the ranges.

### **Output:**

An integer representing the sum of maximum overlaps for all integers in [x, y].