

**J.N.T.U.H UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING SCIENCE AND
TECHNOLOGY HYDERABAD, KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500085**



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that **KOLLURU ANUDEEPIKA** of CSE(Regular) IV year, I Semester bearing with Hall-Ticket number **22011A0538** has fulfilled her **COMPILER DESIGN LAB** record for the academic year 2025-2026.

Signature of the HOD

Signature of the Staff

Internal Examiner

External Examiner

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1. Implementation of symbol table.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

#define MAX 50

struct Symbol{
    char name[30];
    char type[10];
} table[MAX];

int count = 0;

/* Insert a new symbol */
void insert(char name[], char type[]) {
    strcpy(table[count].name, name);
    strcpy(table[count].type, type);
    count++;
}

/* Search for a symbol */
int search(char name[]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
        if (strcmp(table[i].name, name) == 0)
            return i;
    }
    return -1;
}

/* Display table */
void display() {
    printf("\nSymbol Table:\n");
}
```

```

        for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
            printf("%s\t%s\n", table[i].name, table[i].type);
    }

int main() {
    int choice;
    char name[30], type[10];

    while (1) {
        printf("\n1.Insert 2.Search 3.Display 4.Exit\n");
        printf("Enter choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);

        if (choice == 1) {
            printf("Enter name and type: ");
            scanf("%s %s", name, type);
            insert(name, type);
        }
        else if (choice == 2) {
            printf("Enter name to search: ");
            scanf("%s", name);
            int pos = search(name);
            if (pos == -1)
                printf("Not found\n");
            else
                printf("Found at position %d\n");
        }
        else if (choice == 3) {
            display();
        }
        else
            break;
    }
    return 0;
}

```

```
1.Insert 2.Search 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter choice: 1
Enter name and type: one int

1.Insert 2.Search 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter choice: 2
Enter name to search: one
Found at position 0

1.Insert 2.Search 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter choice: 4
```

2. Write a C program to design a lexical analyzer that recognizes identifiers and keywords of flow control statements of C language

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>

int main() {
    int i, flag = 0;
    char str[50];

    printf("Enter string: ");
    scanf("%s", str);

    // Check for control-flow keywords
    if( strcmp(str,"if")==0 || strcmp(str,"else")==0 || strcmp(str,"do")==0 ||
       strcmp(str,"for")==0 || strcmp(str,"break")==0 || strcmp(str,"while")==0 ||
       strcmp(str,"switch")==0 || strcmp(str,"case")==0 || strcmp(str,"default")==0 )
    {
        printf("Keyword of control flow statements\n");
        return 0;
    }
    // Check for identifier
    if (isalpha(str[0]) || str[0] == '_') {
        flag = 0;
        for (i = 1; i < strlen(str); i++) {
            if (!(isalnum(str[i]) || str[i] == '_')) {
                flag = 1; // invalid character found
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        break;
    }
}

if (flag == 0)
    printf("Identifier\n");
else
    printf("Not a keyword or identifier\n");
}
else {
    printf("Not a keyword or identifier\n");
}

return 0;
}

```

Output 1:

enter string
abcd
identifier

3) Write a C program to design a lexical analyzer that recognizes identifiers,constants,comments,operatorsetc

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>

void printToken(char *type, char *value){
printf("%s : %s\n", type, value);
}

int main(){
    int c;
    char buf[100];
    int i;

    while((c = getchar()) != EOF){
        if(isspace(c))
            continue;

```

```

if(isalpha(c)){
    i = 0;
    buf[i++] = c;
    while(isalnum(c = getchar()))
        buf[i++] = c;
    buf[i] = '\0';
    ungetc(c, stdin);

    printToken("IDENTIFIER", buf);
    continue;
}
if(isdigit(c)){
    i = 0;
    buf[i++] = c;
    while(isdigit(c = getchar()))
        buf[i++] = c;
    buf[i] = '\0';
    ungetc(c, stdin);

    printToken("CONSTANT", buf);
    continue;
}
if(c == '/'){
    int d = getchar();

    /* Single-line comment // */
    if(d == '/'){
        while((c = getchar()) != '\n' && c != EOF);
        printToken("COMMENT", "single-line");
    }
    else if(d == '*'){
        int prev = 0;
        while((c = getchar()) != EOF){
            if(prev == '*' && c == '/') break;
            prev = c;
        }
        printToken("COMMENT", "multi-line");
    }
    else {
        ungetc(d, stdin);
        printf("OPERATOR : /\n");
    }
    continue;
}
int d = getchar();

```

```

        if(c=='+' || c=='-' || c=='*' || c=='=' || c=='<' || c=='>'){
            printf("OPERATOR : %c\n", c);
            continue;
        }
    else{
        ungetc(d, stdin);
    }
    printf("SYMBOL : %c\n", c);
}

return 0;
}

```

```

int x=10; int y=x+5;
IDENTIFIER : int
IDENTIFIER : x
OPERATOR : =
CONSTANT : 0
SYMBOL : ;
IDENTIFIER : int
IDENTIFIER : y
OPERATOR : =
OPERATOR : +
SYMBOL : ;

```

4. Implement type checking

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

struct Symbol {
    char name[20];
    char type[10];
} table[] = {
    {"a", "int"},
    {"b", "int"},
    {"c", "float"},
    {"d", "float"}
};

char* getType(char var[]) {

```

```

        for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
            if (strcmp(table[i].name, var) == 0)
                return table[i].type;
            return "unknown";
    }

int main() {
    char op1[20], op2[20];

    printf("Enter two operands: ");
    scanf("%s %s", op1, op2);

    char *t1 = getType(op1);
    char *t2 = getType(op2);

    if (strcmp(t1, t2) == 0)
        printf("Type Check Passed: Both are %s\n", t1);
    else
        printf("Type Error: %s is %s, but %s is %s\n", op1, t1, op2, t2);

    return 0;
}

```

```

Enter two operands: c d
Type Check Passed: Both are float

```

5. Implement any one storage allocation strategies (heap, stack, static)

Static

```

#include <stdio.h>

void incrementCounter() {
    static int counter = 0;
    counter++;
    printf("Static counter value = %d (addr: %p)\n", counter, (void *)&counter);
}

int main(void) {

    printf("Calling incrementCounter() first time...\n");
    incrementCounter();

    printf("\nCalling incrementCounter() second time...\n");
}

```

```

incrementCounter();

printf("\nCallingincrementCounter() third time...\n");
incrementCounter();

printf("\nProgram finished.\n");

return 0;
}

```

```

Calling incrementCounter() first time...
Static counter value = 1 (addr: 0x404024)

Calling incrementCounter() second time...
Static counter value = 2 (addr: 0x404024)

Calling incrementCounter() third time...
Static counter value = 3 (addr: 0x404024)

Program finished.

```

Stack

```

#include <stdio.h>
voidprintValue() {
    int x = 10; // STACK STORAGE (automatic variable)
                // lives only inside this function
    printf("Value of x = %d (addr: %p)\n", x, (void *)&x);
}

int main(void) {

    printf("Calling printValue() first time...\n");
    printValue();

    printf("\nCallingprintValue() second time...\n");
    printValue();

    printf("\nCallingprintValue() third time...\n");
    printValue();

    printf("\nProgram finished.\n");

    return 0;
}

```

```
Calling printValue() first time...
Value of x = 10 (addr: 0x7fff6c6e262c)

Calling printValue() second time...
Value of x = 10 (addr: 0x7fff6c6e262c)

Calling printValue() third time...
Value of x = 10 (addr: 0x7fff6c6e262c)

Program finished.
```

Heap

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(void) {
    int initial_size = 3;
    int new_size = 5;

    printf("Requesting %d integers on the heap...\n", initial_size);

    int *arr = (int *)malloc(initial_size * sizeof(int));
    if (arr == NULL) {
        perror("malloc failed");
        return 1;
    }

    // Fill with values and print addresses
    for (int i = 0; i < initial_size; ++i) {
        arr[i] = (i + 1) * 10;
        printf("arr[%d] = %d (addr: %p)\n", i, arr[i], (void *)&arr[i]);
    }

    printf("\nNow expanding the array to %d integers using realloc...\n", new_size);

    int *tmp = (int *)realloc(arr, new_size * sizeof(int));
    if (tmp == NULL) {
        // realloc failed: original block (arr) is still valid, must free it
        perror("realloc failed");
        free(arr);
        return 1;
    }
    arr = tmp; // use the (possibly moved) block

    // Initialize new elements
    for (int i = initial_size; i < new_size; ++i) {
```

```

arr[i] = (i + 1) * 10;
}

// Print all elements and addresses again
for (inti = 0; i<new_size; ++i) {
printf("arr[%d] = %d (addr: %p)\n", i, arr[i], (void *)&arr[i]);
}

// Done: free heap memory
free(arr);
printf("\nMemory freed. Program finished.\n");
return 0;
}

Requesting 3 integers on the heap...
arr[0] = 10 (addr: 0x1c1986b0)
arr[1] = 20 (addr: 0x1c1986b4)
arr[2] = 30 (addr: 0x1c1986b8)

Now expanding the array to 5 integers using realloc...
arr[0] = 10 (addr: 0x1c1986b0)
arr[1] = 20 (addr: 0x1c1986b4)
arr[2] = 30 (addr: 0x1c1986b8)
arr[3] = 40 (addr: 0x1c1986bc)
arr[4] = 50 (addr: 0x1c1986c0)

Memory freed. Program finished.

```

6. Write a Lex specification to recognize +ve integers, reals and -ve integers, reals.

```

%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}
%%
\+?[0-9]+      { printf("positive integers\n"); }
-[0-9]+        { printf("negative integers\n"); }
-[0-9]+\.[0-9]+ { printf("negative real numbers\n" ); }
\+?[0-9]+\.[0-9]+ { printf("positive real numbers\n"); }
%%
int main()
{
yylex();
return 0;
}

```

Compilation: lexnoformat.l

cc lex.yy.c -ll

./a.out

```

positive integer
+24.12
positive real number
-24
negative integer
-24.12
negative real number

```

7. Write a Lex specification for converting real numbers to integers.

```

%{
int i, j;
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
%}
%%
[0-9]*\.[0-9]+ {
    for (i = 0; i<yystrlen; i++)
    {
        if (yytext[i] == '.')
        {
            for (j = 0; j <= i - 1; j++)
                printf("%c", yytext[j]);
            break;
        }
    }
}
%%%
int main(void)
{
    yylex();
    return 0;
}

```

Compilation: lexrealtoint.l

```

cc lex.yy.c -ll
./a.out
24.12
24

```

8. Write a Lex specification to print the number of days in a month using a procedure

```
%{
```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int year;
void leap(void); /* prototype */
%}

%%

jan|mar|may|july|aug|oct|dec{ printf("31 days"); }
april|june|sep|nov{ printf("30 days"); }
feb          { leap(); }
[a-zA-Z]*      { printf("invalid"); }

%%

main()
{
yylex();
}

void leap(void)
{
printf("enter year");
scanf("%d", &year);
if (year % 4 == 0)
printf("29 days");
else
printf("28 days");
}

```

Compilation: lexdaysinamonth.l

```

cc lex.yy.c -ll
./a.out
jan
31 days
june
30 days
feb
enter year
1984
29 days

```

9. Write a Lex specification to retrieve comments.

```
%{  
#include <stdio.h>  
%}  
  
%%  
  
"/\/*.*      { printf("%s\n", yytext + 2); }  
  
"/\/*([^\*]\*+[^\*/])*\*/* {  
    int i;  
    for(i = 2; yytext[i] && !(yytext[i]=='*' && yytext[i+1]=='/'); i++)  
        putchar(yytext[i]);  
    printf("\n");  
}  
  
.|\n      ; /* ignore everything else */  
  
%%  
  
int main() { yylex(); }  
Compilation: lexcomments.l  
cc lex.y.c -ll  
./a.out  
Hello //world  
world  
hai /*friend*/  
friend
```

10. Write a Lex specification to design a lexical analyzer that recognizes identifiers and keywords of flow control statements of C language

```
%{  
#include<stdio.h>  
%}  
  
%%  
If|else|while|do|switch|case|break|for|default{printf("Keyword");}  
IF|ELSE|WHILE|DO|SWITCH|CASE|BREAK|FOR|DEFAULT     {printf("Keyword");}  
[A-Z a-z]+[a-z A-Z 0-9 _]*   {printf("identifier");}  
%%  
int main()  
{
```

```
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

Compilation: lexlexanalysis.l

```
cc lex.yy.c -ll
./a.out
If
Keyword
FOR
Keyword
Abc123_def
identifier
```

11. Implementation of lexical analyzer using lex tool.

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}

%%

[0-9]+          { printf("NUMBER\t%s\n", yytext); }
[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]*  { printf("IDENTIFIER\t%s\n", yytext); }
[+/*/=]        { printf("OPERATOR\t%s\n", yytext); }
[\t\n]          ; /* ignore spaces, tabs, newline */

%%
```

```
int main() {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

output:

```
a = b + 123;
IDENTIFIER    a
OPERATOR      =
IDENTIFIER    b
```

```
OPERATOR    +
NUMBER 123
OTHER ;
```

12. Write a lex program to count the number of words and number of lines in a given file or program.

```
%{
int wc=0, lc=0;
%}

%%

\n    { lc++; }
[ \t]+ ;
[^ \t\n]+ { wc++; }

%%

int main() {
    yylex();
    printf("Lines=%d\nWords=%d\n", lc, wc);
    return 0;
}
```

Ouput:

```
hi guys
how are you (after this press ctrl+D)
Lines=2
Words=5
```

13. Write a C program to construct predictive parser for the following grammar

E → TR

R → + TR | ε

T → FP

P → * FP | ε

F → i | (E)

#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

char st[50];

int top=-1;

void push(char c){ st[++top]=c; }

void pop(){ top--; }

int main(){

char in[50];

scanf("%s", in);

int p=0;

push('\$'); push('E');

while(top>=0){

char X = st[top];

char a = in[p];

if(X==a){ pop(); p++; if(a=='\$'){ printf("ACCEPT\n"); return 0; } }

else if(X=='E'){ pop(); push('A'); push('T'); }

else if(X=='A'){

if(a=='+'){ pop(); push('A'); push('T'); push('+'); }

else pop(); // epsilon

}

else if(X=='T'){ pop(); push('B'); push('F'); }

else if(X=='B'){

if(a=='*'){ pop(); push('B'); push('F'); push('*'); }

else pop(); // epsilon

}

else if(X=='F'){

pop();

```

        if(a=='i') push('i');
else if(a=='('){ push(')'); push('E'); push('('); }
else { printf("ERROR\n"); return 0; }
}
else{printf("ERROR\n"); return 0; }
}
}

```

```

D:\oslabexam\cd_obs.exe
i+i*i$
ACCEPT
-----
Process exited after 6.636 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

14. Write a C program to construct Recursive Descent parser for the following grammar

E → TR

R → +TR/ε

T → FP

T → *FP/ε

F → a/(E)

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

char in[100];
int p = 0;

char peek(){ return in[p]; }
void advance(){ p++; }
void error(){ printf("ERROR\n"); exit(0); }

void E();
void Ep();
void T();
voidTp();
void F();

void F(){
if(peek() == 'i'){ // id
advance();
}
else if(peek() == '('){
}
}

```

```

advance();
E();
if(peek() == ')') advance();
else error();
}
else error();
}

voidTp(){
if(peek() == '*'){
advance();
F();
Tp();
}
// else epsilon
}

void T(){
F();
Tp();
}

void Ep(){
if(peek() == '+'){
advance();
T();
Ep();
}
// else epsilon
}

void E(){
T();
Ep();
}

int main(){
scanf("%s", in);

E();

if(peek()=='$')
printf("ACCEPT\n");
else
printf("ERROR\n");

```

```
}
```

```
D:\oslabexam\cd_obs.exe
i+i*i$  
ACCEPT  
-----  
Process exited after 7.97 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

15. write recursive descent parser for the grammar S->(L) S->a L->L,S L->S

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
char in[100];
```

```
int p = 0;
```

```
char peek(){ return in[p]; }
```

```
void advance(){ p++; }
```

```
void error(){ printf("ERROR\n"); exit(0); }
```

```
void S();
```

```
void L();
```

```
void Lp();
```

```
void S(){
```

```
if(peek()=='a'){


```

```
advance();
```

```
}
```

```
else if(peek()=='('){


```

```
advance();
```

```
L();
```

```
if(peek()==')') advance();
```

```
else error();
```

```
}
```

```
else error();
```

```
}
```

```
void Lp(){
```

```
if(peek()==','){


```

```
advance();
```

```
S();
```

```
Lp();
```

```
}
```

```
// else epsilon
```

```

}

void L(){
S();
Lp();
}

int main(){
scanf("%s", in);

S();

if(peek()=='$')
printf("ACCEPT\n");
else
printf("ERROR\n");

return 0;
}

```

```

D:\oslabexam\cd_obs.exe
(a,a,a)$
ACCEPT

-----
Process exited after 6.938 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

16. Write a C program to calculate first function for the grammar E->E+T E->T T->T*T T->F F->(E)/id

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

char prod[20][20]; // productions
char first[20][20]; // FIRST sets
char nt[20]; // non-terminals list
int n, ntCount = 0; // number of productions, number of NTs
int done[256] = {0}; // memoization flag

int findNT(char c) {

```

```

        for (int i = 0; i < ntCount; i++)
            if (nt[i] == c)
                return i;
        nt[ntCount] = c;
        first[ntCount][0] = '\0';
        return ntCount++;
    }

void add(char set[], char c) {
    if (!strchr(set, c)) {
        int l = strlen(set);
        set[l] = c;
        set[l+1] = '\0';
    }
}

// Compute FIRST for non-terminal X
void computeFIRST(char X) {
    int idx = findNT(X);
    if (done[X]) return; // avoid infinite recursion on left-recursion
    done[X] = 1;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (prod[i][0] == X) {
            char *rhs = strchr(prod[i], '>') + 1;

            // Case 1: RHS starts with terminal or symbol like '(' '+'
            if (!isupper(rhs[0]) && rhs[0] != '#') {
                add(first[idx], rhs[0]);
            }
            // Case 2: RHS starts with epsilon
            else if (rhs[0] == '#') {
                add(first[idx], '#');
            }
            // Case 3: RHS starts with non-terminal
            else if (isupper(rhs[0])) {
                computeFIRST(rhs[0]);
                int j = findNT(rhs[0]);
                for (int k = 0; k < strlen(first[j]); k++)
                    add(first[idx], first[j][k]);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```
int main() {
    printf("Enter number of productions: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter productions like E->E+T (use # for epsilon):\n");

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%s", prod[i]);
        findNT(prod[i][0]); // record non-terminal
    }

    // Compute FIRST for all non-terminals
    for (int i = 0; i < ntCount; i++)
        computeFIRST(nt[i]);

    printf("\nFIRST sets:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < ntCount; i++)
        printf("FIRST(%c) = { %s }\n", nt[i], first[i]);

    return 0;
}
```