

DATASET HUMAN CAPITAL

By Hepta Scientist Group









Ari Sulistiyo Prabowo









Dias Indah Melisawati

Pendidikan Matematika Universitas Negeri Semarang



Siti Hafsah
Teknik Informatika
President University



Louis Madaerdo Sotarjua

Teknik Elektro Universitas Singaperbangsa Karawang



Siti Hamidah Statistika Universitas Padjadjaran



Taqiyuddin Yazid Zaidan Teknik Elektro

Teknik Elektro Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia



Kampus Merdeka INDONESIA JAYA DigitalSkola

Understanding data set

Identify Dataset

analyze the data using exploratory and visualization

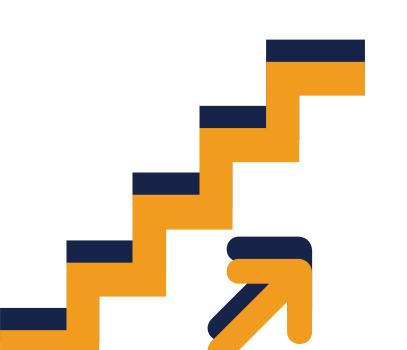
Data Preprocessing

Develop Model Analys

STEP

BY

STEP



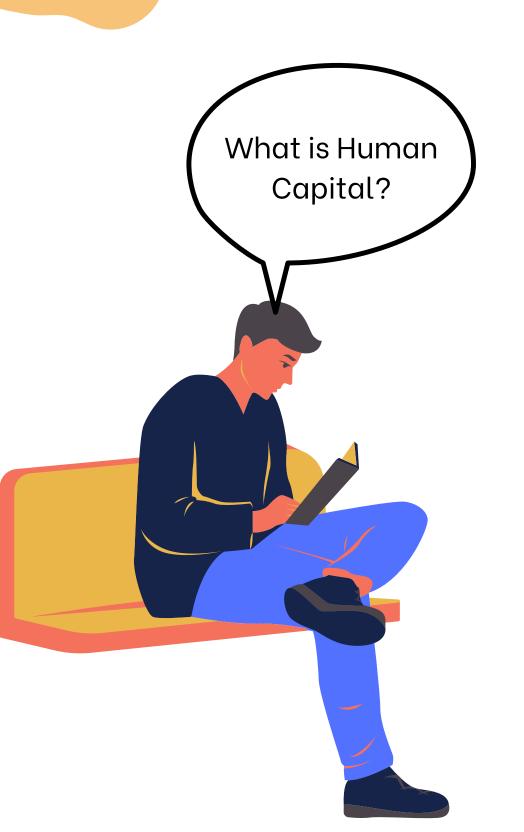




UNDERSTANDING DATASET HUMAN CAPITAL





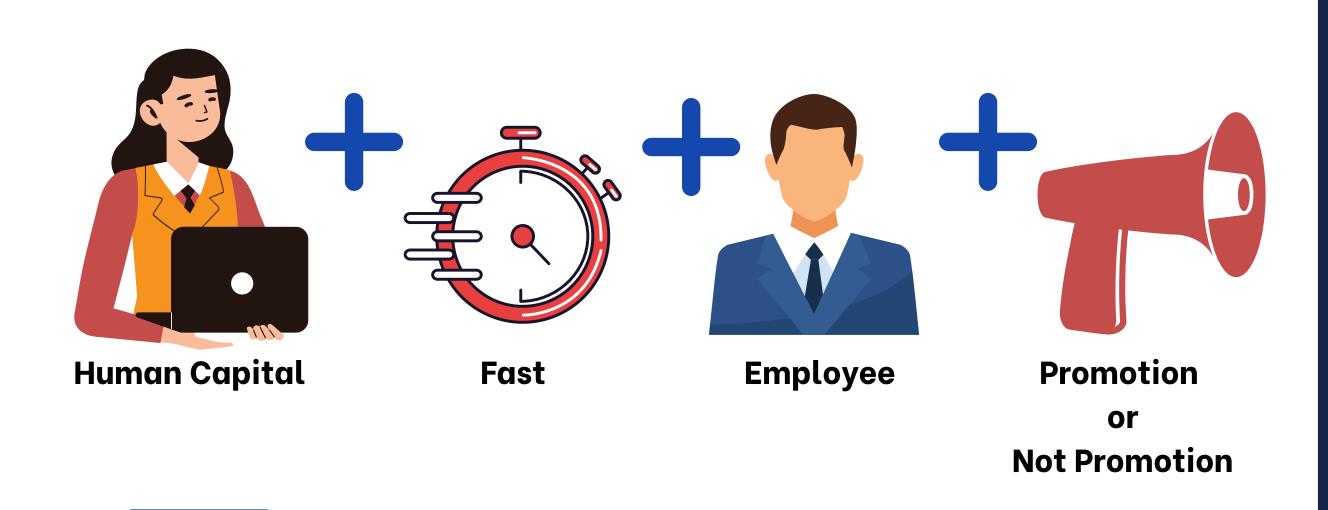


Human capital is perceived to increase productivity and thus profitability. The more investment a company makes in its employees, the chances of its productivity and success becomes higher.









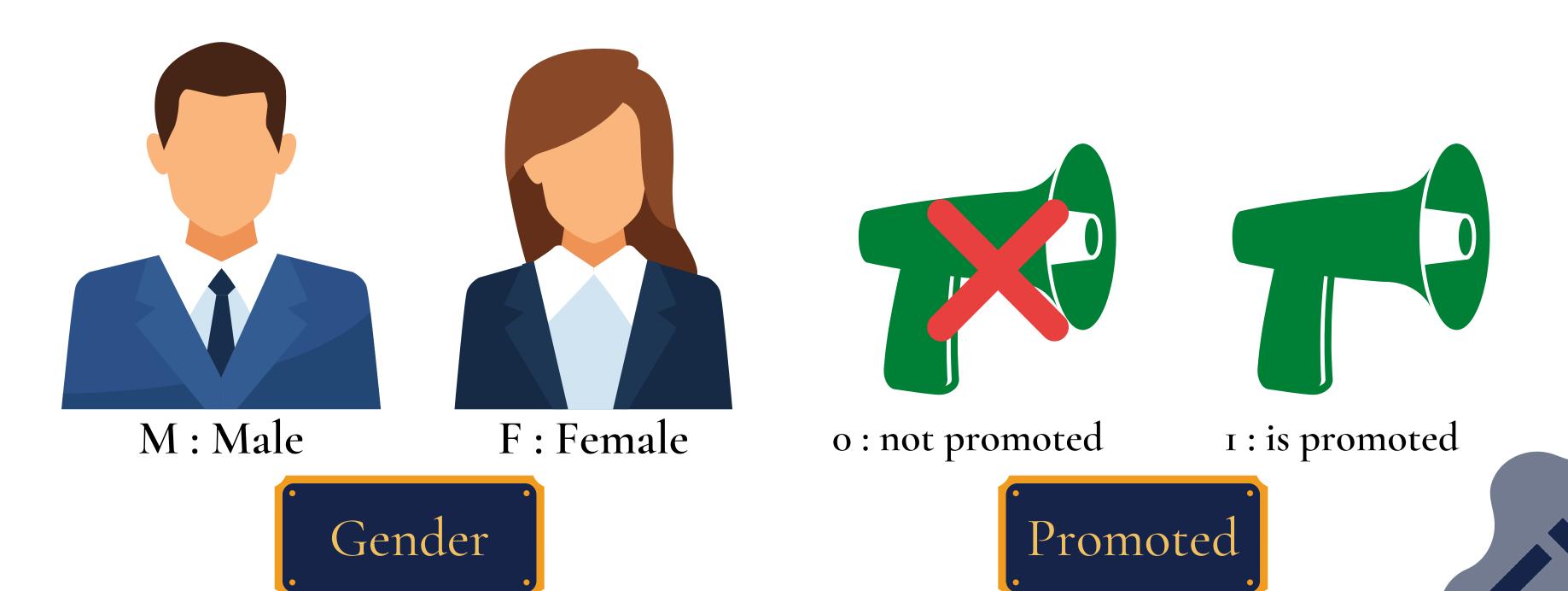
Model Machine Learning

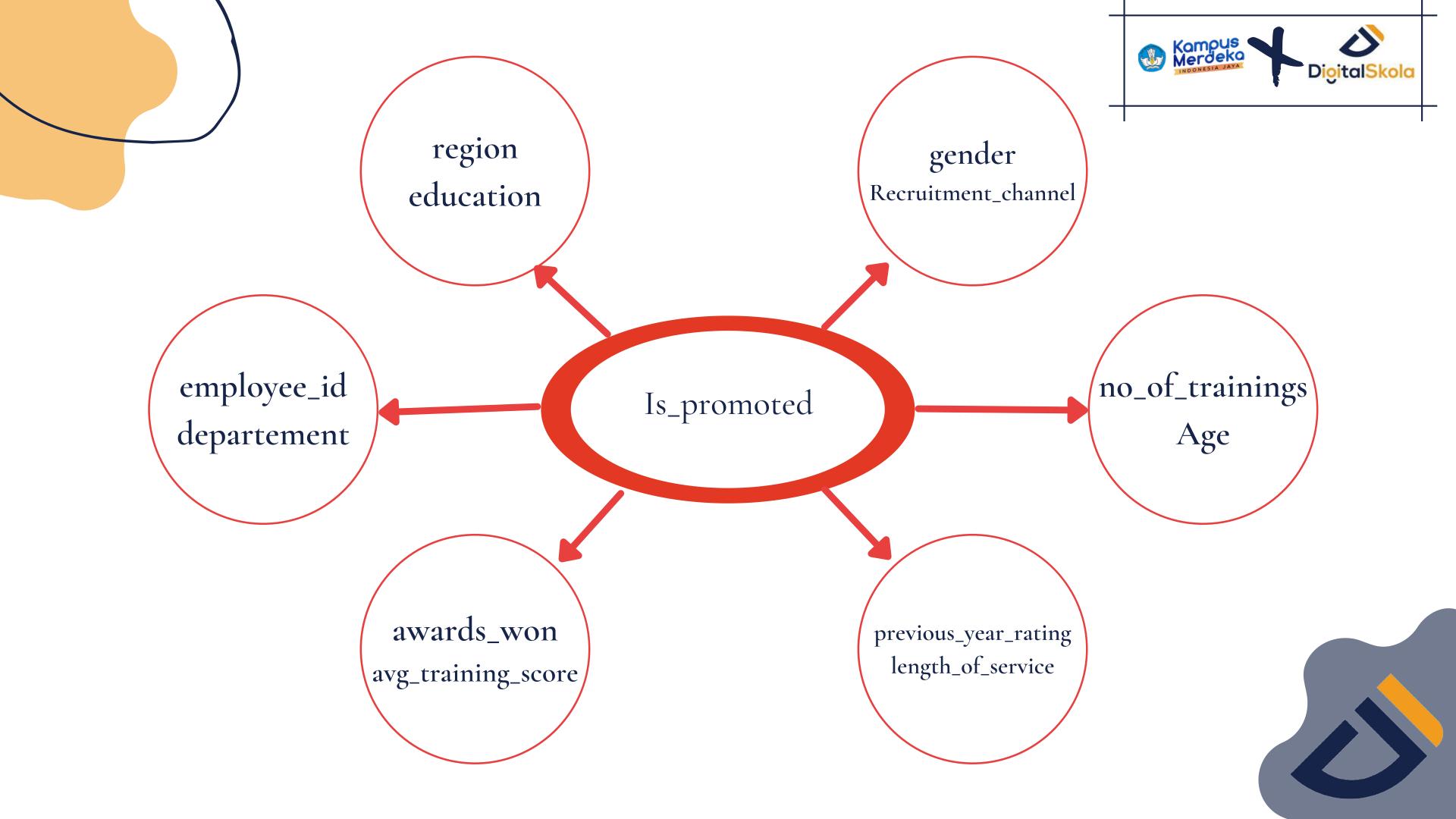
NOTES

How can human capital can classify quickly and precisely which employees belong to the promoted category and which are not promoted.



The variables gender and promoted has abbreviation forms as follows:







IDENTIFY DATASET HUMAN CAPITAL



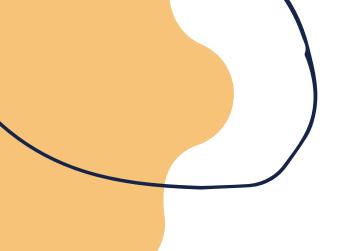


To simplify the work of Human Capital in accelerating the classification of who is promoted and who is not promoted, is to create a machine learning model. There are many algorithms that can be applied in machine learning classification models, including: KNN, Decision Tree, Random Forest, Cross Validation.





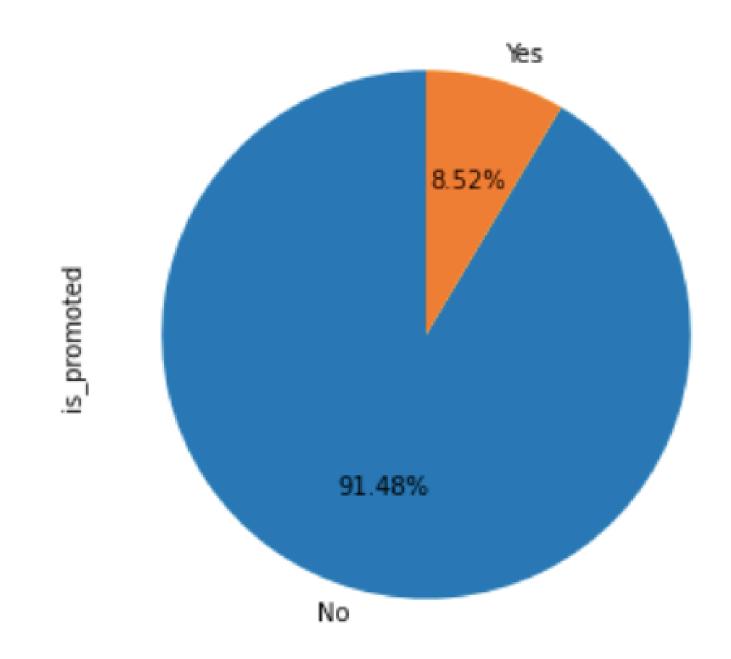
ANALYZE THE DATA USING EXPLORATORY AND VISUALIZATION







Pie Chart: Is Promoted





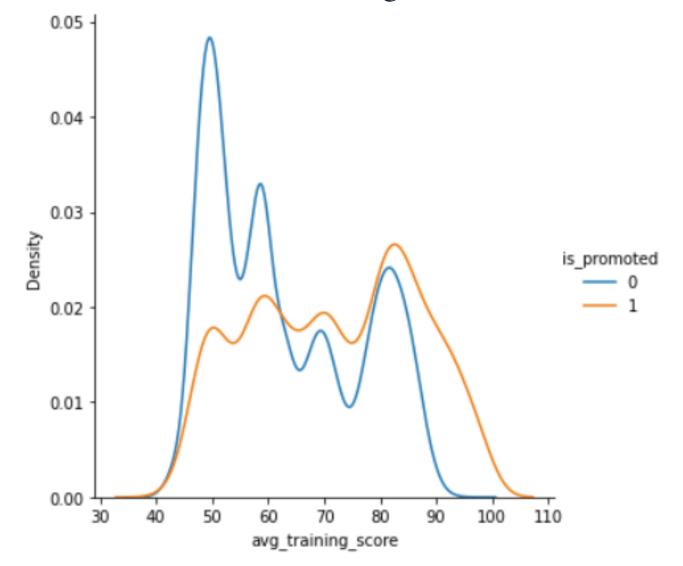


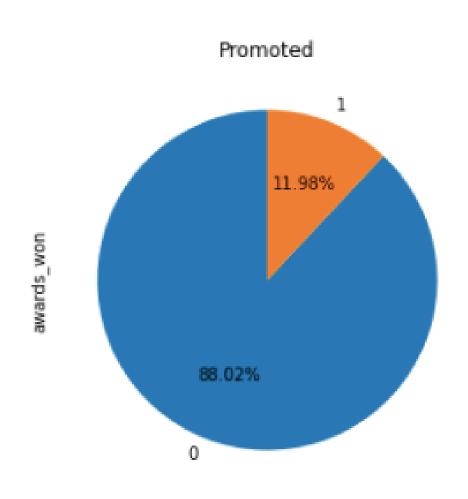


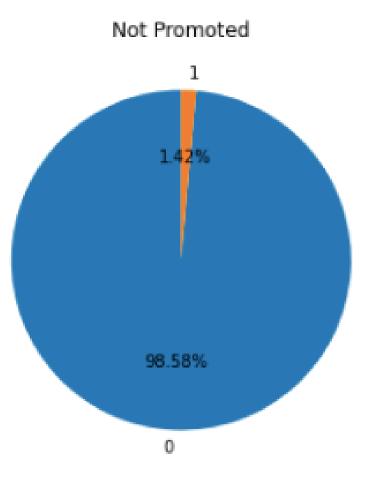
Kampus Merdeko DigitalSkola

- Average Training Score
- Awards Won
- Region

- Previous Year Rating
- Department

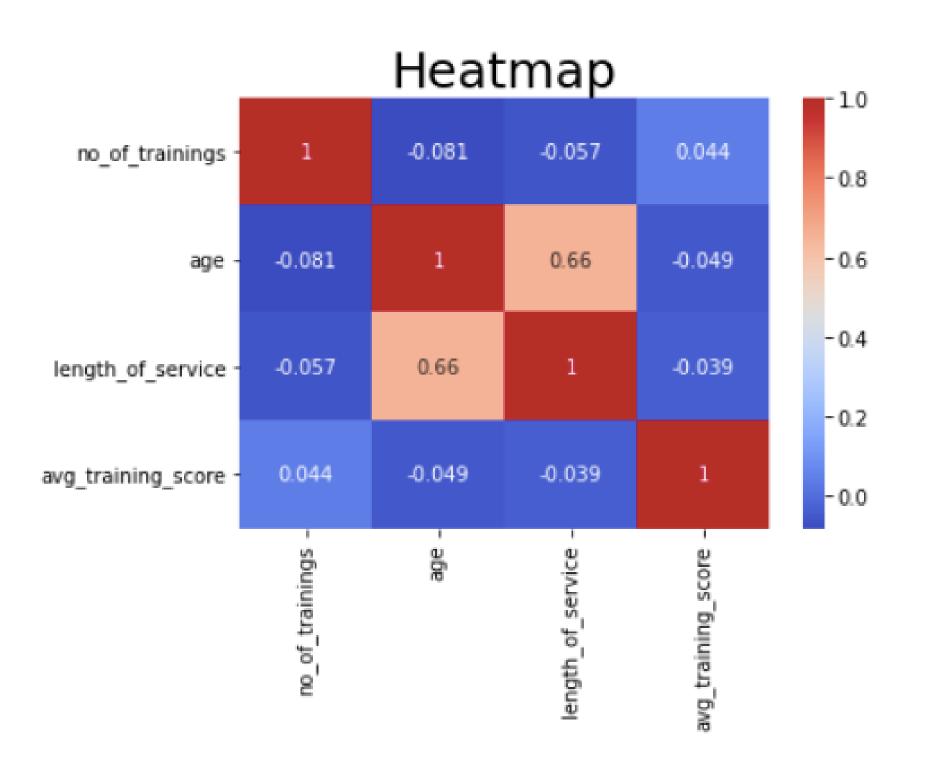








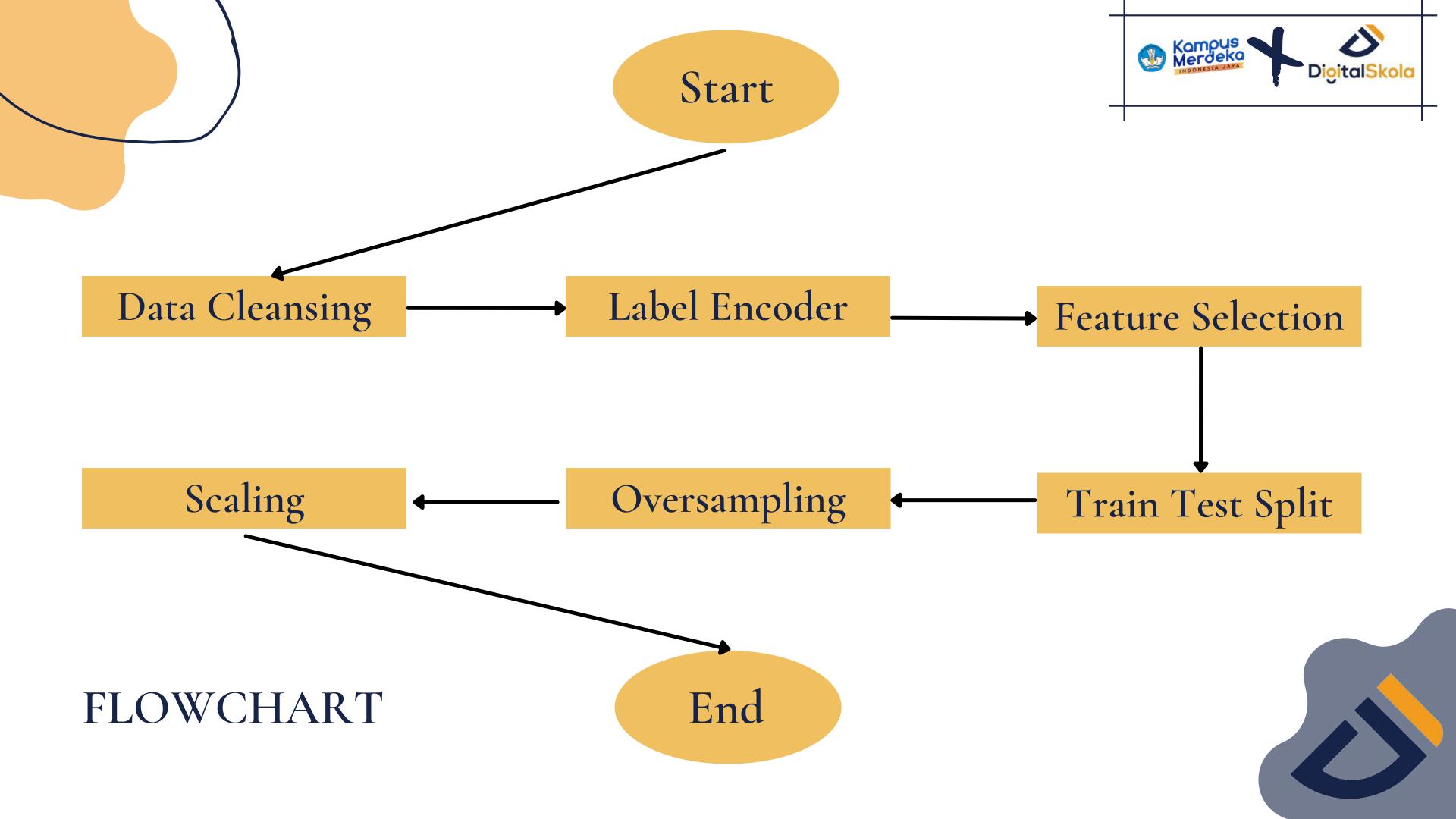








DATA PREPROCESSING





DEVELOP MODEL





	KNN	Decision Tree	Random Forest
Accuracy	0.995	0.917	0.928
Precision	0.996	0.926	0.942
Recall	0.994	0.906	0.912
F1 score	0.995	0.916	0.927
Specificity	0.996	0.928	0.944

Picture of Training Performance

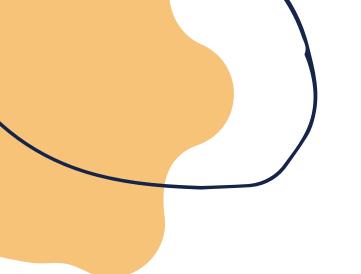
	KNN	Decision Tree	Random Forest
Accuracy	0.891	0.875	0.891
Precision	0.909	0.881	0.909
Recall	0.868	0.868	0.868
F1 score	0.888	0.874	0.888
Specificity	0.914	0.883	0.914



Picture of Testing Performance



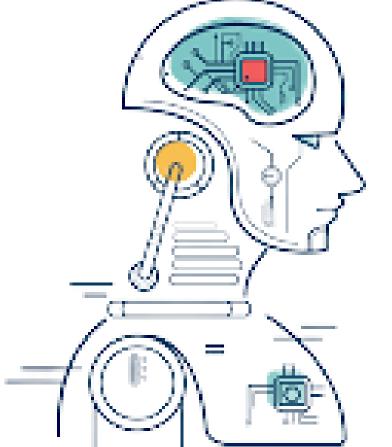
CONCLUSION



Conclusion



The recommended machine learning model to use is Random Forest







Order of variables that determine employee promotion





1. Previous Year Rating



2. AverageTraining Score



3. Region



4. Age



8. Awards Won



7. Education



6. Length of Service



5. Number of Trainings







