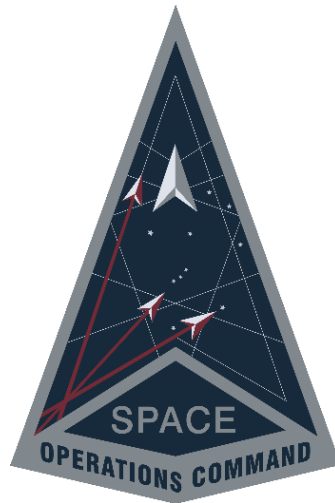


Astrodynamics Standards Shared Library



External Ephemerides (ExtEphem)

Version 9.4

May 2024

Contents

1.	INTRODUCTION	1
2.	PREREQUISITES.....	1
3.	GETTING STARTED	1
4.	TERMINOLOGY	1
5.	UNDERSTANDING EXTEPHEM	2
6.	EXTERNAL EPHEMERIS FILE FORMATS	2
6.1.	VECTOR EPHEMERIS FILE DESCRIPTION	2
6.2.	SIMULATED OBSERVATION FILE DESCRIPTION	3
6.3.	ASCII VECTOR COVARIANCE EPHEMERIS (ITC) FILE DESCRIPTION	4
6.4.	ASCII ITC COMPACT FORMAT FILE DESCRIPTION	6
6.5.	EXTERNAL EPHEMERIS V31 FILE DESCRIPTION	6
6.6.	OWNER/OPERATOR EPHEMERIS FILE DESCRIPTION.....	7
6.7.	ECR POSITION/VELOCITY FILE FORMAT.....	7
6.8.	ECR POSITION ONLY FILE FORMAT.....	8
6.9.	J2K FILE FORMAT	8
6.10.	OASYS FILE FORMATS.....	8
6.11.	VARIOUS STK'S DOT E ".E" FILES.....	9
6.12.	DC EPHEMERIS BINARY FILE.....	9
6.13.	EXTERNAL EPHEMERIS RECORD NAME	9

1. Introduction

ExtEphem provides the users with many library functions to load and manage satellite ephemeris data from an external source. The external ephemeris data can be loaded from the predefined external ephemeris file formats (using file I/O) or it can be loaded using direct method calls (without using file I/O).

The external ephemerides option provides the capability of reading an independently provided satellite ephemeris from an external source, and processing it internally within the Astrodynamics Standard programs.

If you are on Windows, the shared library files will end in ".dll". For example, "ExtEphem.dll". If you are on Linux, the shared library will begin with "lib" and end in ".so", and will be all lowercase. For example, libextephem.so.

2. Prerequisites

The following shared libraries **MUST** be loaded and initialized before using ExtEphem:

- AstroFunc
- DllMain
- EnvConst
- TimeFunc

3. Getting Started

To get started, please read the README.txt file that came in the root directory of your distribution. In addition to an overall description contained in the distribution, it has a description of a "**wrapper**".

To get started with **ExtEphem**, there is a "wrapper" specific to ExtEphem, under the **SampleCode** directory. Under your language of choice, you will see a "**DriverExample/wrapper**" subdirectory. The files under this directory will have all the Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) available. For ExtEphem specific APIs, you should see a source file labelled with "ExtEphem" in the file name. This will be where you will find all the APIs for that specific library. The "DriverExample" directory will also contain several examples of applications that should run by simply running the runExample.bat or runExample.sh script. You can use these examples as a starting point for building your application.

If you do not see your programming language under "SampleCode", look in the HTML documentation for the APIs. Open a browser to the "Documentation/APIDocs/index.html" file. This document will show all the APIs regardless of programming language.

The Astrodynamics Standards libraries should work with any language capable of using Dynamic Link Library (on Windows) or Shared object (on Linux) files.

4. Terminology

External ephemeris: A dataset that contains historical (captured) or predicted state information for a satellite. As a minimum, this data contains a time, position, and velocity information for numerous points. Proper interpolation of this data can be used to provide precise state information for the satellite at any time T within the time span of the dataset. The accuracy of this resulting interpolated state is entirely dependent on the algorithms/means originally used to create the dataset - a dataset may be based on any orbit determination/propagation method. Typically, the dataset consists of regularly spaced data points on a set time interval, with the time between points small enough that interpolation provides a result consistent with the accuracy of the underlying data.

In the Standardized Astrodynamics Algorithms documentation, the term EXTEPHEM refers to those satellites whose satellite states (ephemeris points) are loaded from external ephemeris source (input external ephemeris file or method calls).

5. Understanding ExtEphem

Internally, this library stores the loaded EXTEPHEMs in its own binary tree. Each EXTEPHEM, when added successfully to the binary tree, will receive a unique key. This unique key is commonly called 'satKey' in the Astrodynamics Standard documentation.

The SatState library has access to the root of the ExtEphem binary tree. Therefore, the associated EXTEPHEM data, external ephemerides, can be retrieved via its satKey. The SatState library uses the retrieved data to compute the satellite's position and velocity vectors.


One error condition peculiar to any given ephemeris can occur for a SatState call: requested time outside of data range. The input ephemerides will have a finite time span. Only times within that span are valid inputs to the SatState call. Other input times lead to an error condition. For valid times, the outputs are interpolated from the input ephemeris which each ExtEphem stores in its own array. A four point Hermite interpolator, centered (when possible) on the input time, generates the output position and velocity. Interpolation will cause significant numerical errors for large time steps. It is the responsibility of the users to ensure the input ephemeris has appropriate time steps between the ephemeris points.

Some ephemeris files specify an epoch time, which does not necessarily match the time of the first, or any other, ephemeris points. Since not all ephemeris files have a defined epoch, and the epoch time may not have state data provided for it, all epoch quantities are computed at the first ephemeris point.

6. External Ephemeris File Formats

6.1. Vector Ephemeris File Description

Sample file:

<div>Copy</div>								
columns	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890

0.743668599541789D-01	0.637813630000000D+04	94012155614.999						SP eci
0.000000	973.486674	-5487.983980	3834.145830	16609	1	SP	eci	
94012155614.999	5.196330328	3.833589348	4.151804753	16609	1	SP	eci	
360.000000	-1997.347435	-6388.827895	1012.022467	16609	1	SP	eci	
94012215614.999	4.866551015	-0.578214424	5.906492156	16609	1	SP	eci	
720.000000	-4219.534575	-4825.996769	-2183.642923	16609	1	SP	eci	
94013035614.999	2.559299861	-4.715610847	5.482832602	16609	1	SP	eci	
1080.000000	-4782.610734	-1429.928997	-4575.840399	16609	1	SP	eci	
94013095614.999	-0.825774886	-6.989282406	3.043858323	16609	1	SP	eci	
1440.000000	-3432.219056	2471.015279	-5286.553414	16609	1	SP	eci	
94013155614.999	-3.944523981	-6.556070622	-0.508605620	16609	1	SP	eci	

Record 1:

- Earth gravitational constant (Earth Radius^{3/2} / minute)
- Mean earth radius (km)
- Epoch time (YYDDHHMMSS.SSS UTC)
- Propagator used to generate ephemeris (column 75-76): "SP" or "GP"
- File coordinate system (column 78-80):
 - "eci" = ECI position and velocity
 - "j2k" = J2K position and velocity
 - "efg" = EFG position and velocity

- "ecr" = ECR position and velocity

Record 2:

- Time since epoch (minutes)
- pos x (km)
- pos y (km)
- pos z (km)
- Satellite number
- Vector ephemeris file type (ignored)
- Propagation type ("SP" or "GP") (ignored)
- File Coordinate system (ignored)

Record 3:


- Time (YYDDHHMMSS.SSS UTC)
- vel x (km/sec)
- vel y (km/sec)
- vel z (km/sec)
- Satellite number (ignored)
- Vector ephemeris file type (ignored)
- Propagation type ("SP" or "GP") (ignored)
- File coordinate system (ignored)

Note:

- All records start in column 2.
- Records 2 and 3 are repeated for each time point.

6.2. Simulated Observation File Description

Sample file:

	 Copy							
columns	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890								

0.743668599541789D-01	0.637813630000000D+04	94012155614.999						Z
16609 94012155614.999	45103							eci Z
0.973486674121399D+03	-.548798398048386D+04	0.383414582999846D+04						eci Z
0.519633032840763D+01	0.383358934759739D+01	0.415180475253440D+01						eci Z
16609 94012215614.999	45107							eci Z
-.199734743503652D+04	-.638882789456959D+04	0.101202246680042D+04						eci Z
0.486655101481692D+01	-.578214423983053D+00	0.590649215622663D+01						eci Z

Record 1:

- Earth gravitational constant (Earth Radius^{3/2} / minute)
- Mean earth radius (km)
- Epoch time (YYDDHHMMSS.SSS UTC)
- File descriptor (Z)

Record 2:

- Satellite number
- Time (YYDDHHMMSS.SSS UTC)
- Revolution number
- File coordinate system (column 76-78):
 - "eci" = ECI position and velocity
 - "j2k" = J2K position and velocity
 - "efg" = EFG position and velocity
 - "ecr" = ECR position and velocity
- File descriptor (Z)

Record 3:

- pos x (km)
- pos y (km)
- pos z (km)
- File coordinate system (ignored)
- File descriptor (Z)

Record 4:

- vel x (km/sec)
- vel y (km/sec)
- vel z (km/sec)
- File coordinate system (ignored)
- File descriptor (Z)

Note:

- All records start in column 2.

6.3. ASCII Vector Covariance Ephemeris (ITC) File Description

This file format was developed in conjunction with Analytical Graphics Inc. in order to incorporate ASW produced ephemerides and error ellipsoids into STK for visualization and further analysis purposes.

Sample file:

[illegible]

Record 1:

- SSC Satellite Number in columns 2 - 6
- Root Earth Gravitational Constant (Earth Radius^{3/2} / minute) in columns 8 - 28
- Earth Radius in columns 30 - 50
- Epoch Time (UTC YYYYDDDDHHMMSS.SSS) in columns 52 - 68
- Propagator used to generate ephemeris in columns 113 - 114 (GP or SP)

Record 2:

- Time of point (UTC YYYYDDDDHHMMSS.SSS) in columns 2 - 18
- x-position component (km) in columns 20 - 34
- y-position component (km) in columns 36 - 50
- z-position component (km) in columns 52 - 66
- x-velocity component (km/sec) in columns 68 - 82
- y-velocity component (km/sec) in columns 84 - 98
- z-velocity component (km/sec) in columns 100 - 114

Note:

- Position and velocity coordinate system is mean equinox, true equator of date.

Records 3, 4, and 5 contain the covariance. There are 21 terms in the lower half of the 6x6 matrix. Terms 1 - 7 are in record 3, 8 - 14 are in record 4, and 15 - 21 are in record 5.

The seven terms in each covariance record are located in columns 4 - 18, 20 - 34, 36 - 50, 52 - 66, 68 - 82, 84 - 98, and 100 - 114 respectively.

Term and units:

	U	V	W	U-DOT	VDOT	WDOT
U	1 (km ²)					
V	2 (km ²)	3 (km ²)				
W	4 (km ²)	5 (km ²)	6 (km ²)			
U-DOT	7 (km ² /s)	8 (km ² /s)	9 (km ² /s)	10 (km ² /s ²)		
V-DOT	11 (km ² /s)	12 (km ² /s)	13 (km ² /s)	14 (km ² /s ²)	15 (km ² /s ²)	
W-DOT	16 (km ² /s)	17 (km ² /s)	18 (km ² /s)	19 (km ² /s ²)	20 (km ² /s ²)	21 (km ² /s ²)

Records 2, 3, 4, and 5 are repeated for each ephemeris point.

This file format is similar to the full ITC format but without the covariance data. This format needs to have the keyword "WOCOV" (without covariance) in column 107-111 in Record 1 as described above.

 Copy[illegible]

Sample file:

[illegible]


The file is identified by the start of the first header record: "EPHEMERIS FILE FOR SATELLITE". The satellite number is in the next field. The ephemerides can be input in two coordinate systems, Earth Centered Inertial (ECI) or Earth Fixed Greenwich (EFG). The coordinate system is on the record starting "Propagation by SP". The remainder of the header contains images of the input, and other summary data. All of it is ignored through the line starting "=====

The time for the ephemeris points is UTC. The ephemeris point is converted to units of km and km/sec and simply stored. The coordinate frame of the ephemeris is recorded from the header record. All required conversion to the output coordinate frame is performed in the SatState library if needed.

Revolution number is not input by this format, so is set to zero.

6.6. Owner/Operator Ephemeris File Description

Sample file:

	 Copy						
0333000000.000	-106.9076002	-7080.537295	161.5209929	-1.067394501	0.1945613928	7.424724251	
03330000100.000	-170.6921229	-7054.561199	606.3761402	-1.058039492	0.6710317336	7.398769362	
03330000200.000	-233.7867483	-7000.06616	1048.773292	-1.044405529	1.144868779	7.342817447	
03330000300.000	-295.9362857	-6917.268372	1486.918634	-1.026547116	1.61413518	7.257089711	
03330000400.000	-356.8893423	-6806.499724	1919.035372	-1.004536282	2.076913225	7.141931768	
03330000500.000	-416.3993639	-6668.206382	2343.371112	-0.9784622302	2.531312528	6.997811103	
03330000600.000	-474.2256574	-6502.946944	2758.205126	-0.9484311035	2.975477066	6.82531551	
03330000700.000	-530.1343977	-6311.390127	3161.85553	-0.9145655719	3.407593691	6.625151636	

The file is always in J2000 coordinate system with units in km and km/sec. The position and velocity are free format (fields separated by at least one blank character).

This file format doesn't contain a satellite number field. ExtEphem will try to parse the input file name's first 5 character as the satellite number. If the parsing fails, the satellite number is set to 99999.

6.7. ECR Position/Velocity File Format

Sample file:

Copy

CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
2150 CALIBRATION REFERENCE EPHEMERIS
TIME OF LAST MODIFICATION TO FILE: 01 347 21 10 25.000
EPHEMERIS FILE START TIME: 98 025 00 00 00.000
EPHEMERIS FILE STOP TIME: 98 026 00 00 00.000
EARTH MODEL: USER
COORDINATE SYSTEM: EARTH CENTERED ROTATING (ECR)

	X(KM)	Y(KM)	Z(KM)
YYDDHHMMSS.SSS	XDOT(KM/SEC)	YDOT(KM/SEC)	ZDOT(KM/SEC)

9802500000.000	2107.182735	-2278.376810	-9707.272978
	-1.734771	5.136867	-1.035837
98025000100.000	2003.064512	-1968.254395	-9762.815843
	-1.735432	5.199470	-0.815030

6.8. ECR Position Only File Format

Sample file:



CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
16907 CALIBRATION REFERENCE EPHEMERIS
TIME OF LAST MODIFICATION TO FILE: 01 007 00 00 00.000
EPHEMERIS FILE START TIME: 01 007 00 00 00.000
EPHEMERIS FILE STOP TIME: 01 007 23 59 45.000
EARTH MODEL: EGM-96
COORDINATE SYSTEM: EARTH CENTERED ROTATING (ECR)

YYDDHHMMSS.SSS	X(KM)	Y(KM)	Z(KM)
23107000000.000	4572.304970	4510.617966	4517.765766
23107000100.000	4459.286832	4830.803688	4294.993557
23107000200.000	4335.895494	5137.813003	4059.477769
23107000300.000	4202.375213	5430.832806	3811.917399
23107000400.000	4058.993297	5709.089138	3553.047325
23107000500.000	3906.039661	5971.849336	3283.636109
23107000600.000	3743.826324	6218.424059	3004.483684
23107000700.000	3572.686856	6448.169184	2716.418938
23107000800.000	3392.975765	6660.487557	2420.297211
23107000900.000	3205.067845	6854.830612	2116.997696
23107001000.000	3009.357459	7030.699827	1807.420775

6.9. J2K File Format

Sample file:



SPEPH PREDICTION EPHEMERIS # 0001 (***** CIRCULAR/ELLIPTICAL *****)

18006	98 025 00 00 0.000	705.7853	3022.9816	-9706.9984	-3.4992809	-4.2665523	-1.0367166
18006	98 025 00 01 0.000	495.3972	2764.9958	-9762.5942	-3.5128827	-4.3321035	-0.8159150
18006	98 025 00 02 0.000	284.3331	2503.2349	-9804.8415	-3.5217992	-4.3923653	-0.5917782
18006	98 025 00 03 0.000	72.8771	2238.0207	-9833.5424	-3.5259262	-4.4471881	-0.3643795

6.10. OASYS File Formats



Sample 1:

Version: OASYS v5.4.2a (November 24, 2008), Integral Systems, Inc.
Description: F930117.eph
Date: 2012/01/16 16:54:40
Path: M:\oasys\common\CMOC\6393_F930117.rpt
Spacecraft: [6393] AEHF Flt 1
Ephemeris: /M=/oasys/6393/ephem/F930117.eph
Equinox: MEME of Epoch [JD2000] FK5
Attitude: OrbitPlaneRadial
Report Span Initial: 2012/01/16 23:59:45.000
Report Span Delta: 17.000 days
Report Span Final: 2012/02/02 23:59:45.000

Ephemeris Parameter Report
=====

Title: CMOC Ephemeris
Subtitle: F930117.eph

Time	ECI Pos.x	ECI Pos.y	ECI Pos.z	ECI Vel.x(km/sec)	ECI Vel.y(km/sec)	ECI Vel.z(km/sec)
------	-----------	-----------	-----------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

UTC.YmdHMs3	km	km	km	km/sec	km/sec	km/sec
2012/01/16 23:59:45.000	28884.90643	30628.96473	2381.263136	-2.228655789	2.113446136	-0.1375783064
Sample 2:						
* * *						
* * * * * * *						
UTC	ECI Pos.x km	ECI Pos.y km	ECI Pos.z km	ECI Vel.x km/sec	ECI Vel.y km/sec	ECI Vel.z km/sec
2011/10/10 00:00:00.000	-24926.27236599	34013.46304948	60.74570489891	-2.479275135874	-1.817880758229	0.006145418627
Sample 3:						
2011/10/10 00:00:00.000	-24926.27236599	34013.46304948	60.74570489891	-2.479275135874	-1.817880758229	0.006145418627

6.11. Various STK’s Dot E “.e” Files

ExtEphem can read various STK’s ephemeris “.e” file formats.

6.12. DC Ephemeris Binary File

ExtEphem can read DC Ephemeris (DCE) binary file.

6.13. External Ephemeris Record Name

The record name allows the users to add their own descriptive information about the EXTEPHEM they are about to load.

Example:

Copy

#EXTEPHEM=Sgp4 Propagated Ephemeris
EPHFIL = extephem1.inp

#EXTEPHEM=SP Propagated Ephemeris
EPHFIL = extephem1.inp

#EXTEPHEM=Owner Operator Ephemeris
EPHFIL = 12345OwnerOperExtEphem.inp