

# **DevOps**

# BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY in COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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Submitted by: Anugya Agarwal

Submitted to: Dr. Prateek Raj Gautam

# VERSION CONTROL ASSIGNMENT-1 SUBVERSION

Subversion software is also known as SVN. It is an open source version control system. Through subversion we can look at the previous version of the file and track the changes over time.

There are two types of Version Control System:

- Centralized Version Control System(CSCV): There is a single central server that stores all the versions.
- **Distributed Version Control System(DVSC):** Each user have the copy of full repository.

# Why do we use Version Control?

- To track all the changes and keep the history.
- We can rollback to the previous version when needed.
- We can merge new features.

# **Installing & Setting up SVN on windows:**

- 1. Download and install SVN (TortoiseSVN)
- 2. After the installation restart your system.
- 3. Verify the installation.

#### svn --version

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26100.3194]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Windows\System32>svn --version
svn, version 1.14.5 (r1922182)
  compiled Nov 30 2024, 08:20:48 on x86-microsoft-windows
Copyright (C) 2024 The Apache Software Foundation.
This software consists of contributions made by many people;
see the NOTICE file for more information.
Subversion is open source software, see http://subversion.apache.org/
The following repository access (RA) modules are available:
 ra_svn : Module for accessing a repository using the svn network protocol.
 - with Cyrus SASL authentication
             'svn' scheme

    handles

 ra_local : Module for accessing a repository on local disk.
 - handles 'file' scheme
 ra_serf : Module for accessing a repository via WebDAV protocol using serf.

    using serf 1.3.10 (compiled with 1.3.10)
    handles 'http' scheme
    handles 'https' scheme

The following authentication credential caches are available:
 Wincrypt cache in C:\Users\anugy\AppData\Roaming\Subversion
 :\Windows\System32>
```

#### **SVN Commands:**

# **Step 1: Initialize the repository.**

# svnadmin create ~/svn\_repo/my\_project

C:\Windows\System32>svnadmin create D:\Anugya\_repo

# **Step 2: Checkout the repository**

# svn checkout file:///path/to/svn\_repo/my\_project

C:\Windows\System32>svn checkout file:///D:\Anugya\_repo Anugya\_project
Checked out revision 0.

# **Step 3: Add files to the directory**

- Navigate to your working directory.
- Add new files.
- Commit the changes.

## cd my\_project

svn add file.txt

#### svn commit -m "Added file.txt"

```
C:\Windows\System32\cd Anugya_project

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_project>echo "Hello SVN" > Anugya.txt

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_project>svn add Anugya_file.txt
svn: warning: W155010: 'C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_project\Anugya_file.txt' not found
svn: E200009: Could not add all targets because some targets don't exist
svn: E200009: Illegal target for the requested operation

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_project>svn add Anugya.txt

A Anugya.txt

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_project>svn commit -m "Initial commit by Anugya"

Adding Anugya.txt

Transmitting file data .done

Committed revision 1.
```

# Step 4: Update your working copy and view the logs svn update

## svn log

# **Step 5: Reverting the changes**

#### svn revert file.txt

```
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_project>svn revert Anugya.txt
```

# Step 6: Creating the branch and merge the changes.

svn copy file:///C:/svn\_repos/my\_repo/trunk
file:///C:/svn\_repos/my\_repo/branches/faeature-branch -m "Creating
feature branch"

# svn merge file:///C:/svn\_repos/my\_repo/branches/faeature-branch

```
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_project>svn mkdir file:///D:/Anugya_repo/branches -m "Creating Branches Directory"
Committing transaction...
Committed revision 2.
```

```
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_project>svn mkdir file:///D:/Anugya_repo/trunk -m "Creating trunk directory"

Committing transaction...

Committed revision 3.

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_project>svn copy file:///D:/Anugya_repo/trunk file:///D:/Anugya_repo/new-features -m "Creating a branch by Anugya"

Committing transaction...

Committed revision 4.
```

# **MERCURIAL (HG)**

Mercurial is a distributed version control system (DVCS) designed for efficient handling of the projects of all sizes. The functionality of Mercurial is similar as Git but it emphasizes simplicity and ease of use. Mercurial is written in python and it is known for its intuitive commands, robust performance and cross-platform compatibility.

#### **Features of Mercurial:**

- **Distributed Version Control:** Every developer has a fully copy of the repository, enabling offline work and independent branching.
- Lightweight and Fast: Efficient handling of large projects and binary files.
- Cross-Platform: It works on Windows, macOS and Linux.
- Extensible: It supports plugins for additional functionality.
- **Simple and Intuitive Commands:** Commands are easy to learn and use, with a consistent syntax.

# **Installing & setting up Mercurial on Windows:**

- 1. Download and install Mercurial (TortoiseHg)
- 2. After the installation restart your system.
- 3. Verify the installation.

#### hg -version

```
C:\Windows\System32>hg --version
Mercurial Distributed SCM (version 6.5.1)
(see https://mercurial-scm.org for more information)
Copyright (C) 2005-2023 Olivia Mackall and others
This is free software; see the source for copying conditions. There is NO
warranty; not even for MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
```

#### **Mercurial Commands**

# **Step 1: Creating and Initializing the Repository**

# hg init my-hg-repo

```
C:\Windows\System32>hg init Anugya_hg_repo
C:\Windows\System32>cd Anugya_hg_repo
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>
```

# Step 2: Adding files and committing the files

# hg add file.txt

# hg commit -m "Added newfile.txt"

```
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>echo "Hello Mercurial" > Anugya_file.txt
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg add Anugya_file.txt
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>
```

# Step 3: Cloning, Updating and Reverting

```
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg commit -m "Initial commit by Anugya"
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>
```

# hg clone https://example.com/repo

## hg pull

# hg update

# hg log

```
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg clone "C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo" "C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_clone"
updating to branch default
1 files updated, 0 files merged, 0 files removed, 0 files unresolved
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg pull "C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo"
pulling from C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo
searching for changes
no changes found
1 local changesets published
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg update
0 files updated, 0 files merged, 0 files removed, 0 files unresolved
```

```
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg log
changeset: 0:47f66e680ff5

tag: tip
user: Anugya Agarwal <anugyaagr3032@gmail.com>
date: Sun Feb 16 14:17:43 2025 +0530
summary: Initial commit by Anugya

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>
```

# **Step 4: Branching and Merging**

# hg branch new-feature

# hg merge

```
C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg branch Anugya_feature
marked working directory as branch Anugya_feature
(branches are permanent and global, did you want a bookmark?)

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg commit -m "Creating a new feature branch by Anugya"

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg commit -m "Anugya-feature branch" >> Anugya_file.txt

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg update default

0 files updated, 0 files merged, 0 files removed, 0 files unresolved

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg merge Anugya_feature
0 files updated, 0 files merged, 0 files removed, 0 files unresolved

(branch merge, don't forget to commit)

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>hg commit -m "Merged Anugya-feature into default"

C:\Windows\System32\Anugya_hg_repo>
```