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Class: BE CE A

Subject: Blockchain Technology (Laboratory Practice III)

Practical 4)

Problem Statement:

Write a program in solidity to create Student data. Use the following constructs:

- Structures
- Arrays
- Fallback

Deploy this as smart contract on Ethereum and Observe the transaction fee and Gas values

The screenshot shows the Remix Ethereum IDE interface. On the left, the 'DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS' sidebar is visible, showing the environment set to 'Injected Provider - MetaMask' (Sepolia network), account '0x74B...2aCfd (1.64460115345C)', gas limit set to 'Estimated Gas' (3000000), and value set to 0 Wei. The 'CONTRACT' section shows 'StudentData - contracts/StudentData'. In the center, the code editor displays the 'StudentData.sol' file:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity ^0.8.20;

/*
 * @title StudentData
 * @dev A contract to store and manage student records.
 */
contract StudentData {

    // Structure: A blueprint for our student data.
    struct Student {
        string name;
        uint grade;
    }

    // Array: A dynamic list to store all the student objects.
    Student[] public students;

    // An event to log when Ether is received.
    event ReceivedEther(address from, uint amount);

    /**
     * @dev Adds a new student to the array. This costs gas as it writes to the blockchain.
     * @param _name The name of the student.
     * @param _grade The grade of the student.
     */
}
```

At the bottom, the status bar shows the transaction hash '0d74721f1a7010d149b0b00' and the date '07-10-2025'.

The screenshot shows the Remix Ethereum IDE interface. On the left, the sidebar includes sections for 'DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS' (with an 'Injected Provider - MetaMask' dropdown), 'GAS LIMIT' (set to 'Estimated Gas' or 'Custom 300000'), and 'VALUE' (set to 0 Wei). The main workspace displays the 'Compiled' tab of the Solidity code for 'StudentData.sol'. The code defines a contract with a constructor, a function to add students, a view function to get student count, and a receive function to handle Ether transfers. The right side of the interface shows the 'Explain contract' section and various status indicators like 'AI copilot' and network status.

```
22  */
23  * @dev Adds a new student to the array. This costs gas as it writes to the blockchain.
24  * @param _name The name of the student.
25  * @param _grade The grade of the student.
26  */
27 function addStudent(string memory _name, uint _grade) public {
28     students.push(Student(_name, _grade));
29 }
30 /**
31  * @dev Returns the total number of students stored. This is a 'view' function and is free to call.
32  */
33 function getStudentCount() public view returns (uint) {
34     return students.length;
35 }
36
37 // Receive Function: This is the modern, recommended way to make a contract
38 // able to receive plain Ether transfers. It executes when someone sends Ether
39 // to the contract address without any other data.
40 receive() external payable {
41     emit ReceivedEther(msg.sender, msg.value);
42 }
43
44 }
```

This screenshot is identical to the one above, but the 'COMPILER' dropdown in the sidebar is explicitly set to '0.8.30+commit.73712a01'. The rest of the interface, including the code editor and toolbars, remains the same.

The screenshot shows the Remix Ethereum IDE interface. On the left, the sidebar includes sections for 'DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS' (with an 'Injected Provider - MetaMask' dropdown), 'GAS LIMIT' (set to 'Estimated Gas'), and 'CONTRACT' (selected 'StudentData - contracts/StudentData'). The main area displays the Solidity code for 'StudentData.sol'. The code defines a contract with two functions: `addStudent` and `getStudentCount`. It also includes a receive function `receive() external payable` that emits an event `ReceivedEther`. The gas limit is set to 300000. Below the code, there are 'Deploy' and 'Deploy - transact (not payable)' buttons. The status bar at the bottom shows the transaction hash: 0x9741721f1a7010d149b9b80.

```
22 /**
23 * @dev Adds a new student to the array. This costs gas as it writes to the blockchain.
24 * @param _name The name of the student.
25 * @param _grade The grade of the student.
26 */
27 function addStudent(string memory _name, uint _grade) public {
28     students.push(Student(_name, _grade));
29 }
30 /**
31 * @dev Returns the total number of students stored. This is a 'view' function and is free to call.
32 */
33 function getStudentCount() public view returns (uint) {
34     return students.length;
35 }
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37 // Receive Function: This is the modern, recommended way to make a contract
38 // able to receive plain Ether transfers. It executes when someone sends Ether
39 // to the contract address without any other data.
40 receive() external payable {
41     emit ReceivedEther(msg.sender, msg.value);
42 }
43 }
```

This screenshot continues from the previous one, showing the results of the deployment. The 'Transactions recorded' section now lists the deployed contract at address 0x9741721f1a7010d149b9b80. The 'Deployed Contracts' section shows two entries: 'BANKACCOUNT AT 0x280...282' and 'BANKACCOUNT AT 0x974...C5'. The 'BANKACCOUNT' contract has a balance of 0 ETH and includes buttons for 'deposit', 'withdraw', 'balances', and 'address'. The 'getBalance' button is highlighted. The 'Low level interactions' section shows a 'CALLDATA' tab. A 'Transact' button is visible at the bottom of the sidebar. On the right, a 'MetaMask' window titled 'Deploy a contract' is open, showing deployment details: 'Estimated changes' (No changes), 'Request from' (remix.ethereum.org), 'Network fee' (0.0002 s SepoliaETH), and 'Speed' (Market ~12 sec). It includes 'Cancel' and 'Confirm' buttons. The status bar at the bottom shows the transaction hash: 0x9741721f1a7010d149b9b80.

```
22 /**
23 * @dev Adds a new student to the array. This costs gas as it writes to the blockchain.
24 * @param _name The name of the student.
25 * @param _grade The grade of the student.
26 */
27 function addStudent(string memory _name, uint _grade) public {
28     students.push(Student(_name, _grade));
29 }
30 /**
31 * @dev Returns the total number of students stored. This is a 'view' function and is free to call.
32 */
33 function getStudentCount() public view returns (uint) {
34     return students.length;
35 }
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37 // Receive Function: This is the modern, recommended way to make a contract
38 // able to receive plain Ether transfers. It executes when someone sends Ether
39 // to the contract address without any other data.
40 receive() external payable {
41     emit ReceivedEther(msg.sender, msg.value);
42 }
43 }
```

The screenshot shows the Remix Ethereum IDE interface. The central area displays the `StudentData.sol` contract code. The code includes functions for adding students, getting student counts, and receiving Ether. The sidebar on the left shows deployed contracts like `BANKACCOUNT AT 0X2B0_2B2` and `BANKACCOUNT AT 0X974_C6`, along with their balance (0 ETH) and transaction history (deposit, withdraw, balances, getBalance). The bottom status bar indicates the date as 07-10-2025 and the time as 16:32.

```
22  * @dev Adds a new student to the array. This costs gas as it writes to the blockchain.
23  * @param _name The name of the student.
24  * @param _grade The grade of the student.
25  */
26 function addStudent(string memory _name, uint _grade) public { infinite gas
27     students.push(Student(_name, _grade));
28 }
29 /**
30  * @dev Returns the total number of students stored. This is a 'view' function and is free to call.
31  */
32 function getStudentCount() public view returns (uint) { 2461 gas
33     return students.length;
34 }
35
36 // Receive Function: This is the modern, recommended way to make a contract
37 // able to receive plain Ether transfers. It executes when someone sends Ether
38 // to the contract address without any other data.
39 // To the contract address without any other data.
40 receive() external payable { undefined gas
41     emit ReceivedEther(msg.sender, msg.value);
42 }
43 }
```

This screenshot is nearly identical to the first one, showing the same Remix interface and `StudentData.sol` code. However, the status bar at the bottom now displays a green checkmark icon and the text "Confirmed transaction Transaction 5 confirmed! View on Sepolia Etherscan". The date remains 07-10-2025 and the time is 16:32.

```
22  * @dev Adds a new student to the array. This costs gas as it writes to the blockchain.
23  * @param _name The name of the student.
24  * @param _grade The grade of the student.
25  */
26 function addStudent(string memory _name, uint _grade) public { infinite gas
27     students.push(Student(_name, _grade));
28 }
29 /**
30  * @dev Returns the total number of students stored. This is a 'view' function and is free to call.
31  */
32 function getStudentCount() public view returns (uint) { 2461 gas
33     return students.length;
34 }
35
36 // Receive Function: This is the modern, recommended way to make a contract
37 // able to receive plain Ether transfers. It executes when someone sends Ether
38 // to the contract address without any other data.
39 // To the contract address without any other data.
40 receive() external payable { undefined gas
41     emit ReceivedEther(msg.sender, msg.value);
42 }
43 }
```

Etherscan

Transaction Details

Overview

[This is a Sepolia Testnet transaction only.]

Transaction Hash: 0x8225591da546a21214b1b90f8e175d4037aed59661f7511e135b81d6f8f9cb2c

Status: Indexing This transaction has been included and will be reflected in a short while.

Block: 9361417

From: 0xf4B39E780eAD60daB7866B6Cfa5FB4Be4022aCfD

To: [Contract Creation]

Value: 0 ETH

Gas Price: 1.500000088 Gwei (0.000000001500000088 ETH)

A transaction is a cryptographically signed instruction that changes the blockchain state. Block explorers track the details of all transactions in the network. Learn more about transactions in our documentation.

MetaMask • now ^ Confirmed transaction Transaction 5 confirmed! View on Sepolia Etherscan

REMX v1.0

DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS

Transactions recorded 3 i

Deployed Contracts 3

BANKACCOUNT AT 0x280_282

BANKACCOUNT AT 0x974_C6A

STUDENTDATA AT 0xE4B_B391

Balance: 0 ETH

addStudent string _name, uint256 _grade

getStudentCount - call

0: uint256 0

students uint256

Low level interactions

CALldata

Transact

BankAccount.sol

StudentData.sol

```
event ReceivedEther(address from, uint amount);  
/*  
 * @dev Adds a new student to the array. This costs gas as it writes to the blockchain.  
 * @param _name The name of the student.  
 * @param _grade The grade of the student.  
 */  
function addStudent(string memory _name, uint _grade) public {  
    students.push(Student(_name, _grade));  
}  
  
/**  
 * @dev Returns the total number of students stored. This is a 'view' function and is free to call.  
 */  
function getStudentCount() public view returns (uint) {  
    return students.length;  
}  
  
// Receive Function: This is the modern, recommended way to make a contract  
// able to receive plain Ether transfers. It executes when someone sends Ether  
// to the contract address without any other data.  
receive() external payable {  
    emit ReceivedEther(msg.sender, msg.value);  
}
```

Explain contract

out [call] from: 0xf4B39E780eAD60daB7866B6Cfa5FB4Be4022aCfD to: StudentData.getStudentCount() data: 0x41...0c407

Did you know? To prototype using the Gnosis safe multi sig wallet: create a multisig workspace.

AI copilot

Listen on all transactions

Filter with transaction hash or address

Debug

Son Alert Initialize as git repo

Did you know? To prototype using the Gnosis safe multi sig wallet: create a multisig workspace.

RemixAI Copilot (enabled)

The screenshot shows the Remix Ethereum IDE interface. On the left, the sidebar includes 'DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS', 'Transactions recorded', 'Deployed Contracts' (listing 'BANKACCOUNT AT 0xQBO...282', 'BANKACCOUNT AT 0x974...C6A', and 'STUDENTDATA AT 0xE4B...839'), and a 'Balance: 0 ETH' section. The main area displays the 'Compiled' version of the `StudentData.sol` contract. The code includes an event `ReceivedEther`, a function `addStudent` that adds a new student to an array, a view function `getStudentCount` that returns the number of students, and a receive function `receive()` that emits `ReceivedEther`. A transaction history table shows a call from address 0xf4B39E780eAD68daB7866B6Cfa5FB4Be4022aCfD to the contract address, returning the value 0x41e...0c40. The bottom status bar indicates the date as 07-10-2025.

```
// AN EVENT TO LOG WHEN ETHER IS RECEIVED
event ReceivedEther(address from, uint amount);

/**
 * @dev Adds a new student to the array. This costs gas as it writes to the blockchain.
 * @param _name the name of the student.
 * @param _grade The grade of the student.
 */
function addStudent(string memory _name, uint _grade) public {
    students.push(Student(_name, _grade));
}

/**
 * @dev Returns the total number of students stored. This is a 'view' function and is free to call.
 */
function getStudentCount() public view returns (uint) {
    return students.length;
}

// Receive Function: This is the modern, recommended way to make a contract
// able to receive plain Ether transfers. It executes when someone sends Ether
// to the contract address without any other data.
receive() external payable {
    emit ReceivedEther(msg.sender, msg.value);
}
```

This screenshot shows the same Remix interface as above, but with a 'Transaction request' dialog box overlaid on the right side. The dialog contains fields for 'Estimated changes' (No changes), 'Request from' (remix.ethereum.org), 'Interacting with' (Alert > 0xE4B1e...B39E), 'Network fee' (0.0001 SepoliaETH), and 'Speed' (Market ~12 sec). At the bottom are 'Cancel' and 'Confirm' buttons. The rest of the interface is identical to the first screenshot.

```
// An event to log when Ether is received.
event ReceivedEther(address from, uint amount);

/**
 * @dev Adds a new student to the array. This costs gas as it writes to the blockchain.
 * @param _name The name of the student.
 * @param _grade The grade of the student.
 */
function addStudent(string memory _name, uint _grade) public {
    students.push(student(_name, _grade));
}

/**
 * @dev Returns the total number of students stored. This is a 'view' function and is free to call.
 */
function getStudentCount() public view returns (uint) {
    return students.length;
}

// Receive Function modifier ReceivedEther (address internal from, uint256 internal amount)
// able to receive
// to the contract
receive() external contracts/StudentData.sol 19:4
emit ReceivedEther(msg.sender, msg.value);
}
```

The screenshot shows the Remix Ethereum IDE interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS' and sections for 'Transactions recorded' and 'Deployed Contracts'. Under 'Deployed Contracts', two contracts are listed: 'BANKACCOUNT AT 0x80...282' and 'STUDENTDATA AT 0xE4B...B39'. Below these, a 'Balance: 0 ETH' section shows a balance of 0. A button labeled 'addStudent' is highlighted. In the center, the 'Compiled' tab of the 'StudentData.sol' file is open, displaying the Solidity code. On the right, there's a status bar showing 'MetaMask • now ^' and a message 'Confirmed transaction Transaction 6 confirmed! View on Sepolia Etherscan'. The bottom of the screen shows a Windows taskbar with various icons.

The screenshot shows the Etherscan Testnet interface. At the top, it says 'Sepolia Testnet'. The main area is titled 'Transaction Details' and shows the following information for a recent transaction:

- Transaction Hash: 0x5f1a64e90aa987633f723c45fad5f3156441b4821a5a1dc59b35e191391439ce
- Status: Indexing (This transaction has been included and will be reflected in a short while.)
- Block: 9361423
- From: 0xf4b39E780eAD60daB7866B6Cfa5FB4Be4022aCFd
- To: 0xE4b1e0c1D2f5DF08a3F409b0F0455c8b9B39E
- Value: 0 ETH
- Gas Price: 1.500000091 Gwei (0.000000001500000091 ETH)

At the bottom, a note states: 'A transaction is a cryptographically signed instruction that changes the blockchain state. Block explorers track the details of all transactions in the network. Learn more about transactions in our documentation.' There's also a 'MetaMask • now ^' status bar at the bottom.

The screenshot shows the Remix Ethereum IDE interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with sections for 'DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS' and 'Deployed Contracts'. Under 'Deployed Contracts', two contracts are listed: 'BANKACCOUNT AT 0x2B0...2B2' and 'STUDENTDATA AT 0xE4B...8391'. Below these, a balance of '0 ETH' is shown. In the center, a code editor displays two files: 'BankAccount.sol' and 'StudentData.sol'. The 'StudentData.sol' file contains Solidity code for managing student data, including functions for adding students and getting their count. At the bottom of the code editor, a transaction history shows a call to 'getStudentCount()'. The status bar at the bottom right indicates the date as '07-10-2025' and the time as '16:24'.

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
// An event to log when Ether is received.
event ReceivedEther(address from, uint amount);

/**
 * @dev Adds a new student to the array. This costs gas as it writes to the blockchain.
 * @param _name The name of the student.
 * @param _grade The grade of the student.
 */
function addStudent(string memory _name, uint _grade) public {
    students.push(Student(_name, _grade));
}

/**
 * @dev Returns the total number of students stored. This is a 'View' function and is free to call.
 */
function getStudentCount() public view returns (uint) {
    return students.length;
}

// Receive Function: This is the modern, recommended way to make a contract
// able to receive plain Ether transfers. It executes when someone sends Ether
// to the contract address without any other data.
receive() external payable {
    emit ReceivedEther(msg.sender, msg.value);
}
```



