

How an <ing> Element Gets Its Width and Height if Not Set in CSS

Default Behavior of Inline Elements and

- Inline elements, by default, do **not** have explicit width or height in CSS; their size is determined by their content.
- The element is an inline replaced element, which means it behaves differently from regular inline elements in terms of sizing.

What Makes Have Width and Height Without CSS

- The element inherently has **intrinsic dimensions** based on the image file's actual size (its natural width and height).
- Browsers use those intrinsic dimensions as the default width and height for the .
- Therefore, even if you do **not explicitly set width or height in CSS**, the image still displays at its natural size.

How This Differs from Other Inline Elements

Element	Width/Height Behavior Without CSS Setting
Regular Inline	Determined by content flow, no intrinsic size (e.g., text)
	Gets size from its intrinsic image file dimensions

Summary

- For inline elements like or <a>, if width and height are not set, their size depends solely on the content, which usually means just the text inside.
- For the tag, the browser uses the **native dimensions** of the image file to assign an initial width and height, allowing it to display at a natural size even without CSS sizing.

This intrinsic sizing is why elements "have" width and height by default, while other inline elements do not. You can override this by using CSS to explicitly set different sizes if desired.