

# **CSS** text-align **Explained**

# What Does text-align Do?

The text-align property in CSS controls **horizontal alignment of inline-level content** (such as text, inline images, and inline elements) inside a block-level container (like a <div>, , or <section>) [1] [2] [3].

# Values for text-align

Value	Description	
left	Aligns inline content to the <b>left edge</b> (default for left-to-right text)	
right	Aligns inline content to the <b>right edge</b>	
center	Centers the inline content horizontally	
justify	Spreads lines so left and right edges are both aligned	
start	Respects the writing direction (same as left in LTR, right in RTL)	
end	Opposite of start, right in LTR, left in RTL	
inherit	Inherits value from the parent	
initial	Sets to default value (usually left or right)	

# **Practical Examples**

```
div.left { text-align: left; }
div.right { text-align: right; }
div.center { text-align: center; }
div.justify { text-align: justify; }
```

# How Does text-align Affect Content Inside a <div>?

#### Inline and Inline-Block Elements

- Affected (aligned):
  - Text nodes (regular text)
  - Inline elements (e.g., <span>, <a>, <img>, <strong>)
  - Inline-block elements (e.g., display: inline-block on a <div>)
- Alignment: The text-align property on a block-level parent (such as a <div>) moves all inline and inline-block child elements horizontally inside its box [2] [4] [3].

#### **Block-Level Elements**

- **Not directly affected:** Block-level elements (like <div>, , <h1> by default) do **not** move horizontally in response to the parent's text-align.
- Content **inside** these block-level elements, if it is inline (like regular text), will obey the textalign of its own block parent, not the containing <div>[4] [3] [5].

### **Summary Table**

Parent Has	Child is	What text-align does
<div></div>	Inline	Aligns horizontally
<div></div>	Inline-block	Aligns horizontally
<div></div>	Block (e.g. inner <div> or )</div>	No effect on the element's position; only their <b>own</b> inline children listen to their text-align $^{[2]}$ $^{[6]}$ $^{[7]}$

#### **Visual Scenario**

If a <div> uses text-align: center; and contains both a <span> and a nested <div>:

```
<div style="text-align: center;">
   <span>I'm centered text (inline)</span>
   <div>I'm a block element (not centered by parent)</div>
</div>
```

- The <span> is horizontally centered inside the parent <div>.
- The nested <div> is **not** horizontally centered by this rule. Instead, it will occupy the full width (block behavior), and its **own content's alignment** depends on its own text-align.

#### **Extra Details**

• To center a block-level element itself, use margin techniques instead:

```
.center-block {
  width: 200px;
  margin: 0 auto;
}
```

- text-align is **inherited** by child elements, so if not otherwise specified, nested elements will use their parent's alignment [1] [2] [7].
- Images, if inline or inline-block, are also aligned by text-align.

#### Conclusion

- text-align in a block container (like <div>) horizontally aligns inline and inline-block
   content within it.
- It does **not** move block-level child elements themselves; only their own inline content is affected by their own text-align property.
- Use text-align: center; for centering inline content, and margin techniques to center block containers [2] [4] [3].

#### References:

- [1] W3Schools
- [2] MDN Web Docs
- [4] GeeksforGeeks
- [3] ExpertBeacon
- [6] Elementor
- [7] W3C CSS Properties
- [5] Stack Overflow



- 1. https://www.w3schools.com/cssref/pr\_text\_text-align.php
- 2. https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/text-align
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- 5. https://stackoverflow.com/questions/65982640/how-to-align-inline-elements-using-text-align-property
- 6. https://elementor.com/blog/how-to-center-text-in-css/
- 7. https://www.w3.org/wiki/CSS/Properties/text-align