EC - 403

Roll No

B.E. IV Semester Examination, December 2014

Digital Electronics

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: i) Answer five questions. In each question part A, B, C is compulsory and D part has internal choice.

- ii) All parts of each questions are to be attempted at one place.
- iii) All questions carry equal marks, out of which part A and B (Max.50 words) carry 2 marks, part C (Max.100 words) carry 3 marks, part D (Max.400 words) carry 7 marks.
- iv) Except numericals, Derivation, Design and Drawing etc.
- Convert the following: i) $(3906)_{10} = ()_{BCD}$ ii) $(370)_{8} = ()_{16}$ 1. a)

- State Demorgan's theorems.
- Write gray code and BCD code for (18)₁₀. c)
- What do you mean by Karnaugh's map? Reduce the following function using K-map technique. $F(A.B.C.D.) = \Sigma m(0, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12) + \Sigma d(2, 5, 13)$

OR

Simplify the following Boolean function by using a quine Mccluskey method. $F(A.B.C.D.) = \Sigma m (0, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13).$

- What is meant by a combinational circuit? 2. a)
 - b) What are multiplexer and demultiplexer circuit?
 - c) Explain working of full adder with block diagram.
 - d) A combinational circuit is defined by the following two functions

 $F_1(x, y) = \Sigma(0, 3)$ $F_2(x, y) = \Sigma (1, 2, 3)$

Implement the combinational circuits by means of the decoder and external gates.

OR

Draw the block diagram of BCD adder and explain its working.

- What is meant by race around condition in flip-flop? 3. a)
 - What is a shift Registers? Mention some application of shift registers. b)
 - Differentiate between synchronous and asynchronous counters. c)
 - Explain the operation of Bistable multivibrator with the help of wave forms and its application.

Explain design procedure for sequential circuit with suitable example.

- Explain PLA in short. 4. a)
 - What are the different types of read only memories? b)
 - What are the advantages of dynamic RAM over static RAM? c)
 - Comparison between PROM, PLA and PAL. d)

A memory is organized as i) 6K*8 and ii) 256K*4

Calculate the number of bits stored at each location, the number of location required and total number of bit stored.

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- 5. a) What is logic families?
 - b) What is meant by open collector output of TTL gates?
 - ii) Fan-out c) Define the following term i) Fan-in iii) Propagation delay
 - Describe the basic operation of CMOS inverter circuit.

Compare the characteristics of RTL, DTL, TTL, ECL, IIL.