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# **CE - 403**

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## **B.E. IV Semester** Examination, December 2014

# **Surveying**

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

- *Note:* i) Answer five questions. In each question part A, B, C is compulsory and D part has internal choice.
  - ii) All parts of each questions are to be attempted at one place.
  - iii) All questions carry equal marks, out of which part A and B (Max.50 words) carry 2 marks, part C (Max.100 words) carry 3 marks, part D (Max.400 words) carry 7 marks.
  - iv) Except numericals, Derivation, Design and Drawing etc.

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#### Unit - I

- 1. a) What is called face left and face right related to theodolite?
  - b) What is closing error in traverse? How it is determined?
  - c) What are the different methods of plotting traverse survey? Explain any one method in short.
  - d) The following observations were made for a closed traverse round an obstacle. Due to obstructions, lengths of line DE and EA could not be measured. Find out the missing lengths.

Line	length (m)	Bearing
AB	500	98°30'
BC	620	30°20'
CD	468	298°30'
DE	?	230°00'
EA	?	150°10'
		OR

Coordinates of two points A and B are given below. A third point C has been chosen in such a way that bearings of AC and CB are 29°30' and 45°45', respectively. Calculate the lengths of the lines AC and CB.

Point	Northing	Easting
A	150	200
В	1500	1300

## Unit - II

- 2. a) What is stadia Rod?
  - b) What is Anallactic lens? What is its purpose?
  - c) Write various characteristics of tacheometer.
  - d) Derive Distance and Elevation formulae for horizontal height in Fixed Hair Method.

OR

A tacheometer is fitted with an anallactic lens and the constants are hundred and zero. The reading corresponding to the crosswire on a staff held vertical on a point B was 2.295 m when sighted from A. If the vertical angle was +25° and the horizontal distance AB was 190.00 m. Calculate the stadia wire readings and this show that the two intercept intervals are equal. Using these values calculate the level of B if that of A was 50.00 m and the height of the instrument is 1.35 m.

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### **Unit - III**

- 3. a) Define Transition curve and state its purpose.
  - b) State various elements of a simple circular curve.
  - c) A circular curve has a 200 m radius and 65° deflection angle. Calculate degree (D) and length of the curve.
  - d) Explain the method of setting out simple circular curve by perpendicular offsets from the tangent.

### OR

A road 8 m wide is to deflect through an angle of  $60^{\circ}$  with the centre line radius of 300 m, the chainage of the intersection point being 3605.0 m. A transition curve is to be used at each end of the circular curve of such a length that the rate of gain of radial acceleration is 0.5 m/s<sup>3</sup>, when the speed is 50 km/h, find out

- i) Length of transition curve
- ii) Super elevation
- iii) Chainage of all junction points

#### **Unit - IV**

- 4. a) Define Triangular system. What geometric conditions should be fulfilled by figures used in triangular system?
  - b) What are the various applications of Triangulation?
  - c) Define types of triangulation.
  - d) Write characteristics of a good signal. Also state various points kept in mind while selecting stations.

#### OR

Directions are observed from a satellite station S, 62.12 m from station C. Following were the results

 $\angle A = 0^{\circ}0'0''$ ,  $\angle B = 7^{\circ}54'32''$ ,  $\angle C = 296^{\circ}12'02''$ .

The approximate lengths of AC and BC were 8240.6 m and 10863.6 m. Calculate the angle ACB.

#### Unit - V

- 5. a) Define the following:
  - i) Sounding Rod
  - ii) Lead line
  - b) What is Tilt and Drift in photography?
  - c) What are the reasons for overlap?
  - d) Explain various methods of locating sounding?

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Explain image-processing systems in detail.

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