Unit - V

9. a) Show that travelling salesman problem is NP-complete.

7

www.rgpvonline.in

b) Write short notes on following (any two)

7

- i) NP hard Vs NP complete
- ii) Vertex cover problem
- iii) Hamiltonian path problem

Roll No

CS - 505

B.E. V Semester

Examination, December 2013

Theory of Computation

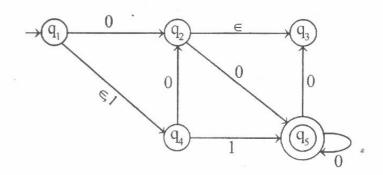
Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt one question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit - I

1. a) Consider the FA below and construct the, smallest DFA which accepts the same language.



b) Give mealy and Moore machines for the input from (0+1)*, if the inputs ends in '000', output A; if the input ends in '111', output B; otherwise output C.

www.rgpvonline.in

2. a) Explain pumping lemma for regular sets. Prove by pumping lemma the following set is not regular.

$$L = \left\{ W \subset W^R / W \in (0+1)^* \right\}$$

b) Design a DFA that accepts the string such that number of zero divisible by five and number of one divisible by three.

Unit - II

3. a) Write the CFG for the following language

i)
$$L = \{0^i 1^j 2^k / i = j \text{ or } j = k\}$$

ii)
$$L = \{0^n 1^n / n \ge 1\}$$

 b) Convert the following grammar G into chomsky Normal Form.

 $S \rightarrow ABAC$

$$A \rightarrow aA/ \in$$

www.rgpvonline.in

 $B \rightarrow bB/ \in$

 $C \rightarrow c$

OR

4. a) Convert the following grammar into GNF.

7

$$A_1 \rightarrow A_2 A_3$$

$$A_2 \rightarrow A_3 A_1 / b$$

$$A_3 \rightarrow A_1 A_2 / a$$

- b) Find regular grammars for the following languages on {a,b}.
 - i) $L = \{w: n_a(w) \text{ and } n_b(w) \text{ are both even} \}$
 - ii) $L = \{w: (n_a(w)-n_b(w)) \mod 3 = 1\}$

Unit - III

5. a) Design a PDA which accepts the language $L = \{W \in (a,b)^* / W \text{ has the equal number of } a \text{'s and } b \text{'s} \}.$

b) Explain closure properties of CFL's.

OR

a) Design PDA corresponding to given CFG

 $S \rightarrow aSa$

 $S \rightarrow bSb$

 $S \rightarrow c$

b) Explain pumping lemma for CFL. Prove that following language is CFL or not?

$$L = \{a^n b^n c^n / n \ge 1\}$$

Unit - IV

7. a) What do you mean by recursive language. Prove that complement of a recursive language is recursive.

b) Build a Turing machine that accepts the language:

$$L = \{a^n b^{2n}\}$$

OR

8. a) Design a turing machine to compute the function f(m,n) = m + n where m and n are non negative numbers.

b) What do you mean by Turing machine. Explain multiple tapes Turing machine.

-65