

[4]

- c) How columns are classified depending upon slenderness ratio?
- d) Derive an expression for finding the buckling load for a column having one end fixed and another hinged.

OR

Explain different modes of failure of a column subjected to axial load.

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Total No. of Questions : 5]

Roll No

CE/FT - 303

B.E. III Semester

www.rgpvonline.in Examination, December 2015

Strength of Materials

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

- Note:** i) Answer five questions. In each question part A, B, C is compulsory and D part has internal choice.
- ii) All parts of each question are to be attempted at one place.
 - iii) All questions carry equal marks, out of which part A and B (Max. 50 words) carry 2 marks, part C (Max. 100 words) carry 3 marks, part D (Max. 400 words) carry 7 marks.
 - iv) Except numericals, Derivation, Design and Drawing etc.

Unit - I

- 1. a) Define malleability and ductility.
- b) What is the purpose of Mohr's circle?
- c) A circular rod of 12.5mm was tested for tension. The total elongation on a 325 mm length was 0.23 mm under a tensile load of 18kN. Find the value of Young's modulus.
- d) Explain with mathematical derivation, thermal stresses induced in bars of tapering section due to change in temperature.

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OR

Determine the percentage change in volume of a steel bar 50mm square in section and 1m long when subjected to an axial compressive load of 20kN. What change in volume would a 100mm cube of steel suffer at a depth of 5km in sea water?

Unit - II

2. a) Define flexural rigidity and its significance.
- b) Explain different types of beams with diagram.
- c) Name various methods of finding deflection in beams. Define any one method in brief.
- d) Derive the expression $M/I = E/R = \sigma/y$ for simple bending of a beam.

OR

A beam simply supported at ends A and B is loaded with two points loads of 30kN each at a distance of 2m and 3m respectively from end A. Determine the position and magnitude of the maximum deflection by double integration method.

Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $I = 7200 \text{ cm}^4$.

Unit - III

3. a) Explain different types of springs with graphical representation.

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- b) What is thick cylinder?
- c) Write assumptions made by theory of pure torsion.
- d) Derive the expression of deflection of open coiled helical spring subjected to axial load.

OR

A cylindrical shells 2m long and 90cm internal diameter and 12mm metal thickness is subjected to an internal pressure of 1.6 N/mm^2 . Determine

- a) Maximum intensity of shear stress and
- b) Change in the dimensions of the shell

Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $1/m = 0.3$

Unit - IV

4. a) What is a beam of uniform strength?
- b) What are the reasons for unsymmetrical bending?
- c) What do you understand by shear center?
- d) Define shear stress and show the shear stress distribution mathematically and graphically over solid circular section.

OR

Derive the expression for shear stress distribution over I-section.

Unit - V

5. a) Differentiate column and struts.
- b) Define factor of safety.